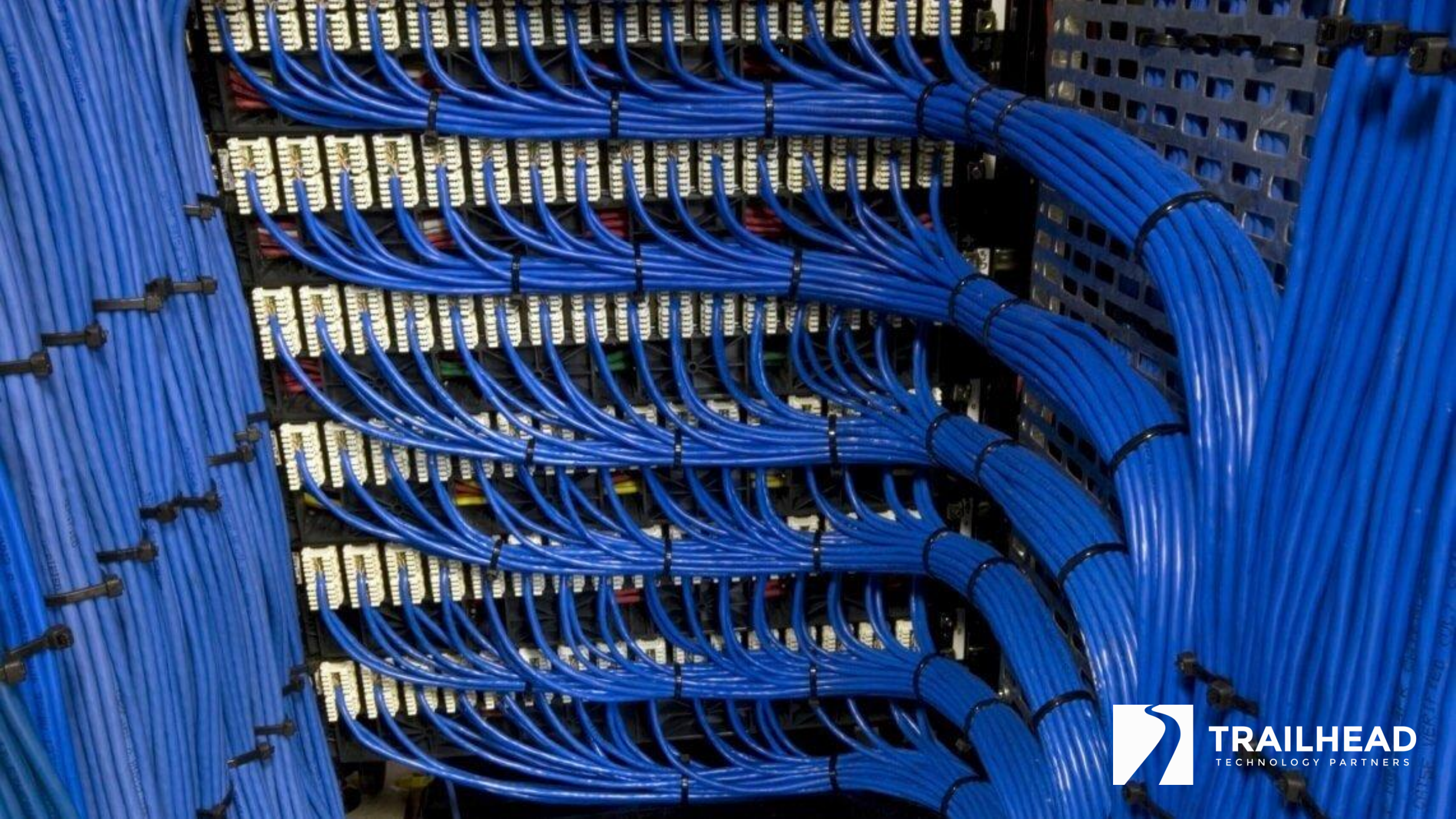




Don't Build a Distributed Monolith

How to Avoid Doing Microservices Completely Wrong

Jonathan "J." Tower



TRAILHEAD
TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS

DISTRIBUTED MONOLITH



TRAILHEAD
TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS

Avoid the **10 Most Common** Mistakes Made When Building Microservices

