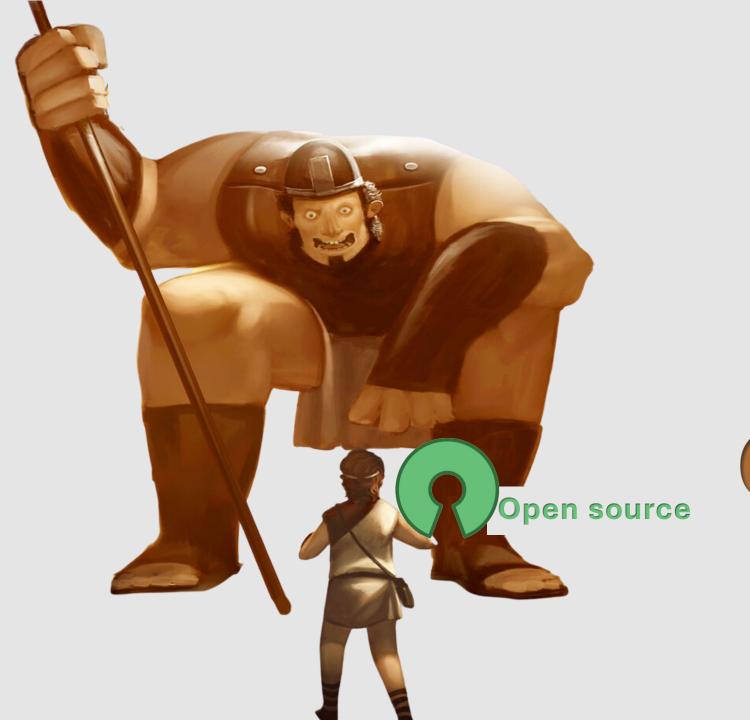
Hands-on Transformers:

Fine tune your own BERT and GPT

Moritz Laurer

22.08.2023



DAVID AND GOLIATH

- Until 2018: Studied different social sciences
- Since 2018: programming for hobby projects & work
- 2018-2022: private sector (consultancy, think tank)
- Since 2021: PhD at Free University (VU) Amsterdam
 - Interest: Making supervised ML better with less training data
- Since 2022: Doing NLP consulting alongside PhD
- Open-source: models downloaded +20 million times

ABOUT MYSELF



AGENDA

10:00 – 10:10	Introduction
10:10 – 10:35	The open-source NLP toolkit
10:35 – 11:05	Transfer learning
11:05 – 11:20	Inside Transformers
11:20 – 12:00	Fine-tuning BERT
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13:20 – 13:40	Fine-tuning generative LLMs
13:40 – 14:00	LLM risks and opportunities
	10:10 - 10:35 10:35 - 11:05 11:05 - 11:20 11:20 - 12:00 12:00 - 12:20 12:20 - 12:35 12:35 - 13:20 13:20 - 13:40



All materials on GitHub

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-schooltransformers-2023/tree/main

Any initial questions?

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NLP toolkit

+/- 13:40 Fine-tuning generative LLMs

+/- 13:40 – 14:00 LLM risks and opportunities



The open-source NLP toolkit

What are the software and hardware tools for becoming "David"?

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



1_open_source_toolkit.ipynb

AGENDA

+/-

13:40 – 14:00

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LLM risks and opportunities

Why are (L)LMs powerful?



Size



Attention mechanism



Layers



••• Etc.



Transfer Learning

What:

Store 'language knowledge' and 'task knowledge' in the parameters of a model.

Why:

Learn new tasks faster & better.

Classical Algorithms (e.g. Regression, SVM)

No prior 'language knowledge'

No knowledge of semantic similarities between words like "attack", "war" and "tree".

No prior 'task knowledge'

No knowledge of tasks like "Classify this text into 'activist' or 'conservative' rhetoric".

