I. Use Case Description	
Use Case Name	Political Journalism Ontology
Use Case Identifier	OE2024-PJO-8
Source	RPI Ontology Engineering
Point of Contact	Avery Iorio ( <u>iorioa@rpi.edu</u> )
	Kirk Olkowski (olkowk@rpi.edu)
	Nathaniel Adair (adairn@rpi.edu)
Creation / Revision Date	10/21/2024
Associated Documents	Requirements documentation, traceability matrix if applicable

II. Use Case Summary	
Goal	The goal is to provide users the ability to discover trends in how specific journalists and news outlets report on political issues and politicians.
Requirements	We plan to develop an ontology-enabled system that allows a comparison between these various outlets and journalists that accounts for a difference in terminology and content focus that results from media outlets appealing to different audiences.
	Users need to be able to connect various articles across media outlets to the same journalist or editor. The ontology serves the purpose of providing a way to link these articles and events that is robust to biased reporting. This is because different outlets will refer to the same issues, politicians, and events using different terminology while selectively including/emphasising various details. For example, a right leaning outlet may have a particular story about immigration with the <i>immigration</i> tag whereas a left leaning outlet may use the <i>human rights</i> tag. We need a semantic way of seeing if these articles are generally referring to the same event.
	Users need a way to connect politicians or prominent figures to pieces of legislation, political issues, other politicians, political parties, elections, and articles.
	We intend to evaluate the relative (rather than objective) bias of articles without making claims about the factual nature of the content of the various articles.
Scope	The current scope of this project restricts itself to only using the New York Times and Fox News for data.
	We intend to limit ourselves to relative bias between given articles or news outlets. This allows us to avoid the definition of a 'ground truth' opinion on the significance of any given event, and instead allows us to leave such value determinations to the user.
	This project will focus primarily on federal and gubernatorial elections and positions insofar as political elections and positions are concerned. Local elections and local positions will be ignored due to the assumption that there is far less measurable media "spin" regarding local politics.
	This project relies on the existing tags and terminology associated with each article as found on each publication's RSS feed. Additionally, externally generated media bias metrics will be used as a starting point for users to query based on generally perceived biases held by legacy outlets (see allsides media bias chart. Sentiment analysis and the generation of tags from the body

	of articles are outside of the scope of this project. Simple keyword searching within an article's title may be necessary.
	Evaluating the provenance of the actual article content is beyond the scope of this system. Biased reporting may still be useful to a reader so long as the direction and relative degree of the bias is well understood.
Priority	N/A
Stakeholders	<b>Politicians and Political Campaign Strategists</b> - To understand how their policy platform is represented in media and compare how they are portrayed across outlets and between journalists.
	<b>Voters</b> - To track the political platforms of candidates and uncover disconnects and biases in how different media outlets represent specific issues, politicians, or events.
	<b>Media</b> - To evaluate potential journalists biases, issues of interest, and reporting patterns
	<b>Public Relations Team</b> - To gauge how a particular journalist or media outlet might cover a political issue and who might be exposed to the coverage.
Description	A critical component of functioning democracies is a voting populace with the information necessary to make an informed vote. The relaying of this information should naturally facilitate rational citizens in voting in a manner that best suits their well-being and beliefs. Due in part to the advent of the digital age and the ad-view revenue model dominating media, there are perverse incentives that favour viewer engagement over unbiased and factual reporting. <sup>1</sup>
	This perverse media incentive structure naturally results in outlets finding a position on this bias/accuracy continuum that caters to a specific cross section of viewers to maximise engagement and build a viewer base. As a result outlets choose editors, journalists, stories, and language that best appeals to this base and is largely responsible for today's polarised media climate. Unbiased reporting is often conflated with factual reporting.
	This use case focuses on using a political journalism ontology to allow the comparison of media coverage across different outlets and journalists. The primary goal is for the user to understand the relative bias of a news outlet or journalist regarding a particular issue or politician. The desire for this functionality comes from the majority held belief <sup>2</sup> that U.S. media in general is biassed. The frequency with which outlets publish articles, the publishing time, the tags, and the publishing history of the journalist all carry information about how the outlet and journalist want the issue or associated people to be perceived by the public.
Actors / Interfaces	The <b>primary actor</b> is the user, namely a person looking for information regarding journalism and politics.
	Secondary actors include:
	- RSS Feeds
	- The New York Times
	- Fox News
	- Individual Journalists - Individual Articles
	- Individual Articles - AllSides Media Bias Rankings
	- Anonco modia dias Kankings

