矢吹太朗『コンピュータでとく数学』(オーム社,2024)

In[1]:= **\$Version**

Out[1]= 14.1.0 for Microsoft Windows (64-bit) (July 16, 2024)

1 実行環境

```
In[2]:= Clear["Global`*"];
ln[3]:= data = \{\{1, 7\}, \{3, 1\}, \{6, 6\}, \{10, 14\}\};
      model = LinearModelFit[data, X1, X1]
      model["BestFitParameters"]
Out[4]= FittedModel [ 2. + 1. X1 ]
Out[5]= \{2., 1.\}
```

2 数と変数

```
In[6]:= Clear["Global`*"];
  In[7]:= 2 * (-3)
 Out[7]= -6
  In[8]:= 2 (-3)
 Out[8]= -6
  In[9]:= (1 + 2) * 3
 Out[9]= 9
 In[10]:= 2^10
Out[10]=
        1024
 In[11]:= -2 < -1
Out[11]=
        True
 In[12]:= 2 + 2 == 5
Out[12]=
        False
 In[13]:= If[7 < 5, 10, 20]
Out[13]=
        20
 In[14]:= x < 1
Out[14]=
        x < 1
 In[15]:= X == y
Out[15]=
 In[16]:= x^2 - 1 == (x + 1) (x - 1) // Simplify
Out[16]=
        True
 In[17]:= Not[0 < 1] (* 方法1 *)
        ! (0 < 1) (* 方法2 *)
Out[17]=
        False
Out[18]=
        False
```

```
In[19]:= Or [0 < 1, 2 > 3] (* 方法1 *)
        (0 < 1) || (2 > 3) (* 方法2 *)
Out[19]=
       True
Out[20]=
       True
 In[21]:= And [0 < 1, 2 > 3] (* 方法1 *)
        (0 < 1) && (2 > 3) (* 方法2 *)
Out[21]=
       False
Out[22]=
       False
 In[23]:= Not [10 < x]
Out[23]=
       10\,\geq\,x
 In[24]:= Clear["Global`*"];
 In[25]:= x = 5; x = 5
Out[25]=
       True
 In[26]:= a = 1 + 2;
       b = 9;
       a (b + 1)
Out[28]=
       30
 ln[29]:= a = 1 + 2; b = 9; a * (b + 1)
Out[29]=
       30
 In[30]:= a = 1 + 2
Out[30]=
       3
 In[31]:= a = 3;
       Clear[a]; (* 変数を記号にする. *)
       Expand [(a + 1)^2]
Out[33]=
       1 + 2 a + a^2
 In[34]:= x1 = 2; x2 = 3; x1 + x2
Out[34]=
       5
 In[35]:= Subscript[x, 1] = 2; Subscript[x, 2] = 3; Subscript[x, 1] + Subscript[x, 2]
Out[35]=
       5
```

```
In[36]:= x = 1; y = x + 1; x = 2; y
Out[36]=
 In[37]:= X = 1;
       y := x + 1; (* yは「2」ではなく「x + 1」になる. *)
              (* 「x + 1」は「2 + 1」つまり3. *)
Out[40]=
 In[41]:= Clear["Global`*"];
 In[42]:= f = 2x + 3;
        f /. x \rightarrow 5
Out[43]=
        13
 ln[44]:= g = a + b;
        g /. \{a \rightarrow x, b \rightarrow y\}
Out[45]=
       x + y
 In[46]:= f = Function[x, 2x + 3];
        f[5]
Out[47]=
        13
 In[48]:= Clear[f];
        f[x_] := 2x + 3
        f[5]
Out[50]=
        13
 In[51]:= Clear[f, a];
       f = Function[x, 2x + 3];
        g = f[a];
        \{f[5], g /. a \rightarrow 5\}
Out[54]=
        \{13, 13\}
 In[55]:= Clear[f];
        f[x_] := 1 / x
       f[1]
Out[57]=
        1
```

```
ln[58] = f1[x_] := Piecewise[{\{1/x, x \neq 0\}\}}, Undefined]
       f2[0] = Undefined;
       f2[x_] := 1/x
       f3[0] = Undefined;
       f3[x_/; x \neq 0] := 1/x
       f4[x_] := If[x \neq 0, 1/x, Undefined]
       f5[x_] := Which[x \neq 0, 1/x, True, Undefined]
       {f1[1], f2[1], f3[1], f4[1], f5[1]} (* 全て1 *)
       {f1[0], f2[0], f3[0], f4[0], f5[0]} (* 全てUndefined *)
Out[65]=
       {1, 1, 1, 1, 1}
Out[66]=
       {Undefined, Undefined, Undefined, Undefined}
       Function [x, 2x + 3][5]
 In[67]:=
Out[67]=
       13
 In[68]:= Clear[f];
       f[x_{,} y_{]} := x + y
       f[2, 3]
Out[70]=
 In[71]:= Clear[g];
       g[x_] := x[1] + x[2]
       x = \{2, 3\}; g[x]
Out[73]=
       5
 ln[74]:= g[{x1_, x2_}] := x1 + x2
       g[x]
Out[75]=
 In[76]:= Apply[f, x]
Out[76]=
       5
 ln[77]:= g[{2, 3}]
Out[77]=
 In[78]:= Clear["Global`*"];
```

```
In[79] := Expand[(x + 1)^2]
Out[79]=
       1 + 2x + x^2
 In[80]:= Clear["Global`*"];
 In[81]:= N[Sqrt[2], 30]
Out[81]=
       1.41421356237309504880168872421
 In[82]:= pi2 = FromDigits[RealDigits[N[Pi], 2], 2]
       pi10 = FromDigits[RealDigits[N[Pi], 10], 10]
       Abs[Pi - pi2] < Abs[Pi - pi10] (* True *)
Out[82]=
       884279719003555
       281 474 976 710 656
Out[83]=
       3141592653589793
       10000000000000000
Out[84]=
       True
 In[85]:= 0.1 + 0.2 == 0.3
Out[85]=
       True
 In[86]:= Chop[0.1 + 0.2 - 0.3] == 0
Out[86]=
       True
 In[87]:= 1 / 10 + 2 / 10 == 3 / 10
Out[87]=
       True
 In[88]:= (*「'」はシングルクォートではなくバッククォート *)
       Block[{Internal`$EqualTolerance = 0.}, 0.1 + 0.2 = 0.3] (* False *)
Out[88]=
       False
 In[89]:= Chop[0.1 + 0.2 - 0.3] == 0 (* True *)
Out[89]=
       True
 In[90]:= Clear["Global`*"];
 In[91]:= Clear[x];
       Simplify[Sin[x]^2 + Cos[x]^2]
Out[92]=
 In[93]:= FullSimplify[Sqrt[5 + 2 Sqrt[6]]]
Out[93]=
        \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}
```

```
In[94]:= Simplify[Sqrt[(x - 1)^2], x - 1 \geq 0]
Out[94]=
        -1\,+\,x
 In[95]:= Reduce[Sqrt[(x - 1)^2] == x - 1, x, Reals]
        x \geq 1
 In[96]:= Clear[a, b];
        Reduce[Sqrt[a] \times Sqrt[b] = Sqrt[ab], Reals]
Out[97]=
        b\,\geq\,0\,\&\&\;a\,\geq\,0
```

データ構造

```
In[98]:= Clear["Global`*"];
 In[99]:= v = \{2, 3, 5\}; Length[v]
Out[99]=
In[100]:=
        v[3] = 0.5; v
Out[100]=
        {2, 3, 0.5}
In[101]:=
        Range [5]
Out[101]=
        \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}
In[102]:=
        Range [0, 1, 0.1]
Out[102]=
        \{0., 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1.\}
In[103]:=
        Subdivide [0, 100, 4]
Out[103]=
        \{0, 25, 50, 75, 100\}
In[104]:=
        v = \{2, 3\};
        1.1 v
Out[105]=
        {2.2, 3.3}
In[106]:=
        u = \{10, 20\}; v = \{2, 3\};
Out[107]=
        {12, 23}
In[108]:=
        v + 1
Out[108]=
        {3, 4}
In[109]:=
        u = \{10, 20\}; v = \{2, 3\};
        u.v
Out[110]=
        80
In[111]:=
        a = \{2, 3, 4\}; b = a; b[3] = 0.5; a
Out[111]=
        {2, 3, 4}
```

```
In[112]:=
       v = \{2, -1, 3, -2\};
       Cases [v, x_{-}/; x > 0]
                                  (* パターンマッチングによる抽出 *)
       Select[v, Function[x, x > 0]] (* 関数による抽出 *)
       Select[v, Positive]
                                 (* 組込み関数の利用 *)
Out[113]=
       {2,3}
Out[114]=
       {2, 3}
Out[115]=
       {2, 3}
In[116]:=
       v = \{2, -1, 3, -2\};
       UnitStep[v]
Out[117]=
       \{1, 0, 1, 0\}
In[118]:=
       v = \{2, -1, 3, -2\};
       n = Length[v]; (* vのサイズ *)
       u = Table[Null, n]; (* Nullは「値がない」ということ. *)
       Do[u[i]] = If[v[i]] < 0, 0, 1], {i, 1, n}];
In[122]:=
       Table [If [x < 0, 0, 1], \{x, v\}]
Out[122]=
       {1, 0, 1, 0}
In[123]:=
       v = \{2, -1, 3, -2\};
       f = Function[x, If[x < 0, 0, 1]];
       Map[f, v]
Out[125]=
       {1, 0, 1, 0}
In[126]:=
       v = \{2, -1, 3, -2\};
       f = Function[x, If[x < 0, 0, 1], Listable];
       f[v]
Out[128]=
       {1, 0, 1, 0}
In[129]:=
       u = \{1, 7, 2, 9\}; v = \{2, 3, 5, 7\};
       f = Function[{a, b}, If[a < b, -1, 1]];
       MapThread[f, {u, v}]
Out[131]=
       \{-1, 1, -1, 1\}
In[132]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
```

```
In[133]:=
       x = <|"apple" → "りんご", "orange" → "みかん"|>;
       x["orange"]
Out[134]=
       みかん
In[135]:=
       AppendTo[x, "grape" → "ぶどう"];
       x["grape"]
Out[136]=
       ぶどう
In[137]:=
       x["apple"] = .
       KeyExistsQ[x, "apple"]
Out[138]=
       False
In[139]:=
       Clear[x];
       x["apple"] = "りんご";
       x["orange"] = "みかん";
                         (* みかん *)
       x["orange"]
       x["grape"] = "ぶどう";
       x["grape"]
                        (* ぶどう *)
       x["apple"] = .
       Head[x["apple"]] = != x (* False *)
Out[142]=
       みかん
Out[144]=
       ぶどう
Out[146]=
       False
In[147]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[148]:=
       df = Transpose[Dataset[<|"name" \rightarrow {"A", "B", "C"}],
                   "english" \rightarrow \{60, 90, 70\},
                   "math" \rightarrow {70, 80, 90},
                   "gender" → {"f", "m", "m"}|>]]
Out[148]=
```

name	english	math	gender
Α	60	70	f
В	90	80	m
С	70	90	m

```
In[149]:=
          df = Dataset[{
             <|"name" \rightarrow "A", "english" \rightarrow 60, "math" \rightarrow 70, "gender" \rightarrow "f"|>,
             <|"name" \rightarrow "B", "english" \rightarrow 90, "math" \rightarrow 80, "gender" \rightarrow "m"|>,
             <|"name" \rightarrow "C", "english" \rightarrow 70, "math" \rightarrow 90, "gender" \rightarrow "m"|>}]
```

Out[149]=

name	english	math	gender
Α	60	70	f
В	90	80	m
С	70	90	m

In[150]:=

df[All, {"english", "math"}]

Out[150]=

english	math	
60	70	
90	80	
70	90	

In[151]:=

Normal[df[All, "english"]]

Out[151]= {**60**, **90**, **70**}

In[152]:=

m = Values[Normal[df[All, {2, 3}]]] Out[152]=

 $\{\{60, 70\}, \{90, 80\}, \{70, 90\}\}$

In[153]:= {english, math} = Transpose[m]

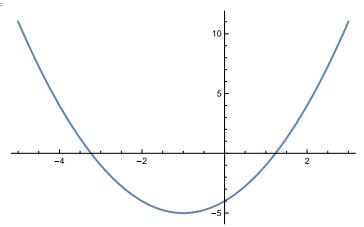
Out[153]= $\{\{60, 90, 70\}, \{70, 80, 90\}\}\$

4 可視化と方程式

In[154]:= Clear["Global`*"];

In[155]:= Plot[$x^2 + 2x - 4$, {x, -5, 3}]

Out[155]=

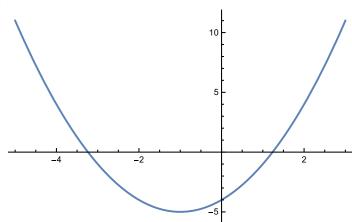


In[156]:=

x = Subdivide[-5, 3, 100]; $y = x^2 + 2x - 4$;

ListLinePlot[Transpose[{x, y}]]

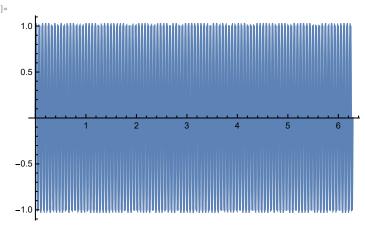
Out[158]=



In[159]:=

Plot[Sin[102 x], $\{x, 0, 2Pi\}$, PlotPoints \rightarrow 100]

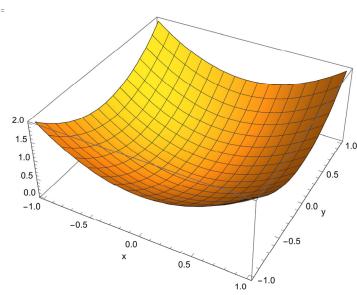




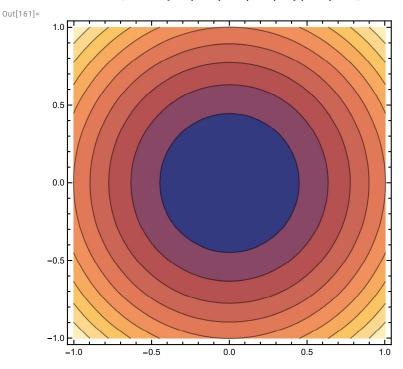
In[160]:=

Plot3D[$x^2 + y^2$, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}, AxesLabel $\rightarrow \{ x^2, y^3 \}$]

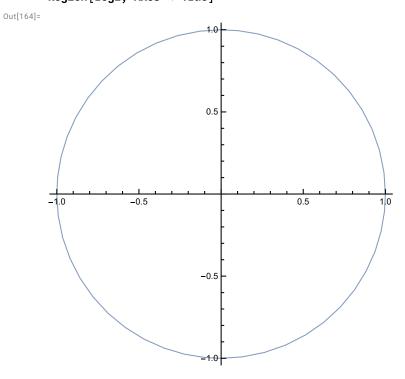




In[161]:= ContourPlot[$x^2 + y^2$, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}]