Word Embeddings (e.g. Word2Vec)

Provide 'language knowledge':

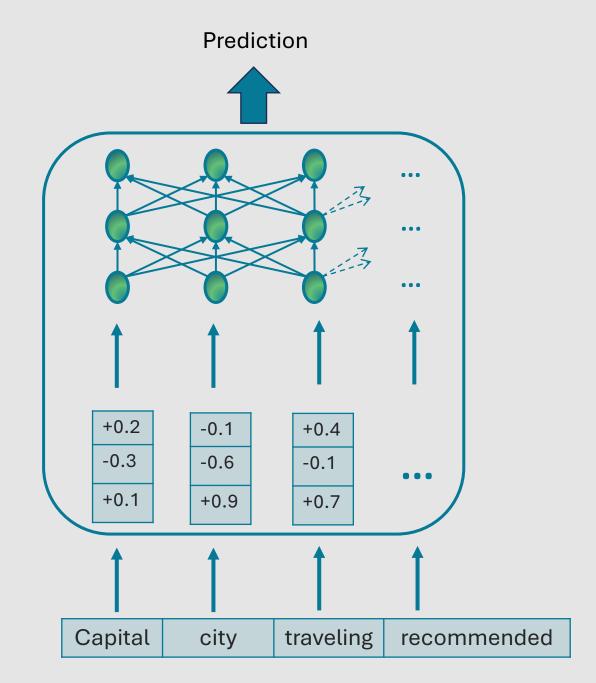
Represents "attack", "war" in similar static vectors

Attack ≈	0.1	0.8	•••	-0.5	0.1
War ≈	0.2	0.8	•••	-0.4	0.3
Tree ≈	0.7	-0.4	•••	0.1	-0.7

Transformers (e.g. BERT-base)

Prior 'language knowledge':

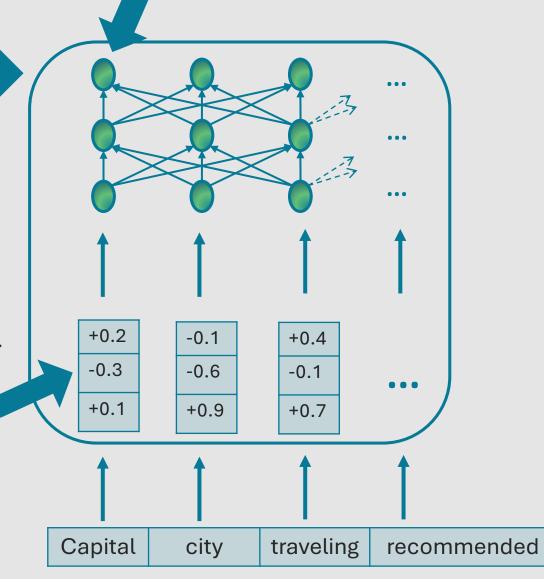
- Represents "attack", "war" in similar vectors
- Represents "capital" differently in context of "city" or "investment" or "crime"



Word vector of "capital" now closer to "geography" than "finance" or "crime"

Last layer: Contextualised representation of input

Word vector of "capital" with similar distance to "geography" / "finance" / "crime"



Transformers (e.g. BERT-base)

Prior 'language knowledge':

- Represents "attack", "war" in similar vectors
- Represents "capital" differently in context of "city" or "investment" or "crime"

Learned through simple, self-supervised task:

Masked Language Modelling

How BERT acquires language knowledge

ORIGINAL TEXT

"Capital punishment, also known as the death penalty and formerly called judicial homicide, is ..."

MASKED TEXT

"Capital [MASK], also known as the death [MASK] and formerly called [MASK] homicide, is ..."

The algorithm learns to predict the correct word behind the [MASK] token.

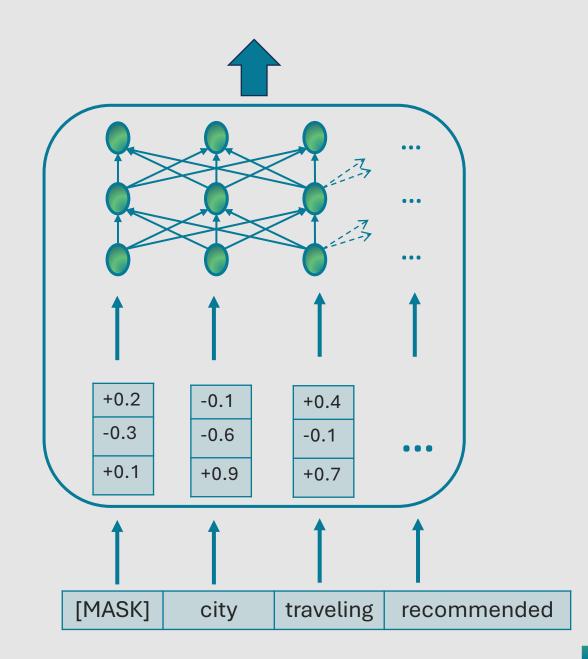
This creates general 'language knowledge'

BERT-base

After millions of training iterations:

Many parameters (vectors), which are very good at predicting hidden words.





