

Scientific Software Development

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Unit 4: Documentation

- A good documentation
- Documentation style guides
- Set up your documentation with sphinx (doxygen)
- Publish your documentation on readthedocs
- Publish your documentation on GitHub pages

The documentation tools for your software will be set up and structured.

A good documentation

You want people to use your project

- they need to know what it does

Users should be able to install your project

- they need to know requirements and how to set everything up

In five months from now, you still want to remember what you actually programmed there

- you need to tell which parameter and which function does what and why

You want to have more contributors

- they need to know what your project does and how

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- Description of the data transformations in your project
- Description of input and output
- Description of options that can be selected
- Targeted application and applicability range

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- Reasoning for choice of method needs to be included

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Reproducibility
Impact
Sustainability

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- Name and short description of the software, authors, date of initial development
 - Main features
 - Main requirements
 - Input examples and explanations, step-by-step tutorial
 - More detailed description of scientific approach and input variables reference
 - Validity range of the parameters
 - License information, bug tracker, references, citations
 - Source code description - functions and classes, modules, variables

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- Combine sphinx using your docstrings and mark-up files to put together a reasonably readable html
- You will learn in unit6 how to automatically push this to readthedocs – it will be updated whenever you make changes

A good documentation

- Read through this post on using documentation and comments for Python code: <https://realpython.com/documenting-python-code/>

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Documentation style guides

- PEP 257 - <https://www.python.org/dev/peps/pep-0257/> - docstring conventions:
 - docstring = description that you add below the first line when defining a new function/___init___ method of a class, using """
 - Becomes an attribute of that object – ___doc___

1. Phrase ending with "."
2. Describe as command "Do this"
3. Does not reiterate the code

Summary line
blank line
More elaborate description

PEP 257

The docstring for a module should generally list the classes, exceptions and functions (and any other objects) that are exported by the module, with a one-line summary of each. (These summaries generally give less detail than the summary line in the object's docstring.) The docstring for a package (i.e., the docstring of the package's `__init__.py` module) should also list the modules and subpackages exported by the package.

The docstring for a function or method should summarize its behavior and document its arguments, return value(s), side effects, exceptions raised, and restrictions on when it can be called (all if applicable). Optional arguments should be indicated. It should be documented whether keyword arguments are part of the interface.

The docstring for a class should summarize its behavior and list the public methods and instance variables. If the class is intended to be subclassed, and has an additional interface for subclasses, this interface should be listed separately (in the docstring). The class constructor should be documented in the docstring for its `__init__` method. Individual methods should be documented by their own docstring.

Google style docstrings

- We will use the napoleon extension for the formatting of the docstrings. An example can be found here: https://sphinxcontrib-napoleon.readthedocs.io/en/latest/example_google.html
- An example how it is rendered is found here: <https://tdci-analysis.readthedocs.io/en/latest/tdci-a.html>

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Documentation using sphinx

- sphinx = documentation generator, specific to Python (but interfaces exist)
- Takes docstring and puts it together in a linked html (latex, pdf, ...)
- You can add additional files such as README, license, ...
- reStructuredText (rst) but also markup language (recommended)

Documentation using sphinx

<https://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/>

https://pythonhosted.org/an_example_pypi_project/sphinx.html

```
def area_circ(r_in):  
    """Calculates the area of a circle with given radius.
```

```
    :Input: The radius of the circle (float, >=0).
```

```
    :Returns: The area of the circle (float)."""
```



use documentation string
in function head

python-project- template

Navigation

Contents:

src

- main module
- test_transform module
- transform module

main module

transform module

test_transform module

Quick search

transform module

`transform.area_circ(r_in)`

Calculates the area of a circle with given radius.

Input: The radius of the circle (float, >=0).

Returns: The area of the circle (float).

`transform.side_pentagon(area_in)`

Calculates the side length of a pentagon given its radius.

Input: The area of the pentagon (float, >=0).

Returns: The side length of the pentagon (float).

`transform.side_square(area_in)`

Calculates the side length of a square given its radius.

Input: The area of the square (float, >=0).

Returns: The side length of the square (float).

Documentation using sphinx

- Navigate into your `doc` directory
- Type `sphinx-quickstart`
- Answer "y" - "your project name" - "Author names" - "release version" - I would choose 1.0 as that would be the first official release version; "project language"
- Open `conf.py` and uncomment `import os, import sys, sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('.'))`
- Put the correct path – ie. `sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath('../src/'))`
- Add `extensions = ['sphinx.ext.autodoc']`
- For a selection of themes, visit <https://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/usage/theming.html>
- Type `make html`
- Open the `index.html` file in your `build/html` directory – it should open in your browser and display the initial documentation page
- Use autodoc to generate the `modules.rst` file: `sphinx-apidoc -o source/ ../src`
- Type `make html`
- Again check `index.html` – it should have added your source code docstrings in modules

Sphinx tips

- All code needs to be self-contained (ie. in a function or class), otherwise sphinx will run your code!
- Use recommonmark to include mark-up type formatting and add `extensions = ['recommonmark']`
- Use napoleon extension for nicer highlighting on the html `extensions = ['sphinx.ext.napoleon']`

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readthedocs - <https://readthedocs.org/>

- Free documentation hosting for open-source projects
- Uses the sphinx generator

Please create an account on readthedocs.

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GitHub pages <https://pages.github.com/>

- You can also use GitHub pages to host your documentation.

Please complete the learning lab to learn about GitHub pages.

<https://lab.github.com/githubtraining/github-pages>

You can use this for all kinds of things, for example to showcase your CV and accomplished research/software projects.

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Live lesson

- In the live lesson, we will set up sphinx together step by step. You will add README and additional files, and work on improving your documentation.

Live lesson - Demonstrations

- The following demonstrations will take place in the beginning of the live session:
 - How to set up sphinx for your software project