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REPORT

Digital Image Processing

« Assignments »



2014-2015

Summary

A	Histogram Equalization	1
A.1	Problem statement	1
A.2	Python implementation	1
A.3	Figure 1	1
A.3.1	Histogram	1
A.3.2	Histogram equalization	1
A.4	Figure 2	1
A.4.1	Histogram	1
A.4.2	Histogram equalization	1
B	Spatial enhancement methods	6
B.1	Problem statement	6
B.2	Python implementation	6
B.3	Results	7
B.3.1	Original image	7
B.3.2	3x3 Laplacian ($A = 0$)	8
B.3.3	3x3 Laplacian ($A = 1$)	9
B.3.4	3x3 Laplacian ($A = 1.7$)	10
B.3.5	Sobel	11
C	Filtering in frequency domain	12
C.1	Problem statement	12
C.2	Python implementation	12
C.3	Results	12
C.3.1	Original image	12
C.3.2	Ideal filter	13
C.3.3	Butterworth order 2 filter	15
C.3.4	Butterworth order 5 filter	17
C.3.5	Gaussian filter	19

A. Histogram Equalization

A.1 Problem statement

1. Write a computer program for computing the histogram of an image.
2. Implement the histogram equalization technique.
3. Your program must be general to allow any gray-level image as its input.

A.2 Python implementation

Usage : `python problem1.py [-h] image_path`

A.3 Figure 1

A.3.1 Histogram

Original image : [A.1](#) | Original image's histogram : [A.2](#)

A.3.2 Histogram equalization

Enhanced image : [A.3](#) | Enhanced image's histogram : [A.4](#)

A.4 Figure 2

A.4.1 Histogram

Original image : [A.5](#) | Original image's histogram : [A.6](#)

A.4.2 Histogram equalization

Enhanced image : [A.7](#) | Enhanced image's histogram : [A.8](#)

