Esmuflily - SMuFL / Ekmelos for LilyPond

Esmuflily is an extension for LilyPond that supports SMuFL compliant fonts, in particular, to facilitate the use of glyphs from Ekmelos: clefs, time signatures, note heads, articulations, etc.

Esmuflily provides switches to turn the SMuFL support on or off for individual types of graphical objects (clefs, note heads, etc.) and it defines additional commands and styles for SMuFL glyphs which are not available in LilyPond (note head styles, function theory symbols, etc.) So scores can benefit from both SMuFL's comprehensive character set and LilyPond's awesome Emmentaler font.

This documentation uses the Ekmelos font for all SMuFL glyph.

Esmuflily requires LilyPond version 2.24.0 or higher.

See Ekmelily for accidentals and key signatures.

7 October 2025

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Author and License

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Download, Installation, Usage

Download

The folder ly contains the include files.

Copy the following files into an appropriate folder:

```
esmufl.ily
ekmd.scm
ekmd-template.scm
```

ekmd-template.scm is required only if no metadata cache file exists for the desired font.

For some fonts, a cache file is already available, among others:

```
ekmd-bravura.scm ekmd-ekmelos.scm
```

Usage

Add the following lines near the top of your LilyPond input file.

```
ekmFont = FONTNAME
\include "esmufl.ily"
```

Esmuflily + Ekmelily

To combine Esmuflily with Ekmelily add e.g. the following lines near the top of your LilyPond input file.

```
ekmFont = FONTNAME
ekmSystem = TUNING
\include "cosmufl.ily"
\language "LANGUAGE"
\ekmStyle STYLENAME
```

The default values correspond with LilyPond:

FONTNAME Ekmelos

TUNING 24, i.e. it includes ekmel-24.ily
LANGUAGE nederlands in most tunings
STYLENAME stc (Stein/Couper) in tuning 24

Fonts

Esmuflily requires a SMuFL compliant font.

It uses Ekmelos by default. Another font can be selected, either with the variable

```
ekmFont = FONTNAME
```

preceding the include file, or with the command line option

```
-dekmfont=FONTNAME
```

Note that this option produces a warning 'no such internal option', which can be ignored. Warnings can be suppressed with the command line option --loglevel=ERROR or --loglevel=NONE.

Drawing paths

Esmuflily supports drawing paths instead of font glyphs, which allows e.g. to produce stand-alone SVG output. This requires the Scheme procedure <code>ekm-path-stencil</code> as it is provided for Ekmelos by the include file <code>ly/ekmelos-paths.ily</code>.

A trailing (or solitary) # in FONTNAME draws paths globally, i.e. it effects all SMuFL output except for the markup commands \ekm-charf and \ekm-str.

Note that spaces and other glyphs without a contour, as well as side-bearing and font features like stylistic alternates or ligatures are not available with paths. See the second output below:

To draw Ekmelos glyphs as paths, add the following lines near the top of your LilyPond input file. A single "#" is equivalent to "Ekmelos#".

```
ekmFont = "#"
\include "ekmelos-paths.ily"
...
```

Font Metadata

Esmuflily can use font-specific metadata provided by a SMuFL compliant JSON file or by a cache file. If the latter doesn't exist, the JSON file is read and a cache file is created to be used subsequently.

Note: In the JSON file, glyphs must be given with their canonical glyph name, not with the Unicode code point.

JSON file path:

```
MD_LOC/MD_NAME
```

MD_NAME is one of the file names:

- 1. FNAME_metadata.json
- 2. FNAME.json
- metadata.json

FNAME is the FONTNAME in all lowercase.

MD_LOC is one of the locations (see SMuFL ch. 3.11):

- 1. PRIVATE_LOC
- 2. USER_LOC/SMuFL/Fonts/FONTNAME
- SYSTEM LOC/SMuFL/Fonts/FONTNAME

PRIVATE LOC can be specified either with the variable

```
ekmMetadata = PRIVATE_LOC
```

preceding the include file,

or with the command line option

```
-dekmmetadata=PRIVATE LOC
```

A trailing (or solitary) % in PRIVATE_LOC forces creating a cache file even if it already exists.

USER_LOC and SYSTEM_LOC are platform-specific.

| | USER_LOC | SYSTEM_LOC |
|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Linux | \$XDG_DATA_HOME | \$XDG_DATA_DIRS |
| macOS | ~/Library/Application Support | /Library/Application Support |
| Windows | %LOCALAPPDATA% | %CommonProgramFiles% |
| | | <pre>%CommonProgramFiles(x86)%</pre> |

Cache file path:

```
EKMD_LOC/ekmd-FNAME.scm
```

EKMD_LOC is one of the locations:

- a LilyPond include directory (usually the location of esmufl.ily)
- 2. MD_LOC (as for the JSON file)

Font Symbols

The musical symbols supported by Esmuflily are SMuFL-compliant glyphs given with their Unicode code point.

All symbols are assembled in a single table arranged according to type (usage), where some types correspond to LilyPond's graphical objects, like note heads, flags, rests, and clefs.

The standard table contains SMuFL recommended characters. The cache file ekmd-FNAME.scm can provide a font-specific table (beside the metadata) that is merged into the standard table.

The styles, names, tokens, and size ranges for musical symbols listed in this documentation come from the standard table. The font-specific details for Ekmelos or other fonts are listed separately after that.

\ekmMergeType TYPE TABLE

Merge TABLE into the table for TYPE. New styles, names, and tokens are added. Already existing ones are replaced. See internals.md for all supported types and their required table structures. Use this command with care.

Note: The style ekm is used for internal purposes, (tremolo marks, arrows, percussion beaters, etc.)

Commands

Most of the commands, in particular, all markup commands always produce SMuFL output, independent of any switches. Other commands behave differently when the corresponding switch is turned off:

- [Ly] Produces normal LilyPond output.
- [Err] Causes an error or produces useless output.

Some commands with a corresponding LilyPond command are simpler implemented, e.g. they ignore properties, while a few provide additional features.

Some commands and properties accept one of the following special values:

- EXTEXT: A code point, a list of code points, or markup.
- DEFINITION : A string of tokens.
- · ORIENTATION: Sum of axis and direction.

SMuFL glyphs are always accessed by code point (EXTEXT). See the file ly/ekmelos-map.ily at Ekmelos with definitions to access glyphs by name.

All commands have the prefix ekm or ekm-.

SMuFL switches

```
\ekmSmuflOn #'TYPE
\ekmSmuflOn #'(TYPE ...)
\ekmSmuflOff #'TYPE
\ekmSmuflOff #'(TYPE ...)
```

Turn the SMuFL support on and off, respectively, for one or more types of graphical objects. TYPE is one of the following symbols. Any other value is ignored.

These commands set/undo context and grob properties (usually the stencil) in the current bottom context, except for colon and segno which are set independently of a context and cannot be turned off.

all All following types

clef Clefs and clef modifiers

time Time signatures

notehead Note heads

dot Augmentation dots

flag Flags and grace note slashes rest Rests and multi-measure rests

systemstart System start delimiters dynamic Absolute dynamic marks

script Scripts textspan Text span

trill Trill span and trill pitch

lvLaissez vibrercolonColon bar linessegnoSegno bar linespercentPercent repeats

tremolo Tremolos arpeggio Arpeggios

tuplet Tuplet numbers

fingering Fingering instructions
stringnumber String number indications

pedal Piano pedals
fbass Figured bass
lyric Lyric text

The following example demonstrates possible places for SMuFL switches: a \with block, a \layout block, and in the music stream. Note that \ekmTremolo works independent of the tremolo switch which is turned on after that.

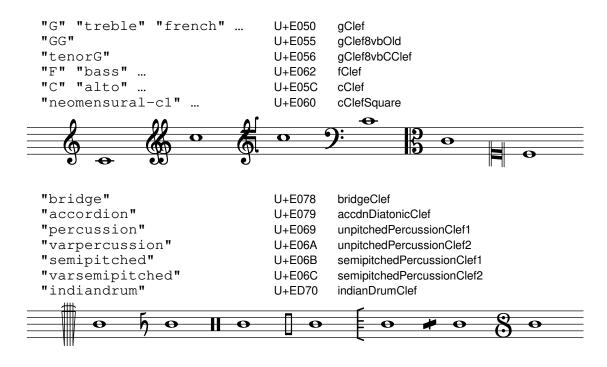
```
\score {
  \new Staff \with {
    \ekmSmuflOn #'trill
  \relative c'' {
    \ekmSmuflOn #'notehead
    \override NoteHead.style = #'triangle
    c4 a
    \ekmSmuflOff #'notehead
    \revert NoteHead.style
    \autoBeamOff
    a8
    \ekmFlag #'straight
    a <a d> a16 <a d>
    \ekmFlag #'default
    \ekmPitchedTrill #'slash #'bracket
    d2 \ekmStartTrillSpan #'(-4 . 0) e d4 c8. a16 \stopTrillSpan
    \ekmTremolo unmeasured { c4:16 a: }
    \ekmSmuflOn #'tremolo
    { c4:16 a: }
  }
  \layout {
    \context {
      \Score
      \ekmSmuflOn #'(flag dot)
    }
  }
}
```

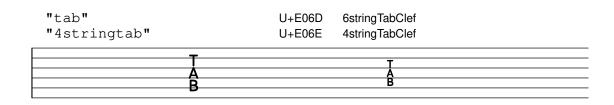


Clefs

\ekmSmuflOn #'clef

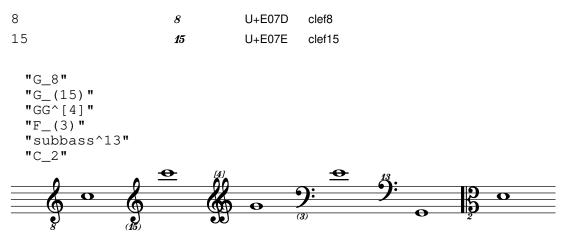
Draw SMuFL clefs and clef modifiers.





Clef modifiers

Transposition and style are drawn with the fingering italic symbols for digits, parentheses, and brackets, and with the following special symbols (i.e. not with precomposed clef glyphs).



Change clefs

They are drawn either with a special glyph or with the normal glyph but smaller.

The relative font size for change clefs can be set with:

O

0

Ekmelos clefs

"frenchG" U+F40E gClef8vbFrench
"varC" "altovarC" U+F633 cClefFrench20C

"tenorvarC" :

"baritonevarC"

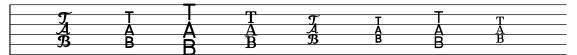
"string" U+F71C stringClef

"behindbridgestring" U+F71D behindBridgeStringClef



Ekmelos tab clefs

| "tab" | U+F61E | 6stringTabClefClassic |
|--------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| "moderntab" | U+E06D | 6stringTabClef |
| "talltab" | U+F40A | 6stringTabClefTall |
| "seriftab" | U+F40B | 6stringTabClefSerif |
| "4stringtab" | U+F61F | 4stringTabClefClassic |
| "4stringmoderntab" | U+E06E | 4stringTabClef |
| "4stringtalltab" | U+F40C | 4stringTabClefTall |
| "4stringseriftab" | U+F40D | 4stringTabClefSerif |



Ekmelos change clefs

| "GG" | U+F630 | gClef8vbOldChange |
|------------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| "tenorG" | U+F631 | gClef8vbCClefChange |
| "varC" | U+F634 | cClefFrench20CChange |
| "neomensural-c3" | U+F632 | cClefSquareChange |
| "percussion" | U+F635 | unpitchedPercussionClef1Change |
| "varpercussion" | U+F636 | unpitchedPercussionClef2Change |
| "semipitched" | U+F6BE | semipitchedPercussionClef1Change |
| "varsemipitched" | U+F6BF | semipitchedPercussionClef2Change |



Time signatures

\ekmSmuflOn #'time

Draw SMuFL time signatures.

\ekmCompoundMeter TIME-SIGNATURE

Set the numeric time signature.

\ekm-compound-meter TIME-SIGNATURE

Draw the numeric time signature as markup.

Compound meters use the large plus sign between fractions and the small plus sign between the numbers in a numerator. Some rational numbers can be part of a numerator. If specified in a pair, e.g. (1 . 1/2), this is treated as a single number without a plus sign in between.

| 4/4 | ${f c}$ | U+E08A | timeSigCommon |
|-----|------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| 2/2 | ¢ | U+E08B | timeSigCutCommon |
| 0 | O : | U+E080 | timeSig0 |
| 9 | 9 | U+E089 | timeSig9 |
| + | + | U+E08C | timeSigPlus |
| | + | U+E08D | timeSigPlusSmall |
| 1/4 | 1/4 | U+E097 | timeSigFractionQuarter |
| 1/2 | 1/2 | U+E098 | timeSigFractionHalf |
| 3/4 | 3⁄4 | U+E099 | time SigFraction Three Quarters |
| 1/3 | 1/3 | U+E09A | time SigFraction One Third |
| 2/3 | 2∕3 | U+E09B | timeSigFractionTwoThirds |

```
\relative c'' {
          \ekmCompoundMeter #'(5 8)
          c8 c c c c
          \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$\wedge$}}} \ekmCompoundMeter #'((2 8) (3 8))
          c8 c c c c
           \ekmCompoundMeter #'(2 3 8)
          c8 c c c c
           \break
          \ekmCompoundMeter #'(1 1/4 2)
          c8 c c c c
           \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc helmCompoundMeter}} #'(((1 . 1/4) 2))
          c8 c c c c
           \break
           \ekmCompoundMeter #'((2 4) (1 4) (1 8))
          c8 c c c c c c
          \ekmCompoundMeter #'((2 4) (2 1 8))
          c8 c c c c c c
           c8 c c c c c c
          \break
          \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}}\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\ensuremath{\mbox{$^{\prime}$}}\en
          c8 c c c c c c
          \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{chmCompoundMeter}}} \#'((2\ 4)\ ((1\ .\ 1/2)\ 4))
          c8 c c c c c c
          \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc hekmCompoundMeter}} #'(2 (1 . 1/2) 4)
          c8 c c c c c c
}
```

Cadenza signatures

\ekmCadenzaOn STYLE

Start a cadenza like \cadenzaOn and set a signature.

Styles

"X" U+E09C timeSigX

"~" U+E09D timeSigOpenPenderecki

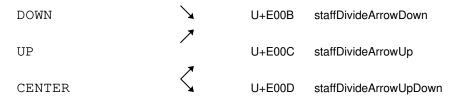
'time-x deprecated 'time-penderecki deprecated



Staff dividers and Separators

\ekmStaffDivider DIRECTION

Draw the next barline with an indicator to split or recombine the staff and set a \briangle . The direction specifies the type of indicator (arrow).



system-separator-markup = \ekmSlashSeparator SIZE

Draw a system separator mark, corresponding to SIZE (set within a \paper block).

