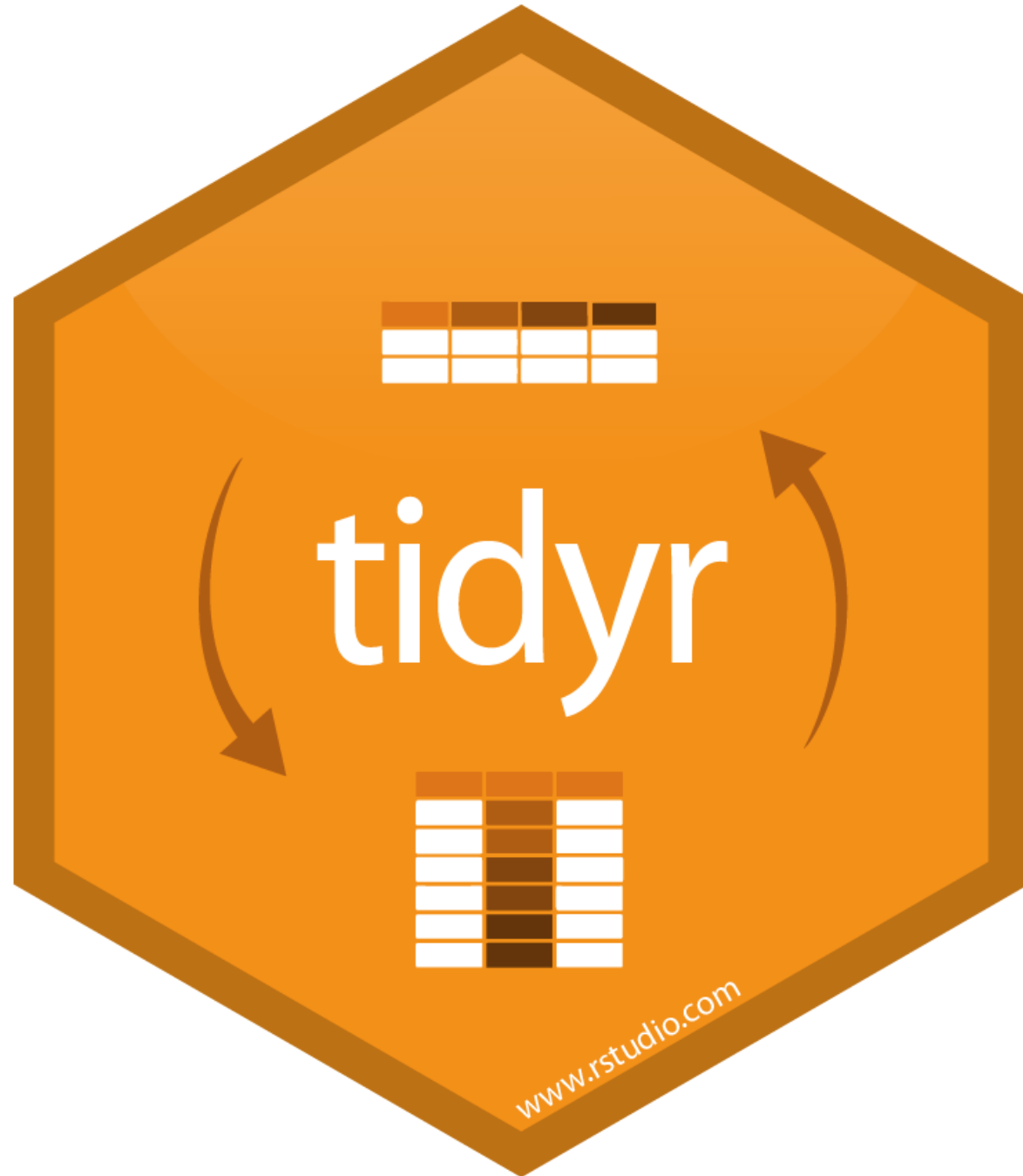


# tidyr

## Lecture 07


Dr. Colin Rundel



# Reshaping data (Wide vs. Long)

# Wide -> Long

| country | 1999 | 2000 |
|---------|------|------|
| A       | 0.7K | 2K   |
| B       | 37K  | 80K  |
| C       | 212K | 213K |



| country | year | cases |
|---------|------|-------|
| A       | 1999 | 0.7K  |
| B       | 1999 | 37K   |
| C       | 1999 | 212K  |
| A       | 2000 | 2K    |
| B       | 2000 | 80K   |
| C       | 2000 | 213K  |

`pivot_longer` (previously `gather`)

# Syntax

```
1 (d = tibble::tribble(  
2   ~country, ~"1999", ~"2000",  
3     "A", "0.7K", "2K",  
4     "B", "37K", "80K",  
5     "C", "212K", "213K"  
6 ))
```

```
# A tibble: 3 × 3  
  country `1999` `2000`  
  <chr>   <chr>   <chr>  
1 A      0.7K    2K  
2 B      37K    80K  
3 C     212K   213K
```

```
1 pivot_longer(  
2   d,  
3   cols = "1999":"2000",  
4   names_to = "year",  
5   values_to = "cases"  
6 )
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 3  
  country year  cases  
  <chr>   <chr> <chr>  
1 A      1999  0.7K  
2 A      2000   2K  
3 B      1999  37K  
4 B      2000  80K  
5 C      1999 212K  
6 C      2000 213K
```