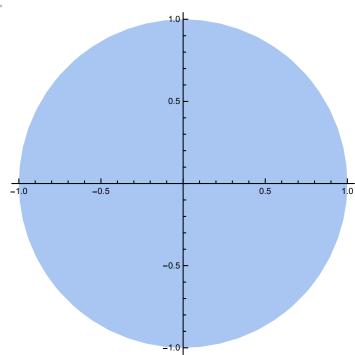
In[162]:= Clear[x, y]; reg1 = ImplicitRegion[$x^2 + y^2 = 1$, $\{x, y\}$]; Region[reg1, Axes → True]



In[165]:=

reg2 = ImplicitRegion[$x^2 + y^2 \le 1$, {x, y}]; Region[reg2, Axes → True]

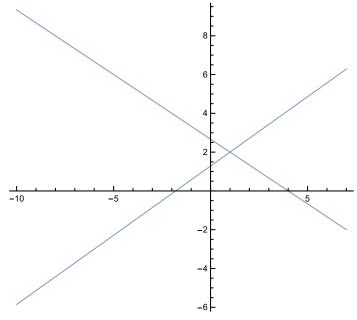
Out[166]=



In[167]:=

reg = ImplicitRegion[$0r[2x + 3y == 8, 5x - 7y == -9], \{x, y\}$]; Region[reg, Axes → True]

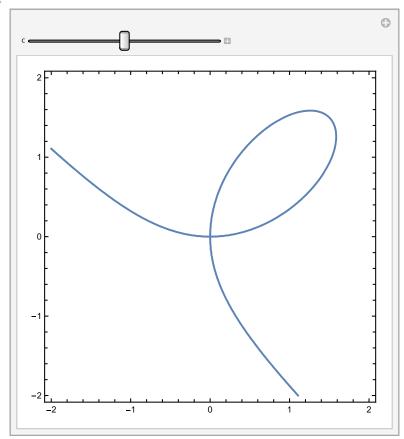
Out[168]=



```
In[169]:=
        reg = ImplicitRegion[And[y \le x, y \ge x^2], {x, y}];
         RegionPlot[reg]
        Plot[\{x, x^2\}, \{x, 0, 1\}, Filling \rightarrow \{1 \rightarrow \{2\}\}, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1] (* ② *)
Out[170]=
         8.0
         0.6
         0.4
         0.2
                                                  0.6
                                                               0.8
Out[171]=
         1.0
         8.0
         0.6
         0.4
         0.2
                                                                           1.0
                       0.2
                                     0.4
                                                 0.6
                                                              0.8
In[172]:=
         {RegionMeasure[reg1], RegionMeasure[reg2]}
Out[172]=
         \{2\pi, \pi\}
```

```
In[173]:=
       RegionMeasure[reg]
Out[173]=
In[174]:=
       Clear[x];
       {a, b} = Sort[SolveValues[{x = x^2}, x]];
       Integrate [x - x^2, \{x, a, b\}]
Out[176]=
       1
In[177]:=
       Manipulate[
       ContourPlot[x^3 + y^3 - 3xy = c, \{x, -2, 2\}, \{y, -2, 2\}],
```

Out[177]=



{{c, 0}, -1, 1}] (* cは-1以上1以下で, 初期値は0 *)

In[178]:= Clear["Global`*"]; In[179]:= SolveValues[
$$x^2 + 2x - 4 == 0, x$$
]
Out[179]:
$$\left\{-1 - \sqrt{5}, -1 + \sqrt{5}\right\}$$

```
In[180]:=
         \{a, b\} = SolveValues[x^2 + 2x - 4 == 0, x]
         a + b
         tmp = Solve[x^2 + 2x - 4 == 0, x]
         {a, b} = x /. tmp;
         a + b
         tmp = Reduce[x^2 + 2x - 4 == 0, x]
         {a, b} = x /. {ToRules[tmp]};
Out[180]=
         \left\{-1 - \sqrt{5}, -1 + \sqrt{5}\right\}
Out[181]=
Out[182]=
         \left\{ \left\{ x \rightarrow -1 - \sqrt{5} \right\}, \ \left\{ x \rightarrow -1 + \sqrt{5} \right\} \right\}
Out[184]=
Out[185]=
         x = -1 - \sqrt{5} \mid \mid x = -1 + \sqrt{5}
Out[187]=
In[188]:=
         n = 3; Simplify[Total[SolveValues[x^n + 2 x - 4 == 0, x]]]
Out[188]=
In[189]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[190]:=
         sol = SolveValues[\{2x + 3y = 8, 5x - 7y = -9\}, \{x, y\}]
Out[190]=
         \{\{1, 2\}\}
In[191]:=
         \{ \{x1, y1\} \} = sol; x1 + y1
Out[191]=
         3
In[192]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[193]:=
         f[x_] := 2^x + Sin[x]
         FindRoot[f[x] = 0, \{x, 0\}]
Out[194]=
         \{x \rightarrow -0.676182\}
In[195]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
```

In[196]:=

Reduce
$$[x^2 + 2x - 4 < 0, x]$$

Out[196]=

$$-1 - \sqrt{5} < x < -1 + \sqrt{5}$$

5 論理式

```
In[197]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[198]:=
       expr = Exists[x, Element[x, Reals], x^2 == 2];
       Reduce [expr]
Out[199]=
       True
In[200]:=
       Reduce [Implies [x > 10, x > 11]]
Out[200]=
       x \leq 10 \mid \mid x > 11
In[201]:=
       Reduce[ForAll[x, Element[x, Reals], Implies[x > 10, x > 11]]]
Out[201]=
       False
In[202]:=
       BooleanConvert[Implies[A, B], "OR"] (* 含意 *)
Out[202]=
        \mid A \mid \mid B
In[203]:=
       BooleanConvert[And[A, B], "OR"](* 論理積 *)
Out[203]=
        ! (!A | | !B)
In[204]:=
        {BooleanConvert[Not[A]] == BooleanConvert[Nand[A, A]],
        BooleanConvert[Or[A, B]] == BooleanConvert[Nand[Not[A], Not[B]]]}
Out[204]=
        {True, True}
In[205]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[206]:=
       Reduce [Exists [x, Element [x, Reals], x^2 = 2]
Out[206]=
       True
In[207]:=
       Reduce [Exists [x, x^2 = 2], Reals]
Out[207]=
       True
```

```
In[208]:=
       Reduce[Exists[x, Element[x, Rationals], x^2 = 2] (* False *)
       Reduce [Exists [x, x^2 = 2], Rationals]
                                                       (* False *)
Out[208]=
       False
Out[209]=
       False
In[210]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[211]:=
       expr = ForAll[b, Element[b, Reals], Exists[n, Element[n, Integers], n > b]];
       Reduce [expr]
Out[212]=
       True
In[213]:=
       expr1 = ForAll[b,
         Element[b, Reals], Exists[n, And[Element[n, Integers], n > b]]];
       Reduce[expr1] (* True *)
       expr2 = ForAll[b,
         Implies[Element[b, Reals], Exists[n, Element[n, Integers], n > b]]];
       Reduce[expr2] (* 失敗 *)
Out[214]=
       True
        Reduce: この系はReduceで使用できるメソッドでは解けません.
Out[216]=
       Reduce [\forall_b (b \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow \exists_{n,n \in \mathbb{Z}} n > b)]
In[217]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[218]:=
       Reduce [Exists [x, ax + b = 0]]
Out[218]=
        (b = 0 \&\& a = 0) \mid |a \neq 0
In[219]:=
       Reduce [Exists [x, Element [x, Reals], x^2 + a^2 = 0]
Out[219]=
       Re[a] = 0
In[220]:=
       Reduce[Exists[x, Element[x, Reals], x^2 + a^2 < 0] (* False *)
Out[220]=
       False
In[221]:=
       Reduce[Exists[x, Element[x, Reals], x^2 + a^2 < 0], Complexes] // Simplify</pre>
Out[221]=
       Re[a] = 0 \&\& Im[a] \neq 0
```

```
In[222]:=
       Reduce[Not[Exists[\{n, a, b, c\}, And[n \ge 3, a^n + b^n = c^n]]],
        PositiveIntegers]
Out[222]=
       True
In[223]:=
       Reduce[Not[Exists[{a, b, c}, a^4 + b^4 = c^4]], PositiveIntegers]
Out[223]=
       True
In[224]:=
       Reduce[Not[Exists[{a, b, c}, a^4 + b^4 = c^2]], PositiveIntegers] (* 失敗 *)
       ⋯ Reduce: この系はReduceで使用できるメソッドでは解けません.
Out[224]=
       Reduce \left[ \forall_{\{a,b,c\}} a^4 + b^4 \neq c^2, \mathbb{Z}_{>0} \right]
```

6 1次元のデータ

```
In[225]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[226]:=
         a = \{36, 43, 53, 55, 56, 56, 57, 60, 61, 73\};
         b = \{34, 39, 39, 49, 50, 52, 52, 55, 83, 97\};
         Histogram[a]
Out[228]=
                      30
                                 40
                                                                             80
In[229]:=
         HistogramList[a, {20, 80, 20}]
Out[229]=
         \{\{20, 40, 60, 80\}, \{1, 6, 3\}\}
In[230]:=
         x = \{7, 3, 1, 3, 4, 7, 7, 7, 10, 3\};
         f = Counts[x]
Out[231]=
         <\mid 7\rightarrow 4,\ 3\rightarrow 3,\ 1\rightarrow 1,\ 4\rightarrow 1,\ 10\rightarrow 1\mid>
In[232]:=
         BoxWhiskerChart[\{a, b\}, "Outliers", ChartLabels \rightarrow \{"A", "B"\}]
Out[232]=
         100
          90
          80
          70
          60
          50
          40
          30
```

In[233]:= Clear["Global`*"];

```
In[234]:=
          a = \{36, 43, 53, 55, 56, 56, 57, 60, 61, 73\};
         Mean[a]
Out[235]=
          55
In[236]:=
          b = \{34, 39, 39, 49, 50, 52, 52, 55, 83, 97\};
          Total[b] / Length[b]
Out[237]=
In[238]:=
         Mean[a - Mean[a]]
Out[238]=
In[239]:=
          Variance[a]
Out[239]=
          100
In[240]:=
          Total[(b - Mean[b])^2] / (Length[b] - 1) // N
Out[240]=
          397.778
In[241]:=
          z = Standardize[a]
Out[241]=
          \left\{-\frac{19}{10}, -\frac{6}{5}, -\frac{1}{5}, 0, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{9}{5}\right\}
In[242]:=
          {Mean[z], StandardDeviation[z]}
Out[242]=
          {0, 1}
In[243]:=
           (a - Mean[a]) / StandardDeviation[a]
Out[243]=
          \left\{-\frac{19}{10}, -\frac{6}{5}, -\frac{1}{5}, 0, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{9}{5}\right\}
In[244]:=
          StandardDeviation[a] z + Mean[a]
Out[244]=
          \{36, 43, 53, 55, 56, 56, 57, 60, 61, 73\}
In[245]:=
          10 * z + 50
Out[245]=
          \{31, 38, 48, 50, 51, 51, 52, 55, 56, 68\}
```

7 2次元のデータ

```
In[246]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[247]:=
       x = \{35, 45, 55, 65, 75\}; y = \{114, 124, 143, 158, 166\};
        ListPlot[Transpose[{x, y}]]
Out[248]=
        160
        150
        140
        130
        120
In[249]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[250]:=
       x = \{35, 45, 55, 65, 75\}; y = \{114, 124, 143, 158, 166\};
       Covariance[x, y]
Out[251]=
        345
In[252]:=
        Covariance[Transpose[{x, y}]]
Out[252]=
        \{\{250, 345\}, \{345, 484\}\}
In[253]:=
        (x - Mean[x]) \cdot (y - Mean[y]) / (Length[x] - 1)
Out[253]=
        345
In[254]:=
       Correlation[x, y] // N
Out[254]=
        0.991805
In[255]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
```

```
In[256]:=
        x = \{35, 45, 55, 65, 75\}; y = \{114, 124, 143, 158, 166\};
         data = Thread[{x, y}]; (* x, yを列とする行列 *)
         model = LinearModelFit[data, X, X]
Out[258]=
        FittedModel 65.1 + 1.38 X
In[259]:=
        model [40]
Out[259]=
         120.3
In[260]:=
         Show[ListPlot[data], Plot[model[x], {x, 35, 75}]]
Out[260]=
         160
         150
         140
         130
         120
In[261]:=
         L = Total[(y - (ax + b))^2]
Out[261]=
         (166 - 75 a - b)^2 + (158 - 65 a - b)^2 + (143 - 55 a - b)^2 + (124 - 45 a - b)^2 + (114 - 35 a - b)^2
In[262]:=
         sol = SolveAlways[L == p(a - q)^2 + r(b - (sa + t))^2 + u, {a, b}]
         {q, sq + t} /. sol[1]
Out[262]=
         \left\{\left\{u\rightarrow\frac{158}{5}\text{, }p\rightarrow1000\text{, }q\rightarrow\frac{69}{50}\text{, }s\rightarrow-55\text{, }t\rightarrow141\text{, }r\rightarrow5\right\}\right\}
Out[263]=
In[264]:=
         a = Covariance[x, y] / Variance[x]; b = Mean[y] - a Mean[x];
         {a, b} // N
Out[265]=
         {1.38, 65.1}
In[266]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
```

```
In[267]:=
       anscombe = ExampleData[{"Statistics", "AnscombeRegressionLines"}];
      x1 = anscombe[All, 1]; y1 = anscombe[All, 5]; data = Thread[{x1, y1}];
       Correlation[x1, y1]
       model = LinearModelFit[data, X, X]
       Show[ListPlot[data], Plot[model[x], {x, 0, 21}]]
Out[269]=
       0.816421
Out[270]=
       FittedModel 3. + 0.5 X
Out[271]=
                                        10
```

確率変数と確率分布

```
In[272]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[273]:=
       dist = DiscreteUniformDistribution[{1, 6}];
       PDF [dist] [2]
Out[274]=
       1
       6
In[275]:=
       Probability[X == 2, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[275]=
        1
       _
6
In[276]:=
       data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000];
       Histogram[data] (* 結果は割愛 *)
Out[277]=
       150
       100
        50
In[278]:=
       Show[Histogram[data, {0.5, 6.5, 1}, "PDF"],
        DiscretePlot[PDF[dist][x], {x, 1, 6}]]
Out[278]=
       0.15
       0.10
       0.05
```

