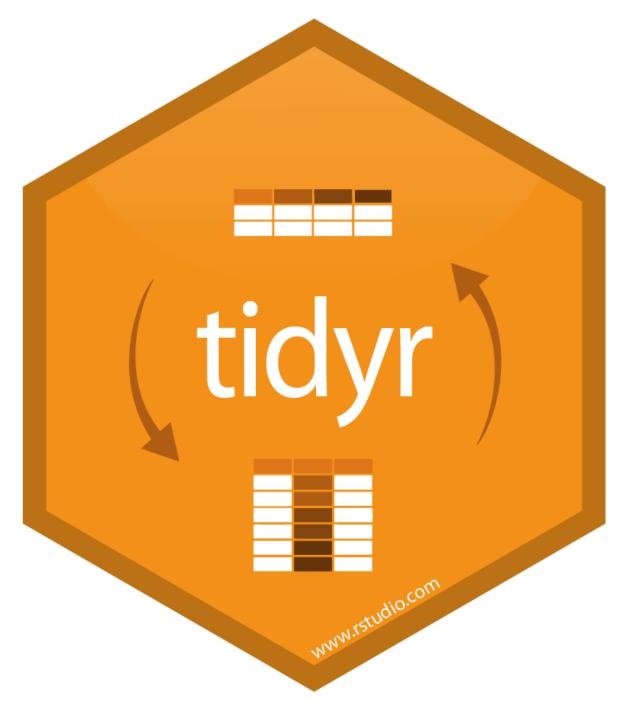


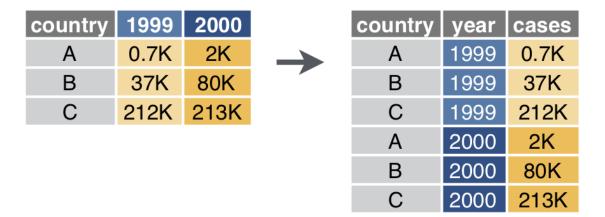
Lecture 07

Dr. Colin Rundel



# Reshaping data (Wide vs. Long)

## Wide -> Long



pivot\_longer (previously gather)

## **Syntax**

```
pivot_longer(
    d,
    cols = "1999":"2000",
    names_to = "year",
    values_to = "cases"
    )
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 3
country year cases
<hr/>
<hr/>
chr> <hr>
1 A 1999 0.7K
2 A 2000 2K
3 B 1999 37K
4 B 2000 80K
5 C 1999 212K
6 C 2000 213K
```

## Long -> Wide

country	year	type	count		country	year	cases	рор
Α	1999	cases	0.7K	_	Α	1999	0.7K	19M
Α	1999	pop	19M		Α	2000	2K	20M
Α	2000	cases	2K		В	1999	37K	172M
Α	2000	рор	20M		В	2000	80K	174M
В	1999	cases	37K		С	1999	212K	1T
В	1999	рор	172M		С	2000	213K	1T
В	2000	cases	80K					
В	2000	pop	174M					
С	1999	cases	212K					
С	1999	рор	1T					
С	2000	cases	213K					
С	2000	рор	1T					

pivot\_wider (previously spread)

