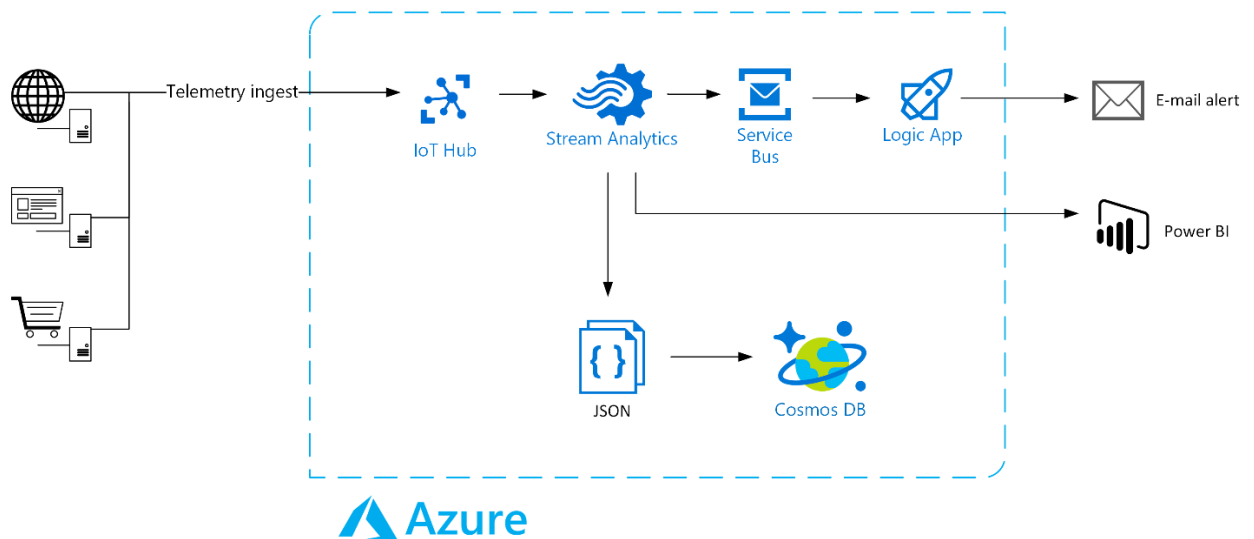


# Azure IoT Workshop

Goal of this workshop is to prepare CPU and Free RAM usage monitoring system for servers.

- We will get CPU usage every 11 second.
- All information will be stored in Cosmos DB for future analytics.
- We will have near real-time CPU usage visualization in Power BI.
- If we will not get data from computer longer than 30 seconds we will send alert using e-mail.

## Architecture



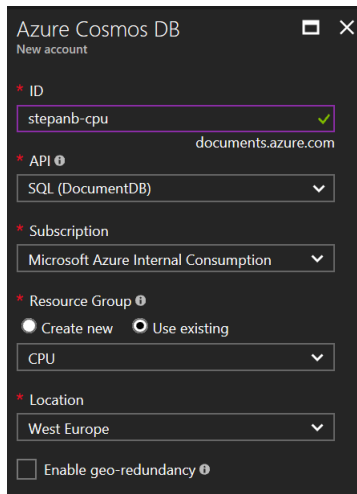
## Prerequisites

1. Azure subscription
2. Office 365 account
3. Visual Studio 2017 Community or better

## Prepare Azure infrastructure

1. Go to Azure Portal.
2. Create new Resource group named *CPU* in West Europe region.
3. Put all new services to *CPU* Resource group.

4. Create new S1 IoT Hub. As name use your *alias*. Name must be worldwide unique. It is 3<sup>rd</sup> level domain name.
5. Create new Stream Analytics Job named *cpuanalytics*.
6. Create new Cosmos DB. As name use your *alias*. Name must be worldwide unique. It is 4<sup>th</sup> level domain name. Choose *SQL (DocumentDB)* as API.



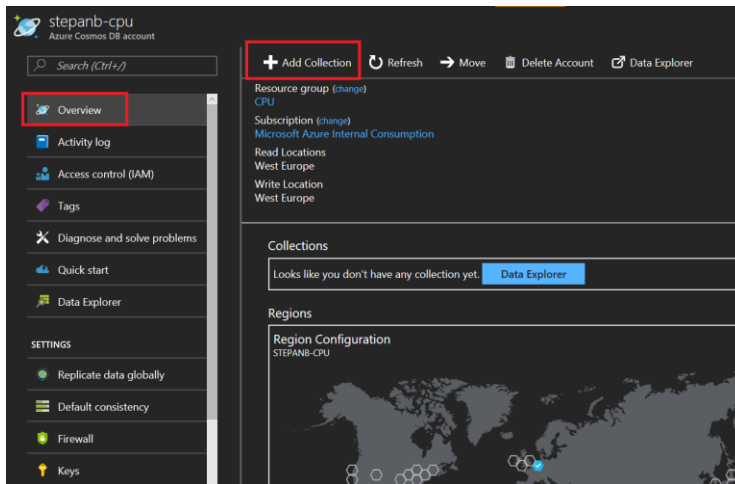
The screenshot shows the 'Azure Cosmos DB' 'New account' configuration window. The fields are as follows:

- ID:** 'stepanb-cpu' with a green checkmark and the domain 'documents.azure.com'.
- API:** 'SQL (DocumentDB)'.
- Subscription:** 'Microsoft Azure Internal Consumption'.
- Resource Group:** 'Create new' (selected) and 'Use existing' (unselected). The dropdown shows 'CPU'.
- Location:** 'West Europe'.
- Enable geo-redundancy:** Unchecked.

7. Create new Logic App named *Alert*.
8. Create new Service Bus. As name use your *alias*. Name must be worldwide unique. It is 4<sup>th</sup> level domain name.
9. Check if is your Power BI account working. Go to <https://powerbi.microsoft.com/> and Sign In using your Office365 account.