# Long -> Wide

| country | year | type  | count |   | country | year | cases | pop  |
|---------|------|-------|-------|---|---------|------|-------|------|
| A       | 1999 | cases | 0.7K  | → | A       | 1999 | 0.7K  | 19M  |
| A       | 1999 | pop   | 19M   |   | A       | 2000 | 2K    | 20M  |
| A       | 2000 | cases | 2K    |   | B       | 1999 | 37K   | 172M |
| A       | 2000 | pop   | 20M   |   | B       | 2000 | 80K   | 174M |
| B       | 1999 | cases | 37K   |   | C       | 1999 | 212K  | 1T   |
| B       | 1999 | pop   | 172M  |   | C       | 2000 | 213K  | 1T   |
| B       | 2000 | cases | 80K   |   |         |      |       |      |
| B       | 2000 | pop   | 174M  |   |         |      |       |      |
| C       | 1999 | cases | 212K  |   |         |      |       |      |
| C       | 1999 | pop   | 1T    |   |         |      |       |      |
| C       | 2000 | cases | 213K  |   |         |      |       |      |
| C       | 2000 | pop   | 1T    |   |         |      |       |      |

`pivot_wider` (previously `spread`)

# Syntax

```

1 ( d = tibble::tribble(
2   ~country, ~year, ~type, ~count,
3     "A", 1999, "cases", "0.7K",
4     "A", 1999, "pop", "19M",
5     "A", 2000, "cases", "2K",
6     "A", 2000, "pop", "20M",
7     "B", 1999, "cases", "37K",
8     "B", 1999, "pop", "172M",
9     "B", 2000, "cases", " 80K",
10    "B", 2000, "pop", "174M",
11    "C", 1999, "cases", "212K",
12    "C", 1999, "pop", "1T",
13    "C", 2000, "cases", "213K",
14    "C", 2000, "pop", "1T"
15  )
16 )

```

```

1 pivot_wider(
2   d,
3   id_cols = country:year,
4   names_from = type,
5   values_from = count
6 )

```

```

# A tibble: 12 × 4
  country year type count
  <chr>   <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 A      1999 cases "0.7K"
2 A      1999 pop  "19M"
3 A      2000 cases "2K"
4 A      2000 pop  "20M"
5 B      1999 cases "37K"
6 B      1999 pop  "172M"
7 B      2000 cases " 80K"
8 B      2000 pop  "174M"
9 C      1999 cases "212K"
10 C     1999 pop  "1T"
11 C     2000 cases "213K"
12 C     2000 pop  "1T"

```


```

# A tibble: 6 × 4
  country year cases pop
  <chr>   <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 A      1999 "0.7K" 19M
2 A      2000 "2K" 20M
3 B      1999 "37K" 172M
4 B      2000 " 80K" 174M
5 C      1999 "212K" 1T
6 C      2000 "213K" 1T

```

# Separate - wider

| country | year | rate     |  |  |
|---------|------|----------|--|--|
| A       | 1999 | 0.7K/19M |  |  |
| A       | 2000 | 2K/20M   |  |  |
| B       | 1999 | 37K/172M |  |  |
| B       | 2000 | 80K/174M |  |  |



| country | year | cases | pop |
|---------|------|-------|-----|
| A       | 1999 | 0.7K  | 19M |
| A       | 2000 | 2K    | 20M |
| B       | 1999 | 37K   | 172 |
| B       | 2000 | 80K   | 174 |

```
1 separate_wider_delim(d, rate, delim = "/", names = c("cases", "pop"))
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 4
  country year cases pop
  <chr>   <dbl> <chr> <chr>
1 A      1999 0.7K  19M
2 A      2000 2K    20M
3 B      1999 37K   172M
4 B      2000 80K   174M
5 C      1999 212K  1T
6 C      2000 213K  1T
```



# Separate - longer

| country | year | rate     |
|---------|------|----------|
| A       | 1999 | 0.7K/19M |
| A       | 2000 | 2K/20M   |
| B       | 1999 | 37K/172M |
| B       | 2000 | 80K/174M |



| country | year | rate |
|---------|------|------|
| A       | 1999 | 0.7K |
| A       | 1999 | 19M  |
| A       | 2000 | 2K   |
| A       | 2000 | 20M  |
| B       | 1999 | 37K  |
| B       | 1999 | 172M |
| B       | 2000 | 80K  |
| B       | 2000 | 174M |

```
1 separate_longer_delim(d, rate, delim = "/")
```

```
# A tibble: 12 × 3
```

```
  country year rate  
  <chr>   <dbl> <chr>  
1 A      1999 0.7K  
2 A      1999 19M  
3 A      2000 2K  
4 A      2000 20M  
5 B      1999 37K  
6 B      1999 172M  
7 B      2000 80K  
8 B      2000 174M  
9 C      1999 212K  
10 C     1999 1T  
11 C     2000 213K  
12 C     2000 1T
```

