

# Unsteady Optimization with SU2: Application to Turbomachinery Design

## An overview



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3<sup>rd</sup> SU2 Developers Meeting, 17-09-2018  
SUII, University of Strathclyde, Glasgow

# Outline

- Introduction and past work
- Current status of development
- Outlook and ongoing work
- Conclusions

# Introduction

## Why Unsteady Design?

- Sometimes a “necessity” (e.g. open rotors, rotorcraft, turbomachinery, propellers... )
- A step forward in performance gain over steady design methods
- Pathway to MDO (e.g. fluid-structure, noise, ...)

# Introduction

## Methods for unsteady optimization in SU2

- Time-domain harmonic balance discrete adjoint
- Time-accurate discrete adjoint
- Time-accurate continuous adjoint

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- **Time-domain harmonic balance discrete adjoint**
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- Time-accurate continuous adjoint

# HB Method in a Nutshell



$$\Omega \frac{\Delta \mathbf{U}^{q+1}}{\Delta \tau} + \Omega \mathcal{D}_t(\mathbf{U}^{q+1}) + \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{U}^{q+1}) = 0$$

$$\mathcal{D}_t(\tilde{\mathbf{U}}) = \mathbf{E}^{-1} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{E}$$

Source Term

- Time derivative → Matrix multiplication (time independent!)

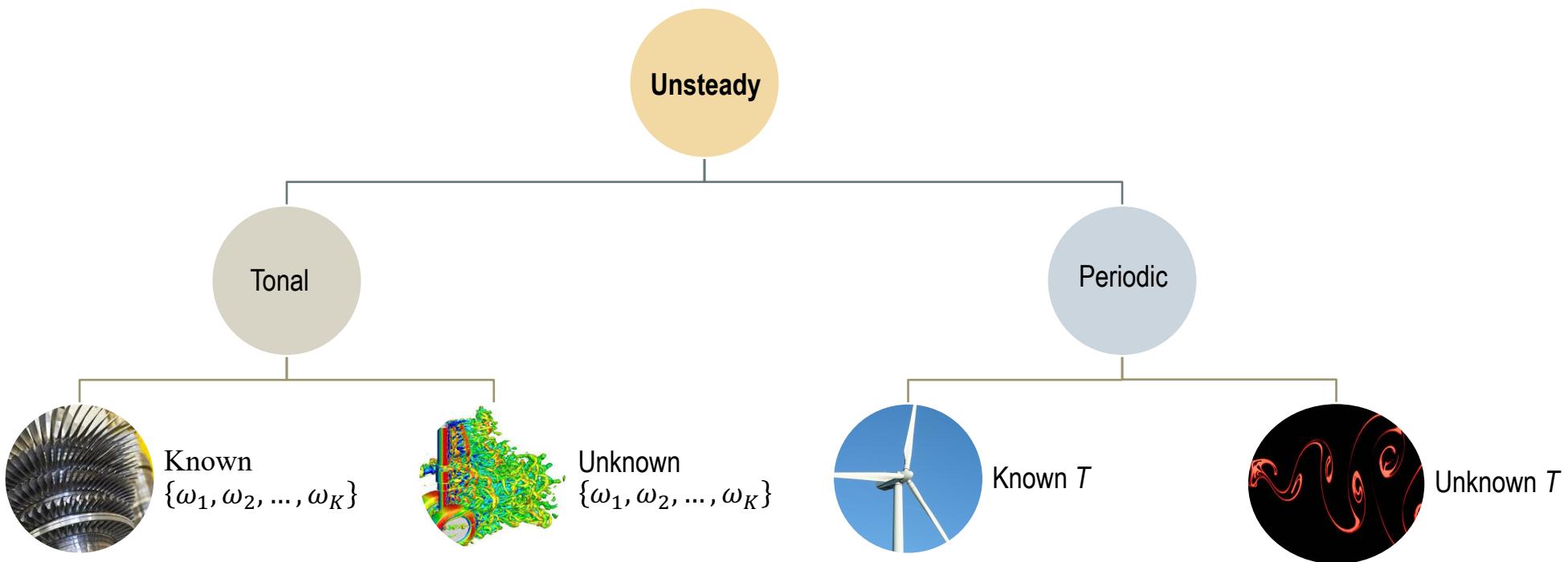
# Time-Domain Implementation

- Unsteady → Steady State + Source terms
- Solve just for blade passing frequency harmonics
- DFT to obtain interpolated time accurate solution



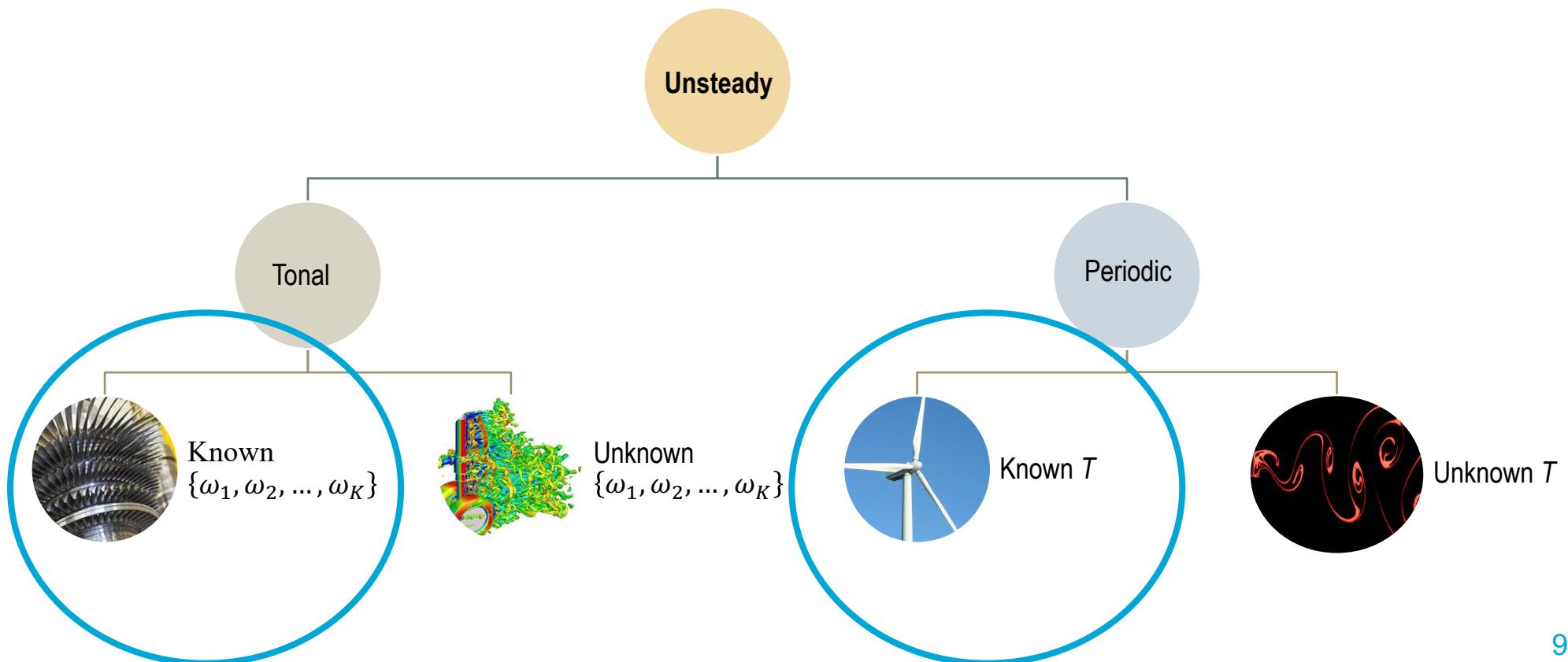
# Introduction

What unsteady design problems can be resolved with SU2 and HB?