0.00

```
In[279]:=
          dist = BernoulliDistribution[3/10];
          data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000];
          Counts [data]
Out[281]=
           \langle |\, 1 \rightarrow 300\,,\; 0 \rightarrow 700 \,| \rangle
In[282]:=
          dist = BinomialDistribution[10, 3/10];
          PDF [dist] [3]
Out[283]=
           66 706 983
          250 000 000
In[284]:=
          Probability[X == 3, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[284]=
           66 706 983
          250 000 000
In[285]:=
          dist = BinomialDistribution[n, p];
          PDF [dist]
Out[286]=
          \text{Function}\Big[\underset{}{x},\;\left\{\begin{array}{ll} (1-p)^{-\overset{x}{x}+n}\;p^{\overset{x}{y}}\;\text{Binomial}[\,n\,,\,\overset{x}{y}\,] & 0\leq\overset{x}{y}\leq n\\ 0 & \text{True} \end{array}\right.,\;\text{Listable}\Big]
In[287]:=
          n = 10; p = 3 / 10; dist = BinomialDistribution[n, p];
          data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000];
          Histogram[data] (* 結果は割愛 *)
Out[289]=
          250
          200
          150
          100
           50
```

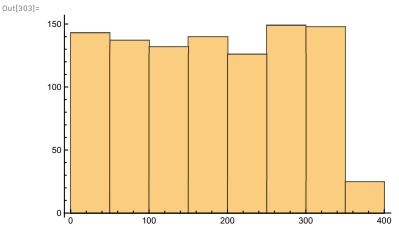
```
Show[Histogram[data, \{-0.5, n + 0.5, 1\}, "PDF"],
        DiscretePlot[PDF[dist][x], {x, 0, n}]]
Out[290]=
       0.25
       0.20
       0.15
       0.10
       0.05
       0.00
                                                               10
In[291]:=
       dist = BinomialDistribution[10, 3/10];
       CDF [dist] [3]
Out[292]=
        406 006 699
        625 000 000
In[293]:=
       Probability[X ≤ 3, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[293]=
        406 006 699
        625 000 000
In[294]:=
       Sum[PDF[dist][k], \{k, 0, 3\}]
Out[294]=
        406 006 699
        625 000 000
In[295]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[296]:=
       dist = UniformDistribution[{0, 360}];
        {CDF[dist][200], CDF[dist][150], CDF[dist][200] - CDF[dist][150]}
Out[297]=
In[298]:=
       Probability[150 ≤ X ≤ 200, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[298]=
        36
```

In[290]:=

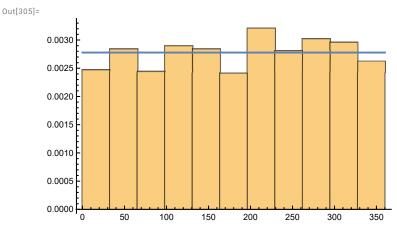
In[304]:=

```
In[299]:=
       Integrate[PDF[dist][x], {x, 150, 200}]
Out[299]=
        36
In[300]:=
       Integrate[PDF[dist][t], {t, 0, x},
        Assumptions → Element[x, Reals]] (* xは実数と仮定する. *)
Out[300]=
              x\,>\,360
              0\,<\,x\,\leq\,360
        0
              True
In[301]:=
       D[x/360, x]
Out[301]=
        1
        360
In[302]:=
```

data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000]; Histogram[data] (* 結果は割愛 *)



data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000]; Show[Histogram[data, {"Raw", "Sturges"}, "PDF"], Plot[PDF[dist][x], {x, 0, 360}]]

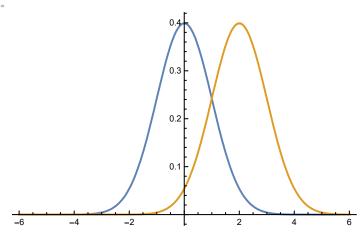


```
In[306]:=
        dist = NormalDistribution[6, 2];
        CDF[dist][6 + 3 \times 2] - CDF[dist][6 - 3 \times 2] // N
Out[307]=
       0.9973
In[308]:=
        Probability [6 - 3 \times 2 \le X \le 6 + 3 \times 2, Distributed [X, dist] // N
Out[308]=
       0.9973
In[309]:=
        Integrate [PDF [dist] [x], \{x, 6 - 3 \times 2, 6 + 3 \times 2\}] // N
Out[309]=
       0.9973
In[310]:=
       Clear[mu, sigma, x];
        dist = NormalDistribution[mu, sigma];
        {a, b} = {mu - 3 sigma, mu + 3 sigma};
                                                         (* 方法1 *)
        CDF[dist][b] - CDF[dist][a] // N
        Probability[a ≤ X ≤ b, Distributed[X, dist]] // N (* 方法2 *)
        Integrate [PDF [dist] [x], \{x, a, b\}] // N
                                                              (* 方法3 *)
Out[313]=
       0.9973
Out[314]=
        0.9973
Out[315]=
       0.9973
In[316]:=
        dist = NormalDistribution[mu, sigma];
        PDF [dist] [x]
Out[317]=
             (-mu+x)^2
          ⊕ 2 sigma²
        \sqrt{2\pi} sigma
```

```
In[318]:=
```

Plot[{PDF[NormalDistribution[0, 1]][x], PDF [NormalDistribution[2, 1]][x]}, $\{x, -6, 6\}$]

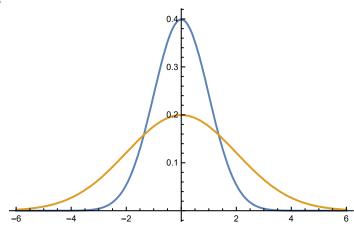
Out[318]=



In[319]:=

Plot[{PDF[NormalDistribution[0, 1]][x], PDF [NormalDistribution [0, 2]] [x], $\{x, -6, 6\}$]

Out[319]=



In[320]:=

Clear["Global`*"];

In[321]:=

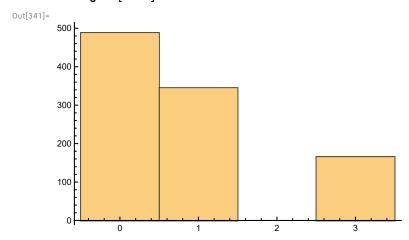
```
Xs = \{0, 100, 1000, 10000\}; Ps = \{0.9, 0.08, 0.015, 0.005\};
tmp = Piecewise[Thread[{Ps, Thread[x == Xs]}]];
dist = ProbabilityDistribution [tmp, {x, 0, 10000, 1}, (* 確率分布の定義 ⋆)
 Method → "Normalize"]; (* 念のため合計を1にする. *)
data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000];
Counts [data]
```

Out[325]=

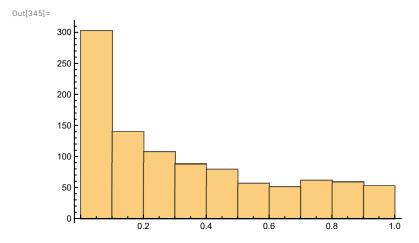
 $<\mid$ 100 \rightarrow 69 , 0 \rightarrow 913 , 1000 \rightarrow 14 , 10000 \rightarrow 4 $\mid>$

```
In[326]:=
        dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Abs[x], {x, -2, 2}, (* 確率分布の定義 *)
         Method → "Normalize"]; (*"全確率"が1にならない場合の備え *)
        data = RandomVariate[dist, 1000];
        Histogram[data]
Out[328]=
        200
        150
        100
         50
In[329]:=
        Clear[f, F, t, x];
        f[x_] := RealAbs[x]
                                               (* 手順1 *)
        F[x_{-}] := Evaluate[Integrate[f[t], {t, -1, x}]] (* 手順2 *)
        Finv = InverseFunction[F];
                                                   (* 手順3 *)
        data = Table[Finv[RandomReal[]], {1000}];
                                                             (* 手順4 *)
        Histogram[data]
                                            (* 手順5 *)
Out[334]=
        150
        100
                         -0.5
                                        0.0
                                                                      1.0
In[335]:=
        distY = UniformDistribution[{0, 1}];
        distX = TransformedDistribution[
         Piecewise [\{-Sqrt[1-2Y], Y \le 1/2\}\}, Sqrt[-1+2Y]],
         Distributed[Y, distY]];
        PDF [distX]
Out[337]=
       \mbox{Function} \left[ \begin{matrix} x \,, \\ x \end{matrix}, \begin{array}{l} -x & -1 < x \leq 0 \\ x & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ 0 & \mbox{True} \end{matrix} \right] \label{eq:function}
```

```
In[338]:=
       distX = DiscreteUniformDistribution[{1, 6}];
       distY = TransformedDistribution[Mod[X^3, 4], Distributed[X, distX]];
       data = RandomVariate[distY, 1000];
       Histogram[data]
```



In[342]:= distX = UniformDistribution[{0, 1}]; distY = TransformedDistribution[X^2, Distributed[X, distX]]; data = RandomVariate[distY, 1000]; Histogram[data]



In[346]:= PDF [distY]

Out[346]=
$$Function \left[\begin{matrix} x \\ \end{matrix}, \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x}} & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & True \end{array} \right., \; Listable \left[\begin{array}{ll} \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x}} & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & True \end{array} \right] \right\}$$

In[347]:= distX = ProbabilityDistribution[Abs[x], {x, -1, 1}]; distY = TransformedDistribution[X^2, Distributed[X, distX]]; PDF [distY]

$$\text{Function} \begin{bmatrix} x \text{, } \\ \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & x > 1 \mid \mid x < 0 \text{, Listable} \end{bmatrix}$$
 Indeterminate True

```
In[350]:=
       dist = NormalDistribution[mu, sigma]; Clear[a, b];
       TransformedDistribution[a X + b, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[351]=
       NormalDistribution[b + a mu, sigma Abs[a]]
In[352]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[353]:=
       Xs = \{0, 100, 1000, 10000\}; Ps = \{0.9, 0.08, 0.015, 0.005\};
       tmp = Piecewise[Thread[{Ps, Thread[x == Xs]}]];
       dist = ProbabilityDistribution[tmp, {x, 0, 10000, 1}];
       Expectation[X, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[356]=
       73.
In[357]:=
       Mean[dist]
Out[357]=
       73.
In[358]:=
       Sum[x PDF[dist][x], \{x, Xs\}]
Out[358]=
       73.
In[359]:=
       Xs . Ps
Out[359]=
       73.
In[360]:=
       Mean[RandomVariate[dist, 500 000]] // N
Out[360]=
       72.6956
In[361]:=
       Clear[n, p];
       dist = BinomialDistribution[n, p];
       Expectation[X, Distributed[X, dist]]
                                                     (* 方法1 *)
                                    (* 方法2 *)
       Sum[x PDF[dist][x], {x, 0, n}] // Simplify (* 方法3 *)
Out[363]=
       n p
Out[364]=
Out[365]=
        \lceil \ n \ p \quad n \geq 1
              True
In[366]:=
       dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Abs[x], {x, -1, 1}];
       Integrate [x PDF [dist] [x], \{x, -1, 1\}]
Out[367]=
       0
```

```
In[368]:=
       Xs = \{0, 100, 1000, 10000\}; Ps = \{0.9, 0.08, 0.015, 0.005\};
       tmp = Piecewise[Thread[{Ps, Thread[x == Xs]}]];
       dist = ProbabilityDistribution[tmp, {x, 0, 10000, 1}];
       Variance[dist]
Out[371]=
       510471.
In[372]:=
       Expectation[(X - Mean[dist])^2, Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[372]=
       510471.
In[373]:=
       Sum[(x - Mean[dist])^2 PDF[dist][x], \{x, Xs\}]
Out[373]=
       510471.
In[374]:=
       ((Xs - Xs \cdot Ps)^2) \cdot Ps
Out[374]=
       510471.
In[375]:=
       Clear[n, p];
       dist = BinomialDistribution[n, p];
       Variance[dist]
                                             (* 方法1 *)
       Expectation[(X - Mean[dist])^2, Distributed[X, dist]]
                                                                     (* 方法2 *)
       Sum[(x - Mean[dist])^2 PDF[dist][x], {x, 0, n}] // Simplify(* 方法3 *)
Out[377]=
       n\ (1-p)\ p
Out[378]=
       np - np^2
Out[379]=
       -n (-1 + p) p
In[380]:=
       dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Abs[x], \{x, -1, 1\}];
       Integrate [(x - Mean[dist])^2 PDF[dist][x], \{x, -1, 1\}]
Out[381]=
       1
       2
```

9 多次元の確率分布

```
In[382]:=
            Clear["Global`*"];
In[383]:=
            distX = DiscreteUniformDistribution[{1, 6}];
           dist = TransformedDistribution[{Max[X1, X2], Min[X1, X2]},
              {Distributed[X1, distX], Distributed[X2, distX]}];
           probs = Table[{
              Probability[\{X, Y\} = \{x, y\}, Distributed[\{X, Y\}, dist]], (* 確率 *)
              \{X, Y\} = \{x, y\}\},
                                                                           (* 条件 *)
             \{x, 1, 6\}, \{y, 1, 6\}
           dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Piecewise[Flatten[probs, 1]], (* 作り直し *)
              \{X, 1, 6, 1\}, \{Y, 1, 6, 1\}\];
Out[385]=
           \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{2c}, \{X, Y\} = \{1, 1\}\right\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{1, 2\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{1, 3\}\},\right\}
               \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{1, 4\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{1, 5\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{1, 6\}\}\},
             \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{10}, \{X, Y\} = \{2, 1\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{20}, \{X, Y\} = \{2, 2\}\right\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{2, 3\}\},\right\}
               \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{2, 4\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{2, 5\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{2, 6\}\}\},
             \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{48}, \{X, Y\} = \{3, 1\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{48}, \{X, Y\} = \{3, 2\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{26}, \{X, Y\} = \{3, 3\}\right\}, \right\}
               \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{3, 4\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{3, 5\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{3, 6\}\}\},\
             \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{40}, \{X, Y\} = \{4, 1\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{40}, \{X, Y\} = \{4, 2\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{10}, \{X, Y\} = \{4, 3\}\right\}\right\}
               \left\{\frac{1}{20}, \{X, Y\} = \{4, 4\}\right\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{4, 5\}\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{4, 6\}\}\right\}
             \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{40}, \{X, Y\} = \{5, 1\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{40}, \{X, Y\} = \{5, 2\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{40}, \{X, Y\} = \{5, 3\}\right\}, \right\}
              \left\{\frac{1}{10}, \{X, Y\} = \{5, 4\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{26}, \{X, Y\} = \{5, 5\}\right\}, \{0, \{X, Y\} = \{5, 6\}\}\right\}
             \left\{\left\{\frac{1}{48}, \{X, Y\} = \{6, 1\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{48}, \{X, Y\} = \{6, 2\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{48}, \{X, Y\} = \{6, 3\}\right\}, \right\}
               \left\{\frac{1}{49}, \{X, Y\} = \{6, 4\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{49}, \{X, Y\} = \{6, 5\}\right\}, \left\{\frac{1}{26}, \{X, Y\} = \{6, 6\}\right\}\right\}
```

```
In[387]:=
```

PDF [MarginalDistribution[dist, 1]][x] // Simplify PDF [MarginalDistribution[dist, 2]][y] // Simplify

Out[387]=

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{36} & x == 1 \\ \frac{1}{12} & x == 2 \\ \frac{5}{36} & x == 3 \\ \frac{7}{36} & x == 4 \\ \frac{1}{4} & x == 5 \\ \frac{11}{36} & x == 6 \\ 0 & True \end{bmatrix}$$