# Unite

| country | century | year |   | country | year |
|---------|---------|------|---|---------|------|
| Afghan  | 19      | 99   | → | Afghan  | 1999 |
| Afghan  | 20      | 0    |   | Afghan  | 2000 |
| Brazil  | 19      | 99   |   | Brazil  | 1999 |
| Brazil  | 20      | 0    |   | Brazil  | 2000 |
| China   | 19      | 99   |   | China   | 1999 |
| China   | 20      | 0    |   | China   | 2000 |

```
1 unite(d, century, year, col = "year", sep = "")
```

```
# A tibble: 6 × 2
```

```
  country year  
  <chr>   <chr>  
1 Afghan 1999  
2 Afghan 2000  
3 Brazil 1999  
4 Brazil 2000  
5 China  1999  
6 China  2000
```

# Example 1 - tidy grades

Is the following data tidy?

```
1 grades = tibble::tribble(  
2   ~name,    ~hw_1, ~hw_2, ~hw_3, ~hw_4, ~proj_1, ~proj_2,  
3   "Alice",   19,    19,    18,    20,      89,      95,  
4   "Bob",     18,    20,    18,    16,      77,      88,  
5   "Carol",   18,    20,    18,    17,      96,      99,  
6   "Dave",    19,    19,    18,    19,      86,      82  
7 )
```

How would we calculate a final score based on the following formula,

$$\text{score} = 0.5 \frac{\sum_i \text{hw}_i}{80} + 0.5 \frac{\sum_j \text{proj}_j}{200}$$

# Semi-tidy approach

```
1 grades |>
2   mutate(
3     hw_avg = (hw_1+hw_2+hw_3+hw_4)/4,
4     proj_avg = (proj_1+proj_2)/2
5   ) |>
6   mutate(
7     overall = 0.5*(proj_avg/100) + 0.5*(hw_avg/20)
8   )
```

# A tibble: 4 × 10

|   | name  | hw_1  | hw_2  | hw_3  | hw_4  | proj_1 | proj_2 | hw_avg | proj_avg | overall |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------|
|   | <chr> | <dbl> | <dbl> | <dbl> | <dbl> | <dbl>  | <dbl>  | <dbl>  | <dbl>    | <dbl>   |
| 1 | Alice | 19    | 19    | 18    | 20    | 89     | 95     | 19     | 92       | 0.935   |
| 2 | Bob   | 18    | 20    | 18    | 16    | 77     | 88     | 18     | 82.5     | 0.862   |
| 3 | Carol | 18    | 20    | 18    | 17    | 96     | 99     | 18.2   | 97.5     | 0.944   |
| 4 | Dave  | 19    | 19    | 18    | 19    | 86     | 82     | 18.8   | 84       | 0.889   |

# pivot\_longer (Wide -> Long)

```
1 tidyr::pivot_longer(  
2   grades,  
3   cols = hw_1:proj_2,  
4   names_to = "assignment",  
5   values_to = "score"  
6 )
```

```
# A tibble: 24 × 3  
  name assignment score  
  <chr> <chr>      <dbl>  
1 Alice hw_1        19  
2 Alice hw_2        19  
3 Alice hw_3        18  
4 Alice hw_4        20  
5 Alice proj_1       89  
6 Alice proj_2       95  
7 Bob   hw_1        18  
8 Bob   hw_2        20  
9 Bob   hw_3        18  
10 Bob   hw_4        16  
# i 14 more rows
```

# Split type and id

```
1 tidyr::pivot_longer(  
2   grades,  
3   cols = hw_1:proj_2,  
4   names_to = c("type", "id"),  
5   names_sep = "_",  
6   values_to = "score"  
7 )
```

```
# A tibble: 24 × 4  
  name type id   score  
  <chr> <chr> <chr> <dbl>  
1 Alice hw    1     19  
2 Alice hw    2     19  
3 Alice hw    3     18  
4 Alice hw    4     20  
5 Alice proj  1     89  
6 Alice proj  2     95  
7 Bob   hw    1     18  
8 Bob   hw    2     20  
9 Bob   hw    3     18  
10 Bob  hw    4     16  
# i 14 more rows
```

# Tidy approach?

```
1 grades |>
2   tidyr::pivot_longer(
3     cols = hw_1:proj_2,
4     names_to = c("type", "id"),
5     names_sep = "_",
6     values_to = "score"
7   ) |>
8   summarize(
9     total = sum(score),
10    .by = c(name, type)
11  )
```

```
# A tibble: 8 × 3
  name type total
<chr> <chr> <dbl>
1 Alice hw      76
2 Alice proj    184
3 Bob   hw      72
4 Bob   proj    165
5 Carol hw      73
6 Carol proj    195
7 Dave  hw      75
8 Dave  proj    168
```