### **Syntax**

```
1 ( d = tibble::tribble(
       ~country, ~year, ~type, ~count,
            "A", 1999, "cases", "0.7K",
 3
           "A", 1999, "pop", "19M",
 4
            "A", 2000, "cases", "2K",
            "A", 2000, "pop", "20M",
 6
           "B", 1999, "cases", "37K",
            "B", 1999, "pop", "172M",
8
           "B", 2000, "cases", " 80K",
9
           "B", 2000, "pop", "174M",
1.0
            "C", 1999, "cases", "212K",
11
12
           "C", 1999, "pop", "1T",
           "C", 2000, "cases", "213K",
13
           "C", 2000, "pop",
14
15
16)
```

```
# A tibble: 12 \times 4
  country year type count
<chr>
          <dbl> <chr> <chr>
           1999 cases "0.7K"
1 A
2 A
           1999 pop "19M"
           2000 cases "2K"
 3 A
 4 A
           2000 pop "20M"
5 B
           1999 cases "37K"
6 B
           1999 pop
                      "172M"
           2000 cases " 80K"
7 B
8 B
           2000 pop
                     "174M"
9 C
           1999 cases "212K"
           1999 pop
                      "1T"
10 C
11 C
           2000 cases "213K"
           2000 pop
12 C
                      "1T"
```

```
pivot_wider(

d,

id_cols = country:year,

names_from = type,

values_from = count

)
```

```
# A tibble: 6 \times 4
           country year cases pop
                   <dbl> <chr> <chr>
           <chr>
                    1999 "0.7K" 19M
         1 A
         2 A
                    2000 "2K"
                                20M
         3 B
                    1999 "37K" 172M
         4 B
                    2000 " 80K" 174M
         5 C
                    1999 "212K" 1T
                    2000 "213K" 1T
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```

## Separate

country	year	rate		country	year	cases	pop
Α	1999	0.7K <b>/</b> 19M		Α	1999	0.7K	19M
Α	2000	2K/20M	$\rightarrow$	Α	2000	2K	20M
В	1999	37K <b>/</b> 172M		В	1999	37K	172
В	2000	80K <b>/</b> 174M		В	2000	80K	174
С	1999	212K <b>/</b> 1T		С	1999	212K	1T
С	2000	213K <b>/</b> 1T		С	2000	213K	1T

2000 80K

1999 212K 1T 2000 213K 1T

174M

4 B

5 C

6 C

#### Unite

country	century	year		country	year
Afghan	19	99		Afghan	1999
Afghan	20	0	$\rightarrow$	Afghan	2000
Brazil	19	99		Brazil	1999
Brazil	20	0		Brazil	2000
China	19	99		China	1999
China	20	0		China	2000

1999

2000

4 Brazil 2000

5 China

6 China

## Example 1 - tidy grades

Is the following data tidy?

How would we calculate a final score based on the following formula,

score = 
$$0.5 \frac{\sum_{i} hw_{i}}{80} + 0.5 \frac{\sum_{j} proj_{j}}{200}$$

## Semi-tidy approach

```
1 grades %>%
2 mutate(
3 hw_avg = (hw_1+hw_2+hw_3+hw_4)/4,
4 proj_avg = (proj_1+proj_2)/2
5 ) %>%
6 mutate(
7 overall = 0.5*(proj_avg/100) + 0.5*(hw_avg/20)
8 )
# A tibble: 4 × 10
```

```
name
       hw 1 hw 2 hw 3 hw 4 proj 1 proj 2 hw avg proj avg overall
 <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> 
                                                     <dbl>
1 Alice
                                               92 0.935
         19
              19
                   18
                        20
                              89
                                    95
                                        19
                        16
                                        18 82.5 0.862
2 Bob
        18
              20
                   18
                              77
                                    88
              20 18
                        17
                              96
                                       18.2 97.5 0.944
3 Carol
       18
                                    99
                        19
                              86
                                        18.8
                                               84
                                                     0.889
4 Dave
         19
              19
                   18
                                    82
```

## pivot\_longer (Wide -> Long)

```
1 tidyr::pivot longer(
2
    grades,
   cols = hw 1:proj 2,
   names to = "assignment",
   values to = "score"
6 )
```

```
# A tibble: 24 \times 3
  name assignment score
 <chr> <chr> <dbl>
1 Alice hw 1
                 19
2 Alice hw 2
                 19
3 Alice hw 3
                 18
4 Alice hw 4
                 20
5 Alice proj 1
                 89
6 Alice proj 2
                 95
7 Bob hw 1
                 18
8 Bob hw 2
                 20
9 Bob hw_3
                 18
10 Bob hw 4
                 16
# ... with 14 more rows
```

## Split type and id

```
1 tidyr::pivot longer(
2
    grades,
   cols = hw 1:proj 2,
    names to = c("type", "id"),
4
    names sep = " ",
    values to = "score"
```

```
# A tibble: 24 \times 4
  name type id score
 <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
1 Alice hw
           1
                  19
2 Alice hw 2
                  19
3 Alice hw
           3
                  18
4 Alice hw
           4
                  20
5 Alice proj 1
                  89
6 Alice proj 2
                  95
7 Bob hw
           1
                  18
8 Bob hw
           2
                  20
           3
9 Bob hw
                  18
           4
10 Bob hw
                  16
# ... with 14 more rows
```

## Tidy approach?

