# Developing secure software with GitHub

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## Who are we?



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# Agenda

Protect against what?

Secure Software Development Lifecycle

Automating code security checks

Protecting source code and repositories

Defender for Cloud integration

What about Azure DevOps?

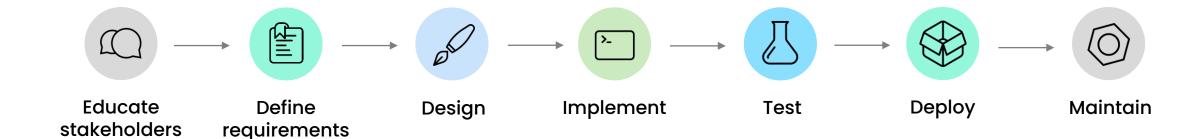


# OWASP Top 10

**Vulnerable and Outdated Components Broken Access Control** Identification and Authentication Failures **Cryptographic Failures** Injection Software and Data Integrity Failures Insecure Design Security Logging and Monitoring Failures Security Misconfiguration Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)

# Secure Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC)

- Software development process that prioritizes security at every stage
- Framework

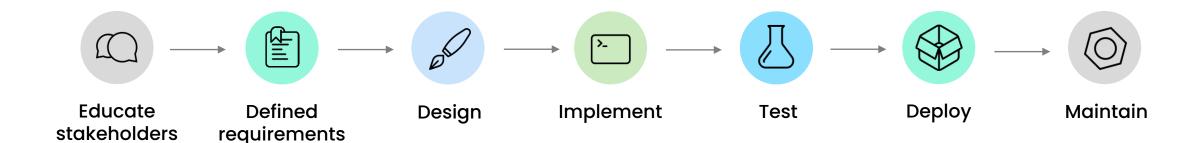


# Microsoft Security Development Lifecycle (SDL)

Provide security training

- 4. Perform Threat Modeling
- 5. Establish Design Requirements

- 9. Perform Static Analysis Security Testing
- 10. Perform Dynamic Analysis Security Testing
- 11. Perform Penetration Testing



- 2. Define Security Requirements
- 3. Define Metrics and Compliance Reporting

- 6. Define and Use Cryptography Standards
- 7. Manage the Security Risk of Using Third-Party Components
- 8. Use Approved Tools

12. Establish a Standard Incident Response Process

# Why is it important and what will you gain?

- Attacks targeting apps become ever more prevalent and sophisticated
- Initially requires additional resources but has ROI over long term



Reduced number of security vulnerabilities



Improved overall quality



Compliance with regulations and standards



Reduced development costs



Competitive advantage through reputation and customer trust



Improved customer satisfaction



# When is it feasible to implement?

- Viable for all projects
- Ideally adopted from the very beginning



Business, enterprise or infrastructure environment



Sensitive information



Communicates over a network

# What steps can be automated?

• Often some manual work is combined with automation



Threat modeling



Code analysis



Security testing



Configuration scanning



Continuous integration and deployment



Incident response

# UP NEXT How can GitHub help us automate steps during SDLC?

### Automated testing is key

- Provide a baseline quality check
- Avoid common mistakes or anti-patterns
- Awareness of vulnerabilities
- Consistency through CI/CD integration



# Manual tests are still valuable

- Reviewing pull requests
- Validation of design decisions
- Applying common sense



# GitHub to the rescue!





Code Scanning



Dependency Scanning

# Secret Scanning – What?



Prevents exposing tokens, private keys or other secrets

Scanning across all branches and git history

Looks for patterns provided by the vendors

Reported as alerts in the repository's Security tab

Free for public repositories

# Secret Scanning Patterns

Azure	azure_active_directory_application_secret	
Azure	azure_batch_key_identifiable	
Azure	azure_cache_for_redis_access_key	
Azure	azure_cosmosdb_key_identifiable	
Azure	azure_devops_personal_access_token	\$77A.[]
Azure	azure_function_key	l.scani File; IOExcep l.Array: linePro
Azure	azure_ml_web_service_classic_identifiable_key	: void : canner! erToRea
Azure	azure_sas_token	ception out.pr exit(0) oneadai stcairl
Azure	azure_search_admin_key	newAfr <sup>†</sup> ineFrom afr <sup>†</sup> in anner <sup>†</sup> C comFi <sup>†</sup> le
Azure	azure_search_query_key	reMames line = espartn printl board
Azure	azure_management_certificate	U LEOU
Azure	azure_sql_connection_string	
Azure	azure_storage_account_key	33

