

# MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF DATA SCIENCE

(CS6660)

M. TECH. IN DATA SCIENCES

IIT HYDERABAD



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# Assignment-1 (Linear Algebra)

- Generate a Random Graph.
- How to generate?
  - ▣ For each possible edge, generate a random number  $p$ . If  $p \leq \tau$ , add the edge to the graph. Else, do not add the edge to the graph.
  - ▣ Note:  $\tau$  is a parameter of the graph generation algorithm. Its value remains unchanged throughout the graph generation process.
  - ▣ In the adjacency matrix, set diagonal entries to zeros.

# Task-1

- Fix a value of  $\tau \leq 0.2$ . Let  $G_n$  be a random directed graph of  $n$  nodes, generated using the procedure discussed in the previous slide, with this value of  $\tau$ . Let  $A_n$  be the adjacency matrix. Use  $n = 50, 100, 200$ .
- Find  $A_n^2, A_n^3, A_n^4, A_n^5$ .
- What do the values in  $A_n^k$  indicate?
- For each  $A_n^k$ , plot the histogram of values. There should be one plot for each  $A_n^k$ . What do the histograms tell you?

# Task-2

- Set  $\tau' = 2\tau$ . Generate 3 more graphs with  $n = 50, 100$  and  $200$  nodes. Let these adjacency matrices be  $B_n$ .
- Find  $B_n^2, B_n^3$ .
- Plot the histograms for  $B_n^2, B_n^3$  for each  $n$ .
- How do  $A_n^2, A_n^3$  compare with  $B_n^2, B_n^3$ ? What does it tell you?
- Do you have any other observations from the plots?

# Task-3

- Consider again the Adjacency Matrix  $A_n$ .
- For each  $A_n^k$  computed earlier, change the non-zero values in it to 1.
- Set  $X_n = A_n$
- Compute the matrix  $X_n^2 = X_n \oplus A_n^2$ . Here,  $\oplus$  is an elementwise LOGICAL-OR operator. I.e., If  $C = A \oplus B$  for Boolean matrices  $A$  and  $B$ , then  $C_{ij} = A_{ij} \text{ LOGICAL-OR } B_{ij}$ .
- Compute the matrix  $X_n^3 = X_n^2 \oplus A_n^3$
- Compute the matrix  $X_n^4 = X_n^3 \oplus A_n^4$
- Compute the matrix  $X_n^5 = X_n^4 \oplus A_n^5$
- Plot a graph showing (number of 1s in  $X_n^k$ )-vs- $k$ .
- What observations can you make from the graph?
- Suppose for a particular integer  $y$ , all entries in  $X_n^y$  are 1. What does it indicate?

# Submission

- Submit your code. One function/module for each of the following functionalities have to be submitted:
  - ▣ Graph generator
  - ▣ Function that accepts the adjacency matrix  $A$ , an integer  $k$  (and any other parameters if needed) as input and writes to file the matrices  $A^2, \dots, A^k$  (one matrix to one file) [as given in task-1]
  - ▣ Function that accepts the adjacency matrix  $A$ , an integer  $k$  (and any other parameters if needed) as input and writes to file the matrices  $X^2, \dots, X^k$  (one matrix to one file). Refer to Task-3 [Slide-5] for details of this computation.
- You may code in any language of your choice.
- You may use any plotting tool of your choice.

# Submission

- Adjacency matrices  $A_{50}$ ,  $A_{100}$ ,  $A_{200}$ ,  $B_{50}$ ,  $B_{100}$ ,  $B_{200}$  each in a separate text file. Values in the row can be space-separated/comma-separated. Keep the filename extension as .txt.
- A report. The report should contain your graphs and answers to the questions asked in different tasks. If you want to include any other point/observation that you may have made by looking at the results, feel free to include that. Make sure to mark your name and roll number in the report.
- Zip together the code files, adjacency matrix files and the report. Name the zip file as <your-roll-no>.zip.
- Department plagiarism policy: <https://cse.iith.ac.in/?q=node/254>