App Development Using TVMLKit

Part 2

Session 229

Jeremy Foo tvOS Engineer

Agenda

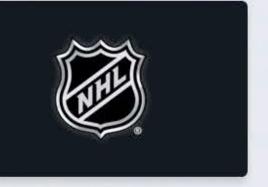
Extending Templates

Extending JavaScript

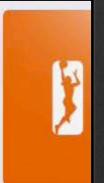












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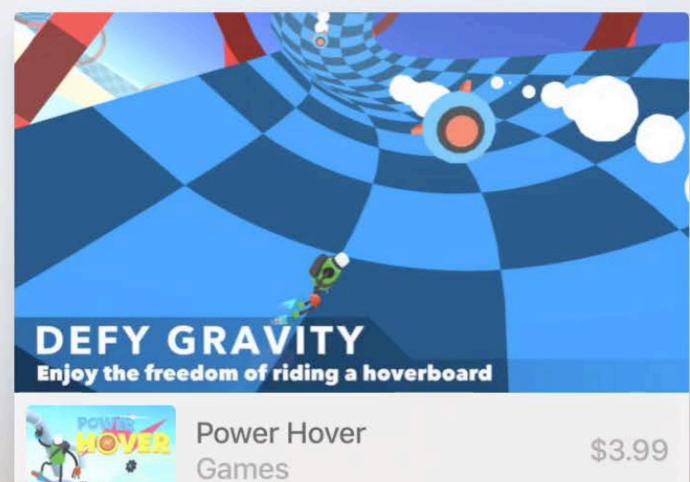
ESPN - Get scores, n

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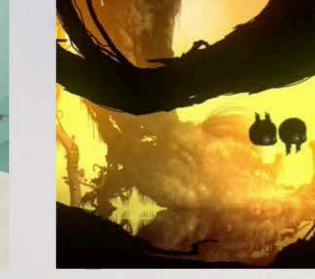
NHL

