

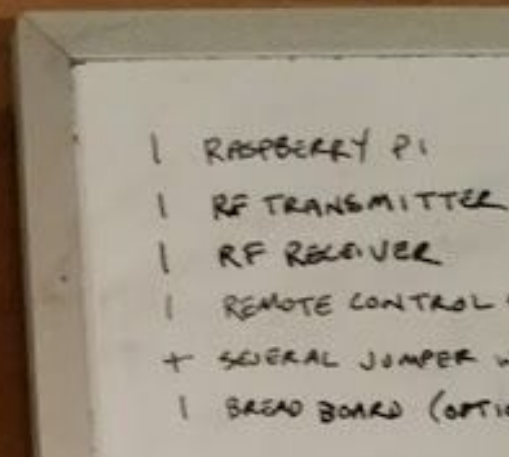


- | RASPBERRY PI
- | RF TRANSMITTER
- | RF RECEIVER
- | REMOTE CONTROL OUTLET + REMOTE
- + SEVERAL JUMPER WIRES
- | BREAD BOARD (OPTIONAL)



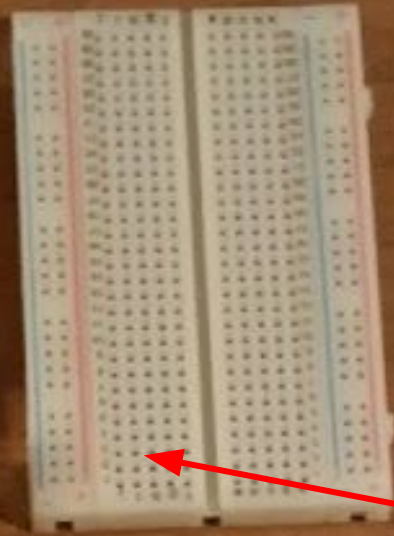
Home Automation with RF Transmitter and Receiver

...and a Raspberry Pi



Raspberry Pi 3





Breadboard

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- 1 RF RECEIVER
- 1 REMOTE CONTROL OUTLET + REMOTE
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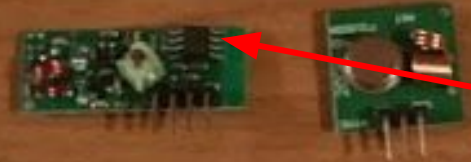