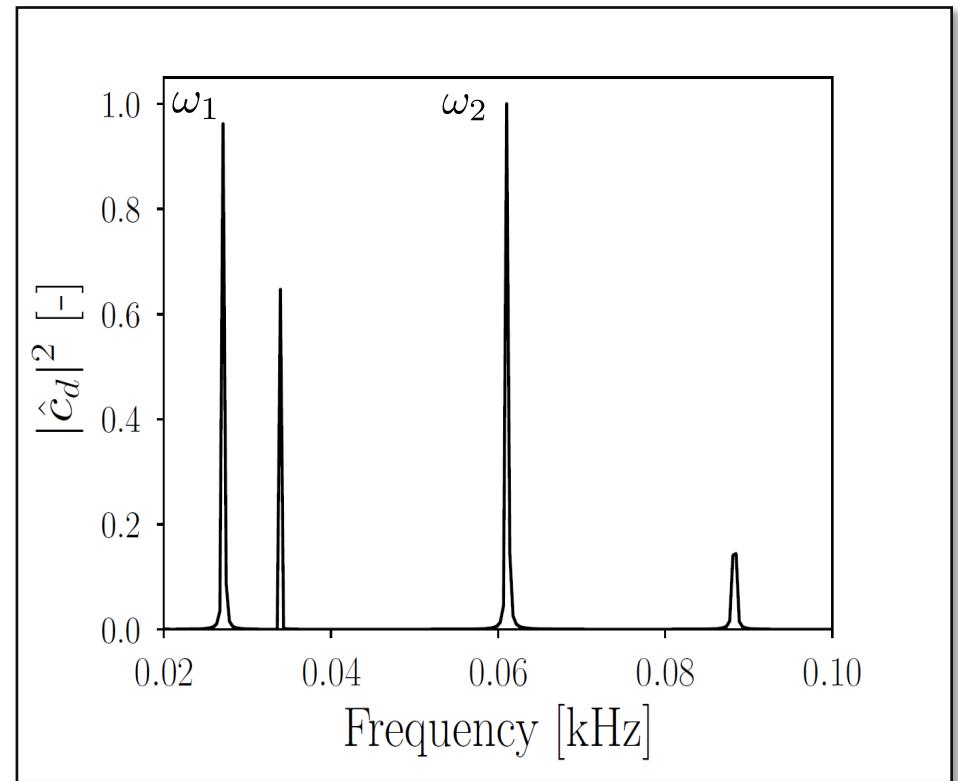
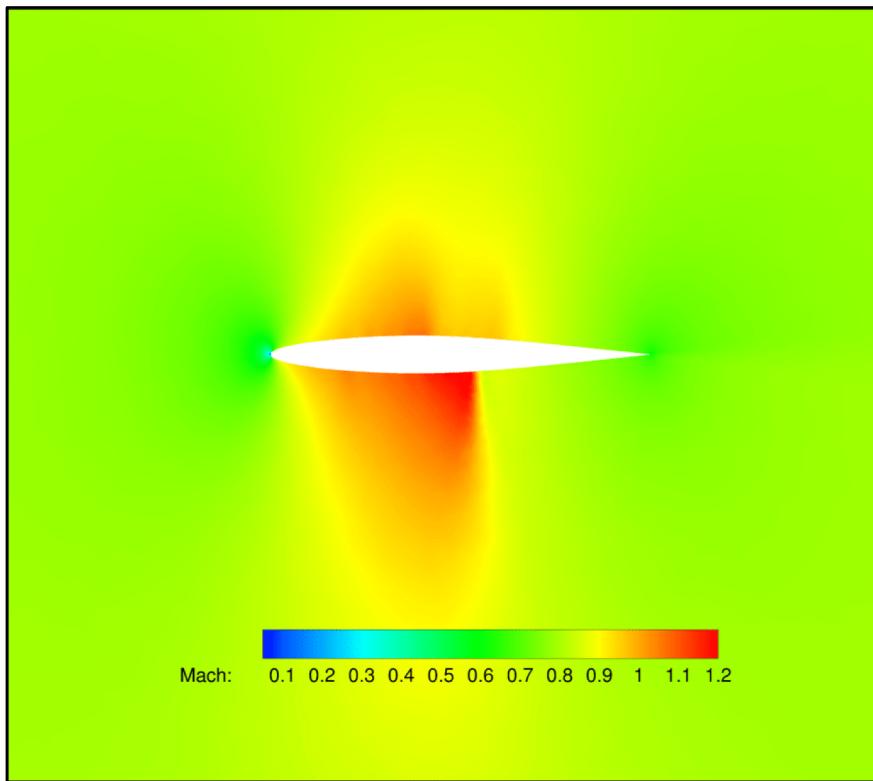


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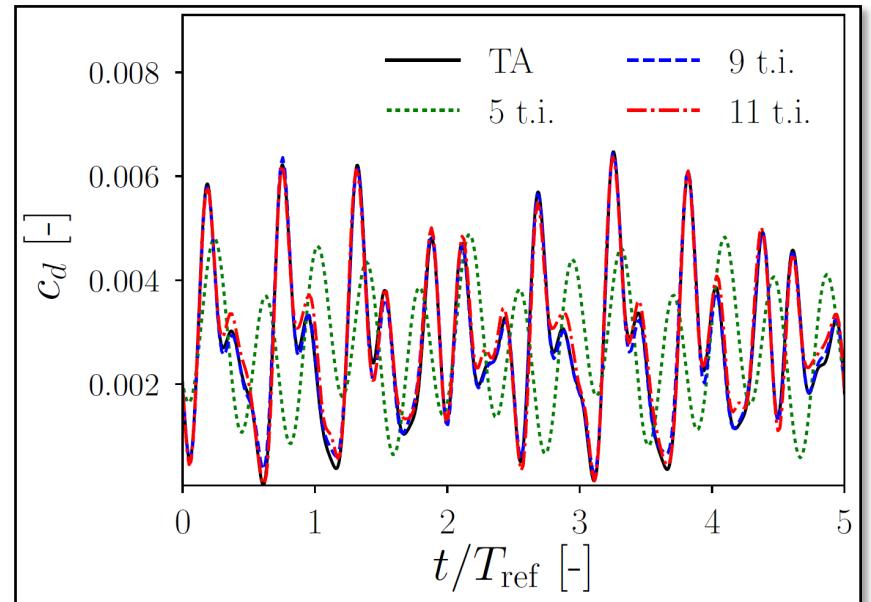
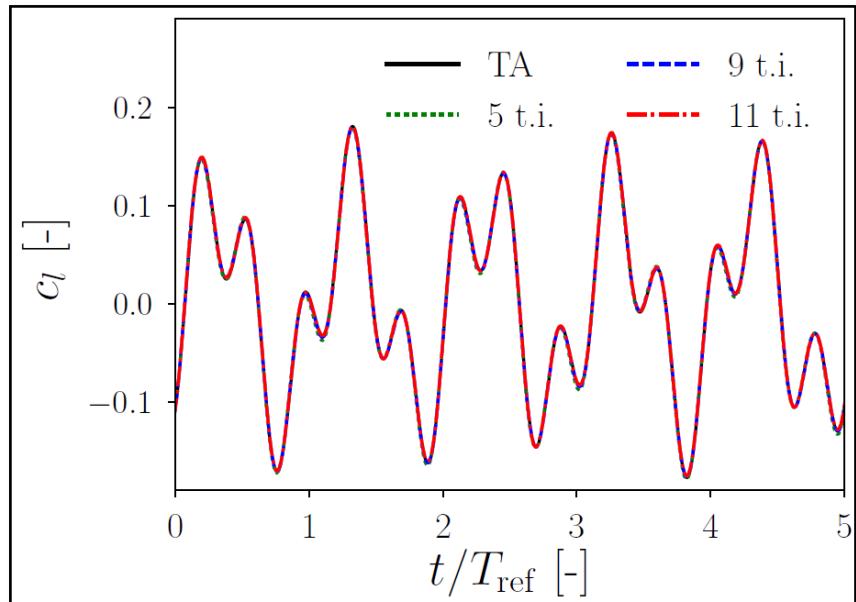


# Application: Pitching Airfoil *NACA64A010*



|                      | Symbol                 | Value            | Units   |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------|
| Mach number          | $Ma_\infty$            | 0.78             | [ $-$ ] |
| Pitching frequencies | $[\omega_1, \omega_2]$ | [106.70, 277.42] | [rad/s] |