Tennis Channel Every

Essential Games









Alto's Adventure Games

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BADLAND Games

Get in Shape















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Preview





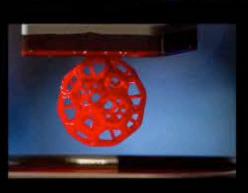








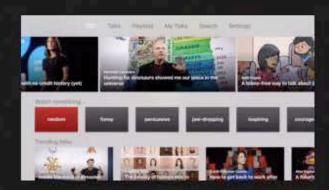




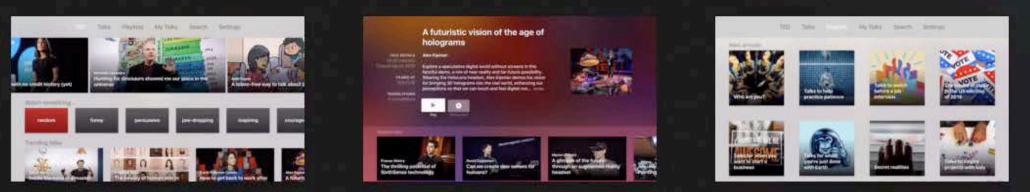


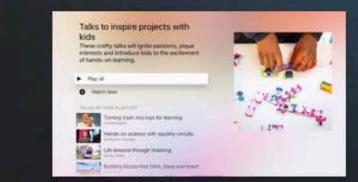


Screenshots



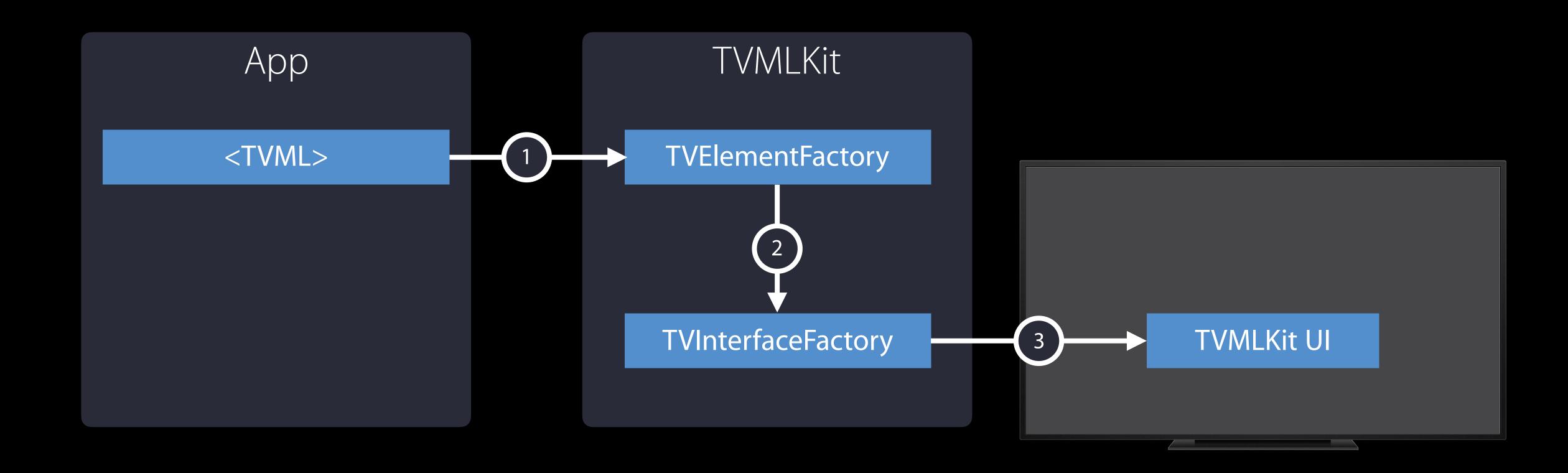


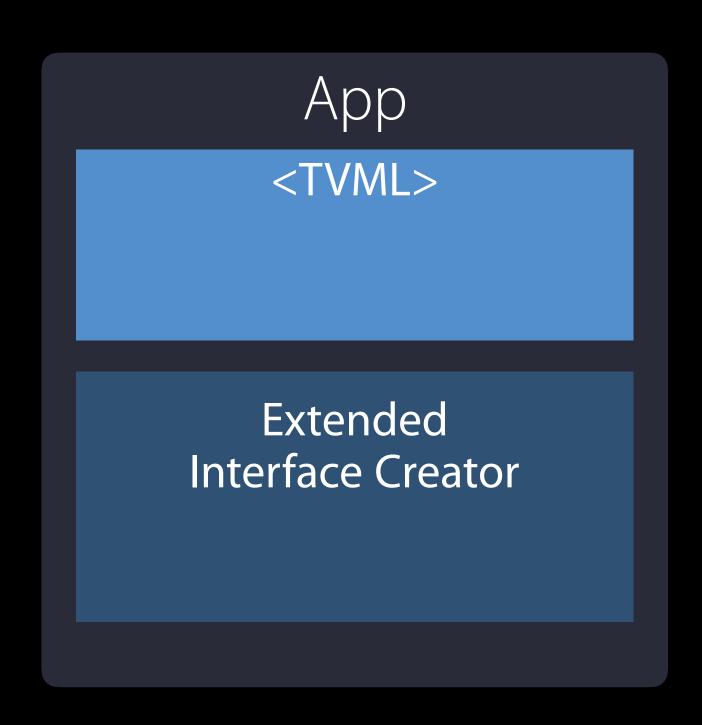


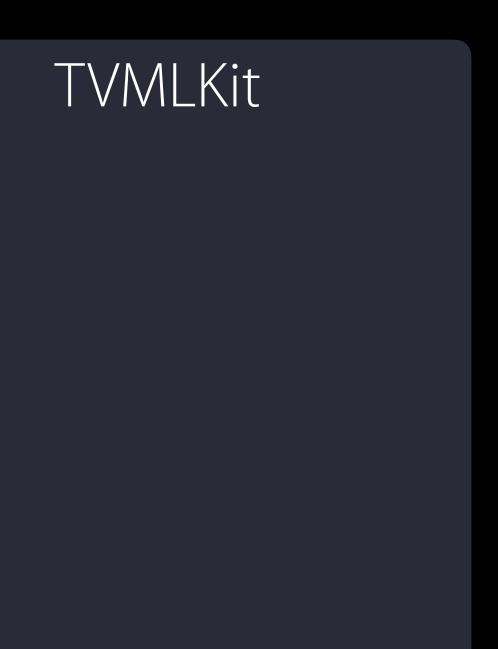




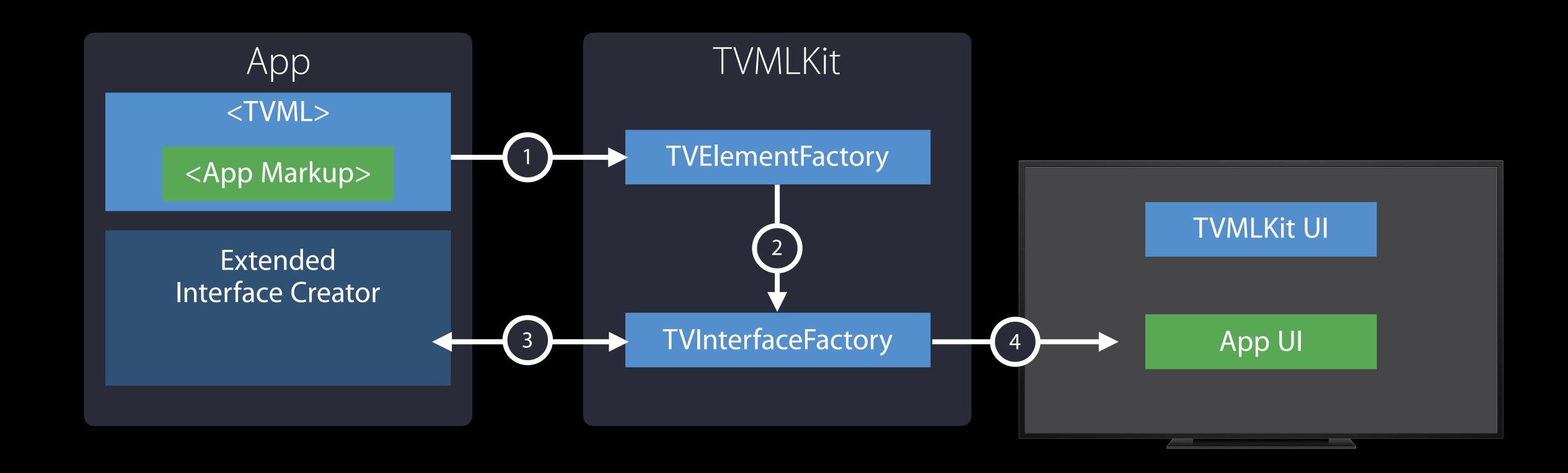
App TVMLKit











```
// XML custom banner with nested TVML button
<document>
   <stackTemplate>
     <myBanner animated="true">
        <button>...</button>
     </myBanner>
     <collectionList>
         </collectionList>
  </stackTemplate>
</document>
```

```
// XML custom banner with nested TVML button
<document>
   <stackTemplate>
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     </myBanner>
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        <button>...
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     <collectionList>
        </collectionList>
  </stackTemplate>
</document>
```