Size ranges

```
U+E007 systemDivider
U+E008 systemDividerLong
U+E009 systemDividerExtraLong
```

```
\new Staff
<<
    \new Voice {
      \relative c'' {
       \voiceOne
      g a b c
      \bar "||" \ekmStaffDivider #CENTER
    }
}
\new Voice {
    \relative c' {
      \voiceTwo
      e c f e
    }
}
</pre>
```

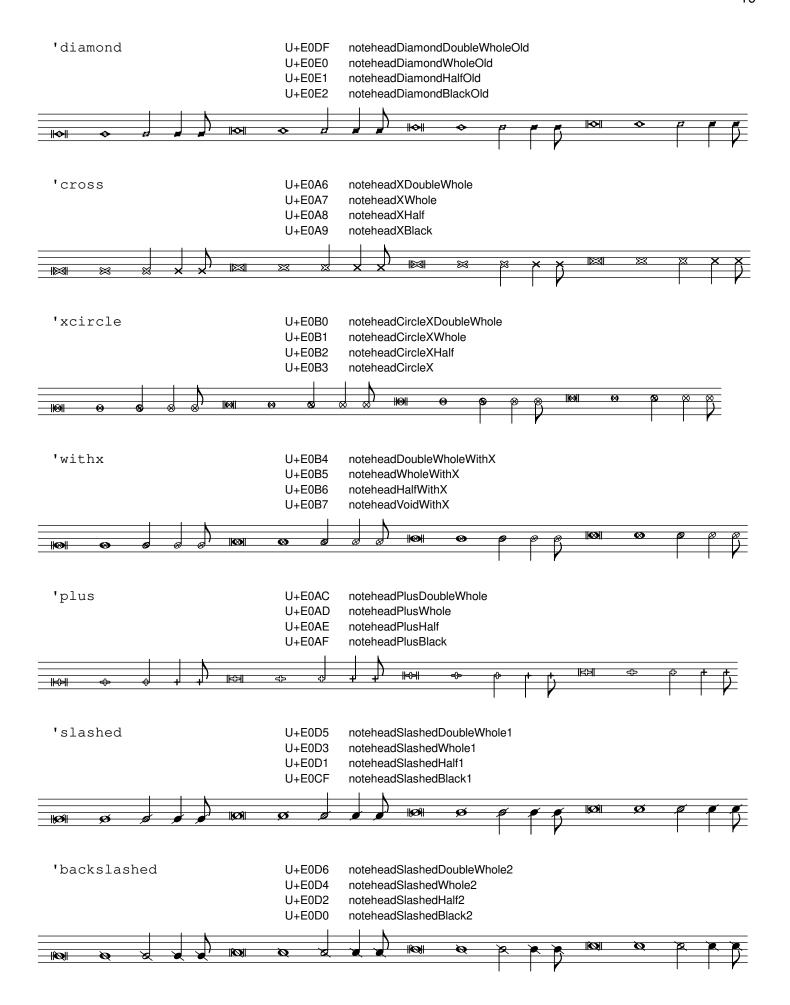


Note heads

\ekmSmuflOn #'notehead

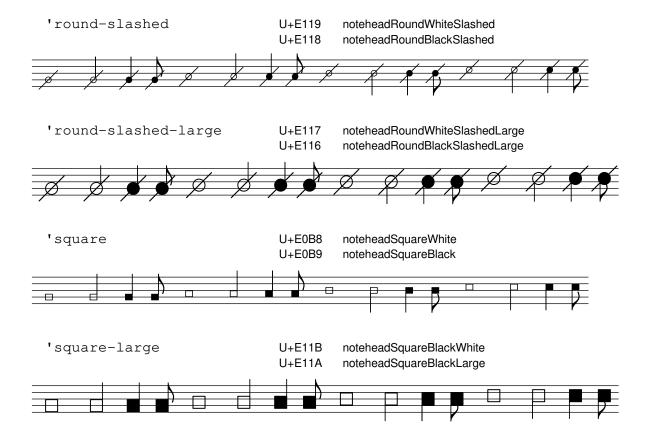
Draw SMuFL note heads. The harmonic and cross glyphs are also used with commands like harmonic and xNote.



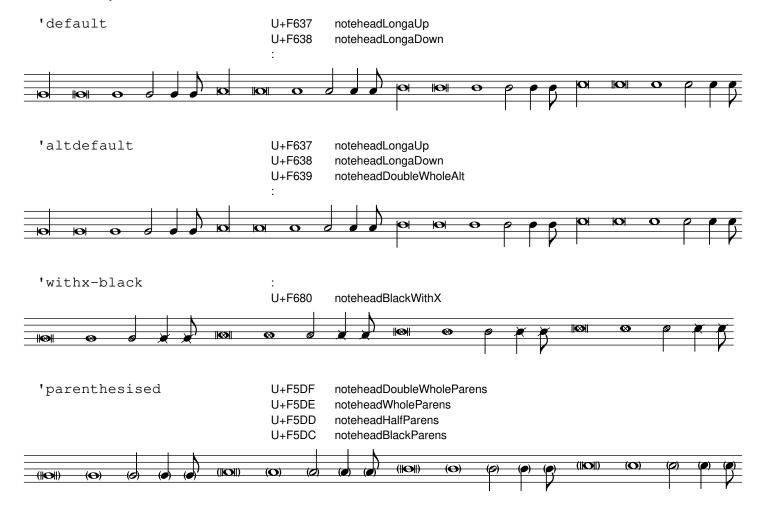








Ekmelos styles



Shape note heads

All forms in LilyPond are supported, but some note heads of Feta don't have exact matches in SMuFL, e.g. the thin shapes of \southernHarmonyHeads and the reversed shapes for stem up of \funkHeads.

Sacred Harp

\sacredHarpHeads

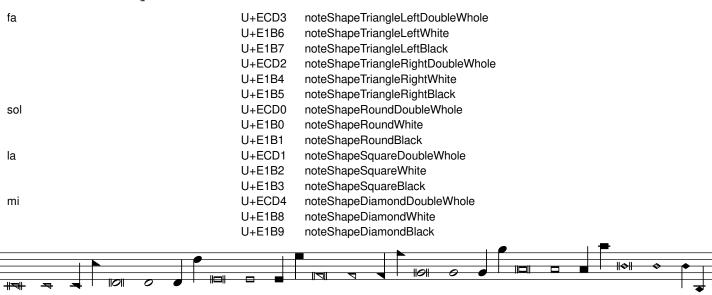
| | - | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| fa | | U+ECD3 | noteShapeTriangleLeftDoubleWhole |
| | į | U+E1B6 | noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite |
| | į | U+E1B7 | noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack |
| | | U+ECD2 | noteShapeTriangleRightDoubleWhole |
| | į | U+E1B4 | noteShapeTriangleRightWhite |
| | I | U+E1B5 | noteShapeTriangleRightBlack |
| sol | į | U+ECD0 | noteShapeRoundDoubleWhole |
| | I | U+E1B0 | noteShapeRoundWhite |
| | | U+E1B1 | noteShapeRoundBlack |
| la | į | U+ECD1 | noteShapeSquareDoubleWhole |
| | I | U+E1B2 | noteShapeSquareWhite |
| | | U+E1B3 | noteShapeSquareBlack |
| mi | I | U+ECD4 | noteShapeDiamondDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1B8 | noteShapeDiamondWhite |
| | į. | U+E1B9 | noteShapeDiamondBlack |
| | | | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| | | | |





Southern Harmony

\southernHarmonyHeads



\southernHarmonyHeadsMinor



Funk (Harmonia Sacra)

\funkHeads

| do | U+ECDB | noteShapeMoonLeftDoubleWhole |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------------|
| | U+E1C6 | noteShapeMoonLeftWhite |
| | U+E1C7 | noteShapeMoonLeftBlack |
| re | U+ECDC | noteShapeArrowheadLeftDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1C8 | noteShapeArrowheadLeftWhite |
| | U+E1C9 | noteShapeArrowheadLeftBlack |
| mi | U+ECD4 | noteShapeDiamondDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1B8 | noteShapeDiamondWhite |
| | U+E1B9 | noteShapeDiamondBlack |
| fa | U+ECD3 | noteShapeTriangleLeftDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1B6 | noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite |
| | U+E1B7 | noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack |
| | U+ECD2 | noteShapeTriangleRightDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1B4 | noteShapeTriangleRightWhite |
| | U+E1B5 | noteShapeTriangleRightBlack |
| sol | U+ECD0 | noteShapeRoundDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1B0 | noteShapeRoundWhite |
| | U+E1B1 | noteShapeRoundBlack |
| la | U+ECD1 | noteShapeSquareDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1B2 | noteShapeSquareWhite |
| | U+E1B3 | noteShapeSquareBlack |
| ti | U+ECDD | noteShapeTriangleRoundLeftDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1CA | noteShapeTriangleRoundLeftWhite |
| | U+E1CB | noteShapeTriangleRoundLeftBlack |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| | | |
| | | |

\funkHeadsMinor



Walker

\walkerHeads

| do | U+ECD8 | noteShapeKeystoneDoubleWhole |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------------|
| | U+E1C0 | noteShapeKeystoneWhite |
| | U+E1C1 | noteShapeKeystoneBlack |
| re | U+ECD9 | |
| | U+E1C2 | • |
| | U+E1C3 | noteShapeQuarterMoonBlack |
| mi | U+ECD4 | • |
| | U+E1B8 | noteShapeDiamondWhite |
| | U+E1B9 | noteShapeDiamondBlack |
| fa | U+ECD3 | · |
| | U+E1B6 | noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite |
| | U+E1B7 | noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack |
| | U+ECD2 | |
| | U+E1B4 | noteShapeTriangleRightWhite |
| | U+E1B5 | noteShapeTriangleRightBlack |
| sol | U+ECD0 | |
| | U+E1B0 | noteShapeRoundWhite |
| | U+E1B1 | noteShapeRoundBlack |
| la | U+ECD1 | noteShapeSquareDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1B2 | noteShapeSquareWhite |
| | U+E1B3 | noteShapeSquareBlack |
| ti | U+ECDA | noteShapeIsoscelesTriangleDoubleWhole |
| | U+E1C4 | noteShapeIsoscelesTriangleWhite |
| | U+E1C5 | noteShapeIsoscelesTriangleBlack |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |



\walkerHeadsMinor



Aiken (Christian Harmony)

\aikenHeads

| | 1141 | | |
|-------------|------|------------------|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | U+E1BF | noteShapeTriangleRoundBlack |
| | | U+E1BE | noteShapeTriangleRoundWhite |
| ti | | U+ECD7 | noteShapeTriangleRoundDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1B3 | noteShapeSquareBlack |
| | | U+E1B2 | noteShapeSquareWhite |
| la | | U+ECD1 | noteShapeSquareDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1B1 | noteShapeRoundBlack |
| | | U+E1B0 | noteShapeRoundWhite |
| sol | | U+ECD0 | noteShapeRoundDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1B5 | noteShapeTriangleRightBlack |
| | | U+E1B4 | noteShapeTriangleRightWhite |
| | | U+ECD2 | noteShapeTriangleRightDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1B7 | noteShapeTriangleLeftBlack |
| 14 | | U+E1B6 | noteShapeTriangleLeftWhite |
| fa | | U+ECD3 | noteShapeTriangleLeftDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1B9 | noteShapeDiamondBlack |
| | | U+E1B8 | noteShapeDiamondWhite |
| mi | | U+ECD4 | noteShapeDiamondDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1BD | noteShapeMoonBlack |
| 16 | | U+E1BC | noteShapeMoonWhite |
| re | | U+ECD6 | noteShapeMoonDoubleWhole |
| | | U+E1BA U+E1BB | noteShapeTriangleUpWhite noteShapeTriangleUpBlack |
| do | | U+ECD5 U+E1BA | |
| do | ı | U+ECD5 | noteShapeTriangleUpDoubleWhole |





Note name note heads

\ekmNameHeads...

Draw note heads with solfège (easy play) note names. [Err]

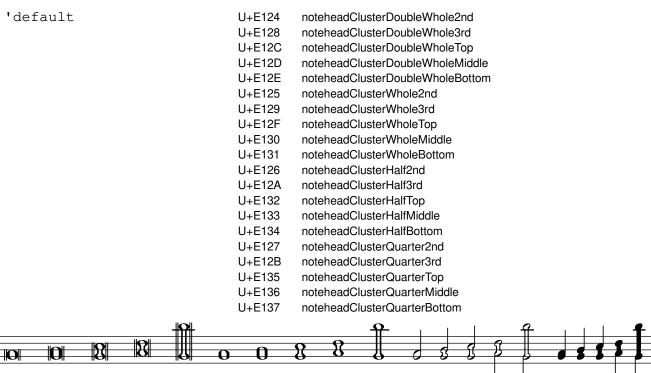


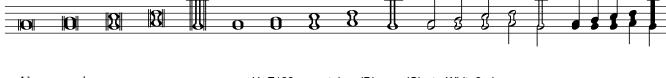
Note clusters

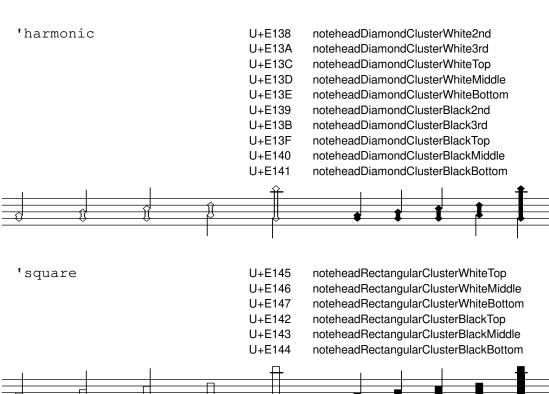
\ekmMakeClusters MUSIC

Draw clusters instead of chords in MUSIC, consisting of a bottom and a top note head, and ignoring inner notes of the chords ('Cowell clusters').

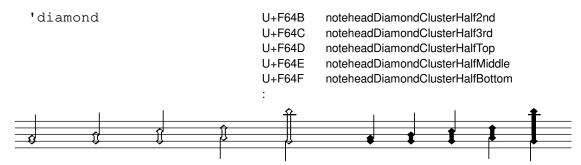
Styles







Ekmelos styles



Note:

For intervals larger than a third (except for square) the drawn cluster is a stack of one bottom segment, M middle segments, and one top segment. Mid and Top are the staff positions of the middle and top segments relative to the bottom segment.

| Interval | M | Mid | Top |
|----------|---|------|-----|
| 4th | 0 | - | 3 |
| 5th | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 6th | 2 | 23 | 5 |
| 7th | 3 | 234 | 6 |
| octave | 4 | 2345 | 7 |
| | | | |

The segment glyphs in Ekmelos are designed for these values.

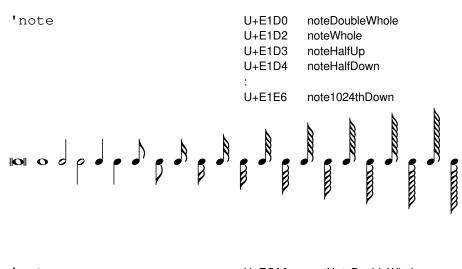
However, in the implementation notes of SMuFL Note clusters, the octave cluster is said to have 3 middle segments, while the 6th cluster has 2 middle segments. The "appropriate number of middle segments" varies apparently depending on the font.

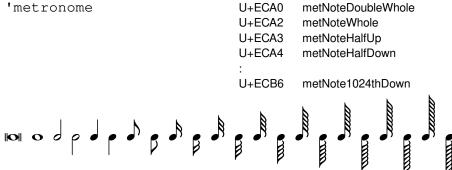
Note head markup

\ekm-note-by-number STYLE LOG DOTS DIRECTION

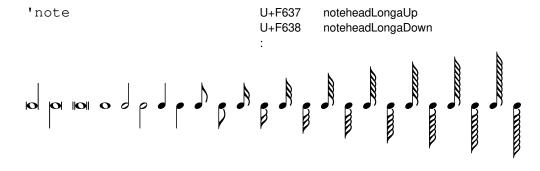
Draw a note with augmentation dots as markup. It does not support stem lengths. STYLE can also be one of the note head styles . LOG is usually in the range -1 to 10.

Styles





Ekmelos styles



'straight U+F637 noteheadLongaUp U+F683 note8thUpStraight U+F686 note16thUpStraight U+F689 note32ndUpStraight

'short U+F637 noteheadLongaUp

U+F684

note8thUpShort U+F687 note16thUpShort U+F68A note32ndUpShort

'beamed U+F637 note head Longa Up

> U+F685 note8thUpBeamed U+F688 note16thUpBeamed U+F68B note32ndUpBeamed

Augmentation dots

\ekmSmuflOn #'dot

Draw SMuFL augmentation dots.



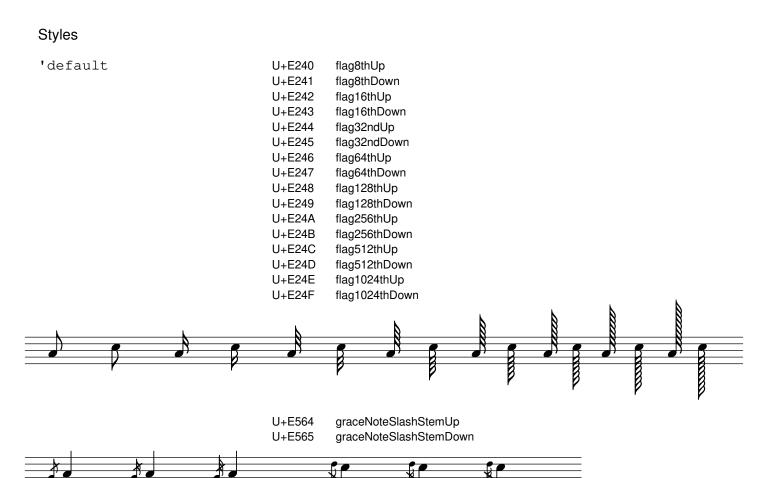
Flags and Grace note slashes

\ekmSmuflOn #'flag

Draw SMuFL flags and grace note slashes with \slashedGrace.