# pivot\_wider - (Long -> Wide)

```
1 grades |>
2   tidyr::pivot_longer(
3     cols = hw_1:proj_2,
4     names_to = c("type", "id"),
5     names_sep = "_",
6     values_to = "score"
7   ) |>
8   summarize(
9     total = sum(score),
10    .by = c(name, type)
11  ) |>
12  tidyr::pivot_wider(
13    names_from = type,
14    values_from = total
15  )
```

```
# A tibble: 4 × 3
  name      hw  proj
  <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Alice     76   184
2 Bob       72   165
3 Carol     73   195
4 Dave      75   168
```



# Wrapping up

```
1 grades |>
2   tidyr::pivot_longer(
3     cols = hw_1:proj_2,
4     names_to = c("type", "id"),
5     names_sep = "_",
6     values_to = "score"
7   ) |>
8   summarize(
9     total = sum(score),
10    .by = c(name, type)
11  ) |>
12  tidyr::pivot_wider(
13    names_from = type,
14    values_from = total
15  ) |>
16  mutate(
17    score = 0.5*(hw/80) + 0.5*(proj/200
18  )
```

```
# A tibble: 4 × 4
  name      hw  proj score
<chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
1 Alice     76   184 0.935
2 Bob       72   165 0.862
3 Carol     73   195 0.944
4 Dave      75   168 0.889
```

# Exercise 1

The `palmerpenguins` package contains measurement data on various penguin species on islands near Palmer Station in Antarctica. The code below shows the # of each species measured on each of the three islands (missing island, penguin pairs implies that species does not occur on that island).

```
1 palmerpenguins::penguins |>  
2   count(island, species)
```

```
# A tibble: 5 × 3  
  island    species      n  
  <fct>    <fct>    <int>  
1 Biscoe  Adelie      44  
2 Biscoe  Gentoo    124  
3 Dream   Adelie      56  
4 Dream   Chinstrap  68  
5 Torgersen Adelie     52
```

Starting from these data construct a contingency table of counts for island (rows) by species (columns) using the pivot functions we've just discussed.

# Rectangling

# Star Wars & repurrrsive

`repurrrsive` is a package that contains a number of interesting example data sets that are stored in a hierarchical format. Many come from web-based APIs which provide results as JSON.

