# Technical Communication for Computer Scientists Summer 2013

# Final Report: The Movie-Chain-Runner Project

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Submitted to Thomas M. Keating Assistant Teaching Professor Computer Science Department Carnegie Mellon University

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### 1 Introduction

We first introduce the problem at hand and overview our solution and its success.

#### 1.1 The Movie-Chain-Runner Problem

The Movie-Chain-Runner Problem is to find the longest chain of overlapping titles in a list of movie titles, where two titles are said to overlap if some suffix of the first movie is identical to some prefix of the second movie. For example, in the list

- Day of the Dead
- Live and Let Die
- Dead Poets' Society
- Die Another Day
- The Last Samurai

the longest chain consists of 4 titles:

Live and Let Die Another Day of the Dead Poets' Society

By appropriately representing the movie list as a graph, the Movie-Chain-Runner Problem can be shown to be equivalent to the Longest Path Problem (finding the longest simple path in a directed graph). The Longest Path Problem is well known to be NP-Complete, meaning that no efficient algorithm exists to find longest paths in large graphs, including our movie title graph. A review of the literature reveals that good approximate longest paths also cannot be found efficiently in large graphs. <sup>1</sup> Thus, our project is to study the movie title graph and innovate ways to find long paths in the graph.

#### 1.2 Solution

We constructed our 301 title chain in four major steps. Our first step to was to reconstruct the list of movie titles as a directed graph, reducing the problem to the well-known Longest Path Problem. The second step was to implement a simple brute-force algorithm. The final two steps involved augmenting this brute-force algorithm with two new procedures: "reversal" and "insertion." The algorithms are described in detail on page 2, under the Algorithms subsection of our Approach section.

#### 1.3 Did We Succeed?

Our original goal was to surpass 300 titles. Despite some setbacks leading us to lower our goal to 285 titles, we reached our original goal of 300 titles with 301 titles (see Appendix B for the full movie chain). We did not achieve our secondary goal of 328 titles needed to set a new record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A. Björklund, T. Husfeldt, S. Khanna, "Approximating longest directed paths and cycles," Proc. of the 31st ICALP, 2004. (accessed June 26, 2013 at http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/similar?doi=10.1.1.105.262&type=ab).

### 2 Approach

#### 2.1 Objectives

We wanted our project's initial goal was to create a movie title chain of at least 300 titles. Due to some early setbacks, we lowered this goal to 285 titles in our Progress Report, and kept 300 titles as an optional seconday goal.

#### 2.2 Programming Languages

Our team considered programming our Python, C, or MATLAB. We settled on Python because our entire team was familiar with Python, whereas only three team members had used C, and only two had used MATLAB. Although C and MATLAB are faster languages, they are harder to use, and it would have taken too much time for team members to learn either. Jimmy also wrote Bash scripts to run our algorithms in parallel on cluster computers.

#### 2.3 Algorithms

We present several algorithms (both successful and unsuccessful) we considered.

#### Algorithms that worked:

Our first attempt at a solution was a brute-force algorithm which greedily followed every path in a depth-first search pattern, and retained the longest path found. We ran this algorithm until it ceased to make appreciable progress at a chain of 243 titles.

Our next step, "reversal," was to reverse all edges in the movie graph and use the brute force algorithm to extend the beginning of the 243 title chain. We felt this approach would be useful because, upon running our original algorithm multiple times, we found that the beginning of the chain changed significantly, but end of the chain was always the same, suggesting that the end of the chain was already nearly optimal. Again, we ran the algorithm until it ceased to make appreciable progress, this time with a chain of 277 titles.

Our final step, "insertion," checked if there was a longer subchain between two titles in our 277 title chain. Simply attempting to "squeeze" chains in between titles in our chain only increased our chain length to 278. However, when we allowed the insertion algorithm to replace entire subchains ("replacement"), we were able to construct our longest chain of 301 titles before the algorithm ceased to make much progress.

#### Algorithms that didn't work:

We tried an algorithm that computes acyclic subgraphs of our graph and then runs a polynomial time Longest Path algorithm known for acyclic graphs. However, the number of cycles proved too large to generate all the subgraphs, and so we abandoned this effort.