\ekmFlag STYLE

Set the specified flag style. It overrides the properties Flag.style and Stem.details.lengths.[Err]



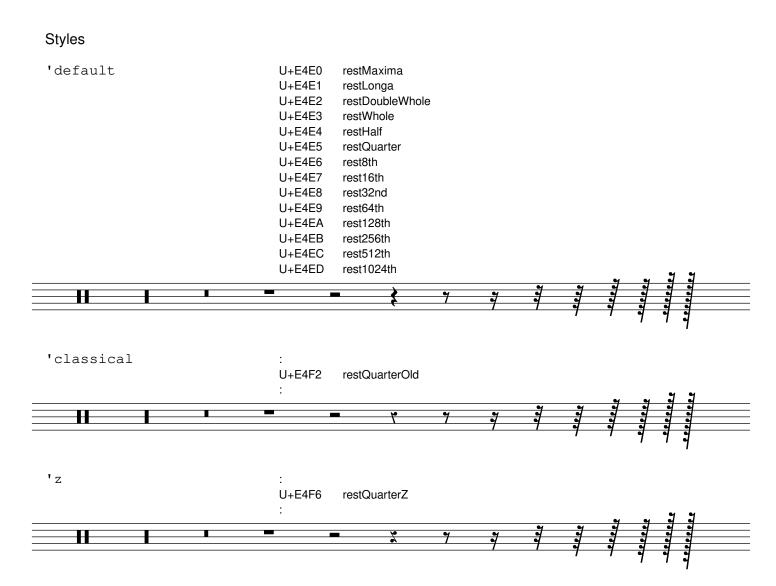
Bravura and Ekmelos styles



Rests

\ekmSmuflOn #'rest

Draw SMuFL rests and multi-measure rests, as well as SMuFL time signature digits for multi-measure rest numbers.



In the following example, the time signatures are LilyPond's Emmentaler glyphs while the multi-measure rest numbers are SMuFL glyphs.

```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'rest
  \compressMMRests {
    \times 2/4
    R2 R1 R\breve R\longa R\maxima
    \break
    \times 3/4
    R2. R2.*3 R2.*7 R2.*10
    R2.*35
    \override MultiMeasureRest.space-increment = 2.5
    R2.*35
    \break
  }
  \times 4/4
  R1
  \override MultiMeasureRest.staff-position = #1
  \override MultiMeasureRest.staff-position = #2
  R1
  \override MultiMeasureRest.staff-position = #4
 R1
  \override MultiMeasureRest.staff-position = #-1
  \override MultiMeasureRest.staff-position = #-2
  \override MultiMeasureRest.staff-position = #-8
  R1
}
```

Rest markup

```
\ekm-rest-by-number LOG DOTS
```

Draw a rest with augmentation dots as markup. LOG is in the range -3 to 10. The dots are vertically centered, contrary to \rest-by-number.

Used properties:

- font-size (0)
- ledgers ('(-101))
- style ('())

\ekm-multi-measure-rest-by-number MEASURES

Draw a multi-measure rest as markup, with the number placed centered above unless it is 1.

Used properties:

- font-size (0)
- expand-limit (10)
- style ('())
- word-space
- width (8)
- multi-measure-rest-number (#t)

\ekm-rest DURATION

Draw either a rest or a multi-measure rest as markup.

```
\ekm-rest-by-number #-1 #1
\ekm-rest-by-number #2 #2
\ekm-rest-by-number #3 #1

\ekm-multi-measure-rest-by-number #7
\ekm-multi-measure-rest-by-number #16

\ekm-rest { \breve. }
\ekm-rest { 4.. }
\ekm-rest { 8. }

\override #'(multi-measure-rest . #t)
\override #'(multi-measure-rest-number . #f)
\ekm-rest { 1*7 }

\override #'(multi-measure-rest . #t)
\ekm-rest { 1*7 }
```

$$\mathbf{r} \cdot \boldsymbol{\xi} \cdot \cdot \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \boldsymbol{\gamma}$$

System start delimiters

\ekmSmuflOn #'systemstart

 $\textbf{Draw SMuFL system start delimiters, using $$ \ekm-system-start . }$









 $\verb|\ekm-system-start STYLE HEIGHT| \\$

Draw a system start delimiter of HEIGHT in staff units as markup.

Used property:

• font-size (0)

Styles



Bravura and Ekmelos styles

^{&#}x27;brace makes use of Bravura's stylistic alternates or Ekmelos' size variants, each intended for a specific size range.

Dynamics

\ekmSmuflOn #'dynamic

Draw SMuFL absolute dynamic marks, using $\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\verb|}\ensuremath{\e$

\ekm-dynamic DEFINITION

Draw a dynamic symbol according to DEFINITION as markup.

DEFINITION must be either a single token or a sequence of the letters f, m, n, p, r, s, z, whose corresponding symbols are concatenated. This is slightly different from the usual interpretation of definition strings.

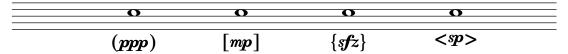
| р | $oldsymbol{p}$ | U+E520 | dynamicPiano |
|----------------|------------------|--------|----------------------------|
| m | m | U+E521 | dynamicMezzo |
| f | \boldsymbol{f} | U+E522 | dynamicForte |
| r | $m{r}$ | U+E523 | dynamicRinforzando |
| S | S | U+E524 | dynamicSforzando |
| Z | \boldsymbol{z} | U+E525 | dynamicZ |
| n | \boldsymbol{n} | U+E526 | dynamicNiente |
| mp | mp | U+E52C | dynamicMP |
| mf | mf | U+E52D | dynamicMF |
| pf | pf | U+E52E | dynamicPF |
| fp | fp | U+E534 | dynamicFortePiano |
| pppppp | pppppp | U+E527 | dynamicPPPPPP |
| | : | | |
| pp | pp | U+E52B | dynamicPP |
| ff | $f\!\!f$ | U+E52F | dynamicFF |
| | : | | |
| ffffff | <i>ffffff</i> | U+E533 | dynamicFFFFFF |
| fz | f z | U+E535 | dynamicForzando |
| sf | sf | U+E536 | dynamicSforzando1 |
| sfp | sfp | U+E537 | dynamicSforzandoPiano |
| sfpp | sfpp | U+E538 | dynamicSforzandoPianissimo |
| sfz | s f z | U+E539 | dynamicSforzato |
| sfzp | sfzp | U+E53A | dynamicSforzatoPiano |
| sffz | s ff z | U+E53B | dynamicSforzatoFF |
| rf | rf | U+E53C | dynamicRinforzando1 |
| rfz | r f z | U+E53D | dynamicRinforzando2 |
| | | | |
| Ekmelos tokens | | | |
| sff | s f f | U+F645 | dynamicSforzandoFF |
| sp | sp | U+F646 | dynamicSP |
| spp | spp | U+F647 | dynamicSPP |
| sfffz | s fff z | U+F6F4 | dynamicSforzatoFFF |
| sffffz | s ffff z | U+F6F5 | dynamicSforzatoFFFF |
| | | | |

\ekmParensDyn STYLE DYNAMIC-MARK

Draw the absolute dynamic mark parenthesized.

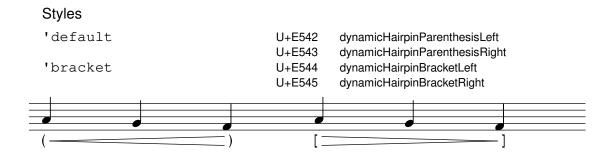
Styles

- 'default
- 'bracket
- 'brace
- 'angle



\ekmParensHairpin STYLE

Draw the subsequent hairpin parenthesized.



```
\ekmSmuflOn #'script
```

Draw SMuFL scripts for expressive marks like articulations, ornamentations, performance indications, fermatas, repeat signs, etc.

```
\ekmScript SCRIPT-NAME #'(EXTEXT-UP . EXTEXT-DOWN)
\ekmScript SCRIPT-NAME EXTEXT
```

Create a script from EXTEXT, either a pair for up and down, or a single value for both directions. If the latter is a list it must be enclosed in a list. SCRIPT-NAME is the symbol of an existing script like accent, marcato, trill, turn, upbow, open, segno, etc. It determines the vertical positioning of the script. [Ly]

```
\ekmScriptSmall SCRIPT-NAME #'(EXTEXT-UP . EXTEXT-DOWN)
\ekmScriptSmall SCRIPT-NAME EXTEXT
```

Create a script with a 3 steps smaller font size. [Ly]

Articulations

\accent U+E4A0 articAccentAbove U+E4A1 articAccentBelow \ekmScript #'accent #'(#xE4B0 . #xE4B1) U+ED40 \espressivo articSoftAccentAbove U+ED41 articSoftAccentBelow \ekmScript #'espressivo #'(#xED42 #xED43) > O O O O O O O O \marcato U+E4AC articMarcatoAbove U+E4AD articMarcatoBelow \ekmScript #'marcato #'(#xE4BC . #xE4BD) \tenuto U+E4A4 articTenutoAbove U+E4A5 articTenutoBelow articTenutoStaccatoAbove \portato U+E4B2 U+E4B3 articTenutoStaccatoBelow O O U+E4A2 articStaccatoAbove \staccato articStaccatoBelow U+E4A3 \staccatissimo U+E4A6 articStaccatissimoAbove U+E4A7 articStaccatissimoBelow \ekmScript #'staccatissimo #'(#xE4A8 . #xE4A9) \ekmScript #'staccatissimo #'(#xE4AA . #xE4AB)

\ekmScript #'accent #'(#xE4B6 . #xE4B7)
\ekmScript #'accent #'(#xE4B8 . #xE4B9)



Ornamentations

| ₩ | *** | 4 | ** * | |
|------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|---|---|
| | | | | |
| U+E5BD | ornamentF | PrecompTrillWith | Mordent | |
| U+E56D | ornamentN | Mordent | | |
| U+E56E | ornament7 | Tremblement | | |
| U+E56C | ornamentS | ShortTrill | | |
| ll ##xE566 | | | | |
| U+E566 | ornamentT | Trill | | |
| | U+E56C U+E56C U+E56E U+E56D | U+E56D ornamentN | U+E56C ornamentShortTrill U+E56E ornamentTremblement U+E56D ornamentMordent | U+E56C ornamentShortTrill U+E56E ornamentMordent U+E56D ornamentMordent |

| µLineNoRightEnd erticalStroke | namentPrecompInvertedMordentUpperP namentZigZagLineNoRightEnd namentRightVerticalStroke namentPrecompTrillLowerSuffix | U+E5C7 U+E59D U+E5A4 U+E5C8 | 3 × | \downmordent \prallup \pralldown |
|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| npInvertedMordentUpperPrefix | namentPrecompInvertedMordentUpperF | U+E5C7 | | \downmordent |
| | • | | | - |
| npSlideTrillBach | namentPrecompSlideTrillBach | U+E5B8 | | \upmordent |
| mpMordentUpperPrefix | namentPrecompMordentUpperPrefix | U+E5C6 | | \downprall |
| LineNoRightEnd | namentBottomLeftConcaveStroke namentZigZagLineNoRightEnd namentZigZagLineWithRightEnd | U+E59A U+E59D U+E59E | 2 × | \upprall |
| | | | 2 x | \upprall |

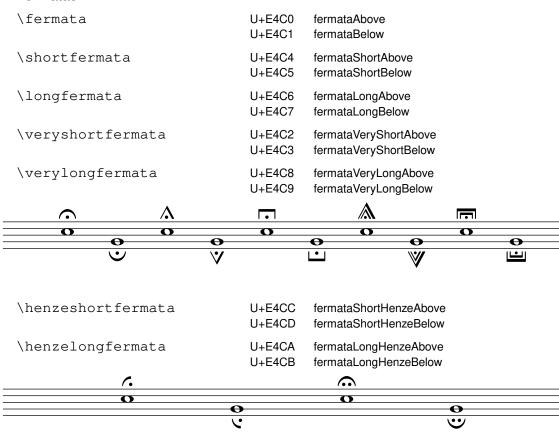
| \turn | | U+E567 | ornamentTurn | |
|-------------------|---------|----------|----------------------|--|
| \reverseturn | | U+E568 | ornamentTurnInverted | |
| \slashturn | | U+E569 | ornamentTurnSlash | |
| \haydnturn | | U+E56F | ornamentHaydn | |
| \ekmScript #'turn | ##xE56A | | | |
| ~ | S | % | $_{\infty}$ | |

| ∞ | ∽ | ゃ | \sim | 8 |
|--------------|----------|---|--------|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | |

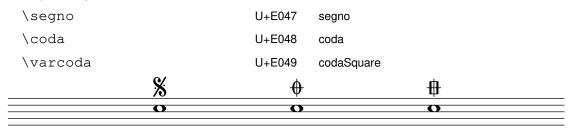
Performance indications

\upbow U+E612 stringsUpBow \ekmScript #'upbow ##xE61C \ekmScript #'upbow ##xE61E \ekmScript #'upbow ##xE613 V O O O \downbow U+E610 stringsDownBow \ekmScript #'downbow ##xE61B \ekmScript #'downbow ##xE61D \ekmScript #'downbow ##xE611 \ekmScript #'downbow ##xE626 \ekmScript #'upbow ##xE61F \ekmScript #'downbow #'(#xE620 . #xE621) $(\square \lor)$ O O O \flageolet U+E614 stringsHarmonic \snappizzicato U+E631 pluckedSnapPizzicatoAbove U+E630 pluckedSnapPizzicatoBelow \ekmScript #'snappizzicato ##xE632 \stopped U+E633 pluckedLeftHandPizzicato \ekmScript #'stopped ##xE5E5 \ekmScript #'halfopen ##xE5E6 \ekmScript #'open ##xE5E7 O O O \lheel U+E661 keyboardPedalHeel1 \rheel U+E662 keyboardPedalHeel2 \ekmScript #'lheel ##xE663 \ltoe U+E664 keyboardPedalToe1 \rtoe U+E665 keyboardPedalToe2 \ekmScript #'rtoe ##xE674

Fermatas



Repeat signs



Ekmelos scripts (Examples)

```
\ekmScript #'accent #'((#xE4A0 1) . (#xE4A1 1))
\ekmScript #'accent #'((#xE4A0 2) . (#xE4A1 2))
\ekmScript #'accent #'((#xE4A4 #xE4A0 #xE4A0) .
                         (#xE4A5 #xE4A1 #xE4A1))
\ekmScript #'portato #'((#xE4AC #xE4A4 #xE4A2) .
                          (#xE4AD #xE4A5 #xE4A3))
                                   O
                                                  O
                            O
                                           O
             O
                                                         O
                                           \geq
                                                          \dot{\overline{\mathbf{v}}}
\ekmScript #'trill #'((#xE260 #xE566))
\ekmScript #'turn #'((#xE260 #xE567 #xE262))
\ekmScript #'downbow #'((#xE626 1))
\ekmScript #'downbow #'((#xE626 2))
            ŧr
                                      \Gamma
\open
\halfopen
#(make-articulation 'halfopenvertical)
\ekmScript #'stopped #'((#xE614 #xE633) . (#xE633 #xE614))
          0
          O
                                O
                                           O
                     O
                                                      O
\ekmScript #'veryshortfermata #'(#xF69E . #xF69F)
\ekmScript #'verylongfermata #'(#xF6A0 . #xF6A1)
\ekmScript #'segno #'((#xE047 1))
\ekmScript #'coda #'((#xE048 1))
                          O
                  0
                                    <u>E</u>
```

Multi-segment spanner

\ekmSmuflOn #'textspan

Draw text spans assembled from SMuFL multi-segment glyphs.

\ekmSmuflOn #'trill

Draw trill spans assembled from SMuFL multi-segment glyphs, and SMuFL trill pitches.

See also Trill spans and pitches.

\ekmStartSpan STYLE TEMPO ATTACHMENT

Start a text span or trill span. [Ly]

The style trill starts a trill span. A second style can be added to draw other glyphs, e.g.

trill-vibrato-large. Any other style starts a text span. An undefined style like dashed-line produces normal LilyPond output.

TEMPO is a number or a pair of numbers (rounded to integer) for the segments of the spanner. 0 is the main (medium) segment. Positive values mean faster (narrower) segments. Negative values mean slower (wider) segments. A pair ' (A . B) draws all segments from A through B, evenly distributed over the spanner. The available range of numbers depends on the style.

ATTACHMENT is an EXTEXT or a pair ' (EXTEXT-LEFT . EXTEXT-RIGHT) for the edge symbols. A single EXTEXT is equivalent to ' (EXTEXT . 0). It must be specified in a pair if itself is a list.

#f draws the standard glyph on the left and right edge according to the style.

\ekmStartSpanMusic STYLE TEMPO ATTACHMENT MUSIC

Start a text span or trill span at MUSIC. [Ly]

This is a music function that doesn't need the textspan or trill SMuFL switch turned on.

