

# Preparing an Enterprise Data Strategy

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# In This Module



## Preparing an enterprise data strategy

### The disciplines of:

- Data governance
- Data architecture
- Data modeling

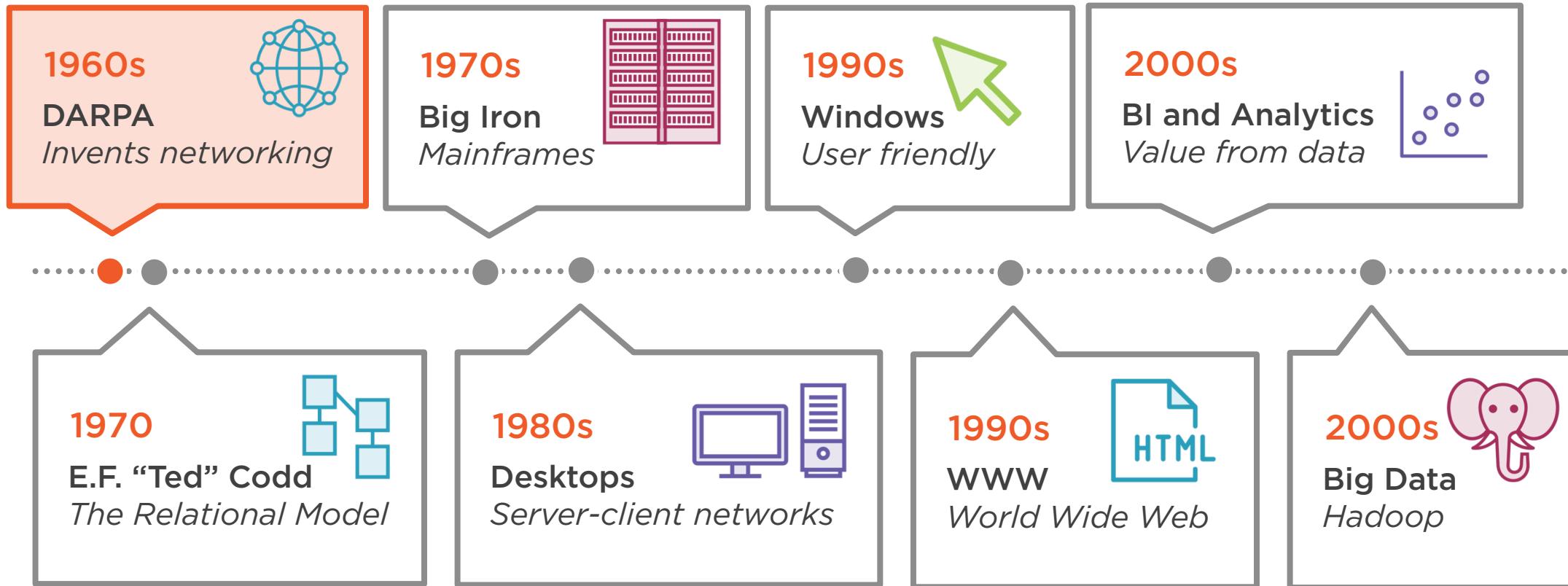


# Our Relationship with Data Over Time

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# The Evolution of Data as We Know It



# Discovering Data Governance

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# Data Governance Responsibilities



**Data policies and standards**

**Human resources for the data tier**

- Enforce rules
- To mitigate legal problems

# Examples of Data Governance Policies

Corporate  
glossary

Naming  
conventions

Change  
management

Enterprise data  
dictionary

Information  
security

Data project  
management



# Corporate Glossary



**Industry terminology**

**Company terminology**

**Common metrics**

**Speak same language**



# Enterprise Data Dictionary



**Mother of all data dictionaries**  
**Describes data object metadata**

- Name
- Description
- Domain (data type)
- Example
- Notes
  - Good place to tag for compliance



# Naming Conventions



## Rules for data object names

- Abbreviations
- Caps
- Underscores
- camelCase
- PascalCase (a.k.a upper camel case)
- Numbers