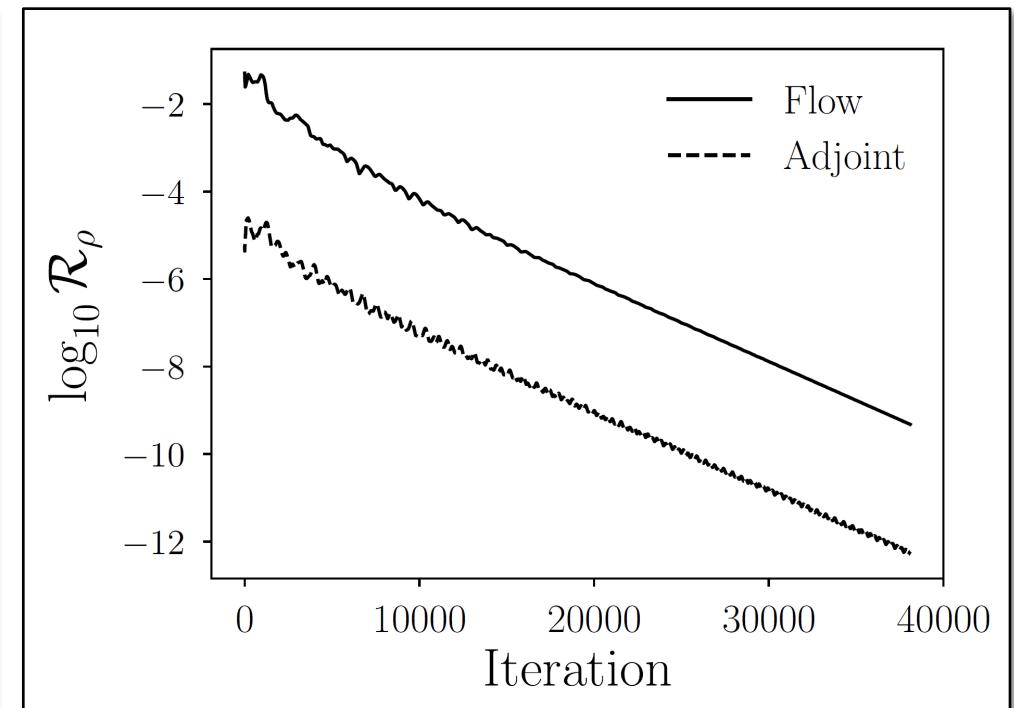
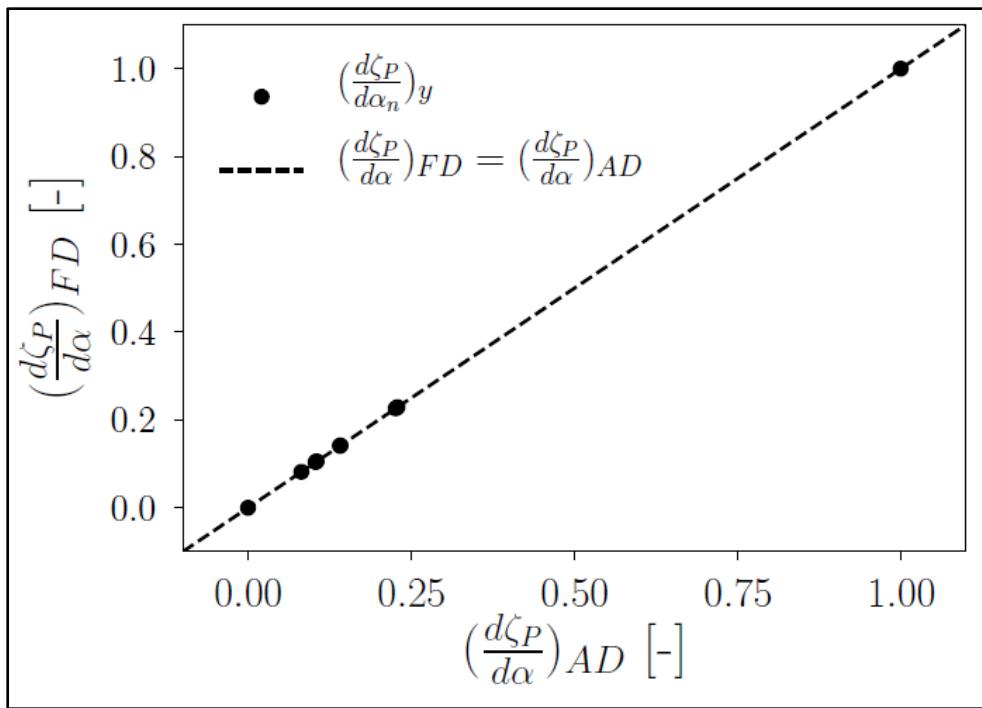
# Results Pitching Airfoil NACA64A010



| Number input time instances | Input frequencies  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 5                           | $0, \pm\omega_1, \pm\omega_2$  |
| 7                           | $0, \pm\omega_1, \pm\omega_2, \pm 2\omega_2$   |
| 9                           | $0, \pm\omega_1, \pm(\omega_2 - \omega_1), \pm 2\omega_1, \pm\omega_2$                           |
| 11                          | $0, \pm\omega_1, \pm(\omega_2 - \omega_1), \pm 2\omega_1, \pm\omega_2, \pm(\omega_2 + \omega_1)$ |

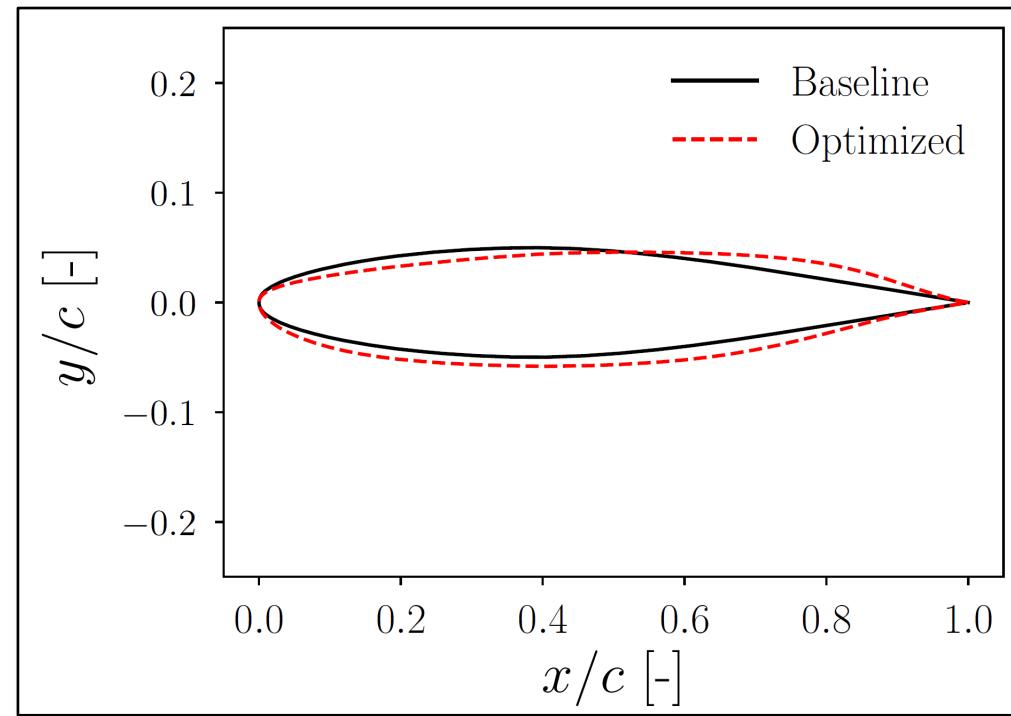
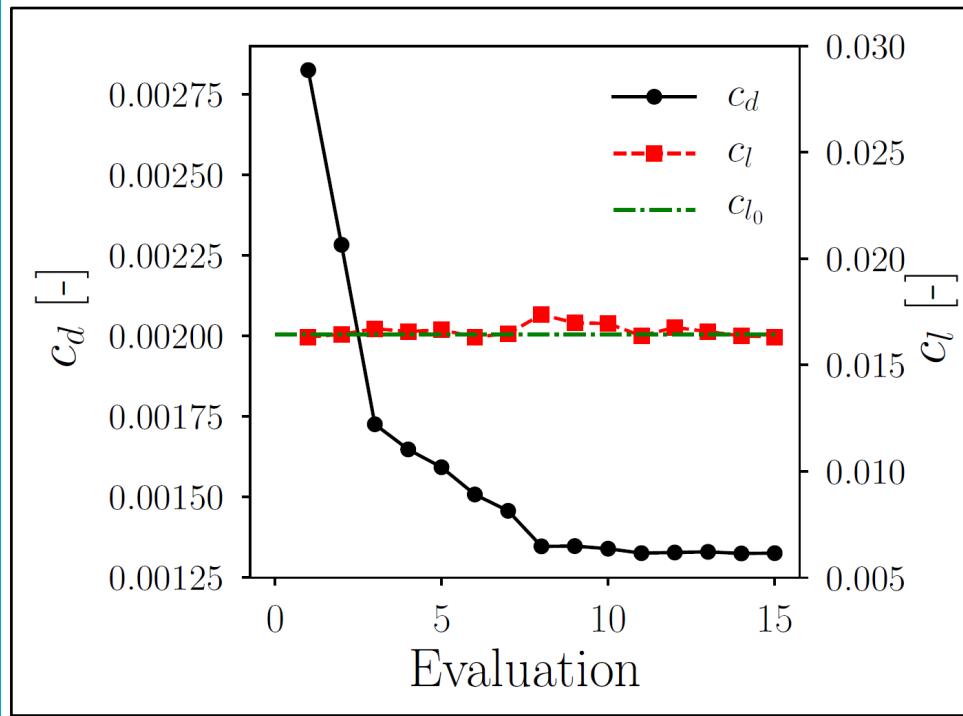
# Adjoint-based Shape Optimization