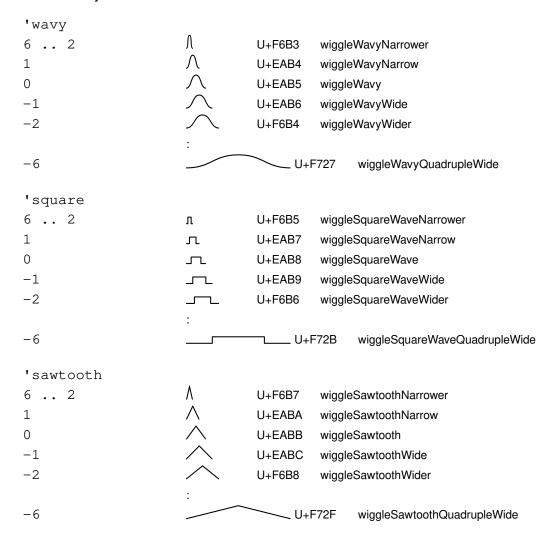
Styles

| 'trill | | | |
|------------------|-----------|------------------|--|
| left | Ar | U+E566 | ornamentTrill |
| 4 | • | U+EAA0 | wiggleTrillFastest |
| | : | | |
| 0 | ~ | U+EAA4 | wiggleTrill |
| | : | | |
| -4 | ~ | U+EAA8 | wiggleTrillSlowest |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 'vibrato | | | |
| 'vibrato left | r | U+EACC | wiggleVibratoStart |
| | U. 1 | U+EACC U+EADB | wiggleVibratoStart wiggleVibratoMediumFastest |
| left | | | |
| left | • | | |
| left 3 | • : | U+EADB | wiggleVibratoMediumFastest |
| left 3 | • : | U+EADB | wiggleVibratoMediumFastest |

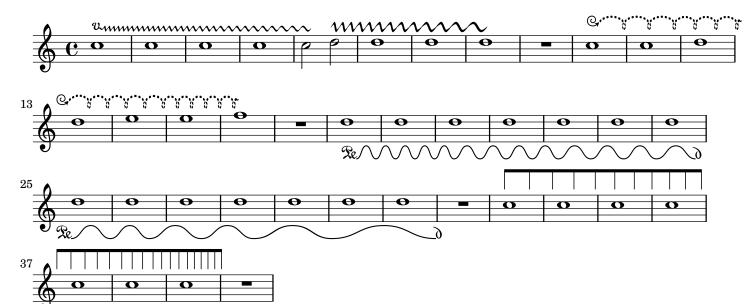
| 'vibrato-small | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| left | v | U+EACC | wiggleVibratoStart |
| 3 | ۸ | U+EAD4 | wiggleVibratoSmallFastest |
| | • | 012/101 | mggio viorato emain actoci |
| 0 | ~ | U+EAD7 | wiggleVibratoSmallFast |
| - | : | | |
| -3 | ~ | U+EADA | wiggleVibratoSmallSlowest |
| 'vibrato-smallest | | | |
| left | v. | U+EACC | wiggleVibratoStart |
| 3 | • | U+EACD | wiggleVibratoSmallestFastest |
| | : | | |
| 0 | ~ | U+EAD0 | wiggleVibratoSmallestFast |
| | : | | |
| -3 | ~ | U+EAD3 | wiggleVibratoSmallestSlowest |
| 'vibrato-large | | | |
| left | v | U+EACC | wiggleVibratoStart |
| 3 | v | U+EAE2 | wiggleVibratoLargeFastest |
| | · · | 0,2,12 | |
| 0 | ~ | U+EAE5 | wiggleVibratoLargeFast |
| | : | | |
| -3 | \sim | U+EAE8 | wiggleVibratoLargeSlowest |
| | | | |
| 'vibrato-largest | | | |
| left | U | U+EACC | wiggleVibratoStart |
| 3 | 1 | U+EAE9 | wiggleVibratoLargestFastest |
| _ | : | | |
| 0 | \sim | U+EAEC | wiggleVibratoLargestFast |
| 2 | : | = 4 = 5 | |
| -3 | | U+EAEF | wiggleVibratoLargestSlowest |
| 'circular | | | |
| left | G, | U+EAC4 | wiggleCircularStart |
| 4 | <i>/</i> *3 | U+EACA | wiggleCircularSmall |
| | : | | |
| 0 | ,·*; | U+EAC9 | wiggleCircular |
| | : | | |
| -4 | ,,,,,,, | U+EAC5 | wiggleCircularLargest |
| right | , ~ | U+EACB | wiggleCircularEnd |
| | | | |
| 'circular-constant | • | II E400 | win als Circular Constant and |
| 2 | 7 | U+EAC2 | wiggleCircularConstantLarge |
| 1 | d | U+EAC0 | wiggleCircularConstant |
| 0 | 7 | U+EAC0 | wiggleCircularConstant |
| -1 | Q. | U+EAC1 | wiggleCircularConstantFlipped |
| | _ | | |
| -2 | Q | U+EAC3 | wiggleCircularConstantFlippedLarge |
| | | | |

| 'wavy 1 0 -1 | \bigwedge^{\wedge} | U+EAB4 U+EAB5 U+EAB6 | wiggleWavyNarrow wiggleWavy wiggleWavyWide |
|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 'square 1 0 -1 | т | U+EAB7 U+EAB8 U+EAB9 | wiggleSquareWaveNarrow wiggleSquareWave wiggleSquareWaveWide |
| 'sawtooth 1 0 -1 | ^ ^ | U+EABA U+EABB U+EABC | wiggleSawtoothNarrow wiggleSawtooth wiggleSawtoothWide |
| 'beam 7 | ſ | U+EB02 | beamAccelRit15 |
| 0 | · : | U+EAFB | beamAccelRit8 |
| -7 | | U+EAF4 | beamAccelRit1 |
| right | 1 | U+EB03 | beamAccelRitFinal |

Ekmelos styles



```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'textspan
  c1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'vibrato
       #'(3 . -3)
       ##f
  c c c c2 \stopTextSpan
  d2 \ekmStartSpan
       #'vibrato-large
       #'(3 . -3)
       #0
  d1 d d \stopTextSpan
  R1
  c1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'circular
       \#'(-4 . -1)
       ##f
  c d d e e f \stopTextSpan
  R1
  \textSpannerDown
  d1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'wavy
       #'(0 . -6) % this range uses Ekmelos glyphs
       #'((#xE651 #xE652) . #xE653)
  d d d d d d d d d d d
  R1 \stopTextSpan
  \textSpannerNeutral
  c1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'beam
       \#'(-5.5)
       ##f
  c c c c c c
 R1 \stopTextSpan
}
```



Trill spans and pitches

\ekmSmuflOn #'trill

Draw trill spans assembled from SMuFL multi-segment glyphs, and SMuFL trill pitches.

\ekmStartTrillSpan TEMPO

Start a trill span with the style trill. See Multi-segment spanner. [Ly]

TEMPO is a number or a pair of numbers (rounded to integer) for the segments of the spanner, usually in the range 4 to -4.

\startTrillSpan is equivalent to \ekmStartTrillSpan #0
and to \ekmStartSpan #'trill #0 ##f

\ekmPitchedTrill NOTEHEAD-STYLE PARENS-STYLE MAIN-NOTE AUXILIARY-NOTE

Draw a trill pitch. For NOTEHEAD-STYLE see Noteheads . For variable accidentals on AUXILIARY-NOTE see Ekmelily . [Err]

\pitchedTrill is equivalent to \ekmPitchedTrill #'default #'default

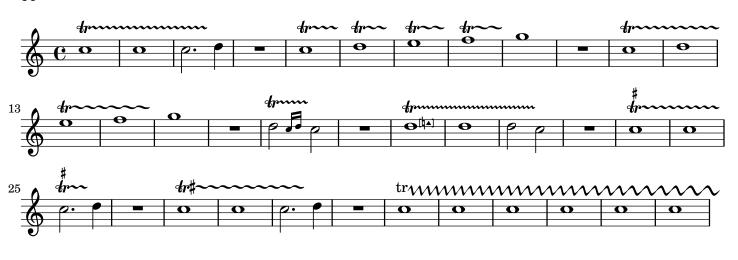
Parenthesis styles

| U+E26A | accidentalParensLeft |
|--------|---|
| U+E26B | accidentalParensRight |
| U+E26C | accidentalBracketLeft |
| U+E26D | accidentalBracketRight |
| | <i>4</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| 0 | O O |
| • | U+E26B U+E26C U+E26D |

Ekmelos parenthesis styles

| | dp | • | <i>fp</i> |
|--------|----|--------|----------------------|
| angre | | U+F6D7 | accidentalAngleRight |
| 'angle | | U+F6D6 | accidentalAngleLeft |
| | | U+F6D5 | accidentalBraceRight |
| 'brace | | U+F6D4 | accidentalBraceLeft |

```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'trill
  c1 \ekmStartTrillSpan #0
  c c2. d4 \stopTrillSpan
 R1
  c \ekmStartTrillSpan #-1
  d \ekmStartTrillSpan #-2
  e \ekmStartTrillSpan #-3
  f \ekmStartTrillSpan #-4
  g \stopTrillSpan
 R1
  c, \ekmStartTrillSpan #'(-1 . -4)
  d e f g \stopTrillSpan
  R1
  \afterGrace
  d2 \ekmStartTrillSpan #2
  { c16[ d] }
  c2 \stopTrillSpan
  R1
  \ekmPitchedTrill #'triangle #'bracket
  d1 \ekmStartTrillSpan #4
  d d2 c \stopTrillSpan
  c1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'trill
       \# - 1
       \#'((\#xE262 \ \#xE566) \ . \ 0) \ % \ draws an Ekmelos ligature
  c c2. d4 \stopTrillSpan
  R1
  c1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'trill
       #-3
       #`(,(markup #:concat
             (#:ekm-char #xE566
              #:general-align Y -0.7
                #:fontsize -2
                  #:ekm-char #xE262))
          . 0)
  c c2. d4 \stopTrillSpan
  R1
  c1 \ekmStartSpan
       #'trill-vibrato-large
       #'(3 . -3)
       #"tr"
  ccccccstopTrillSpan
}
```





Laissez vibrer

\ekmSmuflOn #'lv

Draw SMuFL laissez vibrer ties.

\ekmLaissezVibrer SIZE

Draw a laissez vibrer tie after a note, corresponding to SIZE. [Ly]

\laissezVibrer is equivalent to \ekmLaissezVibrer #0

Size range

| U+E4BA | articLaissezVibrerAbove |
|--------|-------------------------|
| U+E4BB | articLaissezVibrerBelow |
| | |

Ekmelos size ranges

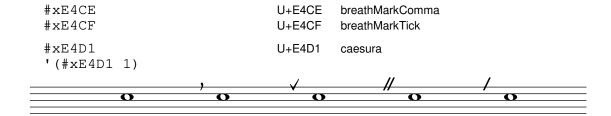
| ≤ 5.5 | U+E4BA | articLaissezVibrerAbove |
|-------|--------|----------------------------------|
| | U+E4BB | articLaissezVibrerBelow |
| ≤ 8 | U+F6FC | articLaissezVibrerAboveLong |
| | U+F6FD | articLaissezVibrerBelowLong |
| > 8 | U+F6FE | articLaissezVibrerAboveExtraLong |
| | U+F6FF | articLaissezVibrerBelowExtraLong |



Breathing signs and Caesuras

\ekmBreathing EXTEXT

Draw a breathing sign or caesura from EXTEXT .



Colon and Segno bar lines

\ekmSmuflOn #'colon

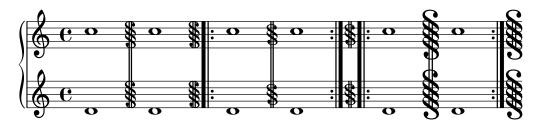
Draw SMuFL colon bar lines.

\ekmSmuflOn #'segno

Draw SMuFL segno bar lines.

Note that both, colon and segno are set independently of a context and cannot be turned off.

Bar glyphs : U+E043 repeatDots S U+E04A segnoSerpent1 Ekmelos bar glyphs s U+F6C8 segnoSerpentSmall1 \$ U+F6CA segnoSerpentLarge1



Percent repeats

\ekmSmuflOn #'percent

Draw SMuFL percent repeats.

```
U+E504 repeatBarSlash
U+E500 repeat1Bar
U+E501 repeat2Bars
```

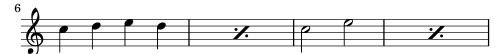
```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'percent

\repeat percent 2 { c2 }
  \repeat percent 4 { c4 }
  \repeat percent 4 { c8 d }
  \repeat percent 4 { c16 d e f }
  \repeat percent 5 { c32 d e f }
  \repeat percent 4 { c64 d e f }
  \repeat percent 4 { c128 d e f }
  \repeat percent 2 { c4 d e d }
  \repeat percent 2 { c2 e }
  \break

\repeat percent 2 { c4 d e d }
  \repeat percent 2 { c4 d e d }
  \repeat percent 2 { c4 d e d }
  \repeat percent 2 { c4 d e d | c2 e }
}
```









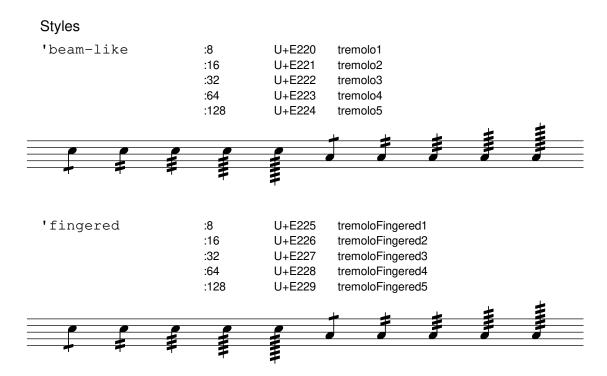
Tremolo marks

\ekmSmuflOn #'tremolo

Draw SMuFL tremolo marks on stems.

The style (shape) can be set with

\override StemTremolo.shape = #STYLE



\ekmTremolo EXTEXT MUSIC

Names

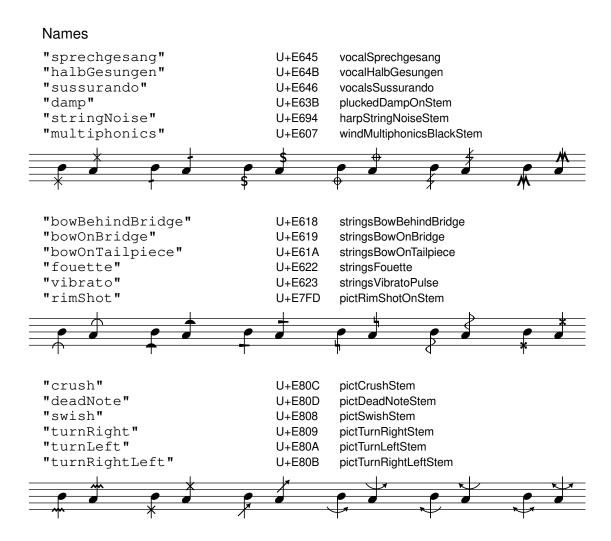
Draw a tremolo mark from EXTEXT on the stems of the tremolo notes in MUSIC, independent of the subdivision: N, and independent of the tremolo switch. A list of code points or a markup is centered horizontally, while a single code point is assumed being a centered stem decoration. Some strings are defined as names of symbols.

"buzzroll" "penderecki" "stockhausen" "unmeasured" "unmeasuredS" U+E22A buzzRoll pendereckiTremolo pendereckiTremolo u+E232 stockhausenTremolo unmeasuredTremolo unmeasuredTremoloSimple

Symbols on stem (Stem decorations)

\ekmStem EXTEXT MUSIC

Draw a symbol from EXTEXT vertically centered on the stems in MUSIC. A list of code points or a markup is centered horizontally, while a single code point is assumed being a centered stem decoration. Some strings are defined as names of symbols.





Arpeggios

\ekmSmuflOn #'arpeggio

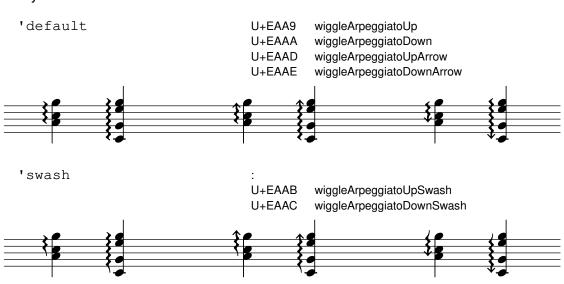
Draw SMuFL arpeggios.