Disadvantages of BERT-base

'Task knowledge' from MLM is not useful:

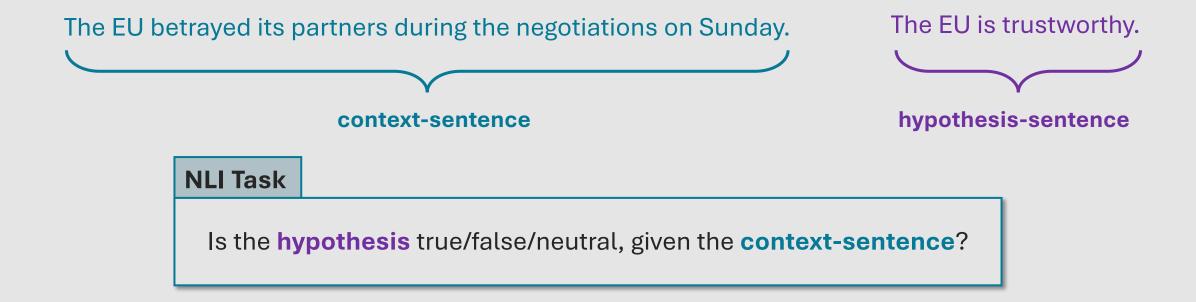
- BERT-base only knows how to predict hidden words (MLM task)
- We are actually interested in other tasks like classification, summarization etc.
- BERT-base needs to learn new, useful tasks from scratch

Reusing more 'prior knowledge'

Universal tasks

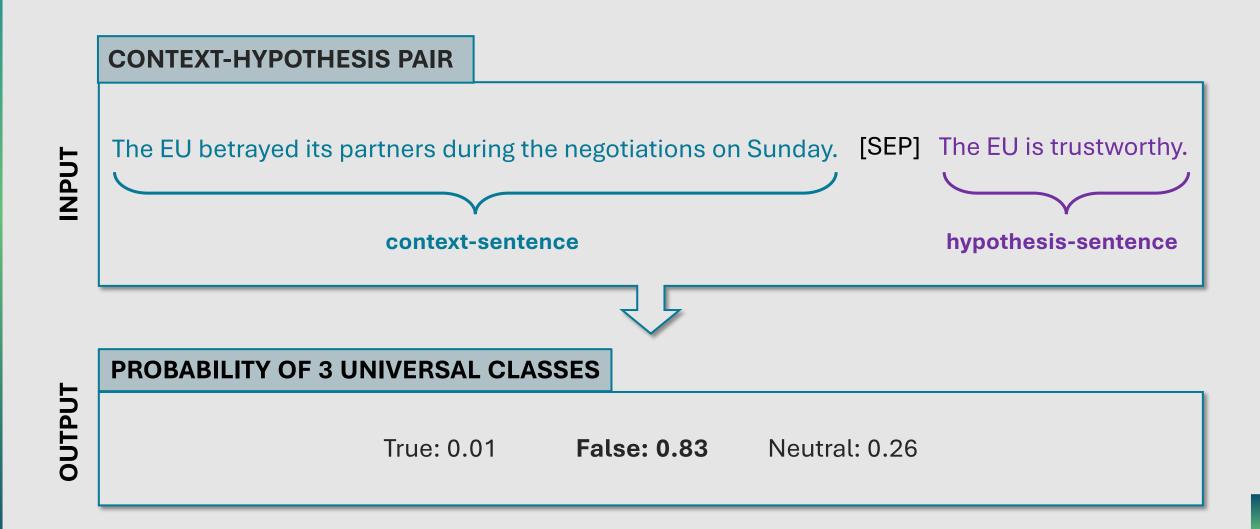
- Natural Language Inference (BERT-NLI)
- Next-word-prediction (GPT)

Natural Language Inference (NLI)



→ NLI is the task of determining whether a given statement (hypothesis) can logically be inferred from another statement (context-sentence).