# Information Security



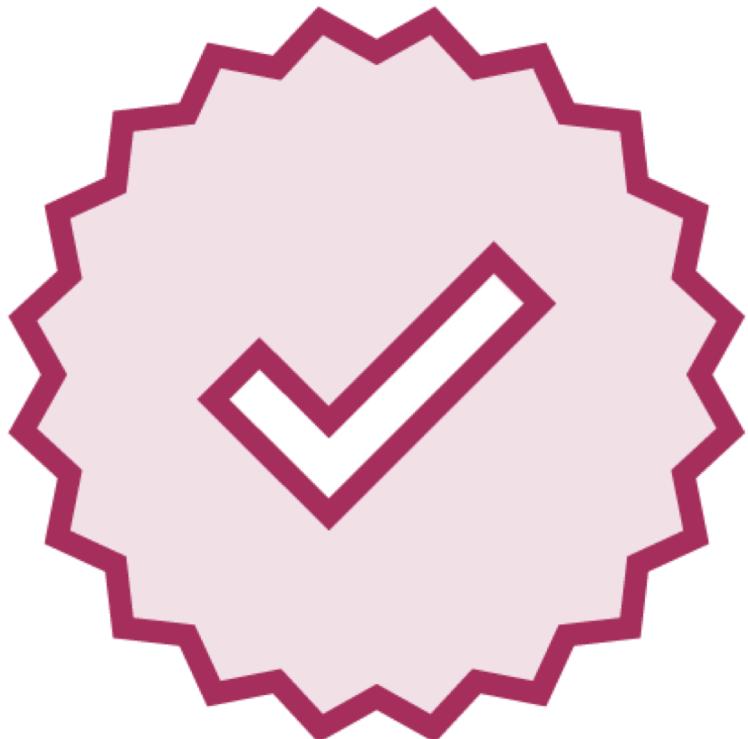
## Compliance

- PCI/PCI-DSS
- Sarbanes-Oxley
- HIPAA

## InfoSec (CyberSec)



# Change Management



**Documentation**  
**Approval process**  
**With existing corporate or IT governance**



# Data Project Management



**Facilitates the initial meeting**  
**Occasionally manage data projects**



## Up Next: Discovering Data Governance: Part 2

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# Roles in a Data Governance Program



**CDO**



**Data Governance  
Director**



**Data Stewards**



**Subject Matter  
Experts (SME)**



**Enterprise  
Information Architect**



**Data Modeler**



# Establishing a Data Governance Program



**Get executive sponsorship**

**Obtain and learn to use modeling software**

- ER Studio, ERWin
- Open source
  - ER One, Open ModelSphere

**Framework and/or methodology**

**ID your data stewards and SMEs**

- Get commitments



# Establishing a Data Governance Program



## **Establish a data governance council**

- Policy and enforcement
- Enterprise glossary
- Enterprise data model
- Naming conventions for everything
- Change management

**Insert yourself into "stand-ups"**

**Stay firm and be tenacious**



Any changes to data systems must go through the data governance council



# Establishing a Data Governance Program



**Create a “CR”, change request form**

**Ask the requester to attend the meeting**

- System outages
- Risks to other systems
- Communications to users

# Establishing a Data Governance Program



**Don't have enough data modelers?**

**Hold “lunch and learns” for developers**

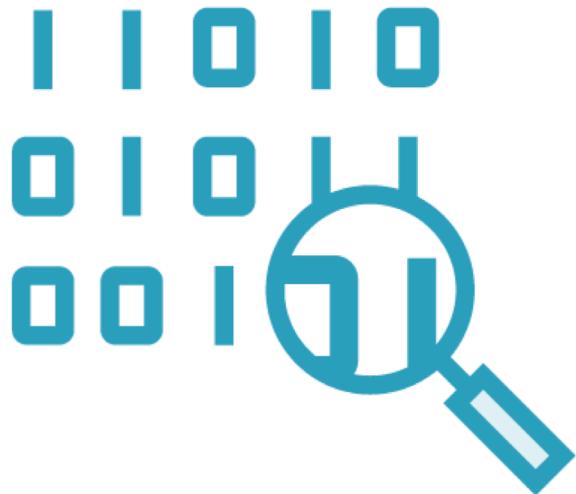
- Teach data modeling
- Normalization techniques
- Lure them with free food
  - Don't forget the Vegans! ☺

# Discovering Enterprise Data Architecture

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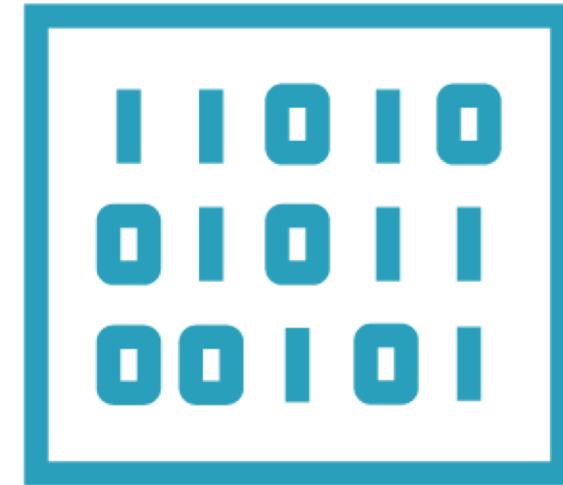


# Data or Information?



## Data

Facts are attributes used to describe an entity or event.