import java.util.Arra import java.util.scan mport java.io.File; mport java.io.IOExce mport java.util.Arra)

ublic class AirlinePro

public static void i Scanner Scanneri try{

Scanneriokea } catch(IOException System.out.pr system exit(0)

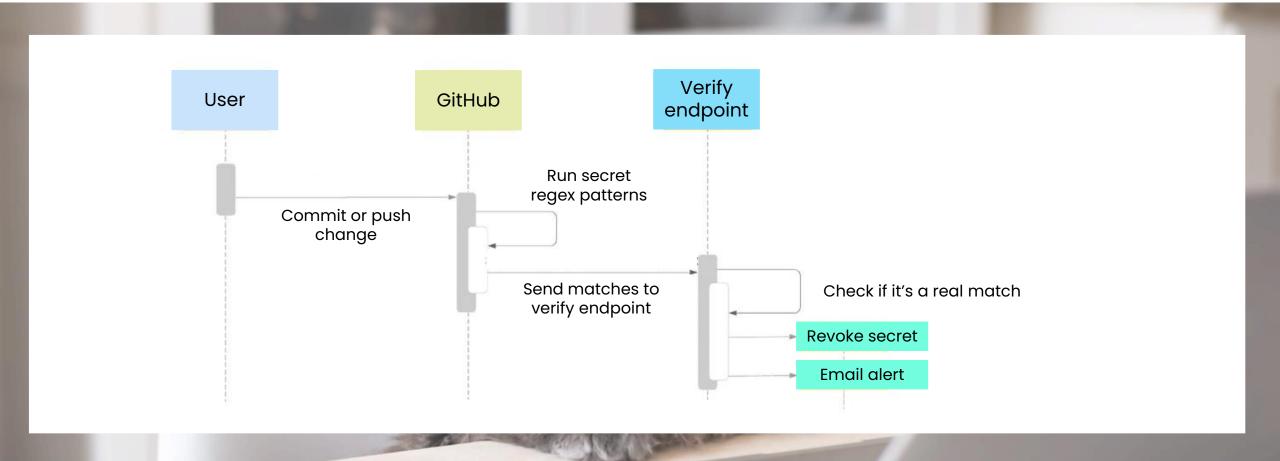
}
if(scannerToReadAi
arrayList<airl
airline newAir
string lineFrom
string[] airlin

hile( scannerTc lineFromFile airlineNames newAirline = airlinesPartn

} System.out.printl canner keyboard

# Secret Scanning – Partner Program

- Contributed by partners such as Microsoft
- Offers additional intelligence and automatic revoking of secrets (!)



