# The Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List

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#### Abstract

This document lists 5913 symbols and the corresponding LaTeX commands that produce them. Some of these symbols are guaranteed to be available in every LaTeX  $2\varepsilon$  system; others require fonts and packages that may not accompany a given distribution and that therefore need to be installed. All of the fonts and packages used to prepare this document—as well as this document itself—are freely available from the Comprehensive TeX Archive Network (http://www.ctan.org/).

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<sup>\*</sup>The original version of this document was written by David Carlisle, with several additional tables provided by Alexander Holt. See Section 8.8 on page 118 for more information about who did what.

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# 1 Introduction

Welcome to the Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List! This document strives to be your primary source of LATEX symbol information: font samples, LATEX commands, packages, usage details, caveats—everything needed to put thousands of different symbols at your disposal. All of the fonts covered herein meet the following criteria:

- 1. They are freely available from the Comprehensive TEX Archive Network (http://www.ctan.org).
- 2. All of their symbols have LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  bindings. That is, a user should be able to access a symbol by name, not just by  $\operatorname{number}$ .

These are not particularly limiting criteria; the Comprehensive IATEX Symbol List contains samples of 5913 symbols—quite a large number. Some of these symbols are guaranteed to be available in every IATEX  $2\varepsilon$  system; others require fonts and packages that may not accompany a given distribution and that therefore need to be installed. See http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=instpackages+wherefiles for help with installing new fonts and packages.

### 1.1 Document Usage

Each section of this document contains a number of font tables. Each table shows a set of symbols, with the corresponding LaTeX command to the right of each symbol. A table's caption indicates what package needs to be loaded in order to access that table's symbols. For example, the symbols in Table 39, "textcomp Old-Style Numerals", are made available by putting "\usepackage{textcomp}" in your document's preamble. "AMS" means to use the AMS packages, viz. amssymb and/or amsmath. Notes below a table provide additional information about some or all the symbols in that table.

One note that appears a few times in this document, particularly in Section 2, indicates that certain symbols do not exist in the OT1 font encoding (Donald Knuth's original, 7-bit font encoding, which is the default font encoding for LATEX) and that you should use fontenc to select a different encoding, such as T1 (a common 8-bit font encoding). That means that you should put "\usepackage[ $\langle encoding \rangle$ ]{fontenc}" in your document's preamble, where  $\langle encoding \rangle$  is, e.g., T1 or LY1. To limit the change in font encoding to the current group, use "\fontencoding{ $\langle encoding \rangle$ }\selectfont".

Section 8 contains some additional information about the symbols in this document. It discusses how certain mathematical symbols can vary in height, shows which symbol names are not unique across packages, gives examples of how to create new symbols out of existing symbols, explains how symbols are spaced in math mode, compares various schemes for boldfacing symbols, presents LATEX ASCII and Latin 1 tables, shows how to input and output Unicode characters, and provides some information about this document itself. The Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List ends with an index of all the symbols in the document and various additional useful terms.

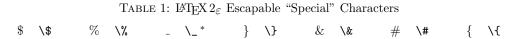
### 1.2 Frequently Requested Symbols

There are a number of symbols that are requested over and over again on comp.text.tex. If you're looking for such a symbol the following list will help you find it quickly.

_, as in "Spaces_are_significant."	9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	64
í, ì, $\bar{i}$ , î, etc. (versus í, ì, $\bar{i}$ , and î)	14	°, as in "180°" or "15°C"	
¢	18	$\mathscr{L},\mathscr{F},$ etc.	68
€	18	$\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{R}, \text{ etc.}$	68
$\bigcirc$ , $\bigcirc$ , and $^{TM}$	19	<i>t</i>	68
%o		f	105
∯		á, è, etc. (i.e., several accents per character)	107
<i>i.</i>		<,>, and $ $ (instead of $ $ , $ $ , and $ $ ) $ $	114
:= and ::=	31	^ and ~ (or ~)	
$\leq$ and $\geq$	38	( )	

# 2 Body-text symbols

This section lists symbols that are intended for use in running text, such as punctuation marks, accents, ligatures, and currency symbols.



<sup>\*</sup> The underscore package redefines "\_" to produce an underscore in text mode (i.e., it makes it unnecessary to escape the underscore character).

Table 2: Predefined LATEX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  Text-mode Commands

	^	\textasciicircum*		<	\textless
	~	$\text{ar{t}extasciitilde}^*$	a	$\mathbf{a}$	\textordfeminine
	*	\textasteriskcentered	О	$\mathbf{O}$	\textordmasculine
	\	\textbackslash		$\P$	$ackslash$ textparagraph $^\dagger$
	ĺ	\textbar			\textperiodcentered
	{	$ackslash  ag{textbraceleft}^\dagger$		į.	\textquestiondown
	}	$ackslash$ textbraceright $^\dagger$		"	\textquotedblleft
	•	\textbullet		"	\textquotedblright
©	(C)	$ackslash$ textcopyright $^\dagger$		4	\textquoteleft
	Ť	\textdagger <sup>†</sup>		,	\textquoteright
	‡	\textdaggerdbl <sup>†</sup>	R	$^{\mathbf{R}}$	\textregistered
	\$	\textdollar <sup>†</sup>		§	\textsection <sup>†</sup>
		\textellipsis <sup>†</sup>		£	$ackslash$ textsterling $^{\dagger}$
		\textemdash	TM	TM	\texttrademark
	_	\textendash		_	$ackslash$ textunderscore $^\dagger$
	i	\textexclamdown		u	\textvisiblespace
	>	\textgreater			

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the "faked" symbol that LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  provides by default, and the right one is the "true" symbol that textcomp makes available.

Table 3: IATEX  $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  Commands Defined to Work in Both Math and Text Mode

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the "faked" symbol that LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  provides by default, and the right one is the "true" symbol that textcomp makes available.

<sup>\* \^{}</sup> and \~{} can be used instead of \textasciicircum and \textasciitilde. See the discussion of "~" on page 115.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> It's generally preferable to use the corresponding symbol from Table 3 because the symbols in that table work properly in both text mode and math mode.

Table 4: Ans Commands Defined to Work in Both Math and Text Mode

√ \checkmark R \circledR ★ \maltese

Table 5: Non-ASCII Letters (Excluding Accented Letters)

	\aa	Ð	\DH*	Ł	\L	Ø	\0	В	\ss
Å	\AA	ð	$\dh^*$	ł	\1	Ø	\0	SS	\SS
Æ	\AE	Ð	\DJ*	IJ	$\NG^*$	Œ	\0E	Þ	$\TH^*$
æ	\ae	đ	\dj*	n	$\ng^*$	œ	\oe	b	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $

<sup>\*</sup> Not available in the OT1 font encoding. Use the fontenc package to select an alternate font encoding, such as T1.

Table 6: Letters Used to Typeset African Languages

Đ	$\B{D}$	E	$\mbox{m{c}}$	f	$\mf{f}$	ƙ	$m{k}$	t	$M{t}$	3	$m{Z}$
đ	$\B{d}$	$^{\mathrm{D}}$	$\mbox{m}\{D\}$	$\mathbf{F}$	$m{F}$	$\mathbf{D}$	$\m{N}$	$\mathbf{T}$	MT	Ē	$T{E}$
H	$\B{H}$	d,	$M{d}$	X	$m{G}$	ŋ	$m{n}$	$\mathfrak{t}$	$\mtext{m{t}}$	$\tilde{\epsilon}$	\T{e}
ħ	$\B{h}$	Ð	$M{D}$	γ	$m\{g\}$	Э	$m{o}$	$\mathbf{T}$	$\mT$	Õ	\T{0}
ŧ	$\B{t}$	ď	$m{d}$	J	$m{I}$	$^{\rm C}$	$m{0}$	υ	$\m{u}^*$	õ	$T{o}$
Ŧ	$\B{T}$	$\mathbf{a}$	$\mbox{m}\{E\}$	ι	$m{i}$	$\mathbf{P}$	$\mbox{m}\{P\}$	U	$\m{U}^*$		
6	$m\{b\}$	8	$m{e}$	N	$m{J}$	р	$m{p}$	$\mathbf{Y}$	$\m{Y}$		
В	$m\{B\}$	$\mathbf{E}$	$M{E}$	n	$m{j}$	ſ	$m\{s\}$	$\mathbf{y}$	$m{y}$		
Ć	$\m{C}$	9	\M{e}	К	$\mbox{m}{K}$	ſ	$m{S}$	3	$m\{z\}$		

These characters all need the T4 font encoding, which is provided by the fc package.

Table 7: Letters Used to Typeset Vietnamese

O \OHORN  $\sigma$  \ohorn U \UHORN  $\sigma$  \uhorn

These characters all need the T5 font encoding, which is provided by the vntex package.

#### Table 8: Punctuation Marks Not Found in OT1

- « \guillemotleft < \guilsinglleft ,, \quotedblbase " \textquotedbl</pre>
- $\hspace{0.1cm} \hspace{0.1cm} \hspace$

To get these symbols, use the fontenc package to select an alternate font encoding, such as T1.

### Table 9: pifont Decorative Punctuation Marks

- 9 \ding{124} \*\* \ding{126} \* \ding{162}

<sup>\*</sup>  $\mbox{$\mathbb{V}$}$  and  $\mbox{$\mathbb{V}$}$  are synonyms for  $\mbox{$\mathbb{U}$}$ .

Table 10: tipa Phonetic Symbols

У	\textbabygamma	?	\textglotstop	η	\textrtailn
ь b	\textbarb	•	\textbalflength	T.	\textrtailr
€	\textbarc	ъ	\texthardsign	ر ş	\textrtails
d	\textbard	r	\texthooktop	t.	\textrtailt
J	\textbardotlessj	6	\texthtb	с Z	\textrtailz
	\textbarg	f	\texthtbardotlessj	-	\textrthook
<del>9</del> ?	\textbarglotstop	G.	\texthtc	A	\textsca
i	\textbari	ď	\texthtd	В	\textscb
ł	\textbar1	g	\texthtg	E	\textsce
θ	\textbaro	б	\texthth	G	\textscg
2	\textbarrevglotstop	fj	\texththeng	Н	\textsch
u	\textbaru	k	\texthtk	ə	\textschwa
ų Į	\textbelt1	б	\texthtp	I	\textsci
β	\textbeta	q	\texthtq	J	\textscj
0	\textbullseye	q q	\texthtrtaild	L	\textscl
,	\textceltpal	વ G	\texthtscg	N	\textscn
	\textchi	ť	\texthtt	Œ	\textscoelig
3	\textcloseepsilon	h	\texthvlig	Ω	\textscomega
ω	\textcloseomega	5	\textinvglotstop	R	\textscr
3	\textcloserevepsilon	R	\textinvscr	α	\textscripta
z	\textcommatailz	ı	\textiota	g	\textscriptg
ا د	\textcorner	λ	\textlambda	บ	\textscriptv
ħ	\textcrb	ĭ	\textlengthmark	U	\textscu
đ	\textcrd	ţ	\textlhookt	Y	\textscy
g	\textcrg	1	\textlhtlongi	•	\textsecstress
э ħ	\textcrh	Ч	\textlhtlongy	Ь	\textsoftsign
5	\textcrinvglotstop	r	\textlonglegr	Č	\textstretchc
λ	\textcrlambda	<	\textlptr	tc	\texttctclig
$\frac{2}{2}$	\textcrtwo	m	\textltailm	ţſ	\textteshlig
ç	\textctc	n	\textltailn	θ	\texttheta
d.	\textctd	ł	\textltilde	þ	\textthorn
dz.	\textctdctzlig	ß	\textlyoghlig		\texttoneletterstem
Ţ	\textctesh	J	\textObardotlessj	ts	\texttslig
j	\textctj	ј јз	\textOlyoghlig	B	\textturna
<i>r</i> 1).	\textctn	ω	\textomega	æ	\textturncelig
t.	\textctt	г	\textopencorner	Ч	\textturnh
tc	\textcttctclig	С	\textopeno	Я	\textturnk
3	\textctyogh		\textpalhook	Ţ	\textturnlonglegr
z Z	\textctz	φ	\textphi	ш	\textturnm
ďΖ	\textdctzlig		\textpipe	щ	\textturnmrleg
£	\textdoublebaresh	i	\textprimstress	J	\textturnr
<b>‡</b>	\textdoublebarpipe	?	\textraiseglotstop	Į.	\textturnrrtail
≠	\textdoublebarslash	ι	\textraisevibyi	σ	\textturnscripta
ĺ	\textdoublepipe	γ	\textramshorns	1	\textturnt
Ϊ	\textdoublevertline	,	\textrevapostrophe	$\Lambda$	\textturnv
<b>↓</b>	\textdownstep	е	\textreve	Μ	\textturnw
ф	\textdyoghlig	3	\textrevepsilon	$\Lambda$	\textturny
dz	\textdzlig	r	\textrevglotstop	υ	\textupsilon
3	\textepsilon	3	\textrevyogh	<b>†</b>	\textupstep
	•	J	<i>,</i> 0		

 $(continued\ on\ next\ page)$ 

ſ	\textesh	$3_r$	\textrhookrevepsilon		\textvertline
$\mathbf{r}$	\textfishhookr	$\mathfrak{D}_r$	\textrhookschwa	l	\textvibyi
g	\textg	•	$\$ textrhoticity	ч	\textvibyy
γ	\textgamma	>	\textrptr	р	\textwynn
>	\textglobfall	d	textrack	3	\textyogh
7	\textglobrise	l	\textrtaill		

tipa defines shortcut characters for many of the above. It also defines a command \tone for denoting tone letters (pitches). See the tipa documentation for more information.

Table 11: tipx Phonetic Symbols

æ	\textaolig	ţ	$\texthtbardotlessjvar$	L.	\textrthooklong
3	\textbenttailyogh	m	\textinvomega	Æ	\textscaolig
γ	\textbktailgamma	A	\textinvsca	$\Delta$	\textscdelta
5	\textctinvglotstop	α	\textinvscripta	$\mathbf{F}$	\textscf
j	\textctjvar	ŀ	\textlfishhookrlig	K	\textsck
Ĺ	\textctstretchc	4	\textlhookfour	M	\textscm
C	\textctstretchcvar	р	\textlhookp	P	\textscp
3	\textctturnt	1	\textlhti	Q	\textscq
ф	\textdblig	1.	\textlooptoprevesh	←	\textspleftarrow
#	\textdoublebarpipevar	ŋ	\textnrleg	C	\textstretchcvar
	\textdoublepipevar	$\odot$	\textObullseye	$\leftrightarrow$	\textsubdoublearrow
$\downarrow$	\textdownfullarrow	J	$\$ textpalhooklong	$\rightarrow$	$\$ textsubrightarrow
Ф	\textfemale	J	text	þ	\textthornvari
$\mathbf{n}$	\textfrbarn		\textpipevar	þ	\textthornvarii
d	\textfrhookd	ф	\textqplig	þ	\textthornvariii
$^{\mathrm{d}}$	\textfrhookdvar	0	\textrectangle	þ	$\$ textthornvariv
$^{\mathrm{t}}$	\textfrhookt	H	$\$ textretractingvar	S	$\texturnglotstop$
γ	$\text{\textfrtailgamma}$	L	\textrevscl	К	\textturnsck
?	f textglotstopvari	$\mathbf{R}$	\textrevscr	Ω	\textturnscu
?	$\$ textglotstopvarii	$\mathbf{a}_{\!\scriptscriptstyleL}$	\textrhooka	8	\textturnthree
5	\textglotstopvariii	ę.	\textrhooke	7	\textturntwo
γ	\textgrgamma	$\epsilon_{\!\scriptscriptstyle L}$	\textrhookepsilon	φ	\textuncrfemale
h	\textheng	5	\textrhookopeno	1	$\texttt{ar{textupfullarrow}}$
h	\texthmlig	ի	$\text{\textrtailhth}$		

Table 12: wsuipa Phonetic Symbols

R	\babygamma	ŋ	\eng	ŋ	\labdentalnas	ə	\schwa
b	\barb	$\mathfrak{D}_{r}$	\er	ł	\latfric	I	\sci
$\mathbf{d}$	\bard	ſ	\esh	щ	\legm	N	\scn
i	\bari	ð	\eth	r	\legr	R	\scr
1	\barl	r	\flapr	Ъ	\lz	$\mathfrak{a}$	\scripta
Θ	\baro	3	\glotstop	α	\nialpha	g	\scriptg
Ð	\barp	6	\hookb	β	\nibeta	υ	\scriptv
Ŧ	\barsci	ď	\hookd	χ	\nichi	U	\scu
U	\barscu	g	\hookg	3	\niepsilon	Y	\scy
$\mathbf{u}$	\baru	ĥ	\hookh	γ	\nigamma	Þ	\slashb
$\odot$	\clickb	fj	\hookheng	ι	\niiota	Ø	\slashc
C	\clickc	$3^{\iota}$	\hookrevepsilon	λ	\nilambda	øl	\slashd
1	\clickt	h	\hv	ω	\niomega	уĭ	\slashu
$\overline{\omega}$	\closedniomega	я	\inva	φ	\niphi	d,	\taild
З	\closedrevepsilon	J	\invf	σ	\nisigma	Į	\tailinvr
ħ	\crossb	5	$\invglotstop$	θ	\nitheta	l	\taill
đ	\crossd	Ч	\invh	Ω	$\ning$	η	\tailn
ħ	\crossh	1	\invlegr	n	\nj	τ	\tailr
χ	\crossnilambda	w	\invm	$\infty$	\00	ş	\tails
¢	\curlyc	I	\invr	Э	\openo	t	\tailt
$\mathcal{I}$	\curlyesh	R	\invscr	е	\reve	$\mathbf{Z}_{\!L}$	\tailz
3	\curlyyogh	$\alpha$	\invscripta	ና	\reveject	ťſ	\tesh
<b>Z</b>	\curlyz	Λ	\invv	3	\revepsilon	þ	\thorn
ł	\dlbari	Μ	\invw	ſ	\revglotstop	ł	\tildel
dз	\dz	$\Lambda$	\invy	D	\scd	3	\yogh
5	\ejective	X	\ipagamma	$\mathbf{G}$	\scg		

# Table 13: wasysym Phonetic Symbols

# Table 14: phonetic Phonetic Symbols

J	\barj	ſ	\flap	i	\ibar	α	\rotvara	ι	\vari
λ	\barlambda	?	$\globel{fig:sigma}$	С	\openo	Μ	\rotw	ω	\varomega
ŋ	\emgma	В	\hausaB	ħ	$\planck$	$\Lambda$	\roty	Э	\varopeno
ŋ	\engma	6	\hausab	Λ	\pwedge	Э	\schwa	V	\vod
n	\enya	$\mathbf{d}$	\hausad	D	\revD	þ	\thorn	ĥ	\voicedh
ε	\epsi	$\mathbb{D}$	\hausaD	า	\riota	u	\ubar	3	\yogh
ſ	\esh	ƙ	\hausak	ш	\rotm	ų	\udesc		
ð	\eth	К	\hausaK	υ	\rotOmega	α	\vara		
fj	\fj	$\mathbf{d}$	\hookd	J	\rotr	g	\varg		

Table 15: t4phonet Phonetic Symbols

đ	\textcrd	$\mathbf{d}$	\texthtd		\textpipe
ħ	\textcrh	ƙ	\texthtk	d,	$\text{\textrtaild}$
3	\textepsilon	$\mathbf{p}$	\texthtp	t	\textrtailt
ſ	\textesh	$\mathbf{f}$	\texthtt	ď	\textschwa
fj	\textfjlig	ι	\textiota	ſ	\textscriptv
6	\texthtb	n	\textltailn	ţſ	\textteshlig
ć	\texthtc	С	\textopeno	3	\textyogh

The idea behind the t4phonet package's phonetic symbols is to provide an interface to some of the characters in the T4 font encoding (Table 6 on page 10) but using the same names as the tipa characters presented in Table 10 on page 11.

Table 16: semtrans Transliteration Symbols

Table 17: Text-mode Accents

Ää	\"{A}\"{a}	Àà	\'{A}\'{a}	Ąạ	$\d{A}\d{a}$	Åå	$r{A}\r{a}$
Áá	\'{A}\'{a}	$\dot{A}\dot{a}$	$\ \{A\}\ \{a\}^{\ddagger}$	Ää	$G{A}\G{a}^{\dagger}$	$\widehat{\mathrm{Aa}}$	$t{A}\t{a}$
Àà	$\.{A}\.{a}$	$ ilde{\mathrm{A}} ilde{\mathrm{a}}$	\~{A}\~{a}	Åå	$\h{A}\h{a}^\S$	$reve{A}reve{a}$	$\u{A}\u{a}$
$\bar{A}\bar{a}$	$={A}\={a}$	$\underline{\mathbf{A}}\underline{\mathbf{a}}$	$\b{A}\b{a}$	Ãã	$\H{A}\H{a}$	Ää	$\U{A}\U{a}^{\ddagger}$
$\hat{A}\hat{a}$	\^{A}\^{a}	Ąą	$c{A}\c{a}$	Ąą	$\k{A}\k{a}^\dagger$	Ăă	$\v{A}\v{a}$

<sup>\*</sup> Requires the textcomp package.

\newtie{A}\newtie{a}\*

\textcircled{A}\textcircled{a}

Also note the existence of \i and \j, which produce dotless versions of "i" and "j" (viz., "i" and "j"). These are useful when the accent is supposed to replace the dot in encodings that need to composite (i.e., combine) letters and accents. For example, "na\"{\i}ve" always produces a correct "naïve", while "na\"{i}ve" yields the rather odd-looking "naïve" when using the OT1 font encoding and older versions of LATEX. Font encodings other than OT1 and newer versions of LATEX properly typeset "na\"{i}ve" as "naïve".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Not available in the OT1 font encoding. Use the fontenc package to select an alternate font encoding, such as T1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Requires the T4 font encoding, provided by the fc package.

<sup>§</sup> Requires the T5 font encoding, provided by the vntex package.

Table 18: tipa Text-mode Accents

Áá  $\verb|\textacutemacron{A}\textacutemacron{a}|$ Áắ \textacutewedge{A}\textacutewedge{a} \textadvancing{A}\textadvancing{a} Aa \textbottomtiebar{A}\textbottomtiebar{a} Aa Āă \textbrevemacron{A}\textbrevemacron{a} Ãã \textcircumacute{A}\textcircumacute{a} Ââ \textcircumdot{A}\textcircumdot{a} Ää \textdotacute{A}\textdotacute{a} Ăå \textdotbreve{A}\textdotbreve{a} Ää \textdoublegrave{A}\textdoublegrave{a} Ää \textdoublevbaraccent{A}\textdoublevbaraccent{a} Ãã \textgravecircum{A}\textgravecircum{a} Ää \textgravedot{A}\textgravedot{a} Àà \textgravemacron{A}\textgravemacron{a} Ăà \textgravemid{A}\textgravemid{a} \textinvsubbridge{A}\textinvsubbridge{a} Aa \textlowering{A}\textlowering{a} Дą Ăá \textmidacute{A}\textmidacute{a} Ăă \textovercross{A}\textovercross{a} Ãă \textoverw{A}\textoverw{a} \textpolhook{A}\textpolhook{a} Ąą Aa \textraising{A}\textraising{a} \textretracting{A}\textretracting{a} Aa Āå \textringmacron{A}\textringmacron{a} Ââ \textroundcap{A}\textroundcap{a} Aa \textseagull{A}\textseagull{a} \textsubacute{A}\textsubacute{a} Aa \textsubarch{A}\textsubarch{a} Aa \textsubbar{A}\textsubbar{a} Aa \textsubbridge{A}\textsubbridge{a} Ąa Ąа \textsubcircum{A}\textsubcircum{a} \textsubdot{A}\textsubdot{a} Aa \textsubgrave{A}\textsubgrave{a} Ąа \textsublhalfring{A}\textsublhalfring{a} Ąа Ąа \textsubplus{A}\textsubplus{a} \textsubrhalfring{A}\textsubrhalfring{a} Aa \textsubring{A}\textsubring{a} Aa \textsubsquare{A}\textsubsquare{a} Ąa \textsubtilde{A}\textsubtilde{a} Aa\textsubumlaut{A}\textsubumlaut{a} Aa

(continued on next page)

- Aa Aa
- $\hat{A}$  \textsubwedge{A}\textsubwedge{a}
- $A a \quad \texttt{\textsuperimposetilde{a}} \\ \texttt{\textsuperimposetilde{a}}$
- Aa \textsyllabic{A}\textsyllabic{a}
- $\tilde{A}\tilde{a}$  \texttildedot{A}\texttildedot{a}
- $\widehat{Aa}$  \texttoptiebar{A}\texttoptiebar{a}
- Aa \textvbaraccent{A}\textvbaraccent{a}

tipa defines shortcut sequences for many of the above. See the tipa documentation for more information.

Table 19: extraipa Text-mode Accents

- $\tilde{A}\dot{a}$  \dottedtilde{A}\dottedtilde{a} \quad \text{Aa} \spreadlips{A}\spreadlips{a}
- ${A}$  \doubletilde{A}\doubletilde{a} \quad \qu
- $A_a$  \finpartvoice{A}\finpartvoice{a}  $A_a$  \subdoublebar{A}\subdoublebar{a}
- Aa \finpartvoiceless{A}\finpartvoiceless{a} \ Aa \subdoublevert{A}\subdoublevert{a}
- Aa \inipartvoice{A}\inipartvoice{a} Aa \sublptr{A}\sublptr{a}
- $A_a$  \inipartvoiceless{A}\inipartvoiceless{a}  $A_a$  \subrptr{A}\subrptr{a}
- $A\ddot{a}$  \overbridge{A}\overbridge{a} \quad Aa \whistle{A}\whistle{a}
- Aa \partvoice{A}\partvoice{a}

Table 20: wsuipa Text-mode Accents

- Aa \dental{A}\dental{a}
- Aa \underarch{A}\underarch{a}

Table 21: phonetic Text-mode Accents

- $A_{a}$  \hill{A}\hill{a}  $A_{a}$  \rc{A}\rc{a}  $A_{a}$  \ut{A}\ut{a}
- $A_a$  \od{A}\od{a}  $A_a$  \syl{A}\syl{a}
- $\hat{A}\hat{a}$  \ohill{A}\ohill{a}  $\hat{A}\hat{a}$  \td{A}\td{a}

The phonetic package provides a few additional macros for linguistic accents. \acbar and \acarc compose characters with multiple accents; for example, \acbar{\'}{a} produces "ā" and \acarc{\"}{e} produces "ë". \labvel joins two characters with an arc: \labvel{mn}  $\rightarrow$  "mm". \upbar is intended to go between characters as in "x\upbar{}y''  $\rightarrow$  "x\upbar". Lastly, \uplett behaves like \textsuperscript but uses a smaller font. Contrast "p\uplett{h}''  $\rightarrow$  "p\upbar" with "p\textsuperscript{h}''  $\rightarrow$  "p\uppar".

Table 22: metre Text-mode Accents

- Áá \acutus{A}\acutus{a}
- Ăă \breve{A}\breve{a}
- $\tilde{A}\tilde{a}$  \circumflexus{A}\circumflexus{a}
- $\ddot{A}\ddot{a}$  \diaeresis{A}\diaeresis{a}
- Àà \gravis{A}\gravis{a}
- $\bar{A}\bar{a} \ \mbox{macron{a}\mbox{}\m$

Table 23: t4phonet Text-mode Accents

- $\ddot{A}\ddot{a}$  \textdoublegrave{A}\textdoublegrave{a}
- Aa \textvbaraccent{A}\textvbaraccent{a}
- Ää \textdoublevbaraccent{A}\textdoublevbaraccent{a}

The idea behind the t4phonet package's text-mode accents is to provide an interface to some of the accents in the T4 font encoding (accents marked with "‡" in Table 17 on page 14) but using the same names as the tipa accents presented in Table 18 on page 15.

#### Table 24: arcs Text-mode Accents

 $\widehat{A}\widehat{a}$  \overarc{A}\overarc{a}  $\widehat{A}\widehat{a}$  \underarc{A}\underarc{a}

The accents shown above scale only to a few characters wide. An optional macro argument alters the effective width of the accented characters. See the arcs documentation for more information.

Table 25: semtrans Accents

 $Aa \D{A}\D{a} Aa \U{A}\U{a}$ 

 $\forall e \ \T{A}\T{a}^*$ 

\T is not actually an accent but a command that rotates its argument 180° using the graphicx package's \rotatebox command.

Table 26: ogonek Accents

 $A_{a} \ \k{A}\k{a}$ 

Table 27: combelow Accents

 $Aa \cb{A}\cb{a}$ 

\cb places a comma *above* letters with descenders. Hence, while "\cb{s}" produces "\si", "\cb{g}" produces "\si".

ť	\ain	<	\leftp	۰	\overring	T	\stress	Ų	\underwedge
٦	\corner	-	\leftt	c	$\polishhook$	1	\syllabic	^	\upp
<b>v</b>	\downp	I	\length	>	\rightp		\underdots	_	\upt
т	\downt	~	\midtilde	⊢	\rightt	0	\underring		
•	\halflength		\open	1	\secstress	~	\undertilde		

The wsuipa package defines all of the above as ordinary characters, not as accents. However, it does provide \diatop and \diaunder commands, which are used to compose diacritics with other characters. For example, \diatop[\overring|a] produces "a". See the wsuipa documentation for more information.

#### Table 29: textcomp Diacritics

"	\textacutedbl	~	\textasciicaron	_	\textasciimacron
,	\textasciiacute		\textasciidieresis	**	\textgravedbl
$\cup$	\textasciibreve	`	\textasciigrave		

The textcomp package defines all of the above as ordinary characters, not as accents.

#### Table 30: textcomp Currency Symbols

₿	\textbaht	\$	$\text{\textdollar}^*$	G	\textguarani	₩	\textwon
¢	\textcent	\$	$\text{\textdollaroldstyle}$	£	\textlira	¥	\textyen
¢	\textcentoldstyle	₫	\textdong	$\mathbb{N}$	\textnaira		
$\mathbb{C}$	\textcolonmonetary	€	\texteuro	₽	\textpeso		
¤	\textcurrency	f	\textflorin	£	$\texttt{ar{t}extsterling}^*$		

<sup>\*</sup> It's generally preferable to use the corresponding symbol from Table 3 on page 9 because the symbols in that table work properly in both text mode and math mode.

#### Table 31: marvosym Currency Symbols

\Denarius	€	\EUR	\EURdig	\EURtm	\Pfund
\Ecommerce		\EURcr	\EURhv	\EyesDollar	\Shilling

The different euro signs are meant to be visually compatible with different fonts—Courier (\EURcr), Helvetica (\EURhv), Times Roman (\EURtm), and the marvosym digits listed in Table 197 (\EURdig). The mathdesign package redefines \texturo to be visually compatible with one of three additional fonts: Utopia ( $\in$ ), Charter ( $\in$ ), or Garamond ( $\in$ ).

Table 32: wasysym Currency Symbols

c \cent \( \Currency \)

# Table 33: GiA2e Currency Symbols € \Euro \Pound Table 34: teubner Currency Symbols \denarius С \hemiobelion > \tetartemorion \dracma \stater Table 35: eurosym Euro Signs \geneuronarrow € \geneurowide € \officialeuro € \euro is automatically mapped to one of the above—by default, \officialeuro based on a eurosym package option. See the eurosym documentation for more information. The \geneuro... characters are generated from the current body font's "C" character and therefore may not appear exactly as shown. Table 36: fourier Euro Signs € \eurologo € \texteuro Table 37: textcomp Legal Symbols \textcircledP \textcopyright \textservicemark $_{\mathrm{TM}}$ \textcopyleft \textregistered $(\mathbf{R})$ \texttrademark Where two symbols are present, the left one is the "faked" symbol that LATEX $2\varepsilon$ provides by default, and the right one is the "true" symbol that textcomp makes available. See http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=tradesyms for solutions to common problems that occur when using these symbols (e.g., getting a "(r)" when you expected to get a "R"). Table 38: cclicenses Creative Commons License Icons (CC) \cc (BY:) \ccby (3) \ccnc\* (=) \ccnd (3) \ccsa\*

\* These symbols utilize the rotating package and therefore display improperly in some DVI viewers.

Table 39: textcomp Old-style Numerals

O	\textzerooldstyle	4	\textfouroldstyle	8	\texteightoldstyle
1	\textoneoldstyle	5	$\texttt{ar{t}extfiveoldstyle}$	9	\textnineoldstyle
2	$\texttt{ar{t}exttwooldstyle}$	6	\textsixoldstyle		
3	\textthreeoldstvle	7	\textsevenoldstvle		

Rather than use the bulky textoneoldstyle, texttwooldstyle, etc. commands shown above, consider using  $\text{oldstylenums}\{\ldots\}$  to typeset an old-style number.

Table 40: Miscellaneous textcomp Symbols

*  -  -  -  -	<pre>\textasteriskcentered \textbardbl \textbigcircle \textblank \textbrokenbar \textbullet \textdagger* \textdaggerdbl*</pre>	a o	a o ¶ % % %	<pre>\textordfeminine \textordmasculine \textparagraph* \textperiodcentered \textpertenthousand \textperthousand \textperthou</pre>
‡	$\textdaggerdbl^*$		i	\textquotesingle
=	\textdblhyphen		,	$ ag{textquotestraightbase}$
=	$\$ textdblhyphenchar		"	$\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$
%	\textdiscount		R	\textrecipe
е	\textestimated		*	\textreferencemark
?	\textinterrobang		§	$\textsection^*$
į.	\textinterrobangdown		_	$\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$ $\$
<b>₽</b> /	\textmusicalnote		~	\texttildelow
$N_{\overline{0}}$	\textnumero		_	\texttwelveudash
0	\textopenbullet			

Where two symbols are present, the left one is the "faked" symbol that LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  provides by default, and the right one is the "true" symbol that textcomp makes available.

Table 41: Miscellaneous wasysym Text-mode Symbols

<sup>\*</sup> It's generally preferable to use the corresponding symbol from Table 3 on page 9 because the symbols in that table work properly in both text mode and math mode.

# 3 Mathematical symbols

Most, but not all, of the symbols in this section are math-mode only. That is, they yield a "Missing \$ inserted" error message if not used within \$...\$, \[...\], or another math-mode environment. Operators marked as "variable-sized" are taller in displayed formulas, shorter in in-text formulas, and possibly shorter still when used in various levels of superscripts or subscripts.

Alphanumeric symbols (e.g., " $\mathcal{L}$ " and " $\mathbb{Z}$ ") are usually produced using one of the math alphabets in Table 213 rather than with an explicit symbol command. Look there first if you need a symbol for a transform, number set, or some other alphanumeric.

Although there have been many requests on comp.text.tex for a contradiction symbol, the ensuing discussion invariably reveals innumerable ways to represent contradiction in a proof, including "\rangle" (\blitza), "\Rightarrow\Leftarrow), "\Leftarrow\Leftarrow), "\Leftarrow" (\blot), "\Leftarrow" (\nleftrightarrow), and "\mathbb{\mathbb{x}}" (\textreferencemark). Because of the lack of notational consensus, it is probably better to spell out "Contradiction!" than to use a symbol for this purpose. Similarly, discussions on comp.text.tex have revealed that there are a variety of ways to indicate the mathematical notion of "is defined as". Common candidates include "\Leftarrow" (\text{\tiny def}}, "\Leftarrow" (\text{\tiny def}}, "\Leftarrow" (\text{\tiny def}}, \Leftarrow \text{\tiny def}}, \Leftarrow \text

Table 42: Math-Mode Versions of Text Symbols

\$ \mathdollar	$\P$	\mathparagraph	£	\mathsterling
 \mathellipsis	§	\mathsection	_	\mathunderscore

It's generally preferable to use the corresponding symbol from Table 3 on page 9 because the symbols in that table work properly in both text mode and math mode.

Table 43: cmll Unary Operators

<sup>\* \</sup>oc and \wn differ from "!" and "?" in terms of their math-mode spacing: A=!B produces "A=!B", for example, while  $A=\c$  B\$ produces "A=!B".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In txfonts, pxfonts, and mathtools the symbol is called \coloneqq. In mathabx and MnSymbol it's called \coloneq. In colonequals it's called \colonequals.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Bob Tennent listed these and other disjoint-union symbol possibilities in a November 2007 post to comp.text.tex.

