## Varignon's Theorem

## Sladana Bulic

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**Theorem 3.7.** (Varignon's Theorem) Let ABCD be a quadrilateral. The midpoints of the four sides are vertices of a parallelogram.

Proof. Let ABCD be a quadrilateral. Let E, F, G, and H be the vertices of a parallelogram. Then we connect AC, and we get triangle ABC. E is the midpoint of the side AB, F is the midpoint of the side BC. By the Proposition I.33, we know that EF is parallel to side AC. Similar argument goes for triangle ADC. Secondly, we connect BD, and we get triangle BCD. F is still a midpoint of the side BC and G is midpoint of the side CD. FG is parallel to the side BD. Similar argument goes for triangle ABD. By Proposition I.34, parallelogram's opposite sides and angles are equal to one another. Thus, EFGH must be a parallelogram.

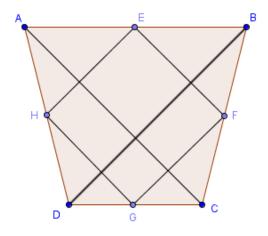


Figure 1: Quadrilateral