## Configure Cosmos DB

1. Open Cosmos DB from *CPU* Resource group.
2. Go to *Overview* and click *Add Collection*



3. Create new collection. Collection Id: *CpuUsage*, DATABASE (New): *PerformaceCounters*.

Add Collection

\* Collection Id ⓘ

\* STORAGE CAPACITY ⓘ  

Fixed (10GB)
Unlimited\*

INITIAL THROUGHPUT CAPACITY (RU/s) ⓘ  


-
+

Between 400 and 10000 RU/s  
Estimated hourly spend 0.080 USD

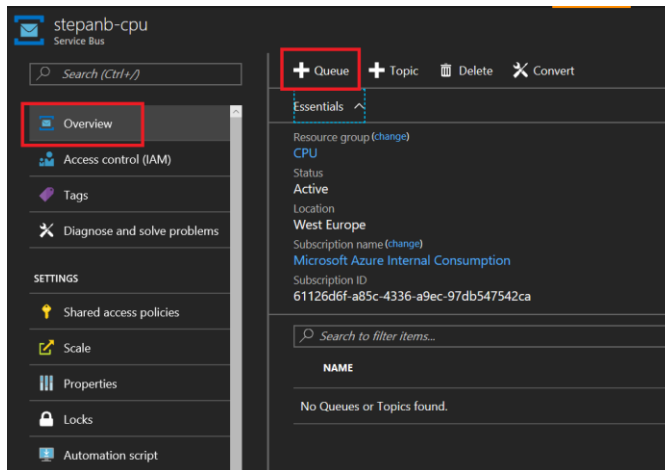
PARTITION KEY ⓘ

\* DATABASE ⓘ  

☒ Create New
☐ Use existing

## Configure Service Bus

1. Open Service Bus from *CPU* Resource group.
2. Go to *Overview* and click + *Queue*

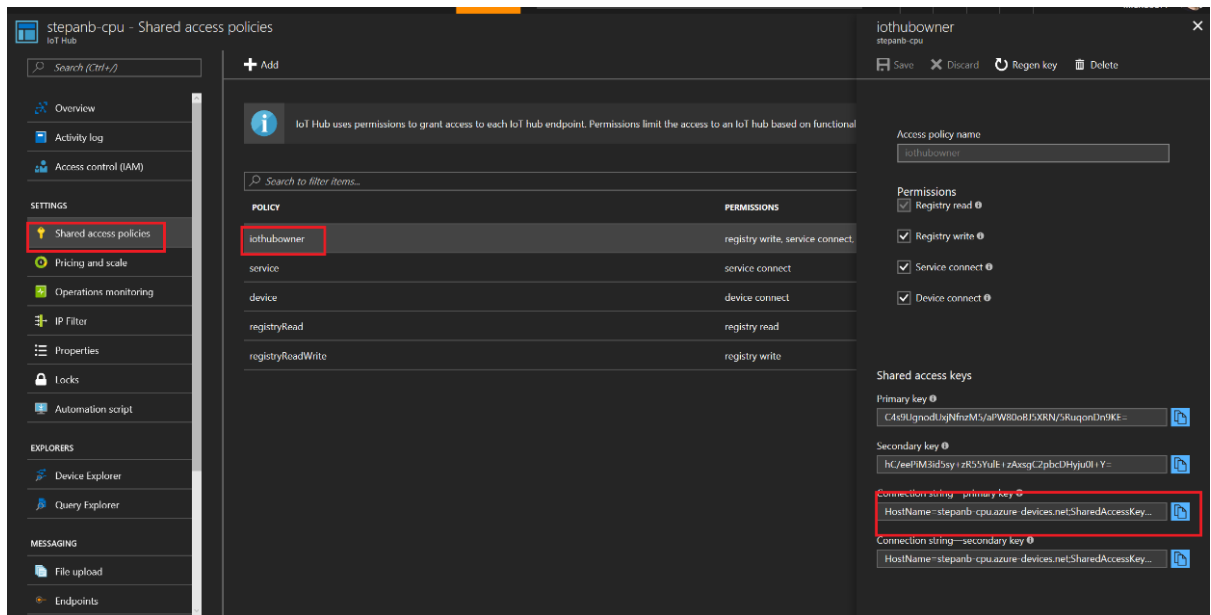


3. Use *cpu* as name.

## Application

Application reads every 11 second CPU usage and sends it to Azure IoT Hub.

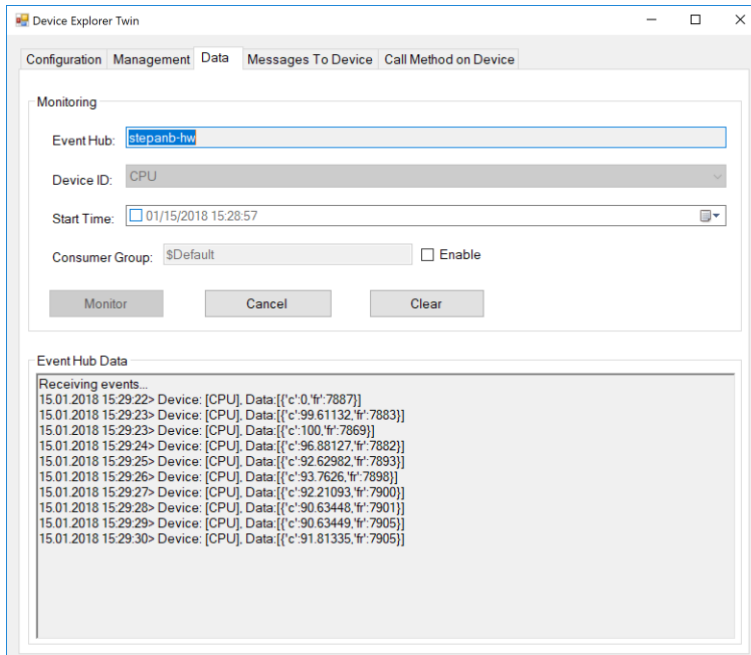
1. Install *Device Explorer* tool. It is debugging and device management tool for IoT Hub.  
<https://github.com/Azure/azure-iot-sdks/releases/download/2016-11-17/SetupDeviceExplorer.msi>
2. Open your IoT Hub from *CPU* Resource group.
3. Go to *Shared access policies* and click *iothubowner* policy. Copy connection string to clipboard.



4. Run Device Explorer and paste connection string to *IoT Hub Connection String* field and click *Update*.
5. Go to *Management* tab and click *Create* button. Use your computer name as *Device Id* name and click *Add*. You will see your device in list.
6. Right click line with *your device* and click *Copy connection string for selected device*.
7. Open *CpuUsage2Azure* solution using Visual Studio
8. Open *App.config*.
9. Paste device connection string to *connectionString* setting and save file.

```
<configuration>
  <connectionStrings>
    <clear />
    <!-- After you register your device in Azure IoT Hub you get device connection string -->
    <add name="deviceConnectionString" connectionString="HostName=saas-iot-hub-fd984a8a-2c..." />
  </connectionStrings>
  <startup>
    <supportedRuntime version="v4.0" sku=".NETFramework,Version=v4.6.1" />
  </startup>
  <runtime>
```

10. Open *Program.cs*. You can see how to use object *DeviceClient* to communicate with Azure IoT Hub. *DeviceClient* is from [Device SDK](#).
11. Run application.
12. Go back to *Device Explorer* application and go to *Data* tab. Choose your device in *Device ID* list and click *Monitor*. You should see messages from your device. Those messages are from cloud now.

