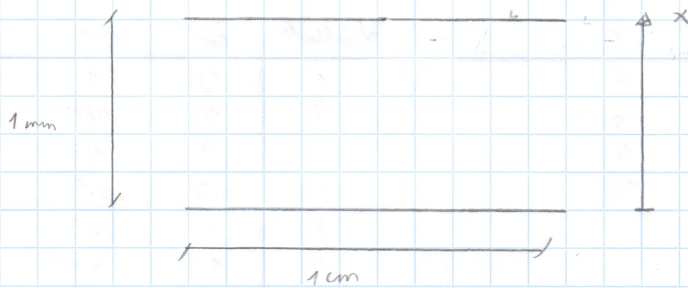


$$A = \begin{bmatrix} V_2 \\ V_3 \\ V_4 \\ V_5 \\ V_6 \\ V_9 \\ V_{10} \\ V_{11} \\ V_{15} \end{bmatrix}$$

Analytische Lösung



$$|\vec{E}| = \text{konst.} = \frac{U}{d}$$

$$\vec{E} = -\frac{U}{d} \vec{e}_x$$

$$U \text{ so dass } \vec{E} = -\text{grad } V$$

$$\text{wobei } \# \text{ grad } V = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \Rightarrow V = \frac{U}{d} \cdot x$$