Register element name

Register element name

Once before app controller startup

Register element name

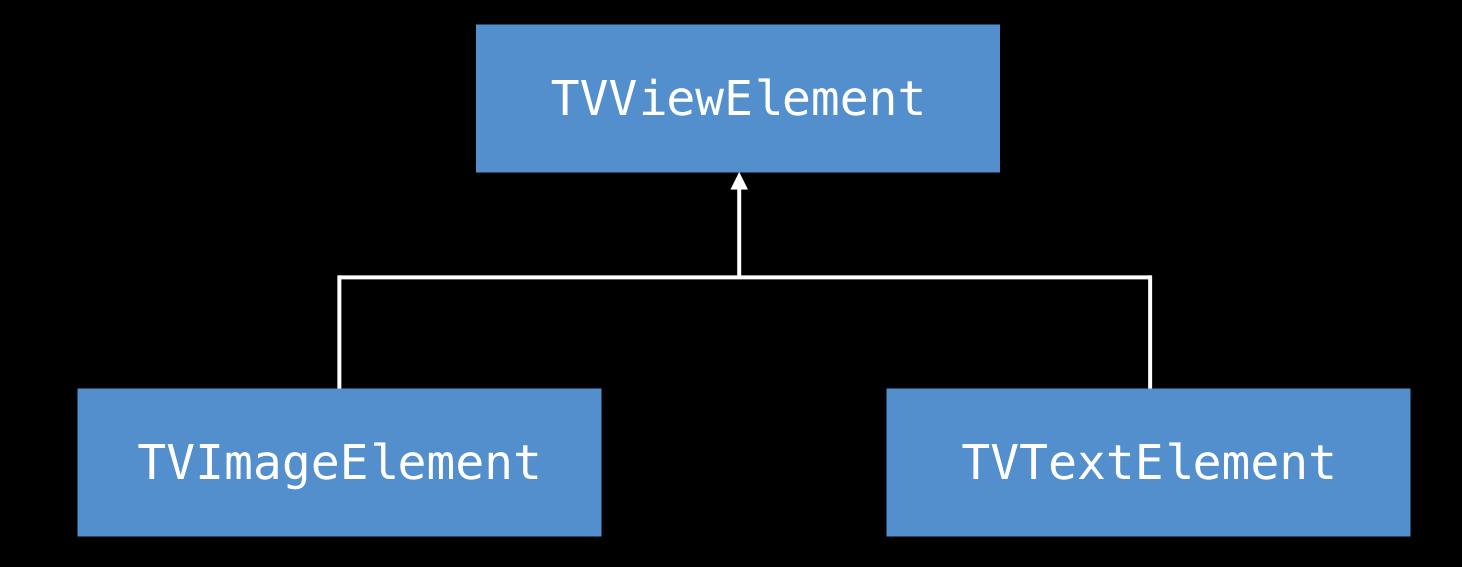
Once before app controller startup

TVElementFactory.registerViewElementClass(TVViewElement.self, elementName: "myBanner")

Register element name

Once before app controller startup

TVElementFactory.registerViewElementClass(TVViewElement.self, elementName: "myBanner")



Interface creator

Interface creator

Setup TVInterfaceCreating interface creator

Interface creator

Setup TVInterfaceCreating interface creator

Configure user interface

Interface creator

Setup TVInterfaceCreating interface creator

Configure user interface

Leverage TVMLKit

```
// Setup an interface creator
class MyInterfaceCreator: NSObject, TVInterfaceCreating {
    // Conform to TVInterfaceCreating to provide extended user interface
    func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
        // code to create views
        ...
    }
}
```

```
// Setup an interface creator
class MyInterfaceCreator: NSObject, TVInterfaceCreating {
    // Conform to TVInterfaceCreating to provide extended user interface
    func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
        // code to create views
        ...
    }
}
```

// Register interface creator with interface factory before application controller startup

TVInterfaceFactory.shared().extendedInterfaceCreator = MyInterfaceCreator.init()

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
    switch element.name {
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
    switch element.name {
    case "myBanner":
        let banner = MyBanner.init()
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
    switch element.name {
    case "myBanner":
        let banner = MyBanner.init()

        // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
        if let animated = element.attributes?["animated"] {
            banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
        }
}
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
  switch element.name {
  case "myBanner":
       let banner = MyBanner.init()
      // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
      if let animated = element_attributes?["animated"] {
          banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
      // Look for button element and use TVInterfaceFactory to create the view
      var button: UIView? = nil
      if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
          button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
             existingView: button)
      banner_button = button
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
  switch element.name {
  case "myBanner":
       let banner = MyBanner.init()
      // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
      if let animated = element_attributes?["animated"] {
          banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
      // Look for button element and use TVInterfaceFactory to create the view
      var button: UIView? = nil
      if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
          button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
              existingView: button)
      banner_button = button
      return banner
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
  switch element.name {
  case "myBanner":
       let banner = MyBanner.init()
      // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
      if let animated = element_attributes?["animated"] {
          banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
      // Look for button element and use TVInterfaceFactory to create the view
      var button: UIView? = nil
      if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
          button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
              existingView: button)
      banner_button = button
      return banner
  default:
      return nil
```

View controllers

View controllers

Substitute shelf/grid type controllers

View controllers

Substitute shelf/grid type controllers

Usage similar to makeView

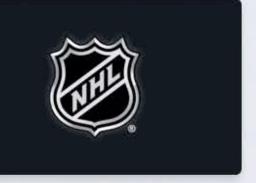
```
func makeViewController(element: TVViewElement, existingViewController: UIViewController?)
   -> UIViewController?
```

Aha!

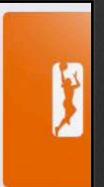












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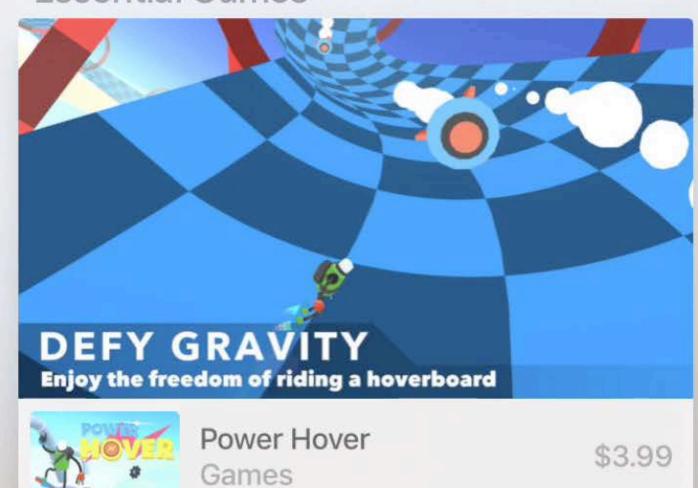
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Custom collection view cells

Custom layout



Extending Templates

Custom collection view cells

Custom layout

Participate in focus events



Extending Templates



Custom collection view cells

Custom layout

Participate in focus events

func collectionViewCellClass(for element: TVViewElement) -> AnyClass?

Extending Templates



Custom collection view cells

Custom layout

Participate in focus events

func collectionViewCellClass(for element: TVViewElement) -> AnyClass?

func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView?

Demo

Custom collection view cell

Parry Panesar tvOS Engineer

Define custom markup

Define custom markup

Register custom elements

Define custom markup

Register custom elements

Provide extended interface creator

Define custom markup

Register custom elements

Provide extended interface creator

Configure custom user interface

Best Practices

Handling Document Updates



Updated anytime

Handling Document Updates



Updated anytime

Check update type

```
switch element_updateType {
   case .node:
      // Update current element and children
      break
   case .subtree:
      // Update children
      break
   case .children:
      // Update children with changed order
      break
   default:
      break
```

Handling Document Updates



Updated anytime

Check update type

Reuse views

```
switch element_updateType {
   case .node:
      // Update current element and children
      break
   case .subtree:
      // Update children
      break
   case .children:
      // Update children with changed order
      break
  default:
      break
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
  switch element.name {
  case "myBanner":
      let banner = MyBanner.init()
     // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
     if let animated = element.attributes?["animated"] {
        banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
     // Look for button element and use TVInterfaceFactory to create the view
     var button: UIView? = nil
     if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
        button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
           existingView: button)
     banner_button = button
     return banner
  default:
     return nil
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
  switch element.name {
  case "myBanner":
      let banner = (existingView as? MyBanner) ?? MyBanner.init()
     // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
     if let animated = element.attributes?["animated"] {
        banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
     // Look for button element and use TVInterfaceFactory to create the view
     var button: UIView? = banner.button
     if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
        button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
           existingView: button)
     banner_button = button
     return banner
  default:
     return nil
```

```
func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
  switch element.name {
  case "myBanner":
      let banner = (existingView as? MyBanner) ?? MyBanner.init()
     // Use myBanner's "animated" attribute to configure banner's animated state
     if let animated = element.attributes?["animated"] {
        banner.animated = (animated.lowercased() == "true")
     // Look for button element and use TVInterfaceFactory to create the view
     var button: UIView? = banner.button
     if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
        button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
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     banner_button = button
     return banner
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func makeView(element: TVViewElement, existingView: UIView?) -> UIView? {
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     var button: UIView? = banner.button
     if let buttonElement = self.getButtonElement(element) {
        button = TVInterfaceFactory.shared().makeView(element: buttonElement,
           existingView: button)
     banner_button = button
     return banner
  default:
     return nil
```

Custom user interface

Listen to trait collection changes





Custom user interface

Listen to trait collection changes



TVML components

Check style update type

```
switch element.updateType {
    ...
    case .styles:
        // update styles based on new styles
        break
    default:
        break
}
```



TVML components

Check style update type

Must reuse components

```
switch element.updateType {
    ...
    case .styles:
        // update styles based on new styles
        break
    default:
        break
}
```

TVML components

Check style update type

Must reuse components

Must forward to TVInterfaceFactory

```
switch element.updateType {
    ...
    case .styles:
        // update styles based on new styles
        break
    default:
        break
}
```

Mix Native Controller



Define custom template element

Mix Native Controller



Define custom template element

```
// Register an element for your view controller
TVElementFactory.registerViewElementClass(TVViewElement.self, elementName: "myViewController")
  Vend your view controller
func makeViewController(element: TVViewElement, existingViewController: UIViewController?) ->
  UIViewController? {
   switch element.name {
      case "myViewController":
         return MyViewController.init(/* initialization */)
      default:
         return nil
```

Mix Native Controller



Return your view controller