Out[388]=

$$\begin{cases} \frac{11}{36} & y == 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & y == 2 \\ \frac{7}{36} & y == 3 \\ \frac{5}{36} & y == 4 \\ \frac{1}{12} & y == 5 \\ \frac{1}{36} & y == 6 \\ 0 & True \end{cases}$$

In[389]:=

Table[CDF[dist][$\{x, y\}$], $\{y, 1, 6\}$, $\{x, 1, 6\}$] // TableForm

Out[389]//TableForm=

1// (abici o	1111-				
1	1	5	7	1	11
36	12	36	36	4	36
<u>1</u> 36	<u>1</u>	2	<u>1</u>	4	<u>5</u> 9
36	9	9	3	9	
1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u> 12	7	3
36	9	4	12	12	4
<u>1</u> 36	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	4	2	8
36	9	4	9	3	9
<u>1</u> 36	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	4	3 25 36	9 35 36
36	9	4	9	36	36
1	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	4	<u>25</u> 36	1
36	9	4	9	36	

In[390]:=

Clear["Global`*"];

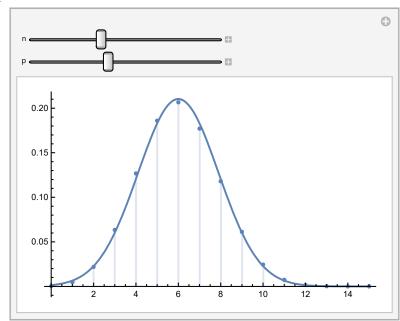
```
In[391]:=
       c = Counts[Flatten[Table[\{Max[x, y], Min[x, y]\}, \{x, 1, 6\}, \{y, 1, 6\}], 1]]/36;
       dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Piecewise[KeyValueMap[{#2, {X, Y} == #1} &, c]],
         {X, 1, 6, 1}, {Y, 1, 6, 1}];
       Mean[dist]
                           (* 平均 *)
       Variance [dist]
                             (* 分散 *)
       StandardDeviation[dist] (* 標準偏差 *)
       Covariance[dist] [1, 2] (* 共分散 *)
       Correlation[dist] [1, 2] (* 相関係数 *)
Out[393]=
Out[394]=
         1296 , 1296
Out[395]=
Out[396]=
        1225
        1296
Out[397]=
        35
In[398]:=
       {uX, uY} = Mean[dist]; {sX, sY} = StandardDeviation[dist];
       Expectation[{X, Y,
                                 (* 平均 *)
         (X - uX)^2, (Y - uY)^2, (* 分散 *)
         (X - uX) (Y - uY),
                              (* 共分散 *)
         (X - uX) (Y - uY) / sX / sY}, (* 相関係数 *)
        Distributed[{X, Y}, dist]]
Out[399]=
        \left\{\frac{161}{36}, \frac{91}{36}, \frac{2555}{1296}, \frac{2555}{1296}, \frac{1225}{1296}, \frac{35}{73}\right\}
In[400]:=
       Sum[x Probability[X == x, Distributed[{X, Y}, dist]], {x, 1, 6}] (* 平均 *)
       Sum[(x - uX) (y - uY) PDF[dist][{x, y}], {x, 1, 6}, {y, 1, 6}] (* 共分散 *)
Out[400]=
        161
        36
Out[401]=
        1225
        1296
In[402]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
```

```
In[403]:=
        dist = DiscreteUniformDistribution[{1, 6}];
        Probability[Conditioned[X == 2, X ≤ 3], Distributed[X, dist]]
Out[404]=
        1
        3
In[405]:=
        c = Counts[Flatten[Table[\{Max[x, y], Min[x, y]\}, \{x, 1, 6\}, \{y, 1, 6\}], 1]]/36;
        dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Piecewise[KeyValueMap[{#2, {X, Y} == #1} &, c]],
          \{X, 1, 6, 1\}, \{Y, 1, 6, 1\}\};
        rule = Distributed[{X, Y}, dist];
        Table [Probability [Conditioned [X == x, Y == 3], rule], {x, 1, 6}]
Out[408]=
        \left\{0,\,0,\,\frac{1}{7},\,\frac{2}{7},\,\frac{2}{7},\,\frac{2}{7}\right\}
In[409]:=
        Table [
        Probability [And [X == x, Y == 3], rule] / Probability [Y == 3, rule], \{x, 1, 6\}]
Out[409]=
        \left\{0, 0, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{2}{7}\right\}
In[410]:=
        Expectation[Conditioned[X, Y == 3], rule]
Out[410]=
        33
         7
In[411]:=
        Sum [x Probability [Conditioned [X == x, Y == 3], rule], \{x, 1, 6\}]
Out[411]=
In[412]:=
        Table [Probability [And [X \le x, Y \le y], rule], \{x, 1, 6\}, \{y, 1, 6\}] ==
         Table [Probability [X \le x, rule] \times Probability [Y \le y, rule],
         \{x, 1, 6\}, \{y, 1, 6\}
Out[412]=
        False
In[413]:=
        distU = DiscreteUniformDistribution[{1, 6}];
        distXY = TransformedDistribution[{Mod[U, 2], Mod[U, 3]},
         Distributed[U, distU]];
        rule = Distributed[{X, Y}, distXY];
        Table [Probability [And [X \le x, Y \le y], rule], \{x, 0, 1\}, \{y, 0, 2\}] ==
        Table [Probability [X \le x, rule] \times Probability [Y \le y, rule],
         \{x, 0, 1\}, \{y, 0, 2\}
Out[416]=
        True
```

```
In[417]:=
       distX = BinomialDistribution[3, 1/2];
       distXY = TransformedDistribution[
         \{X, Piecewise[\{\{1, Or[X = 0, X = 3]\}\}, 2]\}, Distributed[X, distX]];
       Covariance[distXY] [1, 2]
Out[419]=
In[420]:=
       rule = Distributed[{X, Y}, distXY];
       Table [Probability [And [X \le x, Y \le y], rule], \{x, 0, 3\}, \{y, 1, 2\}] ==
       Table [Probability [X \le x, rule] \times Probability [Y \le y, rule],
        \{x, 0, 3\}, \{y, 1, 2\}
Out[421]=
       False
In[422]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[423]:=
       c = Counts[Flatten[Table[\{Max[x, y], Min[x, y]\}, \{x, 1, 6\}, \{y, 1, 6\}], 1]]/36;
       dist = ProbabilityDistribution[Piecewise[KeyValueMap[{#2, {X, Y} == #1} &, c]],
         \{X, 1, 6, 1\}, \{Y, 1, 6, 1\}\};
       rule = Distributed[{X, Y}, dist];
       {Expectation[X + Y, rule],
       Expectation[X, rule] + Expectation[Y, rule]} (* 平均1 *)
       {distX, distY} = Table [MarginalDistribution[dist, i], {i, 2}];
       distXplusY = TransformedDistribution[X + Y, rule];
       {Mean[distXplusY], Mean[distX] + Mean[distY]} (* 平均2 *)
       {Variance[distXplusY],
       Variance[distX] + Variance[distY] + 2 Covariance[dist] [1, 2] } (* 分散 *)
Out[426]=
       {7, 7}
Out[429]=
       {7, 7}
Out[430]=
```

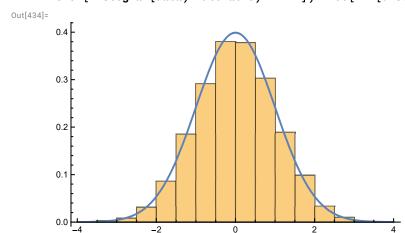
```
In[431]:=
       Manipulate[
       distY = BinomialDistribution[n, p];
       mu = Mean[distY]; sigma = StandardDeviation[distY];
       distZ = NormalDistribution[mu, sigma];
       Show[DiscretePlot[PDF[distY][x], \{x, 0, n\}], Plot[PDF[distZ][x], \{x, 0, n\}]],
       \{\{n, 15\}, 1, 40, 1\}, \{\{p, 4/10\}, 0, 1\}\}
```

Out[431]=



In[432]:=

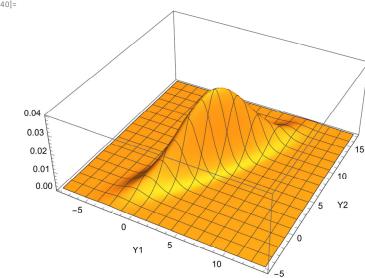
```
distX = UniformDistribution[]; distZ = NormalDistribution[];
data = Table[Total[RandomVariate[distX, 12]] - 6, {10000}];
Show[Histogram[data, Automatic, "PDF"], Plot[PDF[distZ][x], {x, -4, 4}]]
```



In[435]:=

Clear["Global`*"];

```
In[436]:=
       dist1 = NormalDistribution[0, 2]; dist2 = NormalDistribution[1, 1];
       TransformedDistribution[{X1 + X2 + 2, X1 + 3 X2 + 3},
       {Distributed[X1, dist1], Distributed[X2, dist2]}]
Out[437]=
       MultinormalDistribution[\{3, 6\}, \{\{5, 7\}, \{7, 13\}\}]
In[438]:=
       mu = \{3, 6\}; Sigma = \{\{5, 7\}, \{7, 13\}\};
       dist = MultinormalDistribution[mu, Sigma];
       Plot3D[PDF[dist][{Y1, Y2}], {Y1, -8, 14}, {Y2, -5, 17},
       PlotPoints → 100, PlotRange → All, AxesLabel → Automatic]
Out[440]=
```



```
In[441]:=
       ContourPlot[PDF[dist][{Y1, Y2}], {Y1, -8, 14}, {Y2, -5, 17},
       PlotPoints → 50, FrameLabel → Automatic]
```

Out[441]= 10 ۲2

sol = Solve[{Y1 == X1 + X2 + 2, Y2 == X1 + 3 X2 + 3}, {X1, X2}][1]]

Out[442]=
$$\begin{cases}
X1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (-3 + 3 Y1 - Y2), X2 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (-1 - Y1 + Y2)
\end{cases}$$
In[443]:=
$$J = D[{X1, X2} /. sol, {{Y1, Y2}}];$$
absj = Abs[Det[J]]

Out[444]=
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
In[445]:=

f1 = PDF [dist1]; f2 = PDF [dist2]; PDF [dist] [$\{Y1, Y2\}$] = f1[X1] × f2[X2] absj /. sol // Simplify Out[446]=

True In[447]:=

{MarginalDistribution[dist, 1], MarginalDistribution[dist, 2]}

Out[447]= $\left\{ ext{NormalDistribution} \left[3, \sqrt{5} \, \right], \, ext{NormalDistribution} \left[6, \, \sqrt{13} \, \right] \right\}$

```
In[448]:=
       dist = MultinormalDistribution[\{u1, u2\}, \{\{v1, 0\}, \{0, v2\}\}];
       d1 = MarginalDistribution[dist, 1]; d2 = MarginalDistribution[dist, 2];
       Simplify[CDF[dist][\{x1, x2\}] = CDF[d1][x1] \times CDF[d2][x2],
       And [v1 \ge 0, v2 \ge 0]]
Out[450]=
       True
```

In[462]:=

Clear["Global`*"];

10 推測統計

```
In[451]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[452]:=
       dist = NormalDistribution[2, 3];
       data1 = Table[Mean[RandomVariate[dist, 5]], 10000];
       data2 = Table[Mean[RandomVariate[dist, 50]], 10000];
       {{Mean[data1], Variance[data1]}, {Mean[data2], Variance[data2]}}
Out[455]=
       \{\{1.97136, 1.78214\}, \{2.00069, 0.17896\}\}
In[456]:=
       Histogram[{data1, data2}, ChartLayout → "Row"]
Out[456]=
       4000
       3000
       2000
       1000
In[457]:=
       dist = NormalDistribution[2, 3];
       data1 = Table[Variance[RandomVariate[dist, 5]], 10000];
       data2 = Table[Variance[RandomVariate[dist, 50]], 10 000];
       {{Mean[data1], Variance[data1]}, {Mean[data2], Variance[data2]}}
Out[460]=
       \{\{9.01405, 41.2067\}, \{8.97797, 3.22237\}\}
In[461]:=
       Histogram[{data1, data2}, ChartLayout → "Row"]
Out[461]=
       2000
       1500
       1000
        500
                                                                                  40
```

```
In[463]:=
       n = 4; mu = 5; sigma = 7; dist := NormalDistribution[mu, sigma];
       f[x_] := (n - 1) Variance[x] / sigma^2
       data = Table[f[RandomVariate[dist, n]], 10000];
       Show[Histogram[data, Automatic, "PDF"],
       Plot[PDF[ChiSquareDistribution[n - 1]][x], {x, 0, Max[data]}]]
Out[466]=
      0.25
       0.20
       0.15
       0.10
       0.05
       0.00
In[467]:=
       n = 4; mu = 5; sigma = 7; ndist = NormalDistribution[mu, sigma];
       t = Function[{x}, (Mean[x] - mu) / Sqrt[Variance[x]/n]];
       data = Table[t[RandomVariate[ndist, n]], 10000];
       Show[Histogram[data, Automatic, "PDF"],
       Plot[PDF[StudentTDistribution[n-1]][x], \{x, -4.5, 4.5\}]]
Out[470]=
       0.35
       0.30
       0.25
       0.20
       0.15
       0.10
```