Natural Language Inference (NLI)



Universal Task & Label Verbalisation

Example task:

Identifying texts that indicate that the economy is performing well / badly

Task reformulated for NLI:

NLI-input NLI-Output

{context-sentence from news} [SEP] {hypothesis-sentence verbalising label} Most "True" label

"The Rubel plummeted amidst a surge of investors withdrawing from Russia [SEP] The economy is performing badly"	<u>0,61 True</u> 0,13 False 0,26 Neutral
"The Rubel plummeted amidst a surge of investors withdrawing from Russia [SEP] The economy is performing well"	<u>0,19 True</u> 0,38 False 0,43 Neutral

Universal Task & Label Verbalisation

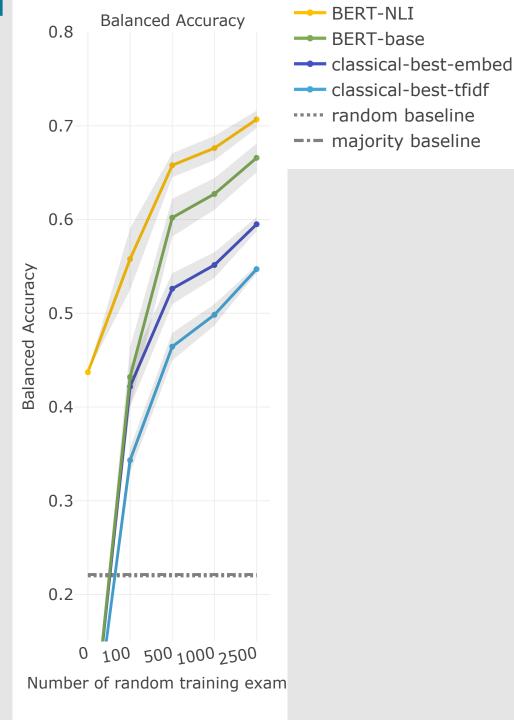
NLI-input	NLI-Output
-----------	------------

{context-sentence from news} [SEP] {hypothesis-sentence verbalising label}	Most "True" label
"The politicians were bribed by lobbyists. [SEP] It is about corruption."	<u>0,61</u>
"The politicians were bribed by lobbyists. [SEP] It is about peace."	0,01
"The politicians were bribed by lobbyists. [SEP] It is about free market."	0,06
"The politicians were bribed by lobbyists. [SEP] It is about equality."	0,04
•••	•••

NLI: Data-Rich Task

NLI is a data rich task

- Many NLI datasets with over 1 million annotated sentence pairs from different domains exist.
- Examples: SNLI (570k examples, Bowman et al. 2015), MultiNLI (433k, Williams et al. 2018), ANLI (162k, Nie et al. 2020)
- → Helps address the issue of data scarcity



Average performance across eight tasks vs. training data size

Laurer et. al 2023

Limitations of NLI

- Usefulness decreases with training data size. If there is enough data to learn the new task (> 1000 texts), BERT-base is better.
- BERT-NLI can only do classification tasks.
- No summarization, translation, information extraction ...

A more universal task

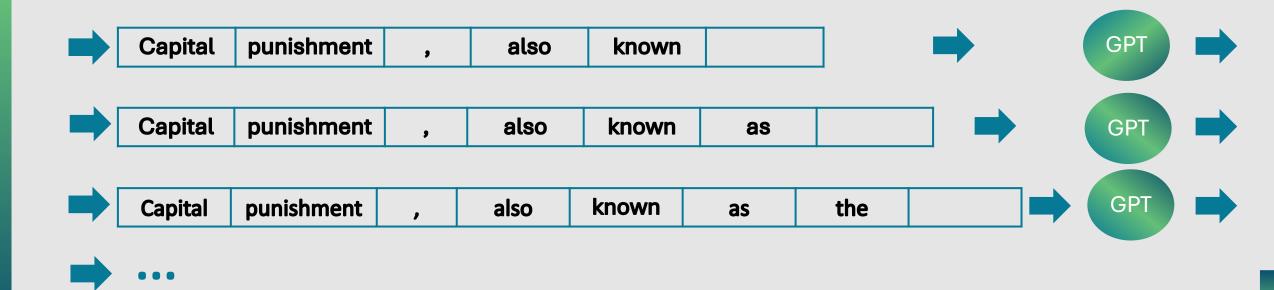
Next-token-prediction

- Main pre-training task of GPT models
- Is a self-supervised task (no manual annotations)

Next-token-prediction task

Original text:

"Capital punishment, also known as the death penalty and formerly called judicial homicide, is ..."



Universal task

Sentiment classification

[long text]	Is	this	text	positive	or	GPT	
negative	?						