Jonathan "J." Tower

Principal Consultant & Partner



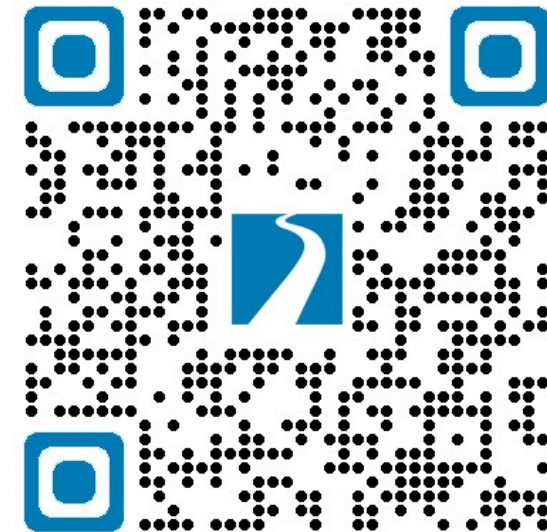
🏆 Microsoft MVP in .NET

✉ jtower@trailheadtechnology.com

🌐 trailheadtechnology.com/blog

🐦 jtowermi

Free Consultation



bit.ly/th-offer

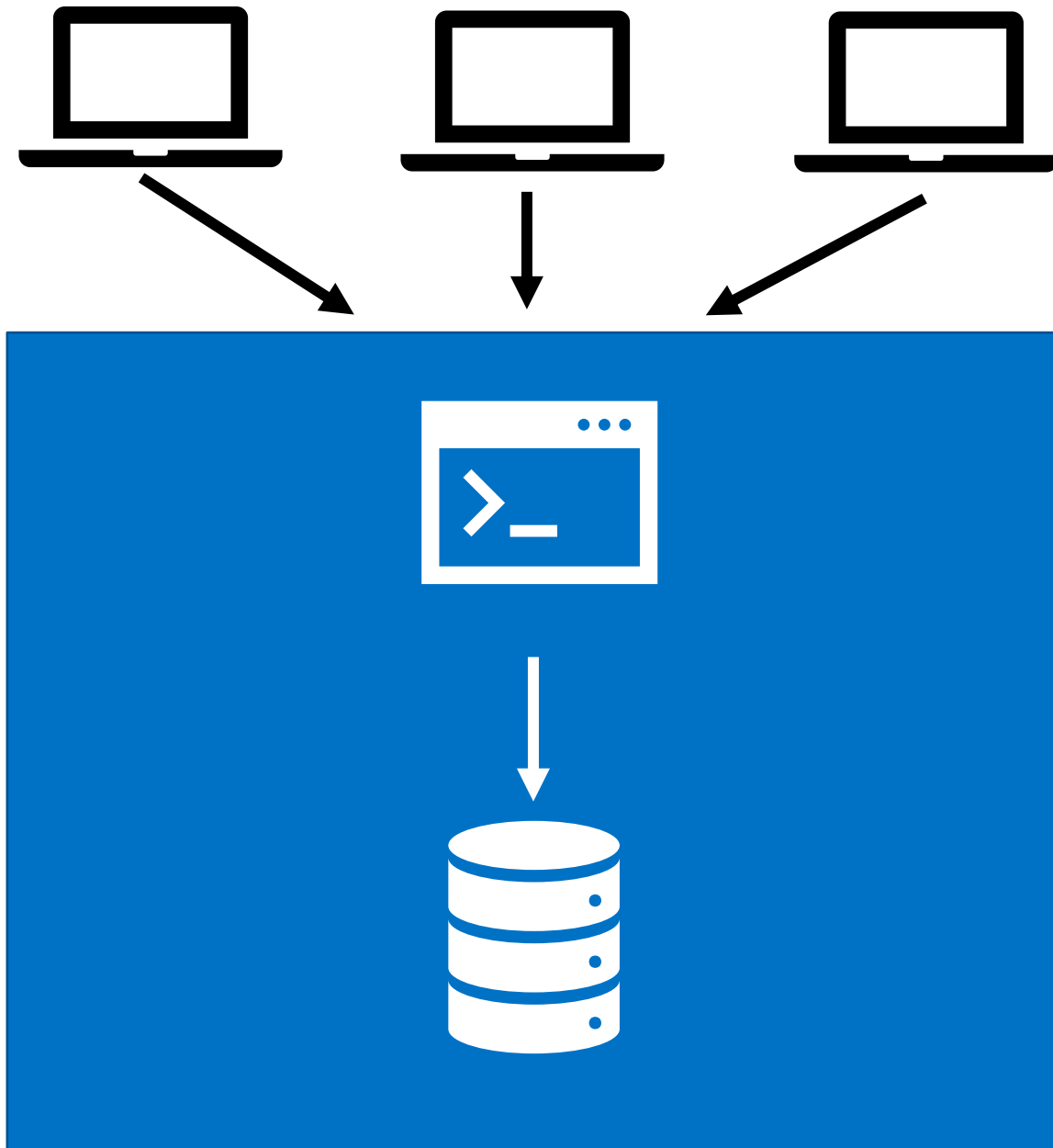
<https://github.com/jonathantower/distributed-monolith>