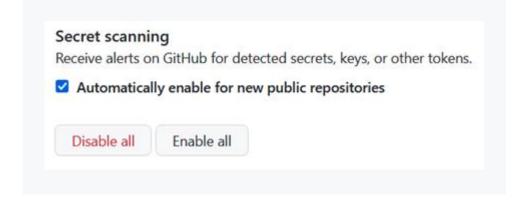
# Secret Scanning - Configuration

### Scope

Enable secret scanning for a single repository, or on an account level

### Exclusions

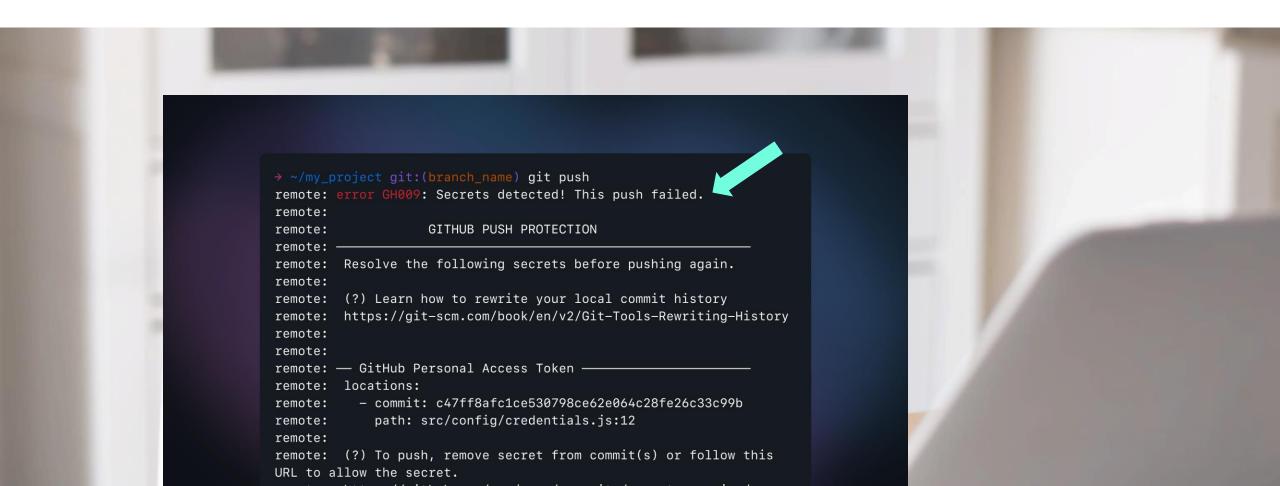
You can exclude directories through a .github/secret\_scanning .yml file



```
paths-ignore:
- "foo/bar/*.js"
```