```
1 grades %>%
     tidyr::pivot longer(
     cols = hw 1:proj 2,
       names to = c("type", "id"),
 4
       names sep = " ",
    values to = "score"
 7
    ) %>%
     group by (name, type) %>%
     summarize(
 9
     total = sum(score),
10
    .groups = "drop"
11
12
```

```
# A tibble: 8 × 3
name type total

<chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>
1 Alice hw 76
2 Alice proj 184
3 Bob hw 72
4 Bob proj 165
5 Carol hw 73
6 Carol proj 195
7 Dave hw 75
8 Dave proj 168
```

## pivot\_wider - (Long -> Wide)

```
1 grades %>%
     tidyr::pivot longer(
 3
    cols = hw 1:proj 2,
       names to = c("type", "id"),
 4
      names sep = " ",
    values to = "score"
 7
    ) %>%
     group by (name, type) %>%
9
     summarize(
    total = sum(score),
10
    .groups = "drop"
11
12
    13
     tidyr::pivot wider(
14
     names from = type,
    values from = total
15
16
```

## Wrapping up

```
1 grades %>%
     tidyr::pivot longer(
 3
    cols = hw 1:proj 2,
       names to = c("type", "id"),
 4
 5
      names sep = " ",
    values to = "score"
 7
    ) %>%
     group by (name, type) %>%
9
     summarize(
10
    total = sum(score),
    .groups = "drop"
11
12
    13
     tidyr::pivot wider(
14
    names from = type,
15
    values from = total
    ) %>%
16
17
     mutate(
```

#### **Exercise 1**

The palmerpenguin package contains measurement data on various penguin species on islands near Palmer Station in Antarctica. The code below shows the # of each species measured on each of the three islands (missing island, penguin pairs implies that species does not occur on that island).

```
1 palmerpenguins::penguins %>%
      count(island, species)
# A tibble: 5 \times 3
  island
           species
                         n
 <fct> <fct>
                     <int>
1 Biscoe
          Adelie
                        44
2 Biscoe Gentoo
                       124
           Adelie
                        56
3 Dream
           Chinstrap
4 Dream
                        68
5 Torgersen Adelie
                        52
```

Starting from these data construct a contingency table of counts for island (rows) by species (columns) using the pivot functions we've just discussed.

# Rectangling

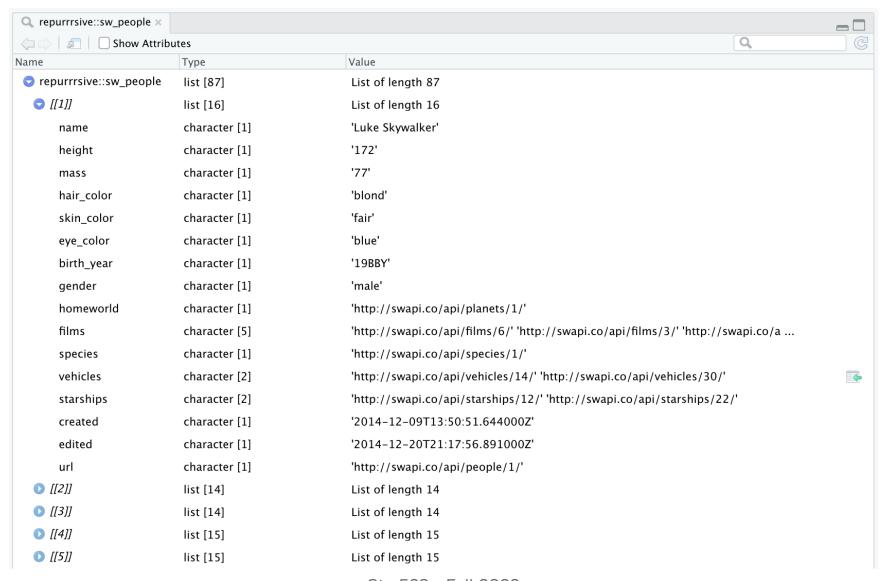
## Star Wars & repurrrsive

repurresive is a package that contains a number of interesting example data sets that are stored in a hierarchical format. Many come from web-based APIs which provide results as JSON.

