

space_time_para_2.4.3_v2015.wxm
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An application document for Geometric Algebra using wxMaxima
Ref: The Survey, para 2.4.3, March 2015 version
investigate the use of the fourth axis, $\mathbf{e_4}$, as a possible imitation for G(3,1)
Initialization
<pre>(%i1) ext:["wxm"]\$ file_type_maxima:append(ext,file_type_maxima)\$ batchload("initialize_fns")\$</pre>
the pseudoscalar and its inverse the lowest useable dimension pseudoscalar should be $\{e_1,e_2\}$ i.e. $\text{Plen} = 2$ e.g. for four dimensions edit Pseudos: $\{e_1,e_2,e_3\}$ to Pseudos: $\{e_1,e_2,e_3,e_4\}$
<pre>(%i1) Pseudos:{e1,e2,e3,e4}\$ Pvar:listofvars(Pseudos)\$ Plen:length(Pvar)\$ I:Pseudos\$ ni:(Plen-1)*Plen/2\$ Ii:(-1)^ni*I\$ kill(ni)\$ ldisplay(Pvar)\$ (%t8) Pvar=[e1,e2,e3,e4]</pre>
<pre>(%i9) batchload("initialize_lsts")\$ (%t9) lstblds=[[{e1},{e2},{e3},{e4}],[{e1,e2},{e1,e3},{e1,e4},{e2,e3},{e2,e4},{e3,e4}],[{e1,e2,e3},{e1,e2,e4},{e1,e3,e4},{e2,e3,e4}],[{e1,e2,e3,e4}]] (%t10) allblds=[{e1},{e2},{e3},{e4},{e1,e2},{e1,e3},{e1,e4},{e2,e3},{e2,e4},{e3,e4},{e1,e2,e3},{e1,e2,e4},{e1,e3,e4},{e2,e3,e4},{e1,e2,e3,e4}] (%t11) invblds=[{e1},{e2},{e3},{e4},-{e1,e2},-{e1,e3},-{e1,e4},-{e2,e3},-{e2,e4},-{e3,e4},-{e1,e2,e3},-{e1,e2,e4},-{e1,e3,e4},-{e2,e3,e4},{e1,e2,e3,e4}]</pre>
end of Initialization
set derivabbrev:false\$
<pre>(%i12) derivabbrev:false\$</pre>
coded from para.2.4.3, March 2015 version of The Survey... partial verification of the last identity replacing $\mathbf{e_0}$ with $\mathbf{e_4}$
choose a simple rotation angle and unit vector, $\mathbf{\hat{v}}$ at for the velocity
<pre>(%i13) alpha:%pi/3\$ ahalf:alpha/2; vhat:{e2}\$ (%o14) $\frac{\pi}{6}$</pre>
the velocity magnitude as a fraction of the speed of light
<pre>(%i16) vel:tanh(alpha)\$ ev(%,numer); (%o17) 0.78071443535927</pre>
show the rotation bivector (2015 version gave $\mathbf{e_0 \wedge \hat{v}}$)
<pre>(%i18) Bv:(%i*{e4})&*vhat; (%o18) $R/\sqrt{-\{e_2,e_4\}}*\mathbf{e_i}$</pre>
form the rotation (for a positive exponent), with accuracy limited using mvexp(...,13)
<pre>(%i19) Bv*ahalf\$ mvexp(% ,13)\$ ev(% ,numer,expand); (%o21) 1.140238321076428-0.54785347388804*%i*{e2,e4}</pre>
verify that the identity requires hyperbolic functions noting the negative bivector
<pre>(%i22) cosh(ahalf)+Bv*sinh(ahalf)\$ trigsimp(%)\$ Rv:ev(% ,numer,expand); (%o24) 1.140238321076429-0.54785347388804*%i*{e2,e4}</pre>