

Course Project and Term Paper Logistics

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1 Course Project Logistics

- It will be a group project, with every team consisting of two members.
- A group can choose a project from the list below, or propose a project of their own, while meeting the criteria elaborated in the class. If you propose your own project, it is subject to review and approval of faculty. Even if you are proposing your own project idea please fill in project preferences from the list too.
- Project will be allocated on first come first serve basis.
- Each project will have a mentor. It is the project group's responsibility to reach out the mentor and making continuous progress over the course of semester.
- With project descriptions, baseline and baseline + are indicated. Baseline is the bare minimum that is expected out of the project. Baseline + lists the improvements that can be carried out by you. A team is in no ways limited by the literature listed in project description. A good literature survey and its implementation, with due consultation and review of faculty / mentor will go a long way in project evaluation.
- There will be three submissions for this project.
 1. Project Outline Submission: A week after project allocations. You will have to give a gist of the project (description, datasets), literature survey, plan for project execution.
 2. Interim Submission: Report on the project progress. This will be in the middle of the semester. Date will be communicated along with project allocations.
 3. Final Submission : Project Report, Presentation and Code submissions.

2 Term Paper Logistics

Term paper is directly linked with your Course Project. A literature survey and thorough critical analysis of various techniques used for that problem will have to be carried out. This effort will also help in your course project.

Evaluation: Presentation at the end of semester, along with Project Presentation.

3 Project Domains

- Machine Translation
- Question Answering
- Summarization
- Conversational Systems

4 Projects List

1. **Domain:** Machine Translation

Description: ACL 2019 shared task - Machine Translation of News Articles

<http://www.statmt.org/wmt19/translation-task.html>

Dataset: Pick one of the language pairs of your choice from the list in the link

Baseline: Explore and Implement project

Baseline+: Over and over the base implementation explore and implement the improvements.

2. **Domain:** Question and Answering

Description: Implement Rank QA : Neural Question Answering with Answer Re-Ranking paper. And compare with other state-of-art papers of your choice. Also compare your results on different datasets like: SQUAD , WIKI

<https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/P19-1611.pdf>

Dataset: SQUAD , WIKI

Baseline: Implement the paper on SQUAD and WIKI data sets project

Baseline+: Compare with other state-of-art papers Question and Answering papers of your choice (minimum 2)

3. **Domain:** Summarization

Description: Scientific Document Summarization shared task

<https://github.com/WING-NUS/scisumm-corpus>

Dataset: Link above

Baseline: Explore and Implement project

Baseline+: Over and over the base implementation explore and implement the improvements.

4. **Domain:** Machine Translation

Description: Given a paragraph/document in english wiki, 'translate' it into simple wiki - Should work even for docs out of wiki.

<http://www.cs.pomona.edu/~dkauchak/simplification/>(Aligned Data)

Dataset: Link above

Baseline: a) Statistical MT Baseline; b) Encoder-Decoder/Word Embeddings Approach

Baseline+: Over and over the base implementation explore and implement the improvements.

5. **Domain:** Question and Answering

Description: Implement a state-of-art paper on Community Question and Answering and Propose your improvements over the baseline model

Dataset: Yahoo Answers

Baseline: Implement a state-of-art paper of your choice for baseline

Baseline+: Suggest improvements over the baseline and implement them.

6. **Domain:** Machine Translation

Description: Domain Term Extraction

Paper: [Term extraction using non-technical corpora as a point of leverage](#)

Dataset: Prepare Dataset by web scraping Wikipedia

Baseline: Collect Data from Wikipedia and implement a model (either from one of the papers or a hybrid model) . The goal is , on a new document , we should be able to identify the Domain Terms

Baseline+: Improve the Data , Come up with suggestions on your Baseline to improve the results.

7. **Domain:** Question and Answering

Description: Implement State-of-art papers on Open Domain Question and Answering

Dataset: WikiQA dataset

Baseline: Implement a paper of your choice as the Baseline model.

Baseline+: Explore more papers in the same area and come up with an improved model of your baseline model

8. **Domain:** Machine Translation

Description: To incorporate the benefits of multiple MT systems into one, so as to improve upon the performances of the individual baseline systems.

Variants: 1. HMM; 2. Attention based models

Approach 1 (HMM):

(a) MVP

- For a given bilingual corpus, train a translation system using Moses (or any online PBSMT API will do too, in case Moses is hard to set up).
- Translate the test corpus, and run BLEU to score the translation.
- Similarly, using OpenNMT or Tensor2Tensor (any NMT framework), train an attention model, and run it on the test corpus. Again, run BLEU to score the translation
- Compare both the scores obtained.
- Obtain a monolingual corpora (maybe even the target side of the bilingual corpora) of the target language, and train a language model (preferably with KenLM)
- For each translated sentence of the test corpus (using both PBSMT and NMT), evaluate the perplexities of both using the LM, and pick the better translated sentence. (Also find percentage of choosing translations of both systems.)
- Again, run BLEU to score this newly created mixed set of translations.
- Observe improvements in BLEU scores, if any.