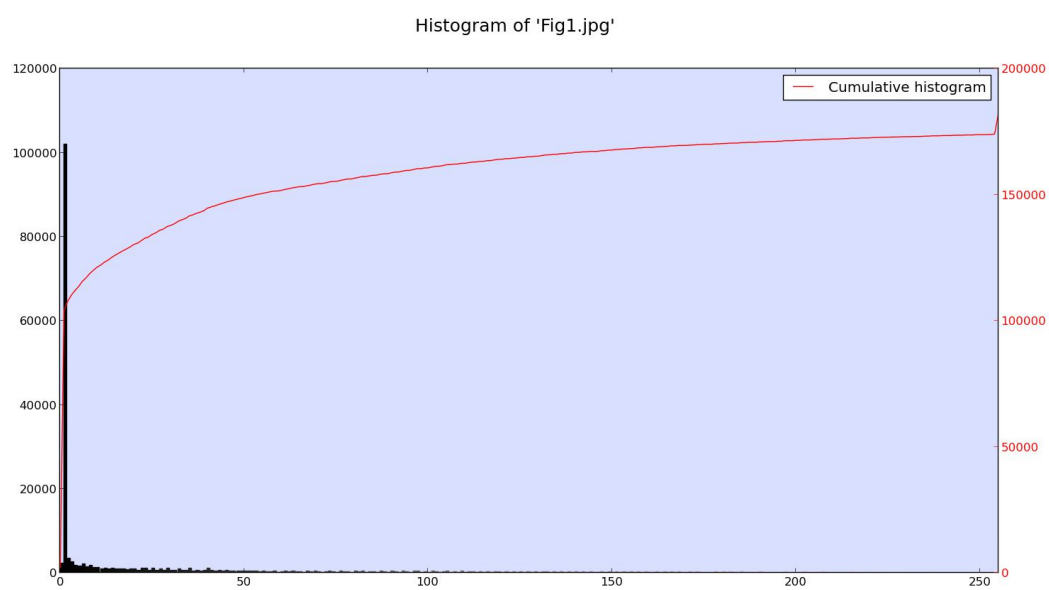
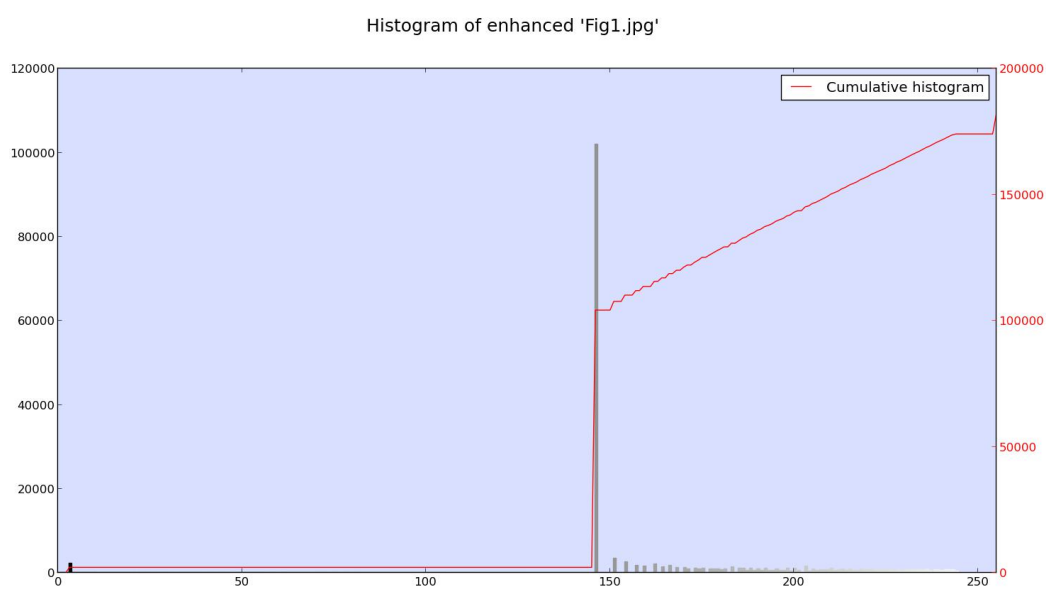
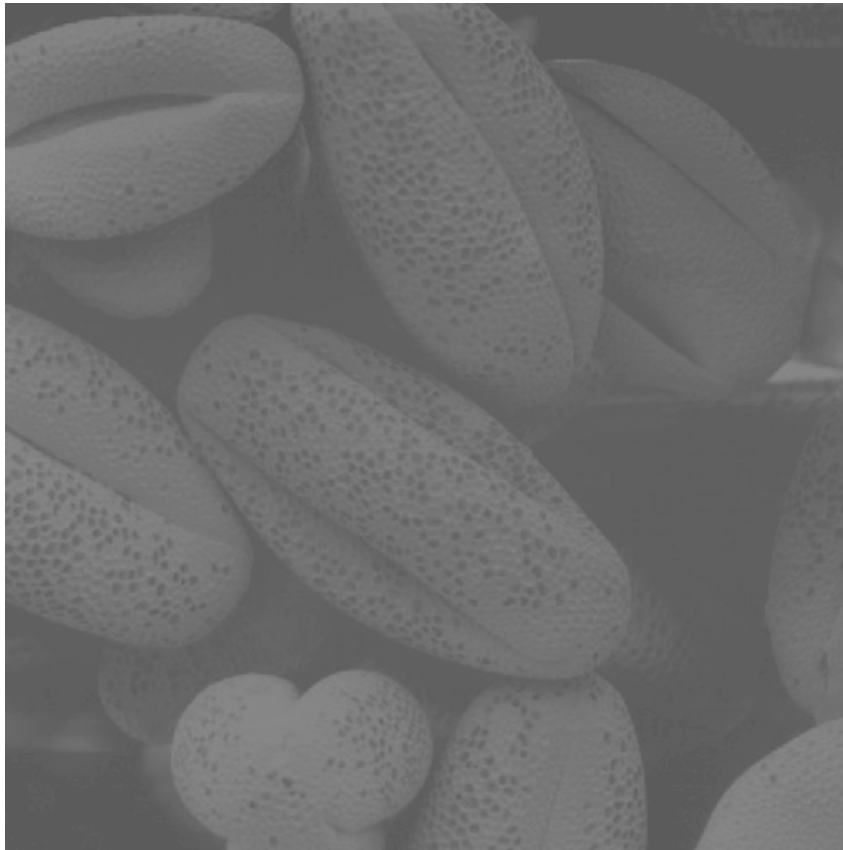
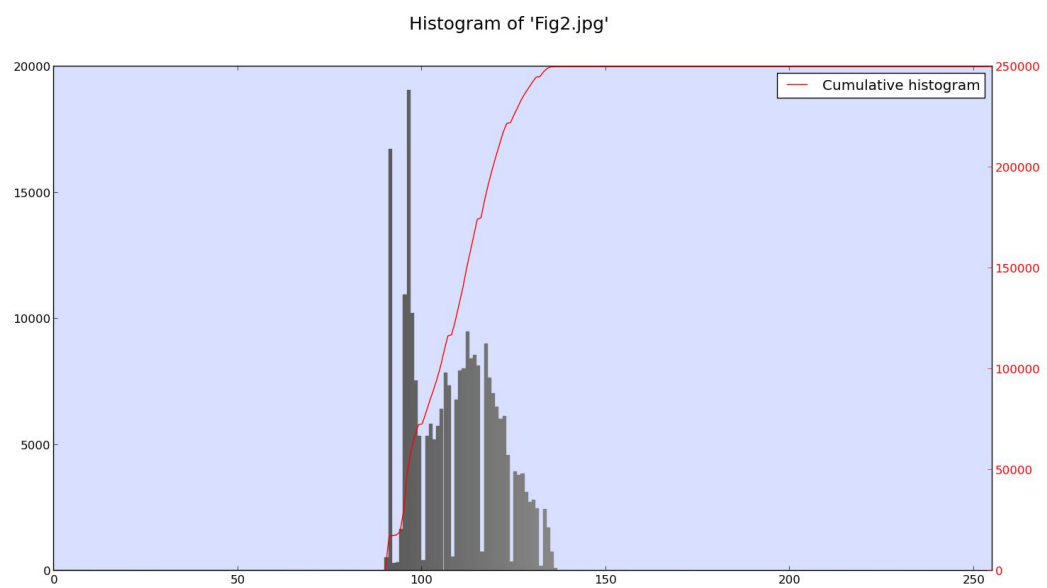
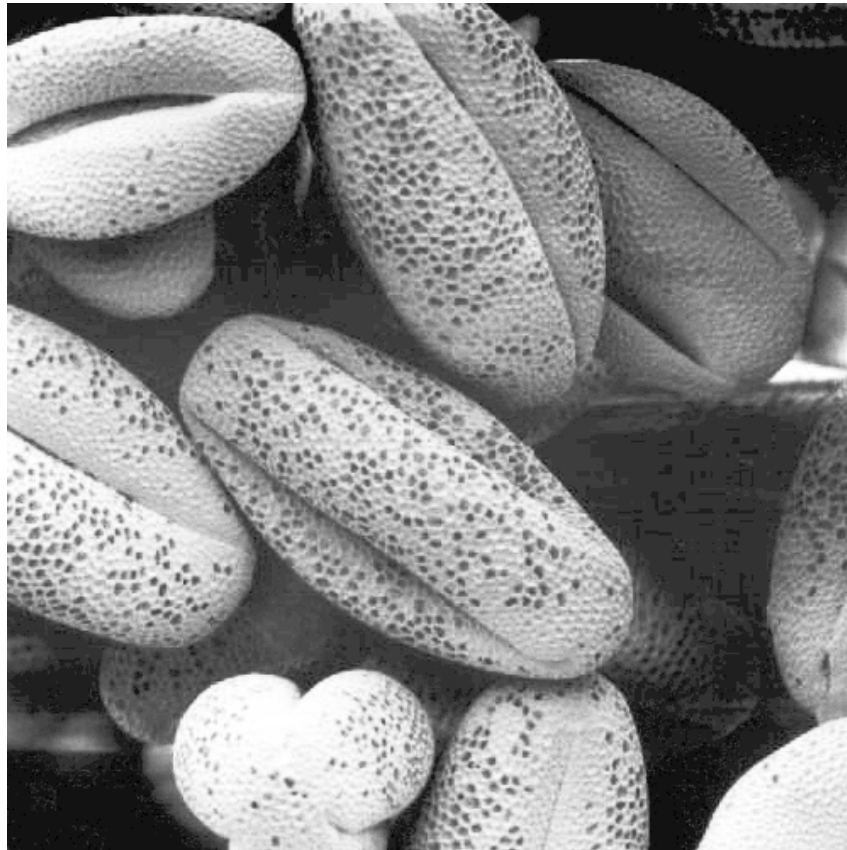
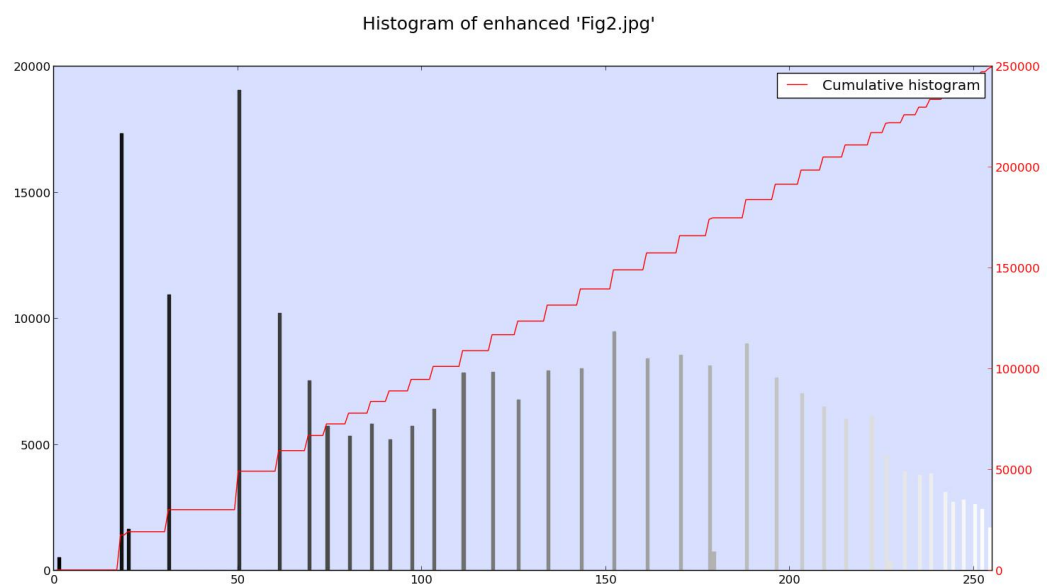
FIGURE A.1 – Original *Fig1.jpg*FIGURE A.2 – Histogram of *Fig1.jpg*