	- U.S. Government data archives - Congressional Voting Records
	- Election Records
Pre-conditions	Before a user can ask this system a competency question, there must be at least 2 media outlets with some difference in intended audience with a non trivial number of articles published over a reasonably long time. Additionally, this system assumes some basic political knowledge on the part of the user to ask questions that can be objectively answered. For example, they must ask more nuanced questions than "What outlet publishes the most fake news?" or "Is Fox or CNN more correct about the economy?" Instead the system is more designed to handle questions like "What is the most mentioned political topic in articles published by Fox news mentioning states on the southern border?" This is a better suited question since these are relatively more concrete "facts" that can at least be discovered from the article tags.
	Data Loading Pre-conditions: There will be no orphan entities: e.g. a politician that is not connected to any articles, parties, issues, bills, events, etc is just an empty name that cannot be compared across outlets.
	There will be no contradictions: e.g. an outlet can't lean both left and right, a politician can't both support and oppose a bill, two candidates can't win the same election. The engine will make sure new information reflects the current state of established facts.
Post-conditions	
	The system will return any articles matching the desired tags given by the user. In the case that no articles are returned the system will suggest possible constraints to relax to get a more usable answer. While a customised response to each query is beyond the scope of this project, the general suggestion will be to relax constraints on political party, allsides media bias ranking, geographic region, political position, sub topic, and then time period. This ordering is designed to minimise user bias in constructing questions that validate their preconceived beliefs about media bias.
	For example, if a user asks a question about how many articles about democratic candidates in southern states mentioned gun control. In the case that no articles show up, the system might suggest relaxing constraints on political party and region first. This relaxed query could then provide article mentioning republican candidates in coastal states regarding gun control. This could lead a user to consider if gun control policy is as regionally influenced as it is influenced by political party affiliation.
Triggers	Elections, political events, house and senate votes, speeches, and article publishing all cause the system to update the underlying political knowledge representation.  For Users: Asking a query results in the engine pulling the necessary
	information about media outlets and articles
Performance Requirements	Results should be returned in a reasonable amount of time but it does not have to be exceptionally performant. (i.e. it is fine if it takes a few minutes for a difficult query.
Assumptions	While the exact number of articles and timespan are left intentionally vague, the more important observation is that the quality of the answers is directly dependent on the quantity of media available. The lower the number of articles that have been ingested by the ontology the more likely the answers

	to the competency questions are going to capture week to week noise in media coverage as opposed to long term bias trends.
Open Issues	

### III. Usage Scenarios

Provide at least two usage scenarios that flesh out the requirements outlined in the summary, including identification of requirements specific to any envisioned ontology or semantically-driven service or application. Scenarios should be described as narrative, with supporting diagrams as appropriate. In an Agile process, every user story relevant to the use case should be included and elaborated/rolled up into one or more usage scenarios, with a clear mapping from the user story to the scenario it is integrated in or mapped to.

A 25 year old independent voter in Wisconsin has been hearing about increased levels of "migrant crime" from friends of hers. Many of her friends have tried to convince her that this is due to Democratic Governors that are lenient on immigration but she believes that this is due to her conservative friends consuming media that disproportionately publishes articles about immigration. She would like to compare the number of articles written in right leaning news outlets about immigration in southern border states that mention democratic politicians versus those that mention republican politicians. She hopes that this will give her evidence of a right media bias for publishing about immigration issues.

A 38 year old woman with children lives in rural Pennsylvania. She is an avid Fox News viewer but recently saw an article on CNN about the incumbent Dem Rep in her district being pro-family. She is wondering if news coverage regarding this candidate is bipartisan or if the reporter working for CNN is simply trying to make the candidate look good.

#### IV. Basic Flow of Events

Naturative: Often referred to as the primary scenario or course of events, the basic flow defines the process/data/work flow that would be followed if the use case were to follow its main plot from start to end. Error states or alternate states that might occur as a matter of course in fulfilling the use case should be included under Alternate Flow of Events, below. The basic flow should provide any reviewer a quick overview of how an implementation is intended to work. A summary paragraph should be included that provides such an overview (which can include lists, conversational analysis that captures stakeholder interview information, etc.), followed by more detail expressed via the table structure.