The style can be set with

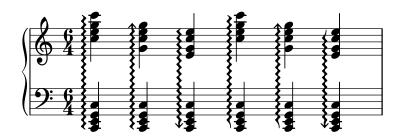
\override Arpeggio.style = #STYLE

Use \ekmArpeggioNormal, \ekmArpeggioArrowUp, and \ekmArpeggioArrowDown instead of \arpeggioNormal, etc. which turn off the SMuFL support (they revert the stencil).

Styles



```
\new PianoStaff \with {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'arpeggio
}
<<
  \set PianoStaff.connectArpeggios = ##t
  \new Staff \relative c'' {
    \time 6/4
    <c e g c>4 \arpeggio
    \once \override PianoStaff.Arpeggio.arpeggio-direction = #UP
    <g c e g> \arpeggio
    \once \override PianoStaff.Arpeggio.arpeggio-direction = #DOWN
    <e g c e> \arpeggio
    \override PianoStaff.Arpeggio.style = #'swash
    <c' e g c> \arpeggio
    \once \override PianoStaff.Arpeggio.arpeggio-direction = #UP
    <g c e g> \arpeggio
    \once \override PianoStaff.Arpeggio.arpeggio-direction = #DOWN
    <e g c e> \arpeggio
  \new Staff \relative c, {
    \clef bass
    <c e g c>4 \arpeggio
    <c e g c> \arpeggio
>>
```



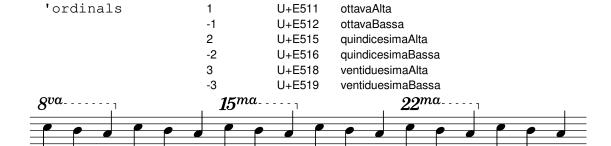
Ottavation

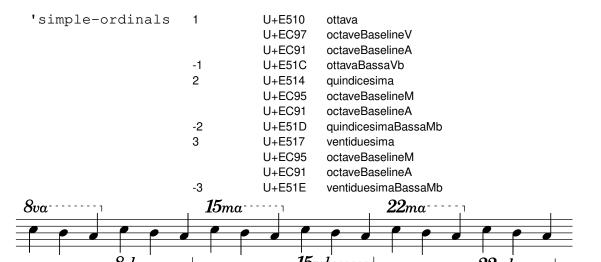
The ottavation style (markups) can be set with

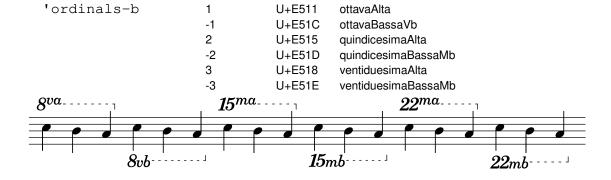
\set Staff.ottavationMarkups = #(ekm-ottavation STYLE)

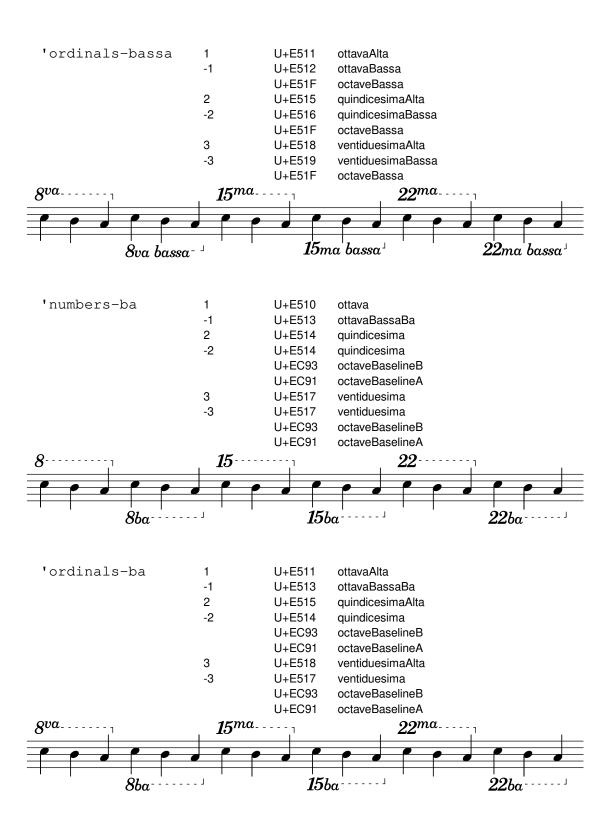
Styles







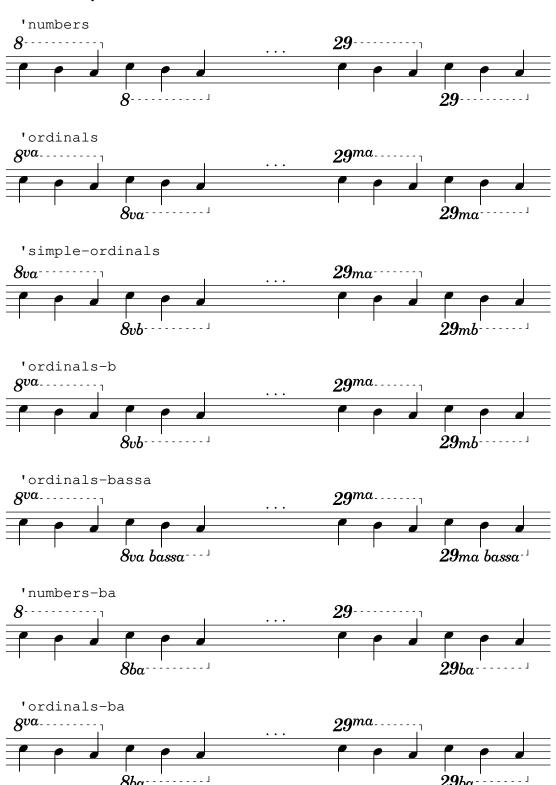




Note:

According to the implementation notes of SMuFL Octaves, the suffixes vb and mb as in simple-ordinals and ordinals-b are corruptions of the more correct forms va bassa and ma bassa as in ordinals-bassa. The recommended abbreviation for 8va bassa is 8ba as in numbers-ba and ordinals-ba.

Ekmelos styles



\ekm-ottavation DEFINITION

Draw an ottavation text according to DEFINITION as markup.

| 8 | 8 | U+E510 | ottava |
|--|--|--|--|
| 8^va | 8^{va} | U+E511 | ottavaAlta |
| 8va | 8va | U+E512 | ottavaBassa |
| 8ba | 8ba | U+E513 | ottavaBassaBa |
| 8vb | 8vb | U+E51C | ottavaBassaVb |
| 15 | <i>1</i> 5 | U+E514 | quindicesima |
| 15^ma | 15^{ma} | U+E515 | quindicesimaAlta |
| 15ma | 15 ma | U+E516 | quindicesimaBassa |
| 15mb | <i>15mb</i> | U+E51D | quindicesimaBassaMb |
| 22 | 22 | U+E517 | ventiduesima |
| 22^ma | 22^{ma} | U+E518 | ventiduesimaAlta |
| 22ma | 22ma | U+E519 | ventiduesimaBassa |
| 22mb | 22mb | U+E51E | ventiduesimaBassaMb |
| | | | |
| (| (| U+E51A | octaveParensLeft |
| () | (| U+E51A U+E51B | octaveParensLeft octaveParensRight |
| | , | | |
|) |) | U+E51B | octaveParensRight |
|) bassa | bassa loco a | U+E51B U+E51F | octaveParensRight octaveBassa |
|) bassa loco | bassa loco | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco |
| bassa loco ^a | bassa loco a | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 U+EC92 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco octaveSuperscriptA |
| <pre>bassa loco ^a ^b</pre> | bassa loco a b | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 U+EC92 U+EC94 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco octaveSuperscriptA octaveSuperscriptB |
| <pre>bassa loco ^a ^b ^m</pre> | bassa loco a b | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 U+EC92 U+EC94 U+EC96 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco octaveSuperscriptA octaveSuperscriptB octaveSuperscriptM |
| <pre>bassa loco ^a ^b ^m</pre> <pre>^v</pre> | bassa loco a b m | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 U+EC92 U+EC94 U+EC96 U+EC98 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco octaveSuperscriptA octaveSuperscriptB octaveSuperscriptM octaveSuperscriptV |
| <pre>bassa loco ^a ^b ^m ^v a</pre> | bassa loco a b m v | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 U+EC92 U+EC94 U+EC96 U+EC98 U+EC91 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco octaveSuperscriptA octaveSuperscriptB octaveSuperscriptM octaveSuperscriptV octaveBaselineA |
| <pre>bassa loco ^a ^b ^m ^v a b</pre> | bassa loco a b m v a | U+E51B U+E51F U+EC90 U+EC92 U+EC94 U+EC96 U+EC98 U+EC91 U+EC93 | octaveParensRight octaveBassa octaveLoco octaveSuperscriptA octaveSuperscriptB octaveSuperscriptM octaveSuperscriptV octaveBaselineA octaveBaselineB |

Ekmelos tokens

| 8^vb | 8^{vb} | U+F652 | ottavaBassaSupVb |
|-------|-----------|--------|-------------------------|
| 15^mb | 15^{mb} | U+F653 | quindicesimaBassaSupMb |
| 22^mb | 22^{mb} | U+F654 | ventiduesimaBassaSupMb |
| 29 | 29 | U+F6F8 | ventinovesima |
| 29^ma | 29^{ma} | U+F6F9 | ventinovesimaAlta |
| 29ma | 29ma | U+F6FA | ventinovesimaBassa |
| 29^mb | 29^{mb} | U+F655 | ventinovesimaBassaSupMb |
| 29mb | 29mb | U+F6FB | ventinovesimaBassaMb |

Tuplet numbers

```
\ekmSmuflOn #'tuplet
```

Draw SMuFL tuplet numbers as numerator only. Set the first formatting function below, so this switch is not required if one of these functions is set explicitly.

```
        0
        U+E880
        tuplet0

        :
        9
        9
        U+E889
        tuplet9

        :
        U+E88A
        tupletColon
```

```
ekm-tuplet-number::calc-denominator-text
ekm-tuplet-number::calc-fraction-text
(ekm-tuplet-number::non-default-tuplet-denominator-text NUM)
(ekm-tuplet-number::non-default-tuplet-fraction-text NUM DENOM)

(ekm-tuplet-number::append-note-wrapper
    FUNCTION DURATION)
(ekm-tuplet-number::fraction-with-notes
    NUM-DURATION DENOM-DURATION)
(ekm-tuplet-number::non-default-fraction-with-notes
    NUM NUM-DURATION DENOM DENOM-DURATION)
```

Tuplet formatting functions. The last three draw metronome style notes for the specified durations.

```
(ekm-tuplet-number NUM DENOM)
```

Draw NUM:DENOM, or NUM only if DENOM is 0. Use the actual tuplet fraction for NUM or DENOM if #f is specified. It is called by the first four functions above, i.e. they are equivalent to:

```
(ekm-tuplet-number #f 0)
(ekm-tuplet-number #f #f)
(ekm-tuplet-number NUM 0)
(ekm-tuplet-number NUM DENOM)
```

```
\relative c'' {
  \cadenzaOn
  c4
  \override TupletNumber.text =
    #ekm-tuplet-number::calc-denominator-text
  \tuplet 5/4 {
   f8 e f
    \tuplet 3/2 { e[ f g] }
  \bar "|"
  \override TupletNumber.text =
    #ekm-tuplet-number::calc-fraction-text
  \tuplet 12/7 { c,,8[ defgabcdefg] }
  \tuplet 2/3 { e4 d }
  \bar "|"
  \break
  \once \override TupletNumber.text =
    #(ekm-tuplet-number::append-note-wrapper
      ekm-tuplet-number::calc-fraction-text
       (ly:make-duration 2 0))
  \tuplet 5/4 { c8[ d c d c d c d c d] }
  \bar "|"
  \once \override TupletNumber.text =
    #(ekm-tuplet-number::fraction-with-notes
      (ly:make-duration 2 1)
      (ly:make-duration 3 0))
  \tuplet 3/2 { c4. b a g }
  \bar "|"
  \once \override TupletNumber.text =
    #(ekm-tuplet-number::non-default-fraction-with-notes
     12 (ly:make-duration 3 0)
     4 (ly:make-duration 2 0))
  \bar "|"
}
```

Fingering instructions

\ekmSmuflOn #'fingering

Draw SMuFL fingering instructions specified with a digit or with \finger , as well as right-hand fingerings specified with \finger , using $\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{chm-finger}}}$.

Note: The \t humb command always produces normal LilyPond output. Use \t inger "th" to draw the corresponding SMuFL glyph.

\ekm-finger DEFINITION

Draw a fingering instruction according to DEFINITION as markup. If the first character is * the italic style symbols are drawn, else the default symbols.

| 'default | | | |
|----------|------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | U+ED10 | fingering0 |
| | : | | |
| 5 | 5 | U+ED15 | fingering5 |
| 6 | 6 | U+ED24 | fingering6 |
| | : | | |
| 9 | 9 | U+ED27 | fingering9 |
| (| (| U+ED28 | fingeringLeftParenthesis |
|) |) | U+ED29 | fingeringRightParenthesis |
| [| [| U+ED2A | fingeringLeftBracket |
|] |] | U+ED2B | fingeringRightBracket |
| • | • | U+ED2C | fingeringSeparatorMiddleDot |
| , | 0 | U+ED2D | fingering Separator Middle Dot White |
| / | / | U+ED2E | fingeringSeparatorSlash |
| ~~ | ^ | U+ED20 | fingeringSubstitutionAbove |
| ~ | \smile | U+ED21 | fingeringSubstitutionBelow |
| _ | - | U+ED22 | fingeringSubstitutionDash |
| М | С | U+ED23 | fingeringMultipleNotes |
| th | Q | U+E624 | stringsThumbPosition |
| ht | ò | U+E625 | stringsThumbPositionTurned |
| T | T | U+ED16 | fingeringTUpper |
| t | t | U+ED18 | fingeringTLower |
| р | \boldsymbol{p} | U+ED17 | fingeringPLower |
| i | i | U+ED19 | fingeringILower |
| m | m | U+ED1A | fingeringMLower |
| a | \boldsymbol{a} | U+ED1B | fingeringALower |
| С | \boldsymbol{c} | U+ED1C | fingeringCLower |
| X | \boldsymbol{x} | U+ED1D | fingeringXLower |
| е | e | U+ED1E | fingeringELower |
| 0 | 0 | U+ED1F | fingeringOLower |
| q | \boldsymbol{q} | U+ED8E | fingeringQLower |
| S | 8 | U+ED8F | fingeringSLower |
| | | | |

```
R
                                         U+E66E
                                                    keyboardPlayWithRH
RE
                                         U+E66F
                                                    keyboardPlayWithRHEnd
\mathbf{L}
                                         U+E670
                                                    keyboardPlayWithLH
LE
                                         U+E671
                                                    keyboardPlayWithLHEnd
'italic
                                         U+ED80
0
                                                    fingering0Italic
                            0
9
                                         U+ED89
                            9
                                                    fingering9Italic
                                         U+ED8A
                                                    fingeringLeftParenthesisItalic
(
)
                                         U+ED8B
                                                    fingeringRightParenthesisItalic
                            [
                                         U+ED8C
                                                    fingeringLeftBracketItalic
                                         U+ED8D
                                                    fingeringRightBracketItalic
                                         U+ED2C
                                                    fingeringSeparatorMiddleDot
                                         U+ED2D
                                                    fingeringSeparatorMiddleDotWhite
                                         U+ED2E
                                                    fingeringSeparatorSlash
                                         U+ED20
                                                    fingeringSubstitutionAbove
                                         U+ED21
                                                    fingeringSubstitutionBelow
                                         U+ED22
                                                    fingeringSubstitutionDash
```

\ekmPlayWith HAND START MUSIC

Draw a keyboardPlayWith... symbol (see R RE L LE above) alongside the notes in MUSIC. HAND is RIGHT or LEFT. START is #t for the start symbol placed to the left, or #f for the end symbol placed to the right.

```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'fingering

c4 - 2
  c - \finger "4~3"
  c - \finger "*4~~3"
  c - \finger "[c]"
  a _ \finger "th"
  b _ \finger "ht"
  < a - \finger "t"
       a' - \finger "(m_/_i)" >2
}
```



```
\relative c' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'fingering

c \rightHandFinger #1
  e \rightHandFinger #2
  g \rightHandFinger #3
  c \rightHandFinger #4
  < c, \rightHandFinger #1
       e \rightHandFinger #2
       g \rightHandFinger #3
       c \rightHandFinger #3
       c \rightHandFinger #4 >1
}
```

```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmSmuflOn #'fingering

  \ekmPlayWith #RIGHT ##t c
  \ekmPlayWith #RIGHT ##f g

  \ekmPlayWith #LEFT ##t c
  \ekmPlayWith #LEFT ##f g
}
```



String number indications

\ekmSmuflOn #'stringnumber

Draw SMuFL string number indications specified with \NUMBER, using \ekm-string-number.