FIGURE A.3 – Enhanced *Fig1.jpg*FIGURE A.4 – Equalized histogram of *Fig1.jpg*

FIGURE A.5 – Original *Fig2.jpg*FIGURE A.6 – Histogram of *Fig2.jpg*

FIGURE A.7 – Enhanced *Fig2.jpg*FIGURE A.8 – Equalized histogram of *Fig2.jpg*

B. Spatial enhancement methods

B.1 Problem statement

Implement the image enhancement task of Section 3.7 (Fig 3.43) (Section 3.8, Fig 3.46 in our slides).

The image to be enhanced is *skeleton_orig.tif*.

You should implement all steps in Figure 3.43.

(You cannot directly use functions of Matlab such as `imfilter` or `fspecial`, implement all functions by yourself).

B.2 Python implementation

Usage : `python problem2.py [-h] [-laplacian] [-sobel] [-a A] image_path`

For example, to use a 3x3 Laplacian filter with $A = 1.7$, and then a Sobel, type :

```
python problem2.py -laplacian -a 1.7 -sobel skeleton_orig.tif
```

The original image, its Laplacian, its sharpened (Laplacian) and its Sobel will be displayed.

B.3 Results

B.3.1 Original image

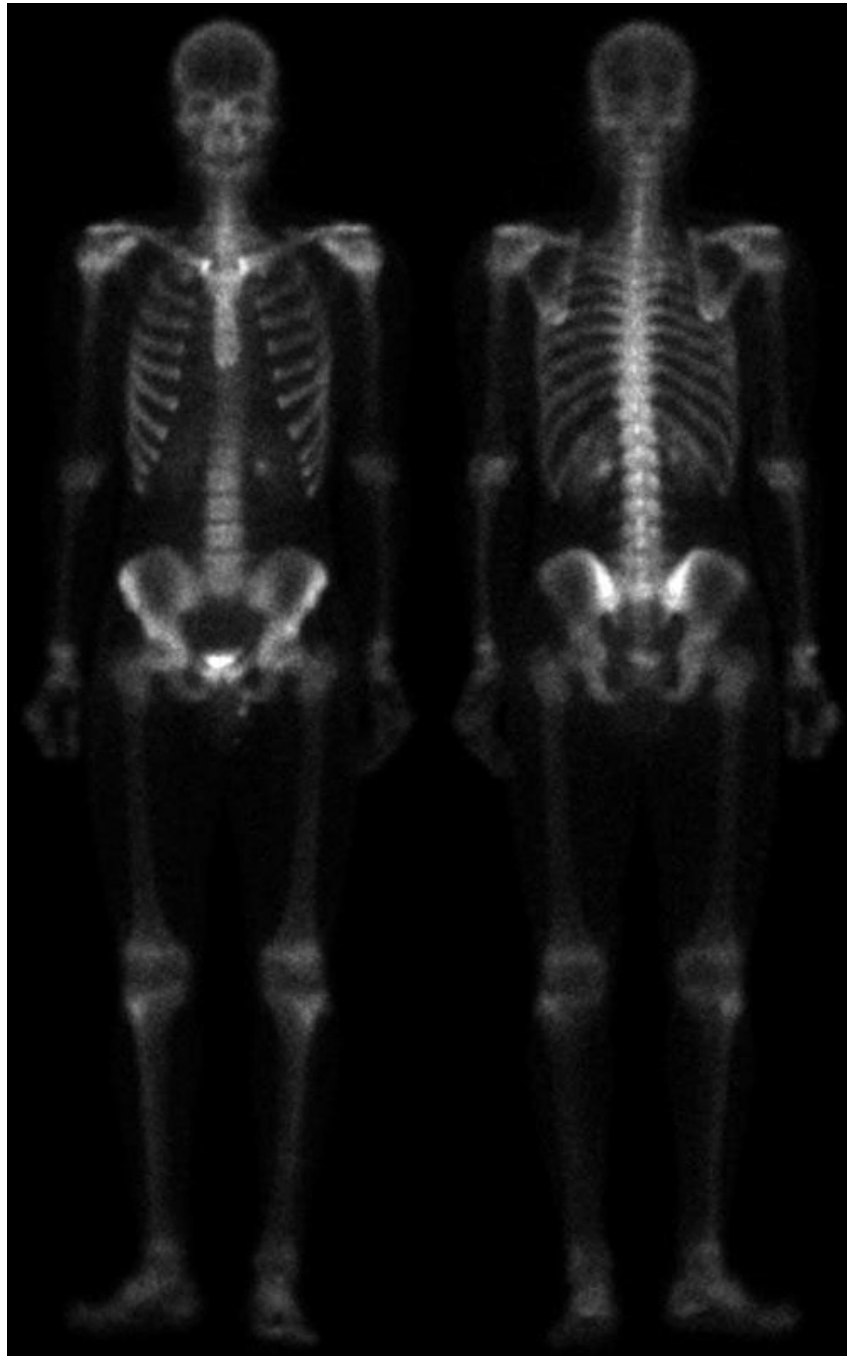


FIGURE B.1 – Original *skeleton_orig.tif*

B.3.2 3x3 Laplacian ($A = 0$)FIGURE B.2 – Laplacian ($A=0$)