In cases where the user scenarios are sufficiently different from one another, it may be helpful to describe the flow for each scenario independently, and then merge them together in a composite flow.

User can ask a series of questions

Basic	/ Normal Flow	of Events	
Step	Actor (Person)	Actor (System)	Description
1	User		Launches application
2		App	Loads the user interface
3	User		Inputs query into input text box
4		App	Processes query
5		App	Render query in terms of ontology, and query resulting data
6		App	Return answer in triples, and attendant links to actual news
			articles

7 User Closes application	
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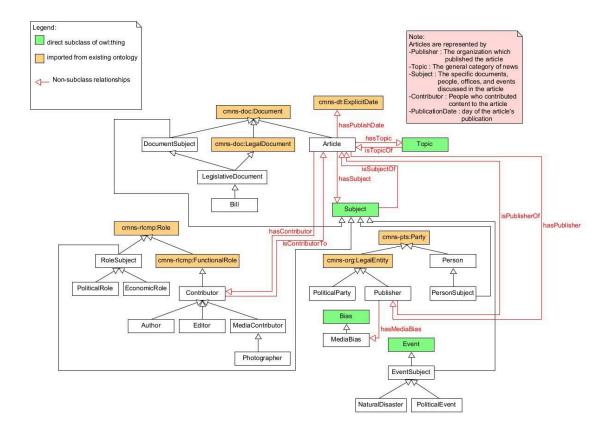
#### V. Alternate Flow of Events

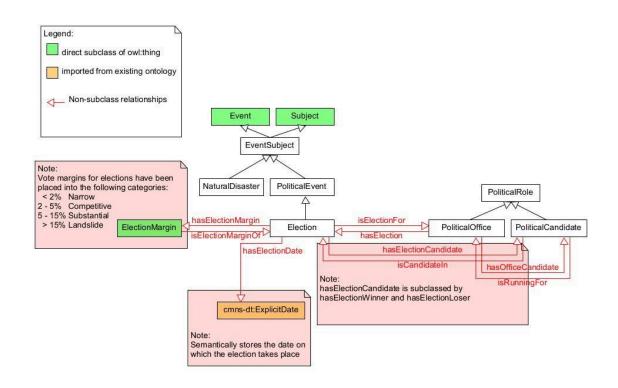
<u>Narrative:</u> The alternate flow defines the process/data/work flow that would be followed if the use case enters an error or alternate state from the basic flow defined, above. A summary paragraph should be included that provides an overview of each alternate flow, followed by more detail expressed via the table structure.

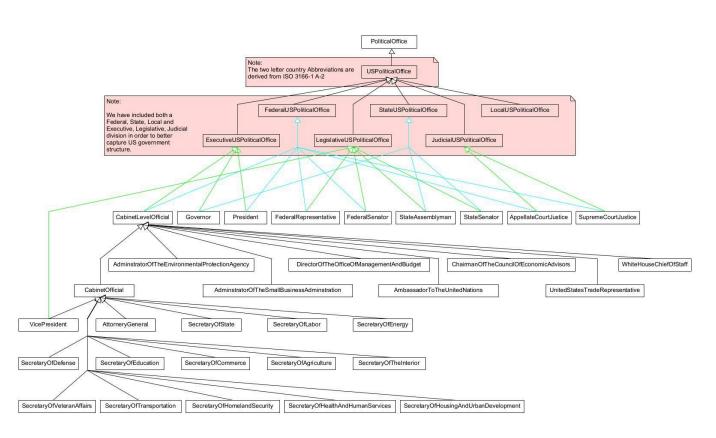
Alteri	nate Flow of Ev	ents	
Step	Actor (Person)	Actor (System)	Description
1	User		Launches application
2		Арр	Loads the user interface
3	User		Inputs query
		App	Fails to represent query in terms of the ontology
4		App	Unable to process query, reports 'Query unrepresentable'
			error to user.
5		App	Re-prompts user for a valid query.