Table	44:	Binary	Operators
-------	-----	--------	-----------

П	\amalg	$\cup$	\cup	$\oplus$	\oplus	×	\times
*	\ast	†	\dagger	$\oslash$	\oslash	◁	$\triangleleft$
$\bigcirc$	\bigcirc	‡	\ddagger	$\otimes$	\otimes	$\triangleright$	$\triangleright$
$\nabla$	\bigtriangledown	$\Diamond$	$\diamond$	$\pm$	\pm	$\leq$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
$\triangle$	\bigtriangleup	÷	\div	$\triangleright$	$\rhd^*$	$\trianglerighteq$	$\unrhd^*$
•	\bullet	$\triangleleft$	$\label{lhd}^*$	\	\setminus	$\forall$	\uplus
$\cap$	\cap	$\mp$	\mp	П	\sqcap	$\vee$	\vee
	\cdot	$\odot$	\odot	$\sqcup$	\sqcup	$\wedge$	\wedge
0	\circ	$\ominus$	\ominus	*	\star	}	\wr

<sup>\*</sup> Not predefined in LATEX  $2\varepsilon$ . Use one of the packages latexsym, amsfonts, amssymb, txfonts, pxfonts, or wasysym.

# 

$\overline{\wedge}$	\barwedge	0	\circledcirc	Т	$\$ intercal*
$\overline{}$	\boxdot	$\ominus$	\circleddash	$\geq$	\leftthreetimes
$\Box$	\boxminus	U	\Cup	$\bowtie$	\ltimes
$\blacksquare$	\boxplus	Υ	\curlyvee	/	\rightthreetimes
$\boxtimes$	\boxtimes	人	\curlywedge	$\rtimes$	\rtimes
$\bigcap$	\Cap	*	\divideontimes	\	\smallsetminus
	\centerdot	$\dot{+}$	\dotplus	$\underline{\vee}$	\veebar
*	\circledast	_	\doublebarwedge		

<sup>\*</sup> Some people use a superscripted \intercal for matrix transpose: "A^\intercal"  $\mapsto$  "A\text{"}". (See the May 2009 comp.text.tex thread, "raising math symbols", for suggestions about altering the height of the superscript.) \top (Table 139 on page 51), T, and \mathsf{T} are other popular choices: "A\text{"}", "A\text{"}", "A\text{"}".

# Table 46: stmaryrd Binary Operators

Φ	\baro		\interleave	*	\varoast
\\	\bbslash	$\triangleleft$	\leftslice	$\oplus$	\varobar
&	\binampersand	M	\merge	$\Diamond$	\varobslash
8	\bindnasrepma	$\leftrightarrow$	\minuso	0	\varocircle
*	\boxast	$\pm$	\moo	$\odot$	\varodot
Ш	\boxbar	$\oplus$	\nplus	$\bigcirc$	\varogreaterthan
	\boxbox	$\oplus$	\obar	$\otimes$	$\varolessthan$
	\boxbslash		\oblong	$\ominus$	\varominus
0	\boxcircle	$\bigcirc$	\obslash	$\oplus$	\varoplus
$\cdot$	\boxdot	$\bigcirc$	\ogreaterthan	$\oslash$	\varoslash
	\boxempty	$\otimes$	$\olimits$ olessthan	$\otimes$	\varotimes
	\boxslash	$\bigcirc$	\ovee	$\bigcirc$	\varovee
Y	\curlyveedownarrow	$\bigcirc$	\owedge	$\Diamond$	\varowedge
$\nabla$	\curlyveeuparrow	$\Diamond$	\rightslice	Χ	\vartimes
$\bigvee$	\curlywedgedownarrow	//	\sslash	Y	\Ydown
Ţ	\curlywedgeuparrow		$\$ talloblong	$\prec$	\Yleft
	\fatbslash		\varbigcirc	$\succ$	\Yright
9 9	\fatsemi	Υ	\varcurlyvee	$\downarrow$	\Yup
	\fatslash	人	\varcurlywedge		

#### Table 47: wasysym Binary Operators

- - Table 48: txfonts/pxfonts Binary Operators

#### Table 49: mathabx Binary Operators

*	\ast	人	\curlywedge	П	\sqcap
*	\Asterisk	-	\divdot	Ш	\sqcup
$\overline{\wedge}$	\barwedge	*	\divideontimes	П	\sqdoublecap
*	\bigstar	·	\dotdiv	Ш	\sqdoublecup
*	\bigvarstar	÷	\dotplus		\square
•	\blackdiamond	×	\dottimes	ш	\squplus
$\cap$	\cap	$\overline{\wedge}$	\doublebarwedge	•	\udot
÷	\circplus	$\bigcap$	\doublecap	$\oplus$	\uplus
*	\coasterisk	$\bigcup$	\doublecup	*	\varstar
*	\coAsterisk	$\ltimes$	\ltimes	V	\vee
*	\convolution	+	\pluscirc	$\vee$	\veebar
$\cup$	\cup	$\rtimes$	\rtimes	$\underline{\vee}$	\veedoublebar
$\vee$	\curlyvee	•	\sqbullet	^	\wedge

Many of the above glyphs go by multiple names. \centerdot is equivalent to \sqbullet, and \ast is equivalent to \*. \asterisk produces the same glyph as \ast, but as an ordinary symbol, not a binary operator. Similarly, \bigast produces a large-operator version of the \Asterisk binary operator, and \bigcoast produces a large-operator version of the \coAsterisk binary operator.

Table 50: MnSymbol Binary Operators

Ц	$\aggreen$ amalg	Ш	\doublesqcup	: ·	\righttherefore
*	\ast	W	\doublevee	~	\rightthreetimes
×	\backslashdiv	M	\doublewedge	>-	\rightY
M	\bowtie	•:	\downtherefore	×	\rtimes
•	\bullet	Y	\downY	%	\slashdiv
$\cap$	\cap	×	\dtimes	П	\smallprod
$\cap$	\capdot	·÷·	\fivedots	П	\sqcap
$\oplus$	\capplus	$\infty$	\hbipropto	П	\sqcapdot
•	\cdot	••	\hdotdot	( <del>+</del> )	\sqcapplus
0	\circ	Γ	\lefthalfcap	Ш	\sqcup

(continued on next page)

\closedcurlyvee \lefthalfcup ⊔ \sqcupdot \closedcurlywedge \sqcupplus • : \lefttherefore \leftthreetimes :: \squaredots \cupdot \times U \leftY \cupplus \ltimes \udotdot \curlyvee \medbackslash ∴ \uptherefore \curlyveedot ○ \medcircle ↓ \upY \curlywedge \medslash x \utimes \curlywedgedot \medvert \vbipropto \medvertdot \ddotdot \vdotdot \diamonddots \minus \vee \div \minusdot v \veedot x \vertbowtie \dotmedvert \mp \dotminus  $\theta$  \neswbipropto → \vertdiv % \nwsebipropto ∧ \wedge IUI \doublecup \plus ∧ \wedgedot W \doublecurlyvee \pm \wreath \doublecurlywedge \righthalfcap \doublesqcap \righthalfcup

MnSymbol defines \setminus and \smallsetminus as synonyms for \medbackslash; \Join as a synonym for \bowtie; \wr as a synonym for \wreath; \Shortmid as a synonym for \medvert; \Cap as a synonym for \doublecap; \Cup as a synonym for \doublecup; and, \uplus as a synonym for \cupplus.

TABLE 51: mathdesign Binary Operators

X \dtimes X \utimes X \utimes

The mathdesign package additionally provides versions of each of the binary operators shown in Table 45 on page 22.

Table 52: cmll Binary Operators

 $^{2}$  \parr & \with\*

TABLE 53: shuffle Binary Operators

U \cshuffle \cup \shuffle

Table 54: ulsy Geometric Binary Operators

⊕ \odplus

<sup>\* \</sup>with differs from "&" in terms of its math-mode spacing: \$A \& B\$ produces "A&B", for example, while \$A \with B\$ produces "A&B".

Table 55: mathabx Geometric Binary Operators

up
_
ngledown
ngleleft
ngleright
ngleup

Table 56: MnSymbol Geometric Binary Operators

	\boxbackslash	$\blacksquare$	\filledmedtriangledown	0	\ocirc
0	\boxbox	◀	\filledmedtriangleleft	$\odot$	\odot
•	\boxdot	•	\filledmedtriangleright	$\ominus$	\ominus
$\Box$	\boxminus	$\blacktriangle$	\filledmedtriangleup	$\oplus$	\oplus
$\oplus$	\boxplus	•	\filledsquare	$\oslash$	\oslash
	\boxslash	*	\filledstar	⊛	\ostar
$\boxtimes$	\boxtimes	•	\filledtriangledown	$\otimes$	\otimes
	\boxvert	•	$\filled triangle left$		\otriangle
$\Diamond$	$\diamondbackslash$	•	$\filled triangle right$	Φ	\overt
<b>\bigsim</b>	\diamonddiamond	•	$\filledtriangleup$	≉	\pentagram
$\Diamond$	\diamonddot	$\Diamond$	\meddiamond	$\Diamond$	$\sl malldiamond$
$\Diamond$	\diamondminus		\medsquare		\smallsquare
$\oplus$	\diamondplus	☆	\medstar	\$	\smallstar
$\Diamond$	\diamondslash	$\nabla$	\medtriangledown	$\nabla$	\smalltriangledown
$\Leftrightarrow$	\diamondtimes	$\triangleleft$	$\mbox{\tt medtriangleleft}$	◁	$\sl malltriangleleft$
$\Diamond$	\diamondvert	$\triangleright$	$\mbox{f medtriangleright}$	$\triangleright$	\smalltriangleright
$\nabla$	\downslice	$\triangle$	$\mbox{\ensuremath{\texttt{medtriangleup}}}$	Δ	\smalltriangleup
•	\filleddiamond	⊗	\oast	*	\thinstar
	\filledmedsquare	$\Diamond$	\obackslash	Δ	\upslice

MnSymbol defines \blacksquare as a synonym for \filledmedsquare; \square and \Box as synonyms for \medsquare; \diamond as a synonym for \smalldiamond; \Diamond as a synonym for \meddiamond; \star as a synonym for \thinstar; \circledast as a synonym for \osince; and, \circleddash as a synonym for \ominus.

Table 57: Variable-sized Math Operators

$\cap \bigcap$	\bigcap	$\otimes \otimes$	\bigotimes	$\wedge \wedge$	\bigwedge	$\prod$	\prod
$\cup \bigcup$	\bigcup	$\sqcup \sqcup$	\bigsqcup	$\coprod\coprod$	\coprod	$\sum \sum$	\sum
$\odot$	\bigodot	₩ ₩	\biguplus	$\int \int$	\int		
$\oplus \bigoplus$	\bigoplus	$\vee$ $\vee$	\bigvee	∮∮	\oint		

Table 58: AMS Variable-sized Math Operators

$$\iiint \iiint \quad \forall iint \quad \iiint \iiint \quad \forall iiint$$
 
$$\iiint \iiint \iiint \quad \forall iiiint \quad \cdots \int \cdots \int \quad \forall idotsint$$

Table 59: stmaryrd Variable-sized Math Operators

Table 60: wasysym Variable-sized Math Operators

None of the preceding symbols are defined when wasysym is passed the nointegrals option.

 ${\it Table 61: mathabx\ Variable-sized\ Math\ Operators}$ 

$\forall \forall$	\bigcurlyvee		\bigboxslash	$\oplus \oplus$	\bigoright
ПП	\bigsqcap	$\times$	\bigboxtimes	$\oslash \oslash$	\bigoslash
人人	\bigcurlywedge		\bigboxtop	$\oplus \oplus$	\bigotop
* *	\bigboxasterisk		\bigboxtriangleup		\bigotriangleup

(continued on next page)

<sup>\*</sup> Not defined when wasysym is passed the integrals option.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Defined only when wasysym is passed the integrals option. Otherwise, the default LATEX \int glyph (as shown in Table 57) is used.

\bigboxbackslash \bigboxvoid \bigovoid C C  $\Box$ \bigcomplementop **\bigboxbot** \bigplus <u>H</u> |+| 0 0 \bigboxcirc \* \* \bigoasterisk \bigsquplus  $\times \times$ \* \*  $\bigcirc\bigcirc$ \bigobackslash \bigboxcoasterisk \bigtimes  $\iiint$  $\div$ \bigboxdiv  $\oplus \oplus$ \bigobot \iiint •  $\bigcirc$  $\int$ \bigboxdot \bigocirc  $\Box \Box$ (※) (※) \bigocoasterisk  $\$ int \bigboxleft  $\odot$ \bigodiv \oiint \bigboxminus  $\pm$ \bigboxplus  $\oplus \oplus$ \bigoleft \oint \bigboxright  $\ominus \ominus$ \bigominus

Table 62: txfonts/pxfonts Variable-sized Math Operators

Table 63: esint Variable-sized Math Operators

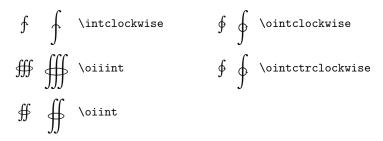
∫∫	\dotsint	<b>∮</b>	\ointclockwise
f f	\fint	<b>∮</b>	\ointctrclockwise
∭ ∭	\iiiint	# ∯	\sqiint
∭ ∭	\iiint	<b># #</b>	\sqint
∬ ∭	\iint	∯ ∯	\varoiint
$f \int$	\landdownint	<b>∲</b>	\varointclockwise
f f	\landupint	∮ ∮	\varointctrclockwise
# ∯	\oiint		

Table 64: MnSymbol Variable-sized Math Operators

$\cap$	$\cap$	\bigcap	$\ominus$	$\ominus$	\bigominus	С	С	\complement
$\cap$	$\cap$	\bigcapdot	$\oplus$	$\oplus$	\bigoplus	Ц	Ц	\coprod
<del>[1</del> ]	(+)	\bigcapplus	$\oslash$	$\oslash$	\bigoslash	ſ…ſ	$\int \cdots \int$	\idotsint
0	$\circ$	\bigcircle	$\otimes$	$\otimes$	\bigostar	$\iiint$	$\iiint$	\iiiint
U	$\bigcup$	\bigcup	$\otimes$	$\otimes$	\bigotimes	$\iiint$	$\iiint$	\iiint
$\cup$	$\cup$	\bigcupdot	ຝ	△	\bigotriangle	$\iint$	$\iint$	\iint
+	+	\bigcupplus*	Φ	$\bigcirc$	\bigovert	ſ	$\int$	\int
Υ	Υ	\bigcurlyvee	+	+	\bigplus	f	f	\landdownint
γ	Υ	\bigcurlyveedot	П	П	\bigsqcap	f	$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}}$	\landupint
Х	人	\bigcurlywedge	П	lacksquare	\bigsqcapdot	∮	∮	\lcircleleftint
Υ	$\forall$	\bigcurlywedgedot	+	+	\bigsqcapplus	∲	∲	\lcirclerightint
¥	$\forall$	\bigdoublecurlyvee	Ц	Ц	\bigsqcup	∯	$\iint$	\oiint
从	$\mathbb{A}$	\bigdoublecurlywedge	Ŀ	Ŀ	\bigsqcupdot	∮	∮	\oint
W	$\bigvee$	\bigdoublevee	+	+	\bigsqcupplus	П	Π	\prod
$\wedge$	$\bigwedge$	\bigdoublewedge	X	×	\bigtimes	∮	∮	\rcircleleftint
$\otimes$	$\otimes$	\bigoast	V	$\vee$	\bigvee	∳	∮	\rcirclerightint
$\Diamond$	$\bigcirc$	\bigobackslash	٧	$\forall$	\bigveedot	f	f	\strokedint
0	0	\bigocirc	$\wedge$	$\land$	\bigwedge	Σ	$\sum$	\sum
$\odot$	$\odot$	\bigodot	Α	$\wedge$	\bigwedgedot	<b>≸</b>	<i>\$</i>	\sumint

<sup>\*</sup> MnSymbol defines \biguplus as a synonym for \bigcupplus.

Table 65: mathdesign Variable-sized Math Operators



The mathdesign package provides three versions of each integral—in fact, of every symbol—to accompany different text fonts: Utopia  $(\int)$ , Garamond  $(\int)$ , and Charter  $(\int)$ .

Table 66: cmll Large Math Operators

% \bigparr & \bigwith

Table 67: Binary Relations

$\approx$	$\approx$	$\equiv$	\equiv	$\perp$	\perp	$\overline{}$	\smile
$\simeq$	$\agnumber \agnumber \agn$	$\overline{}$	\frown	$\prec$	\prec	$\succ$	\succ
$\bowtie$	\bowtie	$\bowtie$	$\Join^*$	$\preceq$	\preceq	$\succeq$	\succeq
$\cong$	\cong		$\backslash \mathtt{mid}^\dagger$	$\propto$	\propto	$\vdash$	$\$ vdash
$\dashv$	\dashv	=	\models	$\sim$	\sim		
÷	\doteq		\parallel	$\simeq$	\simeq		

<sup>\*</sup> Not predefined in LATEX  $2_{\mathcal{E}}$ . Use one of the packages latexsym, amsfonts, amssymb, mathabx, txfonts, pxfonts, or wasysym.

Table 68:  $\mathcal{FMS}$  Binary Relations

$\approx$	\approxeq	<u> </u>	\eqcirc	X	\succapprox
_			-	$\approx$	
€	\backepsilon	Ξ.	\fallingdotseq	$\succcurlyeq$	\succcurlyeq
>	\backsim	<b>⊸</b> ∘	$\mbox{multimap}$	$\succeq$	\succsim
$\geq$	\backsimeq	ф	\pitchfork	<i>:</i> .	\therefore
•:	\because	≈	\precapprox	$\approx$	\thickapprox
Ŏ	\between	$\preccurlyeq$	\preccurlyeq	$\sim$	\thicksim
≎	\Bumpeq	$\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$	\precsim	$\propto$	\varpropto
<u>~</u>	\bumpeq	=	\risingdotseq	I	\Vdash
<u>•</u>	\circeq	1	\shortmid	F	\vDash
$\Rightarrow$	\curlyeqprec	П	\shortparallel	III	\Vvdash
$\succcurlyeq$	\curlyeqsucc	$\overline{}$	\smallfrown		
÷	\doteqdot	$\smile$	\smallsmile		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The difference between \mid and | is that the former is a binary relation while the latter is a math ordinal. Consequently, LATEX typesets the two with different surrounding spacing. Contrast "P(A | B)"  $\mapsto$  "P(A|B)" with "P(A \mid B)"  $\mapsto$  "P(A | B)".

Table 69:  $\mathcal{FMS}$  Negated Binary Relations

$\ncong$	\ncong	Ħ	\nshortparallel	$\not\Vdash$	\nVDash
1	\nmid	*	\nsim	<del>≈</del>	\precnapprox
#	\nparallel	$ \neq$	\nsucc	$\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$	\precnsim
X	\nprec	$\not\succeq$	\nsucceq	æ	\succnapprox
$\angle$	\npreceq	¥	\nvDash	$\succeq$	\succnsim
F	\nchortmid	$\forall$	\nvdash	,-	

Table 70: stmaryrd Binary Relations

 $\in$  \inplus  $\ni$  \niplus

Table 71: wasysym Binary Relations

_	\invneg	$\sim$	\leadsto	$\propto$	\wasypropto
$\bowtie$	$\$ Join	$\otimes$	\logof		

Table 72: txfonts/pxfonts Binary Relations

$\Diamond$	\circledgtr	$\bowtie$	\lJoin	×	\opentimes
$\otimes$	\circledless	×	\lrtimes	Ш	\Perp
:≈	\colonapprox	$\multimap$	\multimap	≦	\preceqq
::≈	\Colonapprox	<b>○</b>	$\mbox{\mbox{\tt multimapboth}}$	$\not\equiv$	\precneqq
:-	\coloneq	Ĵ	$\mbox{\colored}$	$\bowtie$	\rJoin
::-	\Coloneq	-	$\mbox{\mbox{\tt multimapdot}}$	-3	\strictfi
::=	\Coloneqq	••	$\mbox{\mbox{\tt multimapdotboth}}$	-3	\strictif
:=	$\coloneqq^*$	<b>⊶</b>	$\mbox{\mbox{\tt multimapdotbothA}}$	ಆ	\strictiff
::~	\Colonsim	Î	$\mbox{\colored}$ multimapdotbothAvert	≧	\succeqq
:~	\colonsim	•••	$\mbox{\tt multimapdotbothB}$	$\not\equiv$	\succneqq
-::	\Eqcolon	Ţ	$\mbox{\colored}$ multimapdotbothBvert	//	\varparallel
-:	\eqcolon	İ	$\mbox{\colored}$	\\	\varparallelinv
=:	\eqqcolon	•	$\mbox{\mbox{\tt multimapdotinv}}$	II⊨	\VvDash
=::	\Eqqcolon	<b>-</b>	$\mbox{\mbox{\tt multimapinv}}$		
$\overline{\sim}$	\eqsim	$\times$	\openJoin		

<sup>\*</sup> As an alternative to using txfonts/pxfonts, a ":=" symbol can be constructed with "\mathrel{\mathrel}=".

Table 73: txfonts/pxfonts Negated Binary Relations

≇	\napproxeq	≰	\npreccurlyeq	<b>≉</b>	$\nthickapprox$
*	$\n$	≰	\npreceqq	<del>&lt;<!---</del--></del>	$\ntwoheadleftarrow$
*	\nbacksim	≴	\nprecsim	<del>/&gt;&gt;</del>	\ntwoheadrightarrow
*	\nbacksimeq	<b>≠</b>	\nsimeq	H	\nvarparallel
<b>≠</b>	\nbumpeq	≵	\nsuccapprox	H	\nvarparallelinv
<b>≠</b>	\nBumpeq	¥	\nsucccurlyeq	$\mathbb{H}$	\nVdash
≢	\nequiv	≱	\nsucceqq		
≴	\nprecapprox	¥.	\nsuccsim		

Table 74: mathabx Binary Relations

Ŏ	\between		\divides	=	\risingdotseq
÷	\botdoteq	÷	\dotseq	≳	\succapprox
≎	\Bumpedeq	=	\eqbumped	≽	\succcurlyeq
<b>≏</b>	\bumpedeq	-	\eqcirc	⊳	\succdot
<u>•</u>	\circeq	=:	\eqcolon	$\gtrsim$	\succsim
:=	\coloneq	≒	$\fallingdotseq$	<i>:</i> .	\therefore
$\triangleq$	\corresponds	>	\ggcurly	÷	\topdoteq
$\neq$	\curlyeqprec	$\prec$	\llcurly	⊨	\vDash
≽	\curlyeqsucc	≨	\precapprox	⊩	\Vdash
$\exists$	\DashV	$\leq$	\preccurlyeq	⊫	\VDash
$\dashv$	\Dashv	<	\precdot	III	\Vvdash
-III	\dashVv	≾	\precsim		

Table 75: mathabx Negated Binary Relations

≉	\napprox	Ł	\notperp	$\not\models$	\nvDash
$\not\cong$	\ncong	$\star$	\nprec	⊯	\nVDash
≰	\ncurlyeqprec	≴	\nprecapprox	J⊬	\nVdash
≽	\ncurlyeqsucc	≰	\npreccurlyeq	$\forall$	\nvdash
$\neq$	\nDashv	≰	\npreceq	IJŁ	\nVvash
<del>/</del> (I	\ndashV	≴	\nprecsim	≨	\precnapprox
A	\ndashv	1	\nsim	≠	\precneq
≠ſI	\nDashV	$\not\simeq$	\nsimeq	⋨	\precnsim
<del>,/</del> fl	\ndashVv	*	\nsucc	≽	\succnapprox
$\neq$	\neq	≵	\nsuccapprox	≽	\succneq
$\neq$	$\n$	*	\nsucccurlyeq	⋧	\succnsim
1	\notdivides	$\geq$	\nsucceq		
$\neq$	\notequiv	≵	\nsuccsim		

The \changenotsign command toggles the behavior of \not to produce either a vertical or a diagonal slash through a binary operator. Thus, "\$a \not= b\$" can be made to produce either " $a \neq b$ " or " $a \neq b$ ".

Table 76: MnSymbol Binary Relations

$\approx$	\approx	=	\eqbump	<	\nwfootline	4	\seVdash
≊	\approxeq	ш	\eqcirc	<	\nwfree	II	\shortparallel
×	\backapprox	÷	\eqdot	>	\nwmodels	~	\sim
≅	\backapproxeq	≂	\eqsim	>	\nwModels	$\simeq$	\simeq
≅	\backcong	=	\equal	+	\nwsecrossing	>	\succ
$\simeq$	\backeqsim	=	\equalclosed	\	\nwseline	≽	\succapprox
~	\backsim	≡	\equiv		\Nwseline	≽	\succcurlyeq
≃	\backsimeq	$\Box$	\equivclosed	$\rightarrow$	\nwvdash	≥	\succeq
∺	\backtriplesim	=	$\fallingdotseq$	<b>&gt;</b> /	\nwVdash	≿	\succsim
ď	\between	<b></b>	\hat.eg	<	\prec	/	\swfootline

(continued on next page)

<u></u>	\bumpeq	$\times$	\hcrossing	≨	\precapprox	<	\swfree
\$	\Bumpeq	<b>—</b>	\leftfootline	≼	\preccurlyeq	$\nearrow$	\swmodels
<u></u>	\circeq	$\leftarrow$	\leftfree	≤	\preceq	<b>&gt;</b>	\swModels
⊒	\closedequal	≓	\leftmodels	≾	\precsim	$\nearrow$	\swvdash
∢	\closedprec	⊫	\leftModels	$\dashv$	\rightfootline	×	\swVdash
>	\closedsucc	$\propto$	\leftpropto	$\rightarrow$	\rightfree	≋	\triplesim
:=	\coloneq	_	\leftrightline	⊨	\rightmodels		\updownline
$\cong$	\cong	=	\Leftrightline	⊫	\rightModels		\Updownline
⋞	\curlyeqprec	$\triangleleft$	\leftslice	$\infty$	\rightpropto	T	\upfootline
≽	\curlyeqsucc	$\dashv$	\leftvdash	$\triangleright$	\rightslice	$\uparrow$	\upfree
÷	\doteq	$\dashv$ I	\leftVdash	$\vdash$	\rightvdash	Ш	\upmodels
÷	\Doteq	>	\nefootline	I	\rightVdash	<u>ш</u>	\upModels
1	\downfootline	$\nearrow$	\nefree	≓	\risingdotseq	8	\uppropto
$\downarrow$	\downfree	<	\nemodels	>	\sefootline	$\perp$	\upvdash
П	\downmodels	*	\neModels	$\searrow$	\sefree	$\perp$	\upVdash
$\overline{\mathbb{T}}$	\downModels	/	\neswline	<b>&lt;</b>	\semodels	Χ	\vcrossing
8	\downpropto	//	\Neswline	4	\seModels	II⊢	\Vvdash
Т	\downvdash	<	\nevdash	)(	\separated		
₹	\downVdash	$\forall$	\neVdash	<	\sevdash		

MnSymbol additionally defines synonyms for some of the preceding symbols:

```
(same as \leftvdash)
    \dashv
    \diagdown
                 (same as \nwseline)
    \diagup
                 (same as \neswline)
    \divides
                 (same as \updownline)
    \doteqdot
                 (same as \Doteq)
                 (same as \rightmodels)
    \models
                 (same as \Updownline)
    \parallel
    \perp
                 (same as \upvdash)
    \propto
                 (same as \leftpropto)
                 (same as \leftrightline)
    \relbar
    \Relbar
                 (same as \Leftrightline)
                 (same as \leftpropto)
    \varpropto
    \vDash
                 (same as \rightmodels)
    \VDash
                 (same as \rightModels)
⊫
                 (same as \rightvdash)
    \vdash
                 (same as \rightVdash)
    \Vdash
```

Table 77: MnSymbol Negated Binary Relations

*	\napprox	<i>‡</i>	\neqsim	*/	$\n$	*	\nsucc
≉	\napproxeq	#	\nequal	X	\nnwseline	≵	\nsuccapprox
≉	\nbackapprox	#	\nequalclosed	*	\nNwseline	<i>*</i>	\nsucccurlyeq
≉	\nbackapproxeq	#	\nequiv	*	\nnwvdash	≱	\nsucceq
≇	\nbackcong	⊭	\nequivclosed	*/	\nnwVdash	*	\nsuccsim
$\neq$	\nbackeqsim	+	\neswcrossing	*	\nprec	X	\nswfootline
4	\nbacksim	¥	\nfallingdotsea	≴	\nprecapprox	X	\nswfree

(continued on next page)

```
*
    \nbacksimeq
                           \nhateq
                                                  \npreccurlyeq
                                                                         \nswmodels
袋
    \nbacktriplesim
                           \nleftfootline
                                             ≰
                                                  \npreceq
                                                                    *
                                                                         \nswModels
#
    \nbumpeq
                           \nleftfree
                                                  \nprecsim
                                                                    X
                                                                         \nswvdash
‡
    \nBumpeq
                      #
                           \nleftmodels
                                                  \nrightfootline
                                                                    14
                                                                        \nswVdash
7
                                                  \nrightfree
    \ncirceq
                      ≠I
                           \nleftModels
                                                                    ≉
                                                                         \ntriplesim
#
    \nclosedequal
                           \nleftrightline
                                                  \nrightmodels
                                                                    ł
                                                                         \nupdownline
                                                                    #
\not\cong
    \ncong
                           \nLeftrightline
                                                  \nrightModels
                                                                         \nUpdownline
                                                                    Ŧ
    \ncurlyeqprec
                      4
                           \nleftvdash
                                                  \nrightvdash
                                                                         \nupfootline
                                                                    Ŧ
≱
    \ncurlyeqsucc
                      ΉI
                           \nleftVdash
                                             I⊬
                                                  \nrightVdash
                                                                         \nupfree
#
    \ndoteq
                           \nnefootline
                                             ŧ
                                                  \nrisingdotseq
                                                                    业
                                                                         \nupmodels
    \nDoteg
                      Ŋ
                           \nnefree
                                                  \nsefootline
                                                                         \nupModels
    \ndownfootline
                      *
                           \nnemodels
                                                  \nsefree
                                                                    Ł
                                                                         \nupvdash
Ł
    \ndownfree
                      *
                           \nneModels
                                             ≪
                                                  \nsemodels
                                                                    Ł
                                                                         \nup\dash
开
    \ndownmodels
                           \nneswline
                                                  \nseModels
                                                                         \precnapprox
    \ndownModels
                      X
                           \nNeswline
                                                  \nsevdash
                                                                         \precnsim
                                                                         \succnapprox
Ŧ
    \ndownvdash
                      X
                           \nnevdash
                                                  \nseVdash
汞
    \ndownVdash
                      14
                           \nneVdash
                                                  \nshortmid
                                                                         \succnsim

    \neqbump
                           \nnwfootline
                                             Ж
                                                  \nshortparallel
    \neqcirc
                      K
                           \nnwfree
                                                  \nsim
    \neqdot
                           \nnwmodels
                                                  \nsimeq
```

MnSymbol additionally defines synonyms for some of the preceding symbols:

```
\ndashv
                 (same as \nleftvdash)
    \ndiagdown
                 (same as \nnwseline)
    \ndiagup
                 (same as \nneswline)
+
    \ndivides
                 (same as \nupdownline)
    \ne
                 (same as \nequal)
\neq
    \neq
                 (same as \nequal)
+
    \nmid
                 (same as \nupdownline)
    \nmodels
                 (same as \nrightmodels)
¥
    \nparallel
                 (same as \nUpdownline)
    \nperp
                 (same as \nupvdash)
Ł
    \nrelbar
                 (same as \nleftrightline)
    \nRelbar
                 (same as \nLeftrightline)
\neq
    \nvDash
                 (same as \nrightmodels)
Ħ
    \nvdash
                 (same as \nrightvdash)
ı⊬
    \nVdash
                 (same as \nrightVdash)
    \nVDash
                 (same as \nrightModels)
```

Table 78: mathtools Binary Relations

```
\Colonapprox
                          \coloneq
                                            \Eqcolon
::≈
    \colonapprox
                          \colonsim
                                            \eqqcolon
:≈
                     \sim
:=
    \coloneqq
                     ::∼
                          \Colonsim
                                        =::
                                            \Eqqcolon
                     ::
                          \dblcolon
::=
    \Coloneqq
                     -:
                          \eqcolon
    \Coloneq
```

Similar symbols can be defined using mathtools's \vcentcolon, which produces a colon centered on the font's math axis:

```
__:__ vs. __:_
"=:=" "=\vcentcolon="
```

Table 79: turnstile Binary Relations

$\left  \frac{def}{abc} \right $	\dddtstile{abc}{def}	$def \\ abc$	\nntstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\stdtstile{abc}{def}
$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ddststile{abc}{def}	$\left\  egin{array}{c} def \ abc \end{array}  ight\ $	\nnttstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\stststile{abc}{def}
$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\ddtstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\nsdtstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\sttstile{abc}{def}
$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\ddttstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\nsststile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\stttstile{abc}{def}
$\Big\ _{abc}^{def}\Big\ $	\dndtstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\nststile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tddtstile{abc}{def}
$\Big\ _{abc}^{def}\Big $	\dnststile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\nsttstile{abc}{def}	$\begin{vmatrix} def \\ abc \end{vmatrix}$	\tdststile{abc}{def}
$\Big\ _{abc}^{def}$	\dntstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ntdtstile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tdtstile{abc}{def}
$\Big\ _{abc}^{def}\Big\ \Big\ $	\dnttstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ntststile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tdttstile{abc}{def}
$\left\  rac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\dsdtstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\nttstile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \left _{abc}^{def} \right  \right $	\tndtstile{abc}{def}
$\left  rac{def}{abc} \right $	\dsststile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ntttstile{abc}{def}	$\left\ \left _{abc}^{def}\right \right $	\tnststile{abc}{def}
$\frac{def}{abc}$	\dststile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\sddtstile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \left\   ight _{abc}^{def}$	\tntstile{abc}{def}
$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\dsttstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\sdststile{abc}{def}	$\left\ \left _{abc}^{def}\right\ \right $	\tnttstile{abc}{def}
$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\dtdtstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\sdtstile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tsdtstile{abc}{def}
$\begin{vmatrix} \frac{def}{abc} \end{vmatrix}$	\dtststile{abc}{def}	$ \frac{def}{abc}  $	\sdttstile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tsststile{abc}{def}
$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\dttstile{abc}{def}	$\left  \begin{smallmatrix} def \\ abc \end{smallmatrix} \right  $	\sndtstile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tststile{abc}{def}
$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\dtttstile{abc}{def}	$\left  \begin{smallmatrix} def \\ abc \end{smallmatrix} \right $	\snststile{abc}{def}	$\left\  \frac{def}{abc} \right\ $	\tsttstile{abc}{def}
$\frac{def}{abc}$	\nddtstile{abc}{def}	$\begin{vmatrix} def \\ abc \end{vmatrix}$	\sntstile{abc}{def}	$\parallel \frac{def}{abc} \parallel$	\ttdtstile{abc}{def}
$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ndststile{abc}{def}	$\left\  _{abc}^{def}\right\  \right\ $	\snttstile{abc}{def}	$\parallel \frac{def}{abc} \parallel$	\ttststile{abc}{def}
$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ndtstile{abc}{def}	$\left  rac{def}{abc} \right $	\ssdtstile{abc}{def}	$\parallel \frac{def}{abc}$	\tttstile{abc}{def}
$\frac{def}{abc}$	\ndttstile{abc}{def}	$\left  rac{def}{abc} \right $	\ssststile{abc}{def}	$\ \frac{def}{abc}\ $	\ttttstile{abc}{def}
$\left\  egin{array}{c} def \ abc \end{array}  ight\ $	\nndtstile{abc}{def}	$\frac{def}{abc}$	\sststile{abc}{def}		
$\left. egin{array}{c} def \ abc \end{array}  ight $	\nnststile{abc}{def}	$\left  rac{def}{abc}  ight $	\ssttstile{abc}{def}		

Each of the above takes an optional argument that controls the size of the upper and lower expressions. See the turnstile documentation for more information.