We also considered some more elaborate algorithms we found in the literature: a color-coding algorithm proposed by Alon et al.<sup>2</sup> and the genetic algorithms studied by Portugal

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Noga Alon, Raphael Yuster, Uri Zwick, Color-coding, Journal of the ACM (JACM), v.42 n.4, p.844-856, July 1995. (accessed June 16, 2013 at http://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=210337).

et al.<sup>3</sup> However, due to the complexity of implementing these algorithms and the success of our simpler algorithms, we opted not to try them.

#### 2.4 Schedule

Figure 1 below shows the original Gantt chart presented in our project proposal. Figure 2 below shows the revised Gantt chart we presented in our progress report. The only changes were that the 300 title goal originally set for June 25 was eliminated and the 285 title goal originally set for June 17 was extended to June 25. In practice, the only deviation from our original schedule was achieving our 285 title goal one day late (June 18), but we caught up by reaching our 300 title goal the next day (June 19).

| Tasks                      | Begin Date | <b>End Date</b> | 6/1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
|----------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 235 Titles                 | 6/1        | 6/3             |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  |
| Proposal                   | 6/4        | 6/5             |     |   |   |   |   | Г |   | Г |   | Г  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  | П  |
| Proposal Presentation      | 6/5        | 6/6             |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  |
| 260 Titles                 | 6/4        | 6/10            |     | Г |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Instructions               | 6/8        | 6/10            |     | Г | П |   |   | Г |   |   |   |    |    | П  |    |    |    | П  | П  |    | П  | П  | П  |    | П  | П  |    | П  | П  |
| Instructions Demonstration | 6/9        | 6/11            |     | Г |   |   |   | Г |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  |    | П  | П  |
| 285 Titles                 | 6/11       | 6/17            |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  | П  |
| Progress Report            | 6/15       | 6/17            |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  | П  |
| Progress Presentation      | 6/16       | 6/18            |     | Г |   | П |   | Г |   | Г |   | П  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | П  |    | П  | П  |
| 300 Titles and Beyond      | 6/18       | 6/25            |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Final Presentation         | 6/23       | 6/25            |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Final Team Report          | 6/24       | 6/27            |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

Figure 1: Our original Gantt chart.

| Tasks                      | Begin Date | End Date | 6/1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
|----------------------------|------------|----------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 235 Titles                 | 6/1        | 6/3      |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Г  | П  |
| Proposal                   | 6/4        | 6/5      |     |   |   |   |   | Г |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Г  |    |
| Proposal Presentation      | 6/5        | 6/6      |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Г  | П  |
| 260 Titles                 | 6/4        | 6/10     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Instructions               | 6/8        | 6/10     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Г  |    |
| Instructions Demonstration | 6/9        | 6/11     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 285 Titles                 | 6/11       | 6/17     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Progress Report            | 6/15       | 6/17     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Progress Presentation      | 6/16       | 6/18     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    | Г  |    |
| Final Presentation         | 6/23       | 6/25     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Final Team Report          | 6/24       | 6/27     |     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

Figure 2: Our revised Gantt chart.

| Key:            |  |
|-----------------|--|
| Eugene/Sung     |  |
| Shashank/Yiming |  |
| Everyone        |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>D. Portugal, C. H. Antunes, R. Rocha, "A Study of Genetic Algorithms for Approximating the Longest Path in Generic Graphs," Proc. of the IEEE SMC, pp. 2539-2544, 2010. (accessed June 16, 2013 at http://ieeexplore.ieee.org/xpl/articleDetails.jsp?arnumber=5641920& navigation=1).

| Algorithm                               | Longest Chain |
|---|---------------|
| Brute-Force                             | 243           |
| Brute-Force w/ reversal                 | 277           |
| Brute-Force w/ reversal and insertion   | 278           |
| Brute-Force w/ reversal and replacement | 301           |

Table 1: Longest chain found by each algorithm

#### 3 Discussion

Here we present the project evaluation promised in our proposal, followed by a discussion of lessons learned from the project and the resulting recommendations for future groups.

