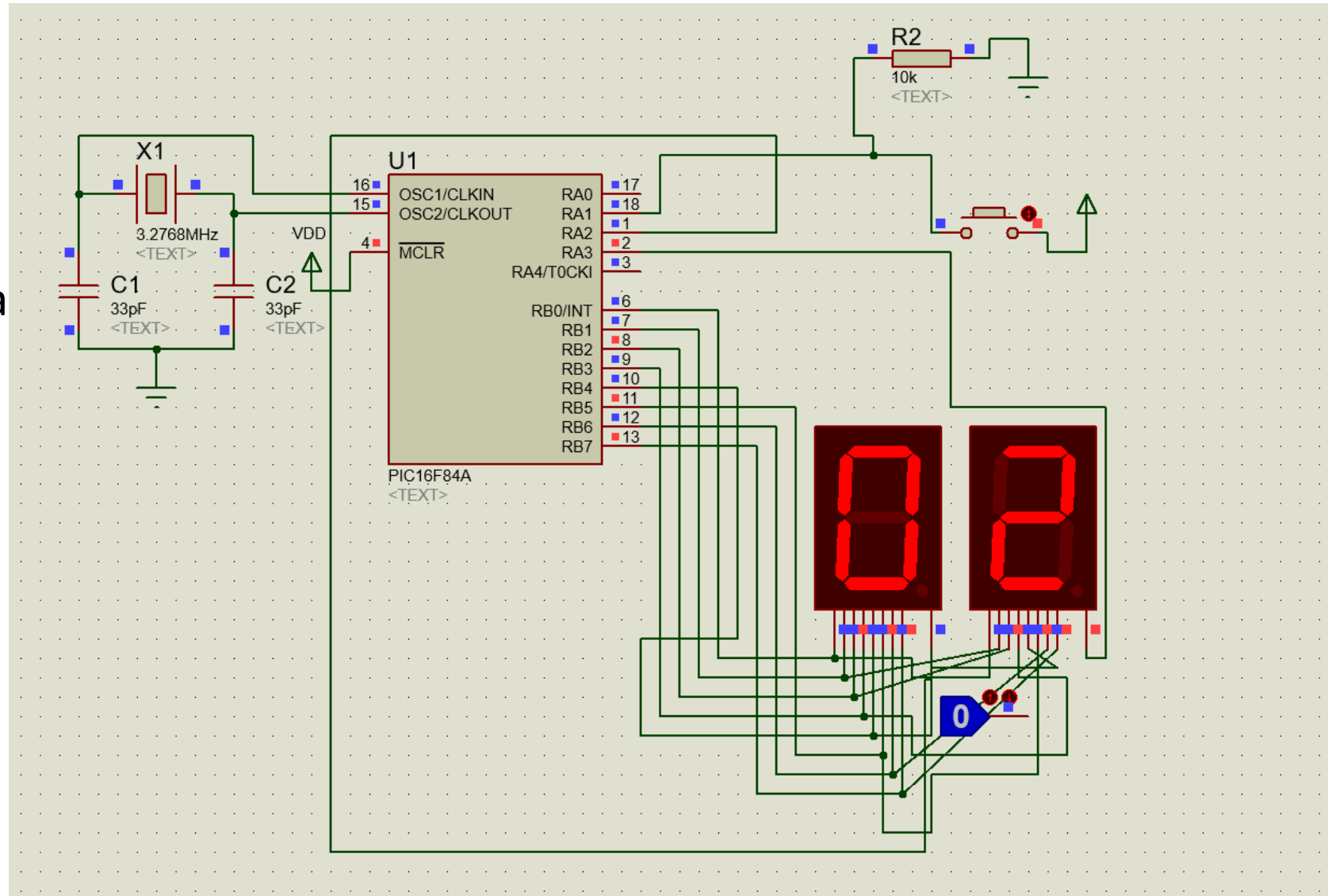




# PIC16F84A – III termin

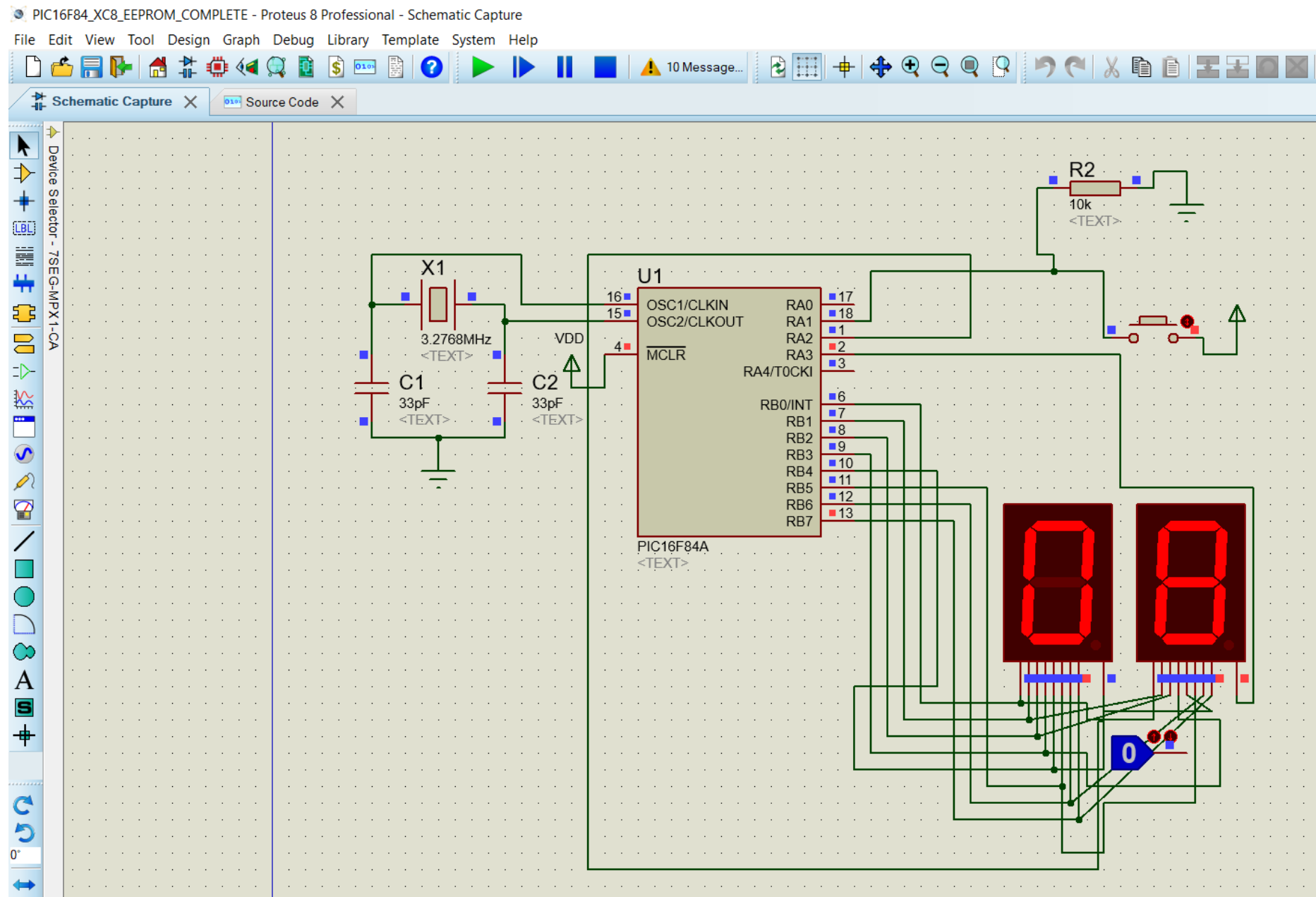
Zadatak 2 – Osvežavanje displeja  
EEPROM upis/čitanje  
Štelovanje preskalera  
Naivni delay u assembleru