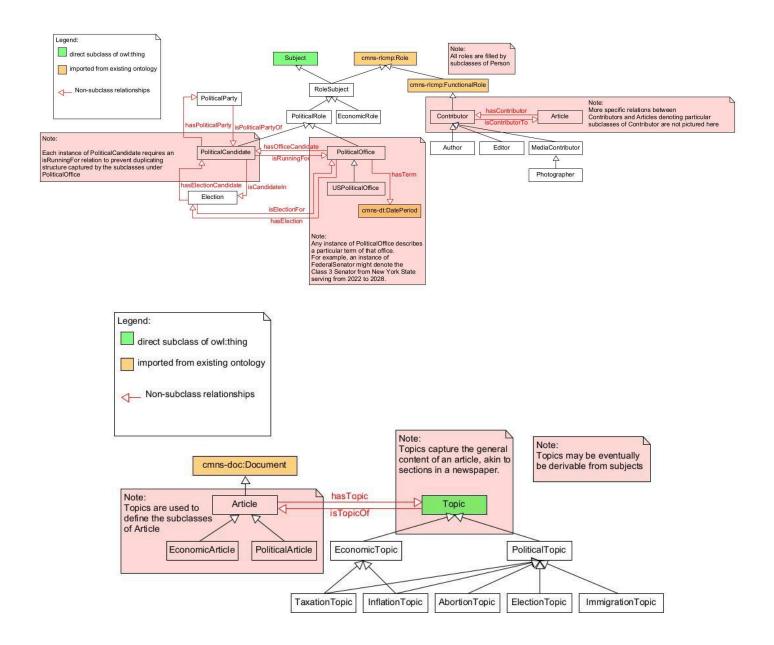
## VI. Use Case and Activity Diagram(s)

Provide the primary use case diagram, including actors, and a high-level activity diagram to show the flow of primary events that include/surround the use case. Subordinate diagrams that map the flow for each usage scenario should be included as appropriate









#### **VII. Competency Questions**

- **Question 1:** What federal senate elections in 2022 that had a narrow victory margin for a Republican candidate were mentioned in articles published by a right-wing news outlet?
- **Answer 1:** Senator Lisa Murkowski (R-AK) and Senator Ron Johnson (R-WI) won their 2022 senatorial elections by a narrow margin and were mentioned in articles published by Fox News.
- **Reason 1:** We will query for 2022 elections which have winners who are associated with the Republican Party, and check to see which of those elections were won by a narrow margin. Then we verify that those elections were covered by articles published by right or lean-right publishers, in this case Fox News.
- **Question 2:** Which journalists wrote articles about Senator Bernie Sanders in both the New York Times and Fox News from 2020–2022?
- **Answer 2:** There are no journalists who have written articles mentioning Bernie Sanders for both the New York Times and Fox News.
- **Reason 2:** We will need to create two queries looking at various articles during 2020–2022 which mention Bernie Sanders from the New York Times and Fox News respectively. We will need to see which journalist wrote each article and which of these journalists are present on both lists.
- **Question 3:** What articles have the New York Times and Fox News published about Democratic candidates in relation to the economy in 2022?
- **Answer 3:** In 2022, Fox news published [Article 1] and [Article 2] about Democratic Candidates and the economy, while the New York Times published [Article 3] and [Article 4].
- **Reason 3:** We will query for articles which mention Democratic Candidates as well as an economic topic. These articles will be filtered by publisher for Fox News and the New York Times and by date for 2022.
- **Question 4:** What journalists wrote an article published by the New York Times in 2022 mentioning a Democratic candidate who lost in a landslide in a state election in 2022?
- **Answer 4:** Patricia Mazzei wrote the New York Times article "With Runaway Win, DeSantis's Political Career Becomes Supercharged" published on November, 9th 2022 which mentions Charlie Crist who lost the Florida gubernatorial election by a landslide margin.
- **Reason 4:** We will query for Democratic candidates who lost an election where the election was a state election and the margin was a landslide. We will then see if the person who plays the role of that candidate is mentioned in any article by the New York Times. If there is such an article, the relevant data, including the name of the journalist, will be returned.
- **Question 5:** What other topics in articles published in 2022 are covered by journalists who write for right-wing news outlets and have published articles on immigration and Kamala Harris also in 2022?
- **Answer 5:** "Harris visits crucial border state as immigration record sparks scrutiny: A timeline written by Adam Shaw" by Adam Shaw mentions both Kamala Harris and the US Southern Border. Adam Shaw also authored "GOP Rep Schweikert projected to fend off Dem challenger in key Arizona House race" which covers the 2024 federal House election in Arizona.
- **Reason 5:** We will query for journalists who work for right or lean-right publishers and see if they have articles which mention both Kamala Harris and an immigration topic. If there is such an article, then the topics which have been written about by the journalist in other articles will be returned, alongside the name of the journalist and the publisher.

