Solution 1:

a) First, sort the table:

ID	Actual Class	Score	Predicted Class
6	0	0.63	1
7	1	0.62	1
10	0	0.57	1
4	1	0.38	0
1	0	0.33	0
8	1	0.33	0
2 5	0	0.27	0
5	1	0.17	0
9	0	0.15	0
3	1	0.11	0

	Actual Class - 0	Actual Class - 1
Prediction - 0	3	4
Prediction - 1	2	1

so we get

FN	FP	TN	TP
4	2	3	1

b)

$$Precision = \frac{TP}{TP + FP} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Sensitivity = \frac{TP}{TP + FN} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$Accuracy = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$Specificity = \frac{TN}{TN + FP} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\mathrm{Error\ Rate} = \frac{\mathrm{FP} + \mathrm{FN}}{\mathrm{TP} + \mathrm{TN} + \mathrm{FP} + \mathrm{FN}} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\text{F-measure} = \frac{2 \cdot \text{Precision} \cdot \text{Sensitivity}}{\text{Precision} + \text{Sensitivity}} = 0.25$$

$$\mbox{Negative Predictive Value} = \frac{\mbox{TN}}{\mbox{TN} + \mbox{FN}} = \frac{3}{7}$$

c) First we sort the results by the score:

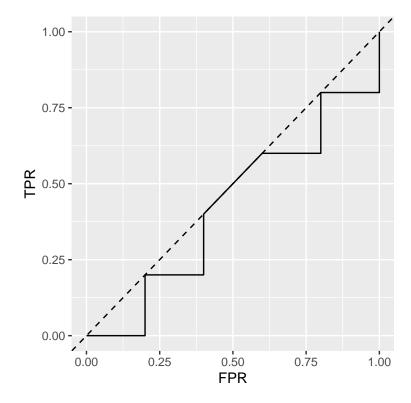
	true_labels	scores
6	0	0.63
7	1	0.62
10	0	0.57
4	1	0.38
1	0	0.33
8	1	0.33
2	0	0.27
5	1	0.17
9	0	0.15
3	1	0.10

Here we see that $\frac{1}{n_+} = \frac{1}{5} = 0.2$ and $\frac{1}{n_-} = \frac{1}{5} = 0.2$. Now we follow the algorithm as described in the lecture slides:

- (i) Set $\alpha = 1$, so we start in (0,0); we predict everything as 1.
- (ii) Set threshold $\tau=0.625$ yields TPR 0 and FPR $0+\frac{1}{n_-}=0.2.$ (Obs. 6 is "0")
- (iii) Set threshold $\tau=0.6$ yields TPR $0+\frac{1}{n_+}=0.2$ and FPR 0.2. (Obs. 7 is "1")
- (iv) Set threshold $\tau = 0.5$ yields TPR 0.2 and FPR 0.2 + $\frac{1}{n} = 0.4$. (Obs. 10 is "0")
- (v) Set threshold $\tau = 0.35$ yields TPR $0.2 + \frac{1}{n_+} = 0.4$ and FPR 0.4. (Obs. 4 is "1")
- (vi) Set threshold $\tau = 0.3$ yields TPR $0.4 + \frac{1}{n_+} = 0.6$ and FPR $0.4 + \frac{1}{n_-} = 0.6$. (Obs. 1/8 is "0"/"1")
- (vii) Set threshold $\tau=0.2$ yields TPR 0.6 and FPR 0.6 + $\frac{1}{n_-}=0.8$. (Obs. 2 is "0")
- (viii) Set threshold $\tau=0.16$ yields TPR $0.6+\frac{1}{n_+}=0.8$ and FPR 0.8. (Obs. 5 is "1")
- (ix) Set threshold $\tau=0.14$ yields TPR 0.8 and FPR 0.8 + $\frac{1}{n_-}=1$. (Obs. 9 is "0")
- (x) Set threshold $\tau=0.09$ yields TPR $0.8+\frac{1}{n_+}=1$ and FPR 1. (Obs. 3 is "1")

Therefore we get the polygonal path consisting of the ordered list of vertices

$$(0,0), (0.2,0), (0.2,0.2), (0.4,0.2), (0.4,0.4), (0.6,0.6), (0.8,0.6), (0.8,0.8), (1,0.8), (1,1).$$



We see that the resulting ROC lies below the line from the origin with a slope of 1, which represents a random classifier, i.e., the scoring algorithm performs worse than a random classifier. If this happens while evaluating the training data, the labels of the scoring algorithm should be inverted.

d) We can compute the AUC (area under the curve) by looking at the ROC, s.t.

$$AUC = 0.5 - 4 \cdot (0.2 \cdot 0.2 \cdot 0.5) = 0.42.$$