(b) Steps Forward

- For each translated sentence of the test corpus (using both PBSMT and NMT), use both as observation sequences, and train a HMM model that predicts the hidden sequence. (Here, the hidden sequence implies a final sentence, which captures the best of both the translations.)
- Observe improvements in BLEU scores on the set of final sentences, if any.

Approach 2 (Attention-based models):

(a) MVP

- For a given bilingual corpus, train a translation system using Moses (or any online PBSMT API will do too, in case Moses is hard to set up).
- Translate the test corpus, and run BLEU to score the translation.
- Use a Deep Learning Framework (pytorch or keras probably) to code up an attention model. Train this model on the bilingual corpus, and run it on the test corpus. Again, run BLEU to score the translation.
- Compare both the scores obtained.

(b) Steps Forward

- Implement the Neural System Combination for Machine Translation paper (<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1704.06393.pdf>)

- Essentially, feed the pre-translations (already obtained in the above steps) of both systems as inputs, and run an attention on each to obtain 2 context vectors. Now, run another attention on these 2 context vectors, to obtain a final context vector, which then goes through the conventional decoding step. This model outputs a final sentence, which captures the best of both the translations.
- Train this model, and run it on the outputs obtained previously. Again, run BLEU to score the new translations.
- Observe improvements in BLEU scores, if any.

Data Resources

(a) SMT Readings

- PBSMT slides: <http://www.ims.uni-stuttgart.de/institut/mitarbeiter/schmid/SNLP/SMT>

(b) NMT Readings

- Seq2Seq: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1409.3215.pdf>
- Bahdanau's Attention: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1409.0473.pdf>

(c) English-Hindi Corpora:

- IIT-B Parallel Corpora: http://www.cfilt.iitb.ac.in/iitb_parallel/
- ILCI Parallel Corpora: Will be given later.

(d) Pre-Processing Tools:

- English: Git clone the Moses decoder repository, and you will find everything needed under the scripts/tokenizer section. Refer here for instructions on how to run the scripts. (Check out the Corpus Preparation section.)
- Hindi: Git clone the IndicNLP repository, and you will find everything needed under the src/indicnlp section. Make sure to first export the appropriate path variables. Refer here for instructions on how to run the scripts.

9. **Domain:** Argument Mining

Description: Argument Mining: Detect Arguments and claims in unstructured data

Dataset: [Link](#)

Baseline: Sequence Labelling on Essays Dataset

Baseline+: Relation prediction (for/against) between premises and claims.

10. **Domain:** Bias Detection in News

Description: Bias Detection in news articles. Detect sentence level and article level bias in news domain.

Dataset: SemEval 2019 dataset on news bias

Baseline: Hierarchical Attention Nets for Document Classification

Baseline+: Pretraining Evaluations with Sentence Subjectivity classification. Language Models, remove publisher annotation bias from training

11. **Domain:** Semantic Textual Similarity

Description: Semantic Textual Similarity: To address the problem of semantic coincidence between sentence pairs. Commonly known as paraphrase identification.

Dataset: Semeval STS, SICK, MSRPC

Track1

Baseline: [Siamese Recurrent Architectures for Learning Sentence Similarity](#) + Augment word representations with character level features

Baseline+:

Further modifications of your own, or
Some suggestions

- Trying out different similarity functions Adding a cross attention layer
- Check out DCN

Track2

Baseline: : [Bilateral Multi-Perspective Matching for Natural Language Sentences](#) [with any one of the 4 matching layers under section 3.2]]

Baseline+: Further modifications of your own or Add Attentive Matching layer

12. **Domain:**

Description: Natural Language Inference : To understand semantic concepts like textual entailment and contradiction. The task is that of comparing two sentences and identifying the relationship between them.

Dataset: SNLI, SICK Datasets

Track1

Baseline: [Structured Self-attentive Sentence Embedding](#)

Baseline+:

Further modifications of your own, or
Some suggestions

- Augment word representations with character level features
- Check out DCN

Track2

Baseline: : [A Decomposable Attention Model for Natural Language Inference](#)

Baseline+: Add intra-sentence attention - referenced in the paper

13. **Domain:** NLP for Social Media

List of Projects:

- (a) Sentiment analysis of code mixed data
- (b) Hate speech detection on (Gab.ai,Voat.co,Reddit)
- (c) NER detection in code-mixed data