0.05

```
In[471]:=
       m = 5; muX = 2; sigmaX = 3; distX = NormalDistribution[muX, sigmaX];
       n = 7; muY = 3; sigmaY = 2; distY = NormalDistribution[muY, sigmaY];
       f[x_{, y_{]}} := (Variance[x] / sigmaX^2) / (Variance[y] / sigmaY^2)
       data = Table[f[RandomVariate[distX, m], RandomVariate[distY, n]], {10 000}];
       Show[Histogram[data, Automatic, "PDF"],
       Plot[PDF[FRatioDistribution[m - 1, n - 1]][x], {x, 0, 7}]]
Out[475]=
       0.6
       0.5
       0.4
       0.3
       0.2
       0.1
       0.0
In[476]:=
       Clear[k, T];
       TransformedDistribution[T^2, Distributed[T, StudentTDistribution[k]]]
Out[477]=
       FRatioDistribution[1, k]
In[478]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[479]:=
       n = 15; p0 = 4/10; dist = BinomialDistribution[n, p0];
       tmp = Table[PDF[dist][x], \{x, 0, n\}];
       Total[Cases[tmp, p_{-}/; p \le PDF[dist][2]]] // N
Out[481]=
       0.0364617
In[482]:=
       CDF[dist][2] // N
Out[482]=
       0.027114
In[483]:=
       n = 15; p0 = 4/10; dist = NormalDistribution[np, Sqrt[np(1 - p)]];
       2 CDF [dist /. p \rightarrow p0] [2] // N
Out[484]=
       0.035015
In[485]:=
       alpha = 5/100; InverseCDF[dist /. {p \rightarrow p0}, {alpha / 2, 1 - alpha / 2}] // N
Out[485]=
       {2.28123, 9.71877}
```

```
In[486]:=
        N[Reduce[InverseCDF[dist, alpha/2] \le 2 \le InverseCDF[dist, 1 - alpha/2], p]]
Out[486]=
        \textbf{0.0373613} \, \leq \, p \, \leq \, \textbf{0.37882}
In[487]:=
        pvalue[p0_{]} := With[{c = CDF[dist][2] /. p \rightarrow p0}, 2Min[c, 1 - c]]
        Plot[pvalue[p0], {p0, 0, 1}]
        Plot[{InverseCDF[dist, alpha/2], InverseCDF[dist, 1 - alpha/2], 2},
         \{p, 0, 1\}, PlotStyle \rightarrow \{Dashed, Thick, Dotted\}]
Out[488]=
        1.0
        0.8
        0.6
        0.4
        0.2
                                                          0.8
Out[489]=
        10
                                              0.6
                                                          0.8
In[490]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[491]:=
        x = \{24.2, 25.3, 26.2, 25.7, 24.4, 25.1, 25.6\}; mu0 = 25;
        TTest[x, mu0]
Out[492]=
        0.458101
```

```
In[493]:=
      m = Mean[x]; s2 = Variance[x]; n = Length[x];
      t := (m - mu0) / Sqrt[s2/n];
      dist = StudentTDistribution[n - 1]; c = CDF[dist][t];
      2 Min[c, 1 - c]
Out[496]=
      0.458101
In[497]:=
      alpha = 5/100;
      {a, b} = InverseCDF[dist, {alpha/2, 1 - alpha/2}] // N
Out[498]=
      \{-2.44691, 2.44691\}
In[499]:=
      Needs ["HypothesisTesting`"] (* 「`」はシングルクォートではなくバッククォート *)
      MeanCI[x]
Out[500]=
      {24.5529, 25.8757}
In[501]:=
      Clear[mu0]; Reduce[a \le t \le b, mu0]
      結果を数値に変換することで得られました. 0
Out[501]=
      24.5529 \le mu0 \le 25.8757
In[502]:=
      dist = StudentTDistribution[n - 1];
      Reduce[InverseCDF[dist, alpha / 2] < t < InverseCDF[dist, 1 - alpha / 2]]</pre>
      ••• Reduce: Reduceは厳密でない係数の系を解くことができませんでした. 解は対応する厳密系を解き,
         結果を数値に変換することで得られました。 ()
Out[503]=
      24.5529 \leq mu0 \leq 25.8757
In[504]:=
      x = \{25, 24, 25, 26\}; y = \{23, 18, 22, 28, 17, 25, 19, 16\};
      TTest[\{x, y\}, 0, AlternativeHypothesis \rightarrow "Greater",
      VerifyTestAssumptions → "EqualVariance" → False]
Out[505]=
      0.0160194
```

```
In[506]:=
      alpha = 5/100;
      m = Length[x]; n = Length[y]; sx2 = Variance[x]; sy2 = Variance[y];
      s2 = ((m - 1) sx2 + (n - 1) sy2) / (m + n - 2);
      T = (Mean[x] - Mean[y] - d) / Sqrt[s2 (1/m + 1/n)]; (* t統計量 *)
      t := T /. d \rightarrow 0
                                    (* t値 *)
      df = m + n - 2;
                                    (* 自由度 *)
      dist := StudentTDistribution[df];
                                               (* t分布 *)
      P := 1 - CDF [dist] [t];
                                         (* P値 *)
                                               (* 採択域の上限 *)
      a := InverseCDF[dist, 1 - alpha];
      interval := Reduce[T ≤ a, d]
                                           (* 信頼区間 *)
      {t, P, a, interval} // N
Out[516]=
      \{1.84017, 0.0477856, 1.81246, d \ge 0.0602415\}
In[517]:=
      T = (Mean[x] - Mean[y] - d) / Sqrt[sx2/m + sy2/n];
      df = (sx2/m + sy2/n)^2/((sx2/m)^2/(m-1) + (sy2/n)^2/(n-1)) // N;
      {t, P, a, interval} // N
      結果を数値に変換することで得られました。 0
Out[519]=
      \{2.5923, 0.0160194, 1.85992, d \ge 1.13009\}
In[520]:=
      x = \{25, 24, 25, 26\}; y = \{23, 18, 22, 28, 17, 25, 19, 16\};
      VarianceTest[{x, y}, 1, "HypothesisTestData"]["TestDataTable"]
Out[521]=
             Statistic P-Value
      Fisher Ratio 0.0376344 0.021215
In[522]:=
      m = Length[x]; n = Length[y]; dist = FRatioDistribution[m - 1, n - 1];
      F = Variance[x] / Variance[y] / r; f = F /. r \rightarrow 1;
      c = CDF[dist][f];
      \{f, 2Min[c, 1 - c]\} // N
Out[525]=
       {0.0376344, 0.021215}
In[526]:=
      alpha = 5/100;
      \{a, b\} = InverseCDF[dist, \{alpha/2, 1 - alpha/2\}] // N
Out[527]=
       {0.0683789, 5.88982}
In[528]:=
      Needs ["HypothesisTesting`"] (* 「`」はシングルクォートではなくバッククォート *)
      VarianceRatioCI[x, y]
Out[529]=
      {0.00638974, 0.55038}
```

In[530]:=

Reduce [a \leq F \leq b, r]

⋯ Reduce: Reduceは厳密でない係数の系を解くことができませんでした. 解は対応する厳密系を解き, 結果を数値に変換することで得られました. 🕡

Out[530]=

 $0.00638974 \le r \le 0.55038$

11 線形回帰分析

```
In[531]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[532]:=
        data = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 3, 6\}, \{2, 5, 3\}, \{3, 7, 6\}\};
        model = LinearModelFit[data, {X1, X2}, {X1, X2}]
        model["BestFitParameters"]
Out[533]=
        FittedModel 3. - 4. X1 + 2. X2
Out[534]=
         \{3., -4., 2.\}
In[535]:=
        model[1.5, 4]
Out[535]=
        5.
In[536]:=
        x1 = \{1, 3, 6, 10\}; y = \{7, 1, 6, 14\};
        e = y - (b0 + b1 x1);
        L = e.e; (* 内積 *)
        FindMinimum[L, {{b0, 0}, {b1, 0}}]
Out[539]=
         \{\,\textbf{40.,}\ \{\,\textbf{b0}\rightarrow\textbf{2.,}\ \textbf{b1}\rightarrow\textbf{1.}\,\}\,\}
In[540]:=
        Minimize[L, {b0, b1}] (* 解析的な結果 *)
Out[540]=
         \{40, \{b0 \rightarrow 2, b1 \rightarrow 1\}\}
In[541]:=
        L = Total [Abs [e]]; (* 差の絶対値の和 *)
        Minimize[L, {b0, b1}] // N
Out[542]=
         \{10.2857, \{b0 \rightarrow -4.57143, b1 \rightarrow 1.85714\}\}
In[543]:=
        e = x1 - (y - b0) / b1;
        L = e.e;
        Minimize[L, {b0, b1}] // N
Out[545]=
         \{21.3953, \{b0 \rightarrow -2.34783, b1 \rightarrow 1.86957\}\}
In[546]:=
        line = Module[\{x1, y\}, ImplicitRegion[y = b0 + b1 x1, \{x1, y\}]];
        L = Sum[RegionDistance[line, p]^2, {p, Thread[{x1, y}]}];
        Minimize[L, {b0, b1}] // Simplify // N
Out[548]=
         \{15.8403, \{b0 \rightarrow -0.626059, b1 \rightarrow 1.52521\}\}
```

```
In[549]:=
       data = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 3, 6\}, \{2, 5, 3\}, \{3, 7, 6\}\};
       X = DesignMatrix[data, {X1, X2}, {X1, X2}];
       y = data[All, -1];
       Inverse[Transpose[X].X].Transpose[X].y
Out[552]=
        {3, -4, 2}
In[553]:=
       PseudoInverse[X].y
Out[553]=
       {3, -4, 2}
In[554]:=
       b = \{b0, b1, b2\};
       L = (y - X \cdot b) \cdot (y - X \cdot b);
       Reduce [\{D[L, \{b\}] = 0b\}]
Out[556]=
       b2 = 2 \&\& b1 = -4 \&\& b0 = 3
In[557]:=
       D[L, {b}] == -2 Transpose[X] . y + 2 Transpose[X] . X . b // Simplify
Out[557]=
       True
In[558]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[559]:=
       data = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 3, 6\}, \{2, 5, 3\}, \{3, 7, 6\}\};
       model = LinearModelFit[data, {X1, X2}, {X1, X2}];
       model["RSquared"]
Out[561]=
       0.333333
In[562]:=
       model["AdjustedRSquared"]
Out[562]=
        -1.
In[563]:=
       x1 = \{1, 3, 6, 10\}; y = \{7, 1, 6, 14\}; data = Thread[\{x1, y\}];
       X = DesignMatrix[data, X1, X1];
       yh = X . PseudoInverse[X] . y;
       eh = y - yh; fh = yh - Mean[y]; g = y - Mean[y];
       R2 = 1 - eh.eh/g.g; N[R2]
Out[567]=
       0.534884
```

```
In[568]:=
        \{Mean[eh] = 0,
                                      (* 特徴1 *)
        Mean[yh] = Mean[y],
                                           (* 特徴2 *)
        g.g = fh.fh + eh.eh
                                           (* 特徴3 *)
        R2 = fh.fh/g.g.
                                         (* 特徴4 *)
        R2 = Correlation[y, yh]^2,
                                                (* 特徴5 *)
        0 \leq R2 \leq 1,
                                    (* 特徴6 *)
        Correlation[y, yh] == Correlation[y, x1] } (* 特徵7 *)
Out[568]=
        {True, True, True, True, True, True, True}
In[569]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[570]:=
       data = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{1, 3, 6\}, \{2, 5, 3\}, \{3, 7, 6\}\};
                                             (* サンプルサイズ *)
       n := Length [data]
       p := Length[data[1]]]
                                              (* 変数の個数 *)
       vars := Table[Subscript[x, i], {i, p - 1}]
                                                             (* 入力変数(記号)*)
       X := DesignMatrix[data, vars, vars]
                                                        (* 計画行列 *)
       y := data[All, -1]
                                             (* 出力変数の実現値 *)
       beta := Table[Subscript[\beta, i - 1], {i, p}] (* 回帰係数 *)
       epsilon := Table[Subscript[ε, i], {i, n}] (* 誤差項 *)
       Y := X . beta + epsilon
                                               (* 出力変数(確率変数)*)
       betah := PseudoInverse[X] . Y
                                                   (* 回帰係数の推定量 *)
       betah // Simplify
Out[580]=
       \left\{\beta_0 + \epsilon_1 + \frac{\epsilon_2}{2} - \frac{\epsilon_4}{2}, \beta_1 + \frac{1}{6} \left(12\epsilon_1 - 13\epsilon_2 - 4\epsilon_3 + 5\epsilon_4\right), \frac{1}{6} \left(6\beta_2 - 6\epsilon_1 + 5\epsilon_2 + 2\epsilon_3 - \epsilon_4\right)\right\}
In[581]:=
       Clear[sigma];
       udist = UniformDistribution[{-Sqrt[3] sigma, Sqrt[3] sigma}];
       udists = Table[Distributed[v, udist], {v, epsilon}];
       Expectation[betah, udists]
Out[584]=
        \{\beta_0, \beta_1, \beta_2\}
In[585]:=
       ndist = NormalDistribution[0, sigma];
       ndists = Table[Distributed[v, ndist], {v, epsilon}];
       TransformedDistribution[betah, ndists] ==
        MultinormalDistribution[beta, sigma^2 Inverse[Transpose[X].X]]
Out[587]=
       True
In[588]:=
       model := LinearModelFit[data, vars, vars];
       model["EstimatedVariance"]
Out[589]=
       6.
```

```
In[590]:=
        e := Y - X \cdot betah; RSS := e \cdot e; s2 := RSS / (n - p)
        s2 // Simplify
Out[591]=
        \frac{1}{6} \left( \in_2 - 2 \in_3 + \in_4 \right)^2
In[592]:=
        Expectation[s2, udists]
Out[592]=
        sigma<sup>2</sup>
In[593]:=
        tmp = Block[{sigma = 2},
         dist = TransformedDistribution[Simplify[(n - p) s2/sigma^2], ndists];
         RandomVariate[dist, 10000]];
        cdist = ChiSquareDistribution[n - p];
        Show[Histogram[tmp, Automatic, "PDF"],
        Plot[PDF[cdist][x], \{x, 0, 5\}, PlotRange \rightarrow \{0, 2\}]
Out[595]=
        2.0
        1.0
        0.5
In[596]:=
       uh := Transpose[A] . betah
       M := Transpose [A] . Inverse [Transpose [X] . X] . A
       r := MatrixRank[A]
        F := (uh - u) \cdot Inverse[M] \cdot (uh - u) / r / s2
        fdist := FRatioDistribution[r, n - p]
        pvalue := 1 - CDF[fdist, F]
       Y:= y(* この先, 実現値のみを扱う. *)
       A = Transpose[\{0, 1, 0\}, \{0, 0, 1\}\}]; u = \{0, 0\};
        {F, pvalue} // N
Out[604]=
        \{0.25, 0.816497\}
```

```
In[605]:=
        model["ParameterTable"]
Out[605]=
           Estimate Standard Error t-Statistic P-Value
        1 3.
                  3.
                                     0.5
       x<sub>1</sub> | -4.
x<sub>2</sub> | 2.
                  7.68115
                             -0.520756 0.69435
                  3.31662
                             0.603023 0.654545
In[606]:=
        u = \{0\};
        A = Transpose[\{\{1, 0, 0\}\}\}]; pvalue // N (* k = 0 *)
        A = Transpose[\{\{0, 1, 0\}\}\}]; pvalue // N (* k = 1 *)
        A = Transpose[\{\{0, 0, 1\}\}\}]; pvalue // N (* k = 2 *)
Out[607]=
        0.5
Out[608]=
        0.69435
Out[609]=
        0.654545
In[610]:=
        s := Sqrt[s2 Diagonal[Inverse[Transpose[X].X]]]
Out[611]=
        {3., 7.68115, 3.31662}
In[612]:=
        t := betah/s
        t // N
Out[613]=
        \{1., -0.520756, 0.603023\}
In[614]:=
        tdist := StudentTDistribution[n - p]
        Table[2 Min[CDF[tdist][v], 1 - CDF[tdist][v]], {v, t}] // N
Out[615]=
        \{0.5, 0.69435, 0.654545\}
In[616]:=
        data = Transpose[{{35, 45, 55, 65, 75}, {114, 124, 143, 158, 166}}];
        alpha = 5/100; level := ConfidenceLevel \rightarrow 1 - alpha
        model["ParameterConfidenceIntervalTable", level]
Out[618]=
          | Estimate Standard Error Confidence Interval
        1 65.1
                            {46.5515, 83.6485}
                 5.82838
        x<sub>1</sub> | 1.38
                  0.102632
                             {1.05338, 1.70662}
In[619]:=
        tmp = InverseCDF[tdist, 1 - alpha / 2];
        {betah - s tmp, betah + s tmp} // Transpose // N
Out[620]=
        \{\{46.5515, 83.6485\}, \{1.05338, 1.70662\}\}
```

```
In[621]:=
       cond := F \le InverseCDF[fdist, 1 - alpha]
       confint := Reduce[cond]
       A = Transpose[\{\{1, 0\}\}\}]; u = \{beta0\}; confint // N (* k = 0 *)
       A = Transpose[\{\{0, 1\}\}\}]; u = \{beta1\}; confint // N (* k = 1 *)
Out[623]=
       46.5515 \le beta0 \le 83.6485
Out[624]=
       1.05338 \le beta1 \le 1.70662
In[625]:=
       tmp = model["ParameterConfidenceIntervals", level];
       g1 = Graphics[{Gray, Apply[Rectangle, Transpose[tmp]]}];
       g2 = Graphics[model["ParameterConfidenceRegion", level]];
       Show[g1, g2, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1, Frame \rightarrow True]
Out[628]=
       1.6
       1.4
       1.2
       1.0
```