## Adjoint gradient validation



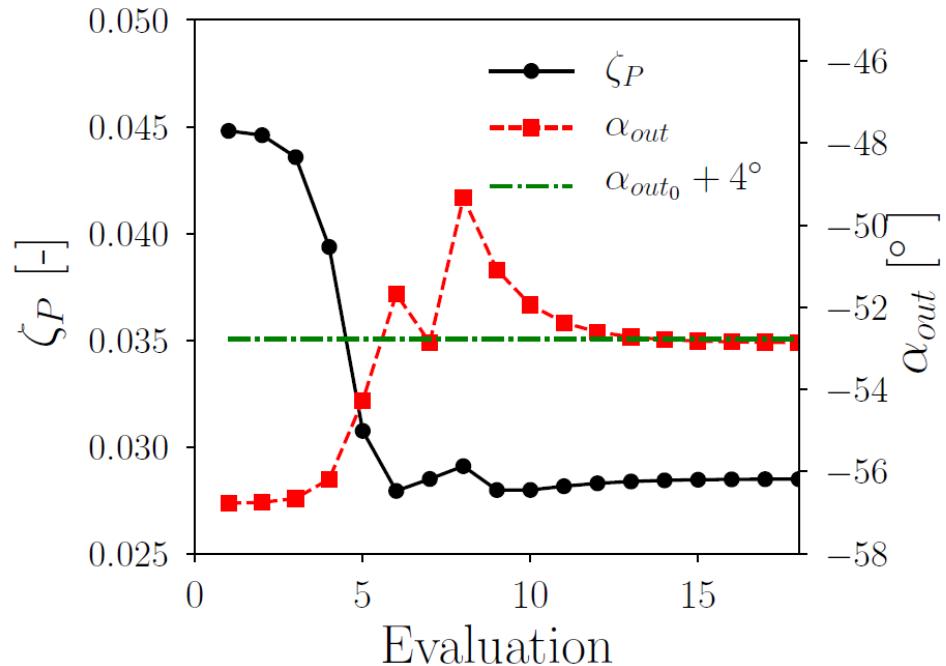
# Adjoint-based Shape Optimization

## Optimization evolution and final shape

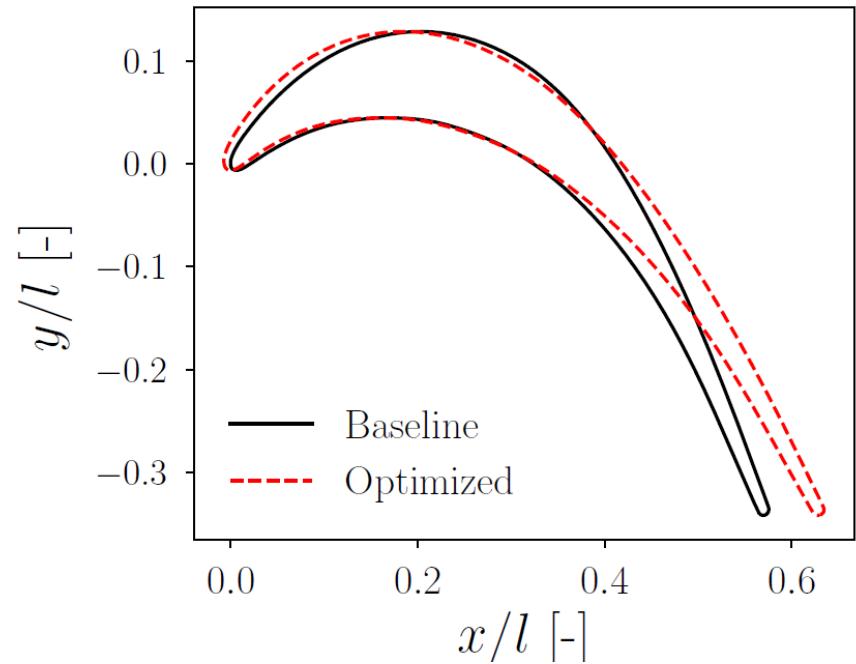


# Adjoint-based Shape Optimization

## Turbine Cascade Optimization



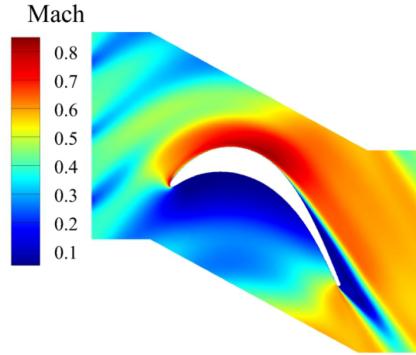
Optimization History



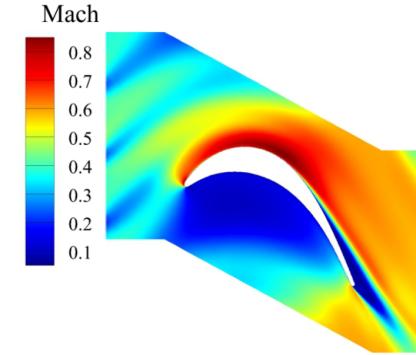
Baseline vs Optimized Blade Profile

# Adjoint-based Shape Optimization

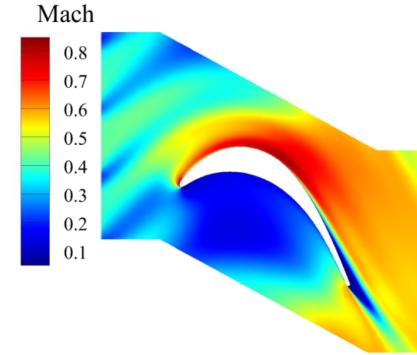
## Mach contour



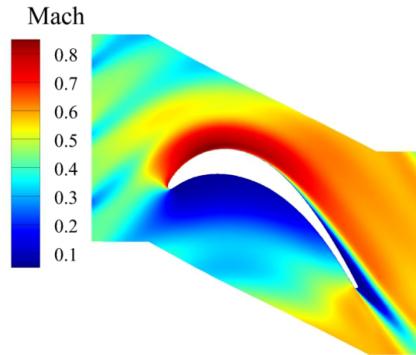
(a) Baseline,  $t = 0$ .



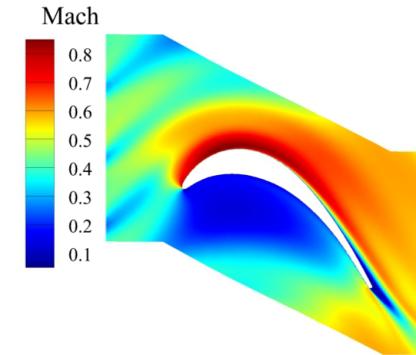
(b) Baseline,  $t = \frac{2}{5}T$ .



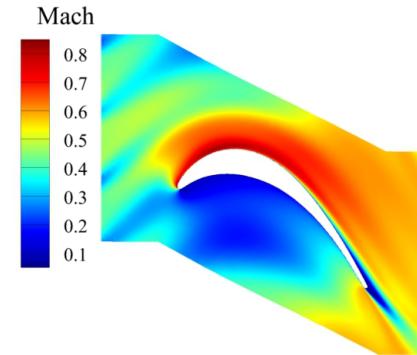
(c) Baseline,  $t = \frac{4}{5}T$



(d) Optimized,  $t = 0$ .



(e) Optimized,  $t = \frac{2}{5}T$ .