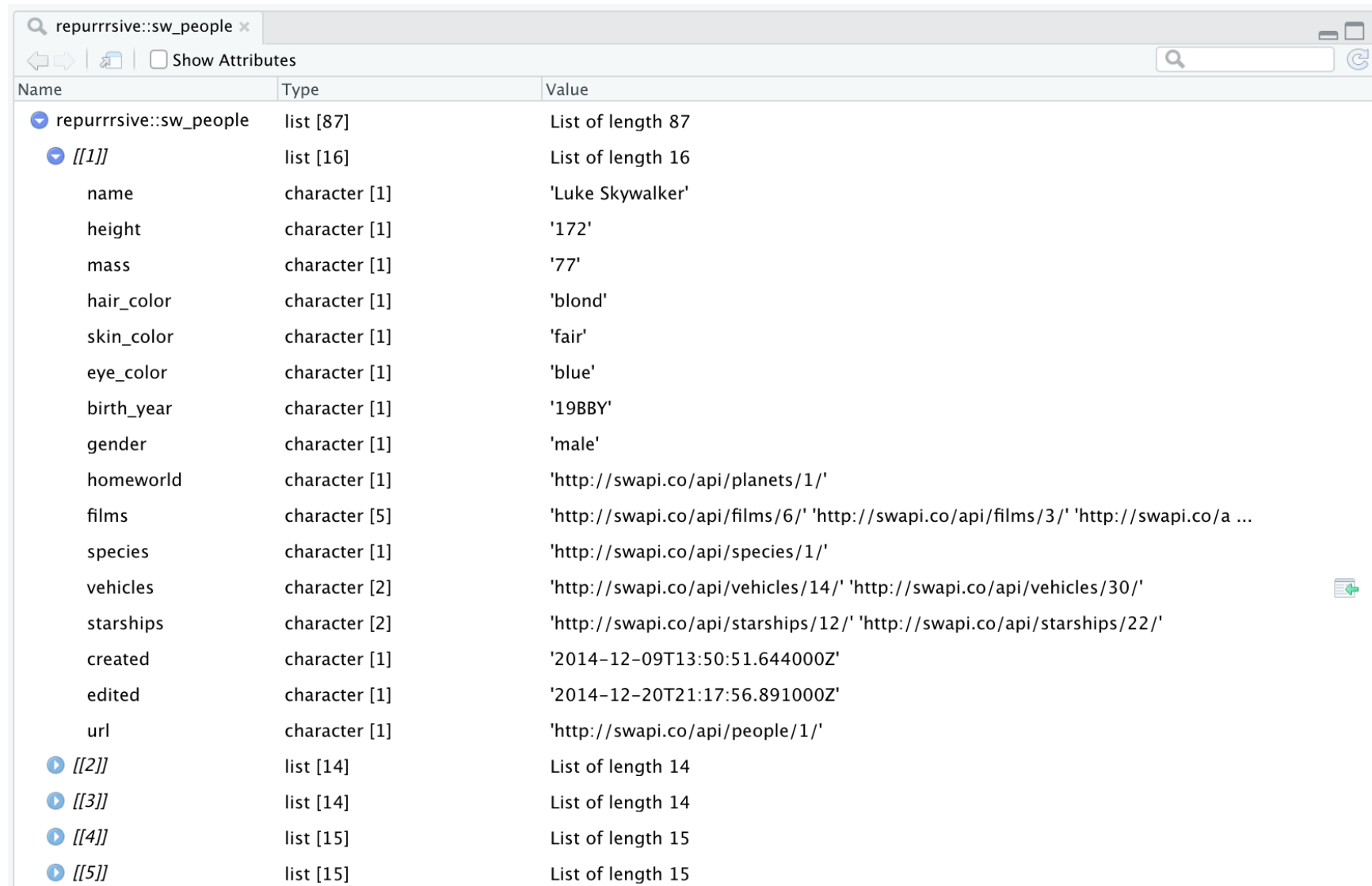
```
1 str(repurrrsive::sw_people)
```

List of 87

```
$ :List of 16
..$ name      : chr "Luke Skywalker"
..$ height    : chr "172"
..$ mass      : chr "77"
..$ hair_color: chr "blond"
..$ skin_color: chr "fair"
..$ eye_color : chr "blue"
..$ birth_year: chr "19BBY"
..$ gender    : chr "male"
..$ homeworld : chr "http://swapi.co/api/planets/1/"
..$ films     : chr [1:5] "http://swapi.co/api/films/6/" "http://swapi.co/api/films/3/"
"http://swapi.co/api/films/2/" "http://swapi.co/api/films/1/" ...
..$ species   : chr "http://swapi.co/api/species/1/"
```

# RStudio data viewer

```
1 View(repurrrsive::sw_people)
```



| Name                   | Type          | Value  |
|------------------------|---------------|--|
| repurrrsive::sw_people | list [87]     | List of length 87  |
| [[1]]                  | list [16]     | List of length 16  |
| name                   | character [1] | 'Luke Skywalker'   |
| height                 | character [1] | '172'  |
| mass                   | character [1] | '77'   |
| hair_color             | character [1] | 'blond'  |
| skin_color             | character [1] | 'fair'   |
| eye_color              | character [1] | 'blue'   |
| birth_year             | character [1] | '19BBY'  |
| gender                 | character [1] | 'male'   |
| homeworld              | character [1] | 'http://swapi.co/api/planets/1/'   |
| films                  | character [5] | 'http://swapi.co/api/films/6/' 'http://swapi.co/api/films/3/' 'http://swapi.co/a ... |
| species                | character [1] | 'http://swapi.co/api/species/1/'   |
| vehicles               | character [2] | 'http://swapi.co/api/vehicles/14/' 'http://swapi.co/api/vehicles/30/'                |
| starships              | character [2] | 'http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/' 'http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/'              |
| created                | character [1] | '2014-12-09T13:50:51.644000Z'  |
| edited                 | character [1] | '2014-12-20T21:17:56.891000Z'  |
| url                    | character [1] | 'http://swapi.co/api/people/1/'  |
| [[2]]                  | list [14]     | List of length 14  |
| [[3]]                  | list [14]     | List of length 14  |
| [[4]]                  | list [15]     | List of length 15  |
| [[5]]                  | list [15]     | List of length 15  |

# Tidy data from nested lists

Recent versions of `tidyr` have added several functions that are designed to aide in the tidying of hierarchical data. Since they are part of `tidyr` all of the following functions work with data frames.

From `hoist()`, `unnest_longer()`, and `unnest_wider()` provide tools for rectangling, collapsing deeply nested lists into regular columns.

# Lists as columns

```
1 (sw_df = tibble::tibble(  
2   people = repurrrsive::sw_people  
3 ))
```

```
# A tibble: 87 × 1  
  people  
  <list>  
1 <named list [16]>  
2 <named list [14]>  
3 <named list [14]>  
4 <named list [15]>  
5 <named list [15]>  
6 <named list [14]>  
7 <named list [14]>  
8 <named list [14]>  
9 <named list [15]>  
10 <named list [16]>  
# i 77 more rows
```

```
1 is.data.frame(sw_df)
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

```
1 as.data.frame(sw_df) |> head()
```

people

```
1 Luke Skywalker, 172, 77, blond, fair, blue,  
19BBY, male, http://swapi.co/api/planets/1/,  
http://swapi.co/api/films/6/,  
http://swapi.co/api/films/3/,  
http://swapi.co/api/films/2/,  
http://swapi.co/api/films/1/,  
http://swapi.co/api/films/7/,  
http://swapi.co/api/species/1/,  
http://swapi.co/api/vehicles/14/,  
http://swapi.co/api/vehicles/30/,  
http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/,  
http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/, 2014-12-  
09T13:50:51.644000Z, 2014-12-20T21:17:56.891000Z,  
http://swapi.co/api/people/1/  
2
```