[long text]	Is	this	text	positive	or
negative	?	positive			

Universal task

Information extraction

[long text]	Extract	all	countries	from	the	GPT	
text	:						

[long text]	Extract	all	countries	from	the	GPT	
text	:	Germany					

[long text]	Extract	all	countries	from	the	GPT	
text	:	Germany	,				

• • •

Universal task

Summarisation

[long text]	А	summary	of	the	preceding
text	:				





[long text]	А	summary	of	the	preceding
text	:	The			





[long text]	А	summary	of	the	preceding
text	:	The	main		







Reflect and Q&A

• Q1: What is the difference between word embeddings and BERT?

Q2: What are universal tasks and why are they useful?

Q3: In your own words, try to define transfer learning.

Write your responses on a piece of paper / notebook. Ask any questions about the slides in the chat.

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Inside Transformers

Demo of main components of Transformers with Hugging Face

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



2_inside_transformers.ipynb

AGENDA

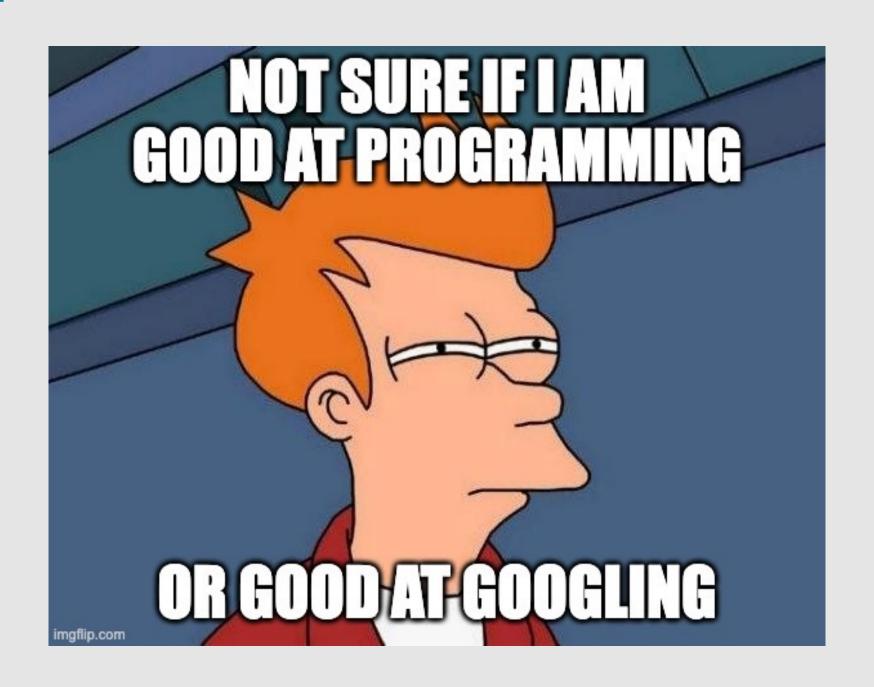
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Note on learning to program

Especially for the beginners in the group:

- Some might think deep learning is too complicated and requires very complex maths they will never understand
- I don't have a CS degree. My models are downloaded +20m times
- The main requirement is not formal education in CS or maths
- The main requirement is motivation to persist and to find solutions



Learning to Google and to ChatGPT

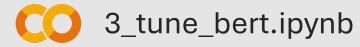
- If you get an error → copy & paste it in Google
- If there is terminology or code you don't understand \rightarrow ask Google
- Since 2023: ChatGPT makes debugging and learning even easier



Fine-tuning BERT

Fine-tune your own BERT model on a real-world dataset

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



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Fine-tuning BERT-NLI

Fine-tuning a universal model on a real-world dataset

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



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LLM risks and opportunities



Data centric Al

Data quality and data cleaning with CleanLab

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



5_data_quality_and_cleaning.ipynb



Data centric Al

2. Data annotation with Argilla

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



6_annotation_interface_argilla.ipynb

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LLM risks and opportunities

13:40 – 14:00

LLM

Fine-tuning generative LLMs

Fine-tune a generative LLM on a real-world dataset

https://github.com/MoritzLaurer/summer-school-transformers-2023/tree/main



7_tune_generative_llm.ipynb

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+/Risks of LLMs

What can go wrong?

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1GOl1CT1 i0FL8sVWGGudHPLM9bOs7uARZYeRJe16At8Y/e dit?usp=sharing



Your LLM project

What do you want to build with LLMs?

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1BHLobAJ Cn6aNN7a75vdgldyQN1ufrlEFr0T8CPz2YWs/edi t?usp=sharing

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Use the wealth of online resources and build something!

Thank you for your attention!



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