FIGURE B.3 – Sharpened image

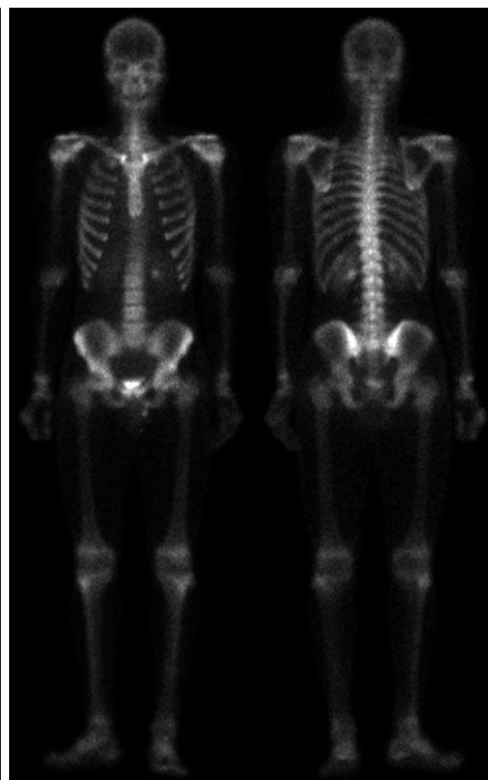


FIGURE B.4 – Original image

B.3.3 3x3 Laplacian ($A = 1$)



FIGURE B.5 – Laplacian ($A=1$)

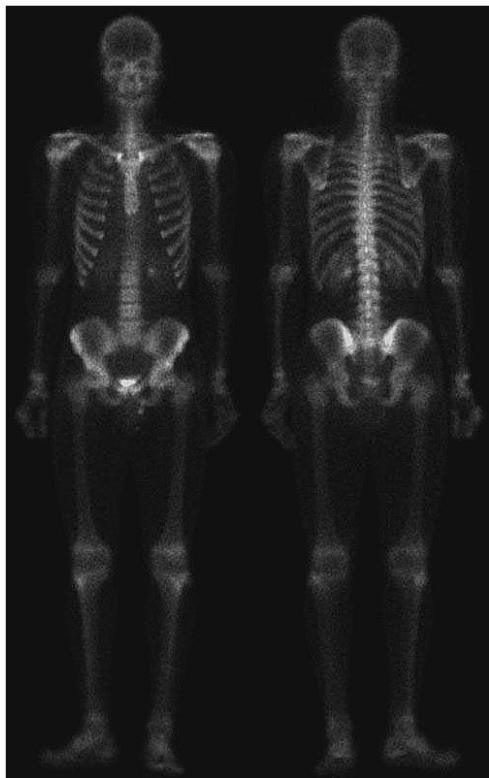


FIGURE B.6 – Sharpened image

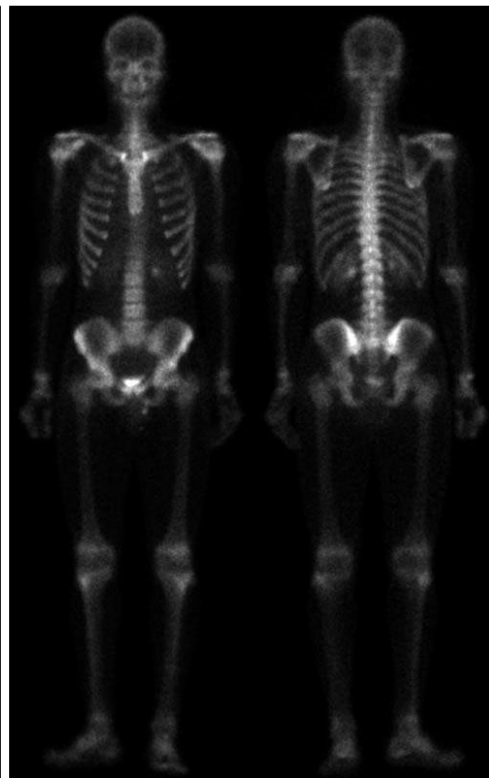


FIGURE B.7 – Original image

B.3.4 3x3 Laplacian ($A = 1.7$)

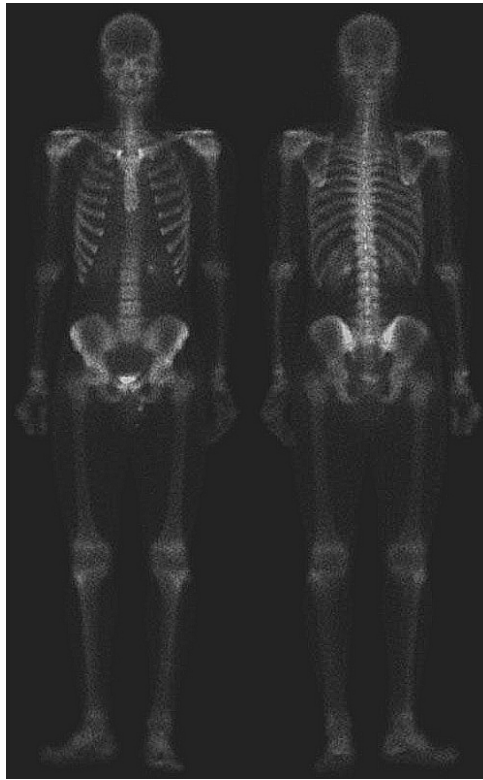


FIGURE B.8 – Laplacian ($A=1.7$)