```
1 nrow(sw_df)
```

```
[1] 87
```

# Unnesting

```
1 sw_df |>
2   unnest_wider(people)
```

# A tibble: 87 × 16

|    | name             | height | mass  | hair_color   | skin_color   | eye_color | birth_year | gender |
|----|------------------|--------|-------|--------------|--------------|-----------|------------|--------|
|    | <chr>            | <chr>  | <chr> | <chr>        | <chr>        | <chr>     | <chr>      | <chr>  |
| 1  | Luke Skywalker   | 172    | 77    | blond        | fair         | blue      | 19BBY      | male   |
| 2  | C-3PO            | 167    | 75    | n/a          | gold         | yellow    | 112BBY     | n/a    |
| 3  | R2-D2            | 96     | 32    | n/a          | white, bl... | red       | 33BBY      | n/a    |
| 4  | Darth Vader      | 202    | 136   | none         | white        | yellow    | 41.9BBY    | male   |
| 5  | Leia Organa      | 150    | 49    | brown        | light        | brown     | 19BBY      | female |
| 6  | Owen Lars        | 178    | 120   | brown, gr... | light        | blue      | 52BBY      | male   |
| 7  | Beru Whitesun... | 165    | 75    | brown        | light        | blue      | 47BBY      | female |
| 8  | R5-D4            | 97     | 32    | n/a          | white, red   | red       | unknown    | n/a    |
| 9  | Biggs Darklig... | 183    | 84    | black        | light        | brown     | 24BBY      | male   |
| 10 | Obi-Wan Kenobi   | 182    | 77    | auburn, w... | fair         | blue-gray | 57BBY      | male   |

# i 77 more rows



# More list columns

```
1 sw_df |>
2   unnest_wider(people) |>
3   select(name, starships)
```

# A tibble: 87 × 2

|    | name               | starships |
|----|--------------------|-----------|
|    | <chr>              | <list>    |
| 1  | Luke Skywalker     | <chr [2]> |
| 2  | C-3PO              | <NULL>    |
| 3  | R2-D2              | <NULL>    |
| 4  | Darth Vader        | <chr [1]> |
| 5  | Leia Organa        | <NULL>    |
| 6  | Owen Lars          | <NULL>    |
| 7  | Beru Whitesun lars | <NULL>    |
| 8  | R5-D4              | <NULL>    |
| 9  | Biggs Darklighter  | <chr [1]> |
| 10 | Obi-Wan Kenobi     | <chr [5]> |

# i 77 more rows

```
1 sw_df |>
2   unnest_wider(people) |>
3   select(name, starships) |>
4   pull(starships) |>
5   str()
```

List of 87

```
$ : chr [1:2]
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/"
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/"
$ : NULL
$ : NULL
$ : chr
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/"
$ : NULL
$ : NULL
$ : NULL
$ : NULL
$ : chr
"http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/"
```

# Unnest Longer

```
1 unnest_wider(sw_df, people) |>
2   select(name, starships) |>
3   unnest_longer(starships)
```

```
# A tibble: 31 × 2
```

|    | name              | starships   |
|----|-------------------|---|
|    | <chr>             | <chr>   |
| 1  | Luke Skywalker    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/</a> |
| 2  | Luke Skywalker    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/</a> |
| 3  | Darth Vader       | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/</a> |
| 4  | Biggs Darklighter | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/</a> |
| 5  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/48/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/48/</a> |
| 6  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/59/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/59/</a> |
| 7  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/64/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/64/</a> |
| 8  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/65/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/65/</a> |
| 9  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/74/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/74/</a> |
| 10 | Anakin Skywalker  | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/59/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/59/</a> |