(f) Optimized,  $t = \frac{4}{5}T$

# Previous Limitations

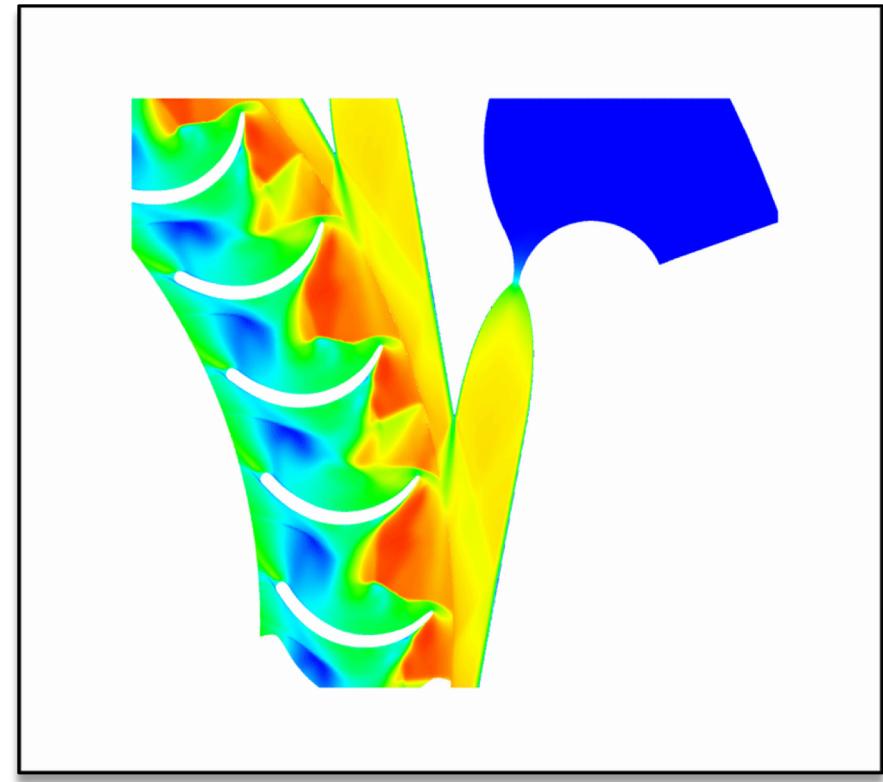
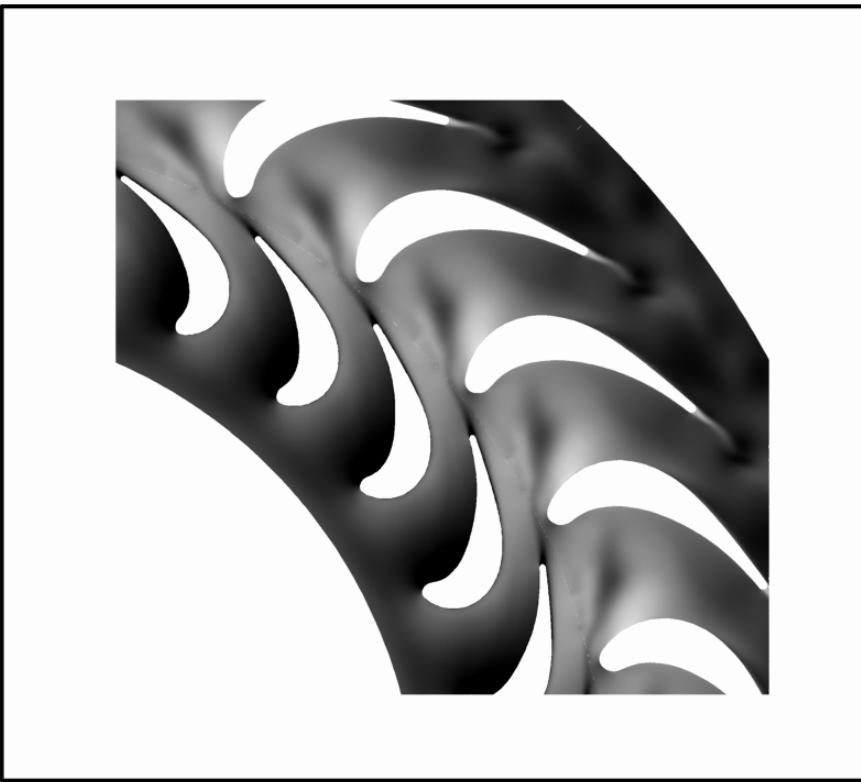
- Single geometrical zone HB-based flow and adjoint solver
- Tested on 2D problems only
- No general turbomachinery multi-row interface (machine type, periodic BC, ...)
- Single-row HB-based shape optimization

# *Current Status of Development*

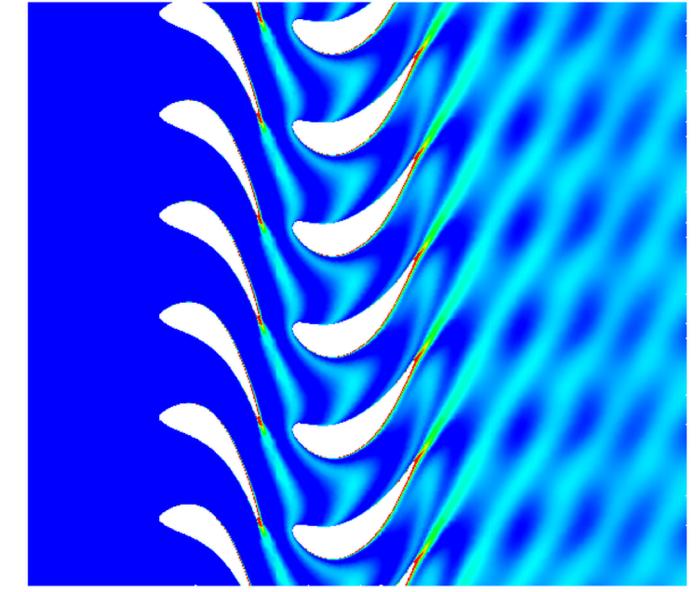
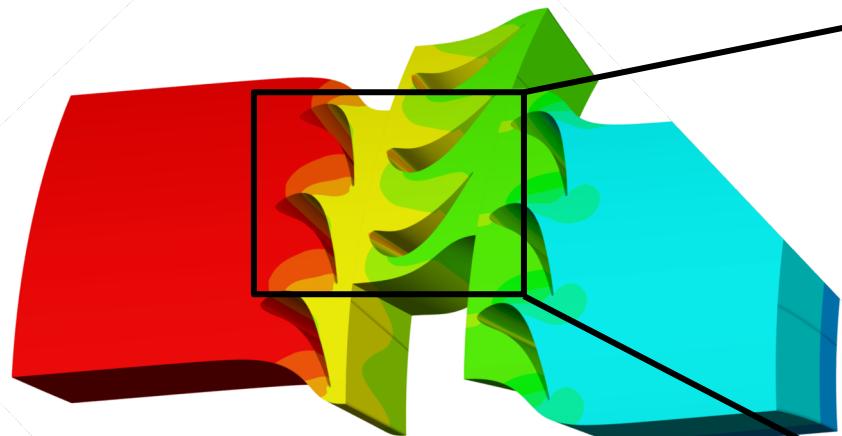
# Unsteady Turbo Interface

- New Turbomachinery Interpolation based on turbo-vertex data structure
- General for any turbomachinery configuration (e.g. radial, axial, ...)
- Handling periodic BC and periodic grid movement for turbomachinery applications (no phase-lag yet ☺ )
- Limited (currently) to 3D structured turbomachinery meshes