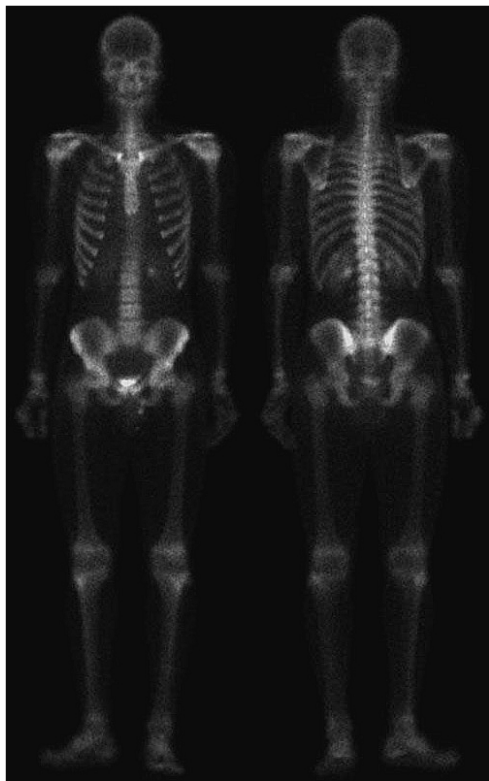


FIGURE B.9 – Sharpened image

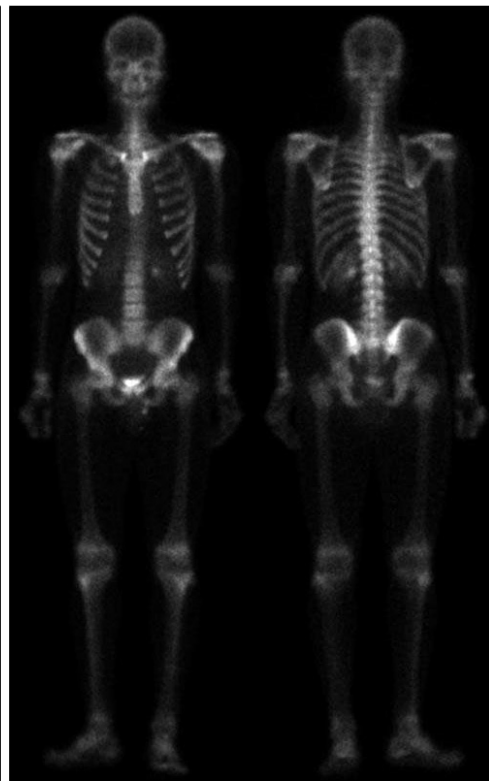


FIGURE B.10 – Original image

B.3.5 Sobel

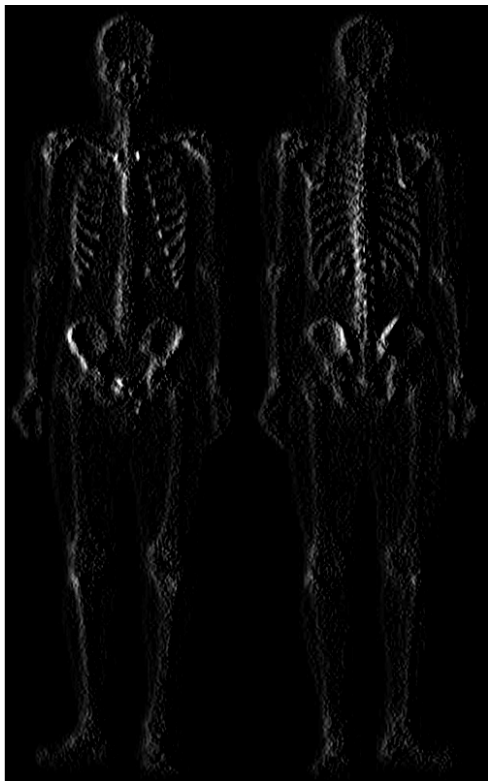


FIGURE B.11 – Sobel x-gradient

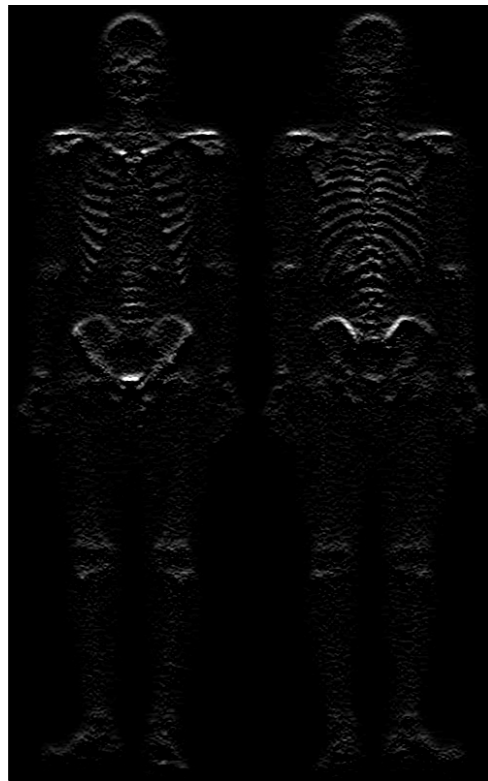


FIGURE B.12 – Sobel y-gradient



FIGURE B.13 – Sobel image

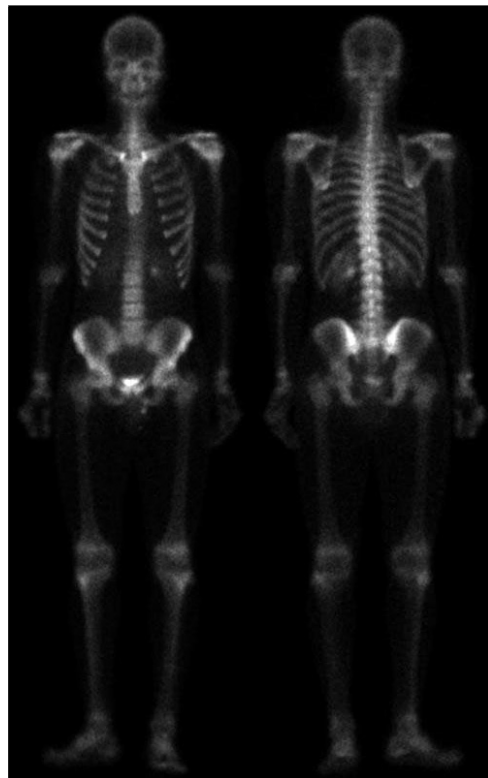


FIGURE B.14 – Original image

C. Filtering in frequency domain

C.1 Problem statement

Implement the ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian lowpass and highpass filters and test them under different parameters using *characters_test_pattern.tif*.

C.2 Python implementation

Usage : `python problem3.py [-h] [-ideal] [-butterworth] [-gaussian]
(-low | -high) [-npp] [-d D] [-n N] image_path`

Use `python problem3.py -h` to see the help.

C.3 Results

C.3.1 Original image

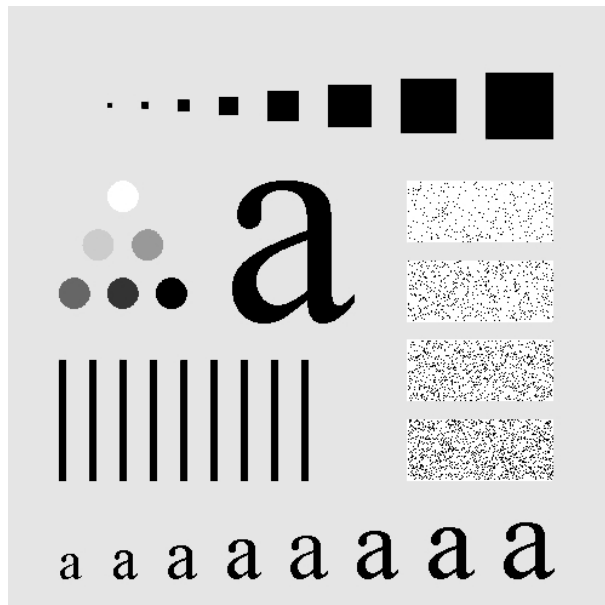


FIGURE C.1 – Original *characters_test_pattern.tif*

C.3.2 Ideal filter

Low pass

```
python problem3.py -ideal -d 5 -low characters_test_pattern.tif
```

