





















Applying Container Technology to the NOAA-GFDL MSD FRE Workflow

Ciheim Brown, Dana Singh, Thomas Robinson



Outline





















- NOAA-GFDL MSD
- Post-processing
- The problem
- The solution
- Container build and registry
- Dockerfile
- How it runs
- Runscript
- Challenges
- Timeline + The Future



NOAA-GFDL MSD



















NOAA-GFDL is NOAA's Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory located in Princeton, New Jersey

- Established in 1955
- One of ten NOAA research laboratories

Modeling Systems Division (MSD) is responsible for the development and maintenance of the Flexible Modeling System (FMS) Runtime Environment (FRE)















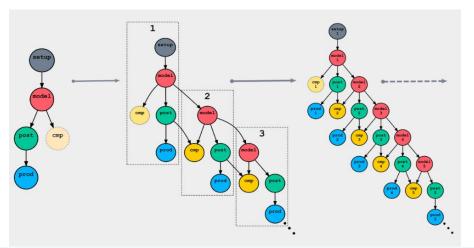




Post-processing Overview



- Post-processing is necessary to convert raw model output to useful scientific data
- Workflow is managed via the cylc workflow engine
- Made up of (mostly) interdependent tasks but some are allowed to fail

























The current method of post-processing is set up best for GFDL systems and requires a certain level of understanding to get started. This creates a few problems:

- Lack of portability
- Limited usefulness for the greater scientific community
- Reduced collaborative efforts
- Difficulty for new users





The solution









- Software already installed in container
- Simple instruction set



- Portability through cloud testing
- Public release

































Building the container



 Container image is built from a condaforge/mambaforge parent image (Ubuntu)

- Installs needed packages
 - · Python, csh, netcdf, etc.
- Installs GFDL post-processing workflow
- Creates conda environment
- GFDL GitLab container registry
 - Builds using on-prem gitlab self-hosted runner
 - Several applications are built including models and base containers
 - The post processing container image is built and maintained each release





















Running the container



- When a user launches the post-processing container:
 - Use a SIF file
 - singularity exec
 - apptainer exec
 - Run script executes a series of configuration and workflow commands:
 - Environment setup
 - Post processing configuration
 - Starts workflow via cylc
- The container allows for simplistic post-processing by automating environment variable setup, directory creation, and directory clean up
- Run in different environments (GAEA, PPAN, Cloud)



Dockerfile/Runscript Highlights





Dockerfile installs the packages we need

Runscript sets up environment and starts workflow

apt installs to /usr/bin/
RUN apt update \
&& apt -y install uuid-runtime time csh python bc

conda config --add envs_dirs /opt/conda conda init --all source /opt/conda/etc/profile.d/conda.sh source ~/.bashrc conda deactivate conda activate /opt/conda/cylc-flow-tools

cylc stop --now \$expname/run*
cylc clean \$expname
rose macro --validate
bin/install-exp \$expname
cylc play -v --no-detach \$expname























Challenges









Updates to scripts



Large file transfer to and storage on cloud resources



Different behavior between on-prem and cloud running



Troubleshooting task failure is more difficult in container





Timeline







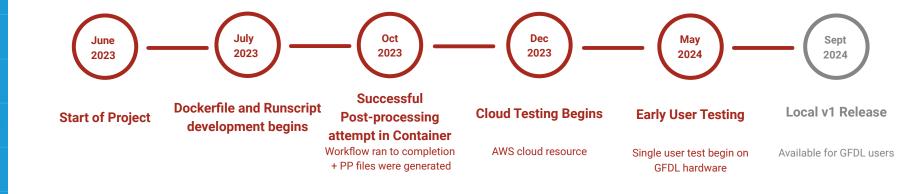














The Future





















- Continue user testing
- Test and compare performance to bare metal
- Be as efficient as possible
- Explore more ways to use container technology in our workflow
- New release available for all users



Summary









Increased portability in post-processing



Early release available locally at GFDL



User testing underway



Public release soon





Acknowledgments









Thomas Robinson



MSD