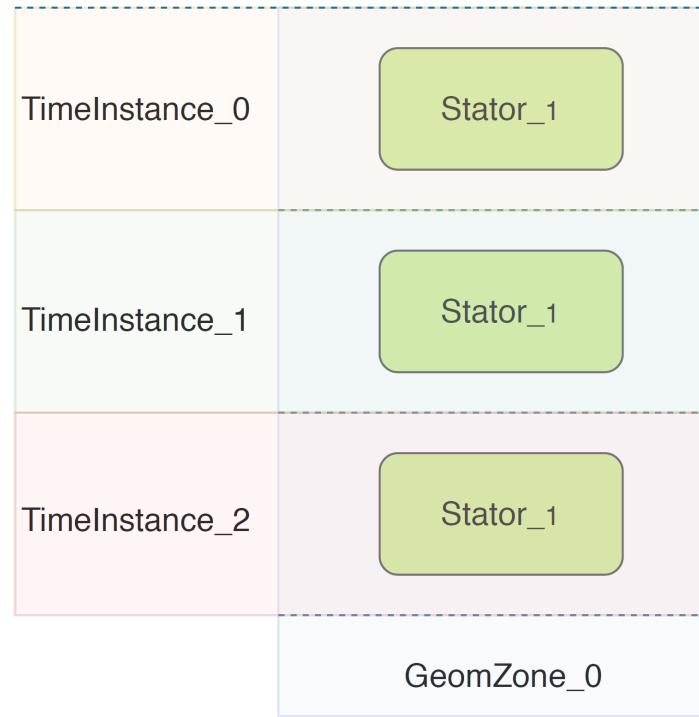
# Simulation of Radial Turbines



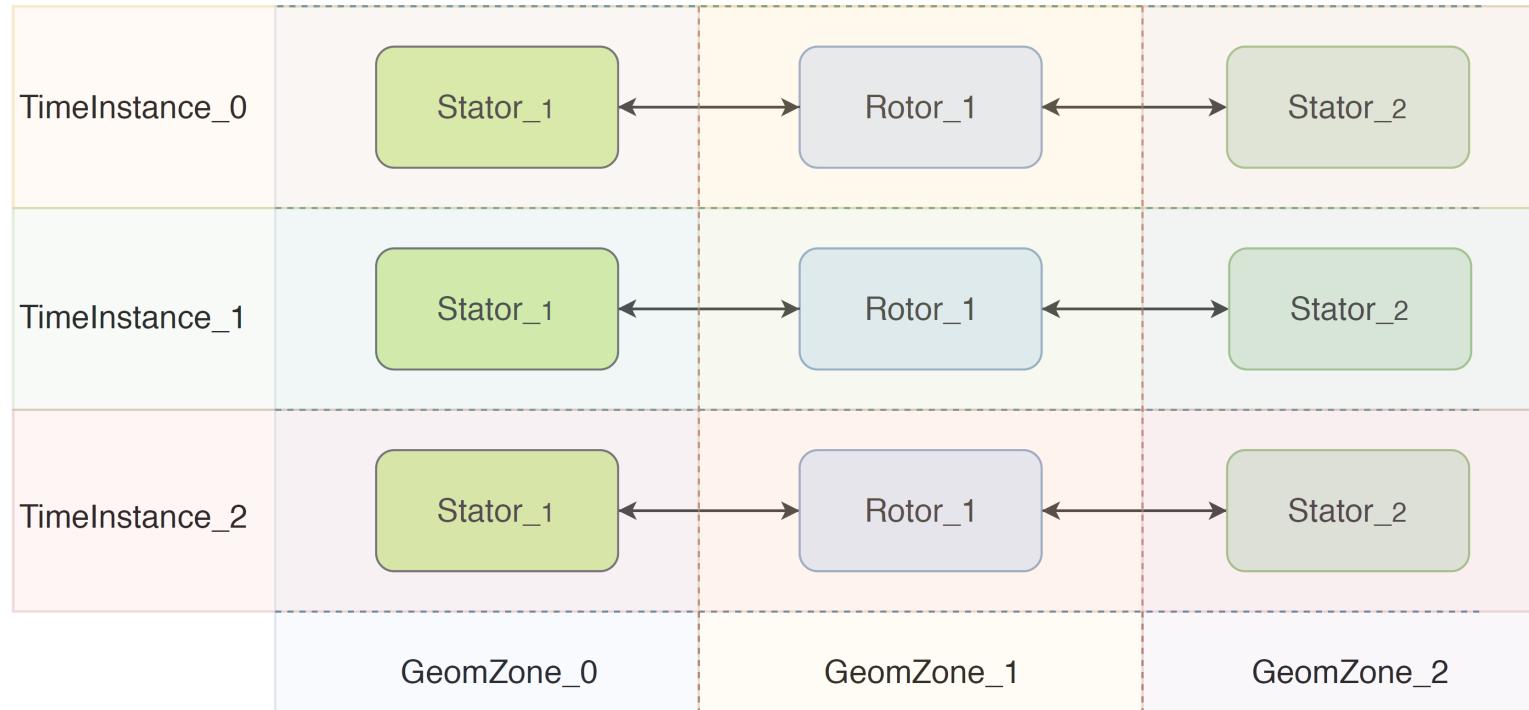
# Simulation of Axial Turbines



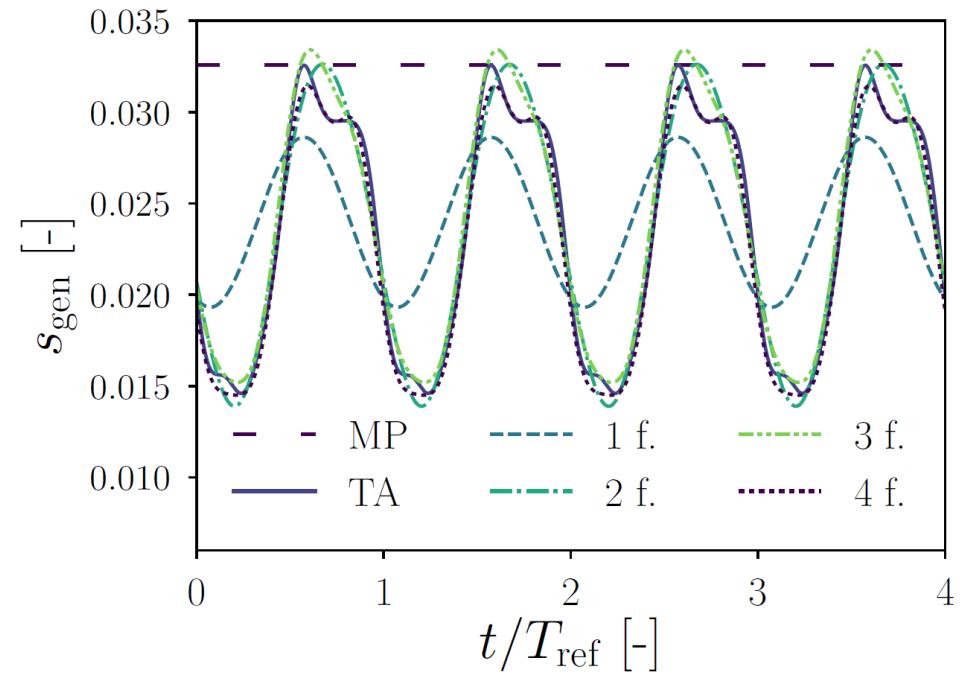
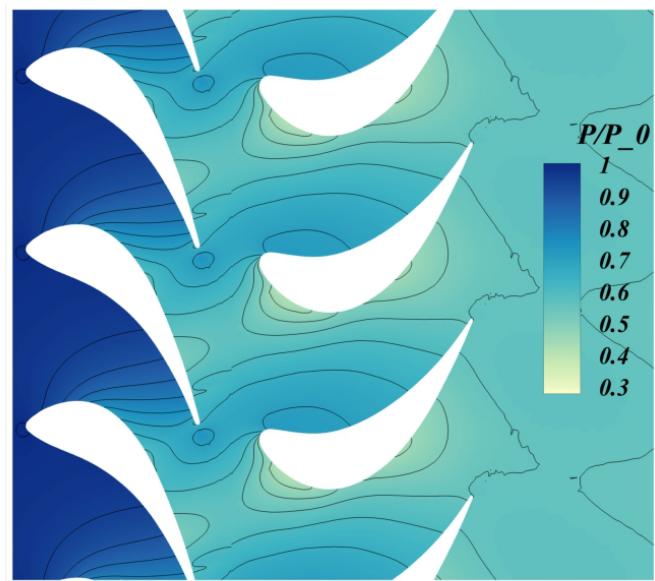
# HB for Multi-Row (Flow + Adjoint)



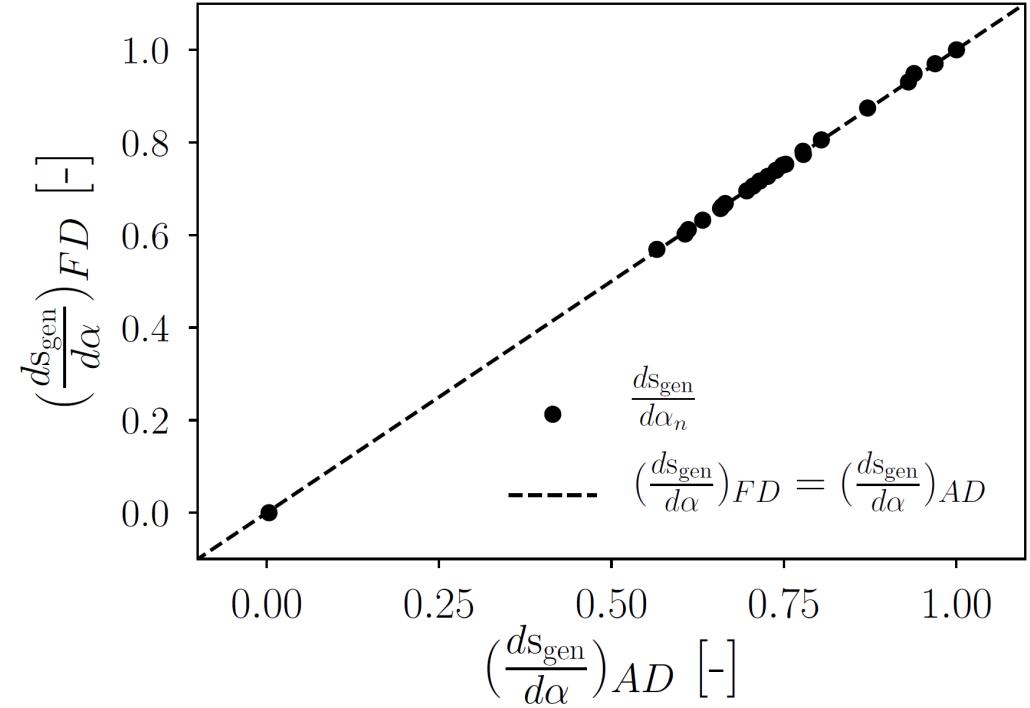
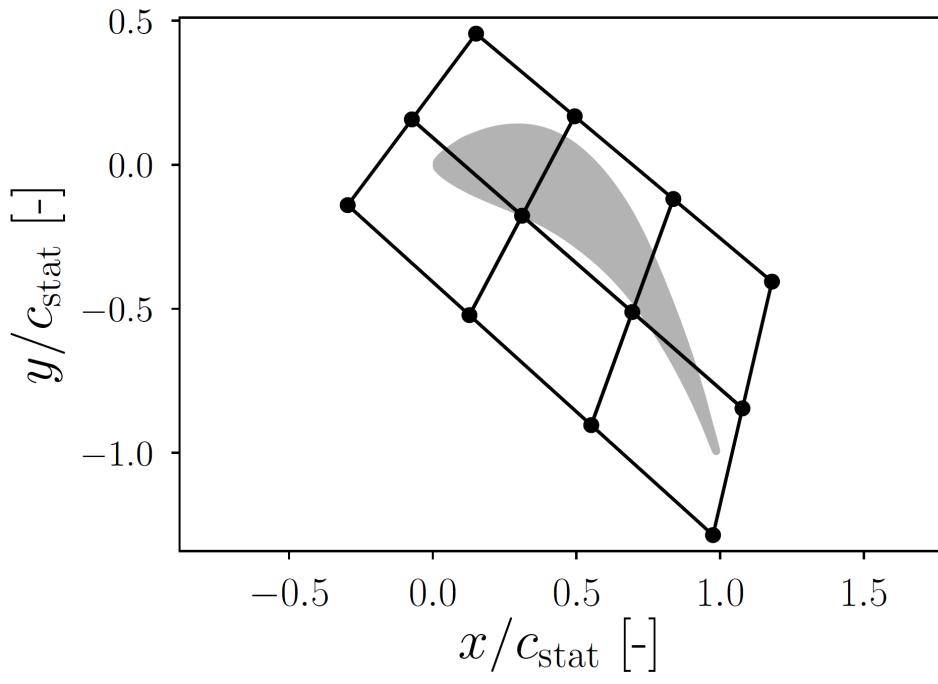
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# Solver Verified against MP and TA