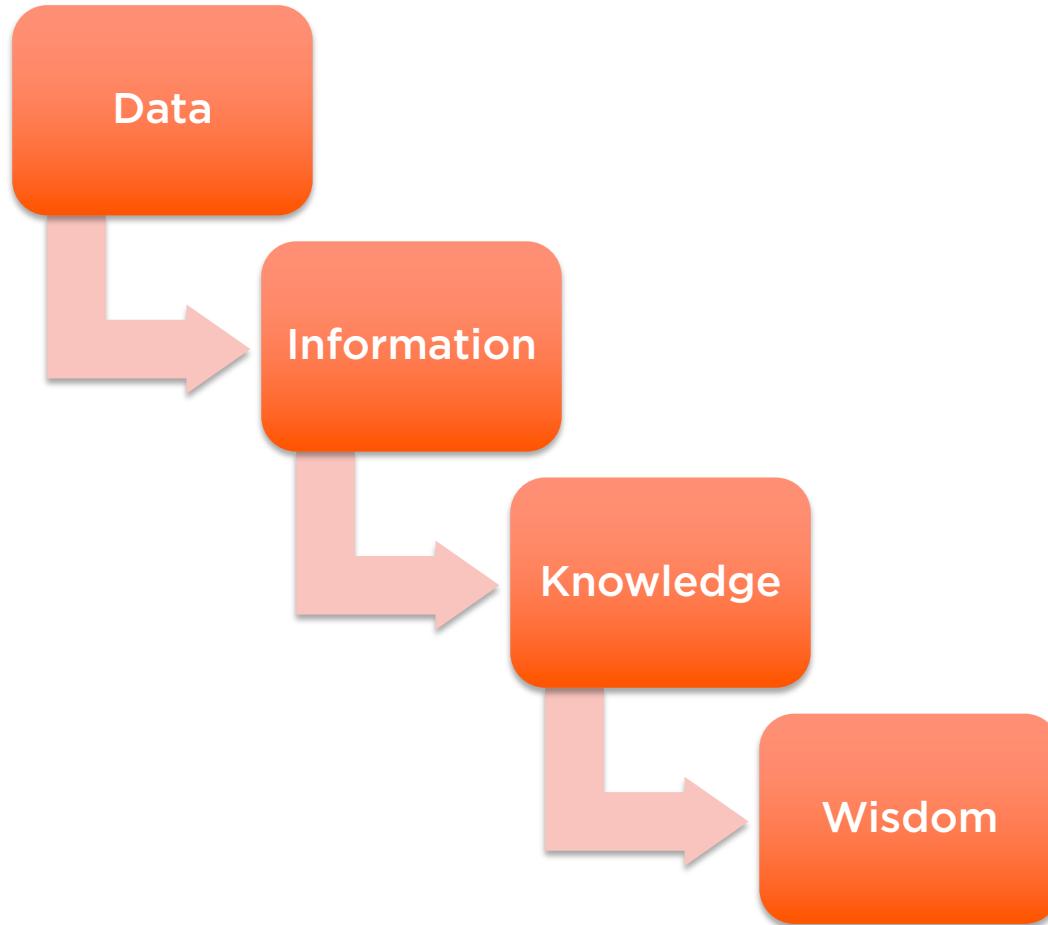


## Information

Data combined with context to describe a subject



# How Value Is Derived from Data



Search: “data information  
knowledge wisdom continuum”



# TOGAF – Architecture Domains



**Business Architecture** – Models business requirements



**Information Architecture** – Data lifecycle and modeling



**Application Architecture** – Application logic and SDLC



**Technology Architecture** – Infrastructure model



# Blockchain – A Distributed Ledger

1) A transaction is encrypted and submitted.