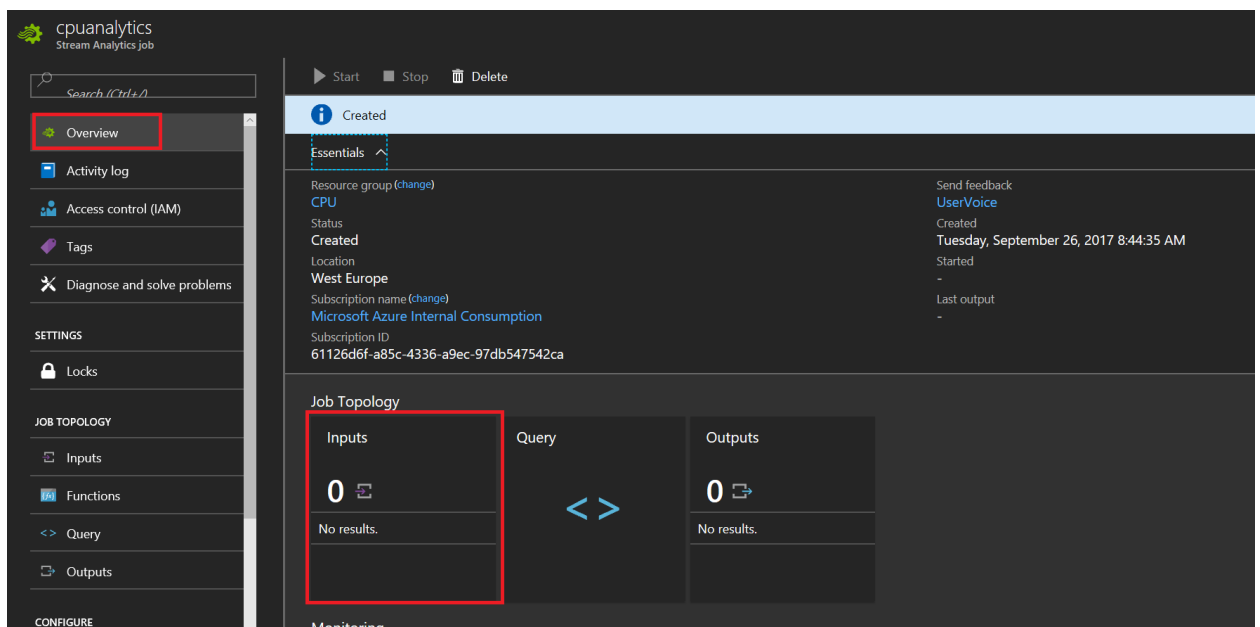


13. Keep it running.

## Put services together

### Store raw data to Cosmos DB

1. Go to Stream Analytics Job in *CPU* resource group.
2. Go to *Overview* and click *Inputs*.



3. Click *Add*. Choose *Source* as IoT Hub and find your *IoT Hub* in list. Named it *IoT*.

New input

\* Input alias  
iot ✓

\* Source Type ⓘ  
Data stream

\* Source ⓘ  
IoT hub

\* Import option  
Use IoT hub from current subscription

IoT hub  
stepanb-cpu

\* Endpoint ⓘ  
Messaging

Shared access policy name  
iothubowner

Shared access policy key  
.....

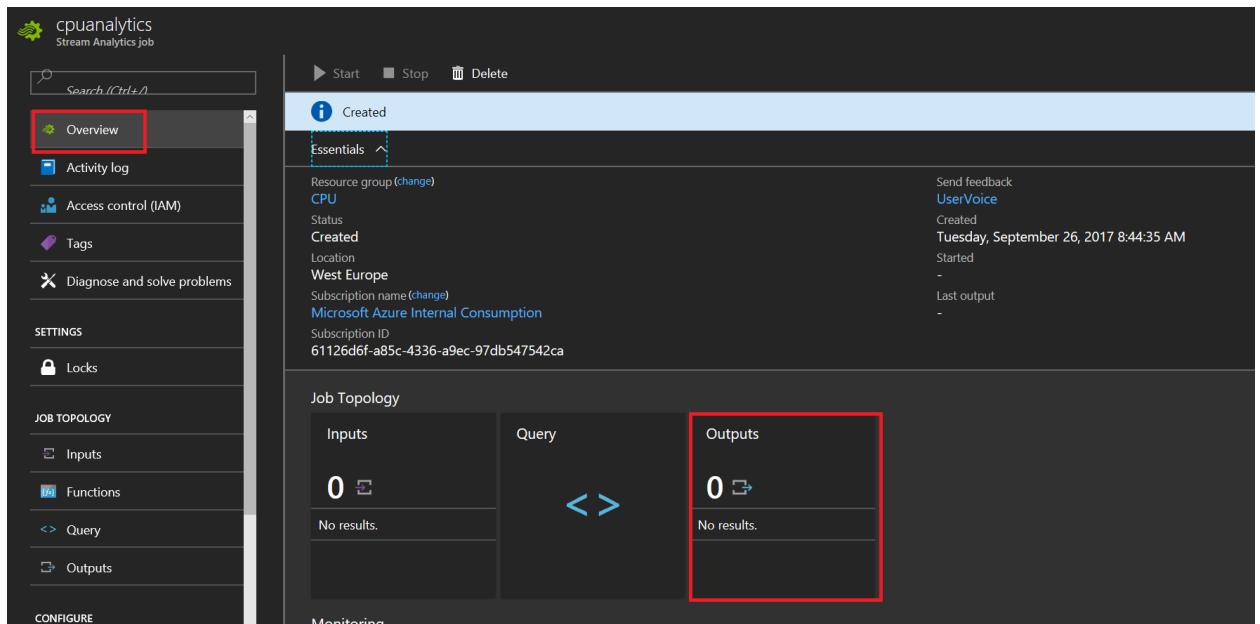
Consumer group  
\$Default

\* Event serialization format ⓘ  
JSON

Encoding ⓘ  
UTF-8

Create

4. Click *Create*.
5. Go to *Overview* and click *Outputs*.



6. Click *Add*. Named new input as *coldstorage*. Use Cosmos DB as *Sink* and choose your Cosmos DB database and collection we created before.