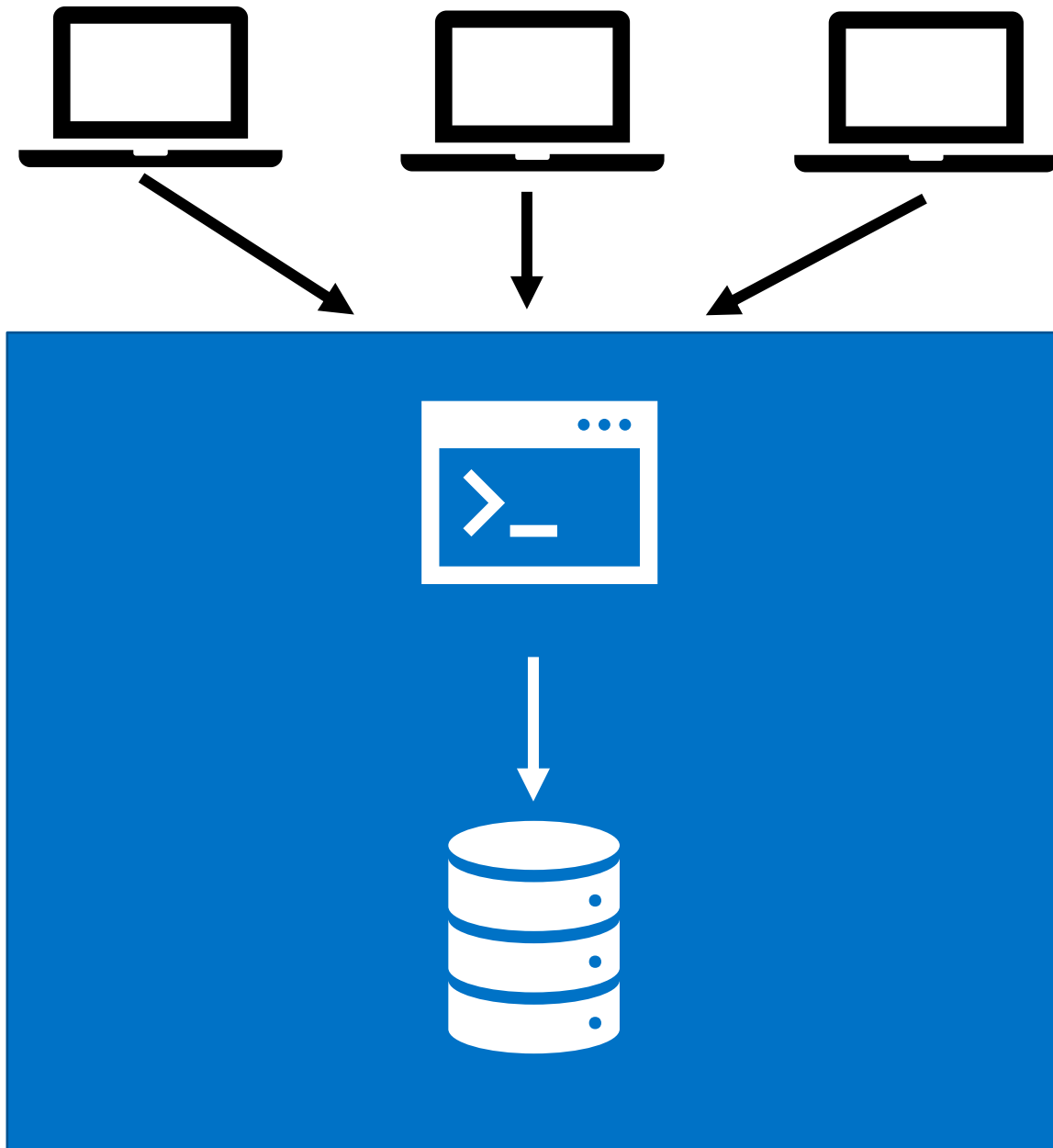
Some Definitions

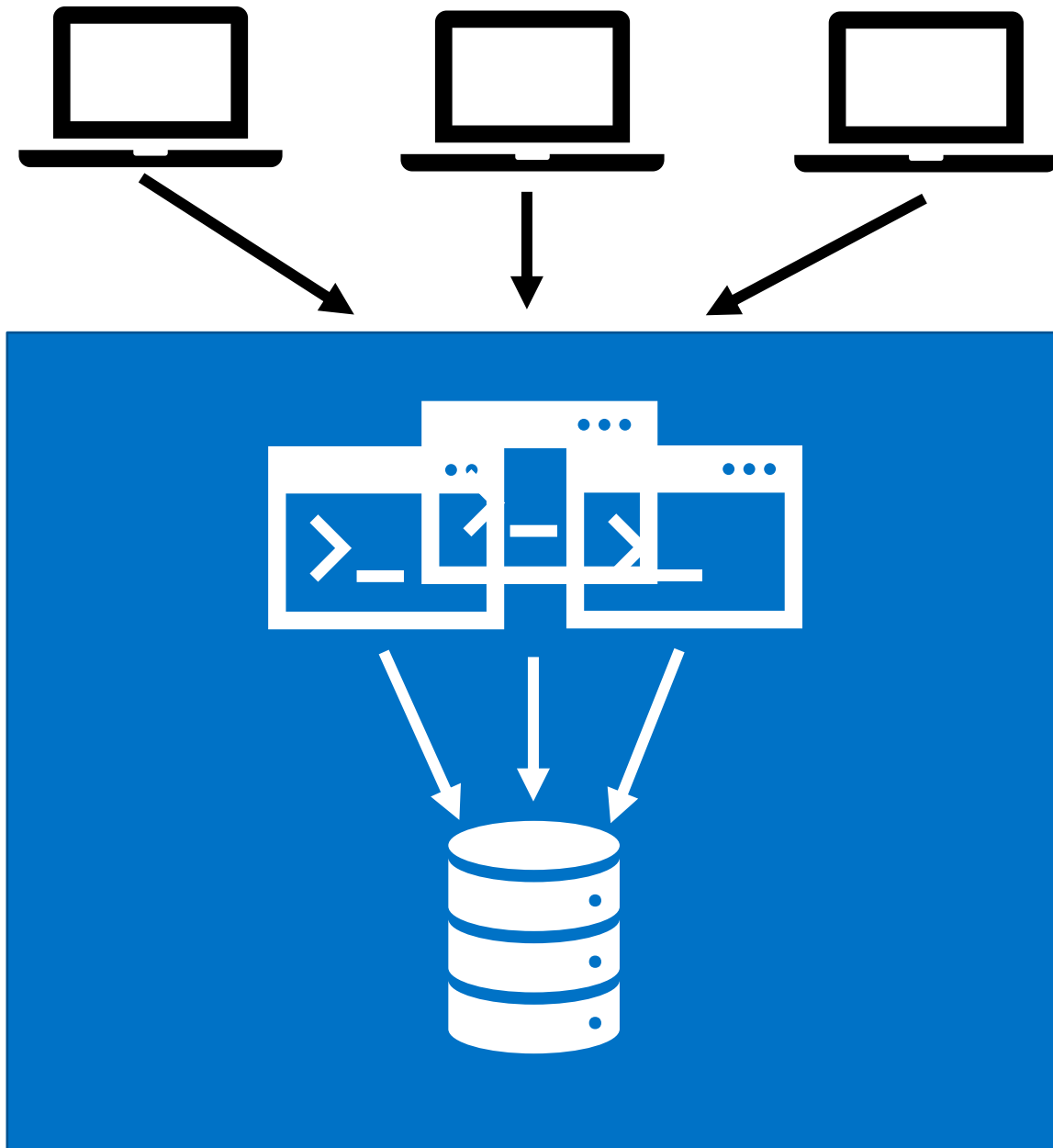
