

Resource Usage Contracts for .NET

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What?

- An extension of Code Contracts to support resource usage specifications in .NET programs.
- Tailored for specifying dynamic memory consumption, a resource that can be recycled during program execution.

How?

- Using a simple memory model with deterministic allocation that allows us to determine an upper bound of the real memory allocated.
- By introducing new set of annotations enabling specification of both memory consumption and lifetime properties in a modular fashion.

Example.cs

```
IntLinkedList
class IntLinkedList {
    private Node Head;

    public void PushFront(Node node) {
        Contract.Memory.Tmp<Logger>(1);
        Contract.Memory.DestTmp();
        Logger logger = new Logger();
        node.Next = this.Head;
        this.Head = node;
        logger.Log("PushFront done");
    }

    public void Fill(int n) {
        Contract.Requires(n > 0);
        Contract.Memory.Rsd<Node>(Contract.Memory.This, n - 1);
        Contract.Memory.Tmp<Logger>(1);
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
            Contract.Memory.DestRsd(Contract.Memory.This);
            Node node = new Node(i);
            this.PushFront(node);
        }
    }

    public void Clear() {
        this.Head = null;
        Contract.Memory.Rsd<Logger>(Contract.Memory.This, 1);
        Contract.Memory.DestRsd(Contract.Memory.This);
        Logger logger = new Logger();
        logger.Log("Clear done");
    }
}
```

logger is a **temporary** object because it can be collected when the method execution finishes

node is a **residual** object because its lifetime exceeds that of the method that creates it

Error List

	Description	File	Line	Column	Project
2	CodeContracts: Checked 4 assertions: 3 correct 1 false	example.mod.dll	1	1	example
1	CodeContracts: ensures is false	Example.cs	23	5	example
3	CodeContracts: The object created doesn't escape from the method.	Example.cs	28	9	example

`Contract.Memory.DestTmp();`
indicates that the next object created is **temporary**

`Contract.Memory.Tmp<T>(n);`
defines a **temporary** memory of type **T** of at most **n**

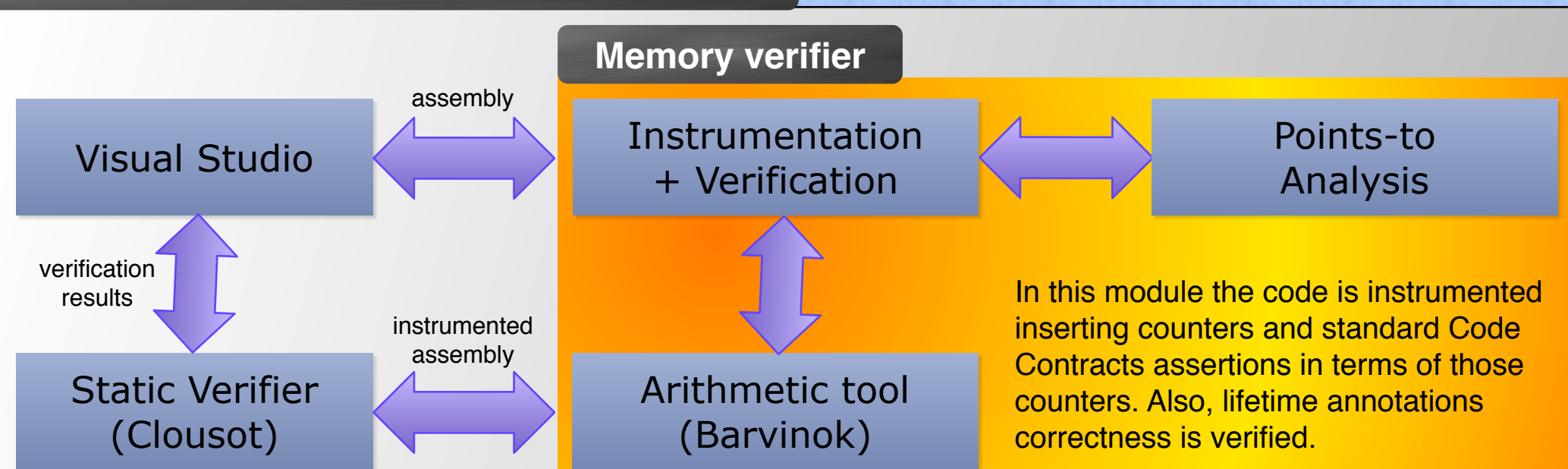
Error: the method requires **n** residual **Node** objects

`Contract.Memory.DestRsd(t);`
indicates that the next object created is **residual** and tagged as **t**

Error: the object **logger** is temporary but marked as residual

`Contract.Memory.Rsd<T>(t, n);`
defines a **residual** memory of type **T** tagged as **t** of at most **n**

How are the annotations checked?



Future work

- Enhance the usability of the tool automatically inferring quantitative and lifetime annotations.
- Experiment and compare the effectiveness with other static verifiers (eg: Z3, requires a translation of Code Contracts assertions to Boogie).
- Improve the supported annotations to maintain encapsulation properties such as information hiding.

<http://lafhis.dc.uba.ar/resourcecontracts>