#### 3.1 Evaluation

As suggested in our proposal, we evaluated the success of our project using three methods.

#### Method 1: Longest Chain Length

Our project was a success in that the number of titles in our longest chain exceeded 300. Although we failed to establish a new record, this secondary goal was optional and not expected.

#### Method 2: Algorithm Comparison

Our second method of evaluation was to compare different algorithms to decide on a "best" algorithm for the problem. Although we did not test a diverse selection of algorithms, we did try several variants on the basic brute force algorithm (as explained on page 2, under the the Algorithms subsection of our Approach section. Table 1 above presents the longest chain found by each variant. It is clear from the results that both reversal and replacement are important augmentations of the basic brute-force algorithm.

#### Method 3: Time Prediction

In order to guage the difficulty of the problem at hand, we also attempted to predict the time needed to solve the problem by exploring all possible paths in the movie graph. To do this, we first measured the time taken to solve the problem on many random subgraphs of the movie graph and used this data to fit an exponential relation between the size of the graph and the time taken for the computation. We then extrapolated this relation to conclude that performing the computation on the entire graph would take about 1.03 trillion years, approximately 100 times the lifespan of the sun. Appendix A gives a detailed discussion of the experiment and its results and validity.

#### 3.2 Lessons Learned

We learned several things about programming for large computational problems:

• Using primarily brute-force algorithms, we came quite close to (likely within 13% of) the optimal solution. Thus, although far from optimal in theory, brute-force algorithms can produce decent solutions for some NP-hard problems in practice.

- For algorithms with large asymptotic runtimes, constant factors are important a 50% runtime reduction is very significant when the algorithm can take a day or more to run. This fact is really understated in CS classes.
- With a high level language (like Python) it is crucial to consider all available data structures and their implementations. We noticed too late that using a set rather than a list for part of our code might have sped up our program by a factor of 100.

#### 3.3 Recomendations

Based on our experience, we strongly recommend attempting to implement simple algorithms first when when tackling an NP-hard problem. While much of the literature is focused on optimizing asymptotic performance, in practice, a well implemented brute-force algorithm may perform nearly optimally with the time and hardware available, while being much simpler to implement correctly. Consequently, we also recommend trying to fully optimize code for such an implementation fairly early, since much time can be wasted in running the original program when one will later run a significantly optimized version.

Our team's work ethic and organization were crucial to our success. We recommend having frequent meetings (at least twice weekly) in order to coordinate work and ensure team members remain enganged.

#### 4 Sources

- Gantt Chart created using software from the Gantt Project (accessed June 4, 2013)
  - http://www.ganttproject.biz/
- Git repository hosted on GitHub (accessed June 4, 2013)
  - https://github.com/
- Python Programming Language (accessed June 4, 2013)
  - http://www.python.org/

# Appendices

#### A Time Prediction

### B Our Longest Movie Chain

Here, we include our current longest movie chain, with 278 titles and 885 words:

THE GOSPEL

THE GOSPEL OF JOHN

JOHN Q Q AND A

A PERFECT MURDER

MURDER AND MURDER

MURDER IN THE FIRST FIRST BLOOD BLOOD DIAMOND

DIAMOND MEN MEN WITH GUNS

GUNS OF THE MAGNIFICENT SEVEN

SEVEN YEARS IN TIBET TIBET CRY OF THE SNOW LION

LION OF THE DESERT

DESERT BLUE BLUE CAR

CAR 54 WHERE ARE YOU YOU CANT TAKE IT WITH YOU YOU LIGHT UP MY LIFE LIFE WITH FATHER FATHER OF THE BRIDE BRIDE OF THE MONSTER MONSTER HOUSE