Monolith

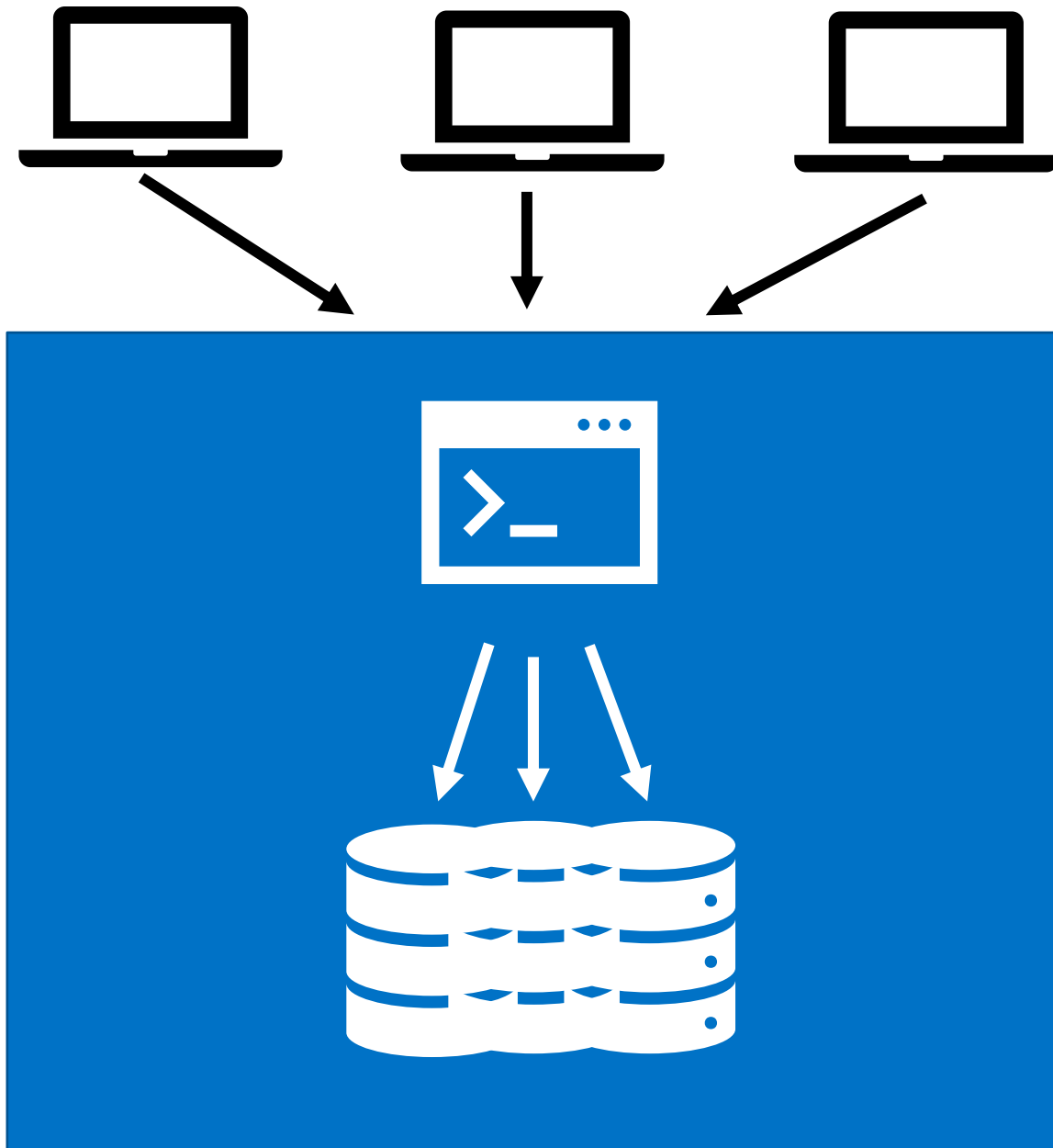


