

Physical World 2D Report

Dicson Wijaya (1002289), Wenkie Lau (1002219),
Mok Jun Neng (1002219), Charlotte Phang (1002277),
Martin Tan (1002173)

I. METHODOLOGY

The following methodology was used to find $\lambda_{algabottle}$:

- 1) Fill the bottle with 30ml of hot water at $50^\circ C$ to $60^\circ C$
- 2) asf

II. DEMONSTRATION

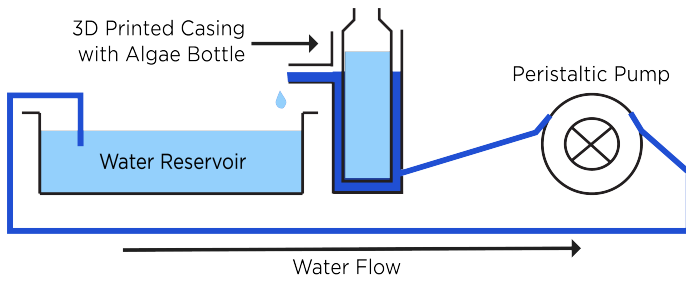


Fig. 1

III. WCV

- i. The equation of control volume in the heat exchanger

$$\frac{dE_{cv}}{dt} = \dot{Q}_{cv} - \dot{W}_{cv} + \dot{m}_i \left(h_i + \frac{V_i^2}{2} + gz_i \right) + \dot{m}_e \left(h_e + \frac{V_e^2}{2} + gz_e \right)$$

Assume steady state, so $\dot{m}_i = \dot{m}_e = \frac{dE_{cv}}{dt} = \dot{m}$ No change in potential and kinetic energy
Air is ideal gas.

$$\frac{dE_{cv}}{dt} = \dot{Q}_{cv} - \dot{W}_{cv} + \dot{m} (h_1 - h_2)$$

- ii. The rate of heat entering control volume

$$\dot{Q}_{cv} = \dot{Q}_{exchanged}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{cv} = m_a c_a \left(\frac{dT_a}{dt} \right) - \dot{Q}_{ambient}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{cv} = m_a c_a \left(\frac{dT_a}{dt} \right) - \lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb})$$

By substituting value of $\lambda_{algabottle} = 1.76$

$$\dot{Q}_{cv} = m_a c_a \left(\frac{dT_a}{dt} \right) - 1.76 (T_a - T_{amb})$$

- iii. The equation of control volume in the heat exchanger
From simplified $\frac{dE_{cv}}{dt}$ equation in the previous part

$$\frac{dE_{cv}}{dt} = \dot{Q}_{cv} - \dot{W}_{cv} + \dot{m} (h_1 - h_2)$$

- iv. Express $\dot{W}_{cv} = f(T_a)$ assuming \dot{W}_{cv} is a constant
Assume that $\frac{dE_{cv}}{dt} = 0$

$$0 = m_a c_a \left(\frac{dT_a}{dt} \right) - \lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) - \dot{W}_{cv} + \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)]$$

$$\lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) + \dot{W}_{cv} - \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)] = m_a c_a \left(\frac{dT_a}{dt} \right)$$

$$\int 1 dt = \int \frac{m_a c_a}{\lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) + \dot{W}_{cv} - \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)]} dT_a$$

$$\ln(\lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) + \dot{W}_{cv} - \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)]) = \frac{m_a c_a}{\lambda_{algabottle}} (t + c)$$

$$\frac{\lambda_{algabottle} (t + c)}{m_a c_a} = \ln(\lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) + \dot{W}_{cv} - \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)])$$

$$e^{\frac{\lambda_{algabottle} (t + c)}{m_a c_a}} = \lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) + \dot{W}_{cv} - \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)]$$

$$\dot{W}_{cv} = e^{\frac{\lambda_{algabottle} (t + c)}{m_a c_a}} - \lambda_{algabottle} (T_a - T_{amb}) + \dot{m} [c_w (T_i - T_e)]$$

IV. DERIVATION

$$T_i - T_{amb} = -R\rho V c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

$$\int_0^t dt = -R\rho V c \int_{T_i}^T \frac{1}{T - T_{amb}} dT$$

$$\frac{t}{R\rho V c} = \ln \left| \frac{T - T_{amb}}{T_i - T_{amb}} \right|$$

$$(T_i - T_{amb}) e^{-\frac{t}{R\rho V c}} = T - T_{amb}$$

$$\Delta T = \Delta T_{initial} e^{-\frac{t}{R\rho V c}}$$

REFERENCES