◆ \InversTransformHoriz									
• (IIIIIIII)									
TABLE 81: trfsigns Binary Relations									
○— \fourier —○ \Fourier									
<pre></pre>									
• 1 (201 date)									
Table 82: cmll Binary Relations									
colon  colon									
(									
Table 83: colonequals Binary Relations									
$pprox$ : \approxcolon ::- \coloncolonminus =:: \equalscoloncolon									
$\approx::$ \approxcoloncolon ::~ \coloncolonsim -: \minuscolon ::~ \colonequals -:: \minuscoloncolon									
:: \coloncolon :- \colonminus : \ratio									
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$									
(oqualboolon (bimoolonoolon									
Table 84: fourier Binary Relations									
<pre># \nparallelslant   \parallelslant</pre>									
T 07 01 1 10 17 17 17									
Table 85: Subset and Superset Relations									
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $									
\sqsupset* \subseteq									
* Not predefined in LATEX $2\varepsilon$ . Use one of the packages latexsym, amsfonts, amssymb,									
mathabx, txfonts, pxfonts, or wasysym.									
Table 86: $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{MS}}$ Subset and Superset Relations									
$ otin \operatorname{f \subseteq} \setminus \operatorname{f \subseteqq} \ \subseteq \ \operatorname{f \subseteqq} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $									
$ \not\subseteq$ \nsubseteq $\subseteq$ \subseteqq $\supseteq$ \supsetneqq $ \not\supseteq$ \nsupseteq $\subseteq$ \subsetneqq $\subseteq$ \varsubsetneqq $ \not\supseteq$ \nsupseteqq $\subseteq$ \subsetneqq $\subseteq$ \varsubsetneqq $ onumber$ \squaresquar									
$ \neq$ \nsupseteqq $ ot\equiv$ \subseteqq $ ot\equiv$ \varsubsetneqq $ ot\equiv$ \varsubsetneq									
$\sqsupset$ \sqsupset $\supseteq$ \supseteqq $\supseteq$ \varsupsetneqq									
$\in$ \Subset $\supsetneq$ \supsetneq									

TABLE 80: trsym Binary Relations

```
Table 87: stmaryrd Subset and Superset Relations
                        \oplus
                                                  \supsetplus
                            \subsetplus
                            \subsetpluseq
                                                  \supsetpluseq
                                              \equiv
                    Table 88: wasysym Subset and Superset Relations
                            \square \sqsubset \square \sqsupset
                Table 89: txfonts/pxfonts Subset and Superset Relations
                     \nsqsubset
                                      ⊉
                                          \nsqsupseteq
                                                               \nSupset
                 ⊈
                     \nsqsubseteq
                                     ∉
                                          \nSubset
                     \nsqsupset
                                          \nsubseteqq
                    Table 90: mathabx Subset and Superset Relations

    \nsqsubset
                          \nsupset
                                                \sqsupseteq
                                                                       \supseteq
                                                                  \supseteq
                                            \supseteq
庫
    \nsqSubset
                      ∌
                          \nSupset
                                                \sqsupseteqq
                                                                       \supseteqq
                                                \sqsupsetneq
                                                                       \supsetneq
生
    \nsqsubseteq
                      \Rightarrow
                          \nsupseteq
                                            ⊋
                                                                  \supseteq
\blacksquare
                                                \sqsupsetneqq
    \nsqsubseteqq
                      \blacksquare
                          \nsupseteqq
                                                                       \supsetneqq
                                                \subset
^{\pm}
    \nsqsupset
                          \sqsubset
                                                                       \varsqsubsetneq
                      \subset
                                                                  \overline{4}
劸
    \nsqSupset
                          \sqSubset
                                                \Subset
                                                                  ≢
                                                                       \varsqsubsetneqq
^{\ddagger}
    \nsqsupseteq
                      \sqsubseteq
                          \sqsubseteq
                                                \subseteq
                                                                       \varsqsupsetneq
                                            \subseteq
                                                                  \neq
\blacksquare
    \nsqsupseteqq
                      \sqsubseteq
                          \sqsubseteqq
                                                \subseteqq
                                                                  \neq
                                                                       \varsqsupsetneqq
¢
    \nsubset
                      도
                          \sqsubsetneq
                                                \subsetneq
                                                                  ⊊
                                                                       \varsubsetneq
₫
    \nSubset
                      듗
                          \sqsubsetneqq
                                            ⊊
                                                \subsetneqq
                                                                       \varsubsetneqq
^{\pm}
    \nsubseteq
                      ⊒
                          \sqSupset
                                            \supset
                                                \supset
                                                                  ⊋
                                                                       \varsupsetneq
\blacksquare
    \nsubseteqq
                      \Box
                          \sqsupset
                                            ∋
                                                \Supset
                                                                      \varsupsetneqq
                   Table 91: MnSymbol Subset and Superset Relations
        \nSqsubset
                          ⊈
    ⊯
                              \nsubseteq
                                                  \sqsubsetneq
                                                                    \subseteq
                                                                        \subseteq
                          ⊈
        \nsqsubset
                              \nsubseteqq
                                              둦
                                                  \sqsubsetneqq
                                                                    \subseteq
                                                                        \subseteqq
        \nsqsubseteq
    ⊈
                          ∌
                              \nSupset
                                              ⊒
                                                  \Sqsupset
                                                                    Œ
                                                                        \subsetneq
    ≢
        \nsqsubseteqq
                          ⊅
                              \nsupset
                                              \Box
                                                  \sqsupset
                                                                        \subsetneqq
    ∌
        \nSqsupset
                          ⊉
                              \nsupseteq
                                                  \sqsupseteq
                                                                    ⋑
                                                                        \Supset
                          ⊉
        \nsqsupset
                              \nsupseteqq
                                              ⊒
                                                  \sqsupseteqq
                                                                    \supset
                                                                        \supset
        \nsqsupseteq
                          ╚
                              \Sqsubset
                                              ₽
                                                  \sqsupsetneq
                                                                    ⊇
                                                                        \supseteq
                                                                    ⊇
    ∄
        \nsqsupseteqq
                          ⊏
                              \sqsubset
                                              ⋥
                                                  \sqsupsetneqq
                                                                        \supseteqq
    ∉
        \nSubset
                          ⊑
                              \sqsubseteq
                                              ⋐
                                                  \Subset
                                                                    ⊋
                                                                        \supsetneq
                                                                        \supsetneqq
        \nsubset
                              \sqsubseteqq
                                                  \subset
      MnSymbol additionally defines \varsubsetneq as a synonym for \subsetneq,
      \varsubsetneqq as a synonym for \subsetneqq, \varsupsetneq as a synonym
      for \supsetneq, and \varsupsetneqq as a synonym for \supsetneqq.
```

Table 92: Inequalities

 $\geq$  \geq  $\gg$  \gg  $\leq$  \leq  $\ll$  \ll  $\neq$  \neq

# Table 93: AMS Inequalities

≽	\eqslantgtr	>	\gtrdot	$\leq$	\lesseqgtr	≱	\ngeq
<	\eqslantless	$\geq$	\gtreqless	$\leq$	\lesseqqgtr	≱	\ngeqq
$\geq$	\geqq	$\geq$	\gtreqqless	$\leq$	\lessgtr	$\not\geq$	\ngeqslant
$\geqslant$	\geqslant	$\geq$	\gtrless	$\lesssim$	\lesssim	$\not >$	\ngtr
<b>&gt;&gt;&gt;</b>	\ggg	$\gtrsim$	\gtrsim	<b>~</b>	\111	≰	\nleq
⋧	\gnapprox	$\geqq$	\gvertneqq	≨	\lnapprox	≨	\nleqq
$\geq$	\gneq	$\leq$	\leqq	$\leq$	\lneq	≰	\nleqslant
$\geqq$	\gneqq	$\leq$	\leqslant	≨	\lneqq	≮	\nless
$\gtrsim$	\gnsim	≨	\lessapprox	$\lesssim$	$\label{lnsim}$		
≳	\gtrapprox	<	\lessdot	$\leq$	\lvertneqq		

## Table 94: wasysym Inequalities

 $\gtrsim$  \apprge  $\lesssim$  \apprle

## Table 95: txfonts/pxfonts Inequalities

$\gg$	\ngg	≵	$\ngtrsim$	≴	\nlesssim
≵	\ngtrapprox	≴	\nlessapprox	≰	\nll
≸	\ngtrless	≹	\nlessgtr		

## Table 96: mathabx Inequalities

≽	$\ensuremath{\verb  eqslantgtr }$	$\geq$	\gtreqless	≲	\lesssim	*	\ngtr
<	\eqslantless	$\geq$	\gtreqqless	«	\11	≵	$\ngtrapprox$
$\geqslant$	\geq	$\geq$	\gtrless	$\ll$	\111	≵	\ngtrsim
$\geqq$	\geqq	≳	\gtrsim	≨	\lnapprox	≰	\nleq
>>	\gg	$\geqq$	\gvertneqq	≨	\lneq	≨	\nleqq
≫	\ggg	$\leq$	\leq	≨	\lneqq	*	\nless
⋧	\gnapprox	$\leq$	\leqq	⋦	$\label{lnsim}$	≨	$\n$
⋧	\gneq	≨	\lessapprox	≨	\lvertneqq	\$	\nlesssim
≩	\gneqq	⋖	\lessdot	*	$\negation$	$\geq$	\nvargeq
⋧	\gnsim	$\leq$	\lesseqgtr	*	$\negs$	≰	\nvarleq
≷	\gtrapprox	$\leq$	\lesseqqgtr	*	\ngeq	$\geq$	\vargeq
⊳	\gtrdot	≶	\lessgtr	≱	\ngeqq	$\leq$	\varleq

mathabx defines  $\ensuremath{\mbox{leqslant}}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mbox{le}}$  as synonyms for  $\ensuremath{\mbox{geq}}$ ,  $\ensuremath{\mbox{nleqslant}}$  as a synonym for  $\ensuremath{\mbox{ngeq}}$ .

Table 97: MnSymbol Inequalities

≽	\eqslantgtr	≥	\gtreqqless	≲	\lesssim	<b>≱</b>	$\ngtreqless$
<	\eqslantless	≷	\gtrless	<<	\11	¥	$\ngtreqlessslant$
≥	\geq	₹	\gtrneqqless	<<<	\111	**	$\ngtreqqless$
⊵	\geqclosed	$\gtrsim$	\gtrsim	≴	lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:	≱	\ngtrless
≥	\geqdot	$\leq$	\leq	≨	\lneqq	≰	\nleq
≧	\geqq	⊴	\leqclosed	≴	$\label{lnsim}$	⋬	\nleqclosed
≽	\geqslant	⊴	\leqdot	*	$\neqslantgtr$	≰	\nleqdot
≽	$\gen{array}{l} \gen{array}{l} \gen$	≦	\leqq	₹	$\neqslantless$	≰	\nleqq
>>>	\gg	€	\leqslant	≱	\ngeq	≰	$\nleqslant$
>>>	\ggg	€	$\label{leqslantdot}$	⊭	\ngeqclosed	≰	$\nleqslantdot$
≵	\gnapprox	<	\less	≱	\ngeqdot	≮	\nless
≩	\gneqq	≨	\lessapprox	≱	\ngeqq		$\nlessclosed$
≵	\gnsim	◁	\lessclosed	$\not \geq$	\ngeqslant	<b>≮</b>	\nlessdot
>	\gtr	<	\lessdot	≱	$\ngeqslantdot$	≱	$\nlesseqgtr$
≳	\gtrapprox	≤	\lesseqgtr	$\Rightarrow$	\ngg	≸	$\nlesseqgtrslant$
$\triangleright$	\gtrclosed	$\leq$	$\label{lesseqgtrslant}$	>>>>	\nggg	<b>≸</b>	$\nlesseqqgtr$
>	\gtrdot	≦	\lesseqqgtr	<b>*</b>	\ngtr	≸	\nlessgtr
$\geq$	\gtreqless	≶	\lessgtr	$\not$	$\ngtrclosed$	≮	\nll
$\geqslant$	\gtreqlessslant	≨	\lessneqqgtr	≯	\ngtrdot	<≮<	\nlll

 $\mathsf{MnSymbol}$  additionally defines synonyms for some of the preceding symbols:

>>>	\gggtr	(same as \ggg)
≩	\gvertneqq	(same as \gneqq)
◁	\lhd	(same as \lessclosed)
<<<	\llless	(same as $\111$ )
≨	\lvertneqq	(same as \lneqq)
≨ ≰	$\ntrianglelefteq$	(same as \nleqclosed)
⋪	$\ntriangleleft$	(same as \nlessclosed)
⊭	$\n$	(same as \ngeqclosed)
⋫	$\ntriangleright$	(same as \ngtrclosed)
$\triangleright$	\rhd	(same as \gtrclosed)
⊴	$\trianglelefteq$	(same as \leqclosed)
⊵	$\trianglerighteq$	(same as \geqclosed)
⊴	\unlhd	(same as \leqclosed)
⊵	\unrhd	(same as \geqclosed)
◁	$\vartriangleleft$	(same as \lessclosed)
$\triangleright$	\vartriangleright	(same as \gtrclosed)

# Table 98: $\mathcal{F}_{\!\!M\!\!N\!\!S}$ Triangle Relations

<b>⋖</b>	\blacktriangleleft	$\not$	$\n$	$\trianglerighteq$	$\$ trianglerighteq
•	$\blue{blacktriangleright}$	≱	$\n$	$\triangleleft$	$\vartriangleleft$
	$\ntriangleleft$	⊴	$\trianglelefteq$	$\triangleright$	\vartriangleright
≰	\ntrianglelefteq	$\triangleq$	\triangleq		

#### Table 99: stmaryrd Triangle Relations

#### Table 100: mathabx Triangle Relations

\largetriangleright

#### Table 101: MnSymbol Triangle Relations

▼	\filledmedtriangledown	$\triangle$	\largetriangleup	$\nabla$	\smalltriangledown
◀	\filledmedtriangleleft	$\nabla$	$\mbox{\ensuremath{\texttt{medtriangledown}}}$	∢	$\slash$ smalltriangleleft
•	\filledmedtriangleright	$\triangleleft$	$\mbox{\tt medtriangleleft}$	Þ	\smalltriangleright
<b>A</b>	\filledmedtriangleup	$\triangleright$	$\mbox{\ensuremath{\texttt{medtriangleright}}}$	Δ	$\slash$ smalltriangleup
•	\filledtriangledown	Δ	$\mbox{\ensuremath{\texttt{medtriangleup}}}$	<b>≜</b>	\triangleeq
•	$\filled triangle left$	#	$\ntriangleeq$	⊴	$\trianglelefteq$
•	$\filled triangle right$	abla	$\ntriangleleft$	⊵	$\$ trianglerighteq
•	\filledtriangleup	⊉	$\ntrianglelefteq$	◁	$\$ vartriangleleft
$\nabla$	\largetriangledown	$\not$	$\ntriangleright$	$\triangleright$	$\$ vartriangleright
$\triangleleft$	\largetriangleleft	⊭	$\n$		

MnSymbol additionally defines synonyms for many of the preceding symbols: \triangleq is a synonym for \triangleeq; \lhd and \lessclosed are synonyms for \vartriangleleft; \rhd and \gtrclosed are synonyms for \vartriangleright; \unlhd and \leqclosed are onyms for \trianglelefteq; \unrhd and \geqclosed are synonyms \blacktriangleleft, \trianglerighteq; \blacktriangledown, \blacktriangleright, and \blacktriangle [sic] are synonyms for, respectively. \filledmedtriangledown, \filledmedtriangleleft, \filledmedtriangleright, and \filledmedtriangleup; \triangleright is a synonym for \medtriangleright; \triangle, \vartriangle, and \bigtriangleup are synonyms for \medtriangleup; \triangleleft is a synonym for \medtriangleleft; \triangledown and \bigtriangledown are synonyms for \medtriangledown; \nlessclosed is a synonym for \ntriangleleft; \ngtrclosed is a synonym for \ntriangleright; \nleqclosed is a synonym for \ntrianglelefteq; and \ngeqclosed is a synonym for \ntrianglerighteq.

\otriangle

The title "Triangle Relations" is a bit of a misnomer here as only \triangleeq and \ntriangleeq are defined as TEX relations (class 3 symbols). The \largetriangle... symbols are defined as TEX "ordinary" characters (class 0) and all of the remaining characters are defined as TEX binary operators (class 2).

#### Table 102: Arrows

$\Downarrow$	\Downarrow	$\leftarrow$	$\label{longleftarrow}$	_	\nwarrow
$\downarrow$	\downarrow	$ \leftarrow $	$\Longleftarrow$	$\Rightarrow$	\Rightarrow
$\leftarrow$	\hookleftarrow	$\longleftrightarrow$	$\label{longleftrightarrow}$	$\rightarrow$	\rightarrow
$\hookrightarrow$	\hookrightarrow	$\iff$	$\Longleftrightarrow$	V	\searrow
$\sim$	${ackslash}$	$\longmapsto$	$\label{longmapsto}$	~	\swarrow
$\leftarrow$	\leftarrow	$\Longrightarrow$	$\Longrightarrow$	$\uparrow$	\uparrow
$\Leftarrow$	\Leftarrow	$\longrightarrow$	$\label{longright} \$	$\uparrow$	\Uparrow
$\Leftrightarrow$	\Leftrightarrow	$\mapsto$	\mapsto	<b>‡</b>	\updownarrow
$\leftrightarrow$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	7	${ extstyle  ex$	1	\Updownarrow

<sup>\*</sup> Not predefined in LaTeX  $2\varepsilon$ . Use one of the packages latexsym, amsfonts, amssymb, txfonts, pxfonts, or wasysym.

#### Table 103: Harpoons

#### Table 104: textcomp Text-mode Arrows

- $\downarrow$  \textdownarrow ightarrow \textrightarrow
- $\leftarrow \quad \texttt{\ } \land \quad$

### Table 105: $\mathcal{F}_{MS}$ Arrows

Q	\circlearrowleft	=	\leftleftarrows	$\Longrightarrow$	$\rightleftarrows$
$\bigcirc$	\circlearrowright	$\leftrightarrows$	$\$ leftrightarrows	$\Rightarrow$	\rightrightarrows
$ \wedge $	\curvearrowleft	<b>~~</b>	\leftrightsquigarrow	<b>~→</b>	\rightsquigarrow
$\bigcirc$	\curvearrowright	$\Leftarrow$	\Lleftarrow	ightharpoons	\Rsh
<b></b>	\dashleftarrow	$\leftarrow$	\looparrowleft	₩	\twoheadleftarrow
>	\dashrightarrow	$\rightarrow$	\looparrowright	$\longrightarrow\!$	\twoheadrightarrow
$\downarrow\downarrow$	\downdownarrows	$ \uparrow $	\Lsh	$\uparrow \uparrow$	\upuparrows
$\longleftrightarrow$	\leftarrowtail	$\longrightarrow$	\rightarrowtail		

### Table 106: AMS Negated Arrows

## Table 107: $\mathcal{FMS}$ Harpoons

\downharpoonleft \( \square\) \leftrightharpoons \( \) \upharpoonleft \\downharpoonright \( \square\) \upharpoonright

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  See the note beneath Table 169 for information about how to put a diagonal arrow across a mathematical expression (as in " $\nabla$  "B").

## Table 108: stmaryrd Arrows

<─	\leftarrowtriangle	$\Leftrightarrow$	\Mapsfrom	$\leftarrow$	\shortleftarrow
$\Leftrightarrow$	\leftrightarroweq	$\leftarrow$	\mapsfrom	$\rightarrow$	\shortrightarrow
$\!$	\leftrightarrowtriangle	$\Rightarrow$	\Mapsto	$\uparrow$	\shortuparrow
4	\lightning	1	\nnearrow	7	\ssearrow
$\iff$	\Longmapsfrom	1	\nnwarrow	1	\sswarrow
$\longleftarrow$	\longmapsfrom	$\rightarrow$	\rightarrowtriangle		
$\Longrightarrow$	\Longmapsto	$\downarrow$	\shortdownarrow		

# Table 109: txfonts/pxfonts Arrows

⇐⊡	\boxdotLeft	$\odot \rightarrow$	\circleddotright	$\leftrightarrow$	\Diamondleft
$\leftarrow$	\boxdotleft	$\leftarrow$	\circleleft	$\Diamond\!$	\Diamondright
$\boxdot \!$	\boxdotright	$\bigcirc\rightarrow$	$\circleright$	$\Leftrightarrow$	$\DiamondRight$
$\Longrightarrow$	\boxdotRight	<b>←-</b> →	\dashleftrightarrow	₩	\leftsquigarrow
$\Leftrightarrow$	\boxLeft	⇔	\DiamonddotLeft	1	\Nearrow
$\leftarrow \Box$	\boxleft	$\leftrightarrow$	\Diamonddotleft		\Nwarrow
$\qquad \qquad \Box \rightarrow$	\boxright	$\diamondsuit\!\!\to\!\!$	$\$ Diamonddotright	$\Rightarrow$	\Rrightarrow
$\Longrightarrow$	\boxRight	$\Leftrightarrow$	$\DiamonddotRight$		\Searrow
$\leftarrow$	\circleddotleft	$\Leftrightarrow$	\DiamondLeft	1	\Swarrow

## Table 110: mathabx Arrows

Q	\circlearrowleft	$\leftarrow$	\leftarrow		\nwarrow
$\bigcirc$	\circlearrowright	$\rightleftharpoons$	\leftleftarrows	1	\restriction
$\sim$	\curvearrowbotleft	$\leftrightarrow$	$\$ leftrightarrow	$\rightarrow$	\rightarrow
M	$\c \c \$	$\leftrightarrows$	$\$ leftrightarrows	$\rightleftharpoons$	\rightleftarrows
7	\curvearrowbotright	<b>~~~</b>	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\Rightarrow$	\rightrightarrows
$\sim$	\curvearrowleft	<b>~~~</b>	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	<b>~~</b>	\rightsquigarrow
$\sim$	\curvearrowleftright	G	$\$ lefttorightarrow	5	\righttoleftarrow
$\sim$	\curvearrowright	$\leftarrow$	\looparrowdownleft	ightharpoons	\Rsh
$\downarrow$	\dlsh	$\rightarrow$	$\label{looparrowdownright}$	\	\searrow
$\downarrow\downarrow$	\downdownarrows	$\leftarrow$	\looparrowleft	/	\swarrow
O	\downtouparrow	$\rightarrow$	\looparrowright	↑↓	\updownarrows
$\downarrow \uparrow$	\downuparrows	$\leftarrow$	\Lsh	Ω	\uptodownarrow
$\vdash$	\drsh	7	\nearrow	$\uparrow \uparrow$	\upuparrows

# Table 111: mathabx Negated Arrows

# Table 112: mathabx Harpoons

=	\barleftharpoon	_	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\rightleftharpoons$	$\$ rightleftharpoons
$\Rightarrow$	\barrightharpoon	$\Leftarrow$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\Rightarrow$	\rightrightharpoons
$\downarrow \downarrow$	\downdownharpoons	$\leftarrow$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	11	\updownharpoons
1	\downharpoonleft	$\leftrightharpoons$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	1	\upharpoonleft
ļ	\downharpoonright	$\Rightarrow$	\rightbarharpoon		\upharpoonright
1	\downupharpoons	$\rightarrow$	\rightharpoondown	1	\upupharpoons
<b>=</b>	\leftbarharpoon		\rightharpoonup		
<u> </u>	\leftharpoondown	$\leftarrow$	$\rightleftharpoon$		

# Table 113: MnSymbol Arrows

*	\		\7 7 6	2	\ 1 1
)	\curvearrowdownup	<del></del>	\longleftarrow	2	\rhookswarrow
R	\curvearrowleftright	$\leftarrow$	\Longleftarrow	t	\rhookuparrow
<b>*</b>	\curvearrownesw	$\longleftrightarrow$	\longleftrightarrow	$\rightarrow$	\rightarrow
4	\curvearrownwse	$\iff$	\Longleftrightarrow	$\Rightarrow$	\Rightarrow
M	\curvearrowrightleft	$\longmapsto$	\longmapsto	$\rightarrow$	\rightarrowtail
2	\curvearrowsenw	$\longrightarrow$	\longrightarrow	$\rightleftharpoons$	\rightleftarrows
\$	\curvearrowswne	$\Longrightarrow$	\Longrightarrow	$\sim$	$\rightlsquigarrow$
(	\curvearrowupdown	↫	\looparrowleft	$\mapsto$	\rightmapsto
<b>+</b>	\dasheddownarrow	4	\looparrowright	$\Rightarrow$	$\$ rightrightarrows
<b>←</b> -	\dashedleftarrow	4	\Lsh	<i>≫</i>	$\$ rightrsquigarrow
, <sup>71</sup>	\dashednearrow	7	\nearrow	$\Rightarrow$	$\Rrightarrow$
κ,	\dashednwarrow	1	\Nearrow	>	\Rsh
->	\dashedrightarrow	7	\nearrowtail	$\nearrow$	\searrow
, 'A	\dashedsearrow	الخ	\nelsquigarrow	P	\Searrow
ĸ'	\dashedswarrow	✓	\nemapsto	4	\searrowtail
<b>†</b>	\dasheduparrow	74	\nenearrows	7	\selsquigarrow
$\downarrow$	\Downarrow	اتر	\nersquigarrow	$\checkmark$	\semapsto
<b>↓</b>	\downarrow	Z	\neswarrow	1	\senwarrows
Ţ	\downarrowtail	1	\Neswarrow	S	\sersquigarrow
$\downarrow \downarrow$	\downdownarrows	1/2	\neswarrows	1/2	\sesearrows
\$	\downlsquigarrow	Κ,	\nwarrow	<b>15</b>	\squigarrowdownup
Ţ	\downmapsto	1	\Nwarrow	44	\squigarrowleftright
\$	\downrsquigarrow	5	\nwarrowtail	**	\squigarrownesw
, ↓↑	\downuparrows	۴_	\nwlsquigarrow	\$	\squigarrownwse
Ω	\lcirclearrowdown	5	\nwmapsto	التيما	\squigarrowrightleft
Õ	\lcirclearrowleft	K	\nwnwarrows	, K-31	\squigarrowsenw
Č	\lcirclearrowright	κ,	\nwrsquigarrow	المح	\squigarrowswne
Ö	\lcirclearrowup	7	\nwsearrow	\$	\squigarrowupdown
)	\lcurvearrowdown	<b>D</b>	\Nwsearrow	¥ ∠	\swarrow
£	\lcurvearrowleft	K/7	\nwsearrows	4	\Swarrow
<i>&gt;</i>	\lcurvearrowne	ò	\partialvardlcircleleftint*	<u>~</u>	\swarrowtail
4	\lcurvearrownw	0	\partialvardlcirclerightint*	ريم	\swlsquigarrow
a	\lcurvearrowright	O	\partialvardrcircleleftint*	2	\swmapsto
₹.	\lcurvearrowse	Q	\partialvardrcirclerightint*	4	\swnearrows
* (	\lcurvearrowsw	0	\partialvartlcircleleftint*	ير م	\swrsquigarrow
₹	\lcurvearrowup	0	\partialvartlcirclerightint*	4	\swswarrows
( ←	\Leftarrow	Ð	\partialvartrcircleleftint*	<i>¥</i> ∕ ¥	\twoheaddownarrow
_	Percarrow		that crarvar croff crefet criff	*	/owomeaddownarrow

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←	\leftarrow	G	\partialvartrcirclerightint*	<b>←</b>	\twoheadleftarrow
$\leftarrow$	\leftarrowtail	$\Omega$	\rcirclearrowdown	7	\twoheadnearrow
⇇	\leftleftarrows	$\bigcirc$	\rcirclearrowleft	*	\twoheadnwarrow
<b>←</b>	\leftlsquigarrow	G	\rcirclearrowright	$\rightarrow\!$	\twoheadrightarrow
$\leftarrow$	\leftmapsto	Q	\rcirclearrowup	$\searrow$	\twoheadsearrow
$\leftrightarrow$	\leftrightarrow	(	\rcurvearrowdown	$\not$	\twoheadswarrow
$\Leftrightarrow$	\Leftrightarrow	<b>n</b>	\rcurvearrowleft	<b>†</b>	\twoheaduparrow
$\leftrightarrows$	\leftrightarrows	♪	\rcurvearrowne	<b>↑</b>	\uparrow
*~	\leftrsquigarrow	4	\rcurvearrownw	$\uparrow$	\Uparrow
<b>\$</b>	\lhookdownarrow	G .	\rcurvearrowright	<b>1</b>	\uparrowtail
$\leftarrow$	\lhookleftarrow	<b>(</b>	\rcurvearrowse	<b>‡</b>	\updownarrow
1	\lhooknearrow	6	\rcurvearrowsw	<b>\$</b>	\Updownarrow
7	\lhooknwarrow	7	\rcurvearrowup	$\uparrow\downarrow$	\updownarrows
$\hookrightarrow$	\lhookrightarrow	ļ	\rhookdownarrow	2	\uplsquigarrow
7	\lhooksearrow	$\leftarrow$	\rhookleftarrow	1	\upmapsto
$\checkmark$	\lhookswarrow	7	\rhooknearrow	3	\uprsquigarrow
$\uparrow$	\lhookuparrow	₹	\rhooknwarrow	$\uparrow\uparrow$	\upuparrows
4	\lightning	$\leftrightarrow$	\rhookrightarrow		
€	\Lleftarrow	$\searrow$	\rhooksearrow		

MnSymbol additionally defines synonyms for some of the preceding symbols:

Q	\circlearrowleft	(same as \rcirclearrowup)
$\bigcirc$	\circlearrowright	(same as \lcirclearrowup)
5	\curvearrowleft	(same as \rcurvearrowleft)
~	\curvearrowright	(same as \lcurvearrowright)
<b>←</b> -	\dashleftarrow	(same as \dashedleftarrow)
<b>-</b> →	\dashrightarrow	(same as \dashedrightarrow)
$\leftarrow$	\hookleftarrow	(same as \rhookleftarrow)
$\hookrightarrow$	\hookrightarrow	(same as \lhookrightarrow)
$\sim$	\leadsto	(same as \rightlsquigarrow)
44	\leftrightsquigarrow	(same as \squigarrowleftright)
$\mapsto$	\mapsto	(same as \rightmapsto)
~>	\rightsquigarrow	(same as \rightlsquigarrow)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}$  The **\partialvar...int** macros are intended to be used internally by MnSymbol to produce various types of integrals.

Table 114: MnSymbol Negated Arrows

F	\ncurvearrowdownup	75	\nlhooknwarrow	₹	\nrightleftarrows
Kta	$\n$	<b>↔</b>	\nlhookrightarrow	47	\nrightlsquigarrow
X	\ncurvearrownesw	84	\nlhooksearrow	+/→	\nrightmapsto
1/4	\ncurvearrownwse	X	\nlhookswarrow	#	\nrightrightarrows
M	$\n$	<b>}</b>	\nlhookuparrow	4×	\nrightrsquigarrow
*	\ncurvearrowsenw	#	\nLleftarrow	<b>∌</b>	\nRrightarrow
A	\ncurvearrowswne	<b>₹</b> ¹	\nnearrow	×	\nSearrow
£	\ncurvearrowupdown	X	\nNearrow	X	\nsearrow

(continued on next page)

(continued from previous page)

÷	\ndasheddownarrow	-X	\nnearrowtail	-‱	\nsearrowtail
<b>*</b> <b>-</b> -</td <td>\ndashedleftarrow</td> <td>, 171</td> <td>\nnelsquigarrow</td> <td>74</td> <td>\nselsquigarrow</td>	\ndashedleftarrow	, 171	\nnelsquigarrow	74	\nselsquigarrow
\ <sup>7</sup>	\ndashednearrow	Z <sup>†</sup>	\nnemapsto	1/4	\nsemapsto
۴/,	\ndashednwarrow	<i>*</i>	\nnenearrows	\%	\nsenwarrows
-/≯	\ndashedrightarrow		\nnersquigarrow	- %	\nsersquigarrow
1/4	\ndashedsearrow	Ø	\nNeswarrow	<b>¾</b>	\nsesearrows
*/	\ndashedswarrow	N.	\nneswarrow	54	\nsquigarrowdownup
<b>^</b>	\ndasheduparrow	\$	\nneswarrows	4/7	\nsquigarrowleftright
‡	\ndownarrow	×	\nNwarrow	444	\nsquigarrownesw
#	\nDownarrow	×	\nnwarrow	\$	\nsquigarrownwse
¥	\ndownarrowtail	У-	\nnwarrowtail	KH71	\nsquigarrowrightleft
#	\ndowndownarrows	್	\nnwlsquigarrow	15/3	\nsquigarrowsenw
\$	\ndownlsquigarrow	">>	\nnwmapsto	₽ <sup>₹</sup>	\nsquigarrowswne
₹	\ndownmapsto	<b>₹</b>	\nnwnwarrows	\$	\nsquigarrowupdown
£	\ndownrsquigarrow	15	\nnwrsquigarrow	×	\nswarrow
#	\ndownuparrows	N	\nnwsearrow	×	\nSwarrow
$\Phi$	\nlcirclearrowdown	N	\nNwsearrow	×	$\nsymbol{nswarrowtail}$
$\Diamond$	\nlcirclearrowleft	₹⁄4	\nnwsearrows	X	\nswlsquigarrow
$\phi$	\nlcirclearrowright	$\Diamond$	\nrcirclearrowdown	X	$\nswmapsto$
Φ	\nlcirclearrowup	D	\nrcirclearrowleft	K	\nswnearrows
<del>}</del>	\nlcurvearrowdown	$\Phi$	\nrcirclearrowright	¥	\nswrsquigarrow
¥	\nlcurvearrowleft	Φ	\nrcirclearrowup	*	\nswswarrows
X	\nlcurvearrowne	€	\nrcurvearrowdown	\$	\ntwoheaddownarrow
2	\nlcurvearrownw	K	\nrcurvearrowleft	≪/-	\ntwoheadleftarrow
A	\nlcurvearrowright	夂	\nrcurvearrowne	XT	\ntwoheadnearrow
*	\nlcurvearrowse	*	\nrcurvearrownw	<b>™</b> X	\ntwoheadnwarrow
$\forall$	\nlcurvearrowsw	4	$\nrcurvearrowright$	<del>/≫</del>	$\ntwo$ headrightarrow
7	\nlcurvearrowup	<b>/</b>	\nrcurvearrowse	X	\ntwoheadsearrow
$\Leftarrow$	\nLeftarrow	8	\nrcurvearrowsw	W.	\ntwoheadswarrow
↔	\nleftarrow	F	\nrcurvearrowup	<b>‡</b>	\ntwoheaduparrow
₩	\nleftarrowtail	\$	\nrhookdownarrow	7	\nuparrow
#	\nleftleftarrows	₩	$\nrhookleftarrow$	#	\nUparrow
4	$\nleftlsquigarrow$	Z <sup>*</sup>	\nrhooknearrow	<b>‡</b>	$   \setminus   $ nuparrowtail
<del><!--</del-->1</del>	\nleftmapsto	"  \tag{\tau}	\nrhooknwarrow	\$	\nupdownarrow
<del></del>	\nleftrightarrow	$\leftrightarrow$	$\nrhookrightarrow$	#	\nUpdownarrow
$\Leftrightarrow$	\nLeftrightarrow	$^{\sim}$	\nrhooksearrow	<b>†</b>	\nupdownarrows
<b>\$</b>	\nleftrightarrows	Z	\nrhookswarrow	7	\nuplsquigarrow
K	\nleftrsquigarrow	ŧ	\nrhookuparrow	1	\nupmapsto
ŧ	\nlhookdownarrow	<i>→</i> >	$\nrightarrow$	3	\nuprsquigarrow
↔	\nlhookleftarrow	$\Rightarrow$	$\n$ Rightarrow	#	\nupuparrows
X <sup>*</sup>	\nlhooknearrow	<b>&gt;/&gt;</b>	\nrightarrowtail		

 $\mathsf{MnSymbol}$  additionally defines synonyms for some of the preceding symbols:

$\phi$	\ncirclearrowleft	(same as \nrcirclearrowup)
$\Diamond$	\ncirclearrowright	(same as \nlcirclearrowup)
K	\ncurvearrowleft	(same as \nrcurvearrowleft)
ta	\ncurvearrowright	(same as \nlcurvearrowright)
-/≯	\ndasharrow	(same as \ndashedrightarrow)
<b>←</b> /-	\ndashleftarrow	(same as \ndashedleftarrow)
-/≯	\ndashrightarrow	(same as \ndashedrightarrow)
↔	\ngets	(same as \nleftarrow)
₩	\nhookleftarrow	(same as \nrhookleftarrow)
<b>↔</b>	\nhookrightarrow	(same as \nlhookrightarrow)
47	\nleadsto	(same as \nrightlsquigarrow)
4/7	\nleftrightsquigarrow	(same as \nsquigarrowleftright)
⊬>	\nmapsto	(same as \nrightmapsto)
47	\nrightsquigarrow	(same as \nrightlsquigarrow)
<i>→</i> >	\nto	(same as \nrightarrow)

# Table 115: MnSymbol Harpoons

ļ	$\downharpoonccw^*$	1/	\neswharpoons	7	\seharpooncw
1	$\downharpooncw^*$	~	\neswharpoonsenw	N	\senwharpoons
11	\downupharpoons	_	\nwharpoonccw	1	\swharpoonccw
$\overline{}$	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	7	\nwharpooncw	~	\swharpooncw
_	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\searrow$	\nwseharpoonnesw	1	\swneharpoons
4	\leftrightharpoondownup	1	\nwseharpoons	1	\updownharpoonleftright
$\rightleftharpoons$	\leftrightharpoons	Z	\nwseharpoonswne	1	\updownharpoonrightleft
4	\leftrightharpoonupdown	$\rightarrow$	$\rightharpoonccw^*$	11	\updownharpoons
1	\neharpoonccw	$\overline{}$	$\rightharpooncw^*$	1	$\upharpoonccw^*$
1	\neharpooncw	$\rightleftharpoons$	$\rightleftharpoons$	1	$\upharpooncw^*$
Z	\neswharpoonnwse	$\checkmark$	\seharpoonccw		

<sup>\*</sup> Where marked, the "ccw" suffix can be replaced with "up" and the "cw" suffix can be replaced with "down". (In addition, \upharpooncw can be written as \restriction.)