New output

\* Output alias  
coldstorage ✓

\* Sink ⓘ  
Cosmos DB ▼

\* Import option  
Use Cosmos DB from current subscription ▼

Account id ⓘ  
stepanb-cpu ▼

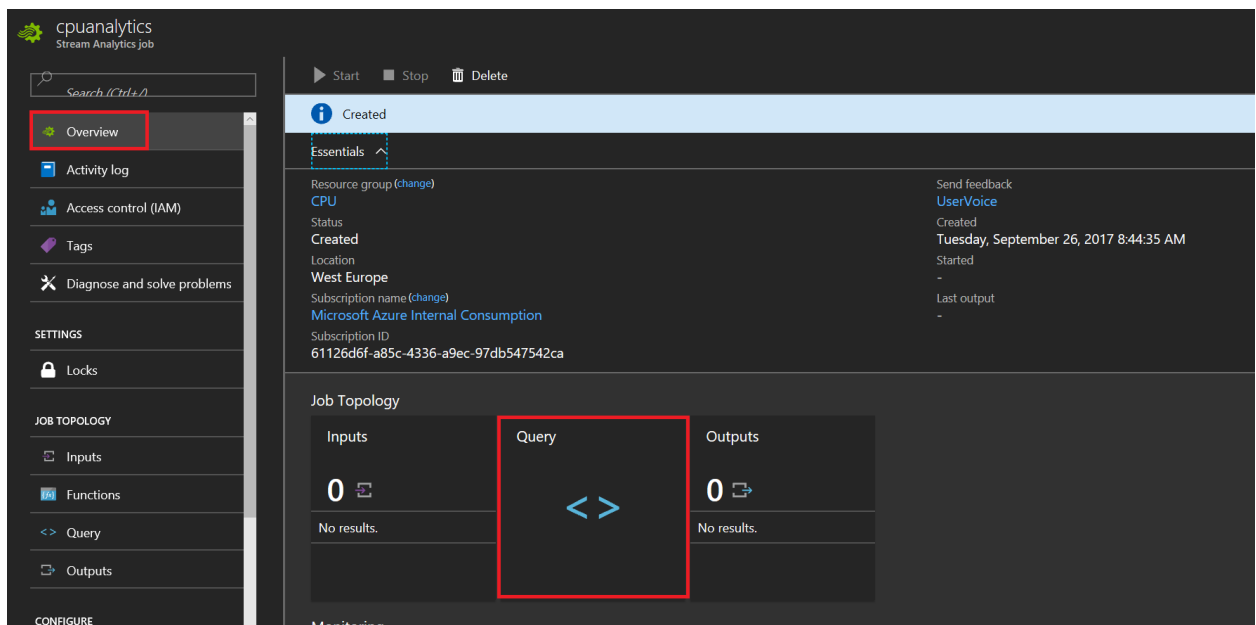
Database  
PerformaceCounters ▼

\* Collection name pattern ⓘ  
CpuUsage

Document id ⓘ

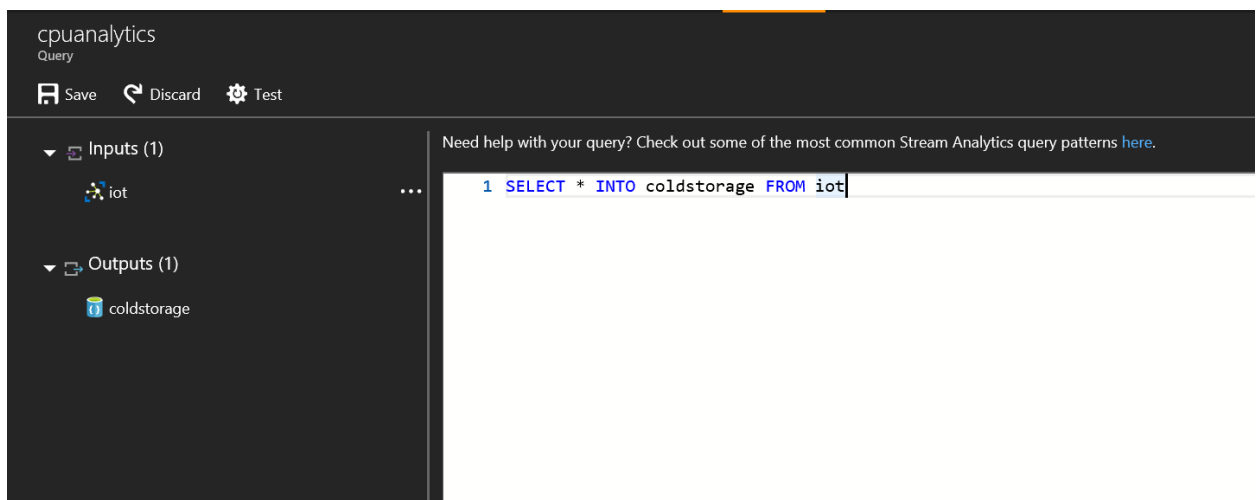


- Click *Create*.
- Go to *Overview* and click *Query*.

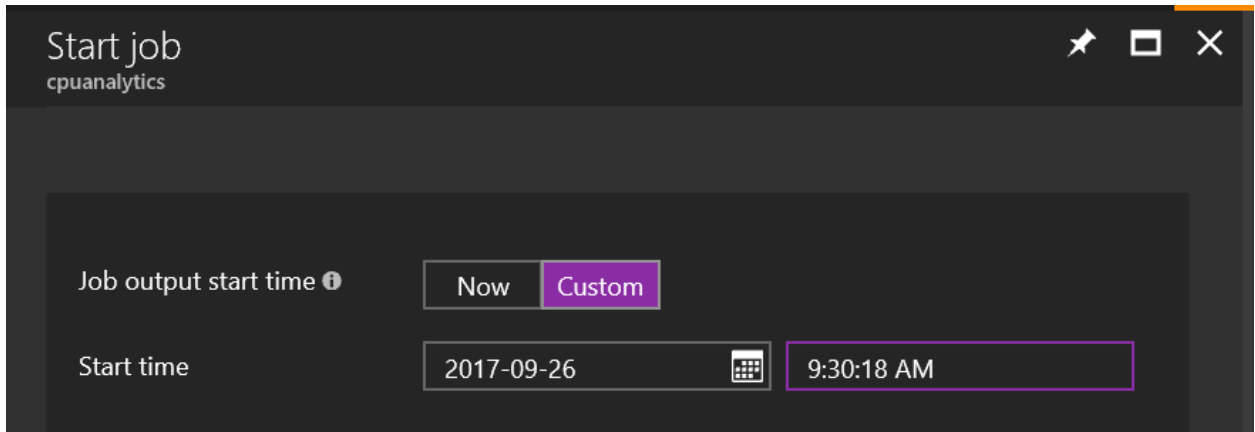


- We want to store all data for future use (for example, for Machine Learning). We will use basic query. All from input we send to output. Don't forget to click *Save* button.

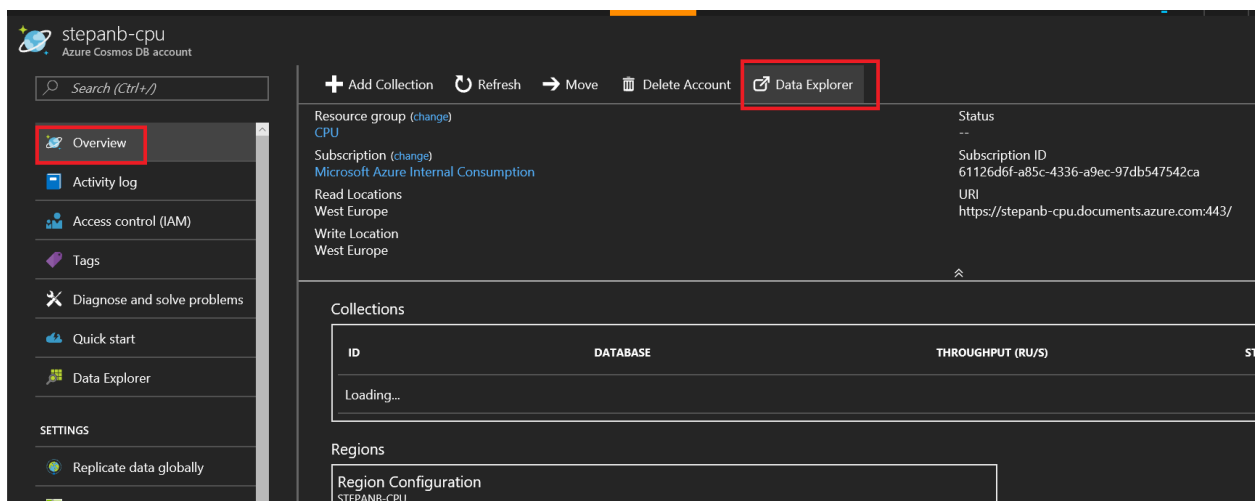
`SELECT * INTO coldstorage FROM iot`



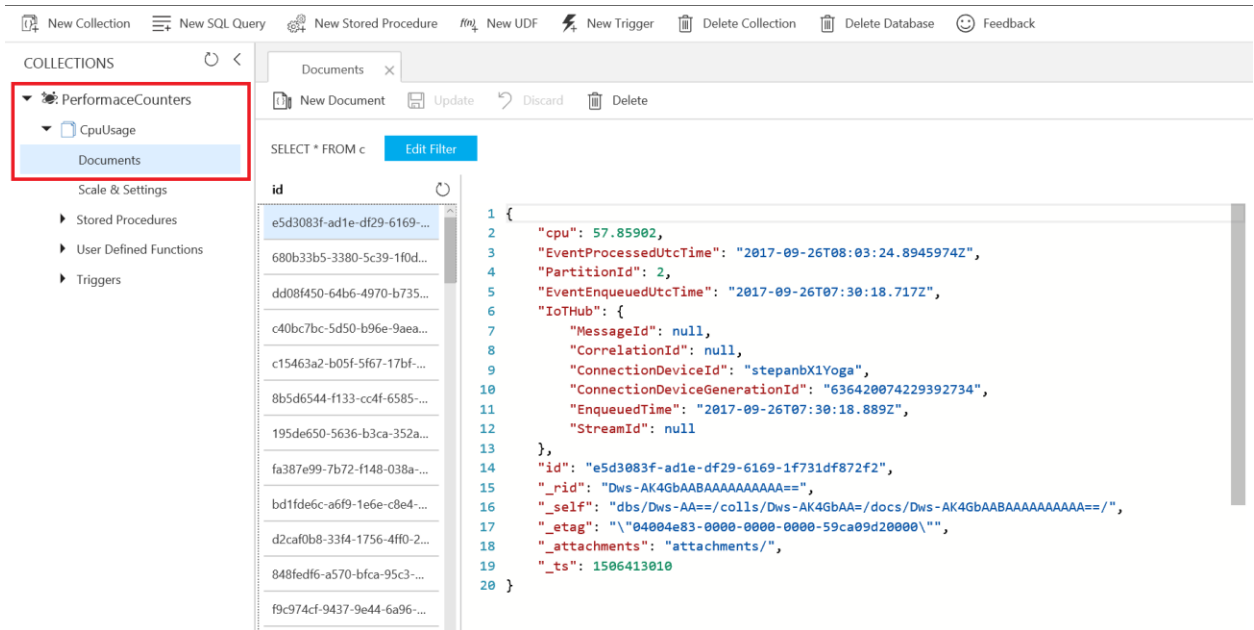
- Go back to *Overview* and click *Start*. You can start job Now or in given time. IoT Hub works like buffer, so you can get data from past. It takes few minutes to run it.