DRACULA DEAD AND LOVING IT

IT TAKES TWO

HOUSE OF DRACULA

TWO OR THREE THINGS I KNOW ABOUT HER

HER MAJESTY MRS BROWN

BROWN SUGAR SUGAR AND SPICE SPICE WORLD

WORLD TRADE CENTER

CENTER STAGE STAGE FRIGHT FRIGHT NIGHT

NIGHT FALLS ON MANHATTAN

MANHATTAN MURDER MYSTERY

MYSTERY ALASKA

ALASKA SPIRIT OF THE WILD

THE WILD ONE ONE NIGHT STAND

STAND IN IN OLD CALIFORNIA CALIFORNIA SPLIT SPLIT SECOND SECOND BEST

BEST OF THE BEST THE BEST OF EVERYTHING EVERYTHING RELATIVE RELATIVE FEAR

FEAR STRIKES OUT OUT OF THE PAST

PAST MIDNIGHT MIDNIGHT RUN

RUN SILENT RUN DEEP

DEEP BLUE DEEP BLUE SEA SEA OF LOVE LOVE HAPPY

HAPPY BIRTHDAY TO ME

ME MYSELF I I SPY SPY HARD HARD TIMES TIMES SQUARE SQUARE DANCE

DANCE WITH A STRANGER STRANGER IN THE HOUSE THE HOUSE OF THE DEAD

DEAD BANG

BANG BANG YOURE DEAD

DEAD END END OF DAYS DAYS OF HEAVEN HEAVEN CAN WAIT WAIT UNTIL DARK DARK CITY CITY OF JOY JOY RIDE

RIDE THE HIGH COUNTRY

COUNTRY LIFE LIFE IS BEAUTIFUL BEAUTIFUL GIRLS GIRLS GIRLS GIRLS

GIRLS JUST WANT TO HAVE FUN

FUN AND FANCY FREE

FREE WILLY

FREE WILLY 2 THE ADVENTURE HOME

HOME ALONE

ALONE IN THE DARK

DARK STAR

STAR WARS EPISODE V THE EMPIRE STRIKES BACK

BACK TO THE BEACH BEACH PARTY PARTY GIRL

GIRL IN THE CADILLAC

CADILLAC MAN MAN OF THE HOUSE HOUSE OF FRANKENSTEIN

FRANKENSTEIN AND THE MONSTER FROM HELL

HELL NIGHT NIGHT AND DAY DAY FOR NIGHT NIGHT AND THE CITY CITY OF ANGELS

ANGELS WITH DIRTY FACES

FACES OF DEATH DEATH SHIP SHIP OF FOOLS

FOOLS RUSH IN

IN COLD BLOOD BLOOD SIMPLE

SIMPLE MEN

MEN IN BLACK
BLACK AND WHITE
WHITE LIGHTNING

LIGHTNING IN A BOTTLE

BOTTLE ROCKET
ROCKET MAN
MAN ON FIRE
FIRE IN THE SKY
SKY HIGH

HIGH CRIMES
CRIMES OF PASSION
PASSION IN THE DESERT

DESERT HEARTS

HEARTS OF DARKNESS A FILMMAKERS APOCALYPSE

APOCALYPSE NOW

NOW YOU SEE HIM NOW YOU DONT

DONT BOTHER TO KNOCK

KNOCK OFF
OFF THE BLACK
THE BLACK ANGEL
ANGEL HEART
HEART CONDITION
CONDITION RED
RED DAWN

DAWN OF THE DEAD
DEAD HEAT
HEAT AND DUST
DUST TO GLORY
GLORY ROAD
ROAD HOUSE

HOUSE PARTY
PARTY MONSTER
MONSTER IN A BOX
BOX OF MOON LIGHT
LIGHT IT UP

UP CLOSE AND PERSONAL

PERSONAL BEST
BEST MEN
MEN DONT LEAVE
LEAVE HER TO HEAVEN
HEAVEN AND EARTH

EARTH GIRLS ARE EASY EASY MONEY

MONEY FOR NOTHING NOTHING BUT TROUBLE TROUBLE IN PARADISE PARADISE ROAD

GAMES PEOPLE PLAY NEW YORK

NEW YORK NEW YORK NEW YORK COP