Note: $\mbox{\colored}$ vomanStringNumbers overrides the SMuFL switch so that reverting with $\mbox{\colored}$ variables produces normal LilyPond output.

```
\ekm-string-number ARG
```

Draw a string number indication as markup. ARG is a number or string. For a number or a string representing a number, either the defined symbol is drawn or the number with the normal text font and a cicle around. Any other string, e.g. a Roman numeral, is drawn in italic style.

```
0
0
                                        U+E833
                                                   guitarString0
                            9
9
                                        U+E83C
                                                   guitarString9
                            10
10
                                        U+E84A
                                                   guitarString10
                            (13)
13
                                        U+E84D
                                                   guitarString13
```

```
\relative c'' {
   \ekmSmuflOn #'stringnumber

   c \2
   a \3
   d \13
   e \14
   < c,\5 e\4 g\3 >1
}
```



```
\relative c' {
   \ekmSmuflOn #'(fingering stringnumber)

   < c -3 \5 \rightHandFinger #1 >
   < e -2 \4 \rightHandFinger #2 >
   < g -0 \3 \rightHandFinger #3 >
   < c -1 \2 \rightHandFinger #4 >
}

$ \text{$ \text{$$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$ \text{$$ \text{$$ \text{$$ \end{$$ \text{$$ \text{$ \text{$$ \text{$ \text{$$ \text{$$ \text{
```

Piano pedals

\ekmSmuflOn #'pedal

Draw SMuFL piano pedals for sustain, sostenuto, and una corda, using \ekm-piano-pedal.

\ekm-piano-pedal DEFINITION

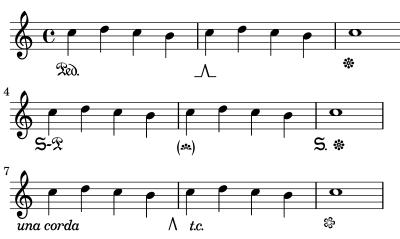
Draw piano pedal symbols according to DEFINITION as markup.

| Ped. | Red. | U+E650 | keyboardPedalPed |
|-------|----------------|--------|------------------------------|
| P | \mathfrak{T} | U+E651 | keyboardPedalP |
| е | e | U+E652 | keyboardPedalE |
| d | 9 | U+E653 | keyboardPedalD |
| Sost. | Sost. | U+E659 | keyboardPedalSost |
| S | S | U+E65A | keyboardPedalS |
| • | • | U+E654 | keyboardPedalDot |
| - | ~ | U+E658 | keyboardPedalHyphen |
| * | * | U+E655 | keyboardPedalUp |
| 0 | 83 | U+E65D | keyboardPedalUpSpecial |
| , | 35° | U+E65B | keyboardPedalHalf2 |
| 1 | 3 %. | U+E65C | keyboardPedalHalf3 |
| H | _/_ | U+E656 | keyboardPedalHalf |
| ^ | ٨ | U+E657 | keyboardPedalUpNotch |
| 1 | J | U+E65E | keyboardLeftPedalPictogram |
| m | T | U+E65F | keyboardMiddlePedalPictogram |
| r | L | U+E660 | keyboardRightPedalPictogram |
| (| (| U+E676 | keyboardPedalParensLeft |
|) |) | U+E677 | keyboardPedalParensRight |
| | | | |

Ekmelos tokens

| Ped | Red | U+F434 | keyboardPedalPedNoDot |
|----------|---------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| Sost | Sost | U+F435 | keyboardPedalSostNoDot |
| Sos. | Sos. | U+F6D1 | keyboardPedalSos2 |
| sos. | SOS. | U+F6D0 | keyboardPedalSos |
| unacorda | $una\ corda$ | U+F6CC | keyboardPedalUnaCorda |
| trecorde | $tre\ corde$ | U+F6CD | keyboardPedalTreCorde |
| u.c. | u.c. | U+F6CE | keyboardPedalUC |
| t.c. | t.c. | U+F6CF | keyboardPedalTC |
| 1/2Ped | ½ Xed. | U+F6B0 | keyboardPedalHalf4 |
| 1/4 | $\frac{1}{4}$ | U+F6BA | keyboardPedalPosQuarter |
| 1/2 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | U+F6BB | keyboardPedalPosHalf |
| 3/4 | <u>3</u> 4 | U+F6BC | key board Pedal Pos Three Quarters |
| 1 | 1 | U+F6BD | keyboardPedalPosFull |

```
\new Staff \with {
 \ekmSmuflOn #'pedal
}
\relative c'' {
 \set Staff.pedalSustainStrings = #'("Ped." "H" "*")
 c4 \sustainOn d c b c \sustainOff \sustainOn d c b c1 \sustainOff
 \break
 \set Staff.pedalSostenutoStyle = #'text
  \set Staff.pedalSostenutoStrings = #'("S-P" "(')" "S. *")
 c4 \sostenutoOn d c b c \sostenutoOff \sostenutoOn d c b c1 \sostenutoOff
 \break
 % draws Ekmelos glyphs "unacorda" and "t.c."
 \set Staff.pedalUnaCordaStyle = #'text
 \set Staff.pedalUnaCordaStrings = #'("unacorda" "^__t.c." "o")
 c4 \unaCorda d c b c \treCorde \unaCorda d c b c1 \treCorde
}
  Red.
```



Harp pedals

\ekm-harp-pedal DEFINITION

Draw a harp pedal diagram according to DEFINITION as markup. Space between tokens is ignored.

\ekm-harp-change EXTEXT Y

Draw EXTEXT as markup with an ellipse translated vertically by Y. Used by the following change tokens.

| ^ | <u> </u> | U+E680 | harpPedalRaised |
|---------|----------|--------|-------------------|
| o^ - | + | U+E681 | harpPedalCentered |
| o- v | ī | U+E682 | harpPedalLowered |
| ov | + | U+E683 | harpPedalDivider |

Ekmelos tokens

```
O^ U+F648 harpPedalRaisedChange
O− U+F649 harpPedalCenteredChange
O∨ Ū U+F64A harpPedalLoweredChange
```

```
\relative c'' {
  \textLengthOn
  cis1 _ \markup \ekm-harp-pedal #"^v-|vv-^"
  c! _ \markup \ekm-harp-pedal #"^o--|vv-^"
}
```



Fret diagrams

\ekm-fret-diagram-terse DEFINITION

Draw a fret diagram according to DEFINITION as markup. Fingering is always placed below. Used properties:

- fret-diagram-details top-fret-thickness (3): > 1 draws the ... Nut glyph.
- fret-diagram-details finger-code (#t): 'none draws no fingering.
- fret-diagram-details finger-style('sans)

| 3 strings | | U+E850 | fretboard3String |
|-----------|---|--------|-----------------------|
| | | U+E851 | fretboard3StringNut |
| 4 strings | | U+E852 | fretboard4String |
| | | U+E853 | fretboard4StringNut |
| 5 strings | | U+E854 | fretboard5String |
| | | U+E855 | fretboard5StringNut |
| 6 strings | | U+E856 | fretboard6String |
| | | U+E857 | fretboard6StringNut |
| | • | U+E858 | fretboardFilledCircle |
| х | x | U+E859 | fretboardX |
| 0 | o | U+E85A | fretboardO |

```
\relative c'' {
 \textLengthOn
 c ^ \markup \ekm-fret-diagram-terse #"x;3-3;2-2;o;1-1;o;"
 cis ^ \markup \ekm-fret-diagram-terse #"x;x;3-3;1-1-(;2-2;1-1-);"
 e ^ \markup {
        \override #'(fret-diagram-details . (
                      (top-fret-thickness . 1)
                      (finger-code . none)))
        \ekm-fret-diagram-terse #"o;2-2;2-3;1-1;o;o;"
      }
 f ^ \markup {
        \override #'(fret-diagram-details . (
                      (finger-style . finger)))
        \ekm-fret-diagram-terse #"1-1-(;3-3;3-4;2-2;1-1;1-1-);"
      }
 c ^ \markup \ekm-fret-diagram-terse #"o;o;o;3-3;"
 dis ^ \markup \ekm-fret-diagram-terse #"o;3-2-(;3-2-);"
}
```

Accordion registers

\ekm-accordion NAME

Draw an accordion register symbol as markup. NAME has a prefix for the register style separated by a space. "d" (discant) is the default and can be omitted.

Most of the symbols use precomposed glyphs. The others are composed using accdnCombRH3RanksEmpty (U+E8C6) etc.

Note: # (use-modules (scm accreg)) is not required.

\ekmAccordion NAME

Set an accordion register symbol as a standalone music event. This is equivalent to

<> ^ \markup \ekm-accordion NAME

Names

| "d" | Discant | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| "d 1" | | U+E8A4 | accdnRH3RanksBassoon |
| "d 10" | \odot | U+E8A1 | accdnRH3RanksClarinet |
| "d 11" | | U+E8AB | accdnRH3RanksBandoneon |
| "d 1+0" | | U+E8A2 | accdnRH3RanksUpperTremolo8 |
| "d 1+1" | • | | |
| "d 1-0" | | U+E8A3 | accdnRH3RanksLowerTremolo8 |
| "d 1-1" | • | | |
| "d 20" | | U+E8AE | accdnRH3RanksTwoChoirs |
| "d 21" | | U+E8AF | accdnRH3RanksTremoloLower8ve |
| "d 2+0" | | U+E8A6 | accdnRH3RanksViolin |
| "d 2+1" | | U+E8AC | accdnRH3RanksAccordion |
| "d 2-0" | ••• | | |
| "d 2-1" | | | |
| "d 30" | | U+E8A8 | accdnRH3RanksAuthenticMusette |
| "d 31" | | U+E8B1 | accdnRH3RanksDoubleTremoloLower8ve |
| "d 100" | | U+E8A0 | accdnRH3RanksPiccolo |
| "d 101" | | U+E8A9 | accdnRH3RanksOrgan |
| "d 110" | \odot | U+E8A5 | accdnRH3RanksOboe |
| "d 111" | • | U+E8AA | accdnRH3RanksHarmonium |
| "d 11+0" | | | |
| "d 11+1" | | | |
| "d 11-0" | $ \stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet} $ | | |
| "d 11-1" | • | | |
| | | | |

| "d 120" | | U+E8B0 | accdnRH3RanksTremoloUpper8ve |
|----------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| "d 121" | | U+E8AD | accdnRH3RanksMaster |
| "d 12+0" | | U+E8A7 | accdnRH3RanksImitationMusette |
| "d 12+1" | | | |
| "d 12-0" | | | |
| "d 12-1" | | | |
| "d 130" | | U+E8B2 | accdnRH3RanksDoubleTremoloUpper8ve |
| "d 131" | | U+E8B3 | accdnRH3RanksFullFactory |
| | | | |
| "sb" | Standard ba | iss | |
| | | | |
| "sb Soprano" | | U+E8B4 | accdnRH4RanksSoprano |
| "sb Alto" | | U+E8B5 | accdnRH4RanksAlto |
| "sb Tenor" | | U+E8B6 | accdnRH4RanksTenor |
| "sb Master" | | U+E8B7 | accdnRH4RanksMaster |
| "sb Soft Bass" | | U+E8B8 | accdnRH4RanksSoftBass |
| "sb Soft Tenor" | | U+E8B9 | accdnRH4RanksSoftTenor |
| "sb Bass/Alto" | | U+E8BA | accdnRH4RanksBassAlto |
| | | | |
| "sb4" | Standard ba | ass, four reec | I |
| | | 505.4 | 1.000 |
| "sb4 Soprano" | | U+E8B4 | accdnRH4RanksSoprano |
| "sb4 Alto" | | U+E8B5 | accdnRH4RanksAlto |
| "sb4 Tenor" | | | |
| "sb4 Master" | | | |
| "sb4 Soft Bass" | | | |
| "sb4 Bass/Alto" | | U+E8BA | accdnRH4RanksBassAlto |
| "sb4 Soft Bass/Alto" | | | |
| "sb4 Soft Tenor" | | U+E8B9 | accdnRH4RanksSoftTenor |

| "sb5" | Standard ba | ss, five reed | |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------|
| "sb5 Bass/Alto" | | U+E8BA | accdnRH4RanksBassAlto |
| "sb5 Soft Bass/Alto" | | | |
| "sb5 Alto" | | | |
| "sb5 Tenor" | | | |
| "sb5 Master" | | | |
| "sb5 Soft Bass" | | | |
| "sb5 Soft Tenor" | | U+E8B9 | accdnRH4RanksSoftTenor |
| "sb5 Soprano" | | U+E8B4 | accdnRH4RanksSoprano |
| "sb5 Sopranos" | | | |
| "sb5 Solo Bass" | | | |
| | | | |
| "sb6" | Standard ba | ss, six reed | |
| "sb6 Soprano" | | U+E8B4 | accdnRH4RanksSoprano |
| "sb6 Alto" | | | |
| "sb6 Soft Tenor" | \odot | U+E8B9 | accdnRH4RanksSoftTenor |
| "sb6 Master" | | U+E8B7 | accdnRH4RanksMaster |
| "sb6 Alto/Soprano" | | | |
| "sb6 Bass/Alto" | | U+E8BA | accdnRH4RanksBassAlto |
| "sb6 Soft Bass" | | U+E8B8 | accdnRH4RanksSoftBass |
| 220 2010 2000 | | 0,2020 | |
| "fb" | Free bass | | |
| "fb 10" | \odot | U+E8BB | accdnLH2Ranks8Round |
| "fb 1" | \odot | U+E8BC | accdnLH2Ranks16Round |
| "fb 11" | : | U+E8BD | accdnLH2Ranks8Plus16Round |
| "fb Master" | Θ | U+E8BE | accdnLH2RanksMasterRound |
| "fb Master 1" | \odot | U+E8BF | accdnLH2RanksMasterPlus16Round |
| "fb Master 11" | ③ | U+E8C0 | accdnLH2RanksFullMasterRound |
| | | | |

| "sq" | Square | | |
|----------|--------|--------|----------------------------|
| "sq 1" | • | U+E8C1 | accdnLH3Ranks8Square |
| "sq 100" | | U+E8C2 | accdnLH3Ranks2Square |
| "sq 2" | • • | U+E8C3 | accdnLH3RanksDouble8Square |
| "sq 101" | • | U+E8C4 | accdnLH3Ranks2Plus8Square |
| "sq 102" | • | U+E8C5 | accdnLH3RanksTuttiSquare |

Accordion ricochet

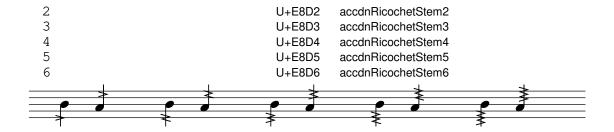
\ekmRicochet NUMBER

Draw a ricochet symbol as an expressive mark (script). [Ly]

| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|---|----|----|--------|----------------|---------|
| | 2. | 3. | 4 | 5 | <u></u> |
| 6 | | | U+E8D1 | accdnRicochet6 | |
| 5 | | | U+E8D0 | accdnRicochet5 | |
| 4 | | | U+E8CF | accdnRicochet4 | |
| 3 | | | U+E8CE | accdnRicochet3 | |
| 2 | | | U+E8CD | accdnRicochet2 | |

\ekmStemRicochet NUMBER MUSIC

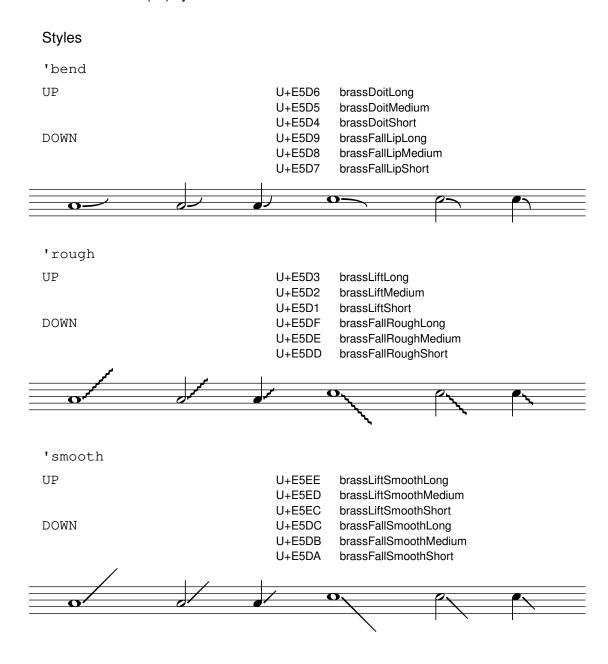
Draw a ricochet symbol vertically centered on the stems in MUSIC.