11. If job started successfully go to Cosmos DB Overview and open *Data Explorer*.

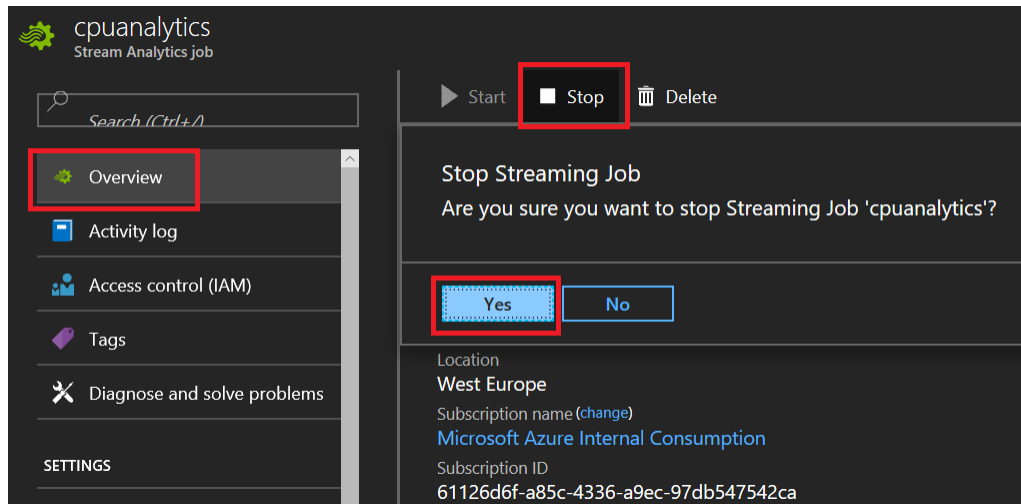


12. Drill down to your collection.



## Near real-time data visualization in Power BI

1. Go to Stream Analytics Job and stop it. Keep application reading CPU usage running.



2. Wait for Stream Analytics Job stopped.
3. Add new *Output. Name:* powerbi, *Sink:* Power BI.

New output

\* Output alias  
powerbi ✓

\* Sink  
Power BI ▼

**Authorize Connection**  
You'll need to authorize with Power BI to configure your output settings.

Authorize

Don't have a Microsoft Power BI account yet?  
[Sign Up](#)

4. Click *Authorize* button and log in using your Power BI credentials.
5. After you authorize Power BI you need to fill *Dataset Name* and *Table Name*.

New output

\* Output alias  
powerbi ✓

\* Sink ⓘ  
Power BI ▼

Group Workspace  
My Workspace ▼

\* Dataset Name  
Performance Counters ✓

⚠ If the dataset or table already exists in your Microsoft Power BI subscription, it will be overwritten.

\* Table Name  
CPU × ✓

Currently authorized as [Stepan Bechynsky](#)  
([stepanb@microsoft.com](#))

Create

6. Click create.
7. Go to *Query*.
8. Add new query. Do not delete existing one. To Power BI we will send just computer name (Device ID), time stamp (added by IoT Hub) and CPU usage without decimal points.

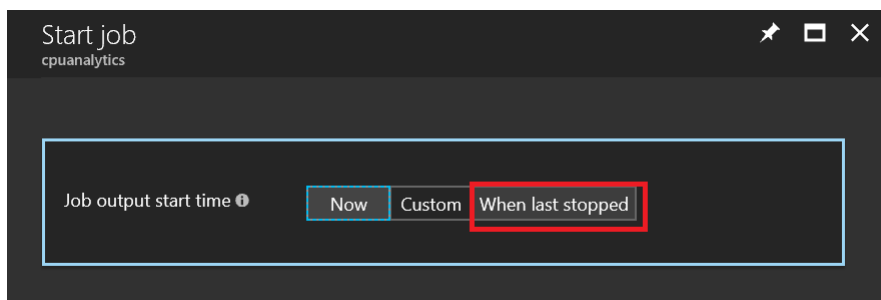
```
SELECT
    EventEnqueuedUtcTime as EventTime,
    IoTHub.ConnectionDeviceId as ComputerName,
    cast(cpu_usage as bigint) as CPUUsage
INTO
    powerbi
FROM
    iot
```

```

1 SELECT * INTO coldstorage FROM iot
2
3 SELECT
4     EventEnqueuedUtcTime as EventTime,
5     IoTHub.ConnectionDeviceId as ComputerName,
6     cast(cpu_usage as bigint) as CPUUsage
7 INTO
8     powerbi
9 FROM
10    iot

```

9. Save Query
10. Run Stream Analytics Job. Now you have new option – *When Last Stopped*. Use this one. Remember. IoT Hub is buffer.

