

Probability HW#4

③ a

K	P(X=K)
-3 (0 heads)	$\frac{1}{8}$
-1 (1 head)	$\frac{3}{8}$
1 (2 heads)	$\frac{3}{8}$
3 (3 heads)	$\frac{1}{8}$

$$E(X) = -3 \cdot \frac{1}{8} + -1 \cdot \frac{3}{8} + 1 \cdot \frac{3}{8} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{8} = 0$$

⑥ b

K	P(X=K)	P(H) = $\frac{1}{3}$	P(T) = $\frac{2}{3}$
-3	$(\frac{2}{3})^3 = \frac{8}{27}$		
-1	$\frac{1}{3}(\frac{2}{3})^2 \cdot (\frac{1}{3}) = \frac{12}{27}$		
1	$(\frac{1}{3})^2(\frac{2}{3}) \cdot (\frac{1}{3}) = \frac{6}{27}$		
3	$(\frac{1}{3})^3 = \frac{1}{27}$		

$$E(X) = -3 \cdot (\frac{8}{27}) + -1 \cdot (\frac{12}{27}) + 1 \cdot (\frac{6}{27}) + 3 \cdot (\frac{1}{27}) = -\frac{24}{27} - \frac{12}{27} + \frac{6}{27} + \frac{3}{27} = -\frac{27}{27} = -1$$

④

K	P(X=K)	X = profit from a single product
50	$(0.98) \cdot (0.95) \cdot (0.99) = 0.92169$	
20	$(0.02)(0.95)(0.99) + (0.98)(0.05)(0.99) + (0.98)(0.95)(0.01) = 0.07663$	
10	$(0.02)(0.05)(0.99) + (0.02)(0.95)(0.01) + (0.98)(0.05)(0.01) = 0.00167$	
0	$(0.02)(0.05)(0.01) = 0.0001$	

$$E(X) = 50(0.92169) + 20(0.07663) + 10(0.00167) = 47.6338$$

$$E(X^2) = 2500(0.92169) + 400(0.07663) + 100(0.00167) = 2335.044$$

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = 2335.044 - (47.6338)^2 = 66.26109$$

⑥ a

K	P(X=K)
0	$(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{2}{3})(\frac{3}{4}) = \frac{6}{24} = \frac{1}{4}$
1	$(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{2}{3})(\frac{1}{4}) + (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{3})(\frac{3}{4}) + (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{2}{3})(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{6}{24} + \frac{3}{24} + \frac{2}{24} = \frac{11}{24}$
2	$(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{3})(\frac{3}{4}) + (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{2}{3})(\frac{1}{4}) + (\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{3})(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{6}{24} = \frac{1}{4}$
3	$(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{1}{3})(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{24}$

⑦ a $Y = 3 - X, X = 3 - Y$

⑦ b $E(X) = 1 \cdot \frac{11}{24} + 2 \cdot \frac{6}{24} + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{24} = \frac{26}{24} = \frac{13}{12}$

$$E(X^2) = 1 \cdot \frac{11}{24} + 4 \cdot \frac{6}{24} + 9 \cdot \frac{1}{24} = \frac{44}{24} = \frac{11}{6}$$

$$V(X) = \frac{11}{6} - \left(\frac{13}{12}\right)^2 = \frac{95}{144}$$

⑦ c $E(3-X) = -E(X) + 3 = -\frac{13}{12} + \frac{36}{12} = \frac{23}{12}$

$$V(3-X) = V(-X+3) = V(-X) = (-1)^2 V(X) = V(X) = \frac{95}{144}$$

⑧ a

K	P(X=K)
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$$0 \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)^2 = \frac{25}{49}$$

$$1 \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)\left(\frac{2}{7}\right)\left(\frac{1}{7}\right) = \frac{20}{49}$$

$$2 \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)^2 = \frac{4}{49}$$

$$E(X) = 1 \cdot \frac{20}{49} + 2 \cdot \frac{4}{49} = \frac{28}{49} = \frac{4}{7}$$

⑥ k | P(X=k)

0 | $\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{10}{42} = \frac{5}{21}$

1 | $\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)\left(\frac{2}{6}\right) + \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)\left(\frac{5}{6}\right) = \frac{20}{42} = \frac{10}{21}$

2 | $\left(\frac{2}{7}\right)\left(\frac{1}{6}\right) = \frac{2}{42} = \frac{1}{21}$

$$E(X) = 1 \cdot \frac{10}{21} + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{21}$$

$$= \frac{12}{21} = \frac{4}{7}$$

⑦ i both

ii. $E[X_1] = \frac{1}{7}$ $Y = \frac{2}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{4}{7}$

k | P(X₁, X₂ = k)

0 | $\frac{5}{7}$

1 | $\frac{2}{7}$

iii. Y is the # of chosen white balls, and the probability is unchanged regardless of party as b with replacement or not. we look at the whole.

