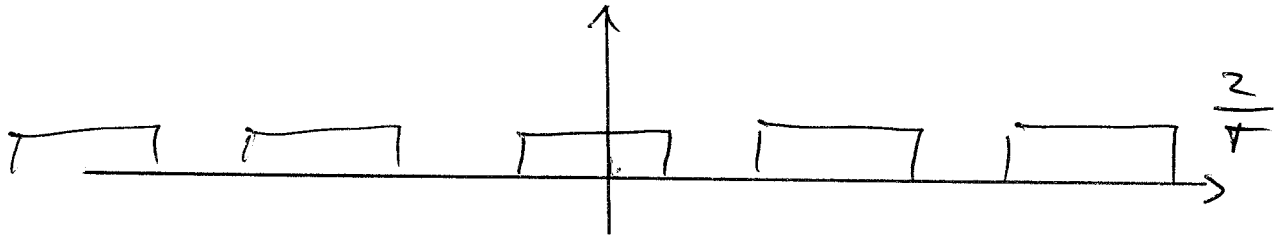
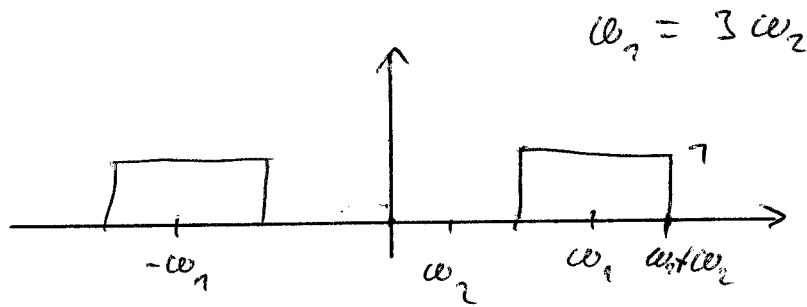


38.)



$$a.) \quad X(i\omega) = \underbrace{\text{rect}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\omega_2}\right)}_{X_1(i\omega)} * \underbrace{(\delta(\omega + \omega_1) + \delta(\omega - \omega_1))}_{X_2(i\omega)}$$

$$X_2(i\omega) \longleftrightarrow \frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\omega_1 t)$$

$$X_1(i\omega) \longleftrightarrow \frac{\omega_2}{\pi} \text{sinc}(\omega_2 t)$$

$$b.) \quad x(t) = \frac{\omega_2}{\pi} \text{sinc}(\omega_2 t) \cdot \frac{1}{\pi} \cos(\omega_1 t) \cdot 2\pi$$

3.) (Klausuraufgabe)

$$c.) \quad y(t) = \text{sinc}(2\omega_0 t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{\pi}{2\omega_0} \text{rect}\left(\frac{\omega}{4\omega_0}\right)$$

$$q(t) = \text{sinc}^2(\omega_0 t)$$

Dualitätssatz

$$\text{trsf}\left(\frac{+}{T}\right) \longleftrightarrow T \text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\omega T}{2}\right) \quad (\text{aus Tabelle})$$

$$\Gamma \sin^2\left(\frac{tT}{2}\right) \longleftrightarrow 2\pi \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{T}\right)$$

\Rightarrow Ähnlichkeitssatz

$$a = \frac{2}{T} \cdot \omega_0$$

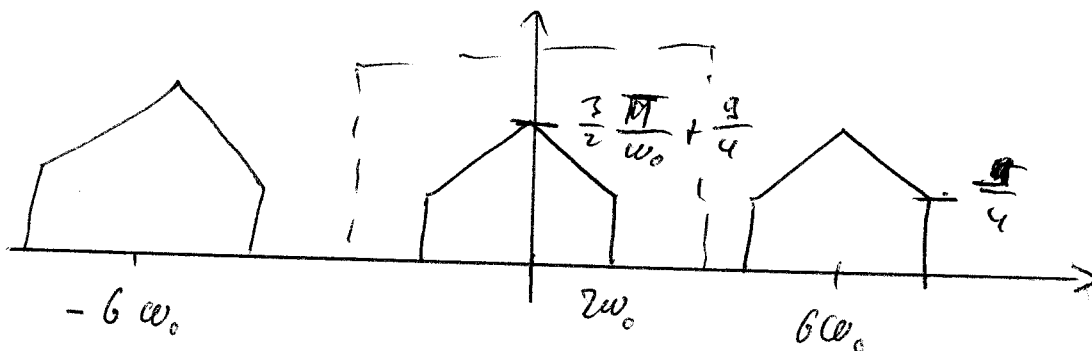
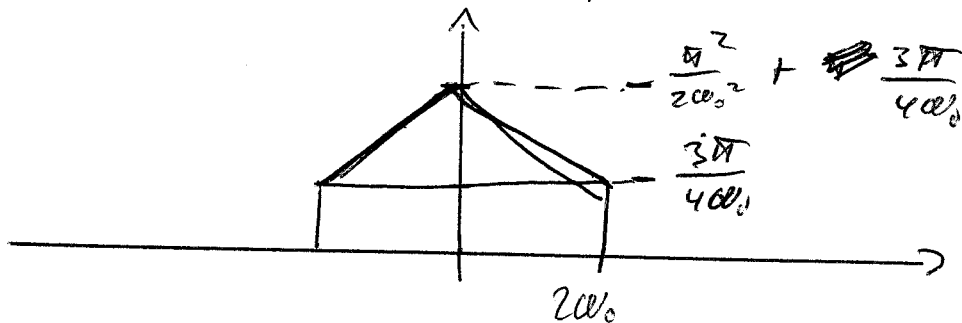
$$\Rightarrow \sin^2(\omega_0 t) \longleftrightarrow \underbrace{\frac{\pi}{\omega_0} \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\omega_0}\right)}_{A(\omega)}$$