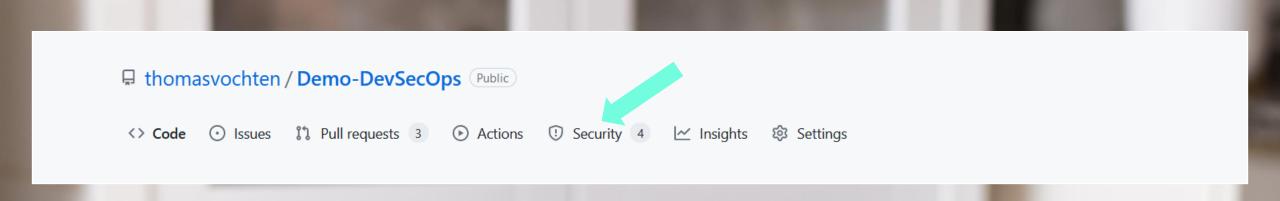
# Secret Scanning – Push Protection

Free for public repositories

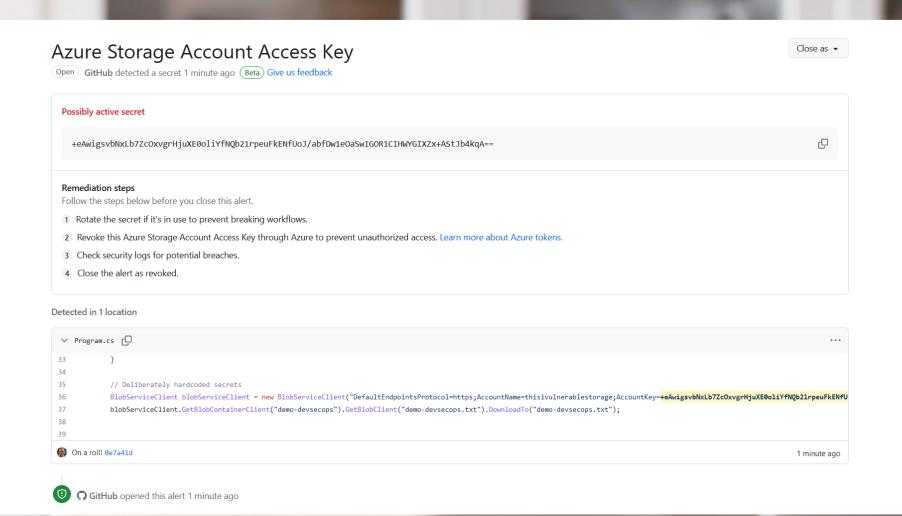


# Secret Scanning – Alerting

- Alerts are sent to
  - Contributor who committed the secret
  - Repository administrators
  - Organization owners
- Only admins can dismiss secret scanning alerts



# Secret Scanning – Alerting



# Secret Scanning – What now?

- How do I remove secrets from git history?
- Examples:

```
$ bfg --delete-files YOUR-FILE-WITH-SENSITIVE-DATA
$ bfg --replace-text passwords.txt
$ git push --force
```



# Code Scanning – What?

Identify and fix security vulnerabilities and coding errors

Scheduled scans or trigger on certain events (push)

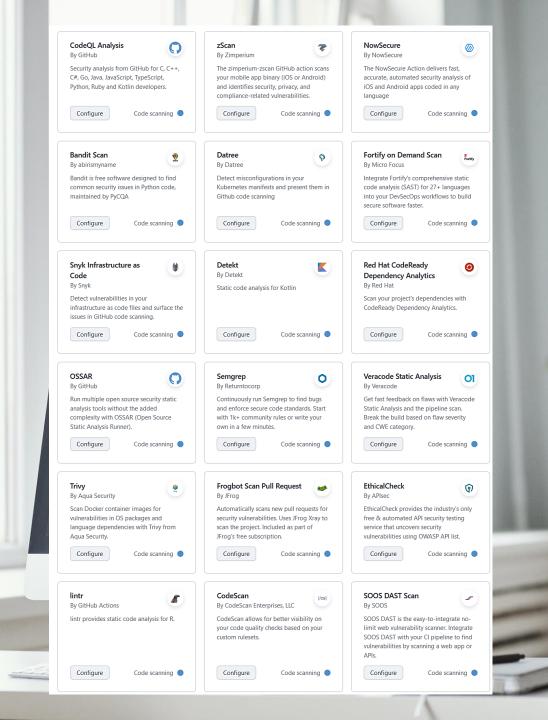
Creates an alert (and closes it automatically)

**Uses GitHub Actions** 

Free for public repositories

# Code Scanning - How?

- CodeQL
- Or through a 3rd party tool that supports the Static Analysis Results Interchange Format (SARIF)





# Code Scanning – CodeQL

CodeQL is a code analysis engine to automate security checks.



### Database

You generate a CodeQL database to represent your codebase



### Queries

You run CodeQL queries on that database to identify problems in the codebase



### **Alerts**

The query results are shown as code scanning alerts in GitHub when you use CodeQL with code scanning.

# Code Scanning – CodeQL

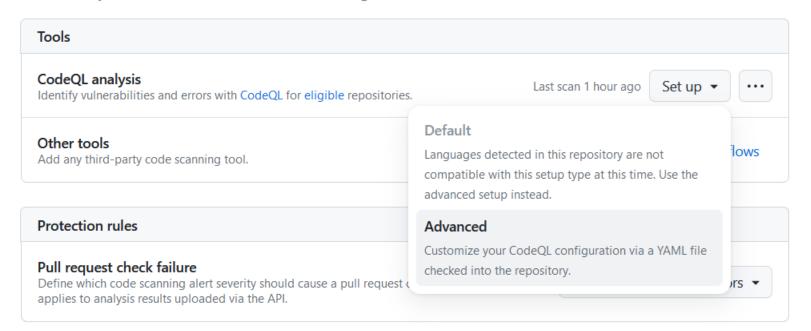
• CodeQL code scanning automatically detects code written in the supported languages:

Language	Variants	Compilers	Extensions
C/C++	C89, C99, C11, C18, C++98, C++03, C++11, C++14, C++17, C++20 [1]	Clang (and clang-cl [2]) extensions (up to Clang 12.0),	.cpp, .c++, .cxx, .hpp, .hh, .h++, .hxx, .c, .cc, .h
		GNU extensions (up to GCC 11.1),	
		Microsoft extensions (up to VS 2019),	
		Arm Compiler 5 3	
<b>C#</b> C# u <sub>l</sub>	C# up to 10.0	Microsoft Visual Studio up to 2019 with .NET up to 4.8,	.sln, .csproj, .cs, .cshtml, .xaml
		.NET Core up to 3.1	
		.NET 5, .NET 6	
Go (aka Golang)	Go up to 1.20	Go 1.11 or more recent	.go
Java	Java 7 to 20 [4]	javac (OpenJDK and Oracle JDK),	. java
		Eclipse compiler for Java (ECJ) [5]	
Kotlin [6]	Kotlin 1.5.0 to 1.8.20	kotlinc	.kt
JavaScript	ECMAScript 2022 or lower	Not applicable	.js, .jsx, .mjs, .es, .es6, .htm, .html, .xhtm, .xhtml, .vue, .hbs, .ejs, .njk, .json, .yaml, .yml, .raml, .xml [7]
Python [8]	2.7, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 3.10, 3.11	Not applicable	. ру
Ruby [9]	up to 3.2	Not applicable	.rb, .erb, .gemspec, Gemfile
TypeScript [10]	2.6-4.9	Standard TypeScript compiler	.ts, .tsx, .mts, .cts

# Code Scanning – CodeQL

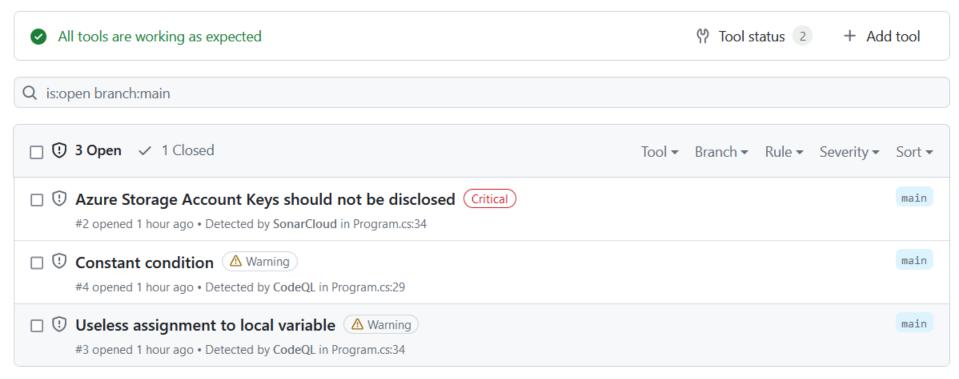
### **Code scanning**

Automatically detect common vulnerabilities and coding errors.