## Table 116: MnSymbol Negated Harpoons

t	$\normalfont{ndownharpoonccw}^*$	*	\nneswharpoons	X	\nseharpooncw
+	$\normalfont{ndownharpooncw}^*$	×	\nneswharpoonsenw	₩.	\nsenwharpoons
#	\ndownupharpoons	×	\nnwharpoonccw	X	\nswharpoonccw
<del>-/-</del>	$\nleft$	X	$\n$	X	\nswharpooncw
4	$\nleft$ that poon cw $^*$	×	\nnwseharpoonnesw	×	\nswneharpoons
4	\nleftrightharpoondownup	*	\nnwseharpoons	+	\nupdownharpoonleftright
#	\nleftrightharpoons	X	\nnwseharpoonswne	+	\nupdownharpoonrightleft
4>	\nleftrightharpoonupdown	<del>/`</del>	$\nrightharpoonccw*$	#	\nupdownharpoons
X	\nneharpoonccw	+	$\nrightharpooncw^*$	7	$\nupharpoonccw^*$
X	\nneharpooncw	#	$\nrightleftharpoons$	+	$\nupharpooncw^*$
Z	\nneswharpoonnwse	×	\nseharpoonccw		

<sup>\*</sup> Where marked, the "ccw" suffix can be replaced with "up" and the "cw" suffix can be replaced with "down". (In addition, \nupharpooncw can be written as \nrestriction.)

Table 117: harpoon Extensible Harpoons

$\frac{2}{abc}$	\overleftharp{abc}	$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\overrightharpdown{abc}	$\underline{abc}$	\underrightharp{abc}
$\overline{abc}$	\overleftharpdown{abc}	$\underline{abc}$	\underleftharp{abc}	abc	\underrightharpdown{abc}
$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\overrightharp{abc}	$\underline{abc}$	\underleftharpdown{abc}		

All of the harpoon symbols are implemented using the graphics package (specifically, graphics's \resizebox command). Consequently, only TEX backends that support graphical transformations (e.g., not Xdvi) can properly display these symbols.

#### Table 118: chemarrow Arrows

→ \chemarrow

### Table 119: fge Arrows

#### Table 120: MnSymbol Spoons

1	\downfilledspoon	Xo	\nnespoon	•	\nwfilledspoon
į	\downspoon	•×	\nnwfilledspoon	٩	\nwspoon
•	\leftfilledspoon	%	\nnwspoon	-	\rightfilledspoon
<b>-</b>	\leftspoon	<b>→•</b>	\nrightfilledspoon	<b>⊸</b>	\rightspoon*
ł	\ndownfilledspoon	<del>/</del> 0	\nrightspoon*	\	\sefilledspoon
ŧ	\ndownspoon	<b>X</b> .	\nsefilledspoon	6	\sespoon
•	\nefilledspoon	Х,	\nsespoon	/	\swfilledspoon
P	\nespoon	X	\nswfilledspoon	8	\swspoon
•/-	\nleftfilledspoon	X	\nswspoon	Ť	\upfilledspoon
o <del>/</del>	\nleftspoon	ŧ	\nupfilledspoon	Ì	\upspoon
X	\nnefilledspoon	j	\nupspoon	•	

<sup>\*</sup> MnSymbol defines \multimap as a synonym for \rightspoon and \nmultimap as a synonym for \nrightspoon.

#### Table 121: MnSymbol Pitchforks

Ψ	\downpitchfork	×	\nnwpitchfork	<b>&gt;</b> −	\rightpitchfork
←	\leftpitchfork	<b>⇒</b>	\nrightpitchfork	Ŋ	\sepitchfork
4	\ndownpitchfork	×	\nsepitchfork	×	\swpitchfork
d	\nepitchfork	×	\nswpitchfork	$\forall$	\uppitchfork
#	\nleftpitchfork	#	\nuppitchfork		
×	\nnepitchfork	K	\nwpitchfork		

<sup>\*</sup> MnSymbol defines \pitchfork as a synonym for \uppitchfork and \npitchfork as a synonym for \nuppitchfork.

Table 122: MnSymbol Smiles and Frowns

<b>~</b>	\doublefrown	$\neq$	\nsmileeq	$\leq$	\smileeq
≘	\doublefrowneq	#	\nsmileeqfrown	$\cong$	\smileeqfrown
$ \forall $	\doublesmile	$\sharp$	\nsmilefrown	$\asymp$	\smilefrown
≅	\doublesmileeq	≭	\nsmilefrowneq	$\cong$	\smilefrowneq
$\overline{}$	\eqfrown	*	$\nsqdoublefrown$	\$	\sqdoublefrown
$\overline{}$	\eqsmile	≉	$\nsqdoublefrowneq$	≘	\sqdoublefrowneq
$\hat{}$	\frown	*	$\nsqdoublesmile$	*	\sqdoublesmile
$\widehat{}$	\frowneq	¥	$\nsqdoublesmileeq$	≚	\sqdoublesmileeq
€	\frowneqsmile	$\neq$	\nsqeqfrown	=	\sqeqfrown
$\circ$	\frownsmile	$\neq$	$\nsqeqsmile$	$\simeq$	\sqeqsmile
$\subseteq$	\frownsmileeq	<b>★</b>	\nsqfrown	^	\sqfrown
#	\ndoublefrown	<b>‡</b>	$\nsqfrowneq$		\sqfrowneq
≉	\ndoublefrowneq	#	$\nsqfrowneqsmile$	<b>\$</b>	\sqfrowneqsmile
*	\ndoublesmile	\$	\nsqfrownsmile	$\Diamond$	\sqfrownsmile
¥	$\ndoublessmileeq$	$\checkmark$	\nsqsmile	~	\sqsmile
$\neq$	\neqfrown	$\neq$	$\nsqsmileeq$	$\succeq$	\sqsmileeq
$\neq$	\neqsmile	¥	$\nsqsmileeqfrown$	×	$\sqsmileeqfrown$
<i>\( \psi \)</i>	\nfrown	*	$\nsqsmilefrown$	×	\sqsmilefrown
#	\nfrowneq	*	$\nsqtriplefrown$	€	\sqtriplefrown
#	\nfrowneqsmile	¥	$\nsqtriplesmile$	⊌	\sqtriplesmile
\$	\nfrownsmile	#	\ntriplefrown	€	\triplefrown
\$	\nfrownsmileeq	*	\ntriplesmile	$\cong$	\triplesmile
$\psi$	\nsmile	$\smile$	\smile		

<sup>\*</sup> MnSymbol defines \smallsmile as a synonym for \smile, \smallfrown as a synonym for \frown, \asymp as a synonym for \smilefrown, and \nasymp as a synonym for \nsmilefrown.

```
Table 123: ulsy Contradiction Symbols

| \blitza | \blitzb | \blitzc | \blitzd | \blitzc | \blit
```

```
TABLE 125: stmaryrd Extension Characters

/ \Arrownot + \Mapsfromchar + \Mapstochar
/ \arrownot + \mapsfromchar
```

#### Table 126: txfonts/pxfonts Extension Characters

\Mappedfromchar # \Mmappedfromchar # \mmapstochar \mappedfromchar # \mmapstochar

#### Table 127: mathabx Extension Characters

Table 128: Log-like Symbols

\arccos	\cos	\csc	\exp	\ker	$\label{limsup}$	$\min$	\sinh
$\arcsin$	\cosh	\deg	\gcd	\lg	$\ln$	\Pr	\sup
\arctan	\cot	\det	$\hom$	\lim	\log	\sec	\tan
\arg	\coth	\dim	$\inf$	$\label{liminf}$	$\max$	\sin	\tanh

Calling the above "symbols" may be a bit misleading.<sup>3</sup> Each log-like symbol merely produces the eponymous textual equivalent, but with proper surrounding spacing. See Section 8.4 for more information about log-like symbols. As \bmod and \pmod are arguably not symbols we refer the reader to the Short Math Guide for Late [Dow00] for samples.

$\operatorname{inj} \operatorname{lim}$	\injlim	$\varinjlim$	$\vert$ varinjlim	$\overline{\lim}$	\varlimsup
proj lim	\projlim	$\lim$	\varliminf	ļim	\varprojlim

Load the amsmath package to get these symbols. See Section 8.4 for some additional comments regarding log-like symbols. As \mod and \pod are arguably not symbols we refer the reader to the Short Math Guide for LATEX [Dow00] for samples.

Table 130: GiPA2e Number Sets

$\mathbb{C}$	\Complex	$\mathbb{Z}$	\Integer	N	\Natural	Q	$\Rational$	$\mathbb{R}$	\Real
C	\COMPLEX	Z.	\INTEGER	N	\NATURAL	Q	\RATIONAL	R	\REAL

 $<sup>^3\</sup>mathrm{Michael}$  J. Downes prefers the more general term, "atomic math objects".

#### Table 131: Greek Letters

$\alpha$	\alpha	$\theta$	\theta	o	0	au	\tau
$\beta$	\beta	$\vartheta$	\vartheta	$\pi$	\pi	v	$\upsilon$
$\gamma$	\gamma	$\iota$	\iota	$\varpi$	\varpi	$\phi$	\phi
$\delta$	\delta	$\kappa$	\kappa	$\rho$	\rho	$\varphi$	\varphi
$\epsilon$	\epsilon	$\lambda$	\lambda	$\varrho$	\varrho	$\chi$	\chi
$\varepsilon$	\varepsilon	$\mu$	\mu	$\sigma$	\sigma	$\psi$	\psi
ζ	\zeta	$\nu$	\nu	ς	\varsigma	$\omega$	\omega
$\eta$	\eta	ξ	\xi				
Γ	\Gamma	$\Lambda$	\Lambda	$\Sigma$	\Sigma	$\Psi$	\Psi
$\Delta$	\Delta	Ξ	\Xi	Υ	$\Upsilon$	Ω	\Omega
Θ	\Theta	Π	\Pi	Φ	\Phi		

The remaining Greek majuscules can be produced with ordinary Latin letters. The symbol "M", for instance, is used for both an uppercase "m" and an uppercase " $\mu$ ".

See Section 8.5 for examples of how to produce bold Greek letters.

The symbols in this table are intended to be used in mathematical typesetting. Greek body text can be typeset using the babel package's greek (or polutonikogreek) option—and, of course, a font that provides the glyphs for the Greek alphabet.

TABLE 132:  $\mathcal{F}_{MS}$  Greek Letters  $\digamma$  \digamma  $\varkappa$  \varkappa

Table 133: txfonts/pxfonts Upright Greek Letters

$\alpha$	\alphaup	θ	\thetaup	$\pi$	\piup	φ	\phiup
β	\betaup	θ	\varthetaup	$\omega$	\varpiup	φ	\varphiup
γ	\gammaup	ι	\iotaup	ρ	\rhoup	χ	\chiup
δ	\deltaup	κ	\kappaup	Q	\varrhoup	Ψ	\psiup
$\epsilon$	\epsilonup	λ	\lambdaup	$\sigma$	\sigmaup	ω	\omegaup
ε	$\vert varepsilon up$	μ	\muup	ς	\varsigmaup		
ζ	\zetaup	ν	\nuup	τ	\tauup		
η	\etaup	ξ	\xiup	υ	\upsilonup		

TABLE 134: upgreek	Upright	Greek L	etters
--------------------	---------	---------	--------

α	\upalpha	θ	\uptheta	$\pi$	\uppi	φ	\upphi
β	\upbeta	$\vartheta$	\upvartheta	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	\upvarpi	φ	\upvarphi
γ	\upgamma	ι	\upiota	ρ	\uprho	χ	\upchi
δ	\updelta	κ	\upkappa	ρ	\upvarrho	Ψ	\uppsi
3	\upepsilon	λ	\uplambda	σ	\upsigma	ω	\upomega
3	$\upvarepsilon$	μ	\upmu	σ	\upvarsigma		
ζ	\upzeta	ν	\upnu	τ	\uptau		
η	\upeta	ξ	\upxi	υ	\upupsilon		
Γ	\Upgamma	Λ	\Uplambda	$\Sigma$	\Upsigma	Ψ	\Uppsi
$\Delta$	\Updelta	Ξ	\Upxi	Y	\Upupsilon	Ω	\Upomega
Θ	\Uptheta	Π	\Uppi	Φ	\Upphi		

upgreek utilizes upright Greek characters from either the PostScript Symbol font (depicted above) or Euler Roman. As a result, the glyphs may appear slightly different from the above. Contrast, for example, " $\Gamma\Delta\Theta\alpha\beta\gamma$ " (Symbol) with " $\Gamma\Delta\Theta\alpha\beta\gamma$ " (Euler).

Table 135: fourier Variant Greek Letters

Table 136: txfonts/pxfonts Variant Latin Letters

g \vary v \vary w \vary y \vary

Pass the varg option to txfonts/pxfonts to replace g, v, w, and y with g, v, w, and y in every mathematical expression in your document.

Table 137:  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{M}}\mathcal{S}$  Hebrew Letters

☐ \beth ☐ \gimel ☐ \daleth

\aleph ( $\aleph$ ) appears in Table 201 on page 65.

Table 138: MnSymbol Hebrew Letters

ℵ \aleph □ \beth □ \gimel ¬ \daleth

Table 139: Letter-like Symbols

$\perp$	\bot	$\forall$	\forall	$\imath$	$\$ imath	$\ni$	\ni	T	\top
$\ell$	\ell	$\hbar$	\hbar	$\in$	\in	$\partial$	$\operatorname{partial}$	Ø	\wp
$\exists$	\exists	$\Im$	\Im	1	\imath	$\Re$	\Re		

TABLE	140:	AMS	Letter-like	Symbols
TUDDE	170.		LCCCCI-IIIC	O VIIIDOIS

$\Bbbk$	\Bbbk	С	\complement	$\hbar$	\hbar
®	\circledR	$\exists$	\Finv	$\hbar$	\hslash
$\odot$	\circledS	G	\Game	∄	\nexists

Table 141: txfonts/pxfonts Letter-like Symbols

 $\phi$  \mathcent £ \mathsterling\*  $\phi$  \notin  $\phi$  \notni

Table 142: mathabx Letter-like Symbols

⋶	\barin	$\in$	\in	Ŧ	\nottop	#	\varnotin
C	\complement	∄	\nexists	∋	\owns	∌	\varnotowner
3	\exists	Ł	\notbot	⊇	\ownsbar		
Ⅎ	\Finv	∉	$\n$	∂	\partial		
G	\Game	∌	\notowner	$\phi$	$\operatorname{partialslash}$		

Table 143: MnSymbol Letter-like Symbols

Τ	\bot	€	\in	∌		Т	\top
Ξ	\exists	∄	$\nexists$	€	\owns	B	\wp
$\forall$	\forall	∉	$ nin^* $	P	\powerset		

<sup>\*</sup> MnSymbol provides synonyms \notin for \nin, \ni for \owns, and \intercal for \top.

Table 144: trfsigns Letter-like Symbols

e \e j \im

 $TABLE\ 145:\ \textbf{mathdesign}\ Letter-like\ Symbols$ 

$\in$	\in	∍	\owns
∉	\notin		$\mbox{\sc smallin}$
	$\n$		\smallowns
	\notsmallowns		

The mathdesign package additionally provides versions of each of the letter-like symbols shown in Table 140.

<sup>\*</sup> It's generally preferable to use the corresponding symbol from Table 3 on page 9 because the symbols in that table work properly in both text mode and math mode.

$\forall$	\fgeA	a	\fgeeszett	В	\fgeleftB	#	\fgeU
3	\fgec	$\mathcal{A}$	\fgeF	Ö	\fgeleftC		
p	\fged	¥	\fgef	В	\fgerightB		
ð	\fgee	p	$\footnote{fgelb}^*$	$\mathbf{f}$	\fges		

<sup>\*</sup> The fge package defines  $\pm$ , fgeN, and  $\pm$  synonyms for  $\pm$ .

# Table 147: fourier Letter-like Symbols

 $\partial$  \partial

 $\partial$  \varpartialdiff

# Table 148: $\mathcal{FMS}$ Delimiters

「 \ulcorner ¬ \urcorner

## Table 149: stmaryrd Delimiters

S	\Lbag	S	\Rbag	ζ	\lbag	S	\rbag
$\prod$	\llceil	$\sqcap$	\rrceil		\llfloor		\rrfloor
(	$\label{liparenthesis}$	)	\rrparenthesis				

#### Table 150: mathabx Delimiters

\lcorners \rcorners

\ulcorner \ulcorner
\ulcorner \ulcorner
\ulcorner \ulcorner

#### Table 151: nath Delimiters

Table 152: Variable-sized Delimiters

$\downarrow$	\down	arrow	$\Downarrow$	$\qquad \qquad \downarrow$	\Downarrow	[		[	]		]
<	\lang	le	$\rangle$	$\rangle$	\rangle			1			\1
Γ	\lcei	1	]		\rceil	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	\uparrow	$\uparrow$	$\uparrow$	\Uparrow
L	\lflo	or			\rfloor	<b>‡</b>	$\uparrow$	\updownarrow	\$	$\bigoplus$	\Updownarrow
(	( (		)	)	)	{	$\left\{ \right.$	\{	}	}	\}
/	/ /		\	\	\backslash						

When used with \left and \right, these symbols expand to the height of the enclosed math expression. Note that \vert is a synonym for \, and \Vert is a synonym for \\.

 $\varepsilon$ -TEX provides a \middle analogue to \left and \right. \middle can be used, for example, to make an internal "|" expand to the height of the surrounding \left and \right symbols. (This capability is commonly needed when typesetting adjacent bras and kets in Dirac notation: " $\langle \phi | \psi \rangle$ "). A similar effect can be achieved in conventional LaTEX using the braket package.

Table 153: Large, Variable-sized Delimiters

<b>J</b>	\lmoustache	)	\rmoustache	(	\lgroup	)	\rgroup
	\arrowvert		\Arrowvert	I	\bracevert		

These symbols *must* be used with \left and \right. The mathabx package, however, redefines \lgroup and \rgroup so that those symbols can work without \left and \right.

Table 154:  $\mathcal{FMS}$  Variable-sized Delimiters

	\lvert		\rvert
	\lVert		\rVert

According to the amsmath documentation [AMS99], the preceding symbols are intended to be used as delimiters (e.g., as in "|-z|") while the \vert and \Vert symbols (Table 152) are intended to be used as operators (e.g., as in "p|q").

Table 155: stmaryrd Variable-sized Delimiters



Table 156: mathabx Variable-sized Delimiters

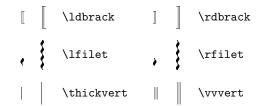
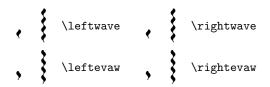


Table 157: MnSymbol Variable-sized Delimiters

ſ		\lceil	]		\rceil	г	Γ	\ulcorner	1	1	\urcorner
		\lfloor	J		\rfloor	L	L	\llcorner	ı	J	\lrcorner
}	}	\lwavy	}	}	\rwavy	(	(	\langle	>	>	\rangle
}}	}} }}	\1Wavy	}}	}}	\rWavy	(	(	\langlebar	)	)	\ranglebar
(		(	)		)	(		\lgroup	)		\rgroup
		\lsem	]		\rsem	<b>«</b>	$\langle\!\langle$	\llangle	<b>»</b>	$\rangle\rangle$	\rrangle
5	$\int$	\lmoustache	)		\rmoustache	{	$\left\{ \right.$	\lbrace	}	$\bigg\}$	\rbrace
/	/	/	\	\	\backslash	(	(	<	>	>	>
[		[	]		1	r L	Γ L	\ullcorner	J L	1	\ulrcorner
		1			\I	I		\bracevert			
I		\arrowvert			\Arrowvert						

\vert is a synonym for |. \Vert is a synonym for \|. \mid and \mvert produce the same symbol as \vert but designated as math relations instead of ordinals. \divides produces the same symbol as \vert but designated as a binary operator instead of an ordinal. \parallel and \mvert produce the same symbol as \Vert but designated as math relations instead of ordinals.

Table 158: mathdesign Variable-sized Delimiters



The definitions of these symbols include a preceding \left or \right. It is therefore an error to specify \left or \right explicitly. The internal, "primitive" versions of these symbols are called \lwave, \rwave, \levaw, and \revaw.

Table 159: nath Variable-sized Delimiters (Double)

All of the symbols in Table 159 can also be expressed using the \double macro. See the nath documentation for examples and additional information.

<sup>\*</sup> nath redefines all of the above to include implicit \left and \right commands. Hence, separate \lVert and \rVert commands are needed to disambiguate whether "|" is a left or right delimiter.

Table 160: nath Variable-sized Delimiters (Triple)

\* Similar to \lVert and \rVert in Table 159, \ltriple and \rtriple must be used instead of \triple to disambiguate whether "|" is a left or right delimiter.

Note that \triple—and the corresponding \double—is actually a macro that takes a delimiter as an argument.

Table 161: fourier Variable-sized Delimiters

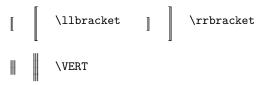


Table 162: textcomp Text-mode Delimiters

<	$\$ textlangle	$\rangle$	\textrangle
	$\text{\textlbrackdbl}$		\textrbrackdbl
{	$\text{\textlquill}$	}	$\text{\textrquill}$

Table 163: metre Text-mode Delimiters

}	\alad	} \Alad	†	\crux	†	\Crux
{	\alas	$\{$ \Alas	1	rad		\Quadrad
$\rangle$	\angud )	\Angud	${\mathbb I}$	ras		\Quadras
<	\angus	⟨ \Angus				

Table 164: Math-mode Accents

$\acute{a}$	\acute{a}	$\check{a}$	$\check{a}$	$\grave{a}$	\grave{a}	$\tilde{a}$	$\tilde{a}$
$\bar{a}$	\bar{a}	$\ddot{a}$	\ddot{a}	$\hat{a}$	\hat{a}	$\vec{a}$	$\vec{a}$
ă	\breve{a}	$\dot{a}$	\dot.{a}	å	\mathring{a}		

Also note the existence of \imath and \jmath, which produce dotless versions of "i" and "j". (See Table 201 on page 65.) These are useful when the accent is supposed to replace the dot. For example, "\hat{\imath}" produces a correct "î", while "\hat{i}" would yield the rather odd-looking " $\hat{i}$ ".

These accents are also provided by the mathabx and accents packages and are redefined by the mathdots package if the amsmath and amssymb packages have previously been loaded. All of the variations except for the original  $\mathcal{F}_{\mathcal{M}}\mathcal{S}$  ones tighten the space between the dots (from  $\ddot{a}$  to  $\ddot{a}$ ). The mathabx and mathdots versions also function properly within subscripts and superscripts ( $x^{\ddot{a}}$  instead of  $x^{\ddot{a}}$ ).

Table 166: MnSymbol Math-mode Accents

 $\vec{a}$  \vec{a}

Table 167: fge Math-mode Accents  $\dot{A} \dot{a} \quad \texttt{\formula} \\ \dot{A} \dot{a} \quad \texttt{\formula} \\ \dot{a} \\ \ \dot{a} \\ \ \dot{a} \\$ 

\* When fge is passed the crescent option, \spirituslenis instead uses a crescent accent as in "a".

Table 168: yhmath Math-mode Accents

This symbol is largely obsolete, as standard LATEX  $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  has supported \mathring since June, 1998 [LAT98].

Table 169: Extensible Accents

$\widetilde{abc}$	$\widetilde{abc}^*$	$\widehat{abc}$	$\widehat{abc}^*$
$\overleftarrow{abc}$	$\verb \overleftarrow{abc} ^\dagger$	$\overrightarrow{abc}$	$\verb \overrightarrow{abc} ^\dagger$
$\overline{abc}$	\overline{abc}	$\underline{abc}$	\underline{abc}
$\widehat{abc}$	\overbrace{abc}	$\underbrace{abc}$	\underbrace{abc}
$\sqrt{abc}$	\sqrt{abc} <sup>‡</sup>		

As demonstrated in a 1997 TUGboat article about typesetting long-division problems [Gib97], an extensible long-division sign (")abc") can be faked by putting a "\big)" in a tabular environment with an \hline or \cline in the preceding row. The article also presents a piece of code (uploaded to CTAN as longdiv.tex) that automatically solves and typesets—by putting an \overline atop "\big)" and the desired text—long-division problems. See also the polynom package, which automatically solves and typesets polynomial-division problems in a similar manner.

Table 170: overrightarrow Extensible Accents  $\overrightarrow{abc}$  \Overrightarrow{abc}

```
TABLE 171: yhmath Extensible Accents \widehat{abc} \quad \text{\wideparen\{abc\}} \quad \widehat{abc} \quad \text{\widetriangle\{abc\}} \widehat{abc} \quad \text{\widering\{abc\}}
```

Table 172: AMS Extensible Accents

$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\overleftrightarrow{abc}	$\stackrel{abc}{\Longleftrightarrow}$	\underleftrightarrow{abc}
$\underline{abc}$	\underleftarrow{abc}	$\xrightarrow{abc}$	\underrightarrow{abc}

<sup>\*</sup> These symbols are made more extensible by the MnSymbol package and even more extensible by the yhmath package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> If you're looking for an extensible *diagonal* line or arrow to be used for canceling or reducing mathematical subexpressions (e.g., "x + x" or "3 + x") then consider using the cancel package.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> With an optional argument, \sqrt typesets nth roots. For example "\sqrt[3]{abc}" produces " $\sqrt[3]{abc}$ " and "\sqrt[n]{abc}" produces " $\sqrt[n]{abc}$ ".

Table 173: MnSymbol Extensible Accents

$\widetilde{abc}$	\overbrace{abc}	$\underbrace{abc}$	\underbrace{abc}
$\widehat{abc}$	\overgroup{abc}	$\underline{abc}$	\undergroup{abc}
$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\overlinesegment{abc}	abc	\underlinesegment{abc}
$\overline{abc}$	\overleftharpoon{abc}	$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\overrightharpoon{abc}
$\widehat{abc}$	\widehat{abc}	$\widetilde{abc}$	\widetilde{abc}
$\widehat{abc}$	\wideparen{abc}		

Table 174: mathtools Extensible Accents

$\widehat{abc}$	\overbrace{abc}	$\underbrace{abc}$	\underbrace{abc}
abc	$\operatorname{\operatorname{Voverbracket}}\{\operatorname{\operatorname{abc}}\}^*$	abc	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $

<sup>\* \</sup>overbracket and \underbracket accept optional arguments that specify the bracket height and thickness. See the mathtools documentation for more information.

TABLE 175: mathabx Extensible Accents

$\overbrace{abc}$	\overbrace{abc}	$\overline{ab}c$	\widebar{abc}
$\widehat{abc}$	\overgroup{abc}	$\widecheck{abc}$	\widecheck{abc}
$\underbrace{abc}$	\underbrace{abc}	$\widehat{abc}$	\wideparen{abc}
$\underline{abc}$	\undergroup{abc}	$\hat{abc}$	\widering{abc}
$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\widearrow{abc}		

The braces shown for  $\odots$  and  $\odots$  appear in their minimum size. They can expand arbitrarily wide, however.

Table 176: fourier Extensible Accents

$\widehat{abc}$	\widearc{abc}	$\widehat{abc}$	\wideparen{abc}
$\overrightarrow{abc}$	\wideOarc{abc}	$\stackrel{\circ}{\widehat{abc}}$	\widering{abc}

Table 177: esvect Extensible Accents

 $\overrightarrow{abc}$  \vv{abc} with package option a

 $\overrightarrow{abc}$  \vv{abc} with package option b

abc \vv{abc} with package option c

 $\overrightarrow{abc}$  \vv{abc} with package option d

 $\overrightarrow{abc}$  \vv{abc} with package option e

abc \vv{abc} with package option f

abc \vv{abc} with package option g

 $\overrightarrow{abc}$  \vv{abc} with package option h

esvect also defines a \vv\* macro which is used to typeset arrows over vector variables with subscripts. See the esvect documentation for more information.

Table 178: undertilde Extensible Accents

abc \utilde{abc}

Because \utilde is based on \widetilde it is also made more extensible by the yhmath package.

Table 179: ushort Extensible Accents

abc \ushortdw{abc} abc \ushortw{abc}

\ushortw and \ushortdw are intended to be used with multi-character arguments ("words") while \ushortand \ushortd are intended to be used with single-character arguments.

The underlines produced by the ushort commands are shorter than those produced by the \underline command. Consider the output from the expression "\ushort{x}\ushort{y}\underline{x}\underline{y}", which looks like "xyxy".

Table 180:  $\mathcal{FMS}$  Extensible Arrows

 $\stackrel{abc}{\longleftarrow}$  \xleftarrow{abc}  $\stackrel{abc}{\longrightarrow}$  \xrightarrow{abc}

Table 181: mathtools Extensible Arrows

$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftrightarrow}$	\xhookleftarrow{abc}	$\stackrel{\angle abc}{\longleftarrow}$	\xleftrightharpoons{abc}
$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftrightarrow}$	\xhookrightarrow{abc}	$\xrightarrow{abc}$	\xmapsto{abc}
$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftarrow}$	\xLeftarrow{abc}	$\xrightarrow{abc}$	\xRightarrow{abc}
abc	\xleftharpoondown{abc}	$\frac{abc}{}$	\xrightharpoondown{abc}
$\angle abc$	\xleftharpoonup{abc}	abc	\xrightharpoonup{abc}
$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftrightarrow}$	\xleftrightarrow{abc}	$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftarrow}$	\xrightleftharpoons{abc}
$\stackrel{abc}{\Longleftrightarrow}$	\xLeftrightarrow{abc}		

Table 182: chemarr Extensible Arrows

 $\stackrel{abc}{\longleftarrow}$  \xrightleftharpoons{abc}

Table 183: chemarrow Extensible Arrows

In addition to the symbols shown above, chemarrow also provides \larrowfill, \rarrowfill, \leftrightharpoonsfill, and \rightleftharpoonsfill macros. Each of these takes a length argument and produces an arrow of the specified length.

Table 184: extarrows Extensible Arrows

$\stackrel{abc}{\Longleftrightarrow}$	\xLeftrightarrow{abc}	$\stackrel{abc}{\Longleftrightarrow}$	\xLongleftrightarrow{abc}
$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftrightarrow}$	\xleftrightarrow{abc}	$\xleftarrow{abc}$	\xlongleftrightarrow{abc}
$\frac{abc}{}$	\xlongequal{abc}	$\xrightarrow{abc}$	\xLongrightarrow{abc}
$\stackrel{abc}{\longleftarrow}$	\xLongleftarrow{abc}	$\xrightarrow{abc}$	\xlongrightarrow{abc}
$\xleftarrow{abc}$	\xlongleftarrow{abc}		

Table 185: extpfeil Extensible Arrows

The extpfeil package also provides a \newextarrow command to help you define your own extensible arrow symbols. See the extpfeil documentation for more information.

The DotArrow package provides mechanisms for lengthening the arrow, adjusting the distance between the arrow and its symbol, and altering the arrowhead. See the DotArrow documentation for more information.

Table 187: trfsigns Extensible Transform Symbols

$$\vdash_{a}$$
 \dft{a}  $\vdash_{a}$  \DFT{a}

Table 188: holtpolt Non-commutative Division Symbols

#### Table 189: Dots

· \cdotp : \colon\* . \ldotp : \vdots  $^{\dagger}$  ... \ldots

<sup>\*</sup> While ":" is valid in math mode, \colon uses different surrounding spacing. See Section 8.4 and the Short Math Guide for LATEX [Dow00] for more information on math-mode spacing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> The mathdots package redefines \ddots and \vdots to make them scale properly with font size. (They normally scale horizontally but not vertically.) \fixedddots and \fixedvdots provide the original, fixed-height functionality of IATEX  $2\varepsilon$ 's \ddots and \vdots macros.

#### Table 190: $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{M}}\mathcal{S}$ Dots

 $\cdots$  \because\*  $\cdots$  \dotsi  $\cdots$  \therefore\*  $\cdots$  \dotsb

... \dotsc ... \dotso

The AMS \dots\_ symbols are named according to their intended usage: \dotsb between pairs of binary operators/relations, \dotsc between pairs of commas, \dotsi between pairs of integrals, \dotsm between pairs of multiplication signs, and \dotso between other symbol pairs.

Table 191: wasysym Dots

∴ \wasytherefore

#### Table 192: MnSymbol Dots

MnSymbol defines \therefore as \uptherefore and \because as \downtherefore. Furthermore, \cdotp and \colon produce the same glyphs as \cdot and \vdotdot respectively but serve as TEX math punctuation (class 6 symbols) instead of TEX binary operators (class 2).

All of the above except \hdots and \vdots are defined as binary operators and therefore also appear in Table 50 on page 23. Also, unlike most of the other dot symbols in this document, MnSymbol's dots are defined as single characters instead of as composites of multiple single-dot characters.

Table 193: mathdots Dots

·· \iddots

Table 194: yhmath Dots

·· \adots

Table 195: teubner Dots

: \: : \; : \? :: \antilabe

<sup>\* \</sup>because and \therefore are defined as binary relations and therefore also appear in Table 68 on page 30.

		Тан	BLE 19	6: mathcomp Math Sy	mbols		
°C µ	\tccentig \tcmu	rade		\tcohm \tcpertenthousand	‰	\tcper	thousand
			Tabl	E 197: marvosym Digit	ts		
\MVZ		\MVTw \MVTh	ree	· ·	\MVS \MVS	ix even	\MVEight \MVNine
				ABLE 198: fge Digits			
	1	)	gestrı	ıckzero ł \fges	truck	one	
		T	ABLE 1	99: dozenal Base-12 D	igits		
				2 /x & /e			
		$\mathbf{T}_{A}$	ABLE 2	200: mathabx Mayan D	igits		
				: \maya{2}			
	_	20	. 35	11 THE TO 15			

# Table 201: Miscellaneous LATEX $2_{\mathcal{E}}$ Math Symbols

X Z	\aleph \angle	$\Diamond$	\Diamond* \diamondsuit	$\infty$	\infty \mho*	, t	\prime
\	\backslash \Box*,†	þ	\emptyset <sup>‡</sup> \flat	∇ \$	\nabla \natural	·	\spadesuit
*	\clubsuit	$\Diamond$	\heartsuit	$\neg$	\neg	$\triangle$	\triangle

<sup>\*</sup> Not predefined in IATEX  $2_{\mathcal{E}}$ . Use one of the packages latexsym, amsfonts, amssymb, txfonts, pxfonts, or wasysym. Note, however, that amsfonts and amssymb define \Diamond to produce the same glyph as \lozenge ("\0'); the other packages produce a squarer \Diamond as depicted above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> To use \Box—or any other symbol—as an end-of-proof (Q.E.D.) marker, consider using the **ntheorem** package, which properly juxtaposes a symbol with the end of the proof text.