⑩ k | P(X=k)

0 | $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^4 = \frac{81}{256}$

1 | $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \binom{4}{1} = \frac{27}{64} = \frac{108}{256}$

2 | $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 \binom{4}{2} = \frac{9}{16} \cdot \frac{1}{16} \cdot 6 = \frac{54}{256}$

3 | $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 \binom{4}{3} = \frac{3}{64} = \frac{12}{256}$

4 | $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^4 = \frac{1}{256}$

$$E(X) = 1 \cdot \frac{108}{256} + 2 \cdot \frac{54}{256} + 3 \cdot \frac{12}{256} + 4 \cdot \frac{1}{256}$$

$$= \frac{108}{256} + \frac{108}{256} + \frac{36}{256} + \frac{4}{256} = 1$$

⑫ k | P(X=k) (sum)

a | $\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{36}$

3 | $\frac{2}{36}$

4 | $\frac{3}{36}$

5 | $\frac{4}{36}$

6 | $\frac{5}{36}$

7 | $\frac{6}{36}$

8 | $\frac{5}{36}$

9 | $\frac{4}{36}$

10 | $\frac{3}{36}$

11 | $\frac{2}{36}$

12 | $\frac{1}{36}$

k | P(Y=k) (max)

1 | $\frac{1}{36}$

2 | $\frac{2}{36}$

3 | $\frac{3}{36}$

4 | $\frac{4}{36}$

5 | $\frac{5}{36}$

6 | $\frac{6}{36}$

k | P(Z=k) (min)

1 | $\frac{11}{36}$

2 | $\frac{9}{36}$

3 | $\frac{7}{36}$

4 | $\frac{5}{36}$

5 | $\frac{3}{36}$

6 | $\frac{1}{36}$

⑨ X = Y + Z

$$⑥ E(X) = \frac{2}{36} + \frac{6}{36} + \frac{11}{36} + \frac{20}{36} + \frac{30}{36} + \frac{42}{36} + \frac{40}{36} + \frac{36}{36} + \frac{30}{36} + \frac{22}{36} + \frac{12}{36} = \frac{252}{36} = 7$$

$$E[X^2] = \frac{4}{36} + \frac{18}{36} + \frac{48}{36} + \frac{100}{36} + \frac{180}{36} + \frac{294}{36} + \frac{320}{36} + \frac{324}{36} + \frac{300}{36} + \frac{242}{36} + \frac{144}{36} = \frac{1974}{36}$$

$$V(X) = \frac{329}{6} - 49 = \frac{35}{6} = 5.8\bar{3}$$

$$E[Y] = \frac{1}{36} + \frac{6}{36} + \frac{18}{36} + \frac{28}{36} + \frac{45}{36} + \frac{66}{36} = \frac{161}{36}$$

$$E[Y^2] = \frac{1}{36} + \frac{12}{36} + \frac{45}{36} + \frac{112}{36} + \frac{225}{36} + \frac{396}{36} = \frac{791}{36}$$

$$V(Y) = \frac{791}{36} - \left(\frac{161}{36}\right)^2 = \frac{791}{36} - \frac{25921}{1296} = 1.971$$

$$E[Z] = \frac{11}{36} + \frac{18}{36} + \frac{21}{36} + \frac{10}{36} + \frac{15}{36} + \frac{6}{36} = \frac{91}{36}$$

$$E[Z^2] = \frac{17}{36} + \frac{36}{36} + \frac{63}{36} + \frac{80}{36} + \frac{75}{36} + \frac{36}{36} = \frac{301}{36}$$

$$V(Z) = \frac{301}{36} - \left(\frac{91}{36}\right)^2 = 1.971$$

$$c) E[X] = E[Y] + E[Z] \rightarrow 7 = \frac{161}{36} + \frac{91}{36} = \frac{252}{36} \checkmark$$

