8. Să se afișeze, pentru fiecare număr de la 32 la 126, valoarea numărului (în baza 8) și caracterul cu acel cod ASCII.

```
main.asm
                                                   b8.asm (modul)
                                                    Code Segment
Data Segment
pattern DB " chr(%04X)
                                                   literal_octal:
                                10,
                                    13, 0;
                                                       ; EAX = int(str(dec_to_oct(byte([ESP + 4]))))
Code Segment
                                                       ; ex. [ESP+4]=9 \Rightarrow EAX = 11
mov ECX, 127-32
                       ; ECX = count[32..126]
                                                       ; b7b6b5b4b3b2b1b0 => oooob7b6_oob5b4b3_oob2b1b0, oo:=0b
.iterate:
                                                       ; ex. 162 = A2h = 1010_0010b => 0010_0100_0010b = 242h
    pushad
                      ; backup reg state
                                                       ; (<=> 242 oct)
                      ; ECX = -ECX
    neg ECX
                                                       ; ex: printf("%X",literal_octal(val));
                      ; ECX += 127 := 32..126
    add ECX, 127
                                                       xor EAX, EAX
                                                                          ; EAX = 0
    ; printf(pattern, literal octal(ECX), ECX);
                                                       mov AL, [ESP+4]
                                                                          ; AL = byte([ESP+4])
    ; param printf '%c', param literal_octal:
    push ECX
                                                                          ; solve nibble 0
                                                       mov CL, 3
    call literal_octal ; EAX = literal_octal(ECX)
                                                       call .insert_bit_0 ; EAX = b7b6_b5b4b3_oob2b1b0
                      ; param printf '%X'
    push EAX
                                                                         ; solve nibble 1
                                                       mov CL, 7
                                                       ; fallthrough .insert bit 0
    push pattern
                      ; param printf str
                                                       .insert_bit_0:
    call [printf]
                      ; print row
                                                          ; CL < 31
                      ; clear stack
    add ESP, 4*3
                                                           ; LEFT = bits EAX[31..CL+1]
                                                           ; RIGHT = bits EAX[CL..0]
    popad
                      ; retrieve reg state
                                                           ; EAX = {LEFT, RIGHT} := ((EAX xor RIGHT) << 1) | RIGHT
    loop .iterate
                      ; for(ECX=127-32;ECX--;)
                                                           mov EBX, 1 ; EBX = 1
                                                           shl EBX, CL ; EBX = 100...0 (cnt(0)=CL)
                                                                        ; EBX = 11...1 (RIGHT mask)
                                                           dec EBX
                                                           and EBX, EAX; EBX = RIGHT
                                                           xor EAX, EBX ; EAX = {LEFT,00..0}
                                                           add EAX, EAX ; EAX <<= 1, avoid CL
                                                           or EAX, EBX ; EAX = LEFT_0_RIGHT
```

```
×
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
dicrosoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.778]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
:\Users\Stefan\Desktop\ASC\asm_tools\lab11>main.exe
    chr(0040) = ' '
chr(0041) = '!'
     chr(0041) = !
chr(0042) = '"'
chr(0043) = '#'
    chr(0044) = '$'
chr(0045) = '%'
chr(0046) = '&'
chr(0047) = '''
     chr(0050) =
chr(0051) =
     chr(0053) =
chr(0054) =
     chr(0056) = '.'
     chr(0061) = '1'
chr(0062) = '2'
chr(0063) = '3'
      chr(0064)
     chr(0065) = '5'
      chr(0067)
      chr(0070)
```

```
chr(0166) = 'v'
chr(0167) = 'w'
chr(0171) = 'x'
chr(0171) = 'y'
chr(0172) = 'z'
chr(0173) = '{'}
chr(0174) = '|'
chr(0175) = '}
chr(0176) = '~'
```

8. Să se afișeze, pentru fiecare număr de la 32 la 126, valoarea numărului (în baza 8) și caracterul cu acel cod ASCII.

```
b8.asm (modul)
main.c
#include <stdio.h>
                                             Code Segment
                                             1bits 32
int literal_octal(int n);
                                             segment code use32 public code
                                             global _literal_octal
int main()
                                             _literal_octal:
{
    for(char i=32; i <= 126; i++)</pre>
                                                 ; EAX = int(str(dec to oct(byte([EBP + 8]))))
                                                 ; ex. [EBP+8]=9 \Rightarrow EAX = 11
        printf(
             " \%3i. chr(\%04X) = '\%c' n",
                                                 ; b7b6b5b4b3b2b1b0 => oooob7b6_oob5b4b3_oob2b1b0, oo:=0b
                                                 ; ex. 162 = A2h = 1010 0010b => 0010 0100 0010b = 242h
                                                 ; (<=> 242 oct)
             literal_octal(i),
                                                 ; printf("%X",literal_octal(val));
        );
                                                        EBP
                                                                   ; prepare stack
                                                 push
    return 0;
                                                 mov
                                                        EBP, ESP
}
                                                 push EBX
                                                                   ; push only registers used by function
                                                 push ECX
                                                 xor EAX, EAX
                                                                  ; EAX = 0
                                                 mov AL, [EBP+8] ; AL = byte([EBP+8])
                                                                   ; solve nibble 0
                                                 mov CL, 3
                                                 call .insert_bit_0 ; EAX = b7b6_b5b4b3_oob2b1b0
                                                                    ; solve nibble 1
                                                 mov CL, 7
                                                 call .insert_bit_0 ; EAX = b7b6_oob5b4b3_oob2b1b0
                                                 pop ECX
                                                                   ; retrieve registers from stack
                                                 pop EBX
                                                       ESP, EBP
                                                                   ; reset stack
                                                 mov
                                                 pop
                                                       EBP
                                                 ret
                                                 .insert_bit 0:
                                                    ; CL < 31
                                                     ; LEFT = bits EAX[31..CL+1]
                                                     ; RIGHT = bits EAX[CL..0]
                                                     ; EAX = \{LEFT, RIGHT\} := ((EAX xor RIGHT) << 1) | RIGHT
                                                     mov EBX, 1 ; EBX = 1
shl EBX, CL ; EBX = 100...0 (cnt(0)=CL)
                                                                  ; EBX = 11...1 (RIGHT mask)
                                                     dec EBX
                                                     and EBX, EAX; EBX = RIGHT
                                                     xor EAX, EBX ; EAX = {LEFT,00..0}
                                                     add EAX, EAX ; EAX <<= 1, avoid CL
                                                     or EAX, EBX; EAX = LEFT 0 RIGHT
                                                     ret
```