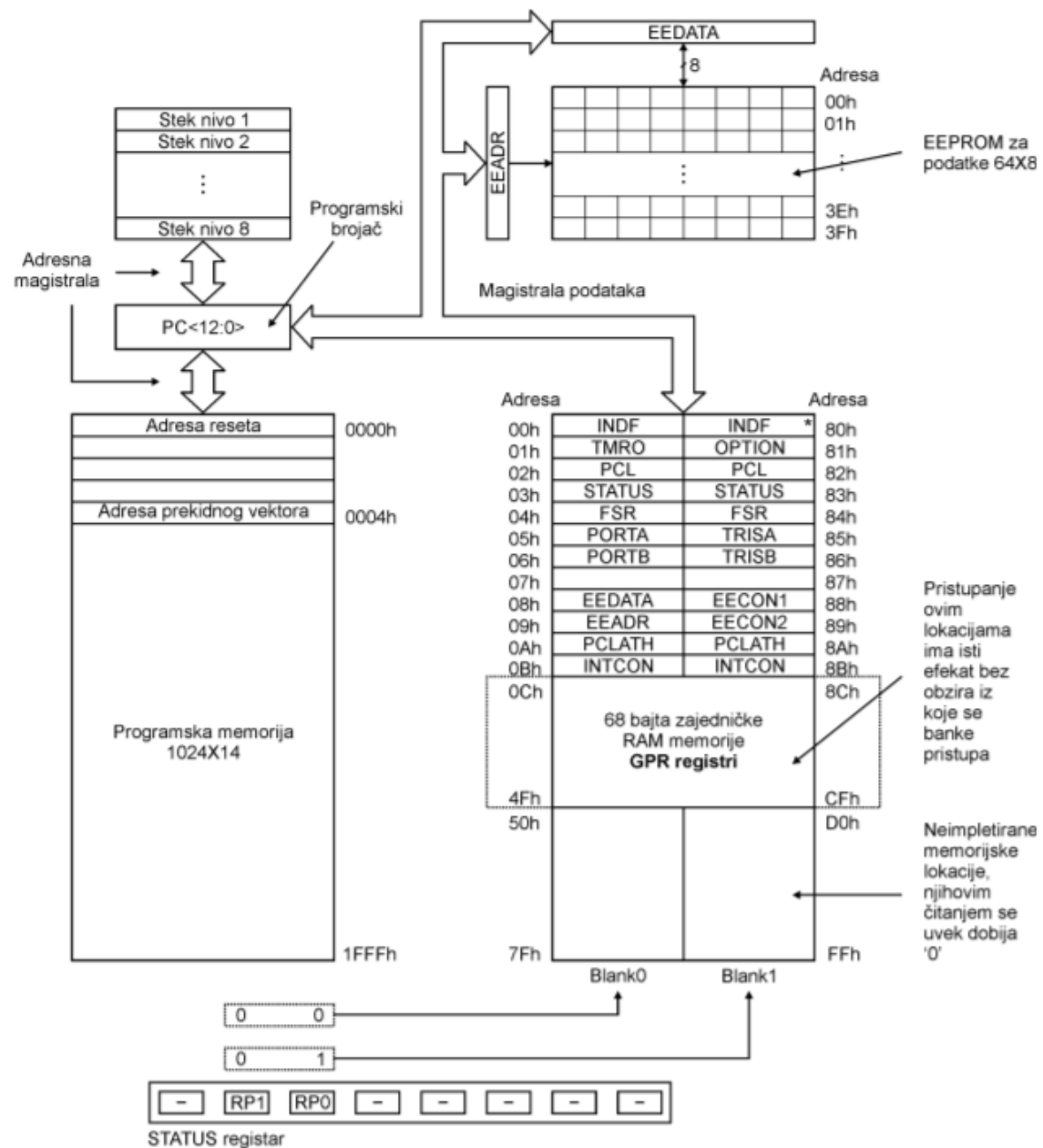


# Zadatak 2

- Napisati program na asemblerskom jeziku/XC8 za PIC16F84A koji inkrementira sadržaj dva 7s displeja pritiskom na taster.
- Pin RA1 povezan je na taster a linije RB0-RB6 na segmente displeja.
- Pritiskom na taster treba inkrementirati sadržaj prikazan na displeju.
- Početna vrednost prikazana na displeju je 00.
- 99->00
- Koristiti EEPROM memoriju za tablicu 7s cifara
- Osvežavati prikazan sadržaj uz pomoć interapta TMR0 frekvencijom 50Hz
- Takt oscilatora je 3.2768MHz