```
1 str(repurrrsive::sw people)
List of 87
 $ :List of 16
  ..$ name : chr "Luke Skywalker"
  ..$ height : chr "172"
  ..$ mass : chr "77"
  ..$ hair color: chr "blond"
  ..$ skin color: chr "fair"
  ..$ eye color : chr "blue"
  ..$ birth year: chr "19BBY"
  ..$ gender : chr "male"
  ..$ homeworld : chr "http://swapi.co/api/planets/1/"
                : chr [1:5] "http://swapi.co/api/films/6/" "http://swapi.co/api/films/3/"
  ..$ films
"http://swapi.co/api/films/2/" "http://swapi.co/api/films/1/" ...
  ..$ species : chr "http://swapi.co/api/species/1/"
```

#### RStudio data viewer

1 View(repurrrsive::sw\_people)



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## Tidy data from nested lists

Recent versions of tidyr have added several functions that are designed to aide in the tidying of hierarchical data. Since they are part of tidyr all of the following functions work with data frames.

From hoist(), unnest\_longer(), and unnest\_wider() provide tools for rectangling, collapsing deeply nested lists into regular columns.

#### Lists as columns

1 nrow(sw df)

```
1 (sw df = tibble::tibble(
                                                    sw df %>%
     people = repurrrsive::sw people
                                                      as.data.frame() %>%
                                                      head()
 3 ))
                                                  3
# A tibble: 87 \times 1
   people
                                                people
   st>
                                                1 Luke Skywalker, 172, 77, blond, fair,
 1 <named list [16]>
                                                blue, 19BBY, male,
                                               http://swapi.co/api/planets/1/,
 2 < named list [14]>
 3 <named list [14]>
                                               http://swapi.co/api/films/6/,
 4 < named list [15]>
                                               http://swapi.co/api/films/3/,
 5 <named list [15]>
                                               http://swapi.co/api/films/2/,
 6 < named list [14]>
                                               http://swapi.co/api/films/1/,
                                                http://swapi.co/api/films/7/,
 7 < named list [14]>
 8 <named list [14]>
                                               http://swapi.co/api/species/1/,
 9 < named list [15]>
                                               http://swapi.co/api/vehicles/14/,
                                               http://swapi.co/api/vehicles/30/,
10 < named list [16]>
# ... with 77 more rows
                                               http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/,
  1 is.data.frame(sw df)
[1] TRUE
```

## **Unnesting**

```
sw df %>%
      unnest wider(people)
# A tibble: 87 × 16
              height mass hair ... skin ... eye c... birth... gender homew... films
  name
  <chr>
              <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                   <chr> <chr>
                                                   <chr>
                                                           <chr> <chr> <chr> <
 1 Luke Skywa... 172
                           blond
                                  fair
                                          blue
                                                   19BBY
                                                           male
                                                                  http:/... <chr>
                     77
                           n/a
                                 gold yellow 112BBY
                                                           n/a
                                                                 http:/... <chr>
 2 C-3PO
              167
                     75
                                                                 http:/... <chr>
              96
                           n/a white,... red
                                                   33BBY
                                                           n/a
 3 R2-D2
                     32
 4 Darth Vader 202
                     136
                                   white
                                           yellow 41.9BBY male
                                                                 http:/... <chr>
                           none
 5 Leia Organa 150
                     49
                           brown
                                   light
                                          brown
                                                   19BBY
                                                           female http:/... <chr>
 6 Owen Lars
                     120
                           brown,... light
                                          blue
                                                   52BBY
                                                           male
                                                                  http:/... <chr>
              178
 7 Beru White... 165
                                          blue
                     75
                           brown
                                   light
                                                   47BBY
                                                           female http:/... <chr>
                                                   unknown n/a
 8 R5-D4
               97
                     32
                           n/a
                                  white,... red
                                                                 http:/... <chr>
 9 Biggs Dark... 183
                           black
                                  light
                                           brown
                                                   24BBY
                                                           male
                                                                 http:/... <chr>
                     84
10 Obi-Wan Ke... 182
                           auburn... fair blue-g... 57BBY
                                                           male
                                                                 http:/... <chr>
                     77
# ... with 77 more rows, 6 more variables: species <chr>, vehicles <list>,
```

#### More list columns

```
1 sw_df %>%
2 unnest_wider(people) %>%
3 select(name, starships)
```

```
# A tibble: 87 \times 2
                       starships
   name
   <chr>
                       st>
 1 Luke Skywalker
                       <chr [2]>
 2 C - 3PO
                       <NULL>
 3 R2-D2
                       <NULL>
 4 Darth Vader
                      <chr [1]>
 5 Leia Organa
                       <NULL>
 6 Owen Lars
                       <NULL>
 7 Beru Whitesun lars <NULL>
 8 R5-D4
                       <NULL>
 9 Biggs Darklighter <chr [1]>
10 Obi-Wan Kenobi
                      <chr [5]>
# ... with 77 more rows
```