2) The submission is a representation called a block



3) The block is broadcast to the network

4) A node picks up the block to validate the transaction



5) It is again broadcast to the network for consensus



6) When enough nodes have validated the transaction It is added to a the Blockchain



7) The block gets added to the chain



8) Which is a type of ledger where it will remain forever



9) Confirmation transaction completed

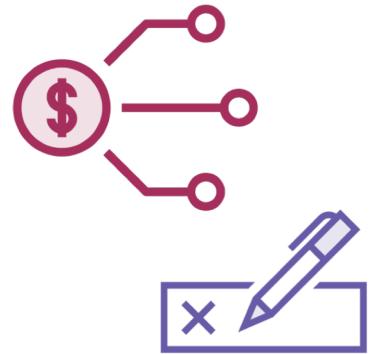


# Types of Data



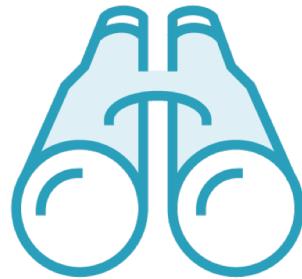
## Master

Customer  
Hotel  
Sensor



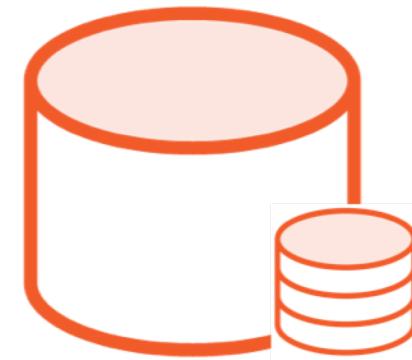
## Transactional

Purchase  
Check-in  
Auto-orders



## Lookup

Describes codes/IDs  
FK relationships  
“w” = “work phone”



## Metadata

Table data object  
Description  
Data type = “string”