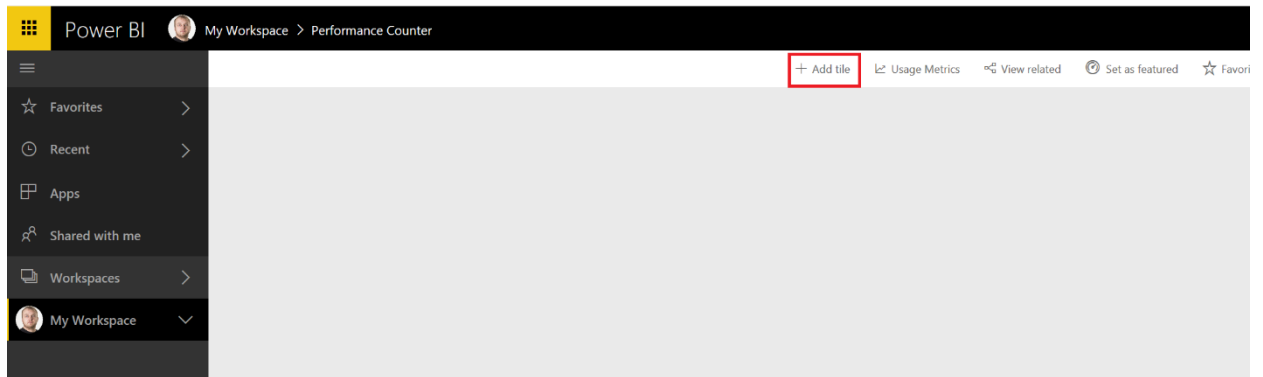


11. After Stream Analytics Job starts go to Power BI.
12. Open My Workspace – Dashboards and click Create – Dashboard.

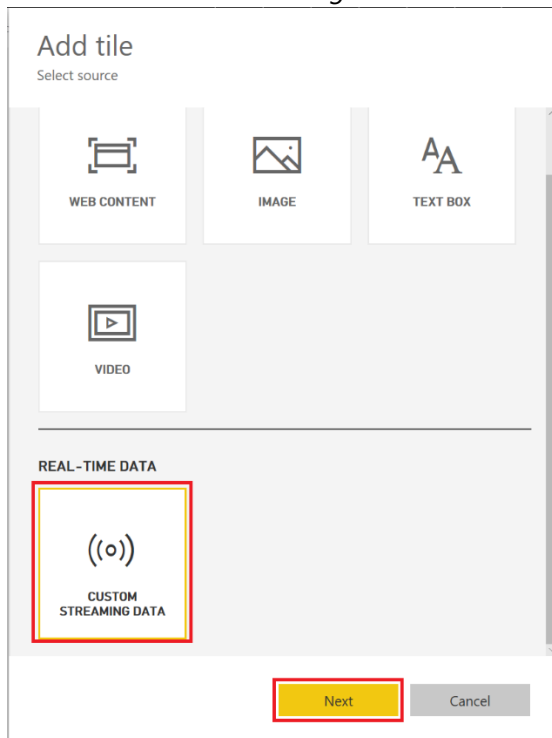


13. Name it *Performance Counter*
14. Click new Dashboard to open it.

15. Click *Add Tile*



16. Choose *Custom Streaming Data* and click *Next*.



17. Choose your dataset from Stream Analytics Job and click *Next*.

## Add a custom streaming data tile

Choose a streaming dataset

+ Add streaming dataset

**YOUR DATASETS**

Krakow

Performace Counters

[Manage datasets](#)

Back

Next

Cancel

18. Crete chart for visualization. For example, *Line chart* with following settings.



## Add a custom streaming data tile

Choose a streaming dataset > Visualization design

Visualization Type

Line chart

Axis

eventtime

+ Add value

Legend

computername

+ Add value

Values

cpuusage

+ Add value

Time window to display

Last

5

Minutes

[Manage datasets](#)

Back

Next

Cancel

19. Click *Next*.

20. Fill *Title* and click *Apply*.

---

## Tile details

\* Required

### Details

☒ Display title and subtitle

Title

CPU Usage [%]

Subtitle

Functionality

☐ Set custom link

Link type

☒ External link

☐ Link to a dashboard or report in the current workspace

URL \*

Open custom link in the same tab?

☐ Yes

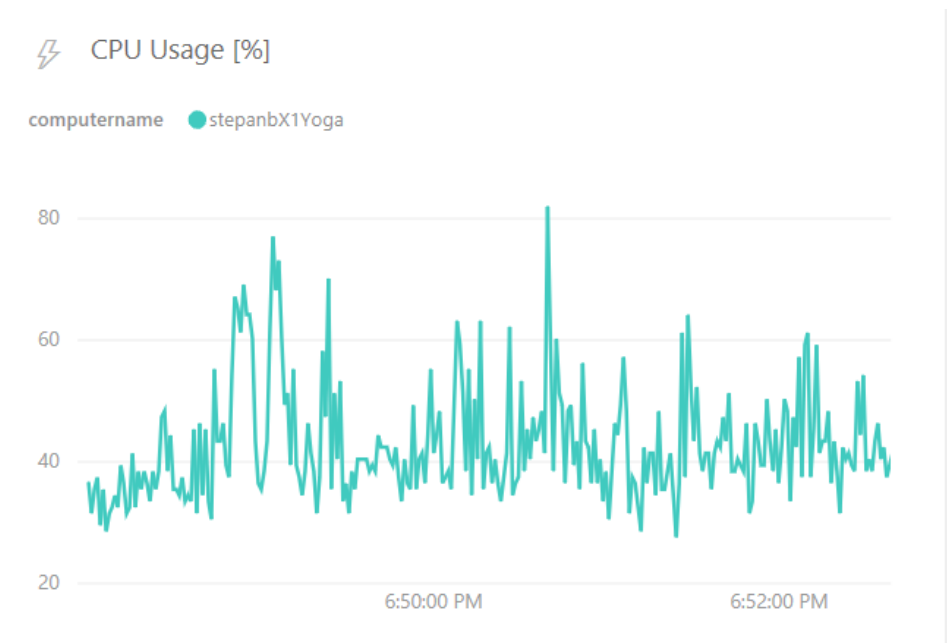
☒ No

[Restore default](#)

[Technical Details](#)

Back Apply Cancel

21. Now you should see almost real-time CPU usage of your computer. There is delay ~2-3 seconds thanks to Stream Analytics and Power BI.



### Send alert if we have no data from computer

1. Go to Stream Analytics Job and stop it. Keep application reading CPU usage running.
2. Wait for Stream Analytics Job stopped.
3. Add new *Output*. *Name*: powerbi, *Sink*:Service bus Queue. Choose queue we created before.

New output

\* Output alias  
alert ✓

\* Sink ⓘ  
Service bus Queue ▼

\* Import option  
Use queue from current subscription ▼

Service bus namespace  
stepanb-cpu ▼

Queue name  
cpu ▼

Queue policy name  
RootManageSharedAccessKey ▼

\* Event serialization format ⓘ  
JSON ▼

Encoding ⓘ  
UTF-8 ▼

Format ⓘ  
Array ▼

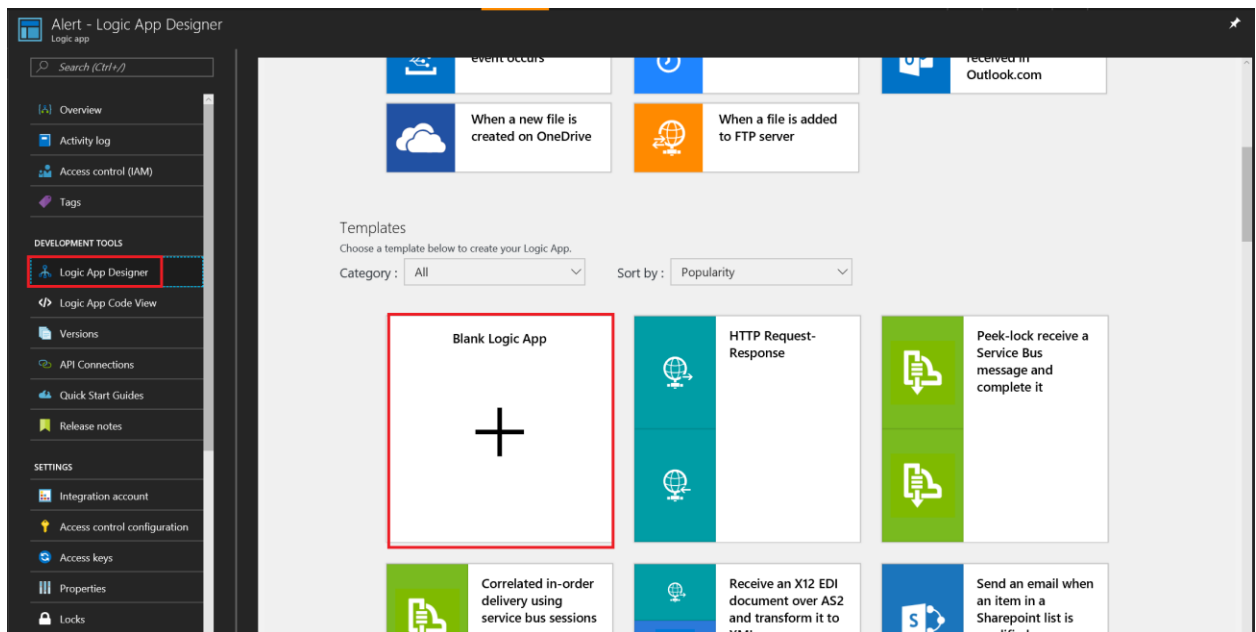
Create

4. Click create.
5. Go to *Query*.
6. Now we will use [Windowing](#) functionality of Stream Analytics Job. We will open time window for 30 seconds every 15 seconds and count number of messages. If everything is OK we should get 30 messages. We will fire alert if we get less than 20 messages. It is easy to simulate. We just shut down our application. In real usage we will probably check average usage of CPU to predict protentional problems.
7. Add new query. Do not delete existing one.