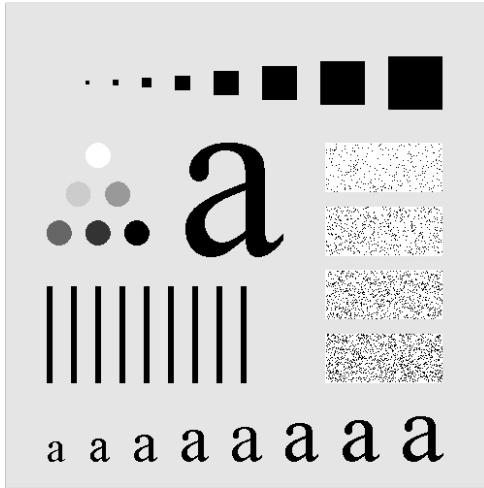


FIGURE C.2 – Original image



FIGURE C.3 – Ideal low 5



FIGURE C.4 – Ideal low 15



FIGURE C.5 – Ideal low 30

High pass

```
python problem3.py -ideal -d 5 -high characters_test_pattern.tif
```

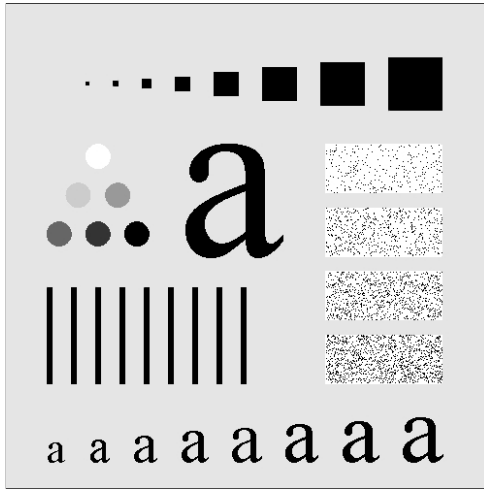


FIGURE C.6 – Original image



FIGURE C.7 – Ideal high 5

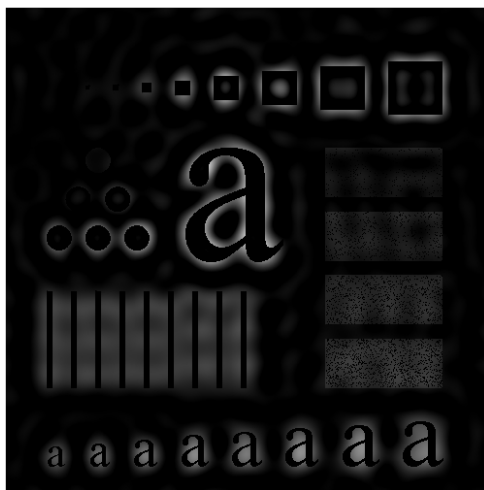


FIGURE C.8 – Ideal high 15

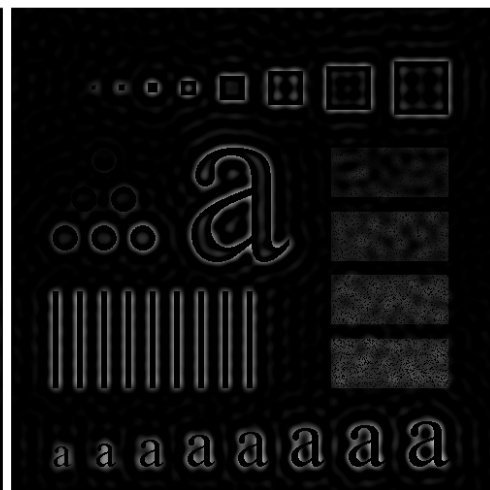


FIGURE C.9 – Ideal high 30

C.3.3 Butterworth order 2 filter

Low pass

```
python problem3.py -butterworth -d 5 -n 2 -low characters_test_pattern.tif
```

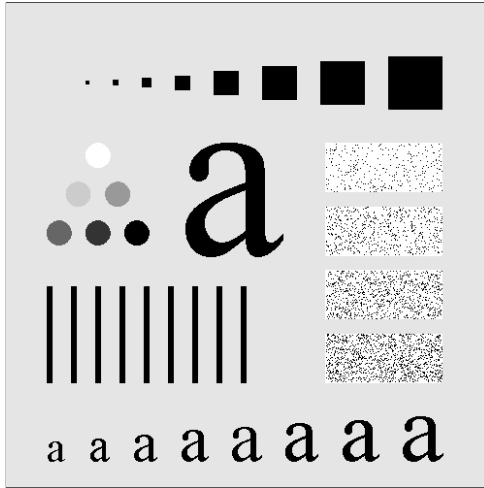


FIGURE C.10 – Original image

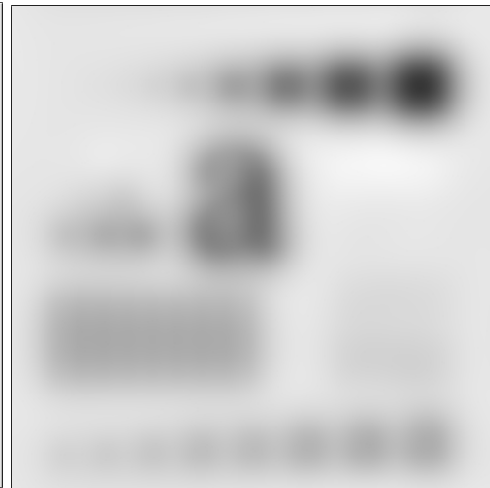


FIGURE C.11 – Butterworth low 5



FIGURE C.12 – Butterworth low 15



FIGURE C.13 – Butterworth low 30

High pass

```
python problem3.py -butterworth -d 5 -n 2 -high characters_test_pattern.tif
```