Transmitter



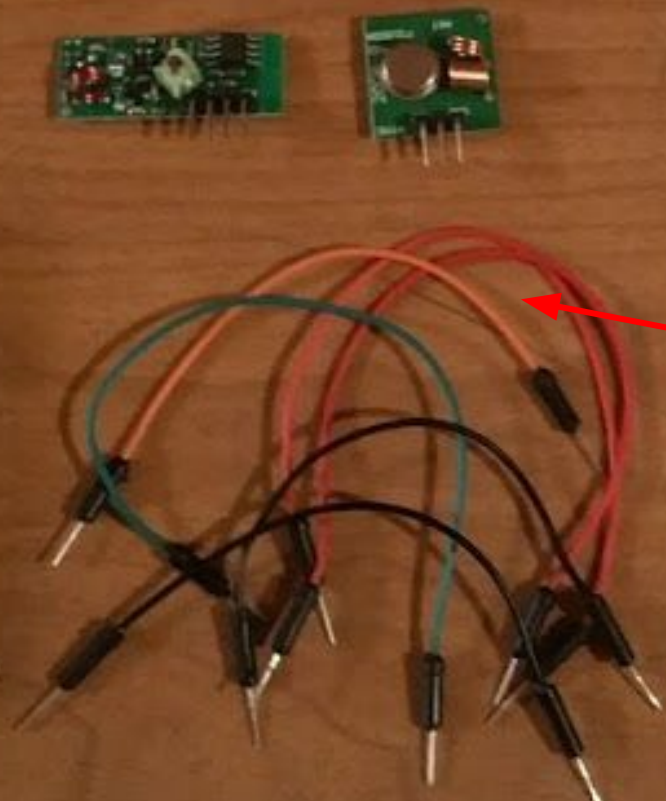


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Receiver

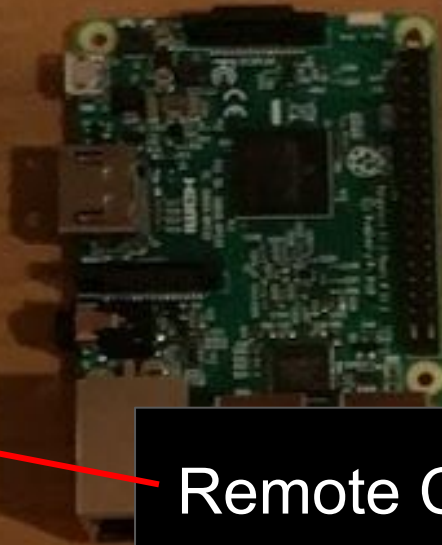




Jumper Wires



Remote Control



Remote Controlled Outlet



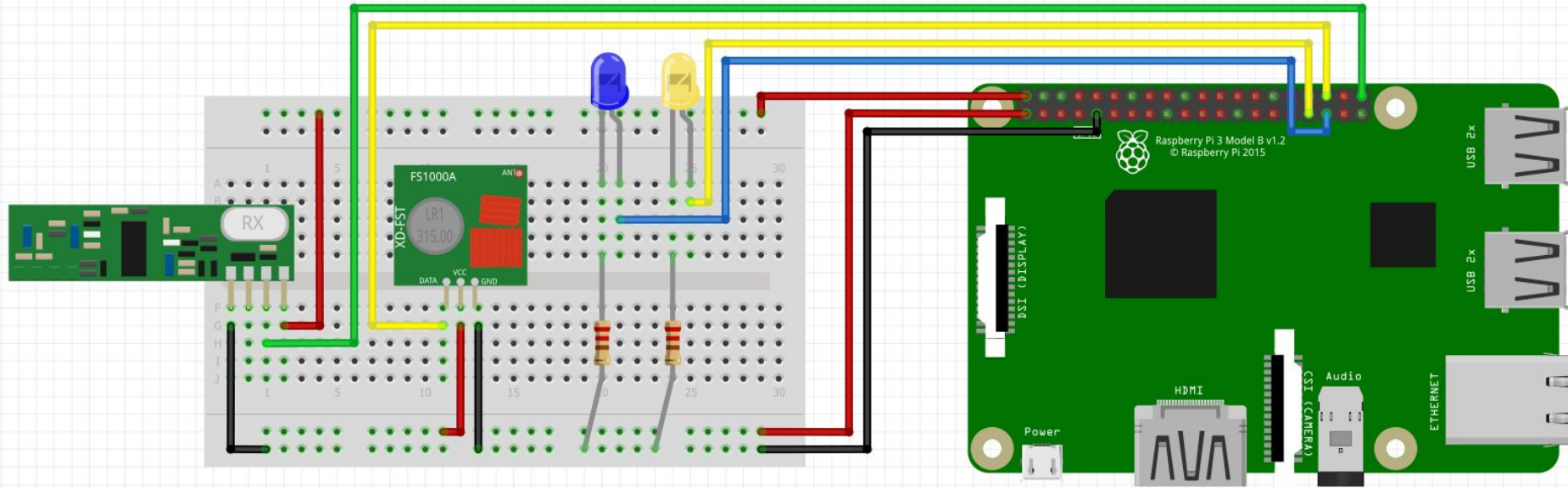


Approx Cost of Project

\$35	Raspberry Pi
\$5+	Micro SD
\$1	Pack of Jumper Wires
\$3	5 Receivers/Transmitters
\$2	Breadboard
\$10+	Remote Controlled Outlet
Total	\$56

(Prices from quick search on ebay.. Possibly cheaper if you want to wait a month to get them from China)