Falls and doits

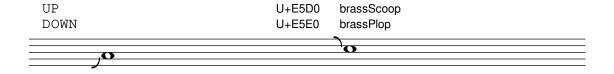
\ekmBendAfter STYLE DIRECTION

Draw a fall or doit (lift) symbol after a note.



\ekmScoop DIRECTION MUSIC

Draw a scoop or plop symbol to the left of each note in MUSIC.



Figured bass

\ekmSmuflOn #'fbass

 $\label{lem:composed} \begin{tabular}{ll} Draw SMuFL bass figures with $$\figuremode$. Some raised / diminished figures use precomposed glyphs which ignore the property $$figuredBassPlusDirection$. \end{tabular}$

| 0 | 0 | U+EA50 | figbass0 |
|-----|------------|--------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 1 | U+EA51 | figbass1 |
| 2 | 2 | U+EA52 | figbass2 |
| 3 | 3 | U+EA54 | figbass3 |
| 4 | 4 | U+EA55 | figbass4 |
| 5 | 5 | U+EA57 | figbass5 |
| 6 | 6 | U+EA5B | figbass6 |
| 7 | 7 | U+EA5D | figbass7 |
| 8 | 8 | U+EA60 | figbass8 |
| 9 | 9 | U+EA61 | figbass9 |
| ! | ф | U+EA65 | figbassNatural |
| _ | b | U+EA64 | figbassFlat |
| + | # | U+EA66 | figbassSharp |
| | ₩ | U+EA63 | figbassDoubleFlat |
| ++ | × | U+EA67 | figbassDoubleSharp |
| | ₩, | U+ECC1 | figbassTripleFlat |
| +++ | x # | U+ECC2 | figbassTripleSharp |
| \+ | + | U+EA6C | figbassPlus |
| / | / | U+EA6D | figbassCombiningRaising |
| \\ | _ | U+EA6E | figbassCombiningLowering |
| 2\+ | 2, | U+EA53 | figbass2Raised |
| 4\+ | 4 + | U+EA56 | figbass4Raised |
| 5\+ | 5 † | U+EA58 | figbass5Raised1 |
| 5\\ | 5 | U+EA59 | figbass5Raised2 |
| 5/ | 5 | U+EA5A | figbass5Raised3 |
| 6\\ | 6. | U+EA5C | figbass6Raised |
| 6\+ | 8 | U+EA6F | figbass6Raised2 |
| 7\+ | 7 | U+EA5E | figbass7Raised1 |
| 7\\ | 7 | U+EA5F | figbass7Raised2 |
| 7/ | 7 | U+ECC0 | figbass7Diminished |
| 9\\ | 9 | U+EA62 | figbass9Raised |
| | | | |

```
\new Staff
<<
  \relative c'' {
    \cadenzaOn
   b b b b b b b
    \break
   b b b s
   b b b s
   b b b s
   b b b s
  }
  \figures {
    <7! 6+ 4-> <5++> <3---> <_+> <7 _!> <6\+ 5/> <7/> <6\\>
    <9\+> <5+> <6 4-> r
    \set figuredBassAlterationDirection = #RIGHT
    <9\+> <5+> <6 4-> r
    \set figuredBassPlusDirection = #RIGHT
    <9\+> <5+> <6 4-> r
    \set figuredBassAlterationDirection = #LEFT
    <9\+> <5+> <6 4-> r
  }
>>
\layout {
  \context {
    \Score
    \ekmSmuflOn #'fbass
    \override StaffSymbol.line-count = #1
  }
}
  ‡7
‡6
♭4
         ₩3
      х5
+9
    #5
               +9
                    5#
                               9+
```

Lyrics

```
\ekmSmuflOn #'lyric
```

Draw the words in a lyric input mode (\lyricmode etc.) with \ekm-tied-lyric.

Note: The characters _ and % must be quoted in order to be passed on to this command.

```
\ekm-tied-lyric STRING
```

Draw STRING as markup, replacing tokens with the corresponding glyphs. The space between the adjoining words depends on the width of the respective glyph, while the property word-space is ignored. In the token ~?~ (for narrow elision), ? can be any Unicode character, not only ASCII.

```
    U+E551 lyricsElision
    U+E550 lyricsElisionNarrow
    U+E552 lyricsElisionWide
    U+E553 lyricsHyphenBaseline
    U+E555 lyricsTextRepeat
```

```
\relative {
  \cadenzaOn
  b'~ b c fis, fis c' b e,
}
\addlyrics {
  Che~~in ques -- ta~ē~in quel -- l'al -- "tr_on" -- "da %"
}
\layout {
  \context {
   \Score
   \ekmSmuflOn #'lyric
  }
}
```



Analytics symbols

\ekm-analytics DEFINITION

Draw analytics symbols according to DEFINITION as markup.

| Н | Н | U+E860 | analyticsHauptstimme |
|-----|----|--------|-----------------------------------|
| СН | CH | U+E86A | analyticsChoralmelodie |
| RH | RH | U+E86B | analyticsHauptrhythmus |
| N | N | U+E861 | analyticsNebenstimme |
| [| Γ | U+E862 | analyticsStartStimme |
| 1 | ٦ | U+E863 | analyticsEndStimme |
| Th | Th | U+E864 | analyticsTheme |
| hT | Τh | U+E865 | analyticsThemeRetrograde |
| ihT | ЧЦ | U+E866 | analyticsThemeRetrogradeInversion |
| iTh | Тh | U+E867 | analyticsThemeInversion |
| T | T | U+E868 | analyticsTheme1 |
| iT | Т | U+E869 | analyticsInversion1 |

Function theory symbols

\ekm-func DEFINITION

Draw a function theory symbol according to DEFINITION as markup. The definition string consists of several parts which are all optional:

Paren Function, Bass, Soprano ^ Extra ... Paren

The bass symbol is placed below the function symbol.

The soprano symbol is placed above the function symbol.

The extra symbols are stacked vertically and raised to the right of the function symbol.

A leading/trailing parenthesis, bracket, or brace is placed separately before/after the entire symbol.

Used properties:

- font-size (0) for the function symbol.
- func-size (-4) relative to the font size for bass, soprano, and extra symbols.
- func-skip (2.5) for vertical distances.
- func-space (0.3) for horizontal space around the function symbol.

\ekmFunc DEFINITION

Set a function theory symbol as a music expression, for use in a Lyrics context. The symbol is drawn with a 4 steps smaller font size compared to \ekm-func.

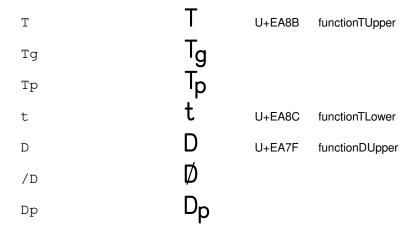
DEFINITION is a string as described above, with a further optional suffix:

- Starts an extender line after the symbol.
- . Stops an extender line at the symbol.
- + Inserts the symbol between notes with \set stanza.
- * Dito but with the 4 steps larger font size of \ekm-func.

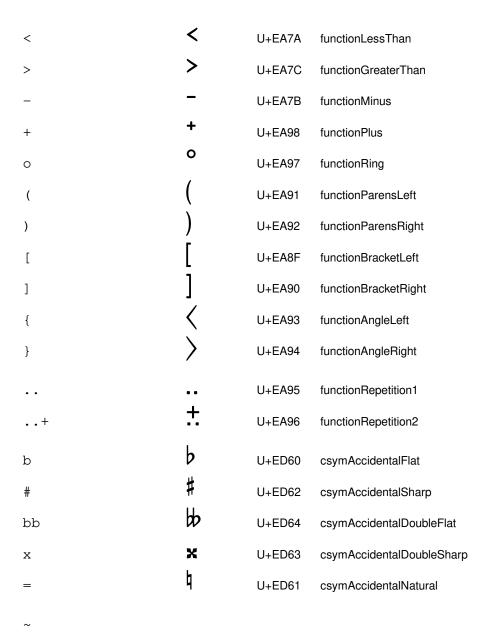
Note that the Lyrics context requires the Text_spanner_engraver to draw extender lines.

\ekmFuncList DEFINITION-LIST

Set a sequence of function theory symbols as music expressions, for use in a Lyrics context. DEFINITION-LIST is a list of strings as for $\ensuremath{\verb{NekmFunc}}$.



| DD | Ф | U+EA81 | functionDD |
|-----|---------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| /DD | Ø d | U+EA82 | functionSlashedDD |
| d | | U+EA80 | functionDLower |
| S | S | U+EA89 | functionSUpper |
| Sg | S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S | | |
| Sp | S_p | | |
| SS | <i>જુ</i> | U+EA7D | functionSSUpper |
| S | S | U+EA8A | functionSLower |
| SS | 8 | U+EA7E | functionSSLower |
| F | F | U+EA99 | functionFUpper |
| G | G | U+EA83 | functionGUpper |
| g | g | U+EA84 | functionGLower |
| I | I | U+EA9A | functionIUpper |
| i | i | U+EA9B | functionILower |
| K | K | U+EA9C | functionKUpper |
| k | k | U+EA9D | functionKLower |
| L | L | U+EA9E | functionLUpper |
| 1 | 1 | U+EA9F | functionLLower |
| М | М | U+ED00 | functionMUpper |
| m | m | U+ED01 | functionMLower |
| N | N | U+EA85 | functionNUpper |
| n | n | U+EA86 | functionNLower |
| P | Р | U+EA87 | functionPUpper |
| р | р | U+EA88 | functionPLower |
| r | r | U+ED03 | functionRLower |
| V | V | U+EA8D | functionVUpper |
| v | V | U+EA8E | functionVLower |
| 0 | 0 | U+EA70 | functionZero |
| | : | | |
| 9 | 9 | U+EA79 | functionNine |



The tokens b # bb x = draw standard accidentals for chord symbols.

The token $\,\sim\,$ draws a space with the dimensions of functionZero (U+EA70) . This is especially useful for empty extra symbols.

Ekmelos tokens

/D **D** U+F644 functionSlashedD

The following example uses \ekm-func in text scripts to attach function theory symbols to chords and spacer rest. It sets \textLengthOn and TextScript.staff-padding for a consistent vertical alignment.

```
\relative c' {
 \textLengthOn
 \override TextScript.staff-padding = #6
 <e g bes! c\markup \ekm-func "(D,3^7)"
 \override TextScript.staff-padding = #11
 <c e g c>4_\markup \ekm-func "T____"
 <g e' g c>_\markup \ekm-func "D^4^6"
 s_\markup \ekm-func "^-^-"
 \g d' g b>_\markup \ekm-func "^3^5"
 \key es \major
 \override TextScript.staff-padding = #7
 <g' b d>1_\markup \ekm-func "V#"
 <f as c e>_\markup \ekm-func "IV^7#"
 <ces es as!>_\markup \ekm-func "VI,b"
}
```



The following example uses \ekmFuncList in a Lyrics context to synchronise function theory symbols to music. The Lyrics context requires the Text_spanner_engraver and is aligned to a NullVoice context. It is taken from lsr.di.unimi.it/LSR/Item?id=967 and adapted for Esmuflily.

```
funcSoprano = \relative c'' {
  e4 e e (d)
  c4 d d2
  d4 e8 d c4 c
  d8(c) < b q > 4 c2
}
funcAltTenor = \relative c'' {
  \langle c q \rangle 4 \langle bes q \rangle \langle a f \rangle 2
  <a d,>4 <c a> <c a> ( <b g>)
  <b e,>2 <g e>4 <a f>
  <a d,>4 d,8(f) < g e>2
}
funcBass = \relative c {
  \clef bass
  c4 cis d2
  f4 fis q2
  gis2 bes4 a8 g
  fis4 g c,2
}
funcAligner = \relative c {
  c4 cis d d
  f4 fis g g
  gis4 gis8 gis bes4 a8 g
  fis8 fis g g c,2
funcSymbols = \lyricmode {
  \set stanza = #"C major:"
  \ekmFuncList #'(
    "T,,3" " (*" "/D,3^7^9>" ")*" "Sp^9-" "^8."
    "S^5^6" "(D,3^7)" "D^2^4-" "^1^3."
    "(D,3^7-" "^8" "^7." "_) [Tp] +" "(D,7)" "S,3-" ",2."
    "DD, 3^8-" "^7." "D^5-" "^7." "T"
  )
}
\layout {
  \context {
    \Lyrics
    \consists "Text_spanner_engraver"
    \override StanzaNumber.font-family = #'sans
    \override StanzaNumber.font-series = #'medium
  }
}
```

```
\new GrandStaff
</
    \new Staff
    \new Voice \partCombine \funcSoprano \funcAltTenor

    \new Staff
    <<
         \new Voice \funcBass
         \new NullVoice = "funcaligner" \funcAligner
         \new Lyrics \lyricsto "funcaligner" \funcSymbols
    >>
>>
```



Arrows and arrow heads

\ekm-arrow STYLE ORIENTATION

Draw an arrow or arrow head of STYLE according to ORIENTATION as markup.

Arrows can have glyphs for several orientations. The remaining orientations are achieved by flipping or rotating through 90° or 45°. All following six styles have glyphs for the 8 orientations $N \dots NW$.

Styles

| 'black | † | U+EB60 | arrowBlackUp |
|-------------|----------|--------|------------------|
| 'white | Ŷ | U+EB68 | arrowWhiteUp |
| 'open | ↑ | U+EB70 | arrowOpenUp |
| 'black-head | A | U+EB78 | arrowheadBlackUp |
| 'white-head | Δ | U+EB80 | arrowheadWhiteUp |
| 'open-head | ٨ | U+EB88 | arrowheadOpenUp |

Examples for all orientations

| ORIENTATION | #N | #NE | #E | #SE | #S | #SW | #W | #NW | #NS | #NESW | #EW | #SENW | |
|-------------|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-----|----------|-------|----------|-------|--|
| 'black | † | A | → | × | \ | ¥ | ← | × | † | * | → | × | |
| 'open-head | ٨ | 7 | > | 4 | ٧ | L | < | ٢ | ٨ | 1 | > | 4 | |

\ekm-arrow-head AXIS DIRECTION FILLED

Draw an arrow head as markup, i.e. black-head if FILLED is a true value, else open-head.

Ekmelos styles

| • | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--------|
| 'simple | \uparrow | U+2191 |
| 'double | \uparrow | U+21D1 |
| 'triple | \blacksquare | U+290A |
| 'quadruple | ⇑ | U+27F0 |
| 'black-wide | † | U+2B06 |
| 'white-wide | Û | U+21E7 |
| 'triangle | † | U+2B61 |
| 'triangle-bar | ↑ | U+2B71 |
| 'two-headed | † | U+2BED |
| 'dashed | ↑ | U+21E1 |
| 'triangle-dashed | † | U+2B6B |
| 'opposite | $\uparrow\downarrow$ | U+21C5 |
| 'triangle-opposite | $\uparrow\downarrow$ | U+2B81 |
| 'paired | $\uparrow\uparrow$ | U+21C8 |
| 'triangle-paired | $\uparrow\uparrow$ | U+2B85 |
| 'bent-tip | | U+21B1 |
| 'long-bent-tip | \rightarrow | U+2BA3 |
| 'curving | ♪ | U+2934 |
| 'equilateral-head | A | U+2B9D |
| 'three-d-head | A | U+2B99 |
| 'black-triangle | | U+25B2 |
| 'white-triangle | \triangle | U+25B3 |
| 'black-small-triangle | A | U+25B4 |
| 'white-small-triangle | Δ | U+25B5 |
| 'half-circle | | U+2BCA |
| 'circle-half-black | lue | U+25D3 |
| 'square-half-black | | U+2B12 |
| 'diamond-half-black | □ ♦ | U+2B18 |
| 'circle-quarters | | U+25D4 |
| | | |

Percussion symbols

\ekm-beater STYLE ORIENTATION

Draw a percussion beater of STYLE according to ORIENTATION as markup.