 $<sup>^\</sup>ddagger$  Many people prefer the look of  $\mathcal{FMS}$  's `varnothing ("Ø", Table 202) to that of LaTeX's `varnothing ("Ø", Table 202) to that of

Table 202:	Miscellaneous	AMS	Math	Symbols
------------	---------------	-----	------	---------

_	\angle	▼	\blacktriangledown	Ω	$\mbox{$\$
1	\backprime		\diagdown	⋖	\sphericalangle
*	\bigstar	/	\diagup		\square
<b>♦</b>	\blacklozenge	$\mathfrak{g}$	\eth	$\nabla$	\triangledown
	\blacksquare	$\Diamond$	\lozenge	Ø	$\vert$ varnothing
<b>A</b>	$\blue{blacktriangle}$	4	\measuredangle	Δ	$\$ vartriangle

Table 203: Miscellaneous wasysym Math Symbols

 $\square$  \Box  $\diamondsuit$  \Diamond  $\mho$  \mho\*  $\sphericalangle$  \varangle

#### Table 204: Miscellaneous txfonts/pxfonts Math Symbols

•	\Diamondblack	λ	\lambdaslash	•	\varheartsuit
$\Diamond$	\Diamonddot	ф	\varclubsuit	$\Diamond$	\varspadesuit

#### Table 205: Miscellaneous mathabx Math Symbols

```
\degree
                \fourth
                                       \measuredangle
                                                               \second
                                       \pitchfork
\diagdown
                \hash
                                                           ¥
                                                               \sphericalangle
\diagup
                \infty
                                   \propto
                                       \propto
                                                           ///
                                                               \third
            \infty
                                   / \rightthreetimes
\diameter
                \leftthreetimes
                                                               \varhash
```

#### Table 206: Miscellaneous MnSymbol Math Symbols

_	\angle	$\Diamond$	\diamondsuit	¥	\maltese	#	\sharp
_	\backneg	Ь	\flat	∡	\measuredangle	ſ	\smallint
1	\backprime	$\Diamond$	\heartsuit	$\nabla$	\nabla	٠	\spadesuit
$\checkmark$	\checkmark	$\infty$	\infty	Ц	\natural	∢	\sphericalangle
*	\clubsuit	_	\invbackneg	$\neg$	\neg		
Ø	\diameter	_	\invneg	1	\prime		

MnSymbol defines \emptyset and \varnothing as synonyms for \diameter; \lnot and \minushookdown as synonyms for \neg; \minushookup as a synonym for \invneg; \hookdownminus as a synonym for \backneg; and, \hookupminus as a synonym for \invbackneg.

<sup>\*</sup> wasysym also defines an \agem0 symbol, which is the same glyph as \mho but is intended for use in text mode.

Table 207:	Miscellaneous	Internal	MnSymbol	Math	Symbols

• • •	\partialvardint	•••	\partialvartint
$\overline{}$	\partialvardlanddownint	$\smile$	\partialvartlanddownint
$\overline{}$	\partialvardlandupint	^	\partialvartlandupint
O	\partialvardlcircleleftint	Ð	\partialvartlcircleleftint
0	\partialvardlcirclerightint	0	\partialvartlcirclerightint
$\circ$	\partialvardoiint	0	\partialvartoiint
0	\partialvardoint	0	\partialvartoint
O	\partialvardrcircleleftint	Ð	\partialvartrcircleleftint
G	\partialvardrcirclerightint	G	\partialvartrcirclerightint
_	\partialvardstrokedint	-	\partialvartstrokedint
$\sum$	\partialvardsumint	Σ	\partialvartsumint

These symbols are intended to be used internally by MnSymbol to construct the integrals appearing in Table 64 on page 29 but can nevertheless be used in isolation.

Table 208: Miscellaneous textcomp Text-mode Math Symbols

•	\textdegree* \textdiv	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$	\textonehalf <sup>†</sup> \textonequarter <sup>†</sup>	$\frac{3}{4}$	\textthreequarters <sup>†</sup> \textthreesuperior
/	\textfractionsolidus	1	\textonesuperior	X	\texttimes
$\neg$	\textlnot	$\pm$	\textpm	2	\texttwosuperior
_	\textminus	$\sqrt{}$	\textsurd		

<sup>\*</sup> If you prefer a larger degree symbol you might consider defining one as "\ensuremath{^\circ}" ("").

Table 209: Miscellaneous marvosym Math Symbols

\Anglesign	\Squaredot	$\V$ ectorarrowhigh
\Corresponds	\Vectorarrow	

#### Table 210: Miscellaneous fge Math Symbols

\	\fgebackslash	$\sim$	\fgecap	<u>ن</u>	\fgecupacute	7	\fgelangle
<u>'</u>	\fgebaracute	$\subseteq$	\fgecapbar	$\simeq$	\fgecupbar	_	\fgeupbracket
$\overline{}$	\fgebarcap	$\cup$	\fgecup	$\circ$	\fgeinfty		

Table 211: Miscellaneous mathdesign Math Symbols

#### \rightangle

### Table 212: Miscellaneous arev Math Symbols

<b></b>	\steaming	<b>♦</b>	\vardiamond	\varspade
Gp	\varclub	~	\varheart	

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  nicefrac (part of the units package) or the newer xfrac package can be used to construct vulgar fractions like "1/2", "1/4", "3/4", and even "c/o".

Table 213: Math Alphabets

Font sample	Generating command	Required package
ABCdef123	\mathrm{ABCdef123}	none
ABC def 123	\mathit{ABCdef123}	none
ABCdef123	\mathnormal{ABCdef123}	none
$\mathcal{ABC}$	\mathcal{ABC}	none
ABC	\mathscr{ABC}	mathrsfs
or	\mathcal{ABC}	calrsfs
ABC	\mathcal{ABC}	euscript with the mathcal option
or	\mathscr{ABC}	euscript with the mathscr option
ABCdef123	\mathpzc{ABCdef123}	none; manually defined*
$\mathbb{ABC}$	\mathbb{ABC}	amsfonts,§ amssymb, txfonts, or pxfonts
$\mathbb{A}\mathbb{B}\mathbb{C}$	\varmathbb{ABC}	txfonts or pxfonts
ABCdef123	\mathbb{ABCdef123}	bbold ${ m or}$ mathbbol $^\dagger$
ABCdef123	\mathbb{ABCdef123}	mbboard <sup>†</sup>
ABCdef12	\mathbbm{ABCdef12}	bbm
ABCdef12	\mathbbmss{ABCdef12}	bbm
ABCdef12	\mathbbmtt{ABCdef12}	bbm
ABC1	\mathds{ABC1}	dsfont
A\IBC1	\mathds{ABC1}	dsfont with the sans option
ABC	\symA\symB\symC	china2e <sup>‡</sup>
ABCdef123	\mathfrak{ABCdef123}	eufrak
ABCdef123	\textfrak{ABCdef123}	yfonts <sup>¶</sup>
U3Cbef123	\textswab{ABCdef123}	yfonts <sup>¶</sup>
ABCat123	\textgoth{ABCdef123}	yfonts <sup>¶</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>Put "\DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathpzc}{OT1}{pzc}{m}{it}" in your document's preamble to make \mathpzc typeset its argument in Zapf Chancery. As a similar trick, you can typeset the Calligra font's script "\(\rho\)" (or other calligraphic symbols) in math mode by loading the calligra package and putting "\DeclareMathAlphabet{\mathcalligra}{T1}{calligra}{m}{n}" in your document's preamble to make \mathcalligra typeset its argument in the Calligra font. (You may also want to specify "\DeclareFontShape{T1}{calligra}{m}{n}{n}<->s\*[2.2]callig15}{}" to set Calligra at 2.2 times its design size for a better blend with typical body fonts.)

mbboard extends the blackboard bold symbol set significantly further. It supports not only the Greek alphabet—including "Greek-like" symbols such as \bbnabla (" $\mathbb{V}$ ")—but also *all* punctuation marks, various currency symbols such as \bbdollar (" $\mathbb{S}$ ") and \bbeuro (" $\mathbb{S}$ "), and the Hebrew alphabet (e.g., "\bbfinalnun\bbyod\bbqof\bbpe"  $\rightarrow$  " $\mathbb{P}\mathbb{D}$ ").

<sup>†</sup> The mathbbol package defines some additional blackboard bold characters: parentheses, square brackets, angle brackets, and—if the bbgreekl option is passed to mathbbol—Greek letters. For instance, "<[[(@fo])]>" is produced by "\mathbb{\Langle\Lbrack\Lparen\bbalpha\bbbeta\bbgamma\Rparen\Rbrack\Rangle}".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> The \sym... commands provided by the GiNA2e package are actually text-mode commands. They are included in Table 213 because they resemble the blackboard-bold symbols that appear in the rest of the table. In addition to the 26 letters of the English alphabet, GiNA2e provides three umlauted blackboard-bold letters: \symAE ("A"), \symOE ("O"), and \symUE ("O"). Note that GiNA2e does provide math-mode commands for the most common number-set symbols. These are presented in Table 130 on page 49.

- ¶ As their \text... names imply, the fonts provided by the yfonts package are actually text fonts. They are included in Table 213 because they are frequently used in a mathematical context.
- § An older (i.e., prior to 1991) version of the  $\mathcal{F}_{M}S$ 's fonts rendered  $\mathbb{C}$ ,  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{S}$ , and  $\mathbb{Z}$  as  $\mathbb{C}$ ,  $\mathbb{N}$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$ ,  $\mathbb{S}$ , and  $\mathbb{Z}$ . As some people prefer the older glyphs—much to the  $\mathcal{F}_{M}S$ 's surprise—and because those glyphs fail to build under modern versions of METAFONT, Berthold Horn uploaded PostScript fonts for the older blackboard-bold glyphs to CTAN, to the fonts/msym10 directory. As of this writing, however, there are no LaTeX  $2\varepsilon$  packages for utilizing the now-obsolete glyphs.

# 4 Science and technology symbols

This section lists symbols that are employed in various branches of science and engineering.

Table 214: gensymb Symbols Defined to Work in Both Math and Text Mode

$$^{\circ}C$$
 \celsius  $\mu$  \micro  $\%$  \perthousand  $^{\circ}$  \degree  $\Omega$  \ohm

Table 215: wasysym Electrical and Physical Symbols

$$\sim$$
 \AC  $\approx$  \VHF  $\sim\sim$  \photon F \HF  $\sim$  \gluon

Table 216: ifsym Pulse Diagram Symbols

In addition, within \textifsym{...}, the following codes are valid:

This enables one to write "\textifsym{mm<DDD>mm}" to get "\" or "\textifsym{L|H|L|H|L}" to get "\". See also the timing package, which provides a wide variety of pulse-diagram symbols within an environment designed specifically for typesetting pulse diagrams.

Finally, \textifsym supports the display of segmented digits, as would appear on an LCD: "\textifsym{-123.456}" produces "- |23,456". "\textifsym{b}" outputs a blank with the same width as an "8".

Table 217: ar Aspect Ratio Symbol

$$AR \setminus AR$$

Table 218: textcomp Text-mode Science and Engineering Symbols

$$^{\circ}C$$
 \textcelsius  $\mho$  \textmho  $\mu$  \textmu  $\Omega$  \textohm

Table 219: steinmetz Extensible Phasor Symbol

$$\underline{/abc}$$
 \phase{abc}

The \phase command uses the pict2e package to draw a horizontally and vertically scalable Steinmetz phasor symbol. Consequently, \phase works only with those TeX backends supported by pict2e. See the pict2e documentation for more information.

			Table 22	20: wa	sysym Astronomi	ical Sy	vmbols		
φ φ	\mercury \venus	ð ♂	\earth \mars	Դ †չ	\jupiter \saturn	<b>♦</b>	\uranus \neptune	Р	\pluto
$\odot$	\astrosun	0	\fullmoon	C	\leftmoon	•	\newmoon	D	\rightmoon
$\mathbb{X}$	\aries \taurus \gemini	m N S	\cancer \leo \virgo	${\mathbb{M}}$	\libra \scorpio \sagittarius	≈ る H	\aquarius \capricornu \pisces	ıs	
Ω	\ascnode	8	\descnode	ď	\conjunction	80	\opposition	ı Y	\vernal
	TABLE 221: marvosym Astronomical Symbols  \Mercury \Earth \Jupiter \Uranus \Pluto \Venus \Mars \Saturn \Neptune								
	\Moo		\Sun		(Sasarii		(Nopoune		
	\Aries \Cance \Taurus \Leo \Gemini \Virgo			)					}
			Tabab 96	)))	4h a h A - t	1 C-			
	♥ \Merc	•	⊕ \Earth d \Mars		thabx Astronomi	ð	\Uranus		luto arEarth
	O \full	moon	<pre>( \leftm</pre>	noon	• \newmoon	D	\rightmoon	⊙ \s	un
	Υ \Arie	:S	∀ \Tauru	ıs	II \Gemini				
	mathabx also defines \girl as an alias for \Venus, \boy as an alias for \Mars, and \Moon as an alias for \leftmoon.								
			Tabl	ье 223	: wasysym APL S	Symbo	ols		
	Ω ∇ \. <b>□</b> \.	APLbos APLcor APLdor APLdor APLin	nment wn wnarrowbox	⊕ ⊛ –	\APLinv \APLleftarrowb \APLlog \APLminus \APLrightarrow		<ul> <li>★ \APLstar</li> <li>△ \APLup</li> <li>① \APLupar</li> <li>→ \notback</li> <li>✓ \notslas</li> </ul>	rowbox	:

Table 224: wasysym APL Modifiers

Table 225: marvosym Computer Hardware Symbols

\ComputerMouse	\ParallelPort	\SerialInterface
\Keyboard	\Printer	\SerialPort

Table 226: keystroke Computer Keys

Alt	\Alt	Enter	\Enter*	PrtSc	\PrtSc*
AltGr	\AltGr	Esc	\Esc*	$] \rightarrow ]$	\RArrow
Break	\Break*	Home	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	$\leftarrow$	\Return
	\BSpace <sup>†</sup>	Ins	$\Ins^*$	Scroll	$\Scroll^*$
Ctrl	\Ctrl*	$\leftarrow$	\LArrow	Shift ↑	$\Shift^*$
$\square$	\DArrow	Num	$\NumLock$		\Spacebar
Del	\Del*	$Page\downarrow$	$\verb \PgDown ^*$	$\Longrightarrow$	${ackslash}^{\dagger}$
End	\End*	Page ↑	\PgUp*		\UArrow

<sup>\*</sup> Changes based on the language option passed to the keystroke package. For example, the german option makes \Del produce " [Entf]" instead of " [Del]".

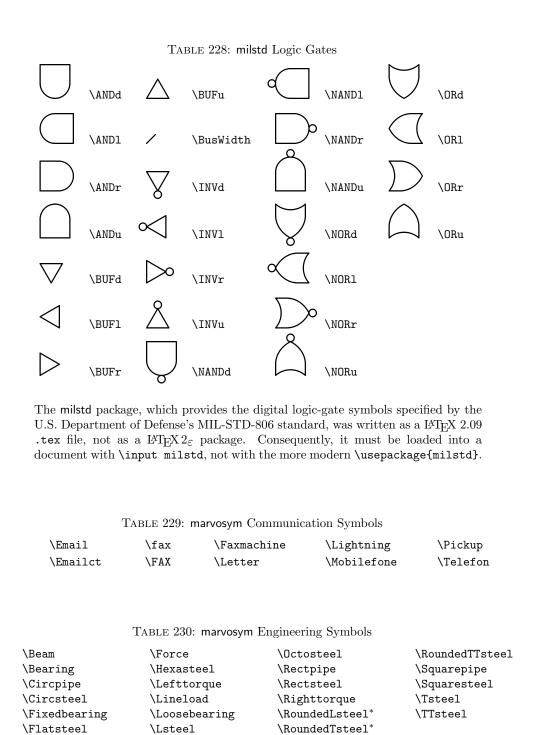
The \keystroke command draws a key with an arbitrary label. For example, "\keystroke{F7}" produces "F7".

Table 227: ascii Control Characters (CP437)

☺	\SOH		\BS	*	\SI	-	\SYN	<b>*</b>	\GS
⊕	\STX	0	\HT	<b>&gt;</b>	\DLE	<b>‡</b>	\ETB	<b>A</b>	\RS
•	\ETX	0	\LF	<	\DCa	1	\CAN	•	\US
<b>♦</b>	\EOT	♂	\VT	\$	\DCb	<b>↓</b>	\EM		
•	\ENQ	₽	\FF	!!	\DCc	<b>→</b>	\SUB		
•	\ACK	Þ	\CR	$\mathbb P$	\DCd	←	\ESC		
•	\BEL	Я	\S0	§	\NAK	L	\FS		
			_						
	\DEL	N <sub>B</sub> <sub>p</sub>	\NBSP	$^{\rm w}{\rm u}_{\rm L}$	\NUL		\spli	tvert	

Code Page 437 (CP437), which was first utilized by the original IBM PC, uses the symbols \S0H through \US to depict ASCII characters 1–31 and \DEL to depict ASCII character 127. The \NUL symbol, not part of CP437, represents ASCII character 0. \NBSP, also not part of CP437, represents a nonbreaking space. \splitvert is merely the "|" character drawn as it was on the IBM PC.

 $<sup>^\</sup>dagger$  These symbols utilize the  ${\sf rotating}$  package and therefore display improperly in most DVI viewers.



<sup>\* \</sup>RoundedLsteel and \RoundedTsteel seem to be swapped, at least in the 2000/05/01 version of marvosym.

 $\RoundedTsteel^*$ 

\Flatsteel

Table 231: wasysym Biological Symbols

\female ♂ \male

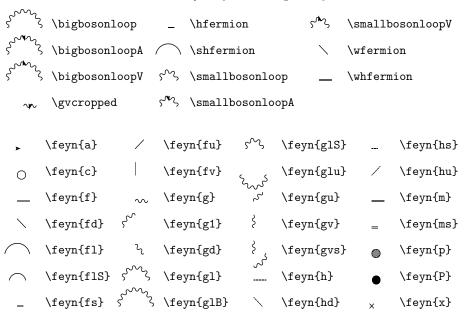
Table 232: marvosym Biological Symbols

\Female	\FemaleMale	\MALE	$\N$ eutral
\FEMALE	\Hermaphrodite	\Male	
\FemaleFemale	\HERMAPHRODITE	\MaleMale	

Table 233: marvosym Safety-related Symbols

\Biohazard	\CEsign	\Explosionsafe	$\Radioactivity$
\BSEfree	\Estatically	\Laserbeam	$\S$ topsign

Table 234: feyn Feynman Diagram Symbols



All other arguments to the \feyn command produce a "@" symbol.

The feyn package provides various commands for composing the preceding symbols into complete Feynman diagrams. See the feyn documentation for examples and additional information.

## 5 Dingbats

Dingbats are symbols such as stars, arrows, and geometric shapes. They are commonly used as bullets in itemized lists or, more generally, as a means to draw attention to the text that follows.

The pifont dingbat package warrants special mention. Among other capabilities, pifont provides a LATEX interface to the Zapf Dingbats font (one of the standard 35 PostScript fonts). However, rather than name each of the dingbats individually, pifont merely provides a single \ding command, which outputs the character that lies at a given position in the font. The consequence is that the pifont symbols can't be listed by name in this document's index, so be mindful of that fact when searching for a particular symbol.

```
Table 235: bbding Arrows
 \ArrowBoldDownRight
                                                        \ArrowBoldRightShort
                                                                                                            \ArrowBoldUpRight
 \ArrowBoldRightCircled
                                                        \ArrowBoldRightStrobe
                                              Table 236: pifont Arrows
\ding{212}
                              \ding{221}
                                                              \ding{230}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \{239\}
                                                                                                                            \ding{249}
                              \ding{222}
\ding{213}
                                                              \ding{231}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 241 \end{cases}
                                                                                                                            \ding{250}
\displaystyle \begin{cases} 214 \end{cases}
                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 223 \end{cases}
                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 232 \end{cases}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 242 \end{cases}
                                                                                                                            \ding{251}
\displaystyle \begin{array}{l} \text{ding} \{215\} \end{array}
                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 224 \end{cases}
                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 233 \end{cases}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 243 \end{cases}
                                                                                                                            \displaystyle \begin{cases} 252 \end{cases}
\displaystyle \begin{cases} 216 \end{cases}
                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 225 \end{cases}
                                                      ┎;
                                                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 234 \end{cases}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 244 \end{cases}
                                                                                                                            \ding{253}
\ding{217}
                              \ding{226}
                                                              \ding{235}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \{245\}
                                                                                                                            \ding{254}
                                                                                             \ding{246}
\ding{218}
                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 227 \end{cases}
                                                             \ding{236}
\displaystyle \begin{cases} 219 \end{cases}
                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 228 \end{cases}
                                                              \ding{237}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 247 \end{cases}
\ding{220}
                              \displaystyle \begin{cases} 229 \end{cases}
                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 238 \end{cases}
                                                                                             \displaystyle \begin{cases} 248 \end{cases}
                                            Table 237: universal Arrows
                                          \bauarrow
                                                                       \bauwhitearrow
                                          Table 238: marvosym Scissors
                             \Cutleft
                                                        \Cutright
                                                                                    \Leftscissors
                             \Cutline
                                                        \Kutline
                                                                                    \Rightscissors
                                             Table 239: bbding Scissors
                  \ScissorHollowLeft
                                                                            \ScissorLeftBrokenTop
         ×
                  \ScissorHollowRight
                                                                            \ScissorRight
                                                                            \ScissorRightBrokenBottom
                  \ScissorLeft
                                                                            \ScissorRightBrokenTop
                  \ScissorLeftBrokenBottom
```

Table 240: pifont Scissors

 $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 35 \end{cases}$ 

\ding{33} > \ding{34} >

## Table 241: dingbat Pencils



## Table 242: bbding Pencils and Nibs

- ♦ \NibLeft
  PencilLeft
  \PencilRightDown
  \NibRight
  \PencilLeftDown
  \PencilRightUp
- \NibSolidLeft\PencilLeftUp\NibSolidRight\PencilRight

## Table 243: pifont Pencils and Nibs

## TABLE 244: dingbat Fists

- | \leftthumbsdown | \rightthumbsdown
- | \leftthumbsup | \delta| \rightthumbsup

## Table 245: bbding Fists

- → \HandCuffLeft ✓ \HandCuffRightUp 💪 \HandPencilLeft
- HandCuffLeftUp
   □
   \HandLeft
   □
   \HandRight

   HandCuffRight
   □
   \HandLeftUp
   \HandRightUp

## Table 246: pifont Fists

## Table 247: fourier Fists

## Table 248: bbding Crosses and Plusses

- † \CrossOpenShadow \PlusOutline
- ↑ \CrossBoldOutline ↑ \CrossOutline → \PlusThinCenterOpen ↑ \CrossClowerTips → \Plus
  - CrossMaltese PlusCenterOpen

Table 250: bbding Xs and Check Marks

✓	\Checkmark	X	\XSolid	X	\XSolidBrush
1	\CheckmarkBold	×	\XSolidBold		

Table 251: pifont Xs and Check Marks

Table 252: wasysym  $\operatorname{Xs}$  and Check Marks

 $\square$  \CheckedBox  $\square$  \Square  $\boxtimes$  \XBox

 $\ensuremath{\mathrm{TABLE}}\xspace$   $253\ensuremath{\mathrm{:}}\xspace$  universal Xs

★ \baucross

## Table 254: pifont Circled Numbers

1	\ding{172}	0	\ding{182}	1	\ding{192}	0	\ding{202}
2	\ding{173}	<b>2</b>	\ding{183}	2	\ding{193}	2	$\displaystyle \{203\}$
3	\ding{174}	•	$\displaystyle \{184\}$	3	\ding{194}	•	$\displaystyle \{204\}$
4	\ding{175}	4	\ding{185}	4	\ding{195}	4	$\displaystyle \{205\}$
<b>⑤</b>	\ding{176}	6	\ding{186}	(5)	\ding{196}	0	\ding{206}
6	\ding{177}	<b>6</b>	\ding{187}	6	\ding{197}	0	\ding{207}
7	\ding{178}	0	\ding{188}	7	\ding{198}	0	$\displaystyle \{208\}$
8	\ding{179}	8	\ding{189}	8	\ding{199}	8	$\displaystyle \{209\}$
9	\ding{180}	9	\ding{190}	9	\ding{200}	0	$\displaystyle \{210\}$
10	\ding{181}	•	\ding{191}	10	\ding{201}	0	$\displaystyle \{211\}$

pifont (part of the psnfss package) provides a dingautolist environment which resembles enumerate but uses circled numbers as bullets.<sup>4</sup> See the psnfss documentation for more information.

Table 255: wasysym Stars

```
\Leftrightarrow \davidsstar 	imes \hexstar 	imes \varhexstar
```

 $<sup>^4\</sup>mathrm{In}$  fact,  $\mathtt{dingautolist}$  can use any set of consecutive Zapf Dingbats symbols.

Table 256: bbding Stars, Flowers, and Similar S	Shapes
---	--------

*	\Asterisk	*	\FiveFlowerPetal	• †•	\JackStar
*	\AsteriskBold	$\star$	\FiveStar	*	\JackStarBold
*	\AsteriskCenterOpen	$\Rightarrow$	\FiveStarCenterOpen	*	\SixFlowerAlternate
*	\AsteriskRoundedEnds	$\Rightarrow$	\FiveStarConvex	*	\SixFlowerAltPetal
*	\AsteriskThin	$\Rightarrow$	\FiveStarLines	*	\SixFlowerOpenCenter
> <	\AsteriskThinCenterOpen	$\stackrel{\wedge}{>}$	\FiveStarOpen	₩	\SixFlowerPetalDotted
$\Diamond$	\DavidStar	$\odot$	\FiveStarOpenCircled	*	\SixFlowerPetalRemoved
*	\DavidStarSolid	$\bigstar$	\FiveStarOpenDotted	8	\SixFlowerRemovedOpenPetal
*	\EightAsterisk	$\star$	\FiveStarOutline	*	\SixStar
	\EightFlowerPetal	$\Rightarrow$	\FiveStarOutlineHeavy	*	\SixteenStarLight
*	\EightFlowerPetalRemoved	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	\FiveStarShadow	*	\Snowflake
*	\EightStar	+	\FourAsterisk	*	\SnowflakeChevron
*	\EightStarBold	$\Re$	\FourClowerOpen	₩	\SnowflakeChevronBold
*	\EightStarConvex	*	\FourClowerSolid	*	\Sparkle
*	\EightStarTaper	<b>*</b>	\FourStar	*	\SparkleBold
*	\FiveFlowerOpen	<b></b>	\FourStarOpen	*	\TwelweStar

## Table 257: pifont Stars, Flowers, and Similar Shapes

✡	$\displaystyle \{65\}$	0	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{74\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{83\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{92\}$	*	$\displaystyle \begin{cases} 101 \end{cases}$
+	$\displaystyle \{66\}$	$\Rightarrow$	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{75\}$	*	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{84\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{93\}$	*	$\displaystyle \begin{cases} 102 \end{cases}$
•	$\displaystyle \{67\}$	$\bigstar$	$\displaystyle \texttt{ding}\{76\}$	*	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{85\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{94\}$	*	$\displaystyle \begin{cases} 103 \end{cases}$
*	$\displaystyle \{68\}$	$\bigstar$	$\displaystyle \{77\}$	*	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{86\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{95\}$	*	$\displaystyle \begin{cases} 104 \end{cases}$
<b></b>	$\displaystyle \{69\}$	<b>*</b>	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{78\}$	*	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{87\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{96\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{105\}$
<b>*</b>	$\displaystyle \{70\}$	*	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{79\}$	*	$\displaystyle \texttt{\ding}\{88\}$		$\displaystyle \{97\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{106\}$
<b>\$</b>	$\displaystyle \{71\}$	公	$\displaystyle \{80\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{89\}$	0	$\displaystyle \{98\}$	*	$\displaystyle \begin{cases} 107 \end{cases}$
*	$\displaystyle \{72\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{81\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{90\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{99\}$		
$\stackrel{\wedge}{\bowtie}$	$\displaystyle \{73\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{82\}$	*	$\displaystyle \{91\}$	*	\ding{100}		

## Table 258: fourier Ornaments

¥	\aldine	Ж	\decoone	<b>(*)</b>	\floweroneright
\$	\aldineleft	<b></b>	\decosix	•	\leafleft
$\mathcal{Z}$	\aldineright	ூ	\decothreeleft		\leafNE
<del>)</del>	\aldinesmall	∿	\decothreeright	-	\leafright
္	\decofourleft	8	\decotwo	+	\starredbullet
<b>6</b> 2	\decofourright	47	\floweroneleft		

## Table 259: wasysym Geometric Shapes

 $\bigcirc$  \hexagon  $\bigcirc$  \octagon  $\bigcirc$  \pentagon  $\bigcirc$  \varhexagon

## Table 260: MnSymbol Geometric Shapes

$\star$	\filledlargestar	$\Diamond$	\largediamond	$\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$	\largestar	$\Diamond$	\smalllozenge
<b>•</b>	\filledlozenge	$\Diamond$	\largelozenge	$\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\nabla}$	$\label{largestarofdavid} $$ \argestarofdavid $$$		
<b>♦</b>	\filledmedlozenge	$\bigstar$	\largepentagram	$\Diamond$	\medlozenge		
$\bigcirc$	\largecircle		\largesquare	\$	$\mbox{\tt medstarofdavid}$		

MnSymbol defines \bigcirc as a synonym for \largecircle; \bigstar as a synonym for \filledlargestar; \lozenge as a synonym for \medlozenge; and, \blacklozenge as a synonym for \filledmedlozenge.

## Table 261: ifsym Geometric Shapes

_					
$\bigcirc$	\BigCircle		$\P$	0	\SmallCircle
$\times$	\BigCross		\FilledBigTriangleUp	×	\SmallCross
$\Diamond$	\BigDiamondshape		\FilledCircle	$\Diamond$	\SmallDiamondshape
_	\BigHBar	$\Diamond$	\FilledDiamondShadowA	_	\SmallHBar
$\Diamond$	\BigLowerDiamond		\FilledDiamondShadowC	<b>\$</b>	\SmallLowerDiamond
<b>(</b>	\BigRightDiamond	<b>♦</b>	\FilledDiamondshape	<b>•</b>	\SmallRightDiamond
	\BigSquare	•	\FilledSmallCircle		\SmallSquare
$\bigvee$	\BigTriangleDown	•	\FilledSmallDiamondshape	$\nabla$	\SmallTriangleDown
$\triangleleft$	\BigTriangleLeft		\FilledSmallSquare	$\triangleleft$	\SmallTriangleLeft
$\triangleright$	\BigTriangleRight	▼	\FilledSmallTriangleDown	$\triangleright$	\SmallTriangleRight
$\triangle$	\BigTriangleUp	◀	\FilledSmallTriangleLeft	Δ	\SmallTriangleUp
	\BigVBar	<b>&gt;</b>	\FilledSmallTriangleRight	1	\SmallVBar
$\bigcirc$	\Circle	<b>A</b>	\FilledSmallTriangleUp	$\downarrow$	\SpinDown
$\times$	\Cross		\FilledSquare	<b>↑</b>	\SpinUp
$\Diamond$	\DiamondShadowA		\FilledSquareShadowA		\Square
<b>&gt;</b>	\DiamondShadowB		\FilledSquareShadowC		\SquareShadowA
$\Diamond$	\DiamondShadowC	lacktriangle	\FilledTriangleDown		\SquareShadowB
$\Diamond$	\Diamondshape	◀	$\P$		\SquareShadowC
	\FilledBigCircle		\FilledTriangleRight	$\nabla$	\TriangleDown
•	\FilledBigDiamondshape		\FilledTriangleUp	$\triangleleft$	$\TriangleLeft$
	\FilledBigSquare	_	\HBar	$\triangleright$	\TriangleRight
lacksquare	\FilledBigTriangleDown	$\Diamond$	\LowerDiamond	$\triangle$	\TriangleUp
$\blacksquare$	\FilledBigTriangleLeft	<b></b>	\RightDiamond		\VBar

The ifsym documentation points out that one can use \rlap to combine some of the above into useful, new symbols. For example, \BigCircle and \FilledSmallCircle combine to give "\overline". Likewise, \Square and \Cross combine to give "\overline". See Section 8.3 for more information about constructing new symbols out of existing symbols.

Table 262: bbding Geometric Shapes \CircleShadow \Rectangle \SquareShadowTopLeft \CircleSolid \RectangleBold \SquareShadowTopRight \SquareSolid \DiamondSolid \RectangleThin \Ellipse \Square \TriangleDown \SquareCastShadowBottomRight \TriangleUp \EllipseShadow \EllipseSolid \SquareCastShadowTopLeft \HalfCircleLeft \SquareCastShadowTopRight \HalfCircleRight \SquareShadowBottomRight Table 263: pifont Geometric Shapes \ding{108} \ding{114} \ding{117} | \ding{111} \ding{121} \ding{109}  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 112 \end{cases}$ \ding{115} \ding{119}  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 122 \end{cases}$ \ding{110} \ding{113} \ding{116} | \ding{120} Table 264: universa Geometric Shapes \baucircle ■ \bausquare ▲ \bautriangle Table 265: universal Geometric Shapes \baucircle \bauhole \bausquare \baueclipse • \baupunct \bautriangle Table 266: Miscellaneous dingbat Dingbats \anchor 国 \Sborder (P) \eye \carriagereturn \filledsquarewithdots \squarewithdots \checkmark \satellitedish 囯 \Zborder Table 267: Miscellaneous bbding Dingbats  $\times$ \Peace O \PhoneHandset \Envelope \SunshineOpenCircled \OrnamentDiamondSolid & \Phone + \Plane \Tape Table 268: Miscellaneous pifont Dingbats  $\displaystyle \{40\}$  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 164 \end{cases}$  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 167 \end{cases}$  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 171 \end{cases}$  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 37 \end{cases}$ æ  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 38 \end{cases}$  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 41 \end{cases}$  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 165 \end{cases}$ \ding{168} \ding{169}  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 39 \end{cases}$ \ding{118} \ding{166}  $\displaystyle \begin{cases} 170 \end{cases}$ 

# 6 Ancient languages

This section presents letters and ideograms from various ancient scripts. Some of these symbols may also be useful in other typesetting contexts.

Table 269: phaistos Symbols from the Phaistos Disk

					\
U	\PHarrow		\PHeagle	Ъ	\PHplumedHead
$\overset{\sim}{\mathbb{Z}}$	\PHbee	J	\PHflute	<u>C</u>	\PHram
#	\PHbeehive		\PHgaunlet	₩	\PHrosette
<b>&gt;</b>	\PHboomerang		\PHgrater	V	\PHsaw
	\PHbow		\PHhelmet		\PHshield
Ĩ	\PHbullLeg		\PHhide		\PHship
Ä	\PHcaptive		\PHhorn	Ĭ.	\PHsling
$\forall$	\PHcarpentryPlane	( <b>þ</b>	\PHlid	<->	\PHsmallAxe
	\PHcat	Ą	\PHlily		\PHstrainer
	\PHchild	00	\PHmanacles	(4)	\PHtattooedHead
	\PHclub		\PHmattock		\PHtiara
	\PHcolumn		\PHoxBack		\PHtunny
25 5 5	\PHcomb	*	\PHpapyrus	¥	\PHvine
	\PHdolium	X	\PHpedestrian		\PHwavyBand
	\PHdove	*	\PHplaneTree		\PHwoman

Table 270: protosem Proto-Semitic Characters

Ų	\	ığı	\ A A1	/II\	\	^	١٨ ١١	0	\
$\mathcal{D}$	\Aaleph	፟፟ጟ	\AAhe	(11)	\Akaph	$\Diamond$	\Asamekh	\ <del>`</del> }	\AAresh
A	\AAaleph	=	$\Azayin$	Ψ	\AAkaph	L	\Ape	ω	\Ashin
	\Abeth	የ	\Avav	9	\Alamed	ال	\AApe	$\boxtimes$	\Ahelmet
凸	\AAbeth	ш	\Aheth	9	\AAlamed	$\forall$	\Asade	ሿ	\AAhelmet
_	\Agimel	þ	\AAheth	~~	\Amem	Y	\AAsade	+	\Atav
$\Rightarrow$	\Adaleth	8	\Ateth	~	\Anun	00	\Aqoph		
Ω	\AAdaleth	لحجا	\Ayod	0	\Aayin	8	$\Lambda Aqoph$		
ጚ	\Ahe	4	\AAyod	0	\AAayin	R	\Aresh		

The protosem package defines abbreviated control sequences for each of the above. In addition, single-letter shortcuts can be used within the argument to the \textproto command (e.g., "\textproto{Pakyn}" produces "リグしは\"). See the protosem documentation for more information.