Setup





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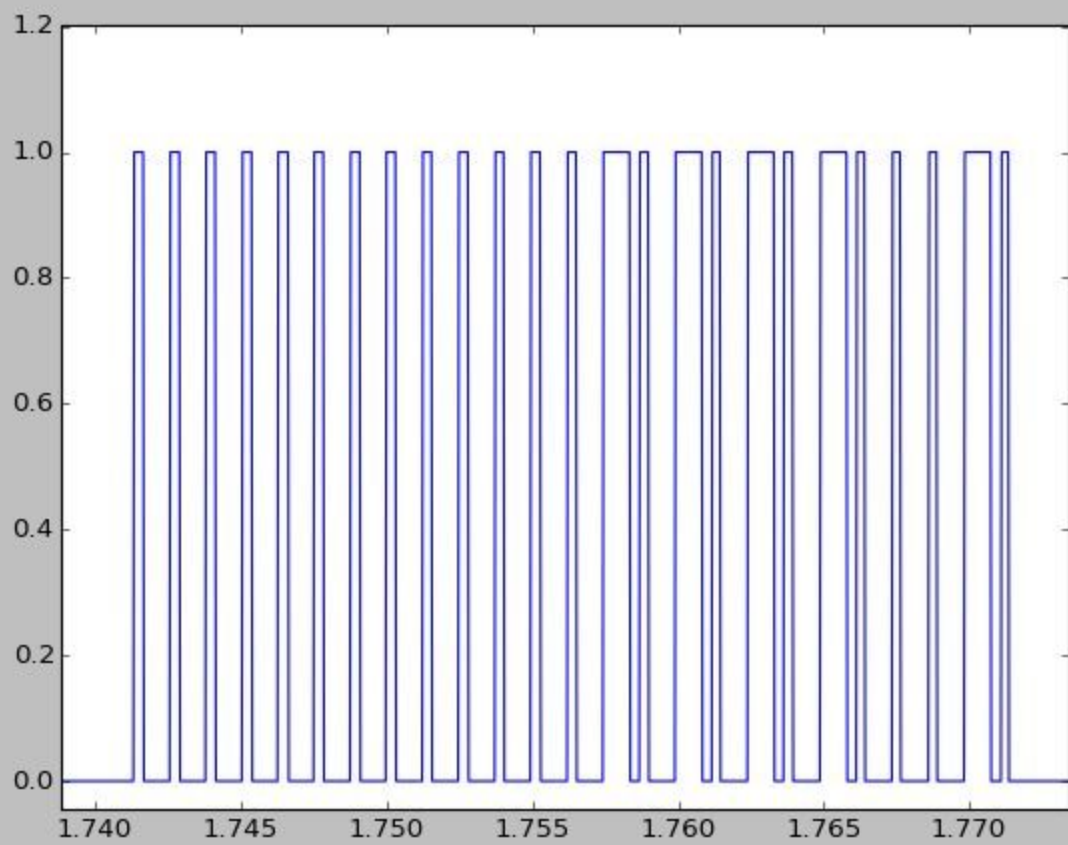
Sniffer: `sniff.py`



```

1 from datetime import datetime
2 import matplotlib.pyplot as pyplot
3 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
4
5
6 RECEIVED_SIGNAL = [[], []]      # [[time of reading], [signal reading]]
7 MAX_DURATION = 2                # How many seconds to read the signal
8 RECEIVE_PIN = 21                # The data pin of the receiver
9
10 if __name__ == '__main__':
11
12     GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)      # Set the way we will refer to the GPIO pins
13     GPIO.setup(RECEIVE_PIN, GPIO.IN) # Set pin 21 for input (Receiver)
14     cumulative_time = 0          # Start duration at 0
15     beginning_time = datetime.now() # Set time to now
16
17     print '**Started recording**'
18
19     while cumulative_time < MAX_DURATION:
20         time_delta = datetime.now() - beginning_time
21         RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0].append(time_delta)
22         RECEIVED_SIGNAL[1].append(GPIO.input(RECEIVE_PIN))
23         cumulative_time = time_delta.seconds
24
25     print '**Ended recording**'
26     print len(RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0]), 'samples recorded' # Output how many samples were recorded
27     GPIO.cleanup()
28
29     print '**Processing results**'
30     for i in range(len(RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0])):
31         RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0][i] = RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0][i].seconds + RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0][i].microseconds/1000000.0
32
33     print '**Plotting results**'
34     pyplot.plot(RECEIVED_SIGNAL[0], RECEIVED_SIGNAL[1])
35     pyplot.axis([0, MAX_DURATION, -1, 2])
36     pyplot.show()
37

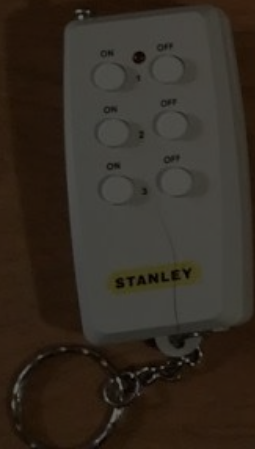
```