```
# i 21 more rows
```

# Aside - sw\_starships

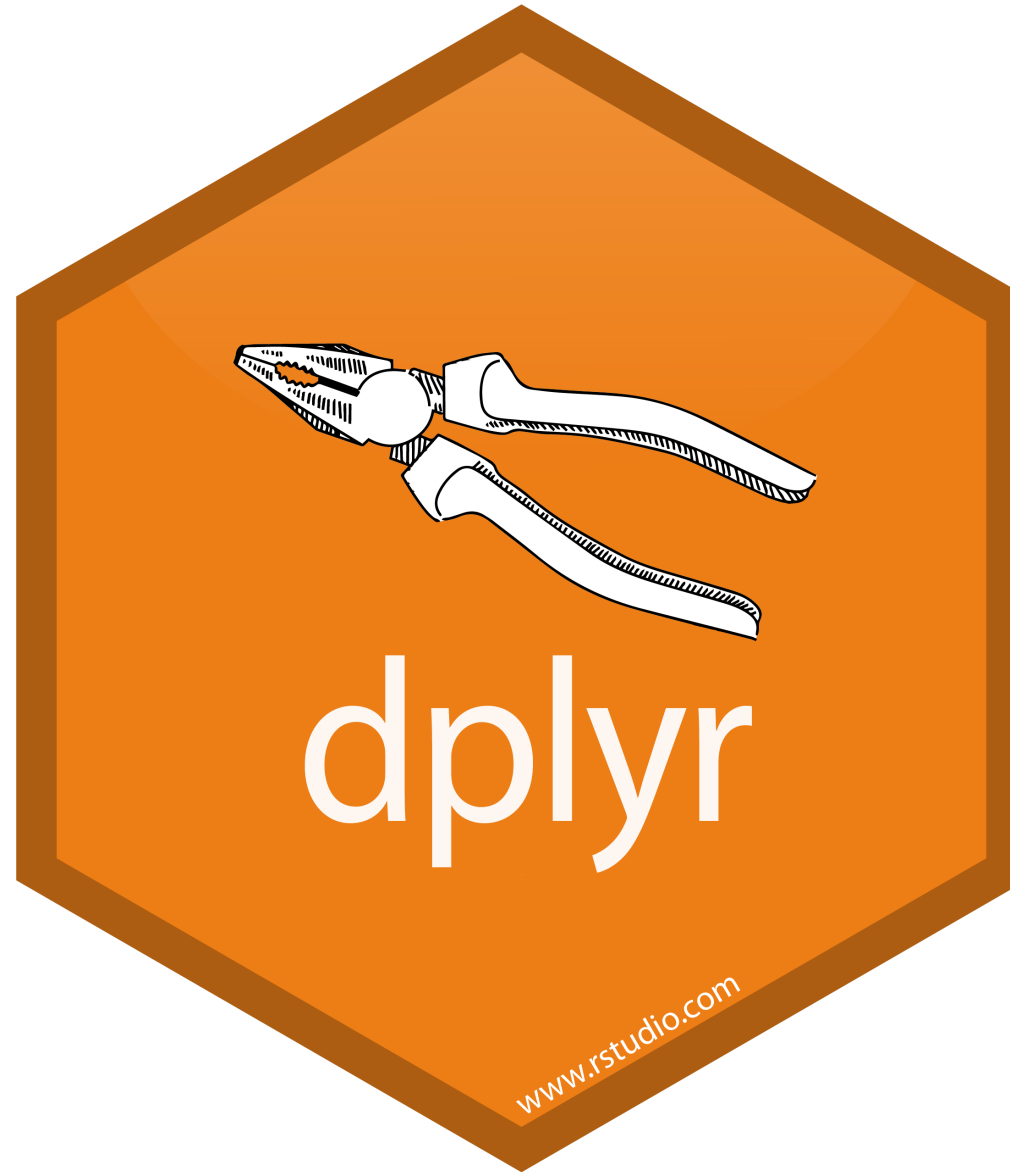
```
1 (ships = tibble(ships = repurrrsive::sw_starships) |>
2   unnest_wider(ships) |>
3   select(ship = name, url)
4 )
```

```
# A tibble: 37 × 2
```

| ship                             | url   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| <chr>                            | <chr>   |
| 1 Sentinel-class landing craft   | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/5/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/5/</a>   |
| 2 Death Star                     | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/9/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/9/</a>   |
| 3 Millennium Falcon              | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/10/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/10/</a> |
| 4 Y-wing                         | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/11/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/11/</a> |
| 5 X-wing                         | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/</a> |
| 6 TIE Advanced x1                | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/</a> |
| 7 Executor                       | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/15/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/15/</a> |
| 8 Slave 1                        | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/21/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/21/</a> |
| 9 Imperial shuttle               | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/</a> |
| 10 EF76 Nebulon-B escort frigate | <a href="http://swapi.co/api/starships/23/">http://swapi.co/api/starships/23/</a> |

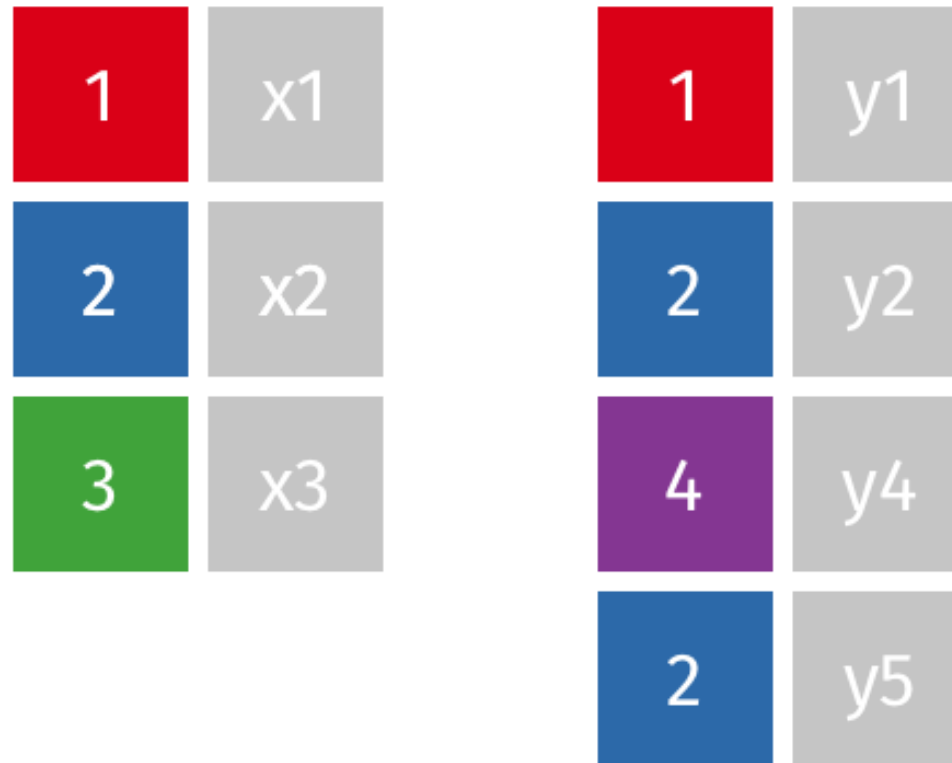
```
# i 27 more rows
```

# Aside - Joins



# Joins (left)

`left_join(x, y)`



# Joins (right)

`right_join(x, y)`

|   |    |   |    |
|---|----|---|----|
| 1 | x1 | 1 | y1 |
| 2 | x2 | 2 | y2 |
| 3 | x3 | 4 | y4 |

# Joins (full / outer)

`full_join(x, y)`

|   |    |   |    |
|---|----|---|----|
| 1 | x1 | 1 | y1 |
| 2 | x2 | 2 | y2 |
| 3 | x3 | 4 | y4 |

# Joins (inner)

`inner_join(x, y)`

|   |    |   |    |
|---|----|---|----|
| 1 | x1 | 1 | y1 |
| 2 | x2 | 2 | y2 |
| 3 | x3 | 4 | y4 |



## join by

By default dplyr's join functions will join based on matching column names between the two data frames.

To specify the columns to join by (or to handle non-matching names) pass in a character vector of column names (or a named character vector where the names match the left data frame and the values match the right).

More recently more advanced joins have been allowed via the `join_by()` construct which allows for: equality, inequality, rolling, overlap, and cross joins. See `?join_by` for details.

# Joining people and starships