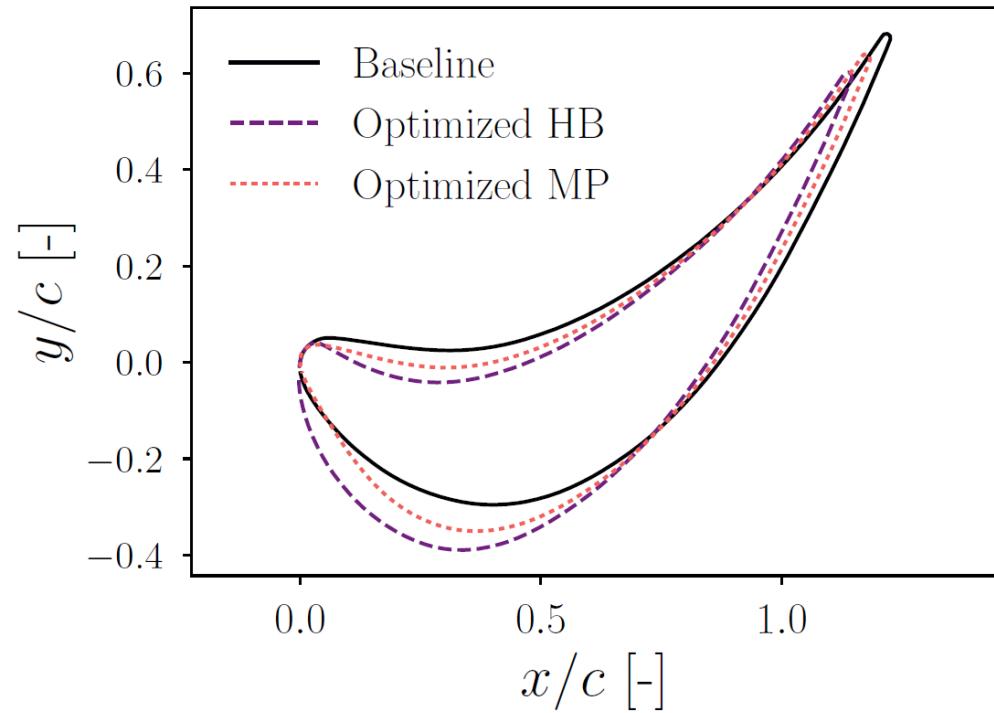
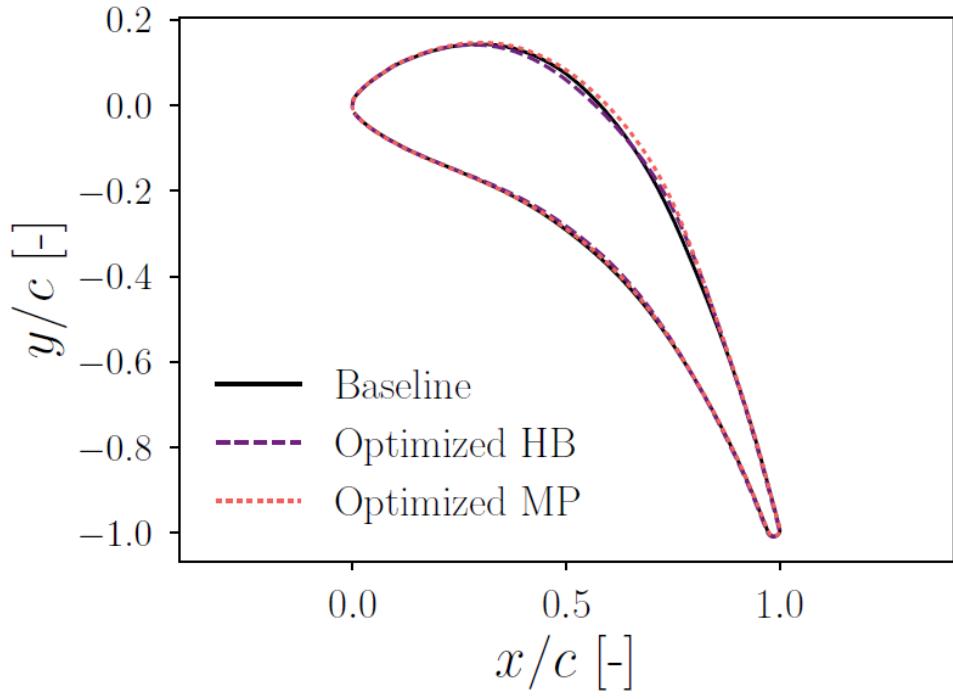


# Adjoint vs FD Gradients



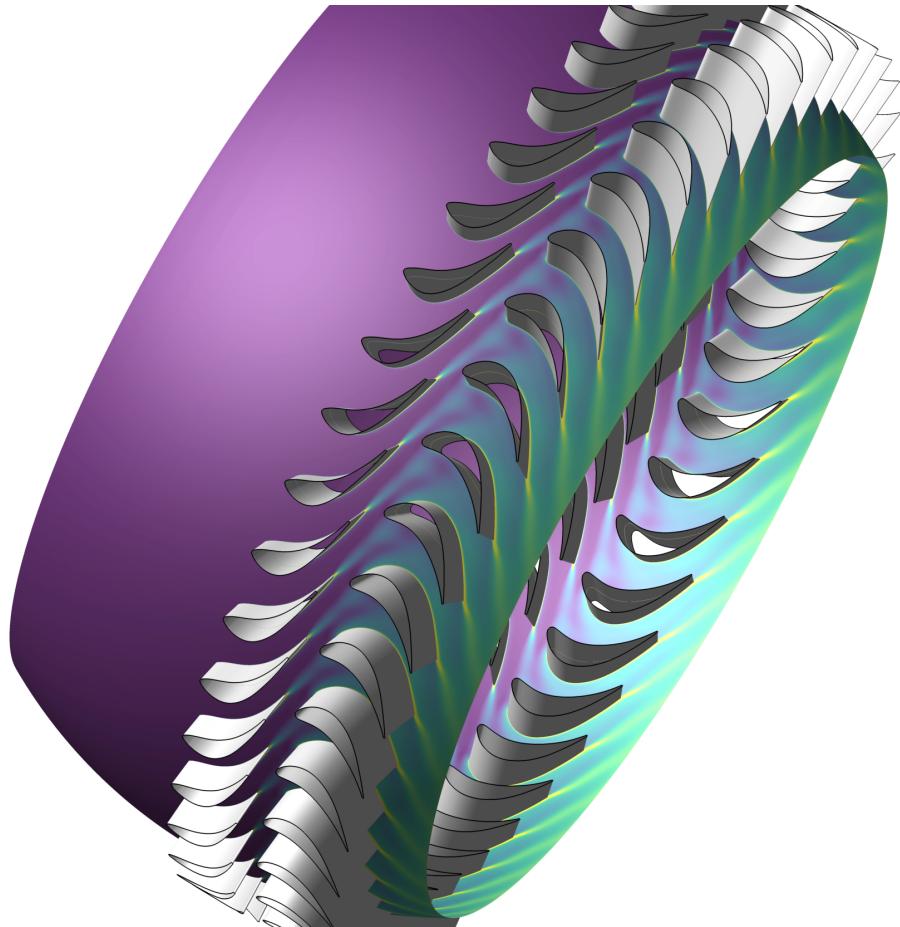
Adjoint memory and CPU time scales  $\sim 2N_f + 1$