Percussion beaters can have glyphs for several orientations. The remaining orientations are achieved by flipping or rotating through 90° or 30°. Most of the following styles have glyphs for the orientations N, S, NE, NW or N, S.

Styles

| 'xyl-soft | | U+E770 | pictBeaterSoftXylophoneUp |
|-----------------|----------|--------|------------------------------|
| 'xyl-medium | P | U+E774 | pictBeaterMediumXylophoneUp |
| 'xyl-hard | • | U+E778 | pictBeaterHardXylophoneUp |
| 'xyl-wood | | U+E77C | pictBeaterWoodXylophoneUp |
| 'glsp-soft | Î | U+E780 | pictBeaterSoftGlockenspielUp |
| 'glsp-hard | Ť | U+E784 | pictBeaterHardGlockenspielUp |
| 'timpani-soft | | U+E788 | pictBeaterSoftTimpaniUp |
| 'timpani-medium | P | U+E78C | pictBeaterMediumTimpaniUp |
| 'timpani-hard | T | U+E790 | pictBeaterHardTimpaniUp |
| 'timpani-wood | | U+E794 | pictBeaterWoodTimpaniUp |
| 'yarn-soft | Î | U+E7A2 | pictBeaterSoftYarnUp |
| 'yarn-medium | P | U+E7A6 | pictBeaterMediumYarnUp |
| 'yarn-hard | † | U+E7AA | pictBeaterHardYarnUp |
| 'gum-soft | T T | U+E7BB | pictGumSoftUp |
| 'gum-medium | Ma T | U+E7BF | pictGumMediumUp |
| 'gum-hard | Ť | U+E7C3 | pictGumHardUp |
| 'bass-soft | 7 | U+E798 | pictBeaterSoftBassDrumUp |
| 'bass-medium | P | U+E79A | pictBeaterMediumBassDrumUp |
| 'bass-hard | Ŧ | U+E79C | pictBeaterHardBassDrumUp |
| 'bass-metal | X T | U+E79E | pictBeaterMetalBassDrumUp |
| 'bass-double | 7 | U+E7A0 | pictBeaterDoubleBassDrumUp |
| 'stick | İ | U+E7E8 | pictDrumStick |
| 'stick-snare | Λ | U+E7D1 | pictBeaterSnareSticksUp |
| 'stick-jazz | Ĭ | U+E7D3 | pictBeaterJazzSticksUp |
| 'hammer-wood | | U+E7CB | pictBeaterHammerWoodUp |
| 'hammer-plastic | P | U+E7CD | pictBeaterHammerPlasticUp |
| 'hammer-metal | abla | U+E7CF | pictBeaterHammerMetalUp |
| | | | |

| 'wound-hard | 0 | U+E7B3 | pictWoundHardUp |
|-----------------|----------|--------|--------------------------|
| 'wound-soft | • | U+E7B7 | pictWoundSoftUp |
| 'metal | 8 | U+E7C7 | pictBeaterMetalUp |
| 'brass-mallets | * | U+E7D9 | pictBeaterBrassMalletsUp |
| 'triangle | | U+E7D5 | pictBeaterTriangleUp |
| 'triangle-plain | / | U+E7EF | pictBeaterTrianglePlain |
| 'wire-brushes | Ψ | U+E7D7 | pictBeaterWireBrushesUp |
| 'superball | Î | U+E7AE | pictBeaterSuperballUp |
| 'mallet | T | U+E7DF | pictBeaterMallet |
| 'metal-hammer | 7 | U+E7E0 | pictBeaterMetalHammer |
| 'hammer | 7 | U+E7E1 | pictBeaterHammer |
| 'hand | | U+E7E3 | pictBeaterHand |
| 'finger | 6 | U+E7E4 | pictBeaterFinger |
| 'fist | © | U+E7E5 | pictBeaterFist |
| 'fingernails | A | U+E7E6 | pictBeaterFingernails |

Examples for all orientations

| ORIENTATION | #N | #NE | #E | #SE | #S | #SW | #W | #NW | #NS | #NESW | #EW | #SENW | |
|-------------|--------|-----|------------|-----|-------------|--------|---------------|----------|--------|-------|------------|------------|--|
| 'xyl-medium | • | 9 | → | 6 | • | d | •— | ٩ | • | 9 | → | 7 | |
| 'bass-metal | X T | A | - ⊠ | B | \boxtimes | ϕ | \boxtimes — | R | X T | A | - ⊠ | \Diamond | |
| 'finger | P | B | F | R | P | D | | <i>P</i> | P | B | F | R | |

Electronic music symbols

```
\ekm-fader LEVEL ORIENTATION \ekm-midi LEVEL ORIENTATION
```

Draw a fader (volume control) and a MIDI controller, respectively, as markup.

LEVEL ≥ 0 is a percent value.

LEVEL < 0 is a decibel (dB) value, e.g. -6.0 is equivalent to 50.

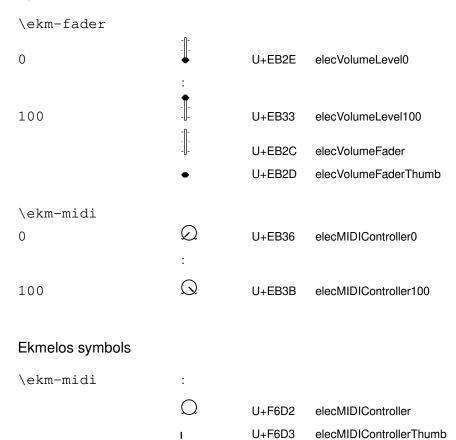
LEVEL is drawn as a label next to the control according to ORIENTATION . #f draws no label.

For the thumb position, LEVEL is rounded to the nearest integral percent value, limited to 100. If a symbol is defined exactly for this value, this symbol is drawn. Else if an empty control and a thumb symbol are defined, they are combined. Else the symbol for the value nearest to LEVEL is drawn.

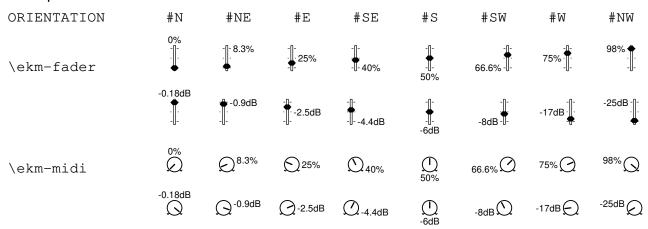
Used properties:

- label-format (#f): #f uses "~a%" for percent and "~adB" for decibel values.
- font-size (0)
- label-size (-4) relative to the font size.
- padding (0.3)

Symbols



Examples for all orientations



Other symbols

\ekm-fermata STYLE

Draw a fermata as markup.

Used property:

• direction

Styles

| 'default | lacktriangle | U+E4C0 | fermataAbove |
|----------------|--------------|--------|------------------------|
| | | U+E4C1 | fermataBelow |
| 'short | Λ | U+E4C4 | fermataShortAbove |
| | | U+E4C5 | fermataShortBelow |
| 'long | | U+E4C6 | fermataLongAbove |
| | | U+E4C7 | fermataLongBelow |
| 'veryshort | \triangle | U+E4C2 | fermataVeryShortAbove |
| | | U+E4C3 | fermataVeryShortBelow |
| 'verylong | | U+E4C8 | fermataVeryLongAbove |
| | | U+E4C9 | fermataVeryLongBelow |
| 'henzeshort | <i>(</i> . | U+E4CC | fermataShortHenzeAbove |
| | | U+E4CD | fermataShortHenzeBelow |
| 'henzelong | \odot | U+E4CA | fermataLongHenzeAbove |
| | | U+E4CB | fermataLongHenzeBelow |
| Ekmelos styles | | | |
| 'extrashort | | U+F69E | fermataExtraShortAbove |
| | | U+F69F | fermataExtraShortBelow |
| 'extralong | | U+F6A0 | fermataExtraLongAbove |
| - | | U+F6A1 | fermataExtraLongBelow |
| | | | - |

\ekm-eyeglasses DIRECTION

Draw eyeglasses as markup.

| 60/ | U+EC62 | miscEyeglasses |
|-----|--------|----------------|
| | | |

Ekmelos symbols

| 60 | U+EC62 | miscEyeglasses | | | |
|-----------|--------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| <i>pd</i> | U+F65F | miscEyeglassesRight | | | |

\ekm-metronome COUNT

Draw COUNT metronome strokes (tickings) as markup.

ı

Used property:

• word-space

Ekmelos symbol

U+F614 noteTick

\ekmMetronome MUSIC

Attach metronome strokes to each note, chord, or rest in MUSIC as a horizontally centered markup above the staff, using \ekm-metronome. The number of strokes equals the number of quarter note values of the respective duration (possibly rounded up).

```
\relative c'' {
  \ekmMetronome {
    c4
    c2.
    <g c>1
    R1
  }
  \time 6/4
  \ekmMetronome r4
  \ekmMetronome r1*5/4
}
```



Basic markup commands

They implement the underlying SMuFL output in Esmuflily.

\ekm-char CODEPOINT

Draw the glyph of CODEPOINT, or the point-stencil for zero.

Used property:

• font-size (0)

\ekm-chars CODEPOINT-LIST

Draw the glyphs of the CODEPOINTs in the list adjoined horizontally without padding, or the point-stencil for an empty list.

Used property:

• font-size (0)

```
\ekm-chars #'(#xE260 #xE2B4 #xE2B2)

\ekm-chars #'(#xE262 #xE566 #xEAA6 #xEAA5)

\ekm-chars #'(#xE1F0 #xE1F7 #xE1FC #xE1F7 #xE1F4)
```

\ekm-charf CODEPOINT FEATURES

Draw the glyph of CODEPOINT with font features.

FEATURES is either a list of one or more strings, or the number of a stylistic alternate, or a negative number to draw the path instead of the font glyph.

```
#1 and #'(1) and #'("salt 1") are equivalent. #0 and #'() do not set font features.
```

#-1 and #' (-1) draw a filled path. Any other negative number $-\mathbb{N}$ draws the outline of the path with thickness \mathbb{N} which is scaled to the current font size.

This command is independent of globally drawing paths.

Used property:

• font-size (0)

```
\ekm-charf ##xE242 #0
\ekm-charf ##xE242 #'("salt 1")
\ekm-charf ##xE242 #'(2)
\ekm-charf ##xE242 #-20
```

\ekm-str STRING

Draw STRING with the selected font, independent of globally drawing paths.

\ekm-text EXTEXT

Draw EXTEXT. Depending on the argument type, it calls \ekm-char, \ekm-charf, or \ekm-chars, or it draws markup.

```
\ekm-text #'(#xE242 0)
\ekm-text #'(#xE242 "salt 1")
\ekm-text #'(#xE242 -20)
\ekm-text #'(#xE242 -20)
\ekm-text #'(#xE260 #xE2B4 #xE2B2)
```

\ekm-concat EXTEXT-LIST

Draw the EXTEXTs in the list stacked in a line without padding.

\ekm-line EXTEXT-LIST

Draw the EXTEXTs in the list stacked in a line.

Used properties:

- word-space
- text-direction

```
\ekm-line #'(#xE046 "al fine")

D.C. al fine
\ekm-line #'(#xE6D0 "with" #xE78E)

\ekm-line #'((#xE6D0 1) "with" #xE78E)

\int with \mathcal{P}
```

\ekm-combine CODEPOINT X Y CODEPOINT2

Combine the glyphs of CODEPOINT and CODEPOINT2, where CODEPOINT2 is translated scaled by X,Y.

```
\ekm-combine ##xECA5 #-0.5 #1.0 ##xE56E \(\frac{2}{\ekm-combine}\) \(\text{km-combine}\) \(\text{tekm-combine}\) \(\text{tekm-
```

\ekm-cchar CENTER CODEPOINT

Draw the glyph of CODEPOINT, centered horizontally if CENTER is CX or CXY, and vertically if CENTER is CY or CXY.

\ekm-ctext CENTER EXTEXT

Draw EXTEXT. Markup is centered like \ekm-cchar. A list of code points is centered only horizontally. A single code point (possibly with font features) is never centered.

This command is intended to draw symbols on stem.

\ekm-def MAP DEFINITION

Draw a text according to DEFINITION.

MAP is an alist of EXTEXTs mapped onto tokens (strings). A token which is a prefix of other tokens must be arranged after them in MAP, i.e. the correct order is "abc", "ab", "a". A shared token (" ", "_", etc.) can be overridden. The special value #f draws nothing, i.e. the token is simply ignored.

```
#(define my-map `(
    (".|:" . #xE040)
    ("tr#~" . (#xE262 #xE566 #xEAA6 #xEAA5))
    ("timp" . (#xE6D0 1))
    (" " . #f)
    ("w" . "with")
    ("box/" . , (markup #:box #:ekm-beater 'timpani-medium NE))
))

\ekm-def #my-map #".|:__tr#~"
\ekm-def #my-map #"timp w box/"
```

\ekm-number STYLE NUMBER

Draw the integer NUMBER according to STYLE, either as a sequence of decimal digit symbols or as a single number symbol (string and scale).

Styles

| 'time | 4 |
|----------------|---|
| 'time-turned | 7 |
| 'time-reversed | 4 |
| 'tuplet | 4 |
| 'finger | 4 |
| 'finger-italic | 4 |
| 'fbass | 4 |
| 'func | 4 |
| 'string | 4 |
| 'scale | 4 |
| 'sans | 4 |
| 'roman | 4 |
| 'typewriter | 4 |

\ekm-label ORIENTATION LABEL ARG

Combine a markup with another markup placed as a label next to it according to ORIENTATION (= #f ignores the label).

Used properties:

- font-size (0)
- label-size (-4) relative to the font size.
- padding (0.3)

\ekm-orient TYPE STYLE ORIENTATION

Draw the symbol of TYPE and STYLE according to ORIENTATION as markup.

```
\ekm-orient #'arrow #'black #NW \\ekm-orient #'beater #'mallet #NE
```

Extended text

Some commands accept an EXTEXT value, or a pair or list of EXTEXT values.

EXTEXT can be:

• A single code point (integer). Calls \ekm-char.

```
##xE695
```

• A list of a single code point followed by font features, i.e. one or more strings or a number 0 to 31 of a stylistic alternate, or a negative number to draw the path instead of the font glyph. Higher values are treated as code points (see below). Calls \ekm-charf.

```
#'(#xE626 "salt 2")
#'(#xE626 2)
#'(#xE626 -1)
```

• A list of one or more code points. Calls \ekm-chars.

```
#'(#xE260 #xE567 #xE262)
```

• Any markup. Note that the commands \ekmTremolo and \ekmStem interpret some strings as names of symbols.

```
#"poco a poco"
#(markup #:box #:ekm-char #xED19)
```

• #f. Draws the empty-stencil.

Definition string

Some commands and properties accept a DEFINITION value. This is a string of one or more tokens, each consisting of one or more characters. Their corresponding symbols are stacked in a line. Any other character in the string produces a warning and only the text created so far is drawn.

Shared tokens

Additional tokens that are always applicable in DEFINITION values.

The shared tokens in the standard table defines space markup:

| <space></space> | \hspace | #1 | SP |
|-----------------|---------|-------|------|
| _ | \hspace | #0.17 | HSP |
| | \hspace | #0.78 | THSP |
| | \hspace | #2 | ENSP |
| | \hspace | #4 | EMSP |
| | # f | | 7WSP |

Orientation

Some commands accept an ORIENTATION value. This is the sum of axis $(0, 1, \text{ or } \pm 0.5 \text{ for diagonal})$ and direction (± 1) . The following symbols are defined for the 12 possible values. The last four values are intended for "bilateral" orientations. An unsupported value is substituted with N .

| N | 2 | Υ | + UP |
|------|------|------|---------|
| NE | 1.5 | 0.5 | + UP |
| E | 1 | Χ | + RIGHT |
| SE | 0.5 | -0.5 | + RIGHT |
| S | 0 | Υ | + DOWN |
| SW | -0.5 | 0.5 | + DOWN |
| W | -1 | Χ | + LEFT |
| NW | -1.5 | -0.5 | + LEFT |
| NS | -2 | Υ | + -3 |
| NESW | -2.5 | 0.5 | + -3 |
| EW | -3 | Χ | + -3 |
| SENW | -3.5 | -0.5 | + -3 |

The commands $\ensuremath{\verb||} ekm-arrow$ and $\ensuremath{\verb||} ekm-beater$ support all 12 orientations. Missing symbols are completed by flipping or rotating. Missing bilateral symbols are substituted with the symbols for N, NE, E, SE. Currently, only the arrow style $\ensuremath{\verb||} simple$ in Ekmelos has glyphs for all 12 orientations.