```
1 sw_df %>%
2 unnest_wider(people) %>%
3 select(name, starships) %>%
4 pull(starships) %>%
5 str()
```

```
List of 87
 $ : chr [1:2]
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/"
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/"
 $ : NULL
 $ : NULL
 $: chr
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/"
 $ : NULL
 $ : NULL
 $ : NULL
 $ : NULL
 $: chr
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/"
```

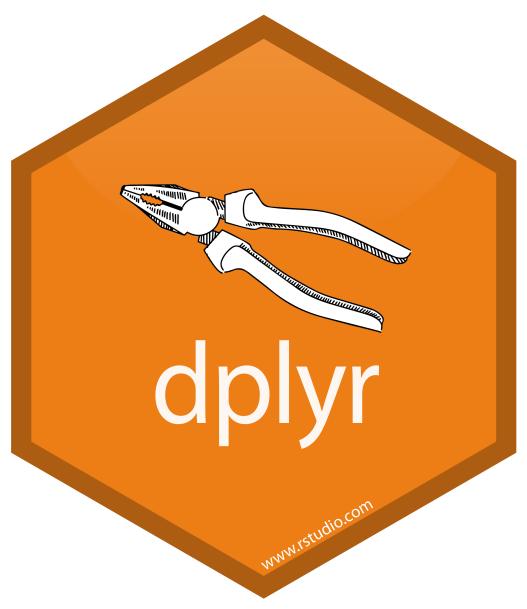
## **Unnest Longer**

```
unnest wider(sw df, people) %>%
 2
      select(name, starships) %>%
      unnest longer(starships)
# A tibble: 98 \times 2
                       starships
   name
   <chr>
                       <chr>
                       http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/
 1 Luke Skywalker
 2 Luke Skywalker
                       http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/
 3 C - 3PO
                       <NA>
 4 R2-D2
                       <NA>
 5 Darth Vader
                       http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/
 6 Leia Organa
                       < NA >
 7 Owen Lars
                       < NA >
 8 Beru Whitesun lars <NA>
 9 R5-D4
                       < NA >
10 Biggs Darklighter http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/
# ... with 88 more rows
```

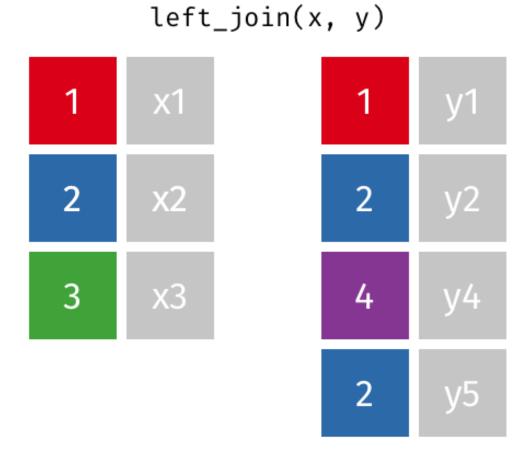
## Aside - sw\_starships

```
(ships = tibble(ships = repurrrsive::sw starships) %>%
  2
       unnest wider(ships) %>%
       select(ship = name, url)
  3
  4
# A tibble: 37 \times 2
   ship
                                  url
   <chr>
                                  <chr>
 1 Sentinel-class landing craft http://swapi.co/api/starships/5/
 2 Death Star
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/9/
 3 Millennium Falcon
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/10/
 4 Y-wing
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/11/
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/
 5 X-wing
 6 TIE Advanced x1
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/15/
 7 Executor
 8 Slave 1
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/21/
                                  http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/
 9 Imperial shuttle
10 EF76 Nebulon-B escort frigate http://swapi.co/api/starships/23/
# ... with 27 more rows
```

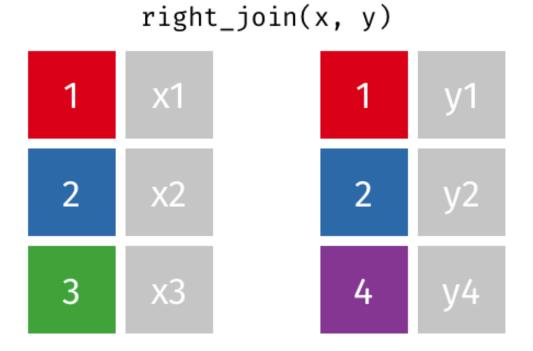
## Aside - Joins



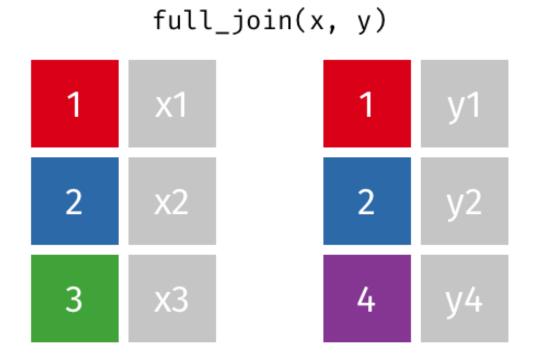
## Joins (left)



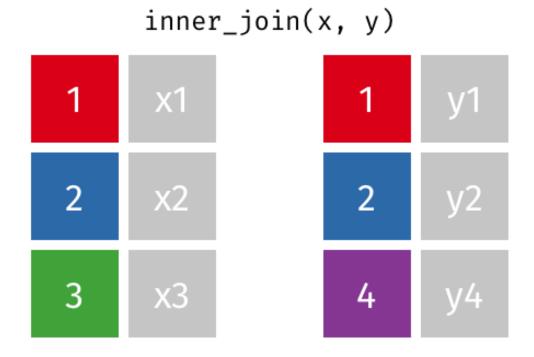
## Joins (right)



## Joins (full / outer)



## Joins (inner)



## Joining people and starships