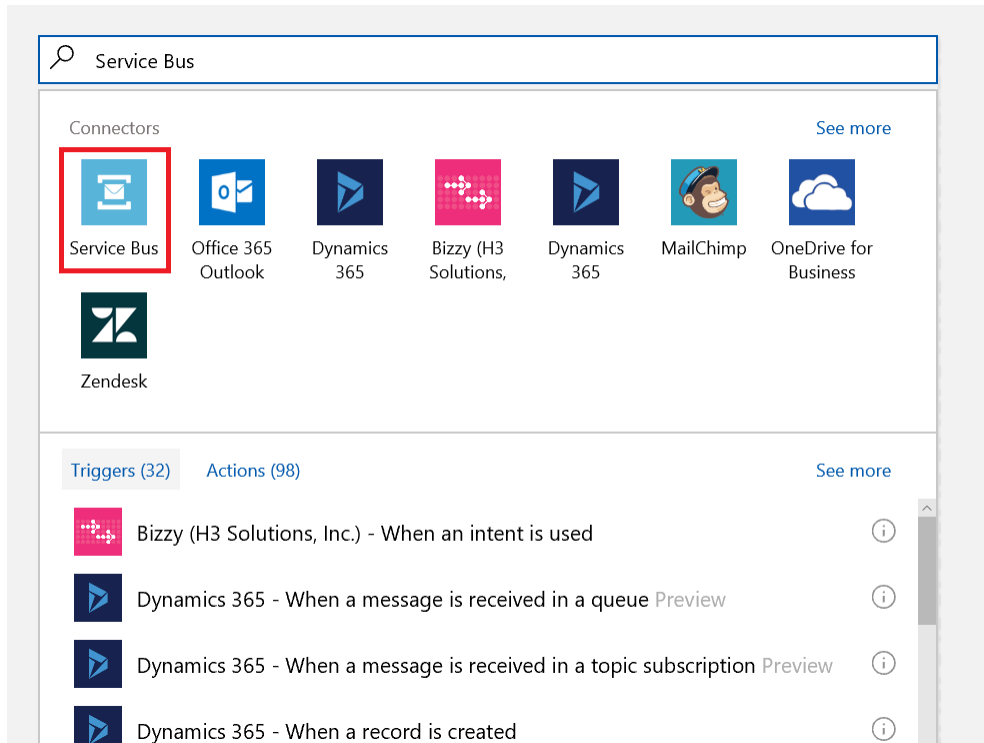
```
SELECT System.Timestamp AS WindowEnd, 'alert' as Message,
IoTHub.ConnectionDeviceId as ComputerName, Count(*) as NumberOfMessages
INTO alert
FROM iot
```

GROUP BY IoTHub.ConnectionDeviceId, HOPPINGWINDOW (second, 30, 15)  
HAVING Count(\*) < 20

8. Save Query
9. Run Stream Analytics Job. Now you have new option – *When Last Stopped*. Use this one. Remember. IoT Hub is buffer.
10. Go to Logic Apps service.
11. Open Logic Apps Designer and scroll down. Click *Blank Logic App*.

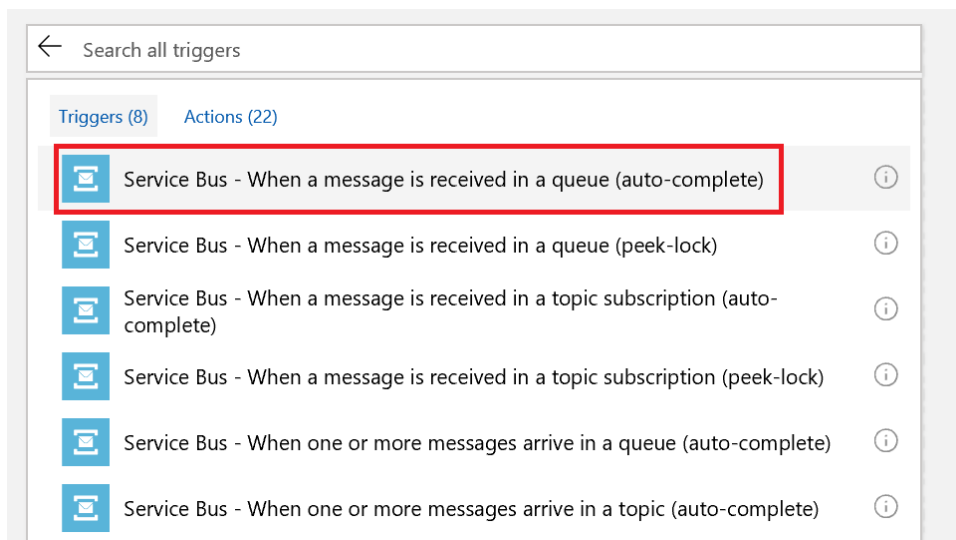


12. We will connect Service Bus Queue containing error message from Stream Analytics with Outlook.
13. Search for Service Bus connector.



14. Click Service Bus connector.

15. Choose Trigger *When message is received in e queue (auto-complete)*.



16. Choose your Service Bus.

When a message is received in a queue (auto-complete) ...

\* Connection Name

\* Service Bus Namespace

Name	Resource Group	Location
stepanb-cpu	CPU	West Europe

Create

[Manually enter connection information](#)

17. Click suggested keys and Create.

When a message is received in a queue (auto-complete) ...

\* Connection Name

\* Service Bus Policy

Name	Rights
RootManageSharedAccessKey	Listen, Manage, Send

Create

[Manually enter connection information](#)

18. Choose your Queue and set check interval to 30 seconds.

When a message is received in a queue (auto-complete) ⓘ ...

\* Queue name

[Show advanced options](#) ✓

How often do you want to check for items?

\* Interval  \* Frequency

Connected to Alert. [Change connection.](#)

19. Click *Next Step* and *Add an Action*.

When a message is received in a queue (auto-complete) ...

\* Queue name  ▼

[Show advanced options](#) ▼

How often do you want to check for items?

\* Interval  \* Frequency  ▼

Connected to Alert. [Change connection.](#)

[+ New step](#)

[Add an action](#) [Add a condition](#) [More](#)

20. Search for *Office 365 Outlook*. Find *Office 365 Outlook – Send an email* action and click it.

Choose an action

Connectors [See more](#)

Office 365 Outlook Outlook Customer Outlook Tasks Outlook.co...