Table 271: hieroglf Hieroglyphics

	\HA	Ď	\HI		\Hn	•	\HT
$A\!$	\Ha	4	\Hi	0	\H0	Δ	\Ht
4	\HB	~	\Hibl	$\mathcal{F}$	\Но	$\overline{}$	\Htongue
ا	\Hb	F	\Hibp		\Hp	þ	\HU
1	\Hc	P	\Hibs	<b>3</b>	\HP	Ŷ	\Hu
	\HC	P	\Hibw	111	\Hplural	4	\HV
2	\HD		\HJ	+	\Hplus		\Hv
( S	\Hd		\Hj	ත	\HQ	1	\Hvbar
"	\Hdual	<b>S</b>	\Hk	©	\Hq	B	\Hw
0	\He	Δ	/HK	J	\Hquery	6	\HW
<u> </u>	\HE	Λ	\HL	A	\HR	ğ	\HX
<b>~</b>	\Hf	2	\Hl	0	\Hr	ĺ	\Hx
$\Box$	\HF	A	\Hm	Ŋ	\Hs	A	\HY
$\nabla$	\HG		\HM		\HS	99	\Hy
•	\Hg		\Hman	<b>F</b> ⊕	\Hscribe		\Hz
П	\Hh	M	\Hms	)	\Hslash		\HZ
8	\HH	-	\HN	$\overline{}$	\Hsv		
	\Hone	9	\Hhundred	8	\HXthousand		\Hmillion
I		Š		<i>D</i>			/umittion
$\cap$	\Hten	¥	\Hthousand	7	\HCthousand		

Table 272: linear A Script

H	\LinearAI	¥	\LinearAXCIX	++[	\LinearACXCVII	)≟	\LinearACCXCV
9	\LinearAII	۶	\LinearAC	75	\LinearACXCVIII	Jr#[	\LinearACCXCVI
Υ	\LinearAIII	¥)	\LinearACI	ΥFF	\LinearACXCIX	Ø.*	\LinearACCXCVII
$\mathbb{H}$	\LinearAIV	Н	\LinearACII	74	\LinearACC	4	\LinearACCXCVIII
33	\LinearAV	0	\LinearACIII	7	\LinearACCI	Fin	\LinearACCXCIX
Ð	\LinearAVI	Я	\LinearACIV	à	\LinearACCII	*₹	\LinearACCC
+	\LinearAVII	T	\LinearACV	<b>‡+</b> [	\LinearACCIII	₽	\LinearACCCI
Я	\LinearAVIII	Ä	\LinearACVI	H)}*	\LinearACCIV	ΑA	\LinearACCCII
$\subset$	\LinearAIX	1	\LinearACVII	7	\LinearACCV	۴f	\LinearACCCIII
Ħ	\LinearAX	<b>%</b>	\LinearACVIII	7	\LinearACCVI	*	\LinearACCCIV
$\oplus$	\LinearAXI	Q	\LinearACIX	الح	\LinearACCVII	7	\LinearACCCV
FF	\LinearAXII	7	\LinearACX	ĕ	\LinearACCVIII	$\dot{\Psi}$	\LinearACCCVI
<b>‡</b>	\LinearAXIII	200	\LinearACXI	<del></del>	\LinearACCIX	\$ i€	\LinearACCCVII

(continued on next page)

 $(continued\ from\ previous\ page)$ 

	ntinued from previous p	age)					
7	\LinearAXIV	5	\LinearACXII	#	$\LinearACCX$	衛	\LinearACCCVIII
$\wedge$	\LinearAXV	#	\LinearACXIII	18	\LinearACCXI	Ž	\LinearACCCIX
爿	\LinearAXVI	Ж	\LinearACXIV	418	\LinearACCXII	땁	\LinearACCCX
⊙	\LinearAXVII	0	\LinearACXV	炜	\LinearACCXIII	À	\LinearACCCXI
Fi	\LinearAXVIII	8	\LinearACXVI	L	\LinearACCXIV	20	\LinearACCCXII
¥	\LinearAXIX	4	\LinearACXVII	陑	\LinearACCXV	<b>₽</b> [2	\LinearACCCXIII
7	\LinearAXX	\$	\LinearACXVIII	甲	\LinearACCXVI	愎	\LinearACCCXIV
A	\LinearAXXI	rвn	\LinearACXIX	'∱'	\LinearACCXVII	. <sup>∠</sup> .	\LinearACCCXV
	\LinearAXXII	Ħ	\LinearACXX	·*)	\LinearACCXVIII	Ø	\LinearACCCXVI
0	\LinearAXXIII	C	\LinearACXXI	9f	\LinearACCXIX	2	\LinearACCCXVII
Ϊ	\LinearAXXIV	Δ	\LinearACXXII	Å	\LinearACCXX	7.1	\LinearACCCXVIII
Ŧ	\LinearAXXV	Ŋ	\LinearACXXIII	<u> </u>	\LinearACCXXI	۵ıf	\LinearACCCXIX
7	\LinearAXXVI	Α	\LinearACXXIV	₩₽	\LinearACCXXII	F2	\LinearACCCXX
<u>,</u>	\LinearAXXVII	ဓု	\LinearACXXV	<u>*</u>	\LinearACCXXIII	₹	\LinearACCCXXI
Ē	\LinearAXXVIII	' 'Ar	\LinearACXXVI	À	\LinearACCXXIV	₹	\LinearACCCXXII
Σ	\LinearAXXIX	6	\LinearACXXVII	]≱:	\LinearACCXXV	2	\LinearACCCXXIII
2	\LinearAXXX	¥	\LinearACXXVIII	Rd	\LinearACCXXVI	ĺž	\LinearACCCXXIV
i	\LinearAXXXI	γ	\LinearACXXIX	43	\LinearACCXXVII	ô£	\LinearACCCXXV
γ γ	\LinearAXXXII	∤	\LinearACXXX	H 646	\LinearACCXXVII	×	\LinearACCCXXVI
± Æ	•	2	\LinearACXXXI	ÁL	•	^ <del>*</del>	\LinearACCCXXVII
	\LinearAXXXIII	8 8	(		\LinearACCXXIX		
3	\LinearAXXXIV	Ą	\LinearACXXXII	4	\LinearACCXXX	पहर् र	\LinearACCCXXVIII
Ī 2	\LinearAXXXV	Ŷ	\LinearACXXXIII	₽	\LinearACCXXXI	Z 12∓	\LinearACCCXXIX
Ť	\LinearAXXXVI	1	\LinearACXXXIV	₽	\LinearACCXXXII		\LinearACCCXXX
+	\LinearAXXXVII		\LinearACXXXV	o∓ ₹	\LinearACCXXXIII	Z	\LinearACCCXXXI
1 4	\LinearAXXXVIII	ነ የ	\LinearACXXXVI	(³) ₽	\LinearACCXXXIV	½ \$	\LinearACCCXXXII
	\LinearAXXXIX	-	\LinearACXXXVII	F 17	\LinearACCXXXV		\LinearACCCXXXIII
اح اخ:	\LinearAXL	₹	\LinearACXXXVIII	l7 ∏n™	\LinearACCXXXVI	55 7.	\LinearACCCXXXIV
اک اک	\LinearAXLI	ر 0	\LinearACXXXIX		\LinearACCXXXVII	% €	\LinearACCCXXXV
Ή	\LinearAXLII	P	\LinearACXL	<b>\$</b> +	\LinearACCXXXVIII	iş İş	\LinearACCCXXXVI
¥	\LinearAXLIII	8	\LinearACXLI	( <sub>xx</sub> )	\LinearACCXXXIX	That	\LinearACCCXXXVII
	\LinearAXLIV	9	\LinearACXLII	4	\LinearACCXL	×β	\LinearACCCXXXVIII
*	\LinearAXLV	4	\LinearACXLIII	\$	\LinearACCXLI	₹	\LinearACCCXXXIX
<u>B</u>	\LinearAXLVI	$\Box$	\LinearACXLIV	٦	\LinearACCXLII	<b>©</b>	\LinearACCCXL
Ď	\LinearAXLVII	<b>→</b>	\LinearACXLV	FFH:	\LinearACCXLIII	₩.	\LinearACCCXLI
₽	\LinearAXLVIII	Ħ	\LinearACXLVI	<b></b>	\LinearACCXLIV	λ	\LinearACCCXLII
۳	\LinearAXLIX	m m	\LinearACXLVII	塔	\LinearACCXLV	#	\LinearACCCXLIII
Ŧ	\LinearAL	A	\LinearACXLVIII	4	\LinearACCXLVI	7+	\LinearACCCXLIV
ĬĬ	\LinearALI	$\overline{\Delta}$	\LinearACXLIX	Ÿn.	\LinearACCXLVII	] <del>7</del> 4[	\LinearACCCXLV
V	\LinearALII	Ω	\LinearACL	F.	\LinearACCXLVIII	44	\LinearACCCXLVI
<b>9</b>	\LinearALIII	>	\LinearACLI	FTC .	\LinearACCXLIX	Ž.	\LinearACCCXLVII
Ą	\LinearALIV	4	\LinearACLII	[}	\LinearACCL	_	\LinearACCCXLVIII
<b>A</b>	\LinearALV	፟፟፟፟፟፟	\LinearACLIII	12	\LinearACCLI	P	\LinearACCCXLIX
4	\LinearALVI	*	\LinearACLIV	β(:)	\LinearACCLII	11	\LinearACCCL
X	\LinearALVII	₹	\LinearACLV	T <sub>4</sub>	\LinearACCLIII	ŻΤ	\LinearACCCLI
9	\LinearALVIII	<u></u>	\LinearACLVI	Ψ.	\LinearACCLIV	ΔT	\LinearACCCLII
7	\LinearALIX	V	\LinearACLVII	ক	\LinearACCLV	Т	\LinearACCCLIII
Ŋ	\LinearALX	۴	\LinearACLVIII	2	\LinearACCLVI	t	\LinearACCCLIV
1	\LinearALXI	隣	\LinearACLIX	莶	\LinearACCLVII	77	\LinearACCCLV
Ψ	\LinearALXII	E	\LinearACLX	<b>A</b> ⊕	\LinearACCLVIII	4	\LinearACCCLVI
×	\LinearALXIII		\LinearACLXI	Ti	\LinearACCLIX	∠O=	\LinearACCCLVII
<u>д</u>	\LinearALXIV	₩	\LinearACLXII	Pa Is	\LinearACCLX	a	\LinearACCCLVIII
Ä	\LinearALXV	t	\LinearACLXIII	Ħ	\LinearACCLXI	7L	\LinearACCCLIX

(continued on next page)

(continued from previous page)

,		0 /					
7	\LinearALXVI	×II	\LinearACLXIV	₿	\LinearACCLXII	4	\LinearACCCLX
Ţ	\LinearALXVII	¥	\LinearACLXV	Ž	\LinearACCLXIII	TŒ	\LinearACCCLXI
뿌	\LinearALXVIII	(CD)	\LinearACLXVI	<b>%</b> A	\LinearACCLXIV	#	\LinearACCCLXII
$\mathfrak{M}$	\LinearALXIX	$\nabla$	\LinearACLXVII	T <sub>o</sub>	\LinearACCLXV	<b>(</b> F	\LinearACCCLXIII
$\mathbf{\Phi}$	\LinearALXX	ટે૰	\LinearACLXVIII	₩	\LinearACCLXVI	‡ ‡	\LinearACCCLXIV
<u> 44</u>	\LinearALXXI	ا#	\LinearACLXIX	Ħ	\LinearACCLXVII	7O=	\LinearACCCLXV
i <sup>€</sup>	\LinearALXXII	⊞	\LinearACLXX	Rb	\LinearACCLXVIII	<del></del>	\LinearACCCLXVI
饣	\LinearALXXIII	Ь	\LinearACLXXI	AF	\LinearACCLXIX	44	\LinearACCCLXVII
Щ×	\LinearALXXIV	¥	\LinearACLXXII	Ä	\LinearACCLXX	+	\LinearACCCLXVIII
λ	\LinearALXXV	ℴ	\LinearACLXXIII	13	\LinearACCLXXI	Œ	\LinearACCCLXIX
P	\LinearALXXVI	中	\LinearACLXXIV	1	\LinearACCLXXII	++	\LinearACCCLXX
φ	\LinearALXXVII	>	$\LinearACLXXV$	]mT	\LinearACCLXXIII	7Œ	\LinearACCCLXXI
$\uparrow$	\LinearALXXVIII	4	\LinearACLXXVI	S	\LinearACCLXXIV	<del>≶</del> †	\LinearACCCLXXII
9	\LinearALXXIX	Ā	\LinearACLXXVII	]#4	\LinearACCLXXV	11:	\LinearACCCLXXIII
₩	\LinearALXXX	₽	\LinearACLXXVIII	A <sup>+</sup>	\LinearACCLXXVI	2	\LinearACCCLXXIV
Ж	\LinearALXXXI	F	\LinearACLXXIX	9-	\LinearACCLXXVII	d:	\LinearACCCLXXV
b	\LinearALXXXII	P.	\LinearACLXXX	M	\LinearACCLXXVIII	]+0	\LinearACCCLXXVI
<b>₹</b>	\LinearALXXXIII	4,4	\LinearACLXXXI	Πđ	\LinearACCLXXIX	70	\LinearACCCLXXVII
٤	\LinearALXXXIV	#	\LinearACLXXXII	RS	\LinearACCLXXX	<b>∮</b> @[	\LinearACCCLXXVIII
<b>†</b>	\LinearALXXXV	£	\LinearACLXXXIII	]\\	\LinearACCLXXXI	<b>4:4</b> [	\LinearACCCLXXIX
<del>* *</del>	\LinearALXXXVI	<b>*</b>	\LinearACLXXXIV	*	\LinearACCLXXXII	7	\LinearACCCLXXX
2	\LinearALXXXVII	₽	\LinearACLXXXV	<b>P</b> 7	\LinearACCLXXXIII	Œ.	\LinearACCCLXXXI
F:	\LinearALXXXVIII	YA.	\LinearACLXXXVI	]\m\f\	\LinearACCLXXXIV	2	\LinearACCCLXXXII
₩	\LinearALXXXIX	<u>"</u> 9	\LinearACLXXXVII	<u>[</u> ]t∙3	\LinearACCLXXXV	/tp	\LinearACCCLXXXIII
%	\LinearALXXXX	4	\LinearACLXXXVIII	717	\LinearACCLXXXVI	47	\LinearACCCLXXXIV
А	\LinearAXCI	Ħ	\LinearACLXXXIX	7	\LinearACCLXXXVII	7	\LinearACCCLXXXV
X	\LinearAXCII	]\$	\LinearACLXXXX	*∀*	\LinearACCLXXXVIII	++	\LinearACCCLXXXVI
¥	\LinearAXCIII	]b9	\LinearACXCI	ĺτ	\LinearACCLXXXIX	5 5 5	\LinearACCCLXXXVII
E	\LinearAXCIV	\$	\LinearACXCII	ńέ	\LinearACCLXXXX	<del>7</del> T	\LinearACCCLXXXVIII
₽	\LinearAXCV	13	\LinearACXCIII	\$	\LinearACCXCI	42	\LinearACCCLXXXIX
$\Diamond$	\LinearAXCVI	\$	\LinearACXCIV	ЧТУ	\LinearACCXCII		
4	\LinearAXCVII	Ê	\LinearACXCV	7-	\LinearACCXCIII		
I	\LinearAXCVIII	]6	\LinearACXCVI	**	\LinearACCXCIV		

Table 273: linearb Linear B Basic and Optional Letters

٢	\Ba		\Bja	T	\Bmu		\Bpte	$\Phi$	\Broii	Ŧ	\Bto
जीव	\Baii	$\nearrow$	\Bje	₹	\Bna	Щ	\Bpu	$\mathcal{A}$	\Bru	Φ	\Btu
(")	\Baiii	7	\Bjo	平	\Bne	<b>\</b>	\Bpuii	Ϋ́	\Bsa	$\hat{\nabla}$	\Btwo
Þ	\Bau	Ш	\Bju	Υ	\Bni	9	\Bqa	٣	\Bse	F	\Bu
-	\Bda	$\oplus$	\Bka	Щs	\Bno	==	\Bqe	Ж	\Bsi	П	\Bwa
$\aleph$	\Bde	$ \overset{\sim}{\sim} $	\Bke	c	\Bnu	7	\Bqi	۲	\Bso	S	\Bwe
Τ	\Bdi	$\nearrow$	\Bki	X	\Bnwa	#	\Bqo		\Bsu	4	\Bwi
P	\Bdo	Ŷ	\Bko	Ľ	∖Bo	Lc	\Bra	江	\Bswa	$\nearrow$	\Bwo
Щ	\Bdu	ने	\Bku	‡	\Bpa	7	\Braii	[x]	\Bswi	4	\Bza
#	\Bdwe	與	\Bma	Ħ	\Bpaiii	¥ II	\Braiii	K	\Bta		\Bze
<u></u>	\Bdwo	7	\Bme	Ð	\Bpe	Υ	\Bre	\'''	\Btaii	<b></b>	\Bzo
$\forall$	∖Be	$\mathcal{V}$	\Bmi	$\triangle$	\Bpi	λ	\Bri	#	\Bte		
¥	\Bi	3}	\Bmo	5	\Bpo	+	\Bro	$\bigcap$	\Bti		

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textlinb or following the \linbfamily font-selection command within a scope. Single-character shortcuts are also supported: Both "\textlinb{\Bpa\Bki\Bna}" and "\textlinb{pcn}" produce " $^{\ddagger} \sqrt[n]{\bar{\gamma}}$ ", for example. See the linearb documentation for more information.

Table 274: linear b Linear B Numerals

I	\BNi	 	\BNvii	==	\BNx1	0	\BNc	0000	\BNdcc
П	\BNii	1111	\BNviii	==	\BN1	0	\BNcc	0000	\BNdccc
III	\BNiii		\BNix	==	\BN1x	00	\BNccc	00000	\BNcm
II II	\BNiv		\BNx		\BN1xx	00	\BNcd	- <b>\</b> -	\BNm
III	\BNv	=	\BNxx		\BN1xxx	000	\BNd		
 	\BNvi	≡	\BNxxx	≣≣	\BNxc	000	\BNdc		

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textlinb or following the \linbfamily font-selection command within a scope.

Table 275: linearb Linear B Weights and Measures

$\Delta \Delta$	\BPtalent	>	\BPvolb	า	\BPvolcf	8	\BPwtb	S	\BPwtd
$\smile$	\BPvola	Τ	\BPvolcd	7	\BPwta	#	\BPwtc		

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textlinb or following the \linbfamily font-selection command within a scope.

Table 276: linear b Linear B Ideograms

"	\BPamphora	$\bigcirc$	\BPchassis	$^{\wedge}$	\BPman	<b>平</b>	\BPwheat
<b>&gt;&gt;&gt;</b>	\BParrow	$\Box$	\BPcloth	$\nearrow$	\BPnanny	₩	\BPwheel
7	\BPbarley	$\mathcal{N}$	\BPcow	7	\BPolive	駧	\BPwine
7	\BPbilly	A	\BPcup	T	\BPox	$\Diamond$	\BPwineiih
₽	\BPboar	A	\BPewe	P	\BPpig	$\bigtriangledown$	\BPwineiiih
Þ	\BPbronze	B	\BPfoal	7	\BPram		\BPwineivh
Ħ	\BPbull	$ \uparrow $	\BPgoat	9	\BPsheep	Δ̈́	\BPwoman
$\forall$	\BPcauldroni	$\bigcirc$	\BPgoblet		\BPsow	M	\BPwool
abla	\BPcauldronii	常	\BPgold	b	\BPspear		
	\BPchariot	B	\BPhorse	₫	\BPsword		

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textlinb or following the \linbfamily font-selection command within a scope.

Table 277: linearb Unidentified Linear B Symbols

				\BUvii			В	\Btwe
				\BUviii				
\BUiii	×	\BUvi	Ċ.	\BUix	В	\BUxii		

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textlinb or following the \linbfamily font-selection command within a scope.

Table 278: cypriot Cypriot Letters

$\mathbb{X}$	\Ca	*	\Cku	×	\Cmu		ς	\Сро	$\succeq$	\Cso		<b>)</b> '(	\Cwi
$\mathbb{X}$	\Ce	$\Lambda$	\Cla	Ī	$\C$ na	$\leq$	2	\Cpu	苁	\Csu		↑	\Cwo
ΣÝ	\Cga	8	\Cle	1}1	\Cne	U		\Cra	F	\Cta		)(	\Cxa
$\times$	\Ci	$\leq$	\Cli	$\angle$	\Cni	11	1	\Cre	$\downarrow$	\Cte		( <del> </del>	\Cxe
0	\Cja	+	\Clo	1/	$\Cno$	>	>	\Cri	$\uparrow$	\Cti	(	$\mathcal{I}$	\Cya
W	\Cjo	(U)	\Clu	<b>}</b> ¦	\Cnu	X		\Cro	F	\Cto	,	W	\Cyo
$ \uparrow $	\Cka	×	\Cma	$\succeq$	\Co	)(		\Cru	Fi	\Ctu	ì	)×̈́	\Cza
X	\Cke	$\times$	\Cme	‡	\Cpa	V	1	\Csa	$\Upsilon$	\Cu	:	<i></i>	\Czo
Ŷ	\Cki	$\nabla$	\Cmi	5	\Cpe	۲	J	\Cse	$\mathbb{X}$	\Cwa			
$\bigcap$	\Cko	Φ	\Cmo	$\Rightarrow$	\Cpi	<u>1</u>	:	\Csi	Ι	\Cwe			

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textcypr or following the \cyprfamily font-selection command within a scope. Single-character shortcuts are also supported: Both "\textcypr{\Cpa\Cki\Cna}" and "\textcypr{pcn}" produce " $\ddagger \hat{T} \bar{T}$ ", for example. See the cypriot documentation for more information.

Table 279: sarabian South Arabian Letters

0	\SAa	X	\SAz	∄	\SAm	Х	\SAsd	Ħ	\SAdb
П	\SAb	Ψ	\SAhd	5	\SAn	þ	\SAq	8	\SAtb
7	\SAg		\SAtd	×	\SAs	)	\SAr	11	\SAga
Ы	\SAd	٩	\SAy	$\Diamond$	\SAf	Н	\SAsv	°k	\SAzd
Υ	\SAh	Н	\SAk	ት	\SAlq	Χ	\SAt	}	\SAsa
Φ	\SAW	4	\SA1	አ	\SA0	Y	\SAhii	Я	5542

These symbols must appear either within the argument to \textsarab or following the \sarabfamily font-selection command within a scope. Single-character shortcuts are also supported: Both "\textsarab{\SAb\SAk\SAn}" and "\textsarab{bkn}" produce "Ihh", for example. See the sarabian documentation for more information.

Table 280: teubner Archaic Greek Letters and Greek Numerals

Υ	\Coppa <sup>†</sup>	F	$\Digamma^*$	$\searrow$	$\sim $	র্	\varstigma
P	$ackslash$ coppa $^\dagger$	4	$\koppa^*$	$\Gamma$	\Stigma		
F	\digamma*,‡	λ	\Sampi	7	\stigma*		

<sup>\*</sup> Technically, these symbols do not require teubner; it is sufficient to load the babel package with the greek option (upon which teubner depends)—but use \qoppa for \koppa and \ddigamma for \digamma.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> For compatibility with other naming conventions teubner defines \Koppa as a synonym for \Coppa and \varcoppa as a synonym for \coppa.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> If both teubner and amssymb are loaded, teubner's \digamma replaces amssymb's \digamma, regardless of package-loading order.

## 7 Other symbols

The following are all the symbols that didn't fit neatly or unambiguously into any of the previous sections. (Do weather symbols belong under "Science and technology"? Should dice be considered "mathematics"?) While some of the tables contain clearly related groups of symbols (e.g., musical notes), others represent motley assortments of whatever the font designer felt like drawing.

#### Table 281: textcomp Genealogical Symbols \textborn oo \textdivorced @ \textmarried Ø \textdied \textleaf Table 282: wasysym General Symbols $\Diamond$ \ataribox (<u>L</u>) \clock \LEFTarrow \smiley \bell \diameter \lightning \sun \blacksmiley \DOWNarrow \phone \UParrow \Bowtie \frownie \pointer \wasylozenge \brokenvert \invdiameter \recorder Q Ø \RIGHTarrow \checked \kreuz Table 283: wasysym Circles \CIRCLE \LEFTcircle \RIGHTcircle \rightturn \Circle \Leftcircle D \Rightcircle \LEFTCIRCLE \RIGHTCIRCLE (5) \leftturn Table 284: wasysym Musical Symbols \eighthnote \halfnote ♪ \twonotes . \fullnote . \quarternote See also \flat, \sharp, and \natural (Table 201 on page 65). Table 285: arev Musical Symbols \quarternote \eighthnote \sixteenthnote See also \flat, \sharp, and \natural (Table 201 on page 65).

Table 286: harmony Musical Symbols

J	\AAcht	Ø	\DDohne		\Halb	ŗ	\SechBR	>	\VM
1	\Acht	ø	\Dohne	_	\HaPa	ŗ	\SechBr	À	\Zwdr
7	\AchtBL	\$	\Ds		\Pu	7	\SePa	7	\ZwPa
_	\AchtBR	Ss	\DS	♪	\Sech	<	\UB		
7	\AcPa	0	\Ganz	7	\SechBL		\Vier		
D	\DD	_	\GaPa	7	\SechB1	ş	\ViPa		

The musixtex package must be installed to use harmony.

Table 287: harmony Musical Accents

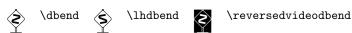
Ââ	\Ferli{A}\Ferli{a}*	<b>A</b> ⁄a	$\Omega_{A}\$
Âa (A)(a)	\Fermi{A}\Fermi{a} \Kr{A}\Kr{a}	$\widetilde{A}$ a	$\label{local_def} $$\operatorname{Umd}_A}\$

<sup>\*</sup> These symbols take an optional argument which shifts the accent either horizontally or vertically (depending on the command) by the given distance.

In addition to the accents shown above, \HH is a special accent command which accepts five period-separated characters and typesets them such that "\HH.X.a.b.c.d." produces " $X_a^b$ ". All arguments except the first can be omitted: "\HH.X...." produces "X". \Takt takes two arguments and composes them into a musical time signature. For example, "\Takt{12}{8}" produces "\frac{1}{2}". As two special cases, "\Takt{c}{0}" produces "\frac{1}{2}" and "\Takt{c}{1}" produces "\frac{1}{2}".

The musixtex package must be installed to use harmony.

Table 288: manfnt Dangerous Bend Symbols



Note that these symbols descend far beneath the baseline. manfnt also defines non-descending versions, which it calls, correspondingly, \textdbend, \textlhdbend, and \textreversedvideodbend.

Table 289: Miscellaneous manfnt Symbols

۵	$\mbox{\tt \mbox{\tt \mbo}}$	0	\manpenkidney
0	\manconcentriccircles	හි	\manquadrifolium
	\manconcentricdiamond	)	\manquartercircle
$\Diamond$	\mancone	Ġ	\manrotatedquadrifolium
	\mancube		\manrotatedquartercircle
$\sim$	\manerrarrow	D	\manstar
	\manfilledquartercircle	/	\mantiltpennib
_	\manhpennib	lacktriangle	\mantriangledown
Ø	\manimpossiblecube	•	\mantriangleright
0	\mankidney	$\blacktriangle$	\mantriangleup
0	\manlhpenkidney	•	\manvpennib

Table 290:	marvosym	Navigation	Symbols
------------	----------	------------	---------

\Forward	\MoveDown	$\RewindToIndex$	\ToTop
\ForwardToEnd	\MoveUp	$\RewindToStart$	
\ForwardToIndex	\Rewind	\ToBottom	

## Table 291: marvosym Laundry Symbols

\AtForty	\Handwash	\ShortNinetyFive
$\AtNinetyFive$	\IroningI	\ShortSixty
\AtSixty	\IroningII	\ShortThirty
\Bleech	\IroningIII	\SpecialForty
\CleaningA	\NoBleech	\Tumbler
$\CleaningF$	\NoChemicalCleaning	\WashCotton
$\CleaningFF$	\NoIroning	\WashSynthetics
$\CleaningP$	\NoTumbler	\WashWool
$\CleaningPP$	\ShortFifty	
\Dontwash	\ShortForty	

## Table 292: marvosym Information Symbols

\Bicycle	\Football	$\P$
\Checkedbox	\Gentsroom	\Wheelchair
\Clocklogo	$\Industry$	\Writinghand
\Coffeecup	\Info	
\Crossedbox	\Ladiesroom	

## Table 293: Other marvosym Symbols

\Ankh	\Cross	\Heart	\Smiley
\Bat	\FHB0logo	\MartinVogel	\Womanface
\Bouquet	\FHBOLOGO	\Mundus	\Yinyang
\Celtcross	\Frowny	\MVAt	
\CircledA	\FullFHB0	\MVRightarrow	

## TABLE 294: Miscellaneous universa Symbols

	\bauforms	\bauhead
_	(Dual Jimb	 (0000000

## Table 295: Miscellaneous universal Symbols

	\baudash	<b>(</b>	\bauforms	•	\bauquarter	9	\varQ
	\bauequal	1	\bauhead	3	\bauquestion		
7	\bauface	47	\bauplus		\bauwindow		

Tourier defines many thething ("T"), \si	) \gri ) \now	ay $\times$ \alpha aliases for	texti texti	ching* X cswdown*	recec	xtxswup* ling symbols:
	Table	297: ifsym W	eathe	r Symbols		
Cloud FilledCloud FilledRainCloud FilledSunCloud FilledWeakRainClou	% * •	\Hail \Hail Sun \Lightning \NoSun \Rain \RainCloud	# ♪: ☆ 巻 	\Sleet \Snow \SnowCloud \Sun \SunCloud \ThinFog	### DE	\WeakRain \WeakRainCloud \FilledSnowCloud
In addition, \Therm 0/6 and 6/6 full of no Similarly, \wind{\su amount of sun (0-4) 100). For example, "\(\si^\)", and \wind{4}}	nercury: $n \rangle \} \{ \langle an \rangle \}$ , a given $\ \$	$gle$ }{ $\langle strength$ angle (in deg 0){0}{0} pro	$  h \rangle \}$ wrees),	ill draw wind sy and a given st	ymbo rengt	ls with a given h in km/h (0–
\SummitSign \\StoneMan \\Hut \\FilledHut \\Yillage	\Summ \Moun \Icel	E 298: ifsym A mit ntain Mountain Mountain IceMountain	Alpine  (A)  (I)  (I)  (I)  (I)  (I)  (I)  (I)	Symbols \SurveySign \Joch \Flag \VarFlag \Tent	<b>☆</b>	\HalfFilledHut \VarSummit
	ī	TABLE 299: ifsy	ym C	locks		

ifsym also exports a \showclock macro. \showclock{ $\langle hours \rangle$ }{ $\langle minutes \rangle$ } outputs a clock displaying the corresponding time. For instance, "\showclock{5}{40}" produces " $\langle hours \rangle$ ".  $\langle hours \rangle$  must be an integer from 0 to 11, and  $\langle minutes \rangle$  must be an integer multiple of 5 from 0 to 55.

\VarClock

\VarTaschenuhr

\StopWatchStart ①

\Taschenuhr

\Interval

\StopWatchEnd

Table 300: Other ifsym Symbols

**	\FilledSectioningDiamond	$\bowtie$	\Letter	***	\Radiation
<u> </u>	\Fire		\PaperLandscape	000	\SectioningDiamond
×	\Irritant		$\PaperPortrait$		\Telephone
•	\Cube{1} \Cube{2}	•••	\Cube{3} \Cube{4}	• • •	\Cube{5} \Cube{6}
	\StrokeOne \StrokeTwo	 	\StrokeThree \StrokeFour	₩	\StrokeFive

Table 301: clock Clocks

\ClockStyle	$\ClockFramefalse$	\ClockFrametrue
0	^	$\bigcirc$
1		$\tilde{\ominus}$
2		Ö
3		

The clock package provides a \clock command to typeset an arbitrary time on an analog clock (and \clocktime to typeset the document's build time). For example, the clocks in the above table were produced with \clock{15}{41}. Clock symbols are composed from a font of clock-face fragments using one of four values for \ClockStyle and either \ClockFrametrue or \ClockFrametrue as illustrated above. See the clock documentation for more information.

TABLE	202.	epsdice	Diag
LABLE	3U2:	epsaice	Dice

lacksquare	\epsdice{1}	$\mathbf{\cdot}$	\epsdice{3}	∷	\epsdice{5}
	\epsdice{2}		$\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremat$	<b>::</b>	\epsdice{6}

#### Table 303: hhcount Dice

•	$\fcdice{1}$	٠.	\fcdice{3}	::	\fcdice{5}
٠.	$\fcdice{2}$		$\fcdice{4}$	::	\fcdice{6}

The \fcdice command accepts values larger than 6. For example, "\fcdice{47}" produces "!!!!!!!!!!!!".".

## Table 304: hhcount Tally Markers

1	\fcscore{1}	III	\fcscore{3}	###	\fcscore{5}
	\fcscore{2}		\fcscore{4}		

## Table 305: skull Symbols

## 🙎 \skull

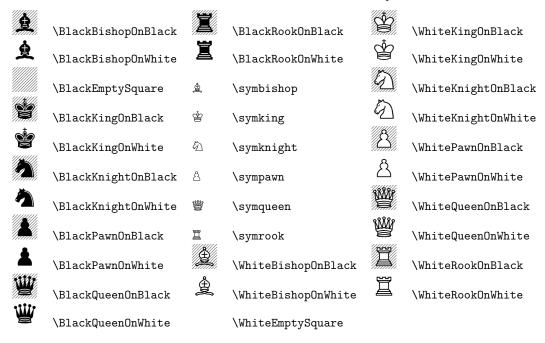
## Table 306: Non-Mathematical mathabx Symbols

## ↓ \rip

## Table 307: skak Chess Informator Symbols

\mp	\bbetter	0	\doublepawns	00	\seppawns
-+	\bdecisive	$\perp$	\ending	O-O	\shortcastling
	\betteris	=	\equal	$\oplus$	\timelimit
Ф	\bishoppair	$\Leftrightarrow$	\file	∞	\unclear
干	\bupperhand	>>	\kside	00	\unitedpawns
X	\capturesymbol	O-O-O	\longcastling	R	\various
O	\castlingchar	X	\markera	$\pm$	\wbetter
-	\castlinghyphen	0	\markerb	+-	\wdecisive
+	\centre	#	\mate	$\times$	\weakpt
+	\checksymbol	>	\morepawns		\with
RR	\chesscomment	$\circ$	\moreroom	$\rightarrow$	\withattack
	\chessetc	N	\novelty	$\triangle$	\withidea
_	\chesssee		\onlymove	<b>†</b>	\withinit
≅	\compensation	<b>.</b>	\opposbishops		\without
≒	\counterplay	ð	\passedpawn	$\pm$	\wupperhand
C	\devadvantage	«	\qside	$\odot$	\zugzwang
7	\diagonal	•	\samebishops		

TABLE 308: skak Chess Pieces and Chessboard Squares



The skak package also provides commands for drawing complete chessboards. See the skak documentation for more information.

### Table 309: igo Go Stones

\blackstone[\igocircle] 0 \whitestone[\igocircle] 0 \blackstone[\igocross] \whitestone[\igocross] ⊗  $\otimes$ \blackstone[\igonone] \whitestone[\igonone] \whitestone[\igosquare] ◉ \blackstone[\igosquare] \blackstone[\igotriangle] \whitestone[\igotriangle]

In addition to the symbols shown above, igo's \blackstone and \whitestone commands accept numbers from 1 to 99 and display them circled as  $\P$ ,  $\P$ ,  $\P$ , ...  $\P$  and  $\P$ ,  $\P$ ,  $\P$ , ...  $\P$ , respectively.

The igo package is intended to typeset Go boards (goban). See the igo documentation for more information.