80

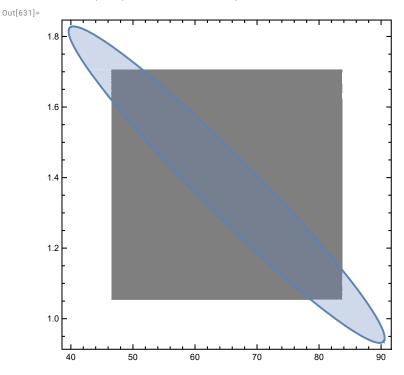
70

50

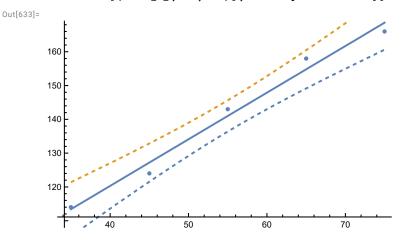
60

40

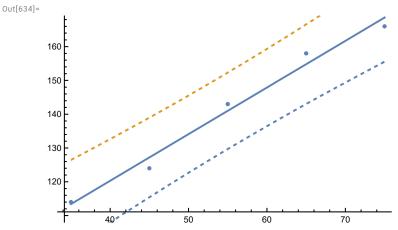
In[629]:= $A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{0, 1\}\}; u = \{beta0, beta1\};$ g3 = RegionPlot[ImplicitRegion[N[cond], Evaluate[u]]]; Show[g1, g3, AspectRatio \rightarrow 1, Frame \rightarrow True]



In[632]:= data = Transpose[{{35, 45, 55, 65, 75}, {114, 124, 143, 158, 166}}]; g = Show[ListPlot[data], Plot[model[x1], {x1, 35, 75}], Plot[Evaluate[model["MeanPredictionBands", level]], Evaluate[$\{vars[1], 35, 75\}$], PlotStyle \rightarrow Dashed]]

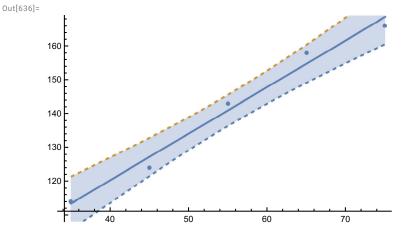


In[634]:= Show[ListPlot[data], Plot[model[x1], {x1, 35, 75}], Plot[Evaluate[model["SinglePredictionBands", level]], Evaluate[$\{vars[1], 35, 75\}$], PlotStyle \rightarrow Dashed]]



In[635]:= $A = \{\{1\}, \{vars[1]\}\}; u = \{Yp\};$ Show[g, RegionPlot[Evaluate[cond],

Evaluate[{vars[1], 35, 75}], {Yp, 0, 200}, BoundaryStyle \rightarrow None]]



12 関数の極限と連続性

```
In[637]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[638]:=
        f[x_] := 2x - 3
        Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 1]
Out[639]=
In[640]:=
        Limit [2x - 3, x \rightarrow 1]
Out[640]=
        -1
In[641]:=
        f[x_] := Piecewise[{x^2, x \neq 2}, {3, x = 2}]
        Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow 2]
Out[642]=
In[643]:=
        g[x_] := (x^2 - 2) / (x - Sqrt[2])
        Limit[g[x], x \rightarrow Sqrt[2]]
Out[644]=
        2\sqrt{2}
In[645]:=
        A := ForAll[epsilon, epsilon > 0, Exists[delta, delta > 0, B]];
        B := ForAll[x, Element[x, Reals],
         Implies[0 < Norm[x - a] < delta, Norm[f[x] - alpha] < epsilon]]</pre>
        f[x_] := 2x - 3; a = 1; alpha = -1;
        Reduce[A, Reals]
Out[648]=
        True
In[649]:=
        Simplify[Reduce[B, Reals], epsilon > 0]
Out[649]=
        2 \text{ delta} \leq \text{epsilon}
In[650]:=
        Clear[alpha];
        Reduce[A, Reals]
Out[651]=
        alpha = -1
In[652]:=
        Limit[(1 + 1/x)^x, x \rightarrow Infinity]
Out[652]=
```

```
In[653]:=
        Limit[1/x^2, x \rightarrow 0]
Out[653]=
In[654]:=
        {Limit[RealAbs[x] / x, x \rightarrow 0, Direction \rightarrow "FromAbove"],
        Limit[RealAbs[x] / x, x \rightarrow 0, Direction \rightarrow "FromBelow"]
Out[654]=
        \{1, -1\}
In[655]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[656]:=
        Clear[f, g, x];
        f[x_] := Piecewise[{RealAbs[x] / x, x \neq 0}}, Undefined]
        g[x_] := Piecewise[{\{(x^2 - 2) / (x - Sqrt[2]), x \neq Sqrt[2]\}}, Undefined]
        ResourceFunction["EnhancedPlot"] [f[x], \{x, -1, 1\}, "FindExceptions" \rightarrow True]
        ResourceFunction["EnhancedPlot"][g[x], \{x, 0, 2\}, "FindExceptions" \rightarrow True]
Out[659]=
                                      1.00
                                      0.5
          -1.0
                        -0.5
                                                      0.5
                                                                     1.0
                                     -0.5
Out[660]=
        3.5
        3.0
        2.5
        2.0
```

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

```
In[661]:=
       FunctionContinuous[\{f[x], x \neq 0\}, x]
       FunctionContinuous[\{g[x], x \neq Sqrt[2]\}, x]
Out[661]=
       True
Out[662]=
       True
```

13 微分

```
In[663]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[664]:=
       f[x_] := x^3
       f'[1]
Out[665]=
In[666]:=
       Limit [(f[a + h] - f[a])/h, h \rightarrow 0]
Out[667]=
In[668]:=
       f[x_] := x^3
        f'[x]
Out[669]=
        3 x^2
In[670]:=
       f[x_] := x^3
       f1 = f'
                  (* 方法1 *)
       Derivative[1][f](* 方法2 *)
       f2 = f'[x] (* 方法1 *)
       D[f[x], x] (* 方法2 *)
Out[671]=
        Out[672]=
       Out[673]=
       3 x^2
Out[674]=
        3 x^2
In[675]:=
        \{f1[1], f2 /. x \rightarrow 1\}
Out[675]=
        {3, 3}
In[676]:=
        D[x^3, \{x, 2\}]
Out[676]=
       6 x
```

In[677]:=

Clear[a, b, f, g];

$$f[t_{-}] := t^2$$
 $g[x_{-}] := ax + b$

Composition[f, g]'[x] (* ② *)

 $D[f[g[x]], x]$ (* ② *)

 $D[f[g[x]], x]$ (* ③ *)

 $f'[g[x]] \times g'[x]$ (* ④ *)

Out[680]=

 $2a (b + ax)$

Out[681]=

 $2a (b + ax)$

Out[683]=

 $2a (b + ax)$

In[684]:=

Clear["Global`*"];

In[685]:=

tmp = Series[Sin[x], {x, 0, 5}]

Out[685]=

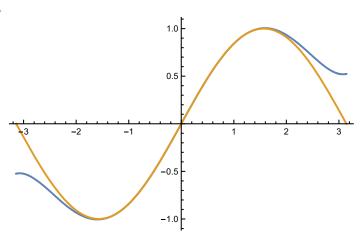
 $x - \frac{x^3}{x^3} + \frac{x^5}{x^5} + O[x]^6$

 $x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + 0[x]^6$

Plot[Evaluate[{Normal[tmp], Sin[x]}], {x, -Pi, Pi}]

Out[686]=

In[686]:=



In[687]:= a = 0; Sum[Derivative[k][Sin][a] $(x - a)^k/k!$, $\{k, 0, 5\}$]

Out[687]=
$$x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120}$$

```
In[688]:=
        f[x_] := Sqrt[1 + x]
        Series [f[x], \{x, 0, 7\}]
Out[689]=
        1 + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^2}{8} + \frac{x^3}{16} - \frac{5x^4}{128} + \frac{7x^5}{256} - \frac{21x^6}{1024} + \frac{33x^7}{2048} + 0[x]^8
In[690]:=
        GenerateConditions → True
        Reduce [f[x] = fn[Infinity, 0, x], Reals]
Out[691]=
         -1\,\leq\,x\,\leq\,1
In[692]:=
        f[x_] := Piecewise[{{Exp[-1/x^2], x \neq 0}}, 0]
        Plot[f[x], \{x, -1, 1\}]
        Reduce [f[x] = fn[Infinity, 0, x], Reals]
Out[693]=
                                       0.3
                                       0.2
                                       0.1
        -1.0
                         -0.5
                                                                          1.0
Out[694]=
        x = 0
In[695]:=
        Derivative[k][f][0]
Out[695]=
        0
In[696]:=
        f[x_] := x^3 - 12x
        ResourceFunction["LocalExtrema"] [f[x], x]
Out[697]=
         \langle | Minima \rightarrow \{ \{-16, \{x \rightarrow 2\}\} \}, Maxima \rightarrow \{ \{16, \{x \rightarrow -2\}\} \} | \rangle
In[698]:=
        sol = SolveValues[f'[x] == 0, x]
```

Series $[f[x], \{x, sol[1], 2\}]$

 $16 - 6 (x + 2)^2 + 0 [x + 2]^3$

Out[698]=

Out[699]=

 $\{-2, 2\}$

```
In[700]:=
          Clear[a, delta];
          f[x_] := Piecewise[{Exp[-1/x^2], x \neq 0}}, 0]
           \label{eq:Reduce} Reduce [\texttt{Exists}[\texttt{delta}, \ \texttt{delta} \ > \ \textbf{0}, \ \texttt{ForAll}[\texttt{x}, \ \texttt{Element}[\texttt{x}, \ \texttt{Reals}], \\
             Implies [0 < Norm[x - a] < delta, f[a] < f[x]]], Reals]
Out[702]=
          a == 0
```

```
In[703]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[704]:=
         Integrate [-x^2 + 4x + 1, \{x, 1, 4\}]
Out[704]=
In[705]:=
         f[x_] := -x^2 + 4x + 1
         Clear[x]; a = 1; b = 4; h = (b - a) / n;
         s = Sum[f[a + kh]h, \{k, 1, n\}] // Expand
         Limit[s, n \rightarrow Infinity]
Out[707]=
         12 - \frac{9}{2n^2} - \frac{9}{2n}
Out[708]=
         12
In[709]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[710]:=
         Integrate [-t^2 + 4t + 1, \{t, a, x\}]
Out[710]=
         -a + \frac{a^3}{3} + x - \frac{x^3}{3} + 4 \left( -\frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{x^2}{2} \right)
In[711]:=
         Integrate [-x^2 + 4x + 1, x]
Out[711]=
         x + 2x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3}
In[712]:=
         Clear[x, y];
         DSolveValue[y'[x] = -x^2 + 4x + 1, y[x], x]
Out[713]=
         x + 2 x^2 - \frac{x^3}{3} + C_1
In[714]:=
         DSolveValue[\{y'[x] = -x^2 + 4x + 1, y[0] = 1\}, y[x], x]
Out[714]=
         \frac{1}{3} \left( 3 + 3 x + 6 x^2 - x^3 \right)
In[715]:=
         tmp = DSolveValue[y'[x] = -xy[x], y[x], x]
Out[715]=
         e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} C<sub>1</sub>
```

```
In[716]:=
        Reduce[Integrate[tmp, {x, -Infinity, Infinity}] == 1]
Out[716]=
In[717]:=
        Clear[a, f, t, x];
        Function[x, Evaluate[Integrate[f[t], {t, a, x}]]]'
Out[718]=
        Function[x, f[x]]
In[719]:=
        D[Integrate[f[t], {t, a, x}], x]
Out[719]=
        f[x]
In[720]:=
        F = Integrate[-x^2 + 4x + 1, x];
        (F /. x \rightarrow 4) - (F /. x \rightarrow 1)
Out[721]=
        12
In[722]:=
        Integrate [Log[Sin[x]], \{x, 0, Pi/2\}]
Out[722]=
        -\frac{1}{2} \pi \text{Log}[2]
In[723]:=
        f[x_] := 1/(2 + Cos[x])
        F1x = Integrate[f[x], x];
        (F1x /. x \rightarrow 2Pi) - (F1x /. x \rightarrow 0) (* 不正解 *)
Out[725]=
In[726]:=
        F2x = Integrate[f[t], \{t, 0, x\}, GenerateConditions \rightarrow True];
         (F2x /. x \rightarrow 2 Pi) - (F2x /. x \rightarrow 0) (* 正解 *)
Out[727]=
```

```
In[728]:=
        GraphicsRow[{Plot[F1x, {x, 0, 2 Pi}], Plot[F2x, {x, 0, 2 Pi}]}]
Out[728]=
In[729]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[730]:=
        Integrate [ (p x + q) ^100, x]
Out[730]=
         (q + p x)^{101}
            101 p
In[731]:=
        tmp = IntegrateChangeVariables[
         Inactive [Integrate] [ (px + q)^100, x], u, u = px + q]
        Activate[tmp] /. u \rightarrow px + q
Out[731]=
Out[732]=
         (q + p x)^{101}
            101 p
In[733]:=
        Clear[x, y];
        IntegrateChangeVariables[
        Inactive[Integrate][1, \{x, 0, t\}], y, x = Sqrt[y]]
Out[734]=
            \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}} dy \text{ if } t > 0
In[735]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[736]:=
        Integrate [1/x^a, \{x, 0, 1\}]
Out[736]=
               if \ Re \, [\, a\, ] \ < 1
```

Integrate $[1/x^a, \{x, 1, Infinity\}]$

Out[737]=

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{-1+a} \text{ if } \text{Re}[a] > 1}$$