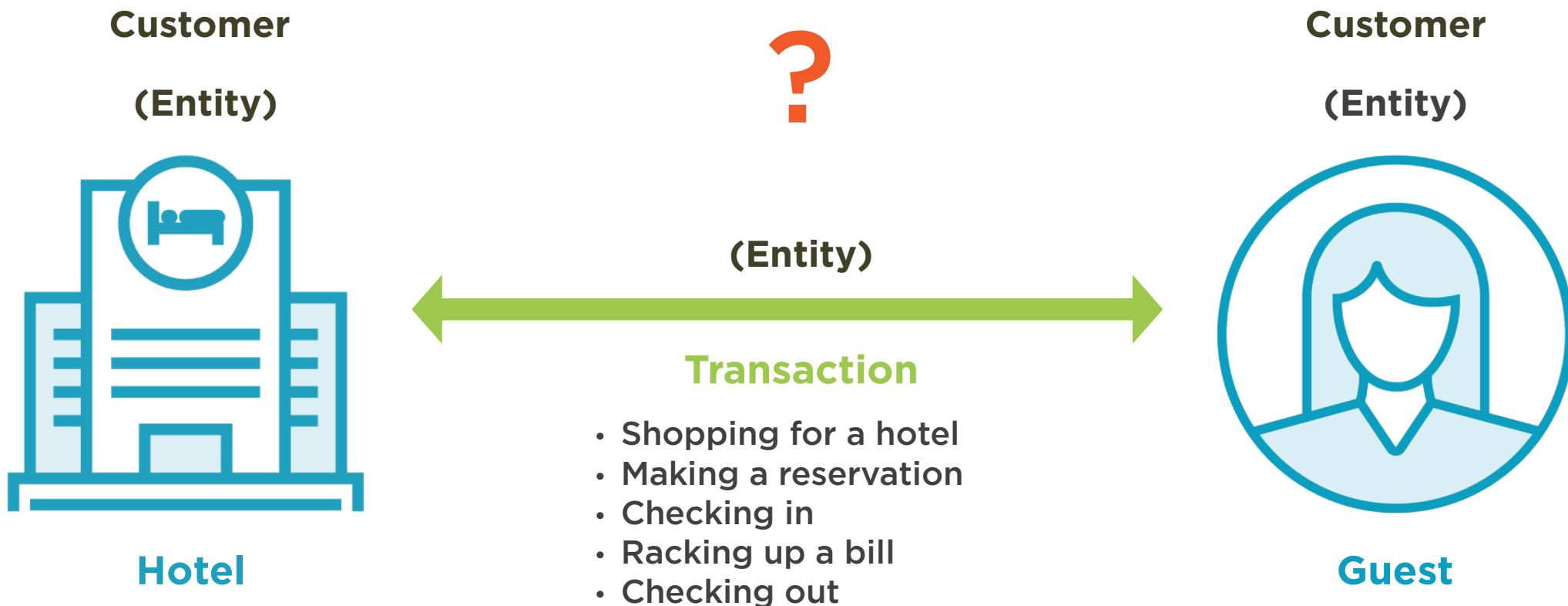


# Discovering the Enterprise Data Model

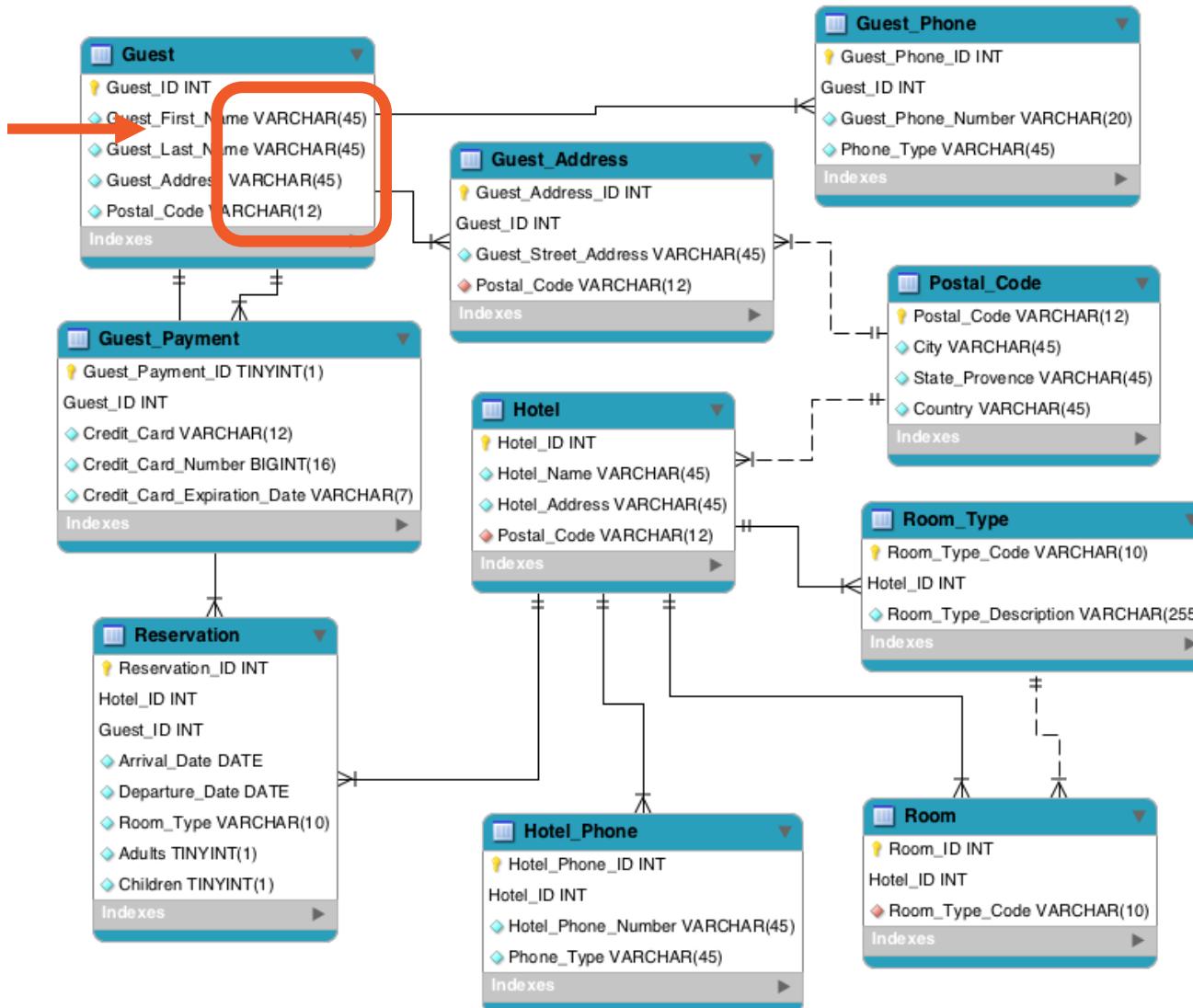
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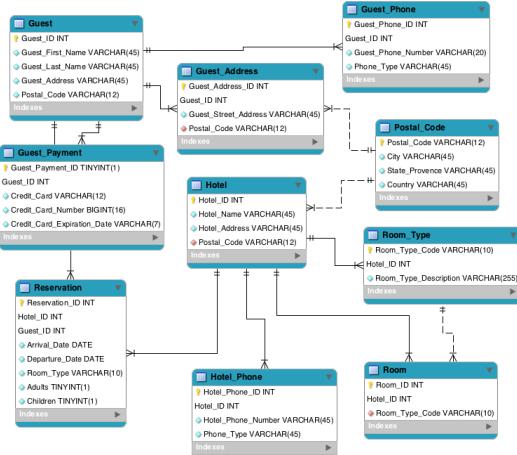
# Why Model?