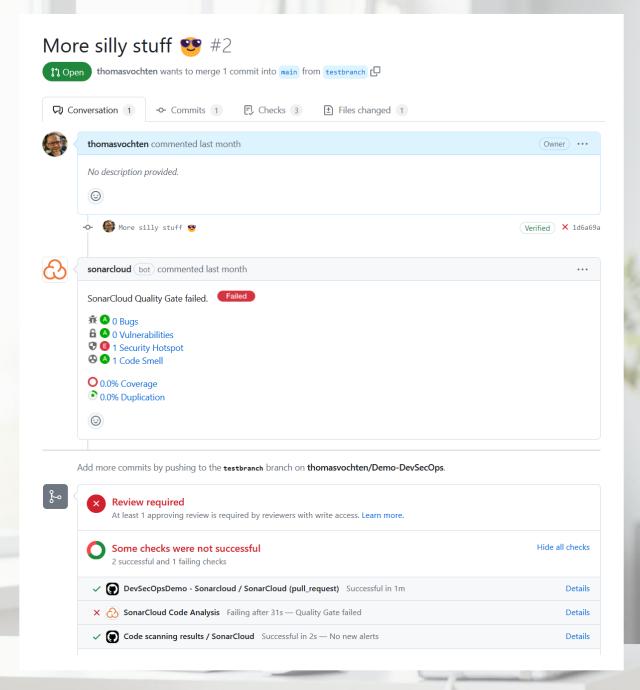
# Code Scanning – Alerting

### Code scanning



# Code Scanning

Pull request integration



# Dependabot - What?



### **Alerts**

GitHub creates alerts when a vulnerable dependency or malware is detected



### Scans

Scans when a new advisory is published or when you change the dependencies of your project



### **Fixes**

Dependabot can fix vulnerable dependencies for you by raising pull requests with security updates.



### **Updates**

You can use Dependabot to keep the packages you use updated to the latest versions.



### PR integration

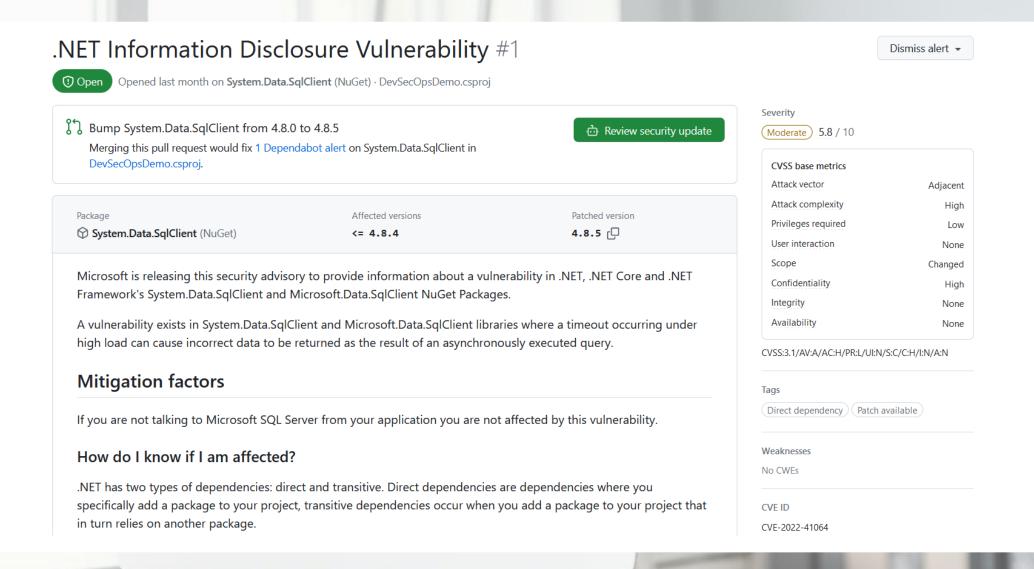
Can also integrate as a pull request (PR) check



### Free

Free for all repositories

# Dependabot - Alerting





# GitHub to the rescue!





Code Scanning



Dependency Scanning

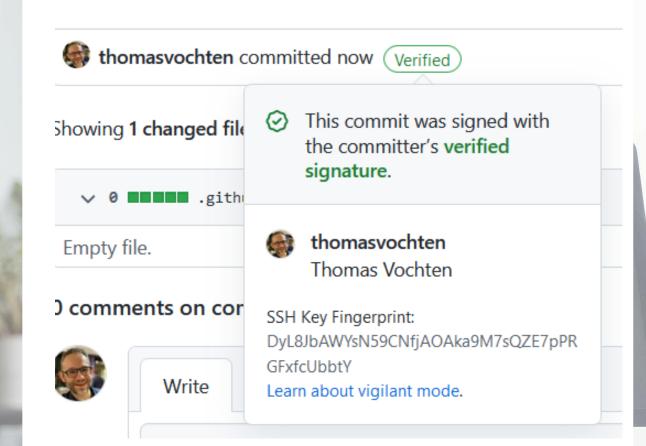
# GitHub Account Security

- Username/Password with MFA
  - Time-based one-time password (TOTP)
  - GitHub Mobile
  - Security Key
  - Passkey
- Personal Access Token (PAT)
- SSH Key



# Verified Commits

Using GPG, SSH, or S/MIME, you can sign tags and commits locally. These tags or commits are marked as verified on GitHub so other people can be confident that the changes come from a trusted source.