```
// Register an element for your view controller
TVElementFactory.registerViewElementClass(TVViewElement.self, elementName: "myViewController")
  Vend your view controller
func makeViewController(element: TVViewElement, existingViewController: UIViewController?) ->
  UIViewController? {
  switch element.name {
      case "myViewController":
         return MyViewController.init(/* initialization */)
      default:
         return nil
```

Sub Application



Host the navigationController

Sub Application



Host the navigationController

```
// Create hosted controller
let hostedControllerContext = TVApplicationControllerContext()
hostedControllerContext.javaScriptApplicationURL = javaScriptURL
let hostedController = TVApplicationController(context: hostedControllerContext,
    window: nil, delegate: self)

// Present hosted controller
let navigationController = hostedController.navigationController
self.present(navigationController, animated: true, completion: nil)
```

Sub Application

Host the navigationController

Host in separate UlWindow

Christopher Bonhage tvOS Engineer

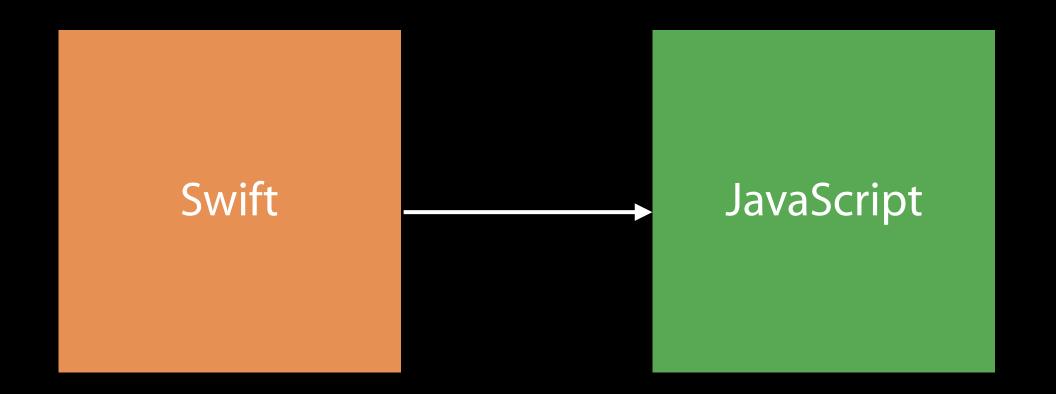
JavaScript libraries

JavaScript libraries



JavaScript libraries

Calling into JavaScript



JavaScript libraries

Calling into JavaScript

Bridging to JavaScript

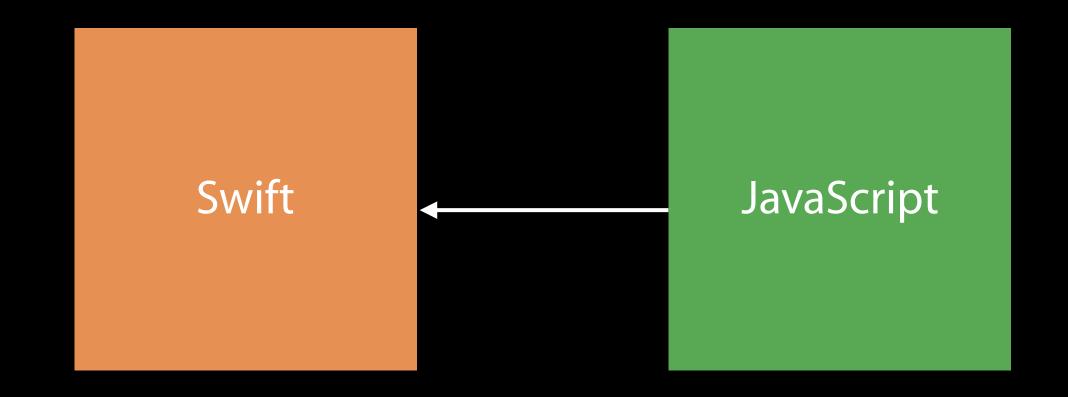
Swift

JavaScript

JavaScript libraries

Calling into JavaScript

Bridging to JavaScript



JavaScript Libraries

JavaScript Libraries

Load additional scripts

Executes in the global context

JavaScript Libraries

Load additional scripts

Executes in the global context

Load additional scripts

Executes in the global context