Table 310: metre Metrical Symbols

×	\a	<u> </u>	\bBm		\cc	$\stackrel{\checkmark}{\leadsto}$	\Mbb	•	\Pppp	$\otimes$	\t
১	<b>\</b> B	$\underline{\omega}$	\bbm	$\parallel$	\Ccc	<u> </u>	\mbbx	:	\pppp	_	\tsbm
$\cup$	\b	<u>ú</u>	\Bbm	_	\m	00	\00	i	\Ppppp	_	\tsmb
4	\Bb	$\frac{3}{2}$	\bbmb	<u>′</u>	\M		<b>\</b> p	i	\ppppp		\tsmm
\$	\BB	<u></u>	\bbmx	$\overline{\times}$	$\mathbb{m}$	•	\pm	ىب	\ps	<u>.</u>	\vppm
$\sim$	\bb	$\underline{\smile}$	\bm	ć	\Mb	:	\pp	:	\pxp	<u>:</u>	\vpppm
ώ	\bB	<u> </u>	\Bm	⊽	\mb	:	\Pp	:	\Pxp	::	\x
$\overset{\vee}{\times}$	\bba		\c	$\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\varpi}$	\mBb	••	\ppm	$\sim$	\R		
$\mathcal{C}$	\bbb		\C	$\overline{\omega}$	\mbB	:	\ppp	$\sim$	\r		
<u>\( \lambda \)</u>	\BBm		\Cc	$\overline{\omega}$	\mbb	:	\Ppp	$\otimes$	\T		

The preceding symbols are valid only within the argument to the metre command.

Table 311: metre Small and Large Metrical Symbols

÷	\anaclasis	÷	\Anaclasis
<	\antidiple	<	\Antidiple
<	\antidiple*	<	\Antidiple*
⊃	\antisigma	$\supset$	\Antisigma
*	\asteriscus	*	\Asteriscus
^	$\catalexis$	$\wedge$	$\Catalexis$
>	\diple	>	\Diple
>	\diple*	≯	\Diple*
_	\obelus		\Obelus
÷	\obelus*	÷	\Obelus*
$\sim$	\respondens	$\sim$	\Respondens
$\otimes$	\terminus	$\otimes$	\Terminus
$\oplus$	\terminus*	$\oplus$	\Terminus*

Table 312: teubner Metrical Symbols

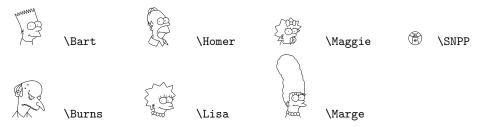
00	\aeolicbii	∍	\barbrevis	+	\ipercatal
000	\aeolicbiii	w	\bbrevis	_	\longa
0000	\aeolicbiv	U	\brevis	$\underline{\mathcal{U}}$	\ubarbbrevis
×	\anceps	^	\catal	$\subseteq$	\ubarbrevis
×	\ancepsdbrevis	^	\corona	<u> </u>	\ubarsbrevis
₹	\banceps	·	\coronainv	<del></del>	\ubrevislonga
<del></del>	\barbbrevis	Н	\hiatus	O	

The teubner package provides a \newmetrics command that helps users combine the preceding symbols as well as other teubner symbols. For example, the predefined \pentam symbol uses \newmetrics to juxtapose six \longas, two \barbbrevises, four \brevises, and a \dBar into " $_{\overline{\omega}}_{\overline{\omega}}||_{\omega_{\omega}}$ ". See the teubner documentation for more information.

Table 313: dictsym Dictionary Symbols

*	\dsaeronautical	*	\dscommercial	<i>™</i> <sub>&amp;</sub>	\dsmedical
	\dsagricultural		\dsheraldical	×	\dsmilitary
4	\dsarchitectural	$\Delta^{\dagger}\Delta$	\dsjuridical	<b>₩</b>	\dsrailways
&	\dsbiological	Ŵ	\dsliterary	⊕	\dstechnical
<b>1</b>	\dschemical	<b>&amp;</b>	\dsmathematical		

Table 314: simpsons Characters from The Simpsons



The location of the characters' pupils can be controlled with the  $\Goofy$  command. See A METAFONT of 'Simpsons' characters [Che97] for more information. Also, each of the above can be prefixed with  $\Left$  to make the character face left instead of right:



Table 315: pmboxdraw Box-Drawing Symbols

	\textblock	F	\textSFli	ΤΓ	\textSFxli	1	\textSFxxiii
	\textdkshade	П	\textSFlii	ΙĻ	\textSFxlii		\textSFxxiv
	$\t$ extdnblock	#	\textSFliii	=	\textSFxliii	ī	\textSFxxv
	$\text{\textlfblock}$	‡	$\text{\textSFliv}$	# #	\textSFxliv	ī	\textSFxxvi
	\textltshade	+	\textSFv	Ш	$\text{\textSFxlix}$	П	\textSFxxvii
	\textrtblock	Т	\textSFvi	$\overline{\top}$	\textSFxlv	]	\textSFxxviii
Γ	\textSFi	Τ	\textSFvii	П	\textSFxlvi	ΙĒ	\textSFxxxix
L	\textSFii	F	\textSFviii	₹	\textSFxlvii	F	\textSFxxxvi
٦	\textSFiii	-	\textSFx	П	\textSFxlviii	$\parallel$	\textSFxxxvii
1	\textSFiv		\textSFxi	$\parallel$	\textSFxx	L	\textSFxxxviii
+	\textSFix	=	$\text{\textSFxix}$	П	\textSFxxi		\textshade
F	\textSF1	Π	\textSFx1	7	\textSFxxii		\textupblock

Code Page 437 (CP437), which was first utilized by the original IBM PC, contains the set of box-drawing symbols (sides, corners, and intersections of single- and double-ruled boxes) shown above in character positions 176–223. These symbols also appear in the Unicode Box Drawing and Block Element tables.

The pmboxdraw package draws the CP437 box-drawing symbols using TEX rules (specifically, \vrule) instead of with a font and thereby provides the ability to alter both rule width and the separation between rules. See the pmboxdraw documentation for more information.

Table 316: staves Magical Staves

<b>***</b>	\staveI	**	\staveXXIV	######################################	\staveXLVII
<b>+</b>	\staveII	3KA	\staveXXV	<del>\</del> \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\staveXLVIII
· Company	\staveIII	XIX	\staveXXVI	双	\staveXLIX
<del>3                                    </del>	\staveIV	÷.	\staveXXVII	7.	\staveL
<b>¥</b> €	\staveV		\staveXXVIII	· 9 9 6	\staveLI
	\staveVI	1000 + d	\staveXXIX		\staveLII
	\staveVII	$\neq$	\staveXXX	+ 3	\staveLIII
**************************************	\staveVIII	mond E	\staveXXXI	<b>\</b>	\staveLIV
2 4	\staveIX		\staveXXXII	***	\staveLV
	\staveX	<del>,</del>	\staveXXXIII		\staveLVI
	\staveXI	****	\staveXXXIV		\staveLVII

 $(continued\ on\ next\ page)$ 

(continued from previous page)

0	\staveXII		\staveXXXV	業	\staveLVIII
****	\staveXIII		\staveXXXVI	ऍ <del>`</del> [¥र्	\staveLIX
777	\staveXIV	<del>PHOTO</del>	\staveXXXVII	+ <del>170 n t</del> A A	\staveLX
	\staveXV	<b>Amomo</b> lt	\staveXXXVIII	**************************************	\staveLXI
<b>&gt;</b>	\staveXVI	ACHOLOH	\staveXXXIX	**	\staveLXII
	\staveXVII	7	\staveXL	<del>}                                    </del>	\staveLXIII
#	\staveXVIII	Ž,	\staveXLI	*	\staveLXIV
<del>) »» (</del>	\staveXIX	144 <u>1</u>	\staveXLII	×	\staveLXV
111	\staveXX		\staveXLIII	<del>*</del>	\staveLXVI
*******	\staveXXI	سولو	\staveXLIV	fo	\staveLXVII
<del>(           )</del>	\staveXXII		\staveXLV	$\pm$	\staveLXVIII
####	\staveXXIII		\staveXLVI		

The meanings of these symbols are described on the Web site for the Museum of Icelandic Sorcery and Witchcraft at http://www.galdrasyning.is/index.php?option=com\_content&task=category&sectionid=5&id=18&Itemid=60 (TinyURL: http://tinyurl.com/25979m). For example, \staveL ("] ; ; ) is intended to ward off ghosts and evil spirits.

## Table 317: pigpen Cipher Symbols

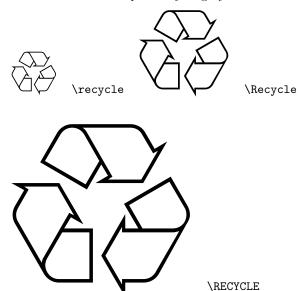
┙	{\pigpenfont A}	ك	{\pigpenfont J	J}	V	{\pigpenfont S}
$\sqcup$	{\pigpenfont B}	Ŀ	{\pigpenfont K	(}	>	{\pigpenfont T}
L	{\pigpenfont C}	Ŀ	{\pigpenfont L	.}	<	{\pigpenfont U}
$\supset$	{\pigpenfont D}	$\exists$	{\pigpenfont M	1}	$\wedge$	{\pigpenfont V}
	{\pigpenfont E}	⊡	{\pigpenfont N	1}	V	{\pigpenfont W}
	{\pigpenfont F}	$\overline{}$	{\pigpenfont 0	)}	>	{\pigpenfont X}
$\neg$	{\pigpenfont G}	$\neg$	{\pigpenfont P	<b>?</b> }	<	{\pigpenfont Y}
П	{\pigpenfont H}		{\pigpenfont Q	)}	Λ	{\pigpenfont Z}
Γ	{\pigpenfont I}	<u> </u>	{\pigpenfont R	{}		

## Table 318: GiA2e Phases of the Moon

## Table 319: Other GiA2e Symbols

C \Greenpoint \Box \Postbox \Delta \Telephone
I \Info \Request

Table 320: recycle Recycling Symbols



The METAFONT code that implements the recycling symbols shown above is, in the words of its author, "awful code [that] doesn't even put the logo in a box (properly)". Expect to receive "Inconsistent equation (off by  $\langle number \rangle$ )" errors from METAFONT. Fortunately, if you tell METAFONT to proceed past those errors (e.g., by pressing Enter after each one or by specifying "-interaction=nonstopmode" on the METAFONT command line) it should produce a valid font.

The commands listed above should be used within a group (e.g., "{\recycle}") because they exhibit the side effect of *changing* the font to the recycle font.

## 8 Additional Information

Unlike the previous sections of this document, Section 8 does not contain new symbol tables. Rather, it provides additional help in using the Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List. First, it draws attention to symbol names used by multiple packages. Next, it provides some guidelines for finding symbols and gives some examples regarding how to construct missing symbols out of existing ones. Then, it comments on the spacing surrounding symbols in math mode. After that, it presents an ASCII and Latin 1 quick-reference guide, showing how to enter all of the standard ASCII/Latin 1 symbols in LATEX. And finally, it lists some statistics about this document itself.

### 8.1 Symbol Name Clashes

Unfortunately, a number of symbol names are not unique; they appear in more than one package. Depending on how the symbols are defined in each package, LATEX will either output an error message or replace an earlier-defined symbol with a later-defined symbol. Table 321 on the following page presents a selection of name clashes that appear in this document.

Using multiple symbols with the same name in the same document—or even merely loading conflicting symbol packages—can be tricky but, as evidenced by the existence of Table 321, not impossible. The general procedure is to load the first package, rename the conflicting symbols, and then load the second package. Examine the LATEX source for this document (symbols.tex) for examples of this and other techniques for handling symbol conflicts. Note that symbols.tex's \savesymbol and \restoresymbol macros have been extracted into the savesym package, which can be downloaded from CTAN.

txfonts and pxfonts redefine a huge number of symbols—essentially, all of the symbols defined by latexsym, textcomp, the various  $\mathcal{F}_{MS}$  symbol sets, and  $\text{LATEX}\ 2_{\mathcal{E}}$  itself. Similarly, mathabx redefines a vast number of math symbols in an attempt to improve their look. The txfonts, pxfonts, and mathabx conflicts are not listed in Table 321 because they are designed to be compatible with the symbols they replace. Table 322 on page 102 illustrates what "compatible" means in this context.

To use the new txfonts/pxfonts symbols without altering the document's main font, merely reset the default font families back to their original values after loading one of those packages:

```
\renewcommand\rmdefault{cmr}
\renewcommand\sfdefault{cmss}
\renewcommand\ttdefault{cmtt}
```

### 8.2 Resizing symbols

Mathematical symbols listed in this document as "variable-sized" are designed to stretch vertically. Each variable-sized symbol comes in one or more basic sizes plus a variation comprising both stretchable and nonstretchable segments. Table 323 on page 102 presents the symbols \} and \uparrow in their default size, in their \big, \Big, \bigg, and \Bigg sizes, in an even larger size achieved using \left/\right, and—for contrast—in a large size achieved by changing the font size using  $\mbox{LMTEX} 2_{\varepsilon}$ 's \fontsize command. Because the symbols shown belong to the Computer Modern family, the type1cm package needs to be loaded to support font sizes larger than 24.88 pt.

Note how \fontsize makes the symbol wider and thicker. (The graphicx package's \scalebox or \resizebox commands would produce a similar effect.) Also, the \fontsize-enlarged symbol is vertically centered relative to correspondingly large text, unlike the symbols enlarged using \big et al. or \left/\right, which all use the same math axis regardless of symbol size. However, \fontsize is not limited to mathematical delimiters. Also, \scalebox and \resizebox are more robust to poorly composed symbols (e.g., two symbols made to overlap by backspacing a fixed distance) but do not work with every TeX backend and will produce jagged symbols when scaling a bitmapped font.

All variable-sized delimiters are defined (by the corresponding .tfm file) in terms of up to five segments, as illustrated by Figure 1 on page 102. The top, middle, and bottom segments are of a fixed size. The top-middle and middle-bottom segments (which are constrained to be the same character) are repeated as many times as necessary to achieve the desired height.

## 8.3 Where can I find the symbol for ...?

If you can't find some symbol you're looking for in this document, there are a few possible explanations:

dingbat ifsym  $\boxtimes$  $\square \not \Leftrightarrow \triangleright \lhd$  $\circ$ marvosym bbding stmaryrd wasysym mathabx W  $\wedge$  $\bigcirc$ 7\*  $\phi \triangleright \triangleleft$  $\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{N}\mathcal{S}}$  $\wedge$ ℽ  $\text{LATEX} \ 2_{\mathcal{E}}$  $\triangleright \triangleleft$ \bigtriangledown
\bigtriangleup \Cross \ggg \Letter \lightning \Lightning \checkmark

 $\odot$ 

\TriangleDown \TriangleUp

\Square

wsuipa Φ

Table 321: Symbol Name Clashes

101

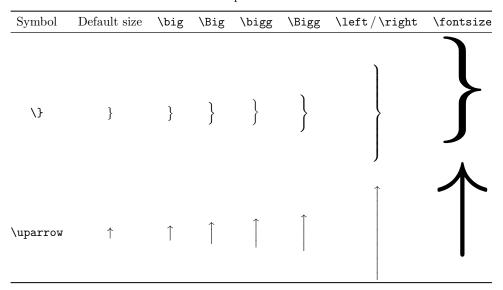
\Circle

Symbol \baro

Table 322: Example of a Benign Name Clash

Symbol	Default (Computer Modern)	txfonts (Times Roman)
R	$\overline{\mathbb{R}}$	R
\textrecipe	R	R

Table 323: Sample resized delimiters



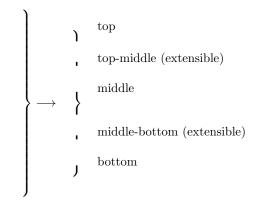


Figure 1: Implementation of variable-sized delimiters

- The symbol isn't intuitively named. As a few examples, the ifsym command to draw dice is "\Cube"; a plus sign with a circle around it ("exclusive or" to computer engineers) is "\oplus"; and lightning bolts in fonts designed by German speakers may have "blitz" in their names as in the ulsy package. The moral of the story is to be creative with synonyms when searching the index.
- The symbol is defined by some package that I overlooked (or deemed unimportant). If there's some symbol package that you think should be included in the Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List, please send me e-mail at the address listed on the title page.
- The symbol isn't defined in any package whatsoever.

Even in the last case, all is not lost. Sometimes, a symbol exists in a font, but there is no IATEX binding for it. For example, the PostScript Symbol font contains a "J" symbol, which may be useful for representing a carriage return, but there is no package (as far as I know) for accessing that symbol. To produce an unnamed symbol, you need to switch to the font explicitly with IATEX  $2\varepsilon$ 's low-level font commands [IAT00] and use TEX's primitive \char command [Knu86a] to request a specific character number in the font. In fact, \char is not strictly necessary; the character can often be entered symbolically. For example, the symbol for an impulse train or Tate-Shafarevich group ("III") is actually an uppercase sha in the Cyrillic alphabet. (Cyrillic is supported by the OT2 font encoding, for instance). While a sha can be defined numerically as "{\fontencoding{0T2}\selectfont\char88}" it may be more intuitive to use the OT2 font encoding's "SH" ligature: "{\fontencoding{0T2}\selectfont SH}".

#### Reflecting and rotating existing symbols

A common request on comp.text.tex is for a reversed or rotated version of an existing symbol. As a last resort, these effects can be achieved with the graphicx (or graphics) package's \reflectbox and \rotatebox macros. For example, \textsuperscript{\reflectbox{?}} produces an irony mark ("\footnote{\textsuperscript}\reflectbox{?}} produces an irony mark ("\footnote{\textsuperscript}\reflectbox{endianorg/wiki/Irony\_mark}), and \rotatebox[origin=c]{180}{\$\sintextsuperscript} in that not every TeX backend handles graphical transformations.\(^6\) Far better is to find a suitable font that contains the desired symbol in the correct orientation. For instance, if the phonetic package is available, then \textit{\riota} will yield a backend-independent "\textit{\riota} \textit{\riota} will yield a backend-independent "\textit{\riota} \textit{\riota} \textit{

#### Joining and overlapping existing symbols

Symbols that do not exist in any font can sometimes be fabricated out of existing symbols. The LaTeX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  source file fontdef.dtx contains a number of such definitions. For example, \models (see Table 67 on page 30) is defined in that file with:

## \def\models{\mathrel|\joinrel=}

where \mathrel and \joinrel are used to control the horizontal spacing. \def is the TEX primitive upon which LATEX's \newcommand is based. See The TEXbook [Knu86a] for more information on all three of those commands.

With some simple pattern-matching, one can easily define a backward \models sign ("=|"):

### \def\ismodeledby{=\joinrel\mathrel|}

In general, arrows/harpoons, horizontal lines ("=", "-", "\relbar", and "\Relbar"), and the various mathextension characters can be combined creatively with miscellaneous other characters to produce a variety of new symbols. Of course, new symbols can be composed from *any* set of existing characters. For instance, IATEX defines \hbar ("\hat{h}") as a "-" character (\mathchar'26) followed by a backspace of 9 math units (\mkern-9mu), followed by the letter "\h":

## 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>pifont defines a convenient \Pisymbol command for accessing symbols in PostScript fonts by number. For example, "\Pisymbol{psy}{191}" produces "¬".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>As an example, Xdvi ignores both \reflectbox and \rotatebox.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>More common symbols for representing "such that" include "|", ":", and "s.t.".

We can just as easily define other barred letters:

```
\def\bbar{{\mathchar'26\mkern-9mu b}}
\def\dbar{{\mathchar'26\mkern-12mu d}}
```

(The space after the "mu" is optional but is added for clarity.) \bbar and \dbar define "b" and "d", respectively. Note that \dbar requires a greater backward math kern than \bbar; a -9 mu kern would have produced the less-attractive "d" glyph.

The amsmath package provides \overset and \underset commands for placing one symbol respectively above or below another. For example, \overset{G}{\sim}<sup>8</sup> produces " $\stackrel{G}{\sim}$ " (sometimes used for "equidecomposable with respect to G").

Sometimes an ordinary tabular environment can be co-opted into juxtaposing existing symbols into a new symbol. Consider the following definition of \asterism ("\approx"") from a June 2007 post to comp.text.tex by Peter Flynn:

```
\newcommand{\asterism}{\smash{%}
  \raisebox{-.5ex}{%
  \setlength{\tabcolsep}{-.5pt}%
  \begin{tabular}{@{}cc@{}}%
  \multicolumn2c*\\[-2ex]*&*%
  \end{tabular}}}
```

Note how the space between columns (\tabcolsep) and rows (\\[...]) is made negative to squeeze the asterisks closer together.

There is a TeX primitive called \mathaccent that centers one mathematical symbol atop another. For example, one can define \dotcup ("\ou")—the composition of a \cup and a \cdot—as follows:

```
\newcommand{\dotcup}{\ensuremath{\mathaccent\cdot\cup}}
```

The catch is that \mathaccent requires the accent to be a "math character". That is, it must be a character in a math font as opposed to a symbol defined in terms of other symbols. See The TeXbook [Knu86a] for more information.

Another TEX primitive that is useful for composing symbols is \vcenter. \vcenter is conceptually similar to "\begin{tabular}{1}" in LATEX but takes a list of vertical material instead of \\-separated rows. Also, it vertically centers the result on the math axis. (Many operators, such as "+" and "-" are also vertically centered on the math axis.) Enrico Gregorio posted the following symbol definition to comp.text.tex in March 2004 in response to a query about an alternate way to denote equivalence:

The \threesim symbol, which vertically centers three \sim ("\"\") symbols with 0.35 x-heights of space between them, is rendered as "\"\". \offinterlineskip is a macro that disables implicit interline spacing. Without it, \threesim would have a full line of vertical spacing between each \sim. Because of \vcenter, \threesim aligns properly with other math operators:  $a \div b \approx c \times d$ .

A related LATEX command, borrowed from Plain TeX, is \ooalign. \ooalign vertically overlaps symbols and works both within and outside of math mode. Essentially, it creates a single-column tabular environment with zero vertical distance between rows. However, because it is based directly on TeX's \ialign primitive, \ooalign uses TeX's tabular syntax instead of LATeX's (i.e., with \cr as the row terminator instead of \\). The following example of \ooalign, a macro that defines a standard-state symbol (\stst, "\(\theta\)") as a superscripted Plimsoll line (\barcirc, "\(\theta\)") is due to an October 2007 comp.text.tex post by Donald Arseneau:

```
\makeatletter
\providecommand\barcirc{\mathpalette\@barred\circ}
\def\@barred#1#2{\ooalign{\hfil$#1-$\hfil\cr\hfil$#1#2$\hfil\cr\}
\newcommand\stst{^{\protect\barcirc}}
\makeatother
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>LATEX's \stackrel command is similar but is limited to placing a symbol above a binary relation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>While \barcirc illustrates how to combine symbols using \ooalign, the stmaryrd package's \minuso command (Table 46 on page 22) provides a similar glyph ("\op") as a single, indivisible symbol.

In the preceding code, note the **\ooalign** call's use of **\hfil** to horizontally center a minus sign ("-") and a \circ ("o").

As another example of \ooalign, consider the following code (due to Enrico Gregorio in a June 2007 post to comp.text.tex) that overlaps a \ni ("\(\text{\final}\)") and two minus signs ("\(-\)") to produce "\(\text{\final}\)", an obscure variation on the infrequently used "3" symbol for "such that discussed on page 103:

The slashed package, although originally designed for producing Feynman slashed-character notation, in fact facilitates the production of *arbitrary* overlapped symbols. The default behavior is to overwrite a given character with "/". For example,  $\slashed{D}$  produces "\mathbb{D}". However, the  $\clashed$  command provides the flexibility to specify the mathematical context of the composite character (operator, relation, punctuation, etc., as will be discussed in Section 8.4), the overlapping symbol, horizontal and vertical adjustments in symbol-relative units, and the character to be overlapped. Consider, for example, the symbol for reduced quadrupole moment ("I"). This can be declared as follows:

```
\newcommand{\rqm}{{%
   \declareslashed{}}{\text{-}}{0.04}{0}{I}\slashed{I}}}
```

Somewhat simpler than slashed is the centernot package. centernot provides a single command, \centernot, which, like \not, puts a slash over the subsequent mathematical symbol. However, instead of putting the slash at a fixed location, \centernot centers the slash over its argument. \centernot might be used, for example, to create a "does not imply" symbol:

See the centernot documentation for more information.

### Making new symbols work in superscripts and subscripts

To make composite symbols work properly within subscripts and superscripts, you may need to use TEX's \mathchoice primitive. \mathchoice evaluates one of four expressions, based on whether the current math style is display, text, script, or scriptscript. (See The TEXbook [Knu86a] for a more complete description.) For example, the following IATEX code—posted to comp.text.tex by Torsten Bronger—composes a sub/superscriptable "I" symbol out of \top and \bot ("T" and "L"):

The following is another example that uses \mathchoice to construct symbols in different math modes. The code defines a principal value integral symbol, which is an integral sign with a line through it.

```
\def\Xint#1{\mathchoice
   {\XXint\displaystyle\textstyle{#1}}%
   {\XXint\textstyle\scriptstyle{#1}}%
   {\XXint\scriptstyle\scriptscriptstyle{#1}}%
   {\XXint\scriptscriptstyle\scriptscriptstyle{#1}}%
```

```
\!\int}
\def\XXint#1#2#3{{\setbox0=\hbox{$#1{#2#3}{\int}$}
   \vcenter{\hbox{$#2#3$}}\kern-.5\wd0}}
\def\ddashint{\Xint=}
\def\dashint{\Xint-}
```

(The preceding code was taken verbatim from the UK TEX Users' Group FAQ at http://www.tex.ac.uk/faq.) \dashint produces a single-dashed integral sign ("f"), while \ddashint produces a double-dashed one ("f"). The \Xint macro defined above can also be used to generate a wealth of new integrals: "f" (\Xint\circlearrowright), "f" (\Xint\circlearrowleft), "f" (\Xint\subset), "f" (\Xint\nifty), and so forth.

IATEX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  provides a simple wrapper for \mathchoice that sometimes helps produce terser symbol definitions. The macro is called \mathpalette and it takes two arguments. \mathpalette invokes the first argument, passing it one of "\displaystyle", "\textstyle", "\scriptstyle", or "\scriptscriptstyle", followed by the second argument. \mathpalette is useful when a symbol macro must know which math style is currently in use (e.g., to set it explicitly within an \mbox). Donald Arseneau posted the following \mathpalette-based definition of a probabilistic-independence symbol ("\mu") to comp.text.tex in June 2000:

```
\label{thm:linear_lemmand_independent_protect_independent_{prop}} $$ \end{thm:linear_lemmand_independent_{protect_independent_{prop}} $$ \end{thm:linear_lemmand_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{protect_independent_{p
```

The \independent macro uses \mathpalette to pass the \independenT helper macro both the current math style and the \perp symbol. \independenT typesets \perp in the current math style, moves two math units to the right, and finally typesets a second—overlapping—copy of \perp, again in the current math style. \rlap, which enables text overlap, is described later on this page.

Some people like their square-root signs with a trailing "hook" (i.e., " $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ ") as this helps visually distinguish expressions like " $\sqrt{3}x$ " from those like " $\sqrt{3}x$ ". In March 2002, Dan Luecking posted a \mathpalette-based definition of a hooked square-root symbol to comp.text.tex:

```
\def\hksqrt{\mathpalette\DHLhksqrt}
\def\DHLhksqrt#1#2{\setbox0=\hbox{$#1\sqrt{#2\,}$}\dimen0=\ht0
\advance\dimen0-0.2\ht0
\setbox2=\hbox{\vrule height\ht0 depth -\dimen0}%
{\box0\lower0.4pt\box2}}
```

Notice how \DHLhksqrt uses \mathpalette to recover the outer math style (argument #1) from within an \hbox. The rest of the code is simply using TeX primitives to position a hook of height 0.2 times the \sqrt height at the right of the \sqrt. See The TeXbook [Knu86a] for more understanding of TeX "boxes" and "dimens".

Sometimes, however, amstext's \text macro is all that is necessary to make composite symbols appear correctly in subscripts and superscripts, as in the following definitions of \neswarrow ("\sums"") and \nwsearrow ("\sums"): 10

```
\newcommand{\neswarrow}{\mathrel{\text{$\nearrow$\llap{$\swarrow$}}}}
\newcommand{\nwsearrow}{\mathrel{\text{$\nwarrow$\llap{$\searrow$}}}}
```

\text resembles LATEX's \mbox command but shrinks its argument appropriately when used within a subscript or superscript. \lap ("left overlap") and its counterpart, \rlap ("right overlap"), appear frequently when creating composite characters. \lap outputs its argument to the left of the current position, overlapping whatever text is already there. Similarly, \rlap overlaps whatever text would normally appear to the right of its argument. For example, "A\lap{B}" and "\rlap{A}B" each produce "A". However, the result of the former is the width of "A", and the result of the latter is the width of "B"—\lap{...} and \rlap{...} take up zero space.

In a June 2002 post to comp.text.tex, Donald Arseneau presented a general macro for aligning an arbitrary number of symbols on their horizontal centers and vertical baselines:

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{\phantom{a}}^{10}$ Note that if your goal is to typeset commutative diagrams or pushout/pullback diagrams, then you should probably be using  $X_Y$ -pic.

```
\makeatletter
  \def\mov@rlay{\mathpalette\mov@rlay}
  \def\mov@rlay#1#2{\leavevmode\vtop{%
    \baselineskip\z@skip \lineskiplimit-\maxdimen
    \ialign{\hfil$#1##$\hfil\cr#2\crcr}}}
\makeatother
```

The \makeatletter and \makeatother commands are needed to coerce LATEX into accepting "@" as part of a macro name. \moverlay takes a list of symbols separated by \cr (TEX's equivalent of LATEX's \\). For example, the \topbot command defined on page 105 could have been expressed as "\moverlay{\top\cr\bot}" and the \neswarrow command defined on the previous page could have been expressed as "\moverlay{\nearrow\cr\swarrow}".

The basic concept behind \moverlay's implementation is that \moverlay typesets the given symbols in a table that utilizes a zero \baselineskip. This causes every row to be typeset at the same vertical position. See The TeXbook [Knu86a] for explanations of the TeX primitives used by \moverlay.

## Modifying LATEX-generated symbols

Oftentimes, symbols composed in the LATEX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  source code can be modified with minimal effort to produce useful variations. For example, fontdef.dtx composes the \ddots symbol (see Table 189 on page 63) out of three periods, raised 7 pt., 4 pt., and 1 pt., respectively:

```
\def\ddots{\mathinner{\mkern1mu\raise7\p@
\vbox{\kern7\p@\hbox{.}}\mkern2mu
\raise4\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu\raise\p@\hbox{.}\mkern1mu}}
```

\p0 is a LaTeX  $2\varepsilon$  shortcut for "pt" or "1.0pt". The remaining commands are defined in The TeXbook [Knu86a]. To draw a version of \ddots with the dots going along the opposite diagonal, we merely have to reorder the \raise7\p0, \raise4\p0, and \raise\p0:

```
\makeatletter
\def\revddots{\mathinner{\mkern1mu\raise\p@
\vbox{\kern7\p@\hbox{.}}\mkern2mu
\raise4\p@\hbox{.}\mkern2mu\raise7\p@\hbox{.}\mkern1mu}}
\makeatother
```

\revddots is essentially identical to the mathdots package's \iddots command or the yhmath package's \adots command.

## Producing complex accents

Accents are a special case of combining existing symbols to make new symbols. While various tables in this document show how to add an accent to an existing symbol, some applications, such as transliterations from non-Latin alphabets, require *multiple* accents per character. For instance, the creator of pdfTEX writes his name as "Hàn Thế Thành". The dblaccnt package enables LATEX to stack accents, as in "H\'an Th\'{\^e} Th\'anh" (albeit not in the OT1 font encoding). In addition, the wsuipa package defines \diatop and \diaunder macros for putting one or more diacritics or accents above or below a given character. For example, \diaunder[{\diatop[\'\|=]}|\textsubdot{r}] produces "\ref.". See the wsuipa documentation for more information.

The accents package facilitates the fabrication of accents in math mode. Its \accentset command enables any character to be used as an accent. For instance, \accentset{\star}{f} produces " $\mathring{f}$ " and \accentset{e}{X} produces " $\mathring{X}$ ". \underaccent does the same thing, but places the accent beneath the character. This enables constructs like \underaccent{\tilde}{Y}, which produces "Y". accents provides other accent-related features as well; see the documentation for more information.

#### Creating extensible symbols

A relatively simple example of creating extensible symbols stems from a comp.text.tex post by Donald Arseneau (June 2003). The following code defines an equals sign that extends as far to the right as possible, just like LaTeX's \hrulefill command:

```
\makeatletter
\def\equalsfill{$\m@th\mathord=\mkern-7mu
\cleaders\hbox{$\!\mathord=\!$}\hfill
\mkern-7mu\mathord=$}
\makeatother
```

TEX's \cleaders and \hfill primitives are the key to understanding \equalsfill's extensibility. Essentially, \equalsfill repeats a box containing "=" plus some negative space until it fills the maximum available horizontal space. \equalsfill is intended to be used with LATEX's \stackrel command, which stacks one mathematical expression (slightly reduced in size) atop another. Hence, "\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}" produces " $\stackrel{a}{\rightarrow}$ " and "X \stackrel{\text{definition}}{\text{definition}} Y".

If all that needs to extend are horizontal and vertical lines—as opposed to repeated symbols such as the "=" in the previous example—LATEX's array or tabular environments may suffice. Consider the following code (due to a February 1999 comp.text.tex post by Donald Arseneau and subsequent modifications by Billy Yu and Scott Pakin) for typesetting annuity and life-insurance symbols:

```
\DeclareRobustCommand{\actuarial}[2][]{%
  \def\arraystretch{0}%
  \setlength\arraycolsep{0.5pt}%
  \setlength\arrayrulewidth{0.5pt}%
  \setbox0=\hbox{$\scriptstyle#1#2$}%
  \begin{array}[b]{*2{@{}>{\scriptstyle}c}|}
  \cline{2-2}%
  \rule[1.25pt]{0pt}{\ht0}%
  #1 & #2%
  \end{array}%
}
```

Using the preceding definition, one can type, e.g., "\$a\_{\actuarial{n}}\$" to produce " $a_{\overline{n}}$ " and "\$a\_{\actuarial[x:]{n}}\$" to produce " $a_{x:\overline{n}}$ "

A more complex example of composing accents is the following definition of extensible \overbracket, \underbracket, \underbracket, \underbracket, and \underprenthesis symbols, taken from a May 2002 comp.text.tex post by Donald Arseneau:

```
\makeatletter
\def\overbracket#1{\mathop{\vbox{\ialign{##\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p0}}
     \downbracketfill\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
     $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr}}\limits}
\def\underbracket#1{\mathop{\vtop{\ialign{##\crcr
     $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
     \upbracketfill\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p0}}}\limits}
\def\overparenthesis#1{\mathop{\vbox{\ialign{##\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p0}}
     \downparenthfill\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
     $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr}}\limits}
\def\underparenthesis#1{\mathop{\vtop{\ialign{##\crcr
     $\hfil\displaystyle{#1}\hfil$\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p@\nointerlineskip}
     \upparenthfill\crcr\noalign{\kern3\p0}}}\limits}
\def\downparenthfill{$\m@th\braceld\leaders\vrule\hfill\bracerd$}
\def\upparenthfill{$\m@th\bracelu\leaders\vrule\hfill\braceru$}
\def\upbracketfill{$\m@th\makesm@sh{\llap{\vrule\@height3\p@\@width.7\p@}}%
 \leaders\vrule\@height.7\p@\hfill
 \def\downbracketfill{$\m@th
 \label{lap(vrule)@height.7p@@depth2.3p@@width.7p@}}% $$ \mathbb{C}^{\mathbb{C}}.
 \leaders\vrule\@height.7\p@\hfill
 \makeatother
```

Table 324 showcases these accents. The TeXbook [Knu86a] or another book on TeX primitives is indispensible for understanding how the preceding code works. The basic idea is that \downparenthfill, \upparenthfill, \downbracketfill, and \upparenthfill do all of the work; they output a left symbol (e.g., \braceld [","] for \downparenthfill), a horizontal rule that stretches as wide as possible, and a right symbol (e.g., \bracerd [","] for \downparenthfill). \overbracket, \underbracket, \overparenthesis, and \underparenthesis merely create a table whose width is determined by the given text, thereby constraining the width of the horizontal rules.

Table 324: Manually Composed Extensible Accents

Note that the simplewick package provides mechanisms for typesetting Wick contractions, which utilize  $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$\setminus$}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{$\setminus$}} \ensuremath{\mb$ 

$$\overrightarrow{ABCD}$$

See the simplewick documentation for more information.

#### Developing new symbols from scratch

Sometimes is it simply not possible to define a new symbol in terms of existing symbols. Fortunately, most, if not all, TEX distributions are shipped with a tool called METAFONT which is designed specifically for creating fonts to be used with TEX. The METAFONTbook [Knu86b] is the authoritative text on METAFONT. If you plan to design your own symbols with METAFONT, The METAFONTbook is essential reading. You may also want to read the freely available METAFONT primer located at http://metafont.tutorial.free.fr/. The following is an extremely brief tutorial on how to create a new LATEX symbol using METAFONT. Its primary purpose is to cover the LATEX-specific operations not mentioned in The METAFONTbook and to demonstrate that symbol-font creation is not necessarily a difficult task.

Suppose we need a symbol to represent a light bulb (" $\mathfrak{P}$ "). The first step is to draw this in METAFONT. It is common to separate the font into two files: a size-dependent file, which specifies the design size and various font-specific parameters that are a function of the design size; and a size-independent file, which draws characters in the given size. Figure 2 shows the METAFONT code for lightbulb10.mf. lightbulb10.mf specifies various parameters that produce a 10 pt. light bulb then loads lightbulb.mf. Ideally, one should produce lightbulb $\langle size \rangle$ .mf files for a variety of  $\langle size \rangle$ s. This is called "optical scaling". It enables, for example, the lines that make up the light bulb to retain the same thickness at different font sizes, which looks much nicer than the alternative—and default—"mechanical scaling". When a lightbulb $\langle size \rangle$ .mf file does not exist for a given size  $\langle size \rangle$ , the computer mechanically produces a wider, taller, thicker symbol:

lightbulb.mf, shown in Figure 3, draws a light bulb using the parameters defined in lightbulb10.mf. Note that the filenames "lightbulb10.mf" and "lightbulb.mf" do not follow the Berry font-naming scheme [Ber01]; the Berry font-naming scheme is largely irrelevant for symbol fonts, which generally lack bold, italic, small-caps, slanted, and other such variants.

The code in Figure 2 and Figure 3 is heavily commented and should demonstrate some of the basic concepts behind METAFONT usage: declaring variables, defining points, drawing lines and curves, and preparing to debug or fine-tune the output. Again, The METAFONTbook [Knu86b] is the definitive reference on METAFONT programming.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>I'm not a very good artist; you'll have to pretend that "9" looks like a light bulb.

Figure 2: Sample METAFONT size-specific file (lightbulb10.mf)

```
mode_setup;
                                                                                  % Target a given printer.
define\_pixels(em, cap, sb);
                                                                       \% Convert to device-specific units.
define\_corrected\_pixels(o);
                                                         % Same, but add a device-specific fudge factor.
%% Define a light bulb at the character position for "A"
\%\% with width ^{1}/_{2}em^{\#}, height cap^{\#}, and depth 1pt^{\#}.
beginchar("A", 1/2em^{\#}, cap^{\#}, 1pt^{\#}); "A light bulb";
    pickup pencircle scaled 1/2pt;
                                                                   % Use a pen with a small, circular tip.
    \%\% Define the points we need.
                                                                              \% z_1 is at the top of a circle.
    top z_1 = (w/2, h + o);
    rt z_2 = (w + sb + o - x_4, y_4);
                                                 \% z_2 is at the same height as z_4 but the opposite side.
     bot z_3 = (z_1 - (0, w - sb - o));
                                                                       \% z_3 is at the bottom of the circle.
     lft z_4 = (sb - o, \frac{1}{2}[y_1, y_3]);
                                                                           \% z_4 is on the left of the circle.
                                                                       % Define a path for the bulb itself.
    path bulb;
     bulb = z_1 \dots z_2 \dots z_3 \dots z_4 \dots cycle;
                                                                              % The bulb is a closed path.
    z_5 = point 2 - \frac{1}{3} of bulb;
                                                         \% z_5 lies on the bulb, a little to the right of z_3.
    z_6 = (x_5, 0);
                                                                \% z_6 is at the bottom, directly under z_5.
    z_7 = (x_8, 0);
                                                                \% z_7 is at the bottom, directly under z_8.
     z_8 = point 2 + \frac{1}{3} of bulb;
                                                           \% z_8 lies on the bulb, a little to the left of z_3.
     bot z_{67} = (1/2[x_6, x_7], pen\_bot - o - 1/8pt); \% z_{67} lies halfway between z_6 and z_7 but a jot lower.
    \%\% Draw the bulb and the base.
    draw bulb:
                                                                                  % Draw the bulb proper.
                                                                             % Draw the base of the bulb.
    draw z_5 -- z_6 \dots z_{67} \dots z_7 -- z_8;
    %% Display key positions and points to help us debug.
    makegrid(0, sb, w/2, w - sb)(0, -1pt, y_2, h);
                                                              % Label "interesting" x and y coordinates.
    penlabels(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 67, 7, 8);
                                                                    % Label control points for debugging.
endchar;
end
```

Figure 3: Sample METAFONT size-independent file (lightbulb.mf)

METAFONT can produce "proofs" of fonts—large, labeled versions that showcase the logical structure of each character. In fact, proof mode is METAFONT's default mode. To produce a proof of lightbulb10.mf, issue the following commands at the operating-system prompt:

```
prompt > mf \ lightbulb10.mf \Leftarrow Produces lightbulb10.2602gf prompt > gftodvi \ lightbulb10.2602gf \Leftrightarrow Produces lightbulb10.dvi
```

You can then view lightbulb10.dvi with any DVI viewer. The result is shown in Figure 4. Observe how the grid defined with makegrid at the bottom of Figure 3 draws vertical lines at positions 0, sb, w/2, and w-sb and horizontal lines at positions 0, -1pt,  $y_2$ , and h. Similarly, observe how the penlabels command labels all of the important coordinates:  $z_1, z_2, \ldots, z_8$  and  $z_{67}$ , which lightbulb.mf defines to lie between  $z_6$  and  $z_7$ .

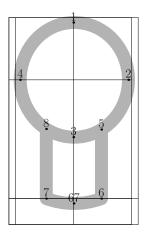


Figure 4: Proof diagram of lightbulb10.mf

Most, if not all, T<sub>E</sub>X distributions include a Plain T<sub>E</sub>X file called testfont.tex which is useful for testing new fonts in a variety of ways. One useful routine produces a table of all of the characters in the font:

```
prompt> tex testfont
This is TeX, Version 3.14159 (Web2C 7.3.1)
  (/usr/share/texmf/tex/plain/base/testfont.tex
Name of the font to test = lightbulb10
Now type a test command (\help for help):)
*\table

*\bye
[1]
Output written on testfont.dvi (1 page, 1516 bytes).
Transcript written on testfont.log.
```

The resulting table, stored in testfont.dvi and illustrated in Figure 5, shows every character in the font. To understand how to read the table, note that the character code for "A"—the only character defined by lightbulb10.mf—is 41 in hexadecimal (base 16) and 101 in octal (base 8).

The LightBulb10 font is now usable by TeX. LaTeX  $2_{\varepsilon}$ , however, needs more information before documents can use the font. First, we create a font-description file that tells LaTeX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  how to map fonts in a given font family and encoding to a particular font in a particular font size. For symbol fonts, this mapping is fairly simple. Symbol fonts almost always use the "U" ("Unknown") font encoding and frequently occur in only one variant: normal weight and non-italicized. The filename for a font-description file important; it must be of the form " $\langle encoding \rangle \langle family \rangle$ .fd", where  $\langle encoding \rangle$  is the lowercase version of the encoding name (typically "u" for symbol fonts) and  $\langle family \rangle$  is the name of the font family. For LightBulb10, let's call this "bulb". Figure 6 lists the contents of ubulb.fd. The document "LaTeX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  Font Selection" [LaT00] describes \DeclareFontFamily and \DeclareFontShape in detail, but the gist of ubulb.fd is first to declare a U-encoded version of the bulb font family and then to specify that a LaTeX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  request for a U-encoded version of bulb with a (m)edium font

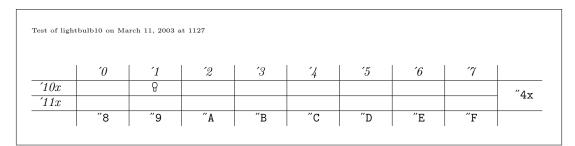


Figure 5: Font table produced by testfont.tex

```
\DeclareFontFamily{U}{bulb}{} \DeclareFontShape{U}{bulb}{m}{n}{<-> lightbulb10}{}
```

Figure 6: LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  font-description file (ubulb.fd)

series (as opposed to, e.g., bold) and a (n)ormal font shape (as opposed to, e.g., italic) should translate into a TeX request for lightbulb10.tfm mechanically scaled to the current font size.

The final step is to write a LaTeX  $2\varepsilon$  style file that defines a name for each symbol in the font. Because we have only one symbol our style file, lightbulb.sty (Figure 7), is rather trivial. Note that instead of typesetting "A" we could have had \lightbulb typeset "\char65", "\char41", or "\char101" (respectively, decimal, hexadecimal, and octal character offsets into the font). For a simple, one-character symbol font such as LightBulb10 it would be reasonable to merge ubulb.fd into lightbulb.sty instead of maintaining two separate files. In either case, a document need only include "\usepackage{lightbulb}" to make the \lightbulb symbol available.

```
\label{lightbulb} $$\operatorname{U}_{bulb}_{m}^{n}A}$
```

Figure 7:  $\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$  style file (lightbulb.sty)

METAFONT normally produces bitmapped fonts. However, it is also possible, with the help of some external tools, to produce PostScript Type 1 fonts. These have the advantages of rendering better in Adobe<sup>®</sup> Acrobat<sup>®</sup> (at least in versions prior to 6.0) and of being more memory-efficient when handled by a PostScript interpreter. See http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=textrace for pointers to tools that can produce Type 1 fonts from METAFONT.

## 8.4 Math-mode spacing

Terms such as "binary operators", "relations", and "punctuation" in Section 3 primarily regard the surrounding spacing. (See the Short Math Guide for IATEX [Dow00] for a nice exposition on the subject.) To use a symbol for a different purpose, you can use the TeX commands \mathord, \m

The purpose of the "log-like symbols" in Table 128 and Table 129 is to provide the correct amount of spacing around and within multiletter function names. Table 325 on the following page contrasts the output of the log-like symbols with various, naïve alternatives. In addition to spacing, the log-like symbols also handle subscripts properly. For example, " $\max_{p \in P}$ " produces " $\max_{p \in P}$ " in text, but " $\max_{p \in P}$ " as part of a displayed formula.

The amsmath package makes it straightforward to define new log-like symbols:

```
\DeclareMathOperator{\atan}{atan}
\DeclareMathOperator*{\lcm}{lcm}
```

Table 325: Spacing Around/Within Log-like Symbols

LATEX expression	Output	
\$r \sin \theta\$	$r\sin\theta$	(best)
<pre>\$r sin \theta\$</pre>	$rsin\theta$	
<pre>\$r \mbox{sin} \theta\$</pre>	$r \sin \theta$	
$r \mathrm{sin} \$	$r{\sin}\theta$	

The difference between  $\DeclareMathOperator$  and  $\DeclareMathOperator*$  involves the handling of subscripts. With  $\DeclareMathOperator*$ , subscripts are written beneath log-like symbols in display style and to the right in text style. This is useful for limit operators (e.g.,  $\Lim$ ) and functions that tend to map over a set (e.g.,  $\Lim$ ). In contrast,  $\DeclareMathOperator$  tells  $\Lim$  that subscripts should always be displayed to the right of the operator, as is common for functions that take a single parameter (e.g.,  $\Lim$ ) and  $\Lim$  Table 326 contrasts symbols declared with  $\DeclareMathOperator$  and  $\DeclareMathOperator*$  in both text style ( $\Lim$ ) and display style ( $\Lim$ ).

Table 326: Defining new log-like symbols

Declaration function	<pre>\$\newlogsym_{p \in P}\$</pre>	$\[ \newlogsym_{p \in P} \]$
\DeclareMathOperator	$newlogsym_{p \in P}$	$\mathrm{newlogsym}_{p \in P}$
\DeclareMathOperator*	$\mathrm{newlogsym}_{p \in P}$	$\underset{p \in P}{\operatorname{newlogsym}}$

It is common to use a thin space (\,) between the words of a multiword operators, as in "\DeclareMathOperator\*{\argmax}{arg\,max}". \liminf, \limsup, and all of the log-like symbols shown in Table 129 utilize this spacing convention.

## 8.5 Bold mathematical symbols

LaTeX does not normally use bold symbols when typesetting mathematics. However, bold symbols are occasionally needed, for example when naming vectors. Any of the approaches described at http://www.tex.ac.uk/cgi-bin/texfaq2html?label=boldgreek can be used to produce bold mathematical symbols. Table 327 contrasts the output produced by these various techniques. As the table illustrates, these techniques exhibit variation in their formatting of Latin letters (upright vs. italic), formatting of Greek letters (bold vs. normal), formatting of operators and relations (bold vs. normal), and spacing.

Table 327: Producing bold mathematical symbols

Package	Code	Output	
$\overline{none}$	<pre>\$\alpha + b = \Gamma \div D\$</pre>	$\alpha + b = \Gamma \div D$	(no bold)
none	<pre>\$\mathbf{\alpha + b = \Gamma \div D}\$</pre>	$\alpha + \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{\Gamma} \div \mathbf{D}$	
none	\boldmath\$\alpha + b = \Gamma \div D\$	$\alpha+b=\Gamma \div D$	
amsbsy	$\boldsymbol + b = \operatorname{\Delta div D}$	$\alpha + b = \Gamma \div D$	(faked bold)
amsbsy	<pre>\$\boldsymbol{\alpha + b = \Gamma \div D}\$</pre>	$\alpha+b=\Gamma \div D$	
bm	$\boldsymbol + b = \operatorname{\Delta div} D$	$\alpha+b=\Gamma \div D$	
fixmath	$\boldsymbol{\theta} = \boldsymbol{\theta} \$	$\alpha+b=\varGamma \div D$	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>Note that \displaystyle can be used to force display style within \$...\$ and \textstyle can be used to force text style within \[...\].

## 8.6 ASCII and Latin 1 quick reference

Table 328 amalgamates data from various other tables in this document into a convenient reference for  $\LaTeX$   $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  typesetting of ASCII characters, i.e., the characters available on a typical U.S. computer keyboard. The first two columns list the character's ASCII code in decimal and hexadecimal. The third column shows what the character looks like. The fourth column lists the  $\LaTeX$   $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  command to typeset the character as a text character. And the fourth column lists the  $\LaTeX$   $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  command to typeset the character within a \texttt{...} command (or, more generally, when \ttfamily is in effect).

Table 328: LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  ASCII Table

Dec	Hex	Char	Body text	\texttt	Dec	Hex	Char	Body text	\texttt
33	21	!	!	!	62	3E	>	\textgreater	>
34	22	"	\textquotedbl	"	63	3F	?	?	?
35	23	#	\#	<b>\</b> #	64	40	@	0	0
36	24	\$	\\$	\\$	65	41	A	A	Α
37	25	%	\%	\%	66	42	В	В	В
38	26	&	\&	\&	67	43	$^{\mathrm{C}}$	C	C
39	27	,	,	,	:	:	:	:	:
40	28	(	(	(	90	5A	$\mathbf{Z}$	Z	Z
41	29	)	)	)	91	5B		[	[
42	2A	*	*	*	92	5C	\	\textbackslash	\char'\\
43	2B	+	+	+	93	5D	ĺ	]	]
44	2C	,	,	,	94	5E	^	\^{}	\^{}
45	2D	-	-	-	95	5F	_	\_	\char'\_
46	2E		•		96	60	4	C	ć
47	2F	/	/	/	97	61	a	a	a
48	30	0	0	0	98	62	b	Ъ	Ъ
49	31	1	1	1	99	63	$\mathbf{c}$	С	С
50	32	2	2	2	:	:	:	•	:
:	:	:	:	:	122	7A	${f z}$	z	z
57	39	9	9	9	123	7B	{	\{	\char'\{
58	ЗA	:	:	:	124	7C	ĺ	\textbar	1
59	3B	;	;	;	125	7D	}	\}	\char'\}
60	3C	<	\textless	<	126	7E	~	\~{}	\~{}
61	3D	=	=	=					

The following are some additional notes about the contents of Table 328:

- """ is not available in the OT1 font encoding.
- Table 328 shows a close quote for character 39 for consistency with the open quote shown for character 96. A straight quote can be typeset using \textquotesingle (cf. Table 40).
- The characters "<", ">", and "|" do work as expected in math mode, although they produce, respectively, ";", "¿", and "—" in text mode when using the OT1 font encoding. The following are some alternatives for typesetting "<", ">", and "|":
  - Specify a document font encoding other than OT1 (as described on page 8).
  - Use the appropriate symbol commands from Table 2 on page 9, viz. \textless, \textgreater, and \textbar.
  - Enter the symbols in math mode instead of text mode, i.e., \$<\$, \$>\$, and \$|\$.

Note that for typesetting metavariables many people prefer textlangle and textrangle to textless and textgreater; i.e., " $\langle filename \rangle$ " instead of " $\langle filename \rangle$ ".

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>Donald Knuth didn't think such symbols were important outside of mathematics so he omitted them from his text fonts.

- Although "/" does not require any special treatment, IATEX additionally defines a \slash command which outputs the same glyph but permits a line break afterwards. That is, "increase/decrease" is always typeset as a single entity while "increase\slash{}decrease" may be typeset with "increase/" on one line and "decrease" on the next.
- \textasciicircum can be used instead of \^{}, and \textasciitilde can be used instead of \^{}. Note that \textasciitilde and \^{} produce raised, diacritic tildes. "Text" (i.e., vertically centered) tildes can be generated with either the math-mode \sim command (shown in Table 67 on page 30), which produces a somewhat wide "~", or the textcomp package's \texttildelow (shown in Table 40 on page 20), which produces a vertically centered "~" in most fonts but a baseline-oriented "~" in Computer Modern, txfonts, pxfonts, and various other fonts originating from the TeX world. If your goal is to typeset tildes in URLs or Unix filenames, your best bet is to use the url package, which has a number of nice features such as proper line-breaking of such names.
- The various \char commands within \texttt are necessary only in the OT1 font encoding. In other encodings (e.g., T1), commands such as \{, \}, \\_, and \textbackslash all work properly.
- The code page 437 (IBM PC) version of ASCII characters 1 to 31 can be typeset using the ascii package. See Table 227 on page 72.
- To replace "'" and "'" with the more computer-like (and more visibly distinct) "'" and "'" within a verbatim environment, use the upquote package. Outside of verbatim, you can use \char18 and \char13 to get the modified quote characters. (The former is actually a grave accent.)

Similar to Table 328, Table 329 on the next page is an amalgamation of data from other tables in this document. While Table 328 shows how to typeset the 7-bit ASCII character set, Table 329 shows the Latin 1 (Western European) character set, also known as ISO-8859-1.

The following are some additional notes about the contents of Table 329:

- A "(tc)" after a symbol name means that the textcomp package must be loaded to access that symbol. A "(T1)" means that the symbol requires the T1 font encoding. The fontenc package can change the font encoding document-wide.
- Many of the \text... accents can also be produced using the accent commands shown in Table 17 on page 14 plus an empty argument. For instance, \={} is essentially the same as \textsciimacron.
- The commands in the "IATEX  $2\varepsilon$ " columns work both in body text and within a \texttt{...} command (or, more generally, when \ttfamily is in effect).
- The "£" and "\$" glyphs occupy the same slot (36) of the OT1 font encoding, with "£" appearing in italic fonts and "\$" appearing in roman fonts. A problem with LATEX's default handling of this double-mapping is that "{\sffamily\slshape\pounds}" produces "\$", not "£". Other font encodings use separate slots for the two characters and are therefore robust to the problem of "£"/"\$" conflicts. Authors who use \pounds should select a font encoding other than OT1 (as explained on page 8) or use the textcomp package, which redefines \pounds to use the TS1 font encoding.
- Character 173, \-, is shown as "-" but is actually a discretionary hyphen; it appears only at the end of a line.

Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> normally uses a superset of Latin 1 called "Code Page 1252" or "CP1252" for short. CP1252 introduces symbols in the Latin 1 "invalid" range (characters 128–159). Table 330 presents the characters with which CP1252 augments the standard Latin 1 table.

The following are some additional notes about the contents of Table 330:

- As in Table 329, a "(tc)" after a symbol name means that the textcomp package must be loaded to access that symbol. A "(T1)" means that the symbol requires the T1 font encoding. The fontenc package can change the font encoding document-wide.
- Not all characters in the 128–159 range are defined.
- Look up "euro signs" in the index for alternatives to \texteuro.

Table 329: IATEX  $2_{\mathcal{E}}$  Latin 1 Table

Dec	Hex	Char	IATEX $2arepsilon$		Dec	Hex	Char	IATEX 28	======================================
161	A1	i	i,		209	D1	$ ilde{\mathbf{N}}$	\~{N}	
162	A2	¢	\textcent	(tc)	210	D2	Ò	\'{0}	
163	A3	£	\pounds		211	D3	Ó	\'(0)	
164	A4	¤	\textcurrency	(tc)	212	D4	Ô	\^{0}	
165	A5	¥	\textyen	(tc)	213	D5	Õ	\~{0}	
166	A6		\textbrokenbar	(tc)	214	D6	Ö	\"{0}	
167	A7	§	\\$	, .	215	D7	×	\texttimes	(tc)
168	8A		\textasciidieresis	(tc)	216	D8	Ø	\0	(55)
169	A9	©	\textcopyright		217	D9	Ù	\'{U}	
170	AA	$\mathbf{a}$	\textordfeminine	(— · )	218	DA	Ú	\'{U}	
171	AB	«	\guillemotleft	(T1)	219	DB	Û	\^{U}	
172	AC	_	\textlnot	(tc)			Ü		
173	AD	-	\-		220	DC		\"{U}	
174	ΑE	$\underline{\underline{\mathbf{R}}}$	\textregistered		221	DD	Ý	\',{Y}	(TD4.)
175	AF		\textasciimacron	(tc)	222	DE	Þ	\TH	(T1)
176	В0	0	\textdegree	(tc)	223	DF	В	\ss	
177	B1	$\pm$	\textpm	(tc)	224	E0	à	\'{a}	
178	B2	2	\texttwosuperior	(tc)	225	E1	á	\'{a}	
179	В3	3	\textthreesuperior	(tc)	226	E2	â	\^{a}	
180	В4	,	\textasciiacute	(tc)	227	E3	$\tilde{a}$	\~{a}	
181	В5	μ	\textmu	(tc)	228	E4	ä	\"{a} `	
182	В6	$\P$	\P		229	E5	å	\aa `	
183	В7	•	\textperiodcentered		230	E6	æ	\ae	
184	В8	1		( )	231	E7	ç	\c{c}	
185	В9	1	\textonesuperior	(tc)	232	E8	è	\'{e}	
186	BA	Ō	\textordmasculine	(TD4)	233	E9	é	\'{e}	
187	BB	»	\guillemotright	(T1)	234	EA	ê 	\^{e}	
188	BC	$\frac{1}{4}$	\textonequarter	(tc)	235	EB	ë	\"{e}	
189	BD	$\frac{1}{2}$	\textonehalf	(tc)	236	EC	ì	\'{1}	
190	BE	$\frac{3}{4}$	\textthreequarters	(tc)	237	ED	í	\'{1}	
191	BF	ŗ	?'		238	EE	î 	\^{1}	
192	CO	À	\'{A}		239	EF	ï	\"{1}	(TD1)
193	C1	Á	\',{\A}		240	F0	ð	\dh	(T1)
194	C2	Â	\^{A}		241	F1	ñ	\~{n}	
195	C3	$ ilde{ ext{A}}$	\~{A}		242	F2	ò	\'{o}	
196	C4	Ä	\"{A}		243	F3	ó	\'^{o}	
197	C5	Å	\AA		244	F4	ô ~	\^{o}	
198	C6	Æ	\AE		245	F5	õ ::	\~{o} \"{o}	
199	C7	Ç	\c{C}		246	F6	ö		(+a)
200	C8	È	\'{E}		247	F7	÷	\textdiv	(tc)
201	C9	É	\'{E}		248 249	F8	Ø	\o \'{u}	
202	CA	$\hat{ ext{E}}$	\^{E}			F9	ù		
203	CB	Ë	\"{E}		250 251	FA FB	ú û	\'{u} \^{u}	
203	CC	Ì	/,{I}		251 252	FC	u ü	\ {u} \"{u}	
		Í			252 253	FD	u ý	\"{u} \'{y}	
205	CD		\'{I}		253 254	FE			(T1)
206	CE	Î	\^{I}		254 255	FF	þ ÿ	\th \"{y}	(11)
207	CF	Ï	\"{I}	(FD::)	200	rr	У	v lys	
208	DO	Ð	\DH	(T1)					

Table 330: LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  Code Page 1252 Table

${\rm Dec}$	$\operatorname{Hex}$	Char	$\LaTeX 2_{\mathcal{E}}$		Dec	$\operatorname{Hex}$	Char	$\LaTeX 2_{\mathcal{E}}$	
128	80	€	\texteuro	(tc)	145	91	4	(	
130	82	,	\quotesinglbase	(T1)	146	92	,	,	
131	83	f	\textit{f}	. ,	147	93	"	( (	
132	84	,,	\quotedblbase	(T1)	148	94	"	, ,	
133	85		\dots	. ,	149	95	•	\textbullet	
134	86	†	\dag		150	96	_		
135	87	‡	\ddag		151	97	_		
136	88	^	\textasciicircum		152	98	~	\textasciitilde	
137	89	‰	\textperthousand	(tc)	153	99	TM	\texttrademark	
138	88	Š	\v{S}	, ,	154	9A	š	\v{s}	
139	8B	<	\guilsinglleft	(T1)	155	9B	>	\guilsinglright	(T1)
140	8C	Œ	\0E	. ,	156	9C	œ	\oe	
142	8E	Ž	\v{Z}		158	9E	$\check{\mathbf{z}}$	$v{z}$	
					159	9F	$\ddot{\mathrm{Y}}$	\"{Y}	

While too large to incorporate into this document, a listing of ISO 8879:1986 SGML/XML character entities and their LaTeX equivalents is available from http://www.bitjungle.com/~isoent/. Some of the characters presented there make use of isoent, a LaTeX  $2_{\varepsilon}$  package (available from the same URL) that fakes some of the missing ISO glyphs using the LaTeX picture environment.<sup>14</sup>

### 8.7 Unicode characters

Unicode is a "universal character set"—a standard for encoding (i.e., assigning unique numbers to) the symbols appearing in many of the world's languages. While ASCII can represent 128 symbols and Latin 1 can represent 256 symbols, Unicode can represent an astonishing 1,114,112 symbols.

Because TEX and LATEX predate the Unicode standard and Unicode fonts by almost a decade, support for Unicode has had to be added to the base TEX and LATEX systems. Note first that LATEX distinguishes between input encoding—the characters used in the .tex file—and output encoding—the characters that appear in the generated .dvi, .pdf, etc. file.

## Inputting Unicode characters

To include Unicode characters in a .tex file, load the ucs package and load the inputenc package with the utf8x ("UTF-8 extended") option. These packages enable LATEX to translate UTF-8 sequences to LATEX commands, which are subsequently processed as normal. For example, the UTF-8 text "Copyright © 2009"—"©" is not an ASCII character and therefore cannot be input directly without packages such as ucs/inputenc—is converted internally by inputenc to "Copyright \textcopyright{} 2009" and therefore typeset as "Copyright © 2009".

The ucs/inputenc combination supports only a tiny subset of Unicode's million-plus symbols. Additional symbols can be added manually using the \DeclareUnicodeCharacter command. \DeclareUnicodeCharacter takes two arguments: a Unicode number and a LATEX command to execute when the corresponding Unicode character is encountered in the input. For example, the Unicode character "degree celsius" ("°C") appears at character position U+2103. However, "C" is not one of the characters that ucs and inputenc recognize. The following document shows how to use \DeclareUnicodeCharacter to tell LATEX that the "C" character should be treated as a synonym for \textcelsius:

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{ucs}
\usepackage[utf8x]{inputenc}

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>isoent is not featured in this document, because it is not available from CTAN and because the faked symbols are not "true" characters; they exist in only one size, regardless of the body text's font size.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>UTF-8 is the 8-bit Unicode Transformation Format, a popular mechanism for representing Unicode symbol numbers as sequences of one to four bytes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>The Unicode convention is to express character positions as "U+\(\langle hexadecimal number\)".

```
\usepackage{textcomp}
\DeclareUnicodeCharacter{"2103}{\textcelsius} % Enable direct input of U+2103.
\begin{document}
It was a balmy 21°C.
\end{document}
which produces
```

See the ucs documentation for more information and for descriptions of the various options that control ucs's behavior.

#### **Outputting Unicode characters**

It was a balmy 21°C.

Orthogonal to the ability to include Unicode characters in a IATEX input file is the ability to include a given Unicode character in the corresponding output file. By far the easiest approach is to use XHATEX instead of pdfIATEX or ordinary IATEX. XHATEX handles Unicode input and output natively and can utilize system fonts directly without having to expose them via .tfm, .fd, and other such files. To output a Unicode character, a XHATEX document can either include that character directly as UTF-8 text or use TEX's \char primitive, which XHATEX extends to accept numbers larger than 255.

Suppose we want to output the symbols for versicle ("V") and response ("R") in a document. The Unicode charts list "versicle" at position U+2123 and "response" at position U+211F. We therefore need to install a font that contains those characters at their proper positions. One such font that is freely available from CTAN is Junicode Regular (Junicode-Regular.ttf) from the junicode package. The fontspec package makes it easy for a XHMTEX document to utilize a system font. The following example defines a \textjuni command that uses fontspec to typeset its argument in Junicode Regular:

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{fontspec}
\newcommand{\textjuni}[1]{{\fontspec{Junicode-Regular}#1}}
\begin{document}
We use ''\textjuni{\char"2123}'' for a versicle
and ''\textjuni{\char"211F}'' for a response.
\end{document}
which produces
```

We use "V" for a versicle and "R" for a response.

(Typesetting the entire document in Junicode Regular would be even easier. See the fontspec documentation for more information regarding font selection.) Note how the preceding example uses \char to specify a Unicode character by number. The double quotes before the number indicate that the number is represented in hexadecimal instead of decimal.

## 8.8 About this document

History David Carlisle wrote the first version of this document in October, 1994. It originally contained all of the native LaTeX symbols (Table 44, Table 57, Table 67, Table 102, Table 128, Table 131, Table 152, Table 153, Table 164, Table 169, Table 201, and a few tables that have since been reorganized) and was designed to be nearly identical to the tables in Chapter 3 of Leslie Lamport's book [Lam86]. Even the table captions and the order of the symbols within each table matched! The AMS symbols (Table 45, Table 68, Table 69, Table 105, Table 106, Table 132, Table 137, Table 148, and Table 202) and an initial Math Alphabets table (Table 213) were added thereafter. Later, Alexander Holt provided the stmaryrd tables (Table 46, Table 59, Table 70, Table 108, Table 125, and Table 149).

In January, 2001, Scott Pakin took responsibility for maintaining the symbol list and has since implemented a complete overhaul of the document. The result, now called, "The Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List", includes the following new features:

- the addition of a handful of new math alphabets, dozens of new font tables, and thousands of new symbols
- the categorization of the symbol tables into body-text symbols, mathematical symbols, science and technology symbols, dingbats, ancient languages, and other symbols, to provide a more user-friendly document structure
- an index, table of contents, hyperlinks, and a frequently-requested symbol list, to help users quickly locate symbols
- symbol tables rewritten to list the symbols in alphabetical order
- appendices providing additional information relevant to using symbols in LATEX
- tables showing how to typeset all of the characters in the ASCII and Latin 1 font encodings

Furthermore, the internal structure of the document has been completely altered from David Carlisle's original version. Most of the changes are geared towards making the document easier to extend, modify, and reformat.

Build characteristics Table 331 lists some of this document's build characteristics. Most important is the list of packages that LATEX couldn't find, but that symbols.tex otherwise would have been able to take advantage of. Complete, prebuilt versions of this document are available from CTAN (http://www.ctan.org/ or one of its many mirror sites) in the directory tex-archive/info/symbols/comprehensive. Table 332 shows the package date (specified in the .sty file with \ProvidesPackage) for each package that was used to build this document and that specifies a package date. Packages are not listed in any particular order in either Table 331 or Table 332.

Table 331: Document Characteristics

Characteristic	Value
Source file:	symbols.tex
Build date:	November 9, 2009
Symbols documented:	5913
Packages included:	textcomp latexsym amssymb stmaryrd euscript wasysym pifont manfnt bbding undertilde ifsym tipa tipx extraipa wsuipa phonetic ulsy ar metre txfonts mathabx fclfont skak ascii dingbat skull eurosym esvect yfonts yhmath esint mathdots trsym universa upgreek overrightarrow chemarr chemarrow nath trfsigns mathtools phaistos arcs vietnam t4phonet holtpolt semtrans dictsym extarrows protosem harmony hieroglf cclicenses mathdesign arev MnSymbol cmll extpfeil keystroke fge turnstile simpsons epsdice feyn universal staves igo colonequals shuffle fourier dozenal pmboxdraw pigpen clock teubner linearA linearb cypriot sarabian china2e harpoon steinmetz milstd recycle DotArrow ushort hhcount ogonek combelow accents nicefrac bm mathrsfs chancery calligra bbold mbboard dsfont bbm
Packages omitted:	none

Table 332: Package versions used in the preparation of this document

Name	Date
textcomp latexsym	2005/09/27 1998/08/17
—————	1330/00/11

(continued on next page)

 $(continued\ from\ previous\ page)$ 

Name	Date
amssymb	2002/01/22
stmaryrd	1994/03/03
euscript	2001/10/01
wasysym	2003/10/30
pifont	2005/04/12
manfnt	1999/07/01
bbding	1999/04/15
undertilde	2000/08/08
ifsym	2000/04/18
tipa	2002/08/08
tipx	2003/01/01
wsuipa	1994/07/16
metre	2001/12/05
txfonts	2008/01/22
mathabx	2003/07/29
skak	2008/10/09
ascii	2006/05/30
dingbat	2001/04/27
skull	2002/01/23
eurosym	1998/08/06
yfonts	2003/01/08
mathdots	2006/03/16
trsym	2000/06/25
universa	98/08/01
upgreek	2003/02/12
chemarr	2006/02/20
mathtools	2008/08/01
phaistos	2004/04/23
arcs	2004/05/09
t4phonet	2004/06/01
semtrans	1998/02/10
dictsym	2004/07/26
extarrows	2008/05/15
protosem	2005/03/18
harmony	2007/05/03
hieroglf	2000/09/23
cclicenses	2005/05/20
arev	2005/06/14
MnSymbol	2007/01/21
extpfeil	2006/07/27
keystroke	2003/08/15
fge	2007/06/03
turnstile	2007/06/23
epsdice	2007/02/15
feyn	2008/02/29
universal	97/12/24
colonequals	2006/08/01
shuffle	2008/10/27
pmboxdraw	2006/05/03
pigpen	2008/12/07
clock	2001/04/10
teubner	2008/02/10
	_000,02,10

(continued on next page)

(continued from previous page)

Name	Date
Name	Date
linearA	2006/03/13
linearb	2005/06/22
cypriot	1999/06/20
sarabian	2005/11/12
china2e	1997/06/01
harpoon	1994/11/02
steinmetz	2009/06/14
DotArrow	2007/02/12
ushort	2001/06/13
hhcount	1995/03/31
ogonek	95/07/17
combelow	2009/08/23
accents	2006/05/12
nicefrac	1998/08/04
bm	2004/02/26
calligra	1996/07/18

# 8.9 Copyright and license

The Comprehensive LATEX Symbol List Copyright © 2009, Scott Pakin

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http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt

and version 1.3c or later is part of all distributions of LATEX version 2006/05/20 or later.

This work has the LPPL maintenance status "maintained".

The current maintainer of this work is Scott Pakin.

## References

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If you're having trouble locating a symbol, try looking under "T" for " $\texttt{\text...}$ ". Many text-mode commands begin with that prefix. Also, accents are shown over/under a gray box (e.g., " $\acute{\blacksquare}$ " for " $\ifmmode{^{\circ}}$ ").

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