#### VIII. Resources

In order to support the capabilities described in this Use Case, a set of resources must be available and/or configured. These resources include the set of actors listed above, with additional detail, and any other ancillary systems, sensors, or services that are relevant to the problem/use case.

**Knowledge Bases, Repositories, or other Data Sources** 

Data	Туре	Characteristics	Description	Owner	Source	Access Policies & Usage
(dataset or repository name)	(remote, local/in situ, etc.)	e.g. – no cloud cover	Short description of the dataset, possibly including rationale of the usage characteristics		Source (possibly a system, or remote site) for discovery and access	
NYT US RSS Feed			Description of the latest NYT articles on US news with tags	NYT	https://rss.nyti mes.com/servic es/xml/rss/nyt/ US.xml	https://static 01.nyt.com/s ervices/xml/r ss/termscond itions.html
NYT Politics RSS Feed			Description of the latest NYT articles on politics with tags	NYT	https://rss.nyti mes.com/servic es/xml/rss/nyt/ Politics.xml	https://static 01.nyt.com/s ervices/xml/r ss/termscond itions.html
Fox News US RSS Feed			Description of the latest Fox articles on US news with tags	Fox News	https://moxie.f oxnews.com/go ogle-publisher/ us.xml	https://www. foxnews.com /story/foxne ws-com-rss-f eeds
Fox News Politics RSS Feed			Description of the latest Fox articles on politics with tags	Fox News	https://moxie.f oxnews.com/go ogle-publisher/ politics.xml	https://www. foxnews.com /story/foxne ws-com-rss-f eeds

**External Ontologies, Vocabularies, or other Model Services** 

Resource	Language	Description	Owner	Source	Describes/Use s	Access Policies & Usage
(ontology, vocabulary, or model name)	(ontology language and syntactic form, e.g., RDFS - N3)	If the service is one that runs a given ontology or model-based application at a given frequency, state that in addition to the basic		Source (link to the registry or directly to the ontology, vocabulary, or model where that model is maintained, if available)	List of one or more data sources described by and/or used by the model	

	(	description			
dbpedia classes				https://mappings. dbpedia.org/serve r/ontology/classe s/	
Ontology of Election		Nigerian Election Ontology	Ayorinde, I. T. Akinkunmi, B. O. Adenuga, A. O.	https://www.resea rchgate.net/public ation/334272639 _A_Formalised_ Ontology_of_Ele ction	
POWER		Portuguese Election Ontology	S. Moreira, D. Batista, P. Carvalho, F. Couto, and M. Silva	https://www.resea rchgate.net/public ation/252067745 _POWER_Politic s_Ontology_for_ Web_Entity_Retr ieval	

# Other Resources, Service, or Triggers (e.g., event notification services, application services, etc.)

Resource	Туре	Description	Owner	Source	Access Policies & Usage
(sensor or external service name)		Include a description of the resource as well as availability, if applicable	Primary owner of the service	Application or service URL; if subscription based, include subscription and any subscription owner	

# IX. References and Bibliography

List all reference documents – policy documents, regulations, standards, de-facto standards, glossaries, dictionaries and thesauri, taxonomies, and any other reference materials considered relevant to the use case

#### Footnotes

- 1. https://www.allsides.com/blog/why-allsides-doesn-t-rate-media-accuracy
- 2. https://www.pewresearch.org/short-reads/2022/07/13/u-s-journalists-differ-from-the-public-in-their -views-of-bothsidesism-in-journalism/

## X. Notes

There is always some piece of information that is required that has no other place to go. This is the place for that information.

Questions we've generated from our discussions regarding how this system might fairly answer user questions.

How do we evaluate and understand political affiliation? Especially track it as it changes over time.

How do we evaluate candidacy as relative to a given time frame? Do we consider it based on their candidacy for an election in the given time frame? or based on which the candidacy was declared? or just based on how they are referred to in the article? (which I think is a nontrivial NLP problem)