```
const scriptURLs = [
   options.BASEURL + "js/DocumentLoader.js",
   options.BASEURL + "js/DocumentController.js"
];
evaluateScripts(scriptURLs, function(scriptsAreLoaded) {
   // Continue with App.onLaunch
});
```

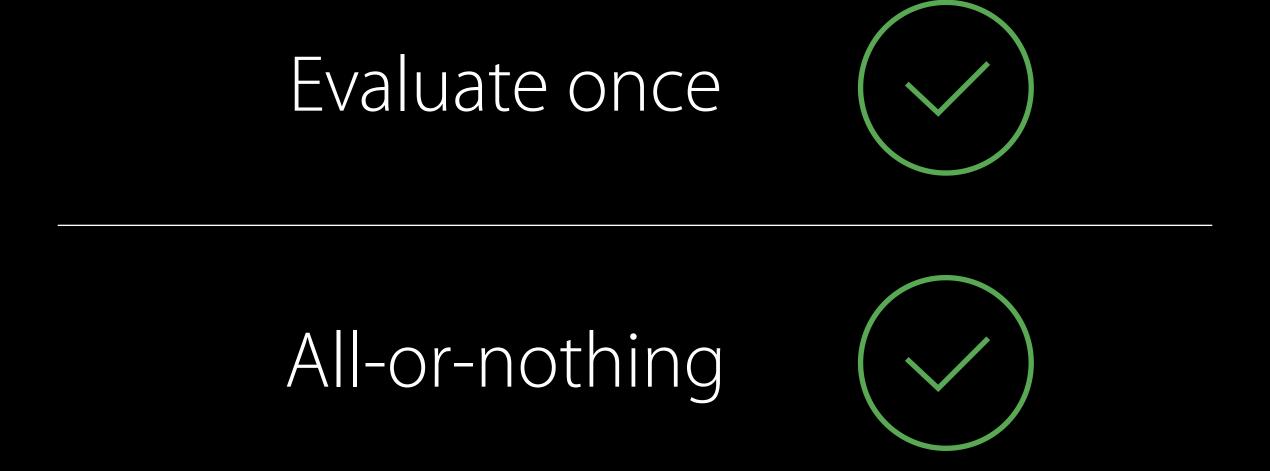
Caveats

Caveats

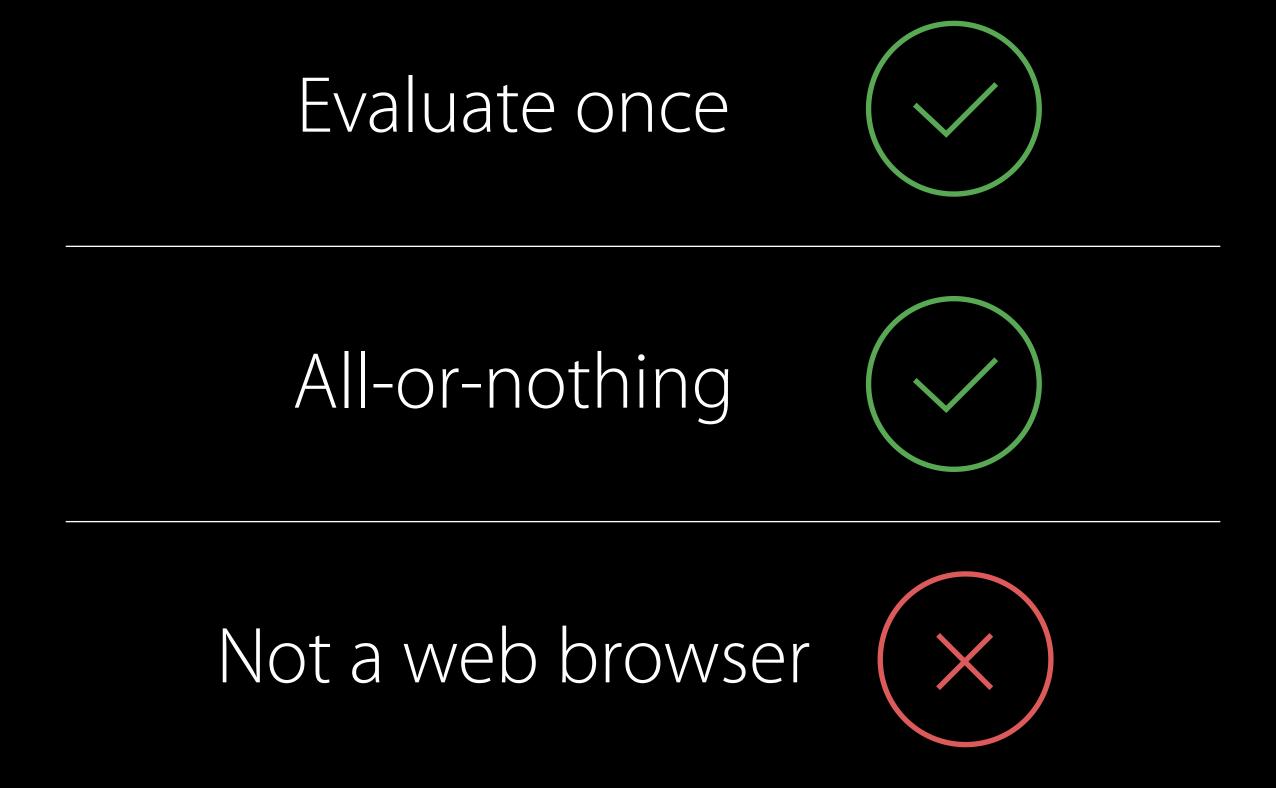
Evaluate once



Caveats



Caveats



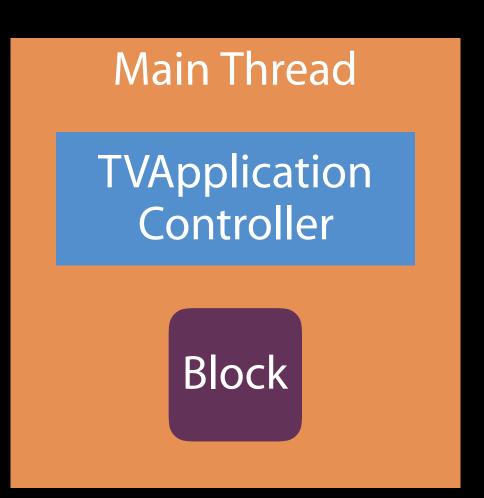
Request the JSContext

Main Thread