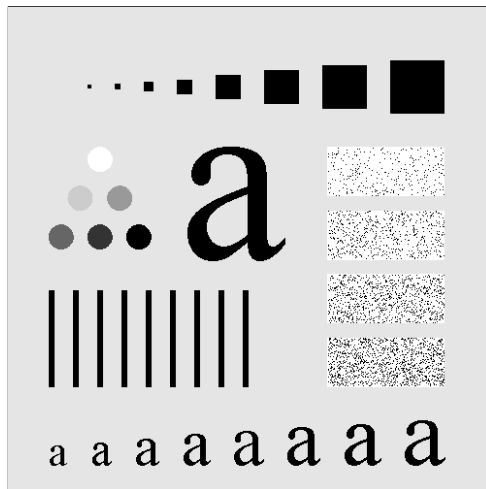


FIGURE C.14 – Original image

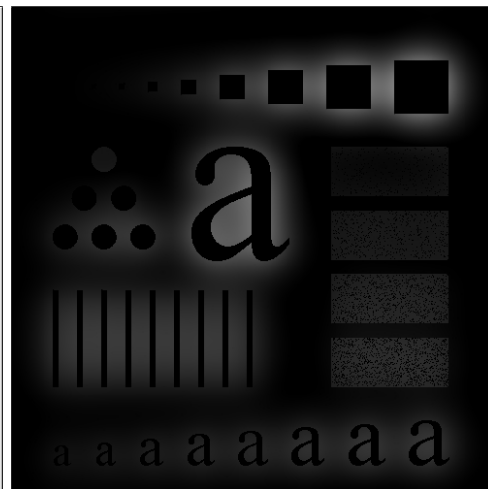


FIGURE C.15 – Butterworth high 5

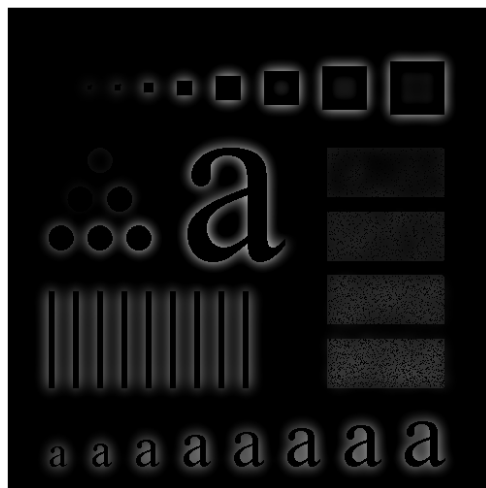


FIGURE C.16 – Butterworth high 15

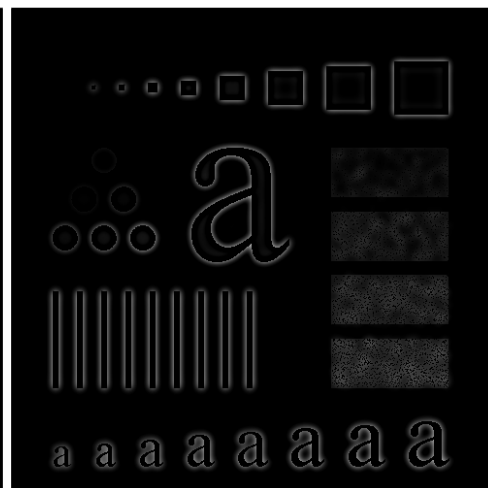


FIGURE C.17 – Butterworth high 30

C.3.4 Butterworth order 5 filter

Low pass

```
python problem3.py -butterworth -d 5 -n 5 -low characters_test_pattern.tif
```

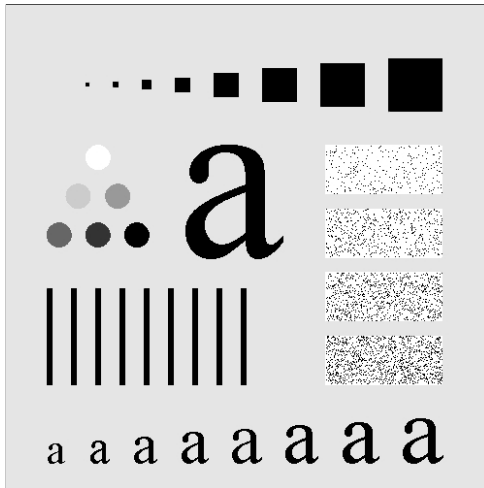


FIGURE C.18 – Original image

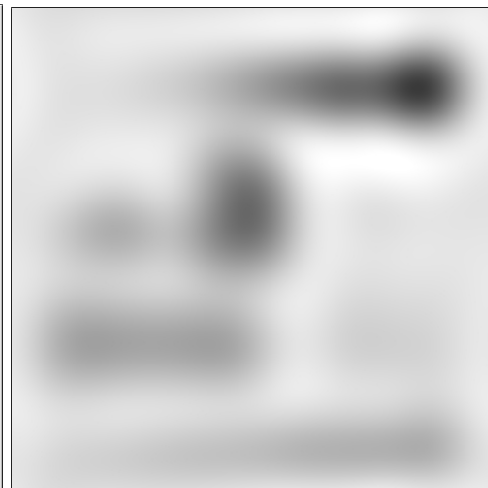


FIGURE C.19 – Butterworth low 5

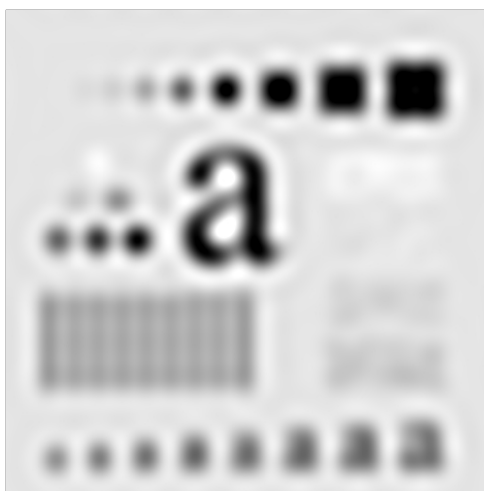


FIGURE C.20 – Butterworth low 15



FIGURE C.21 – Butterworth low 30

High pass

```
python problem3.py -butterworth -d 5 -n 5 -high characters_test_pattern.tif
```