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Remote: `switch.py`



```
1 import time
2 import sys
3 import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
4
5 switch_on = '0110111110110111111111111111' # Code for ON state
6 switch_off = '1010111110110111111111111111' # Code for OFF state
7
8 short_delay = 0.00039 # Length of a short
9 long_delay = 0.00130 # Length of a long
10 extended_delay = 0.0136 # Length of the delay between blocks
11
12 NUM_ATTEMPTS = 50 # How many blocks to send
13
14 TRANSMIT_PIN = 16 # Pin assigned to the transmitter
15 LED_SHORT_PIN = 19 # Pin assigned to the Blue LED
16 LED_LONG_PIN = 13 # Pin assigned to the Yellow LED
17
18 GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM) # Set the way we will refer to the GPIO pins
19 GPIO.setup(LED_LONG_PIN, GPIO.OUT) # Set pin 13 for output (Yellow LED)
20 GPIO.setup(LED_SHORT_PIN, GPIO.OUT) # Set pin 19 for output (Blue LED)
21 GPIO.setup(TRANSMIT_PIN, GPIO.OUT) # Set pin 16 for output (Transmitter)
22
```

| RASPBERRY PI
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```

23 def transmit_code(code):
24
25     for t in range(NUM_ATTEMPTS):
26         for i in code:
27             if i == '1':
28
29                 # Short send | 1:
30                 GPIO.output(TRANSMIT_PIN, 1)           # Send high to the transmitter
31                 GPIO.output(LED_SHORT_PIN,GPIO.HIGH)   # Turn ON the Blue LED (a 1 has Started)
32                 time.sleep(short_delay)                # Keep sending for the length of a short period
33
34                 # Pause before next send:
35                 GPIO.output(TRANSMIT_PIN, 0)           # Send low to the transmitter
36                 GPIO.output(LED_SHORT_PIN,GPIO.LOW)    # Turn OFF the Blue LED (a 1 has Finished)
37                 time.sleep(long_delay)                 # Send low for period of long delay before next send
38
39             elif i == '0':
40
41                 # Long send | 0:
42                 GPIO.output(TRANSMIT_PIN, 1)           # Send high to the transmitter
43                 GPIO.output(LED_LONG_PIN,GPIO.HIGH)    # Turn ON the Yellow LED (a 0 has Started)
44                 time.sleep(long_delay)                 # Keep sending for the length of a long period
45
46                 # Pause before next send:
47                 GPIO.output(LED_LONG_PIN,GPIO.LOW)     # Send low to the transmitter
48                 GPIO.output(TRANSMIT_PIN, 0)           # Turn OFF the Yellow LED (a 0 has Finished)
49                 time.sleep(short_delay)                # Send low for period of short delay before next send
50
51             else:
52                 continue
53
54             GPIO.output(TRANSMIT_PIN, 0)               # Send low for extended period
55             GPIO.output(LED_SHORT_PIN,GPIO.LOW)        # Ensure Blue LED is off
56             GPIO.output(LED_LONG_PIN,GPIO.LOW)         # Ensure Yellow LED is off
57             time.sleep(extended_delay)                 # Pause before sending next block
58
59     GPIO.cleanup()
60
61 if __name__ == '__main__':
62     for argument in sys.argv[1:]:
63         exec('transmit_code(' + str(argument) + ')')
64

```