

# SCHEDULING PUMPS AND RESERVOIRS WITH INTEGER NONLINEAR PROGRAMMING AND DEEP LEARNING

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# DECISION: PREDICTION OR PRESCRIPTION

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decision aid: compute one of the best possible options

## mathematical optimization

- solve an analytical model
- certificates for feasibility and optimality
- accuracy/complexity trade-off
- *models are based on data forecasts*

## machine learning

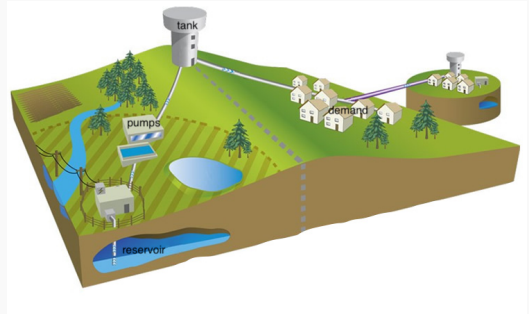
- predict from data
- no certificate
- data/computation intensive
- *algorithms are based on optimization*

combine MO and ML when models are complex but certificates required

# LOAD SHIFTING IN DRINKING WATER DISTRIBUTION

pump in advance of demand to save energy

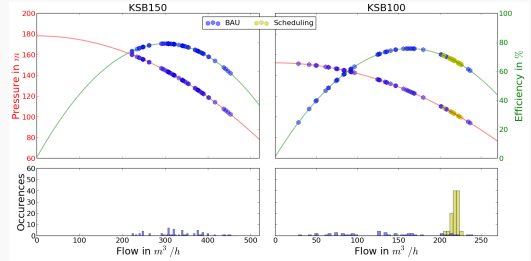
- water/energy storage tanks
- nonlinear efficiency
- dynamic electricity tariff



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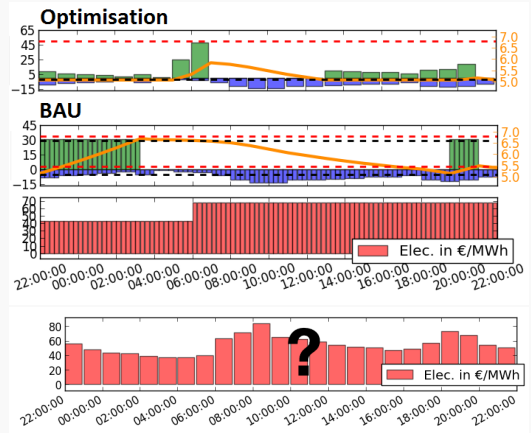
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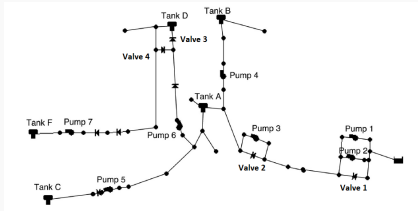
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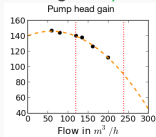
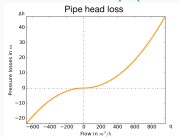
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# ACCURATE BUT COMPLEX ANALYTICAL MODEL



nonconvex flow/head loss equation  $\Delta h = \phi(q)$   
friction in pipes      discharge in pumps



## mixed integer nonconvex model

$$\min \sum_t C_t \gamma_t(q_t, x_t) :$$

$$\underline{H}^R \leq h_t^R \leq \overline{H}^R \quad \forall t$$

$$h_{t+1}^R = h_t^R + \sigma q_t^R \quad \forall t$$

$$q_t^S = D_t^S \quad \forall t$$

$$(\Delta h_t - \phi(q_t))^T x_t = 0 \quad \forall t$$

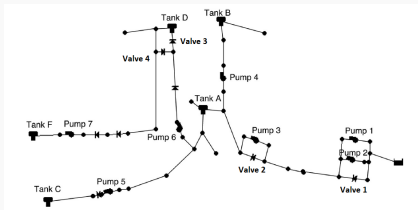
$$q_t^T (1 - x_t) = 0 \quad \forall t$$

on/off switch  $x_{ta} \in \{0, 1\}$

arc flow  $q_{ta}$  and head loss  $\Delta h_{ta}$

reservoir/service node inflow  $q_{tr}^R, q_{ts}^S$  and head  $h_t$

# ACCURATE BUT COMPLEX ANALYTICAL MODEL



$(q_t, h_t)$  is the **unique head/flow equilibrium** on open arcs  $x_t$  with node inflow  $D_t^S$  or head  $h_t^R$

- computing  $(q_t, h_t) \in Eq(x_t, D_t^S, h_t^R)$  is easy (Todini & Pilati's Newton algorithm/EPANET)
- but optimizing  $(x_t)_t$  is hard

## mixed integer nonconvex model

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# SOLVING THE PUMP SCHEDULING PROBLEM