variance is not satisfied because Y, Z are dependent

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k	P(X=k)
1	$\frac{9}{3}$
2	$\frac{9}{9}$
3	$\frac{4}{27}$
4	$\frac{9}{81}$
5	$\frac{9}{243}$

$$\sum_k P(X=k) = 1$$

$$9 \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{27} + \frac{1}{81} + \frac{1}{243} \right) = 1$$

$$9 \left(\frac{121}{243} \right) = 1$$

$$9 = \frac{243}{121}$$

20 a

k	P(X=k)
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$$2 \left(\frac{2}{6} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{2}{30}$$

$$3 \left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{2}{5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + \left(\frac{2}{6} \right) \left(\frac{4}{5} \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{8}{120} + \frac{8}{120} = \frac{16}{120} = \frac{4}{30}$$

$$4 \left[\left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) \left(\frac{2}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) \left(\frac{2}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{2}{5} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) + \left(\frac{2}{6} \right) \left(\frac{4}{5} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{3} \right) \right] = \frac{96}{360} = \frac{8}{30}$$

$$5 \left[\left[\left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) \left(\frac{2}{4} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] 2 + \left[\left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{3}{5} \right) \left(\frac{2}{4} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] 2 + \left[\left(\frac{4}{6} \right) \left(\frac{2}{5} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] 2 + \left[\left(\frac{2}{6} \right) \left(\frac{4}{5} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right] 2 \right] = \frac{192}{360} = \frac{16}{30}$$

$$b) E[X] = \frac{4}{30} + \frac{12}{30} + \frac{32}{30} + \frac{80}{30} = \frac{128}{30} = \frac{64}{15}$$

$$E[X^2] = \frac{8}{30} + \frac{36}{30} + \frac{128}{30} + \frac{400}{30} = \frac{572}{30} = \frac{286}{15}$$

$$V(X) = \frac{286}{15} - \left(\frac{64}{15}\right)^2 = 0.86\bar{2} \quad \sigma(X) = \sqrt{0.86\bar{2}} = 0.9286$$

c) i. $\frac{3}{4}$ ii. $\frac{1}{4}$

d) define events:

let B = all remaining balls are blue

let $A_1, \dots, A_5 = 1, 2, \dots, 5$

$$P(B) = P(A_2) \cdot P(B/A_2) + \dots + P(A_5) \cdot P(B/A_5) \\ = \frac{2}{30} \cdot 1 + \frac{4}{30} \cdot 1 + \frac{8}{30} \cdot \frac{3}{4} + \frac{16}{30} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{30} + \frac{4}{30} + \frac{24}{30} + \frac{8}{30} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$i. P(A_2/B) = \frac{P(A_2) \cdot P(B/A_2)}{P(B)} = \frac{\frac{2}{30} \cdot 1}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$ii. P(A_4/B) = \frac{P(A_4) \cdot P(B/A_4)}{P(B)} = \frac{\frac{8}{30} \cdot \frac{3}{4}}{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{3}{10}$$

iii. 0

②

K	$P(X=K)$
0	$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)^5 = \frac{3125}{32768}$
1	$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)^4 \left(\frac{3}{8}\right) \binom{5}{1} = \frac{9375}{32768}$
2	$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^2 \binom{5}{2} = \frac{11250}{32768}$
3	$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)^2 \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^3 \binom{5}{3} = \frac{6750}{32768}$
4	$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^4 \binom{5}{4} = \frac{2025}{32768}$
5	$\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^5 = \frac{243}{32768}$

K	$P(Y=K)$
0	$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) \left(\frac{4}{7}\right) \left(\frac{3}{6}\right) \left(\frac{2}{5}\right) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{\binom{5}{5}}{\binom{8}{5}} = \frac{1}{56}$
1	$\frac{\binom{5}{4} \binom{3}{1}}{\binom{8}{5}} = \frac{15}{56}$
2	$\frac{\binom{5}{3} \binom{3}{2}}{\binom{8}{5}} = \frac{30}{56}$
3	$\frac{\binom{5}{2} \binom{3}{3}}{\binom{8}{5}} = \frac{10}{56}$

$$E[X] = \frac{9375 + 2 \cdot (11250) + 3 \cdot (6750) + 4 \cdot (2025) + 5 \cdot (243)}{32768} = \frac{61440}{32768} = \frac{15}{8}$$

$$E[Y] = \frac{15}{86} + \frac{60}{56} + \frac{30}{56} + \frac{105}{56} + \frac{15}{8}$$