ROAD GAMES

COP LAND

LAND OF THE DEAD

DEAD MAN

DEAD MAN ON CAMPUS

CAMPUS MAN
MAN TROUBLE
TROUBLE EVERY DAY
DAY OF THE DEAD
DEAD OF NIGHT
NIGHT MOTHER

MOTHER JUGS AND SPEED SPEED 2 CRUISE CONTROL

CONTROL ROOM
ROOM AT THE TOP

TOP GUN

GUN CRAZY
CRAZY AS HELL
HELL UP IN HARLEM
HARLEM RIVER DRIVE
DRIVE ME CRAZY
CRAZY PEOPLE
PEOPLE I KNOW

I KNOW WHAT YOU DID LAST SUMMER

SUMMER CATCH CATCH A FIRE

FIRE ON THE MOUNTAIN
THE MOUNTAIN MEN
MEN CRY BULLETS
BULLETS OVER BROADWAY

BROADWAY DANNY ROSE ROSE RED

RED EYE EYE FOR AN EYE

AN EYE FOR AN EYE
EYE OF GOD
GOD TOLD ME TO
TO DIE FOR

FOR YOUR EYES ONLY ONLY THE STRONG

ONLY THE STRONG SURVIVE A CELEBRATION OF SOUL

SOUL FOOD FOOD OF LOVE LOVE IS THE DEVIL THE DEVIL RIDES OUT

OUT COLD
COLD FEVER
FEVER PITCH
PITCH BLACK
BLACK HAWK DOWN
DOWN WITH LOVE
LOVE LIFE

LIFE OR SOMETHING LIKE IT
IT HAPPENED AT THE WORLDS FAIR

FAIR GAME GAME OF DEATH DEATH WISH V THE FACE OF DEATH

DEATH WISH
WISH UPON A STAR
A STAR IS BORN
BORN AMERICAN
AMERICAN HISTORY X

X THE MAN WITH THE X RAY EYES

EYES OF AN ANGEL ANGEL BABY

BABY SECRET OF THE LOST LEGEND

LEGEND OF THE LOST
THE LOST BOYS
BOYS AND GIRLS
GIRLS WILL BE GIRLS
GIRLS OF SUMMER
SUMMER LOVERS

LOVERS AND OTHER STRANGERS
STRANGERS WHEN WE MEET

MEET JOE BLACK
BLACK LIKE ME
ME WITHOUT YOU
YOU ONLY LIVE ONCE
ONCE AROUND
AROUND THE BEND
BEND OF THE RIVER
THE RIVER WILD
WILD THINGS
THINGS TO COME
COME AND GET IT
IT HAPPENED ONE NIGHT

THE KING AND I
I WANT TO LIVE
LIVE AND LET DIE
DIE MOMMIE DIE
DIE MONSTER DIE

DIE HARD HARD EIGHT

EIGHT AND A HALF WOMEN

ONE NIGHT WITH THE KING

WOMEN IN LOVE IN LOVE AND WAR

WAR OF THE WORLDS

THE WORLDS FASTEST INDIAN

INDIAN SUMMER SUMMER SCHOOL SCHOOL OF ROCK ROCK STAR

STAR TREK THE MOTION PICTURE

PICTURE BRIDE
BRIDE OF THE WIND
THE WIND AND THE LION
THE LION KING

THE LION KING
KING OF THE JUNGLE
JUNGLE 2 JUNGLE
JUNGLE BOOK
BOOK OF LOVE
LOVE WALKED IN
IN GODS HANDS

HANDS ON A HARD BODY

BODY DOUBLE DOUBLE TEAM

TEAM AMERICA WORLD POLICE

POLICE ACADEMY

POLICE ACADEMY 3 BACK IN TRAINING

TRAINING DAY
DAY OF THE WOMAN
THE WOMAN IN RED
RED RIVER

RIVER OF NO RETURN RETURN TO HORROR HIGH HIGH SCHOOL HIGH

HIGH SCHOOL HIGH HIGH SPIRITS SPIRITS OF THE DEAD

DEAD MAN WALKING
WALKING AND TALKING
TALKING ABOUT SEX
SEX AND THE OTHER MAN
MAN OF THE YEAR
YEAR OF THE DRAGON

DRAGON SEED SEED OF CHUCKY