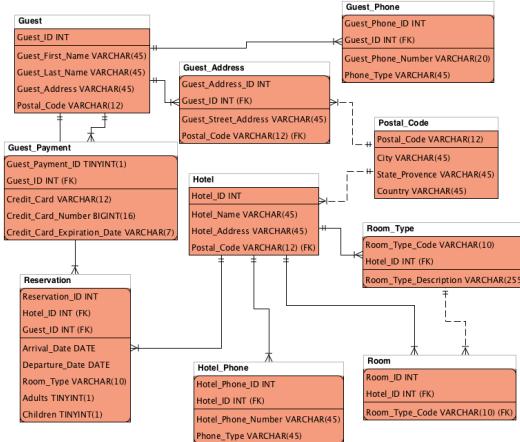
# ER Diagram Example



# Forward Engineering a Database



Logical Model



Physical Model



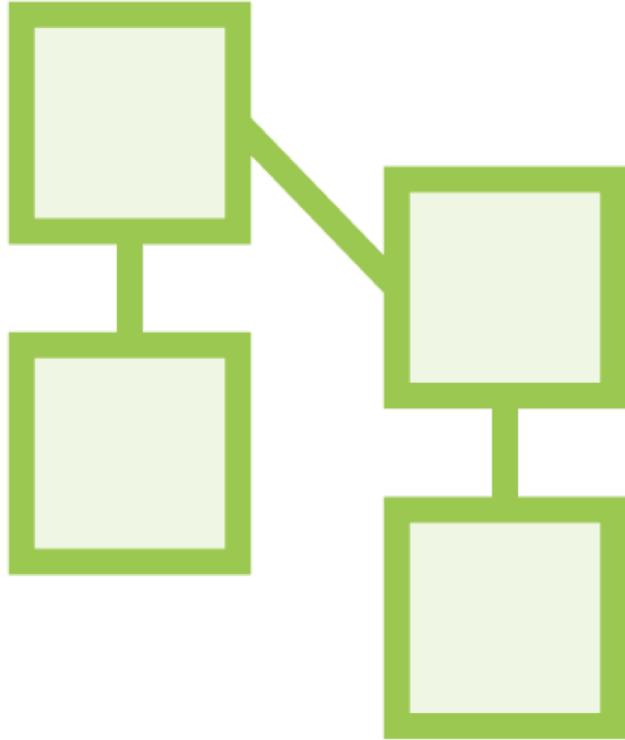
Generated DDL Script



# Data Model Terminology

Logical	Physical





**Organize and define data**

**Common definitions and standards**

**Document business processes**

**Forward engineering**



```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `mydb`.`Hotel` ( `Hotel_ID` INT NOT NULL, `Hotel_Name`  
VARCHAR(45) NULL, `Hotel_Phone` VARCHAR(45) NULL, `Hotel_Address` VARCHAR(45) NULL,  
`Postal_Code` VARCHAR(45) NULL, PRIMARY KEY (`Hotel_ID`), UNIQUE INDEX  
`Hotel_ID_UNIQUE` (`Hotel_ID` ASC), INDEX `FK_Postal_Code_idx` (`Postal_Code` ASC),  
CONSTRAINT `FK_Postal_Code` FOREIGN KEY (`Postal_Code`) REFERENCES  
`mydb`.`Postal_Code` (`Postal_Code`) ON DELETE NO ACTION ON UPDATE NO  
ACTION)ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

Example DDL SQL Code Generated by the Modeling Tool



# Summary



## Data governance

- Why it's important

## Data architecture

- Relationship to EA

## Data modeling

- Brief intro to the relational model
- Model driven development
  - Generating SQL from your model
  - Forward Engineering



# Next up: Managing and Working with Data

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