# Evac Sim: Fall 2020 CSS600 Group Ten Project

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#### 1 Introduction

The inherent dangers in doing live simulations of emergency evacuations has led to an increasing reliance on computer simulations to understand emergent behaviors of crowds under strenuous conditions[1]. Our project will seek to understand crowd evacuation behaviors through the modeling of a variety of environmental and agent factors in the NetLogo simulation suite. While NetLogo may be simpler environment then current state of the art modeling tools it is our hope that the simulation we develop will have reuseability for computationally similar problems such as fluid dynamics and other flow based environments.

## 2 Experiments todo flesh out

todo we are not doing behavioral modeling of the agents as reffed here https://tsapps.nist.gov/publication/get\_pdf.cfm?pub\_id=861543

- Evaluate the affect of floor plans and exit doors on escape rates
- Determine maximum occupancies as function of design and area
- Evaluate the impact of fire spread on escape rates
- Evaluate the impact of distribution of agent speeds impacts agent subgroups (speeds) mean escape time
- Stretch Goals
  - Evaluate agent evacuation strategies
  - Evaluate propogation of knowledge of fire
  - Simulate smoke propagation

#### 3 Environment

We plan on developing a simulation environment that exposes as many parameters as possible to the experimenter. Since one of our parameters is the layout (floor plan) of a given building we will also allow for users to develop their own layouts and easily load different map files in between simulations through the UI. Parameters of the simulation can be broadly broken up into two groups, those of the people agents and those of the environment that they move around in. The agents are driven by a heuristic of moving towards the exit which, in turn, is largely driven by our path generating algorithms[2]. The parameters that go into the pathing algorithm will be exposed for modification and allow for a more thorough understanding of evacuation behaviors.

#### 4 Deliverables

We will deliver a formal paper describing our experiments, the simulation software we created, our results, and the conclusions we can generate from those results. In addition we will develop presentation material to communicate concisely our overall project that will include live simulations or video recordings of previous simulations.

#### NOTES

Fire Sim models emergency evacuation of a chosen floorplan, for example in the case of fire.

The environment patches include rooms, corridors, and exit areas, as well as patches in normal, burning, and burnt states.

Agents are randomply placed people moving at various speeds and directions, but which can die and block each other.

Maps are editable for layout, patch flammability, number of agents, initial fire locations, agent speed range and plancement.

HOW IT WORKS Simulation Req's: Environment- patches exit area Flammable patches

- walls
- floors
- grass

Burning

burnt

Agent actions

agents have variable speeds

agents can die

agents move towards exit area

agents cant move through each other

the number of agents is variable

agents are randomly placed on floor patches

is there a way to specify agent placement through the UI?

Sim UI features:

can specify the map

can control flamability of patches

number of agents

starting fire spots

agent speed distribution

### References

- [1] João E. Almeida, Rosaldo J. F. Rosseti, and António Leça Coelho. Crowd Simulation Modeling Applied to Emergency and Evacuation Simulations using Multi-Agent Systems.
- [2] Fernando Sancho Caparrini. A General A\* Solver in NetLogo.