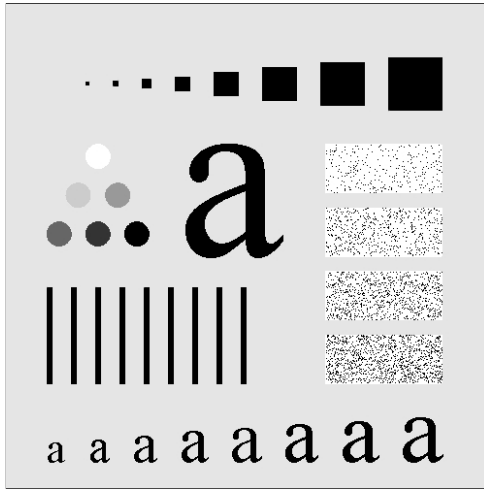


FIGURE C.22 – Original image

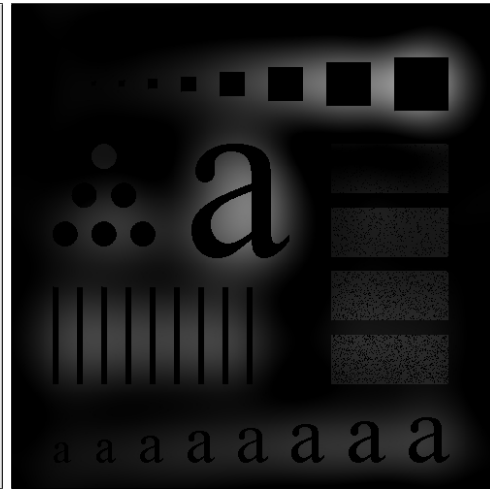


FIGURE C.23 – Butterworth high 5

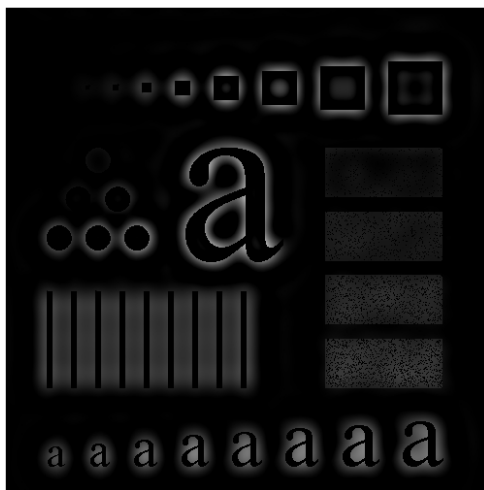


FIGURE C.24 – Butterworth high 15

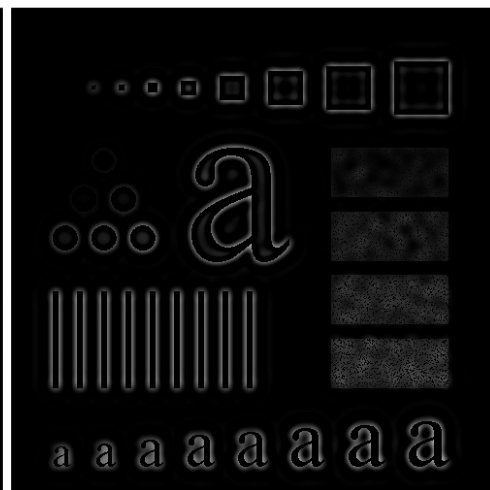


FIGURE C.25 – Butterworth high 30

C.3.5 Gaussian filter

Low pass

```
python problem3.py -gaussian -d 5 -low characters_test_pattern.tif
```

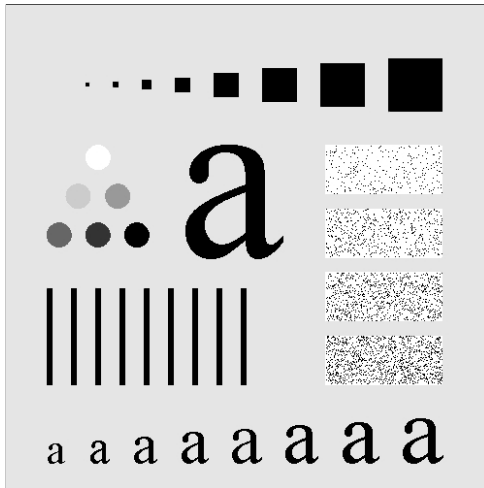


FIGURE C.26 – Original image

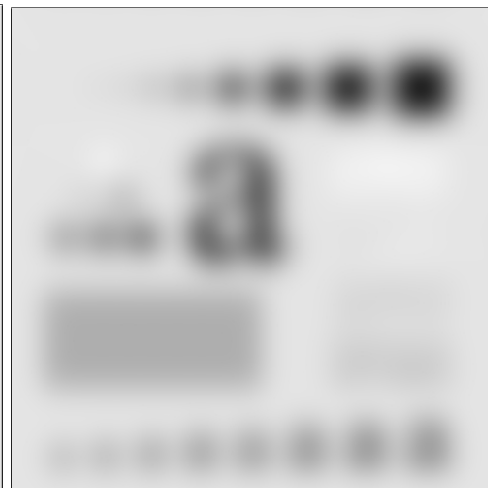


FIGURE C.27 – Gaussian low 5



FIGURE C.28 – Gaussian low 15



FIGURE C.29 – Gaussian low 30

High pass

```
python problem3.py -gaussian -d 5 -high characters_test_pattern.tif
```

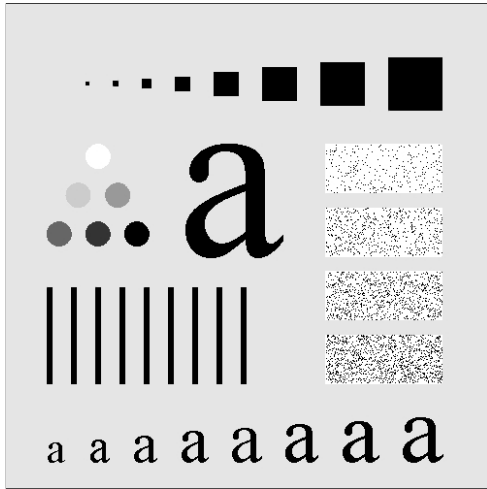


FIGURE C.30 – Original image

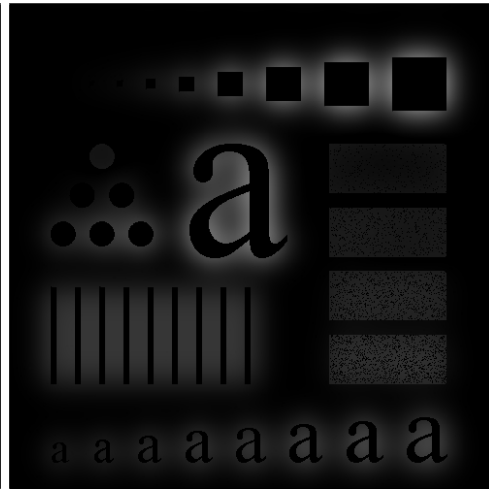


FIGURE C.31 – Gaussian high 5

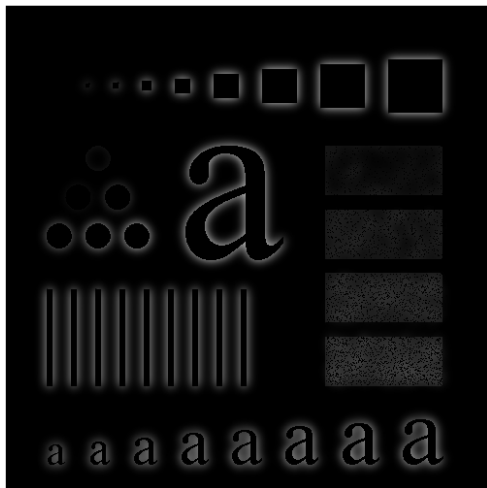


FIGURE C.32 – Gaussian high 15

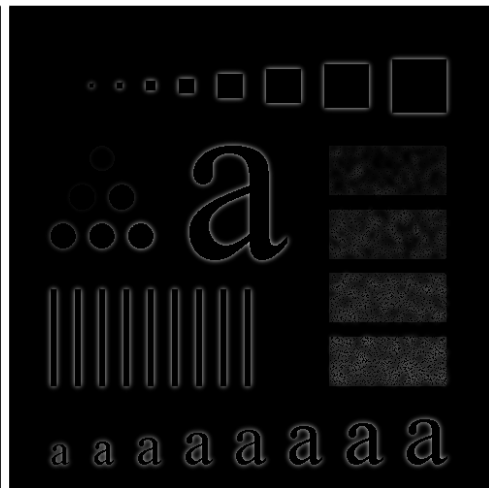


FIGURE C.33 – Gaussian high 30