### 1Password Access Requested



Allow All Applications to use SSH key

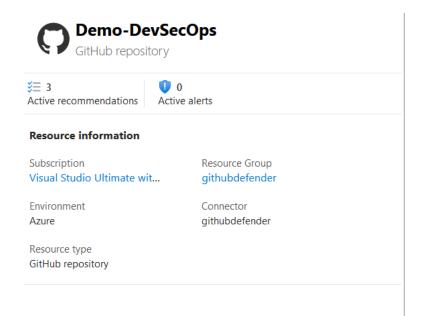


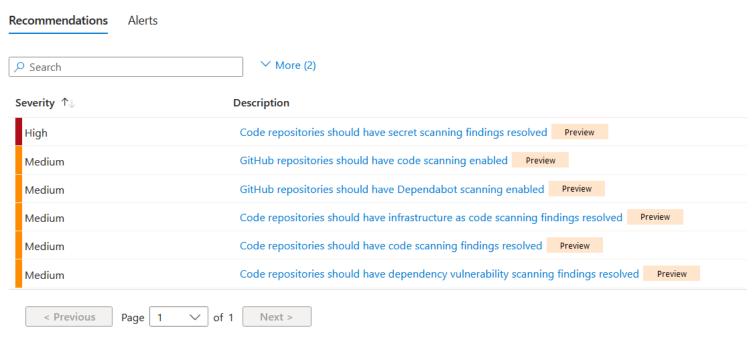
Approve for all applications

Deny

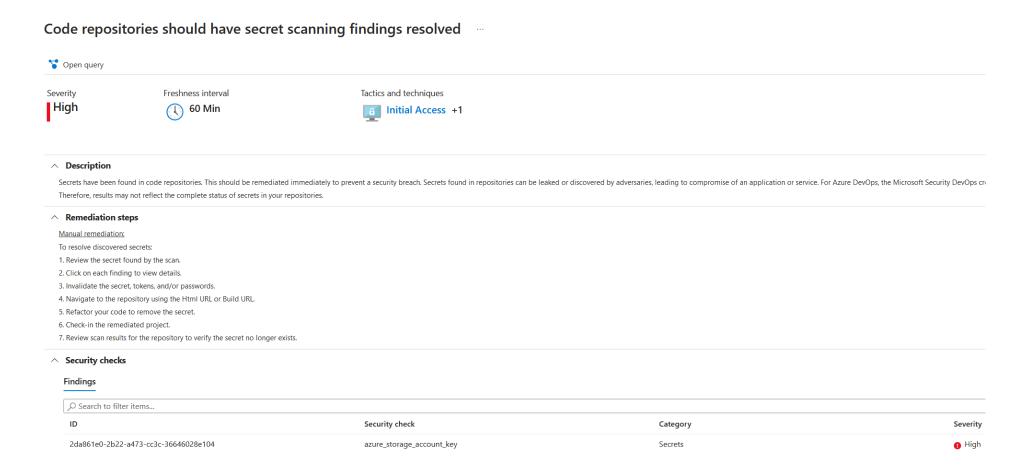


# Defender for Cloud integration





# Defender for Cloud integration

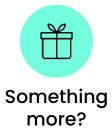




# What about Azure DevOps?







# Secret scanning

- No native GA feature available (yet)
- The next best thing: Microsoft Defender for DevOps (preview)



# Requires more effort to setup

- Microsoft Defender for DevOps
- Microsoft Security DevOps task
- Every repo/branch