# Šema





Sl. 2.15. Memorijska organizacija mikrokontrolera 16F84

# EEPROM memorija

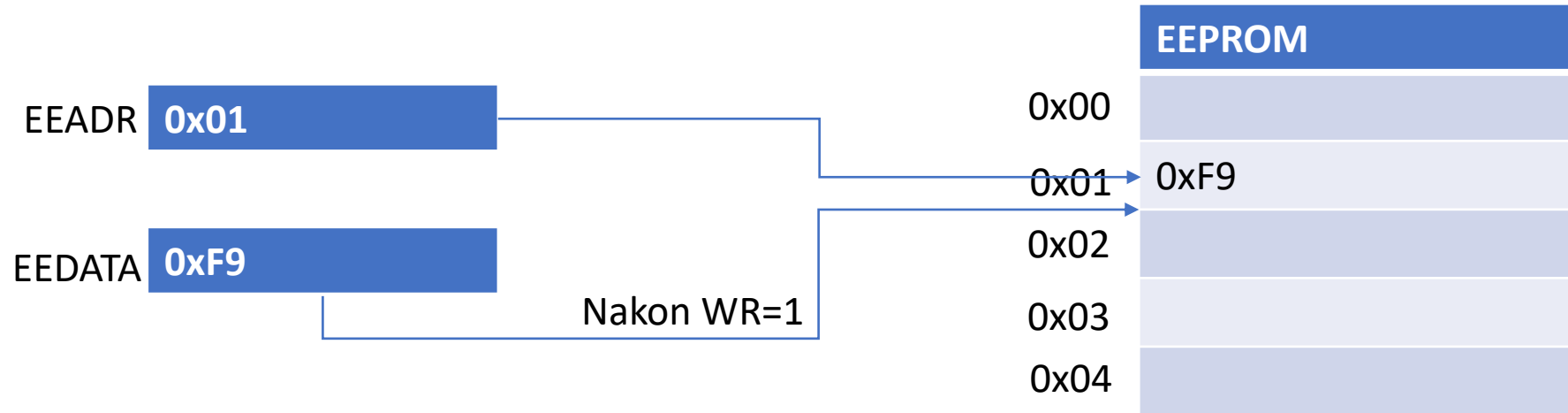
- EEPROM memorija se nalazi u posebnom memorijskom prostoru i pristupa joj se preko specijalnih registara.
- Registri za rad sa EEPROM memorijom su:
  - EEDATA
    - sadrži podatak koji je pročitao ili koga treba upisati.
  - EEADR
    - sadrži adresu EEPROM lokacije kojoj se pristupa.
  - EECON1
    - sadrži kontrolne bitove.
  - EECON2
    - ovaj registar ne postoji fizički i služi da zaštiti EEPROM od slučajnog upisa.

# EECON1 registar

- EEIF
  - Interrupt flag za detekciju prekid nakon upisa u EEPROM
- WRERR
  - Greška pri upisu
- WREN
  - Omogućiti upis
- WR
  - Izvršiti upis
- RD
  - Izvršiti čitanje

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-x	R/S-0	R/S-x
-	-	-	EEIF	WRERR	WREN	WR	RD
bit 7			bit 0				