In[738]:=

 $Integrate \big[Exp[-x^2], \; \big\{ x, \; -Infinity, \; Infinity \big\} \big]$

Out[738]=

15 多変数関数の微分積分

```
In[739]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[740]:=
        x = \{x1, x2\}; f[\{x1_, x2_\}] := x1x2^2/(x1^2 + x2^2)
        Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]
Out[741]=
In[742]:=
        A := ForAll[epsilon, epsilon > 0, Exists[delta, delta > 0, B]];
        B := ForAll[Evaluate[x], Element[x, Reals],
         Implies[0 < Norm[x - a] < delta, Norm[f[x] - alpha] < epsilon]]</pre>
In[744]:=
        a = \{0, 0\}; alpha = 0;
        Reduce[A, Reals]
Out[745]=
        True
In[746]:=
        Clear[alpha];
        Reduce[A, Reals]
Out[747]=
        alpha == 0
In[748]:=
        Clear[x, y]; f[x_, y_] := x^2y/(x^4 + y^2)
        Limit[f[x, y], \{x, y\} \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]
Out[749]=
        Indeterminate
In[750]:=
        Clear[x, y, r, theta];
        {Limit[Limit[f[x, y], x \rightarrow 0], y \rightarrow 0],
        Limit[Limit[f[x, y], y \rightarrow 0], x \rightarrow 0],
        Limit [f[rCos[theta], rSin[theta]], r \rightarrow 0], (* 3 *)
        Limit[f[x, x^2], x \rightarrow 0]
                                                   (* 4 *)
Out[751]=
        \left\{0,\,0,\,0,\,\frac{1}{2}\right\}
```

```
In[752]:=
       f[{x1_, x2_}] := Piecewise[{{0, x1 = x2 = 0}}, x1x2^2 / (x1^2 + x2^2)]
       x = \{x1, x2\};
       FunctionContinuous[f[x], x]
                                            (* 方法1 *)
       Limit[f[x], x \rightarrow {0, 0}] == f[{0, 0}] (* 方法2 *)
Out[754]=
       True
Out[755]=
       True
In[756]:=
       f[x_{, y_{]}} := Piecewise[{{0, x = y = 0}}, x^2y/(x^4 + y^2)]
       Clear[x, y]; FunctionContinuous[f[x, y], {x, y}]
Out[757]=
       False
In[758]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[759]:=
       f[x_, y_] := 2 - x^2 - y^2
        {D[f[x, y], x], D[f[x, y], y]}
Out[760]=
        \{-2x, -2y\}
In[761]:=
       f[x_, y_] := 2 - x^2 - y^2
        {Derivative[1, 0][f], Derivative[0, 1][f]}
Out[762]=
       \{-2 \pm 1 \&, -2 \pm 2 \&\}
In[763]:=
       g[{x1_, x2_}] := 2 - x1^2 - x2^2
        {Derivative[{1, 0}][g], Derivative[{0, 1}][g]}
Out[764]=
        \{-2 \pm 1 [1] \&, -2 \pm 1 [2] \&\}
In[765]:=
       D[f[x, y], {{x, y}}] (* 方法1 *)
       Grad[f[x, y], {x, y}] (* 方法2 *)
Out[765]=
        \{-2\,x,\,-2\,y\}
Out[766]=
       \{-2 x, -2 y\}
In[767]:=
       f[x_{, y_{]}} := 2x^3 + 5xy + 2y^2
       D[f[x, y], \{\{x, y\}, 2\}] // MatrixForm
Out[768]//MatrixForm=
        12 \times 5
        5 4
```

```
In[769]:=
           Clear[f, F];
           f[{x1_, x2_}] := Sqrt[x1^2 + x2^2]
           x = \{x1, x2\}; a = \{1, 1\}; h = x - a;
           F[t_{-}] := f[a + th]
           expr := Normal[Series[F[t], \{t, 0, 2\}]] /. t \rightarrow 1
           expr // Simplify
Out[774]=
            \frac{x1^2 - 2 x1 (-2 + x2) + x2 (4 + x2)}{4 \sqrt{2}}
In[775]:=
            Block[\{h = \{h1, h2\}\}\, expr /. Thread[h \rightarrow Map[HoldForm, x - a]]]
Out[775]=
           \sqrt{2} + \frac{(-1+x1) + (-1+x2)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{(-1+x1)^2 - 2(-1+x1)(-1+x2) + (-1+x2)^2}{4\sqrt{2}}
In[776]:=
           gradf = D[f[x], \{x\}] /. Thread[x \rightarrow a];
           H = D[f[x], \{x, 2\}] /. Thread[x \rightarrow a];
           f[a] + gradf \cdot (x - a) + (x - a) \cdot H \cdot (x - a) / 2 // Simplify
Out[778]=
            \frac{x1^2 - 2 \times 1 (-2 + x2) + x2 (4 + x2)}{4 \sqrt{2}}
In[779]:=
           x = \{x1, x2\}; f[\{x1_, x2_\}] := 2x1^3 + x1x2^2 + 5x1^2 + x2^2
            ResourceFunction["LocalExtrema"] [f[x], x]
Out[780]=
            \left\langle \left| \text{Minima} \rightarrow \left\{ \left\{ \mathbf{0}, \left\{ \mathbf{x1} \rightarrow \mathbf{0}, \, \mathbf{x2} \rightarrow \mathbf{0} \right\} \right\} \right\}, \, \text{Maxima} \rightarrow \left\{ \left\{ \frac{125}{27}, \left\{ \mathbf{x1} \rightarrow -\frac{5}{3}, \, \mathbf{x2} \rightarrow \mathbf{0} \right\} \right\} \right\} \right| \right\rangle
In[781]:=
           points := Solve [D[f[x], \{x\}] = 0x, x, Reals]; (* 停留点 *)
           H := D[f[x], \{x, 2\}];
                                                                    (* ヘッセ行列 *)
           Table [With [ \{h = H /. p\},
                                                                       (* 停留点でのヘッセ行列 *)
             {p, f[x] /. p, Which[
              PositiveDefiniteMatrixQ[h], -1,
                                                                              (* 極小 *)
              NegativeDefiniteMatrixQ[h], 1,
                                                                           (* 極大 *)
              IndefiniteMatrixQ[h], 0,
                                                                   (* 極値ではない *)
                                                         (* 不明 *)
              True, Null]}],
            {p, points}]
Out[783]=
           \left\{\left\{\left\{x1\to -\frac{5}{2}\text{, }x2\to 0\right\}\text{, }\frac{125}{27}\text{, }1\right\}\text{, }\left\{\left\{x1\to -1\text{, }x2\to -2\right\}\text{, }3\text{, }0\right\}\text{, }\right.
              \left\{ \, \left\{ \, x1 \rightarrow -1, \; x2 \rightarrow 2 \, \right\} \,, \; 3 \,, \; 0 \, \right\} \,, \; \left\{ \, \left\{ \, x1 \rightarrow 0, \; x2 \rightarrow 0 \, \right\} \,, \; 0 \,, \; -1 \, \right\} \, \right\}
```

```
In[784]:=
         x = \{x1, x2\}; f[\{x1_, x2_\}] := x1^2 + x2^4
         PositiveDefiniteMatrixQ[H /. Thread[x \rightarrow \{0, 0\}]] (* False *)
         ResourceFunction["LocalExtrema"] [f[x], x]
Out[785]=
         False
Out[786]=
          \langle | Minima \rightarrow \{ \{0, \{x1 \rightarrow 0, x2 \rightarrow 0\} \} \}, Maxima \rightarrow \{ \} | \rangle
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[788]:=
         d = ImplicitRegion[And[0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le x], {x, y}];
         f[x_{, y_{]}} := x^2 + y^2
         Integrate [f[x, y], Element[\{x, y\}, d]]
Out[790]=
In[791]:=
         Integrate \big[Integrate \big[f[x,\ y]\,,\ \{y,\ 0,\ x\}\,\big]\,,\ \{x,\ 0,\ 1\}\,\big]
Out[791]=
          3
In[792]:=
         Integrate [Integrate [f[x, y], \{x, y, 1\}], \{y, 0, 1\}]
Out[792]=
          1
          3
In[793]:=
         Clear[u, v, x, y];
         lhs = Inactive[Integrate] [f[x, y], Element[{x, y}, d]]
         rhs = IntegrateChangeVariables[lhs, \{u, v\}, \{x = 2u, y = 3v\}]
          {Activate[lhs], Activate[rhs]}
Out[794]=
          \{x,y\} \in ImplicitRegion [0 \le x \le 1\&\&0 \le y \le x, \{x,y\}]
Out[795]=
          \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_{0}^{\frac{2u}{3}} 6 \left( 4 u^{2} + 9 v^{2} \right) dv du
Out[796]=
```

```
In[797]:=
         f[x_{,} y_{]} := x^2 + y^2
         \{x, y\} = \{2u, 3v\};
         J = D[\{x, y\}, \{\{u, v\}\}];
         detJ = Det[J]
         Integrate [Integrate [f[x, y] \times Abs[detJ], \{v, 0, 2u/3\}], \{u, 0, 1/2\}]
Out[800]=
         6
Out[801]=
         1
In[802]:=
         {x, y} = {rCos[theta], rSin[theta]};
         J = D[\{x, y\}, \{\{r, theta\}\}];
         Det[J] // Simplify
Out[804]=
         r
In[805]:=
         Clear[x, y];
         lhs = Inactive[Integrate] [Exp[-(x^2 + y^2)],
          {y, -Infinity, Infinity}, {x, -Infinity, Infinity}]
         rhs = IntegrateChangeVariables[lhs, \{r, theta\}, "Cartesian" \rightarrow "Polar"]
         {Activate[lhs], Activate[rhs]}
Out[806]=
          \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2 - y^2} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \mathrm{d}y
Out[807]=
          \int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-r^2} r \, dtheta \, dr
Out[808]=
         \{\pi, \pi\}
```

16 ベクトル

```
In[809]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[810]:=
        a = \{1/10 + 2/10, 1/10 + 2/10 - 3/10\}; b = \{3/10, 0\};
Out[811]=
        True
In[812]:=
        100 {1, 2} + 10 {3, 1}
Out[812]=
        {130, 210}
In[813]:=
        a = \{3, 4\};
        Norm[a]
Out[814]=
In[815]:=
        Clear[x, y]; a = \{x, y\}; Sqrt[a.a]
Out[815]=
        \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}
In[816]:=
        Simplify[Norm[{x, y}], Element[x | y, Reals]]
Out[816]=
        \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}
In[817]:=
        a = \{3, 4\};
        Normalize[a]
Out[818]=
In[819]:=
        a = \{1, 0\}; b = \{1, 1\};
        ArcCos[a.b/(Norm[a] × Norm[b])]
Out[820]=
        π
        4
In[821]:=
        VectorAngle[a, b]
Out[821]=
```

17 行列

```
In[822]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[823]:=
        MatrixForm[A = \{\{1, 2, 0\}, \{0, 3, 4\}\}\]
Out[823]//MatrixForm= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}
         0 3 4
In[824]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[825]:=
        x = {5, 7}; DiagonalMatrix[x] // MatrixForm
Out[825]//MatrixForm=
          5 0
         0 7
In[826]:=
        SymmetricMatrixQ[{{1, 2}, {2, 3}}]
Out[826]=
        True
In[827]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[828]:=
        MatrixForm[A = \{\{11, 12, 13\}, \{21, 22, 23\}, \{31, 32, 33\}\}]
Out[828]//MatrixForm=
          11 12 13
          21 22 23
          31 32 33
In[829]:=
        A[1;; 2, 1;; 2] // MatrixForm
Out[829]//MatrixForm=
          11 12
         21 22
In[830]:=
        A[A11, 3]
Out[830]=
        {13, 23, 33}
In[831]:=
        A[A11, {3}]
Out[831]=
        \{\{13\},\{23\},\{33\}\}
```

```
In[832]:=
       A[[2, All]] (* 方法1 *)
       A[[2]] (* 方法2 *)
Out[832]=
        {21, 22, 23}
Out[833]=
        {21, 22, 23}
In[834]:=
       A[[{2}, All]] (* 方法1 *)
       A[[{2}]]
                 (* 方法2 *)
Out[834]=
        \{\{21, 22, 23\}\}
Out[835]=
        \{\{21, 22, 23\}\}
In[836]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[837]:=
       10 { {2, 3}, {5, 7}}
Out[837]=
        \{\{20, 30\}, \{50, 70\}\}
In[838]:=
        \{\{10, 20\}, \{30, 40\}\} + \{\{2, 3\}, \{4, 5\}\}\}
Out[838]=
        \{\{12, 23\}, \{34, 45\}\}
In[839]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[840]:=
       A = \{\{2, 3\}, \{5, 7\}\}; B = \{\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4\}\};
Out[841]=
        \{\{11, 16\}, \{26, 38\}\}
In[842]:=
       A = \{\{2, 3\}, \{5, 7\}\}; B = \{\{1, 2, 3\}, \{4, 5, 6\}\}; S = A.B;
        \{p, q\} = Dimensions[A]; \{r, s\} = Dimensions[B];
       S1 = Table[Table[A[i, All]].B[All, j], \{j, 1, s\}], \{i, 1, p\}]; (* ① *)
       S2 = Sum[A[All, {j}].B[{j}, All], {j, 1, q}];
                                                                        (* 2 *)
       S3 = Transpose[Table[A.b, {b, Transpose[B]}]];
                                                                          (* 3 *)
       S4 = Table[a.B, {a, A}];
                                                           (* 4 *)
        {S = S1, S = S2, S = S3, S = S4}
Out[848]=
        {True, True, True, True}
```

```
In[849]:=
        Clear[a1, a2, x1, x2, p, q, r, s];
        x = \{x1, x2\}; a = \{a1, a2\};
        G = \{\{p, q\}, \{q, s\}\}; A = \{\{p, q\}, \{r, s\}\};
        D[a.x, \{x\}] = a
        D[x.G.x, \{x\}] = 2G.x // Simplify
        D[(A.x).(A.x), \{x\}] = 2 Transpose[A].A.x // Simplify
Out[852]=
        True
Out[853]=
        True
Out[854]=
        True
In[855]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[856]:=
        Det[{{3, 2}, {1, 2}}]
Out[856]=
In[857]:=
        RegionMeasure[Parallelepiped[\{0, 0\}, \{\{3, 1\}, \{2, 2\}\}]]
Out[857]=
In[858]:=
        Region Measure \ [Parallelepiped\ [\{0,\ 0,\ 0\},\ \{\{2,\ 1,\ 0\},\ \{0,\ 2,\ 1\},\ \{1,\ 1,\ 1\}\}]\ ]
Out[858]=
In[859]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[860]:=
        Inverse[{{2, 3}, {5, 7}}]
Out[860]=
        \{\{-7, 3\}, \{5, -2\}\}
In[861]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[862]:=
        A = \{\{3, 2\}, \{1, 2\}\}; b = \{8, 4\};
        Inverse[A] . b
Out[863]=
        {2, 1}
In[864]:=
        RowReduce[{{4, 2, 8}, {2, 1, 4}}]
Out[864]=
        \left\{\left\{1,\frac{1}{2},2\right\},\left\{0,0,0\right\}\right\}
```