```
sw df %>%
      unnest wider(people) %>%
      select(name, starships) %>%
  3
      unnest longer(starships) %>%
      left join(ships, by = c("starships" = "url"))
# A tibble: 98 × 3
                       starships
                                                           ship
   name
   <chr>
                       <chr>
                                                           <chr>
 1 Luke Skywalker
                       http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/ X-wing
 2 Luke Skywalker
                       http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/ Imperial shuttle
 3 C-3PO
                       <NA>
                                                           < NA >
 4 R2-D2
                       <NA>
                                                           <NA>
 5 Darth Vader
                       http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/ TIE Advanced x1
 6 Leia Organa
                       < NA >
                                                           < NA >
 7 Owen Lars
                       < NA >
                                                           < NA >
 8 Beru Whitesun lars <NA>
                                                           < NA >
 9 R5-D4
                       <NA>
                                                           < NA >
10 Bidge Darklighter http://ewani.go/ani/etarchine/12/ V wing
```

## Putting it together

```
sw df %>%
      unnest wider(people) %>%
 3
      select(name, starships) %>%
     unnest longer(starships) %>%
 4
 5
      inner join(ships, by = c("starships" = "url")) %>%
      select(-starships) %>%
 6
     group by (name) %>%
      summarize(ships = list(ship), .groups = "drop")
# A tibble: 20 \times 2
                    ships
  name
                    st>
   <chr>
 1 Anakin Skywalker <chr [3]>
 2 Arvel Crynyd <chr [1]>
 3 Biggs Darklighter <chr [1]>
 4 Boba Fett
                   <chr [1]>
 5 Chewbacca
                   <chr [2]>
 6 Darth Maul
                   <chr [1]>
 7 Darth Vader
                    <chr [1]>
 8 Gregar Typho
                <chr [1]>
```

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```
sw df %>%
      unnest wider(people) %>%
      select(name, starships) %>%
      unnest longer(starships) %>%
 4
      inner join(ships, by = c("starships" = "url")) %>%
 5
      select(-starships) %>%
 6
      group by (name) %>%
      summarize(ships = paste(ship, collapse = ", "), .groups = "drop")
# A tibble: 20 \times 2
                     ships
   name
   <chr>
                     <chr>
 1 Anakin Skywalker Trade Federation cruiser, Jedi Interceptor, Naboo fighter
 2 Arvel Crynyd
                     A-wing
 3 Biggs Darklighter X-wing
 4 Boba Fett
                     Slave 1
 5 Chewbacca
                     Millennium Falcon, Imperial shuttle
                     Scimitar
 6 Darth Maul
 7 Darth Vader
                     TIE Advanced x1
 8 Gregar Typho
                     Naboo fighter
 9 Grievous
                     Belbullab-22 starfighter
10 000 0010
                     Millonnium Foldon Imporial abu++10
```

#### Exercise 2

- 1. Which planet appeared in the most starwars film (according to the data in sw\_planets)?
- 2. Which planet was the homeworld of the most characters in the starwars films?