TVApplication Controller JS Thread

JSContext

Request the JSContext

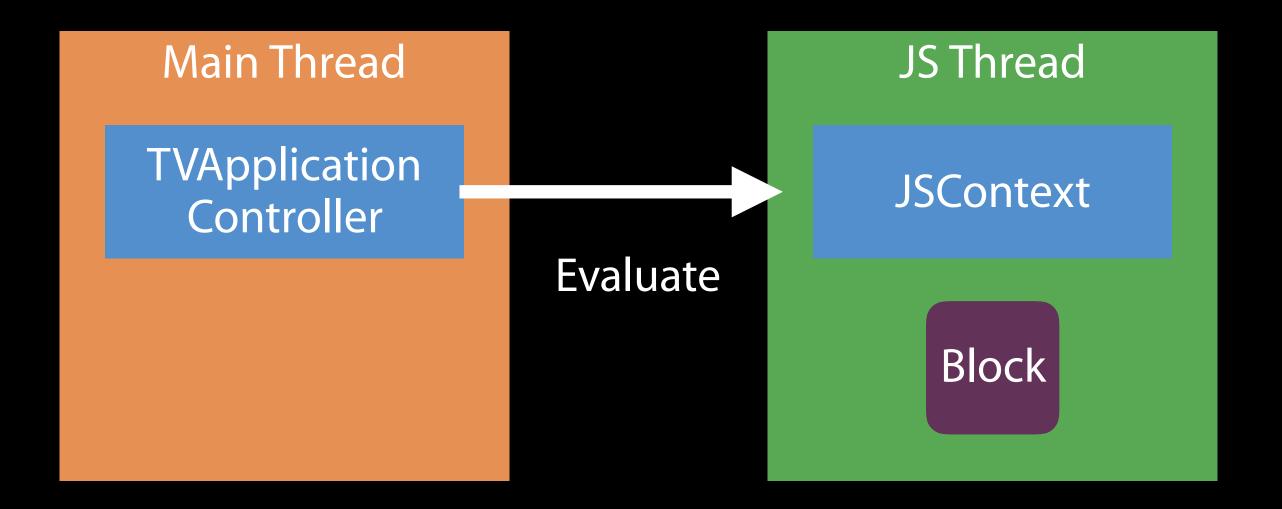


JS Thread

JSContext

Request the JSContext

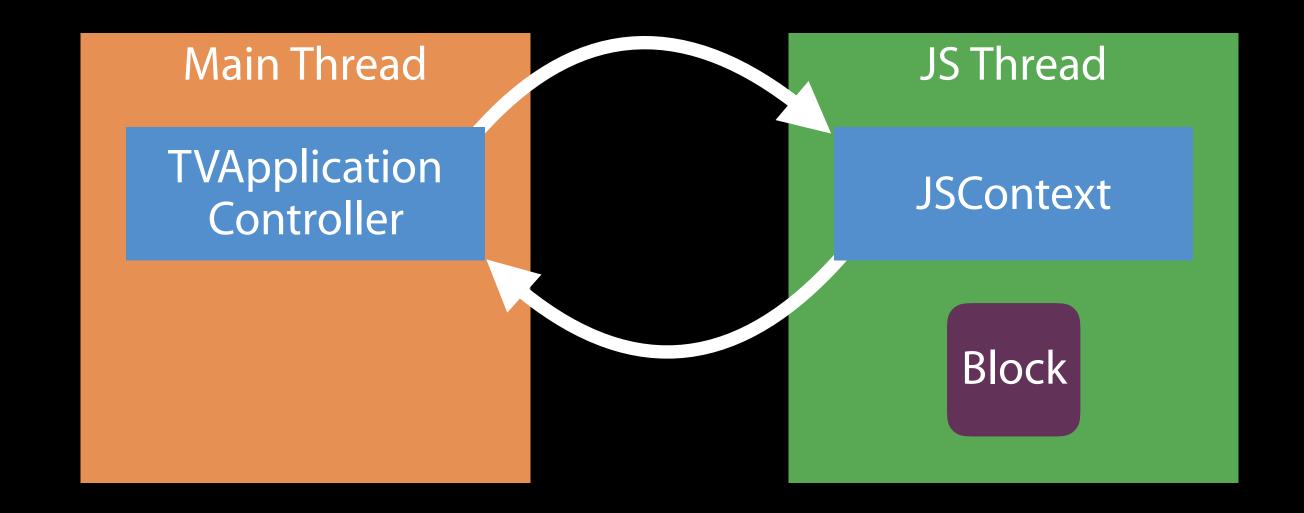
Evaluate with context



Request the JSContext

Evaluate with context

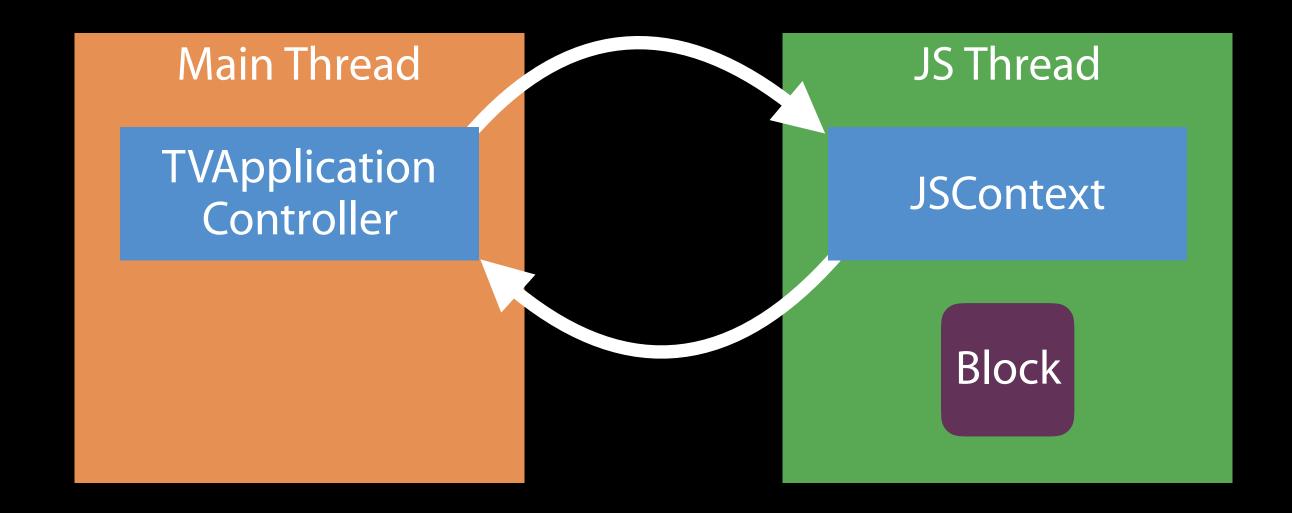
Don't block main thread



Request the JSContext

Evaluate with context

Don't block main thread



Integrating JavaScript into Native Apps

WWDC 2013