# Upis u EEPROM memoriju



# ASM/XC8 kod za upis u EEPROM

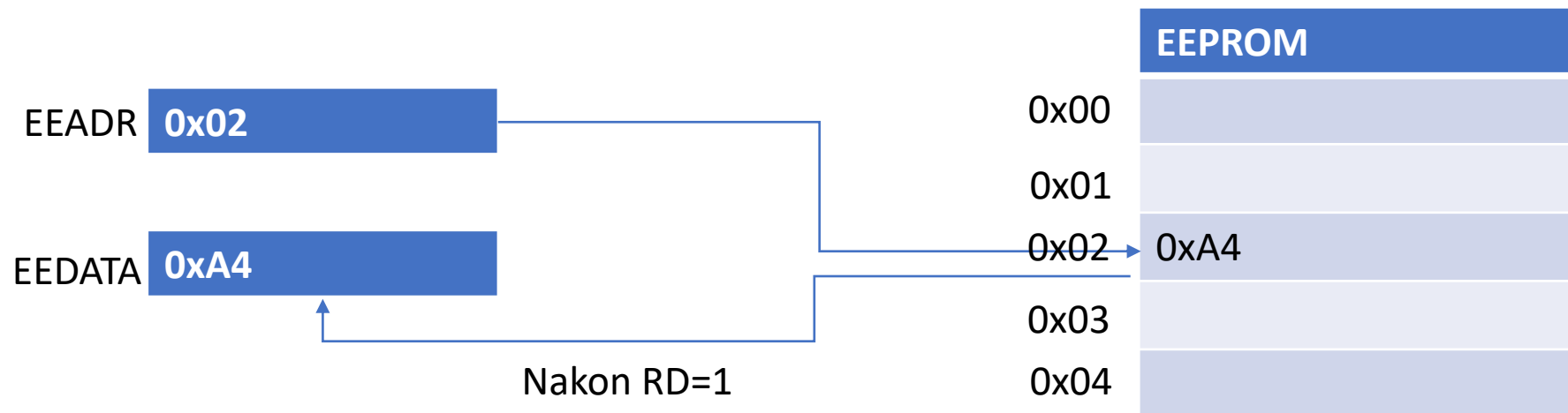
```
movlw 0xF9
banksel EEDATA
movwf EEDATA
movlw .1
movwf EEADR

banksel EECON1
bsf EECON1,WREN
MOVLW 0x55
MOVWF EECON2
MOVLW 0xAA
MOVWF EECON2
BSF EECON1,WR
```

```
EECON1bits.WREN=1;
EEADR=0x01;
EEDATA=0xF9;
EECON2=0x55;
EECON2=0xAA;
EECON1bits.WR=1;
```



# Čitanje EEPROM memorije



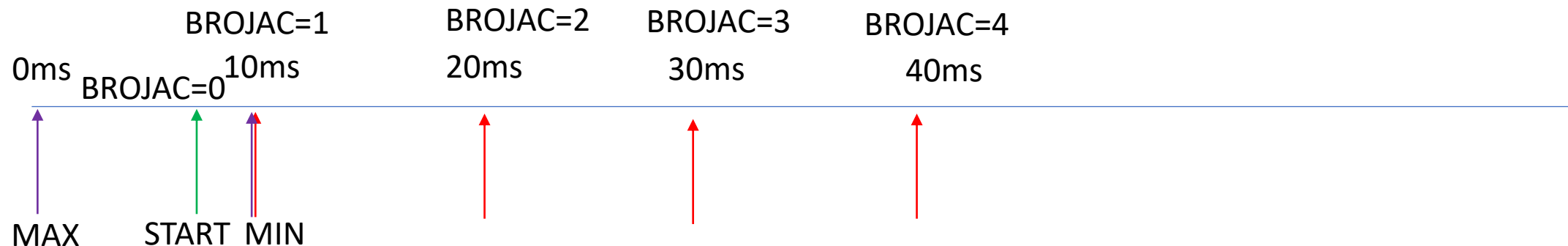
# ASM/XC8 kod za čitanje iz EEPROM memorije

```
movlw .2  
banksel EEADR  
movwf EEADR  
banksel EECON1  
bsf EECON1, RD  
banksel EEDATA  
movf EEDATA, w  
movwf CIFRA
```

```
EEADR=0x02;  
EECON1bits.RD=1;  
CIFRA=EEDATA;
```

# Naivni delay

- Brojač inicijalno 0
- U svakom interrupt-u se inkrementira
- Broji do neke zadate vrednosti
- Primer dat za 100Hz i brojač koji ide do 4
- Kašnjenje koje daje u rasponu
  - Najmanje traje:  $(\text{BROJAC}-1) * (1/\text{FREKVENCIJA PREKIDA})$
  - Najduže traje:  $\text{BROJAC} * (1/\text{FREKVENCIJA PREKIDA})$



