KT GÜZ

A 2.4.)

Gegeben:
$$P(A) = P(B) = P(C) = P(D) = P(E) = \frac{7}{5}$$
 $P(D|C) = 1$
 $P(E|D) = 1$
 $P(B|A) = P(B|B) = 0$
 $P(A|A) = P(C|A) := \alpha$

a.) Gesucht: Übergangswahrscherhlichketten P(X; 1X;)

Es q: It allgametre:

 $\leq P(x_j|x_i) = 1 \quad \forall i = \leq po(tensumme = 1)$

Hier speciell: $P(x_i) = \leq P(x_i|x_i) \cdot P(x_i) \stackrel{!}{=} P(x_i) = \frac{1}{2} \forall i,j$

Wegen Gleichverkilung

 $\Rightarrow \sum P(x_j|x_i) = 1 \quad \forall j \quad (= 2e_i(e_i summe = 1))$

	VXIXI	ABCDE
[P(x; 1x;)]	A	1/2 1/2 0 0 0
	7. B	0 0 0 0 1
	J - C	1/2 1/2 0 0 0
	•	00100
	E	0 0 0 1 0

1.) Gegeben

4.) Speltensumme = 7

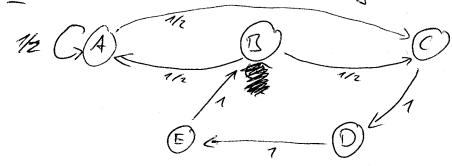
2.) Spalten summe = 1

5.) begeben + Speltensumme

3.) Zeilensumme = 1

6.) Zerlensumme = 1

b.) Gesucht: Zustandsdiagramm



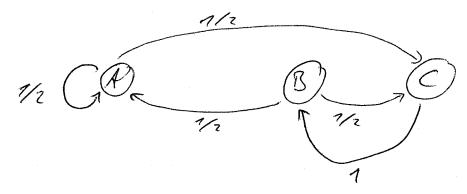
C.) Gesucht: Entscheidungsgehalt H(x)
bedingte Entrople H(x(k)/x(k-1))

$$A(x) = -\sum_{i} P(x_{i}) \cdot (d(P(x_{i})) = -5 \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot (d(7_{5}))$$

= $(d(7/_{5}) = 2,37 \frac{b_{i}t}{2e_{i}che_{i}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
H(x(k)|x(k-n)) &= -\sum_{j} P(x_{j}, x_{j}) \cdot ld(P(x_{j}|x_{j})) \\
&= -\sum_{j} P(x_{j}) \cdot P(x_{j}|x_{j}) \cdot ld(P(x_{j}|x_{j})) \\
&= -(4 \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot ld(\frac{1}{2}) + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{5} \cdot 1 \cdot ld(1)) \\
&= 0, 4 \frac{b.4}{zeichen}
\end{aligned}$$

d.) besecht: Zustandsdiogramm für P(B/C)=1



$$\frac{E \times g : lf:}{A} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1$$

=> with
$$P(x_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(x_i|x_i) \cdot P(x_i)$$
:

$$P(A) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot P(A) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot P(B) = P(A) = P(B)$$

$$P(B) = 1 \cdot P(C)$$

$$P(C) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot P(A) + \frac{1}{2} P(B)$$

$$= P(A) + P(B) + P(C) = 1$$

$$P(A) = P(B) = P(C) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$A(x(k)|x(k-1)) = -(4 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot (d(\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{7}{3} \cdot 1 \cdot (d(1)))$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \frac{6.7}{5yunbol}$$

BOS Jan 6-8

f.) Gesucht: Fransinformation

Gegeben:
$$R(M z = (1 \times = A) = 0.25$$
 $R(z = C/X = R) = 0.25$

Rest "nird korrekt empfangen.

Kanal
Sender X

Empfanger ≥

1/3 (B)

0,75

B)

1/3 (C)

1

1/3 (C)

1

1/4 (C)

=>
$$P(2 = A) = P(x = A) \cdot P(z = A \mid x = A)$$

= $1/3 \cdot 3/4 = \frac{1}{4}$

$$P(z=B) = P(x=B) \cdot P(X=B | x=B)$$

= 1/2 · 3/4 = 3/4

=>
$$H(z) = -(z \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot (cl(\frac{1}{4}) + \frac{1}{2} \cdot (cl(\frac{1}{2})))$$

= $\frac{3}{2} \frac{b \cdot 1}{symbol}$

$$= 7.5 \frac{b.4}{symbol} - 0.54 \frac{b.7}{symbol}$$

$$= 0.96 \frac{b.7}{symbol}$$

A2.7.)

a.) Gegeben:
$$B = 5MHz = \frac{5}{N} = 30dB = 10^{\frac{30}{10}}$$

besucht: Kanal Kapa zitat

Entrople der Bildquelle:

$$H(x) = -10 \cdot \frac{1}{10} \cdot (d(\frac{1}{10})) = (d(10))$$

Übertragungsrate der Bild elemente

Informations fless de Quelle

Informations fless de Quelle

$$R = \frac{H(x)}{\Delta t} = \widehat{R} \cdot H(x) = 10.168.00 \frac{B! delem.}{s}$$
 $3,32 \frac{b.t}{B! delem.} \approx 34,42$
 $4b.t^2$

Bill Lat 25

Kapazitäts beoltu geneg:

$$N_1 \cdot R \leq C$$

$$\Rightarrow N_1 \leq \frac{C}{R} = \frac{43,84}{34,42} = 1.44$$