```
// Calling into JavaScript example
func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [String : AnyObject] = [:])
      -> Bool {
   return true
```

```
// Calling into JavaScript example
func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [String : AnyObject] = [:])
    -> Bool {
```

```
return true
```

```
// Calling into JavaScript example
func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [String : AnyObject] = [:])
      -> Bool {
   // Request the context
   appController?.evaluate(inJavaScriptContext: { (context) in
   }, completion: nil)
   return true
```

```
// Calling into JavaScript example

func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [String : AnyObject] = [:])
    -> Bool {
    // Request the context
    appController?.evaluate(inJavaScriptContext: { (context) in
```

```
}, completion: nil)
return true
```

```
// Calling into JavaScript example
func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [String : AnyObject] = [:])
      -> Bool {
   // Request the context
   appController?.evaluate(inJavaScriptContext: { (context) in
      // Evaluate in context
      if context.globalObject.hasProperty("onOpenURL") {
         let urlString = url.absoluteString as AnyObject
         context.globalObject.invokeMethod("onOpenURL", withArguments: [urlString])
   }, completion: nil)
   return true
```

```
// Calling into JavaScript example
func application(_ app: UIApplication, open url: URL, options: [String : AnyObject] = [:])
      -> Bool {
   // Request the context
   appController?.evaluate(inJavaScriptContext: { (context) in
      // Evaluate in context
      if context.globalObject.hasProperty("onOpenURL") {
         let urlString = url.absoluteString as AnyObject
         context.globalObject.invokeMethod("onOpenURL", withArguments: [urlString])
   }, completion: nil)
   return true
```

Create custom protocol

Create custom protocol
Implement in Objective-C class

Create custom protocol

Implement in Objective-C class

Expose via AppDelegate

// Bridging to JavaScript example

// Bridging to JavaScript example

```
// Bridging to JavaScript example
```

```
@objc protocol StoreKitWrapperProtocol : JSExport {
   // Definition of custom protocol
}
```

```
// Bridging to JavaScript example
@objc protocol StoreKitWrapperProtocol : JSExport {
   // Definition of custom protocol
}
```

```
// Bridging to JavaScript example

@objc protocol StoreKitWrapperProtocol : JSExport {
    // Definition of custom protocol
}

class StoreKitWrapper: NSObject, StoreKitWrapperProtocol {
    // Implementation of custom protocol
}
```

```
// Bridging to JavaScript example

@objc protocol StoreKitWrapperProtocol : JSExport {
    // Definition of custom protocol
}

class StoreKitWrapper: NSObject, StoreKitWrapperProtocol {
    // Implementation of custom protocol
}
```

```
// Bridging to JavaScript example
@objc protocol StoreKitWrapperProtocol : JSExport {
  // Definition of custom protocol
class StoreKitWrapper: NSObject, StoreKitWrapperProtocol {
 // Implementation of custom protocol
func appController(appController: TVApplicationController,
      evaluateAppJavaScriptInContext context: JSContext) {
   context.setObject(StoreKitWrapper.self, forKeyedSubscript: "StoreKitWrapper")
```

```
// Bridging to JavaScript example
@objc protocol StoreKitWrapperProtocol : JSExport {
  // Definition of custom protocol
class StoreKitWrapper: NSObject, StoreKitWrapperProtocol {
 // Implementation of custom protocol
func appController(appController: TVApplicationController,
      evaluateAppJavaScriptInContext context: JSContext) {
   context.setObject(StoreKitWrapper.self, forKeyedSubscript: "StoreKitWrapper")
```

Summary

Easiest way to provide custom user experiences
Build on top of existing TVMLKit capabilities
Create unique, immersive apps

More Information

https://developer.apple.com/wwdc16/229

Related Sessions

Designing for tvOS	Presidio	Tuesday 2:00PM
Mastering UlKit for tvOS	Presidio	Wednesday 10:00AM
Developing tvOS Apps Using TVMLKit: Part 1	Mission	Wednesday 1:40PM
Focus Interactions on tvOS	Mission	Wednesday 4:00PM
Optimizing Web Content in Your App	Mission	Friday 4:00PM

Labs

TVMLKit Lab

Graphics, Games, and Media Lab C Friday 9:00AM

ÓWWDC16