# ASM kod

```
#include p16f84a.inc          ; Include register
definition file

;=====
=====
; VARIABLES
;=====
=====
CBLOCK      0x30
WREG_TEMP          ;storage for WREG during
interrupt
STATUS_TEMP        ;storage for STATUS during
interrupt
PCLATH_TEMP        ;storage for PCLATH during
interrupt
FSR_TEMP           ;storage for FSR during
interrupt
DISPLAY            ; display position,
moze i BROJAC
CONST1
CONST2
PRESSED
BROJAC
ITERATOR

ENDC
;=====
=====
; RESET and INTERRUPT VECTORS
;=====
=====

; Reset Vector
RST    org 0x0000
        goto _ResetCode
        org 0x0004
        goto _InterruptCode
;=====
=====
; CODE SEGMENT
;=====
=====
_ResetCode:
        clrf PCLATH
        goto Start
_Start:

_upis:

        movlw 0xC0
        banksel EEDATA
        movwf EEDATA
        banksel EEADR
        movlw .0
        movwf EEADR
        call upisicifru

        movlw 0xF9
        banksel EEDATA
        movwf EEDATA
        banksel EEADR
        movlw .1
        movwf EEADR

        ;... Slično i za ostale cifre!..

        movlw 0x90
        banksel EEDATA
        movwf EEDATA
        banksel EEADR
        movlw .9
        movwf EEADR
        call upisicifru
```

```
banksel TRISA
movlw      0x02
movwf      TRISA
clrf       TRISB
```

```
BANKSEL OPTION_REG
movlw 0x04
movwf OPTION_REG
```

```
BANKSEL PORTA
movlw 0x00
movwf CONST1
movlw 0x00
movwf CONST2
```

```
clrf CONST1
clrf CONST2
clrf DISPLAY
clrf PRESSED
clrf BROJAC
```

```
BANKSEL          INTCON
movlw      0
movwf      INTCON
bsf        INTCON,T0IE
bsf        INTCON,GIE
```

opet:

```
btfss PORTA,1
goto otpusti
clrf BROJAC
call delay
btfss PORTA,1
goto otpusti
```

```
btfsc PRESSED,0
goto nastavi
```

```
bsf PRESSED,0
incf CONST1, F
movlw .10
subwf CONST1, W
btfss STATUS, Z
goto nastavi
```

```
clrf CONST1
```

```
incf CONST2, F
movlw .10
subwf CONST2, W
btfss STATUS, Z
goto nastavi
clrf CONST2
goto nastavi
```

otpusti:

```
clrf BROJAC
call delay
btfss PORTA,1
bcf PRESSED,0
```

nastavi:

```
goto opet
```

# Nastavak

```
InterruptCode:
    movwf WREG_TEMP    ;save WREG
    swapf STATUS,W      ;store STATUS in WREG
    clrf STATUS         ;select file register bank0
    movwf STATUS_TEMP ;save STATUS value
    movf PCLATH,W        ;store PCLATH in WREG
    movwf PCLATH_TEMP ;save PCLATH value
    clrf PCLATH         ;select program memory page0
    movf FSR,W           ;store FSR in WREG
    movwf FSR_TEMP      ;save FSR value

    BANKSEL             INTCON
    bcf                 INTCON,T0IF

    BANKSEL PORTA

    btfsc              DISPLAY,0
    goto drugi
    bcf PORTA,2
    bsf PORTA,3
    goto gotovo

    drugi:
    bcf PORTA,3
    bsf PORTA,2

    gotovo:

    movf              CONST2,W
    btfss             DISPLAY,0
    movf              CONST1,W

    call dekodiranje
    movwf             PORTB
    incf DISPLAY,F
    btfsc             DISPLAY,1
    clrf DISPLAY
    incf BROJAC,f

kraj:
;-----
;End of interrupt routine restores context

EndInt:    bcf    3,5          ;select bank 0
            movf  FSR_TEMP,W    ;get saved FSR value
            movwf FSR          ;restore FSR
            movf  PCLATH_TEMP,W ;get saved PCLATH value
            movwf PCLATH       ;restore PCLATH
            swapf STATUS_TEMP,W ;get saved STATUS value
            movwf STATUS       ;restore STATUS
            swapf WREG_TEMP,F ;prepare WREG to be restored
            swapf WREG_TEMP,W ;restore WREG without affecting STATUS
            retfie             ;return from interrupt
```

