

# R documentation

of all in ‘.’

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combine.two.BSJ.tables  
*combine BSJs*

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## Description

Combine 2 BSJ tables

## Usage

```
combine.two.BSJ.tables(ce_bsjs, ciri_bsjs)
```

## Arguments

ce_bsjs	BSJ table 1
ciri_bsjs	BSJ table 2

**Details**

Just a combination of BSJ tables to make sure we have a complete set of BSJs. The variable names do not actually matter since the all tables have the same formatting.

**Value**

Tibble object with combined filtered BSJ coordinate and number of junction spanning reads across sample.

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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filter.bam	<i>BAM file filter</i>
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**Description**

A wrapper function for samtools use to trim the files

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'bam'
filter(BSJ_gr, sample_table, samtools_prefix)
```

**Arguments**

BSJ_gr	a GRange of BSJ coordinates
sample_table	sample table formatted according to the manual, Must contain “sample_name” “treatment” “file_bam” “lib_size” “read_len”; NB the values in column “treatment” can only be “control” and “enriched”
samtools_prefix	a string that corresponds to user’s samtools run prefix

**Details**

This function removes the BAM file reads that do not overlap with the BSJ loci. This significantly speeds up the feature detection and lowers the virtual memory requirements

**Value**

BAMFileList object with info on the trimmed files

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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```
find.depleted.features
```

*CircRNA feature selection*

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**Description**

CircRNA feature selection

**Usage**

```
find.depleted.features(circ_fc_adj, sample_table, circ_sg, test = "DEX")
```

**Arguments**

`circ_fc_adj` count matrix corresponding to the circRNA features

`sample_table` sample table formatted according to the manual, Must contain “sample\_name” “treatment” “file\_bam” “lib\_size” “read\_len”; NB the values in column “treatment” can only be “control” and “enriched”

`circ_sg` SGSeq object supplying feature info

`test` either “DEX” for DEXSeq based feature selection or “comparison” simple average comparison

**Details**

This function works in 2 ways: direct comparison of average quantities or as a wrapper of DEXSeq. In case of dataset with replicates, the suggested approach is the use of DEXSeq statistical test.

**Value**

vector of featureID

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

---

```
make.BSJ.gr
```

*Convert BSJ string to GRanges object*

---

**Description**

Convert BSJ string to GRanges object

**Usage**

```
make.BSJ.gr(BSJ_set)
```

**Arguments**

BSJ\_set            a list of BSJ ID records procudes by `process.BSJs` or `combine.two.BSJ.tables`

**Details**

Convert BSJ string to GRanges obejct

**Value**

GRanges object indicating BSJ loci

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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make.BSJ.sg	<i>Preparation of the BSJ-specific splice graphs</i>
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**Description**

Selection of the exons based on BSJ set

**Usage**

```
make.BSJ.sg(circ_sg, BSJ_gr)
```

**Arguments**

circ\_sg            SGSeq prediction object  
BSJ\_gr            a GRRange of BSJ coordinates

**Details**

Selection of the exons based on BSJ set

**Value**

SGSeq containing exons belonging to BSJ loci

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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merge.qics	<i>Merging 2 assemblies</i>
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**Description**

Pair-wise merging 2 assemblies Pair-wise merging 2 assemblies

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'qics'  
merge(qics1, qics2)
```

**Arguments**

qics1	assembly 1
qics2	assembly 2

**Value**

data.frame of transcript information in flat format

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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overlap.SG.BSJ	<i>Overlap of BSJ and a splice graph</i>
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**Description**

Creates a disjointed set of exons based on a SGSeq object and a BSJ GRanges object

**Usage**

```
overlap.SG.BSJ(sgfc_pred, BSJ_gr)
```

**Arguments**

sgfc_pred	SGSeq prediction object
BSJ_gr	a GRange of BSJ coordinates

**Details**

Creates a disjointed set of exons based on a SGSeq object and a BSJ GRanges object. The function keeps the SGSeq metadata

**Value**

SGSeq with disjoint exon bins

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

---

parse.files

*Parse BSJ input*

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**Description**

Parse BSJ files from CIRI, CIRCexplorer2 or a TSV file

**Usage**