Triggers (17) **Actions (71)** [See more](#)

Office 365 Outlook - Create contact (i)

Office 365 Outlook - Create event (V1) (i)

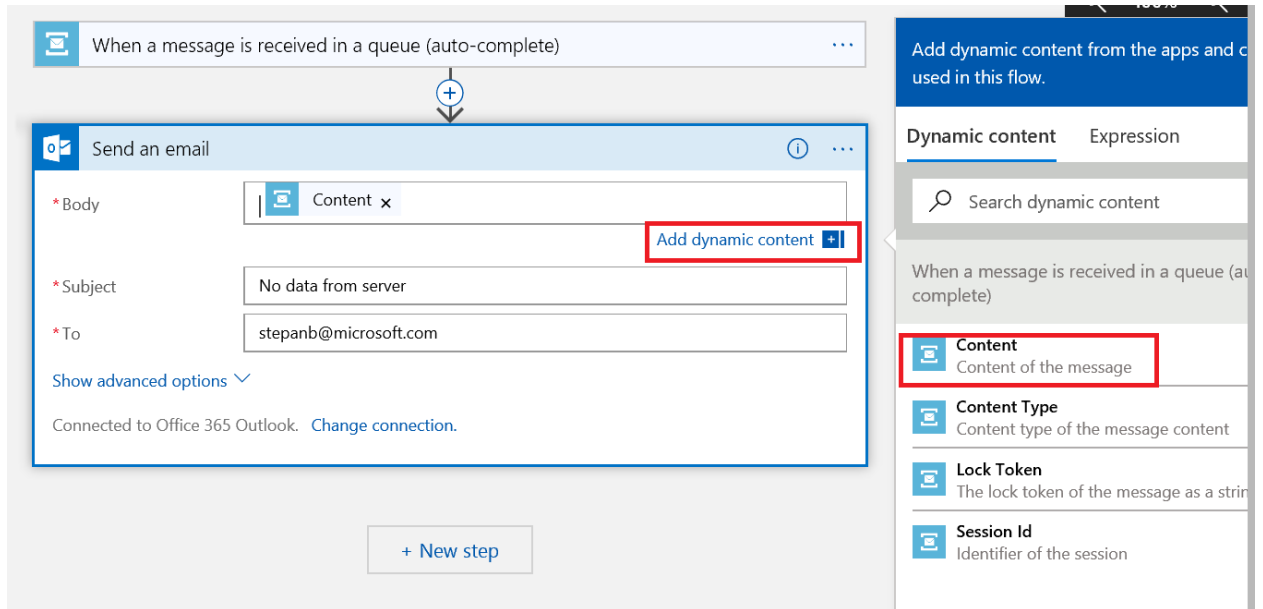
Office 365 Outlook - Create event (V2) Preview (i)

**Office 365 Outlook - Send an email (i)**

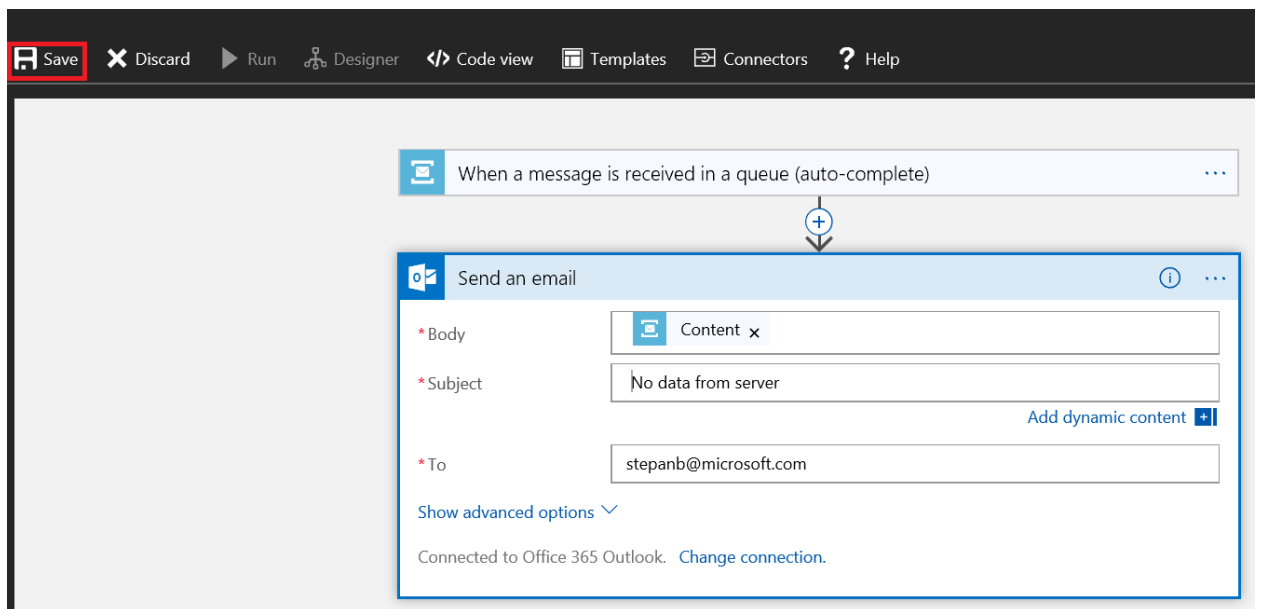
21. Click *Sign in*. Use your Office 365 credentials.

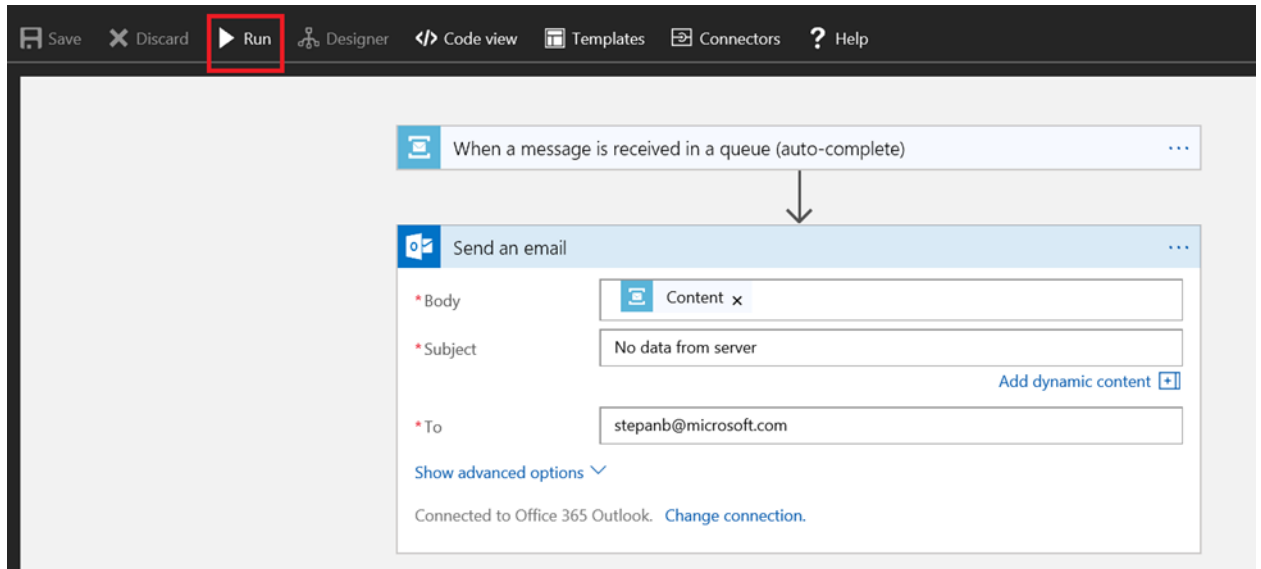
22. Create email. Use *Dynamic content* for *Body*.





23. Click *Save* and *Run*.





24. If you stop application sending CPU usage you should get e-mail (after ~1 minute).