dekodiranje:

```
    banksel EEADR
    movwf EEADR
    banksel EECON1
    bsf EECON1,RD
    banksel EEDATA
    movf EEDATA,w
    return
```

delay:

```
    btfss BROJAC,2
    goto delay
```

return

upisicifru:

```
    banksel EECON1
    bsf EECON1,WREN ;enable EEPROM write
operations
    MOVLW 0x55
    banksel EECON2
    MOVWF EECON2
    MOVLW 0xAA
    MOVWF EECON2
    banksel EECON1
    BSF EECON1,WR
```

return

End

# XC8 kod

```
#include<htc.h>
// Config word
__CONFIG(FOSC_HS & WDTE_OFF & PWRTE_ON & CP_OFF);

//CPU takt
//Mora da se definise ako se koristi __delay_ms()
#define _XTAL_FREQ 3276800

int index=0;
int c1=0;
int c2=0;
int pressed=0;
int counter=0;

void upisi();
void prikazi(int cifra);

void interrupt intcode();

// Main function
void main()
{
    TRISB=0x00;
    TRISA=0x00;
    TRISAbits.TRISA1=1;

    upisi();

    PORTA=0x00;
    PORTB=0x00;

    PORTB=EEDATA;

    OPTION_REG=0x04;

    INTCON=0xA0;
    INTCONbits.T0IF=0;

    c1=0;
    c2=0;

    while(1)
    {
        if(PORTAbits.RA1==1)
        {
            if(pressed==0){
                pressed=1;
                c1+=1;
                if(c1>9){
                    c2++;
                    c1=0;
                    if(c2>9)
                        c2=0;
                }
            }
        } else
        {
            pressed=0;
        }
    }
}
```

```
void upisi()
{
    int i=0;
    static const int codes[]={0xC0, 0xF9, 0xA4, 0xB0, 0x99,
0x92, 0x82, 0xd8, 0x80, 0x90};
    for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    {
        EECON1bits.WREN=1;
        EEADR=i;
        EEDATA=codes[i];
        EECON2=0x55;
        EECON2=0xAA;
        EECON1bits.WR=1;
        __delay_ms(10);
    }
}

void prikazi(int cifra)
{
    EEADR=cifra;
    EECON1bits.RD=1;
    PORTB=EEDATA;
}

void interrupt intcode(){
    if(INTCONbits.T0IF==1)
    {
        if(index==0){
            PORTAbits.RA3=1;
            PORTAbits.RA2=0;
            prikazi(c1);
            index=1;
        }else
        {
            PORTAbits.RA2=1;
            PORTAbits.RA3=0;
            prikazi(c2);

            index=0;
        }
    }
    INTCONbits.T0IF=0;
}
```

# Štelovanje preskalera

- $\frac{2^{15} * 100Hz}{2^2 * 2^{n+1} * 2^8} = 2 * 50Hz$

- $\frac{2^{15}}{2^{n+11}} = 1$

- $n=4$

- Zatim, podešavamo OPTION registar:

movlw 0x04

movwf OPTION\_REG

# Štelovanje preskalera u opštem slučaju

- $\frac{F_{osc}}{2^2 * 2^{n+1} * X} = \text{željena frekvencija}$
- n – PS2 PS1 PS0 preskaler bitovi
- X – broj otkucaja TMR0
- TMR0 početno:=256-X



# Primer za štelovanje prescaler-a

- $\frac{2^{15} * 100Hz}{2^2 * 2^{n+1} * 2^8} = 6 * 50Hz$
- $\frac{2^{15}}{2^{n+11}} = 3$
- $2^{4-n} = 3?$
- Bolje u ovom slučaju da fiksiramo n, a tražimo X
- Uzmimo n=7
- $\frac{2^{15} * 100Hz}{2^2 * 2^{n+1} * X} = 6 * 50Hz$
- $\frac{2^{15}}{2^2 * 2^8 * X} = 3$
- $\frac{2^5}{X} = 3$
- $32 = 3 * X$
- $X=10.67$
- **TMR0:=256-11=245**