# HB Optimization of Turbine Stage

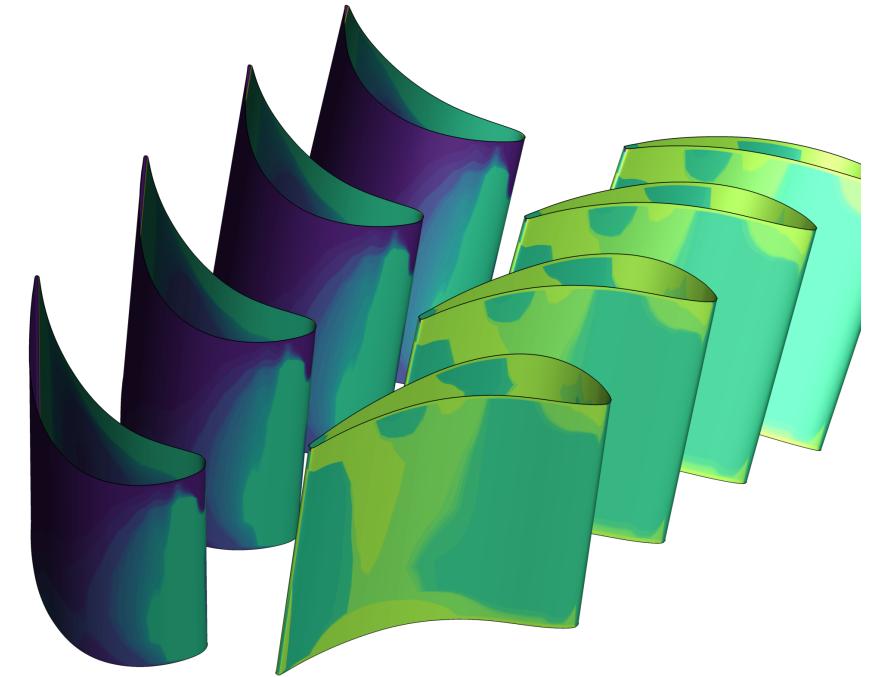


**Total-to-Static Efficiency Gain → ~ 2 Percentage Points**

# 3D Multi-row HB Results



Entropy contours



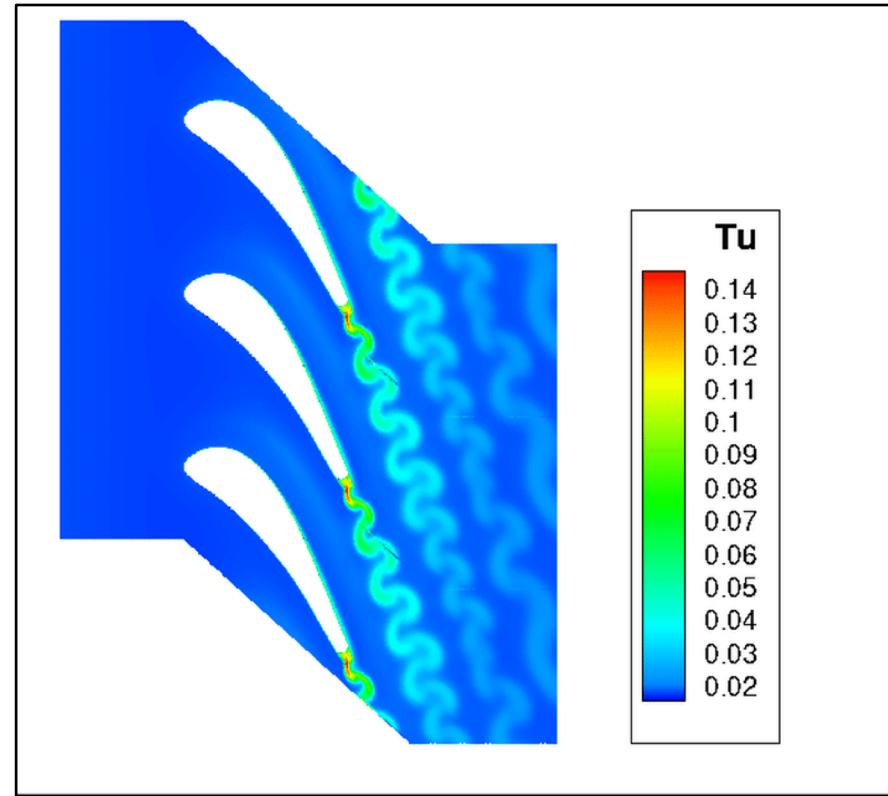
Adjoint-based surface sensitivity

# *Outlook and Ongoing Work*

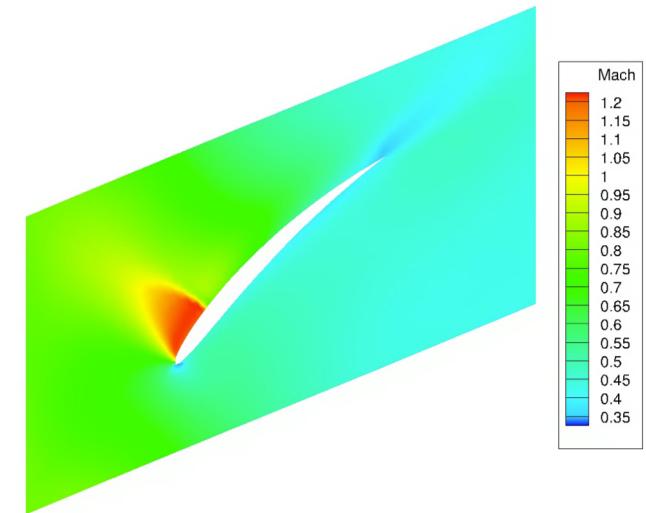
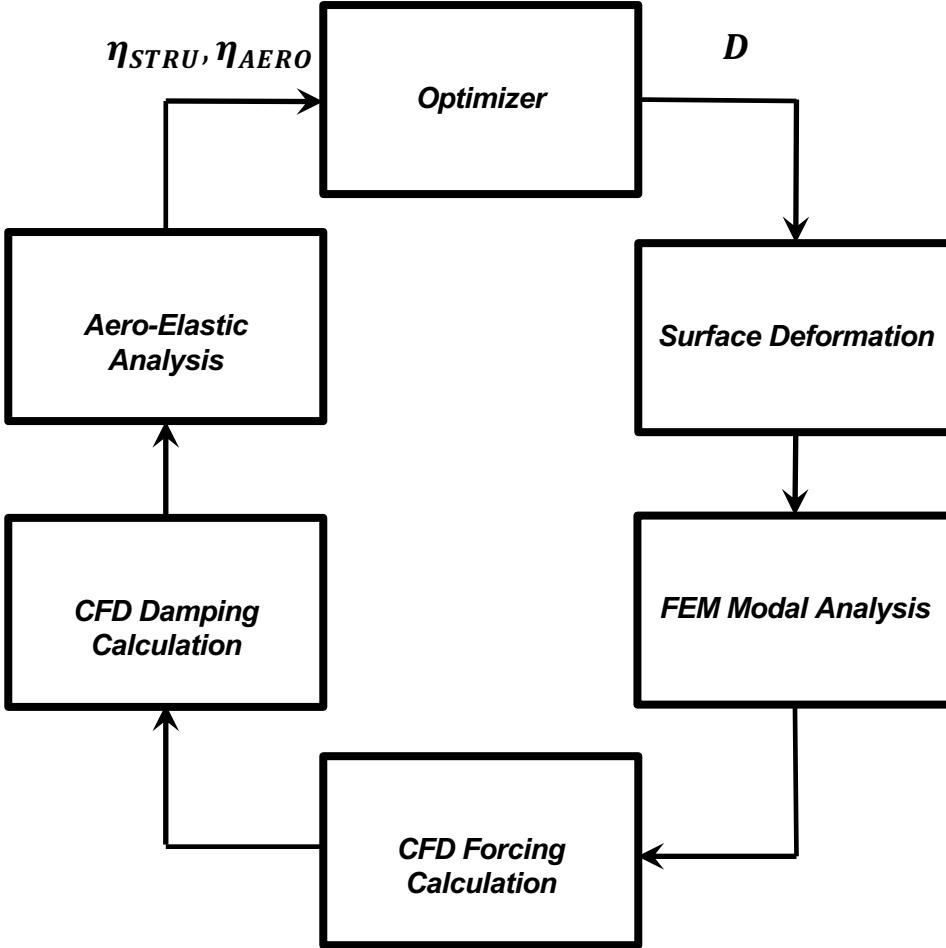
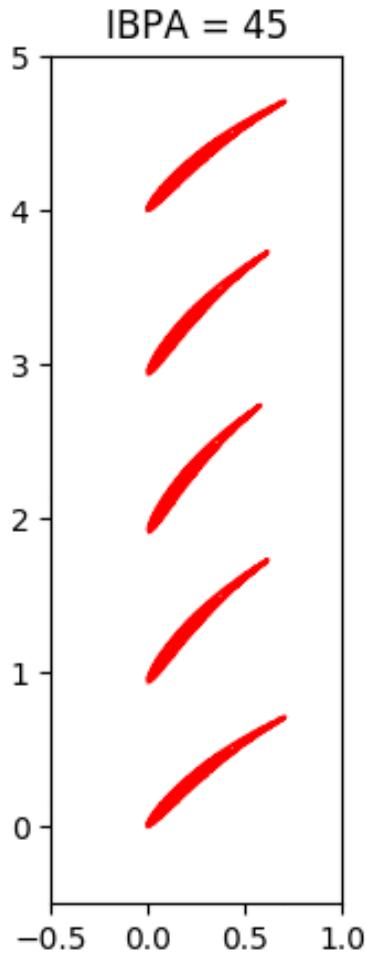
# Current Limitations

- Phase-lag boundary conditions for both HB and TA
- FFD for 3D Turbomachinery Design → CAD-based
- Time-accurate adjoint for multi-zone
- ...

# Time Accurate Unsteady Adjoint



# Aero-Structure Optimization



# Thank you!