```
parse.files(file_list, file_path, input_type)
```

**Arguments**

file_list	list with file names
file_path	string object with file path, could be an empty string
input_type	CIRI for CIRI2 input, CE for CIRCexplorer2 input and tsv for TSV formatted input

**Details**

This processes BSJ prediction files and prepares them for the next step of the pipeline. `input_type` is essential for the correct parsing of the files.

**Value**

Tibble object with combined BSJ coordinate and number of junction spanning reads across sample

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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plotRanges2	<i>Plot ranges</i>
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**Description**

Plots GRanges objects

**Usage**

```
plotRanges2(...)
```

**Details**

ggplot of multiple GRanges object. Every object is auto assigned a colour from colorblind friendly scheme

**Value**

ggplot of multiple GRanges objects

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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process.BSJs	<i>Process BSJs</i>
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**Description**

process the BSJ table and select high confidence BSJs

**Usage**

```
process.BSJs(cdf, sample_table)
```

**Arguments**

cdf	tibble produced by <code>parse.files</code>
sample_table	sample table formatted according to the manual, Must contain “sample_name” “treatment” “file_bam” “lib_size” “read_len”; NB the values in column “treatment” can only be “control” and “enriched”
file_path	string object with file path, could be an empty string

**Details**

Filters BSJ based on comparison of the average CPM values of BSJs

**Value**

Tibble object with combined filtered BSJ coordinate and number of junction spanning reads across sample.

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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recount.features	<i>Re-count of the reads per exon bin</i>
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**Description**

A wrapper function for Rsubread

**Usage**

```
recount.features(full_sg, sample_table)
```

**Arguments**

full_sg	a SGSeq object of exon bins
sample_table	sample table formatted according to the manual, Must contain “sample_name” “treatment” “file_bam” “lib_size” “read_len”; NB the values in column “treatment” can only be “control” and “enriched”

**Details**

This function performs requantification of the exon bins with specifically selected parameters

**Value**

BAMFileList object with info on the trimmed files

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov



RPKM.calc

*RPKM calculation for the genomic features***Description**

RPKM calculation for the genomic features

**Usage**

```
RPKM.calc(
  count_matrix,
  sg,
  bsj_granges,
  bs_genome,
  sample_table,
  feature_type,
  fsj_overhang = 3,
  bsj_overhang = 15,
  eff_length_correction = T,
  gc_correction = F
)
```

**Arguments**

`count_matrix` count matrix corresponding to the features

`sg` SGSeq object supplying feature info

`bsj_granges` GRange of BSJ coordinates

`bs_genome` a BSGenome object used for extracting the sequences

`sample_table` sample table formatted according to the manual, Must contain “sample\_name” “treatment” “file\_bam” “lib\_size” “read\_len”; NB the values in column “treatment” can only be “control” and “enriched”

`feature_type` either “e” for exons or “j” for junctions

`fsj_overhang` the FJS overhang used in the mapping a.k.a. anchor

`bsj_overhang` the BSJ overhang used in the chimeric detection

`eff_length_correction` whether or not to apply effective length correction

`gc_correction` whether or not to apply GC-content correction; requires further testing

**Details**

This function performs RPKM calculations for the exonic features. The RPKM calculation is performed based on the exact sequences for the exons. For junctions, the sequences are selected based on the exons, flanking the junction. The function takes into account the needed effective length corrections.

**Value**

BAMFileList object with info on the trimmed files

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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`transcripts.per.sample`  
*Transcript assembly*

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**Description**

Transcript assembly per sample Transcript assembly per sample based on sample name in the “sample\_table”

**Usage**

```
transcripts.per.sample(i)
```

**Arguments**

`i` name of the sample

**Value**

`data.frame` of transcript information in flat format

**Author(s)**

Stefan Stefanov

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