## integer/nonconvex bilevel model

$$\min \sum_t C_t \gamma_t(q_t, x_t) :$$

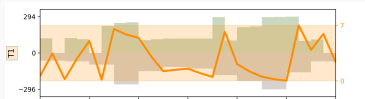
$$\underline{H}^R \leq h_t^R \leq \overline{H}^R \quad \forall t$$

$$h_{t+1}^R = h_t^R + \sigma q_t^R \quad \forall t$$

$$(q_t, h_t) \in Eq(x_t, D_t^S, h_t^R) \quad \forall t$$

$$x_t \in \{0, 1\}^A.$$

tight tank limits, long time steps



⇒ scarce/sparse feasibility set in discrete  $x$ -space

## 1. approximation or relaxation

simplify some of the hardest parts

- PWL approx [Morsi12,...]
- linear relax [Burgschweiger09]
- lagrangian relax [Ghaddar15]
- convex relax + simulation [Bonvin21]

→ *complexity/accuracy trade-off*

## 2. simulation-optimization

fix 0/1 config  $x \Leftrightarrow$  simulate hydraulics  $(q, h)$

- metaheuristics e.g. GA [Mackle95,...]
- Benders decomposition [NaoumSawaya15]
- linear opt approx [Bonvin&Demasse19]

→ *slow convergence/many infeasibilities*



# SEARCH THE CONTINUOUS $h^R$ -SPACE

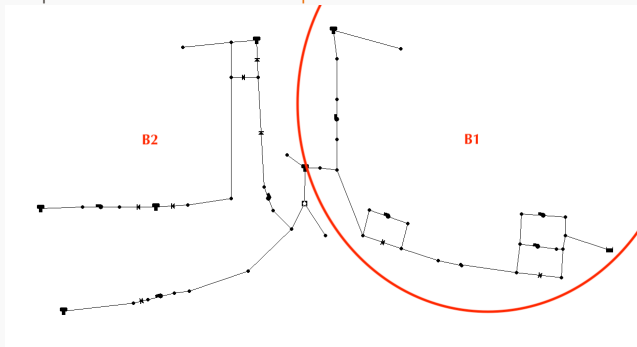
## Sketch of the algorithm

1. fix the tank level profiles  $h^R$
2. compute all equilibria  $(q_t, h_t) \in Eq(x_t, D_t^S, h_t^R)$  for all config  $x_t \forall t$
3. select the config/equilibrium of minimal cost  $C_t \gamma_t(q_t, x_t) \forall t$
4. stop if  $h_{t+1}^R \approx h_t^R + q_t^R$  or update  $h^R$

# SEARCH THE CONTINUOUS $h^R$ -SPACE: IN PRACTICE

Step 2: compute all equilibria  $(q_t, h_t) \in Eq(x_t, D_t^S, h_t^R)$  for all config  $x_t \forall t$

splitting the equilibrium problems in time and in space enables us to enumerate the sub-configurations



# SEARCH THE CONTINUOUS $h^R$ -SPACE: IN PRACTICE

Step 2: compute all equilibria  $(q_t, h_t) \in Eq(x_t, D_t^S, h_t^R)$  for all config  $x_t \forall t$

splitting the equilibrium problems in time and in space enables us to enumerate the sub-configurations

Step 4: update tank level profiles  $h^R$  closer to satisfy both  $h_{t+1}^R \approx h_t^R + q_t^R$  and  $\underline{H}^R \leq h_t^R \leq \overline{H}^R \forall t$

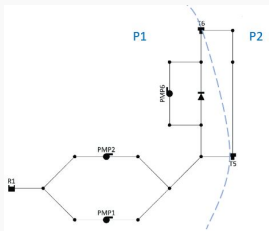
we adapted a variable splitting scheme alike ADMM: no convergence proof in this nonconvex case

Step 0: compute initial tank level profiles  $h^R$

we built a deep learning model to predict the optimal profiles from history

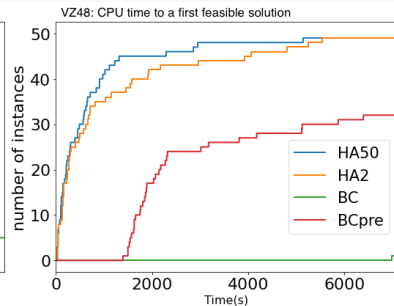
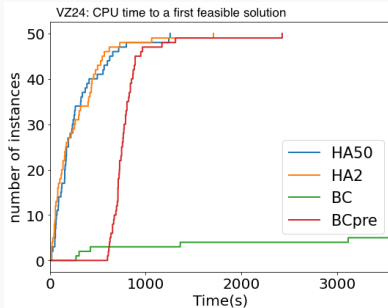
- using a (time) scaling mechanism to save on the training phase
- using Monte-Carlo dropouts to restart/diversify the search

# EXPERIMENTAL EVALUATION



- 50 instances [VanZyl04]
- stop at the first feasible solution

- **HA**: deep learning + variable splitting
- **BC**: exact algorithm [Bonvin21] + **BCpre** preprocessing [Tavakoli22]



# CONCLUSION

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- **integration** of machine learning, simulation and optimization
- time and space **decomposition**
- **reasoning on the implied storage state variables** instead of the discrete decision control variables
- practical scalability ? theoretical convergence ?
- other applications in water management ?

# REFERENCES

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- **A. Tavakoli, V. Sessa, S. Demassey** Strengthening mathematical models for pump scheduling in water distribution. In 14th International Conference on Applied Energy 2022.
- **G. Bonvin, S. Demassey, A. Lodi** Pump scheduling in drinking water distribution networks with an LP/NLP-based branch and bound. Optimization and Engineering 2021.
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- papers available at <https://sofdem.github.io/>
- code available at <https://github.com/sofdem/gopslpnlpbb>