d.)

$$B(\omega) = A(\omega) \cdot \gamma(\omega) + 0,5 \gamma(\omega) + \gamma(\omega)$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{2\omega_0^2} \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{\omega}{4\omega_0}\right) \cdot \operatorname{sinc}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\omega_0}\right)$$

$$+ 1,5 \frac{\pi}{2\omega_0} \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{\omega}{4\omega_0}\right)$$



f.)

$$\frac{2\pi(1-\beta)}{2T_b} \geq 2\omega_0 \quad \text{untere Grenze}$$

$$\frac{2\pi(1+\beta)}{2T_b} \leq 4\omega_0 \quad \text{obere Grenze}$$

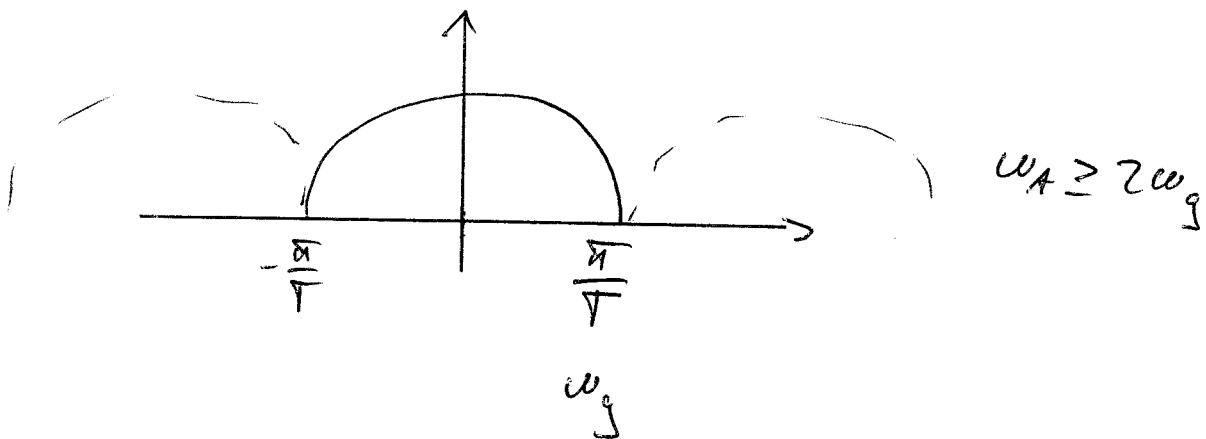
$$T_b = T_A = \frac{\pi}{3\omega_0}$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta = \frac{1}{3}$$

a) $x^*(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} u_k(mT) \delta(t-mT)$ A3 Klausur 2.10.2003

$$= u_k(t) \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-mT)$$

b.)



$$P(\omega) = T_A \cdot \text{rect}\left(\frac{\omega}{2\omega_g}\right)$$

$$X_k(\omega) = P(\omega) \cdot X_k^*(\omega)$$

↓

$$x_k(t) = x_k^*(t) * \frac{2\pi}{\omega_1} \cdot \frac{\omega_A}{2\pi} \leq \left(\frac{\omega_A + \pi}{2}\right)$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} u_k(nT) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\omega_0}{2} (t - nT)\right)$$

c.) $X(\omega) = X_0(\omega) * \mathcal{F}\left\{\cos(\omega_0 t)\right\} \frac{1}{2\pi}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} X_0(\omega) * (\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0))$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [X_0(\omega - \omega_0) + X_0(\omega + \omega_0)]$$

d.) $Y_{eq}(\omega) = \frac{1}{4}(\omega - 2\omega_0) + 2X_0(\omega) + X_0(\omega + 2\omega_0)$