18 ベクトル空間

```
In[867]:=
           Clear["Global`*"];
In[868]:=
           a1 = \{3, 1\}; a2 = \{2, 2\};
           ResourceFunction["LinearlyIndependent"] [{a1, a2}]
Out[869]=
           True
In[870]:=
           Reduce [c1 a1 + c2 a2 == \{0, 0\}]
Out[870]=
           c2 = 0 \&\& c1 = 0
In[871]:=
           Clear["Global`*"];
In[872]:=
           A = \{\{1, 0, 1\}, \{1, 1, 0\}, \{0, 1, -1\}\};
           ResourceFunction["ColumnSpace"][A]["Basis"]
Out[873]=
            \{\{1, 1, 0\}, \{0, 1, 1\}\}
In[874]:=
           A = \{\{1, 0, 1\}, \{1, 1, 0\}, \{0, 1, -1\}\};
           tmp = ResourceFunction["ColumnSpace"][A];
           Qt = Orthogonalize[tmp["Basis"]]
Out[876]=
           \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, 0 \right\}, \left\{ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \right\} \right\}
In[877]:=
           Q = Transpose [Qt];
           Qt.Q
Out[878]=
            \{\{1,0\},\{0,1\}\}
In[879]:=
           A = \{\{1, 2\}, \{1, 2\}, \{0, 0\}\}; B = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};
            {tQa, Ra} = QRDecomposition[A]; Qa = Transpose[tQa]; (* 転置が必要 *)
            {tQb, Rb} = QRDecomposition[B]; Qb = Transpose[tQb]; (* 転置が必要 *)
            {MatrixForm[Qa], MatrixForm[Ra], A == Qa.Ra,
            MatrixForm[Qb], MatrixForm[Rb], B == Qb . Rb}
Out[882]=
           \left\{ \left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \text{, } \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \sqrt{2} & 2\sqrt{2} \end{array} \right) \text{, True, } \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ 0 & \sqrt{\frac{2}{2}} \end{array} \right) \text{, } \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \sqrt{2} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \end{array} \right) \text{, True} \right\}
```

```
In[883]:=
         qrd[A_] := Module[\{m, n, u = Transpose[A], idx = \{\}, s, Q\},
          \{m, n\} = Dimensions[A];
          Do[Do[u[i] = Simplify[u[i] - A[All, i] .u[j] \times u[j]], \{j, 1, i - 1\}];
           s = Chop[Norm[u[i]]];
           If [s \neq 0, u[i]] /= s; AppendTo [idx, i], \{i, 1, n\};
          Q = If [Length[idx] \( \nabla \), Transpose [u[idx]], IdentityMatrix[m]];
          {Q, Transpose[Q].A}]
         A = \{\{1, 2\}, \{1, 2\}, \{0, 0\}\}; B = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};
         Map[MatrixForm, qrd[A]] // Simplify (* 動作確認 *)
         Map[MatrixForm, qrd[B]] // Simplify (* 動作確認 *)
Out[885]=
         \left\{ \left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{array} \right), \left( \sqrt{2} \ 2 \sqrt{2} \right) \right\}
Out[886]=
         \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \\ 0 & \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \end{pmatrix} \right\}
In[887]:=
         B = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};
         {Q, R} = qrd[B];
                                                  (* QR分解 *)
         tol = 10^-10;
         e = IdentityMatrix[Dimensions[Q][2]];
         \{Chop[N[Transpose[Q].Q] - e, tol] = 0e, (* ① *)
          UpperTriangularMatrixQ[R, Tolerance → tol], (* ② *)
         Chop[N[B] - Q.R, tol] == 0B
                                                          (* 3 *)
         (* 誤った転置を検出できないから, ①でOrthogonalMatrixQは使えない. *)
Out[891]=
         {True, True, True}
In[892]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
In[893]:=
         A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};
         NullSpace[Transpose[A]]
         NullSpace[Transpose[N[A]]](* 正規直交基底 *)
Out[894]=
         \{\{1, -1, 1\}\}
Out[895]=
         \{\{0.57735, -0.57735, 0.57735\}\}
```

```
In[896]:=
       A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};
       basis1 = Orthogonalize[Transpose[A]];
                                                      (* 列空間 *)
       basis2 = Orthogonalize[NullSpace[Transpose[A]]]; (* 直交補空間 *)
       MatrixForm[Q = Transpose[Join[basis1, basis2]]]
       Transpose[Q] . Q == IdentityMatrix[3]
Out[899]//MatrixForm=
Out[900]=
       True
In[901]:=
       A = \{\{a, b\}, \{c, d\}\};
       f[x_] := A.x
```

$$\begin{array}{l} A = \{\{a,\,b\},\,\{c,\,d\}\}; \\ f[x_{_}] := A \cdot x \\ R = ParametricRegion[\{x,\,y\},\,\{\{x,\,s,\,s+\,u\},\,\{y,\,t,\,t+\,u\}\}]; \\ Rp = TransformedRegion[R,\,f]; \\ \{RegionMeasure[Rp],\,Abs[Det[A]]\,u^2\} \\ \\ \\ Out[905] = \\ \left\{u^2\,Abs[-b\,c+a\,d],\,u^2\,Abs[-b\,c+a\,d]\right\} \\ \end{array}$$

19 固有値と固有ベクトル

```
In[906]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[907]:=
        A = {{5, 6, 3}, {0, 9, 2}, {0, 6, 8}}; (* 固有ベクトル(絶対値の降順) *)
         {vals, vecs} = Eigensystem[N[A]]
                                                       (* 近似値:固有ベクトル(正規) *)
         {vals, vecs} = Eigensystem[A]
                                                    (* 厳密値:固有ベクトル(非正規)*)
Out[908]=
         \{\{12., 5., 5.\}, \{\{0.639602, 0.426401, 0.639602\}, \{1., 0., 0.\}, \{0., -0.447214, 0.894427\}\}\}
Out[909]=
         \{\{12, 5, 5\}, \{\{3, 2, 3\}, \{0, -1, 2\}, \{1, 0, 0\}\}\}
In[910]:=
        V = Transpose[vecs]; A.V == V.DiagonalMatrix[vals]
Out[910]=
        True
In[911]:=
        A = \{\{5, 6, 3\}, \{0, 9, 2\}, \{0, 6, 8\}\}; n = Length[A];
        SolveValues[Det[x IdentityMatrix[n] - A] == 0, x]
Out[912]=
         \{5, 5, 12\}
In[913]:=
        NullSpace[5 IdentityMatrix[n] - A]
Out[913]=
         \{\{0, -1, 2\}, \{1, 0, 0\}\}
In[914]:=
        Clear["Global`*"];
In[915]:=
        S = \{\{2, 2, -2\}, \{2, 5, -4\}, \{-2, -4, 5\}\};
         {Q, L, V} = SingularValueDecomposition[S];
         {MatrixForm[Q], MatrixForm[L],
         S == Q.L.Transpose[Q] == V.L.Transpose[V]}
Out[917]=
        \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} & -\frac{2}{3\sqrt{5}} \\ -\frac{2}{3} & 0 & \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} & \frac{4}{3\sqrt{5}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{True} \right\}
In[918]:=
        S = \{\{2, 2, -2\}, \{2, 5, -4\}, \{-2, -4, 5\}\};
                                                     (* <sup>1</sup> *)
         {vals, vecs} = Eigensystem[S];
        Q = Transpose[Orthogonalize[vecs]]; (* ②, ③ *)
                                                   (* <sup>4</sup> *)
        L = DiagonalMatrix[vals];
        Chop[N[S] - Q.L.Transpose[Q]] == OS(* 近似的な比較 *)
Out[922]=
        True
```

```
In[923]:=
       Clear["Global`*"];
In[924]:=
       PositiveSemidefiniteMatrixQ[{{4, 2}, {2, 1}}]
Out[924]=
       True
In[925]:=
       A = \{\{4, 2\}, \{2, 1\}\};
       AllTrue[Eigenvalues[A], NonNegative]
Out[926]=
       True
In[927]:=
       x1 = \{1, 3, 6, 10\}; y = \{7, 1, 6, 14\}; X = Transpose[\{x1, y\}];
       n = Length[X]; M = ConstantArray[1, {n, n}] /n;
       A = X - M \cdot X;
       MatrixForm[S = Transpose[A] . A]
       v = Eigenvectors[N[S], 1] [1] (* 最大固有値に対応する固有ベクトル *)
Out[930]//MatrixForm=
        46 46
        46 86
Out[931]=
       \{0.548304, 0.836279\}
In[932]:=
       Reduce[Det[\{v, \{xp - Mean[x1], yp - Mean[y]\}\}] == 0, yp] // N
Out[932]=
       yp = -0.626059 + 1.52521 xp
In[933]:=
       {U, L, V} = SingularValueDecomposition[A]; (* 特異値分解 *)
                                   (* Vの第1列(求めるもの)*)
       V[All, 1] // N
       s2 = Diagonal[L]^2;
                                       (* 特異値の2乗 *)
       Accumulate[s2] / Total[s2] // N
                                             (* 累積寄与率(後述)*)
Out[934]=
       \{0.548304, 0.836279\}
Out[936]=
       \{0.879998, 1.\}
```

```
In[937]:=
      X = N[Transpose[{{1, 3, 6, 10}, {7, 1, 6, 14}}]];
      t = Transpose;
      MatrixForm[P = PrincipalComponents[X]]
                                                  (* 主成分スコア *)
      r = MatrixRank[P]; Pr = P[All, ;; r]; tPr = t[Pr];
      MatrixForm[tVr1 = Inverse[tPr.Pr].tPr.X] (* 主成分(方法1)*)
      MatrixForm[tVr2 = (PseudoInverse[P].X)[;; r, All]] (* 主成分(方法2)*)
                        (* 第1主成分(求めるもの)(方法1)*)
      tVr1[[1]]
                        (* 第1主成分(求めるもの)(方法2)*)
      tVr2||1|
      s2 = Diagonal [Transpose [P].P]; (* 特異値の2乗 *)
      Accumulate[s2] / Total[s2] (* 累積寄与率(後述)*)
Out[939]//MatrixForm=
        2.19321 3.34512
        6.11428 -1.61726
        0.287976 - 1.38458
       -8.59547 -0.343271
Out[941]//MatrixForm=
       ( -0.548304   -0.836279   )
       -0.836279 0.548304
Out[942]//MatrixForm=
       ( -0.548304  -0.836279  )
       -0.836279 0.548304
Out[943]=
      \{-0.548304, -0.836279\}
Out[944]=
      \{-0.548304, -0.836279\}
Out[946]=
      \{0.879998, 1.\}
```

20 特異値分解と擬似逆行列

In[947]:= Clear["Global`*"];

In[948]:=

 $A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};$ {U, S, V} = SingularValueDecomposition[A]; tV = Transpose[V]; ${Map[MatrixForm, {U, S, tV}], A = U.S.tV}$

Out[950]=

$$\left\{ \left\{ \begin{array}{cccc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \end{array} \right\}, \left(\begin{array}{ccc} \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{cccc} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{array} \right) \right\}, \text{True} \right\}$$

In[951]:=

url = "https://github.com/taroyabuki/comath/raw/main/images/boy.jpg"; A = ImageData[ColorConvert[Import[url], "Grayscale"]]; (* 画像の行列への変換 *) {U, S, V} = SingularValueDecomposition[A]; (* 特異値分解 *) k = 52;Ak = U[[All, ;; k]] . S[[;; k, ;; k]] . Transpose[V[[All, ;; k]]]; (* 近似 *) B = (Ak - Min[Ak]) / (Max[Ak] - Min[Ak]); (* 数値を0~1にする. *) GraphicsRow[{Image[A], Image[B]}]

Out[957]=





```
In[958]:=
         nonzero [x_{,} tol_{,} : 10^{-10}] := Chop[x, tol] \neq 0
         svd2[A ] := Module[{diag = DiagonalMatrix, eye = IdentityMatrix, t = Transpose,
           gs = Orthogonalize, m, n, G, vals, vecs, s, r, Sr, S, Vr, V, Ur, U},
           \{m, n\} = Dimensions[A]; G = t[A].A;
                                                                             (* <sup>1</sup> *)
           {vals, vecs} = Eigensystem[G];
                                                                         (* 2 *)
           s = Sqrt[Select[vals, nonzero]]; r = Length[s];
                                                                                     (* 3 *)
           If [r \neq 0,
                                                                    (* 4 *)
           Sr = diag[s, 0, \{r, r\}];
           Vr = t[gs[Take[vecs, r]]];
                                                                      (* 5 *)
           Ur = A. Vr. diag[1/s, 0, {r, r}];
                                                                           (* 6 *)
           S = diag[s, 0, \{m, n\}];
                                                                    (* 7 *)
           V = If[n = r, Vr, Join[Vr, t[gs[NullSpace[t[Vr]]]], 2]]; (* ® *)
           U = If[m = r, Ur, Join[Ur, t[gs[NullSpace[t[Ur]]]], 2]], (* 9 *)
           (* else *)
           S = 0A; V = eye[n]; U = eye[m];
           Sr = \{\{0\}\}; Vr = V[All, \{1\}]; Ur = U[All, \{1\}]];
           {Ur, Sr, Vr, U, S, V}]
         A = {{1, 0}, {1, 1}, {0, 1}}; Map[MatrixForm, svd2[A]] (* 動作確認 *)
Out[960]=
         \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} & 0 & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} \right\}
In[961]:=
         tol = 10^{-10}:
         isOrtho[A_] := With[{e = IdentityMatrix[Dimensions[A][2]]}},
          Chop[Transpose[A] . A - e, tol] == 0e]
         isDiagDesc[A ] := With[{d = Diagonal[A]}, d == Sort[Abs[d], Greater]]
         t = Transpose;
         A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\};
         {Ur, Sr, Vr, U, S, V} = svd2[A];
                                                                  (* 特異値分解 *)
         {isOrtho[Ur], isOrtho[Vr], isOrtho[U], isOrtho[V], (* ① *)
          SquareMatrixQ[U], SquareMatrixQ[V],
                                                                    (* ② *)
          isDiagDesc[Sr], isDiagDesc[S],
                                                                 (* 3 *)
          Chop [N[A] - Ur.Sr.t[Vr], tol] = 0A, (* 4-1 *)
          Chop[N[A] - U.S.t[V], tol] == 0A
                                                              (* 4-2 *)
Out[967]=
          {True, True, True, True, True, True, True, True, True, True}
In[968]:=
         Clear["Global`*"];
```

In[969]:=

$$A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\}; PseudoInverse[A]\}$$

Out[969]=

$$\left\{ \left\{ \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3} \right\}, \left\{ -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \right\} \right\}$$

In[970]:=

$$A = \{\{1, 0\}, \{1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}\}; b = \{2, 0, 2\};$$

PseudoInverse[A] . b

Out[971]=

$$\left\{\frac{2}{3},\frac{2}{3}\right\}$$