```
1 sw_df |>
2   unnest_wider(people) |>
3   select(name, starships) |>
4   unnest_longer(starships) |>
5   left_join(ships, by = c("starships" = "url"))
```

# A tibble: 31 × 3

|    | name<br><chr>     | starships<br><chr>                | ship<br><chr>            |
|----|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1  | Luke Skywalker    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/ | X-wing                   |
| 2  | Luke Skywalker    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/22/ | Imperial shuttle         |
| 3  | Darth Vader       | http://swapi.co/api/starships/13/ | TIE Advanced x1          |
| 4  | Biggs Darklighter | http://swapi.co/api/starships/12/ | X-wing                   |
| 5  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/48/ | Jedi starfighter         |
| 6  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/59/ | Trade Federation cruiser |
| 7  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/64/ | Naboo star skiff         |
| 8  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/65/ | Jedi Interceptor         |
| 9  | Obi-Wan Kenobi    | http://swapi.co/api/starships/74/ | Belbullab-22 starfighter |
| 10 | Anakin Skywalker  | http://swapi.co/api/starships/59/ | Trade Federation cruiser |

# Putting it together

```
1 sw_df |>
2   unnest_wider(people) |>
3   select(name, starships) |>
4   unnest_longer(starships) |>
5   inner_join(ships, by = c("starships" = "url")) |>
6   select(-starships) |>
7   group_by(name) |>
8   summarize(ships = list(ship), .groups = "drop")
```

# A tibble: 20 × 2

|   | name              | ships     |
|---|-------------------|-----------|
|   | <chr>             | <list>    |
| 1 | Anakin Skywalker  | <chr [3]> |
| 2 | Arvel Crynyd      | <chr [1]> |
| 3 | Biggs Darklighter | <chr [1]> |
| 4 | Boba Fett         | <chr [1]> |
| 5 | Chewbacca         | <chr [2]> |
| 6 | Darth Maul        | <chr [1]> |
| 7 | Darth Vader       | <chr [1]> |
| 8 | Gregar Typho      | <chr [1]> |

```

1 sw_df |>
2   unnest_wider(people) |>
3   select(name, starships) |>
4   unnest_longer(starships) |>
5   inner_join(ships, by = c("starships" = "url")) |>
6   select(-starships) |>
7   group_by(name) |>
8   summarize(ships = paste(ship, collapse = ", "), .groups = "drop")

```

# A tibble: 20 × 2

|    | name              | ships   |
|----|-------------------|---|
|    | <chr>             | <chr>   |
| 1  | Anakin Skywalker  | Trade Federation cruiser, Jedi Interceptor, Naboo fighter |
| 2  | Arvel Crynyd      | A-wing  |
| 3  | Biggs Darklighter | X-wing  |
| 4  | Boba Fett         | Slave 1   |
| 5  | Chewbacca         | Millennium Falcon, Imperial shuttle                       |
| 6  | Darth Maul        | Scimitar  |
| 7  | Darth Vader       | TIE Advanced x1   |
| 8  | Gregar Typho      | Naboo fighter   |
| 9  | Grievous          | Belbullab-22 starfighter                                  |
| 10 | Han Solo          | Millennium Falcon   |

# Exercise 2

1. Which planet appeared in the most starwars film (according to the data in `sw_planets`)?
2. Which planet was the homeworld of the most characters in the starwars films?