### Result display

- Azure Portal
- Build results
- Pull requests (if enabled)



### **Alerting**

- Recommendation on Microsoft Defender for Cloud
- Action via Azure Logic App



### **Preview**

- False positives
- Future cost?



git-secrets

Git pre-commit hook



### **Future**

GitHub Advanced Security for Azure DevOps (preview)

# 100101001010 - 44 44 61 61

# Code scanning



No native GA feature available (yet)



### The next best thing

- Use a third-party solution, e.g., SonarCloud
- Free for OSS, 10\$+ /month for private
- Requires build pipeline configuration



### **Future options**

- GitHub Advanced Security for Azure DevOps (preview)
- Access needs to be requested from Microsoft
- 49\$/month per active commiter



# Dependency scanning



No native GA feature available (yet)



### The next best thing

- Use a third-party solution, e.g., Snyk
- Requires build pipeline configuration
- Reports inheritance
- Config when to fail
- Sends email alerts on new vulns
- Free



### Future options

- GitHub Advanced Security for Azure DevOps (preview)
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# Authentication





- SSO
- MFA, conditional access etc.
- For an enterprise



PAT & SSH



### **Azure AD identities**

- Service principals & managed identities Preview feature
- Alternative for PATs

# Verified commits

- Git feature
- Not similarly supported on Azure DevOps
- Possible to validate commit signatures in a build pipeline



# Azure DevOps vs GitHub

- GitHub for open source, Azure DevOps for the enterprise
- What about GitHub Enterprise? What is keeping people on Azure DevOps?



# Project management and collaboration

- Planning
- Collaboration
- Analytics and reports



### Tracing and auditing

· Work item links



# More granular access control management

- Levels
- Features
- Permissions



### Flexible licensing

- Stakeholder
- Basic
- Basic + Test Plans



### More mature pipelines

- Microsoft
- Release pipeline features

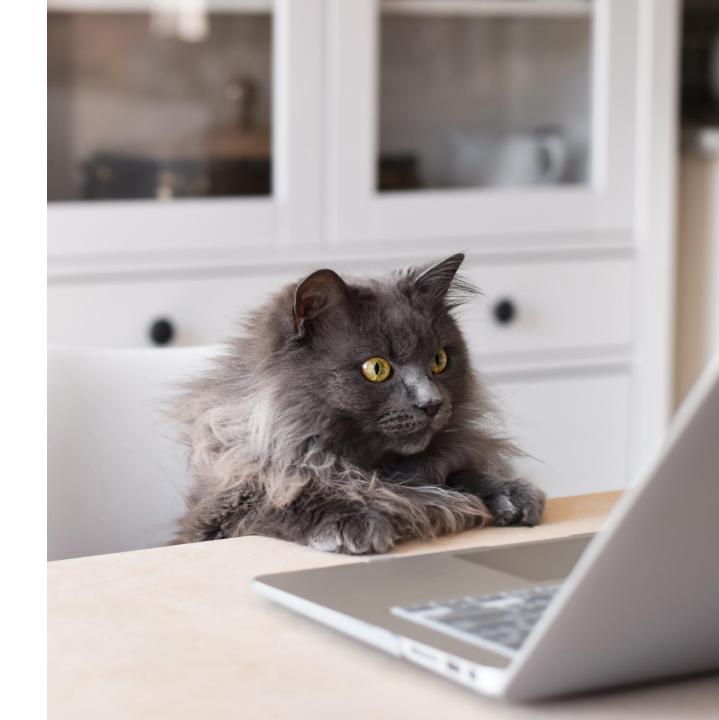


### Other features

- Test Plans
- Printable Wikis
- Etc.

## **Future**

- What is the point of having two products for the same purpose?
- Migration from Azure
   DevOps to GitHub
   Enterprise eventually



# Recap

Protect against what?

Secure Software Development Lifecycle

Automating code security checks

Protecting source code and repositories

Defender for Cloud integration

What about Azure DevOps?