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Modular



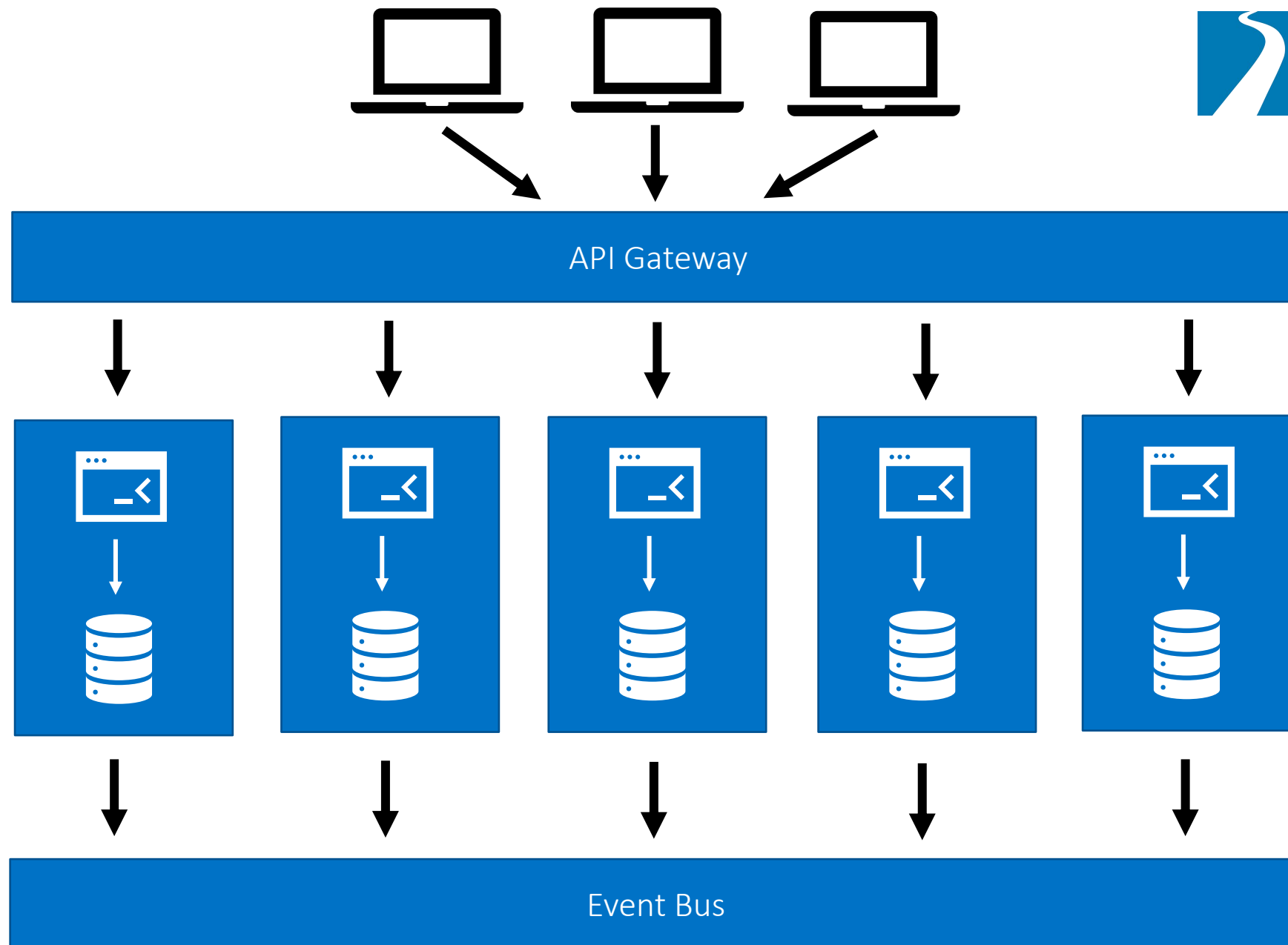
Ball Of Mud



Microservices



TRAILHEAD
TECHNOLOGY PARTNERS

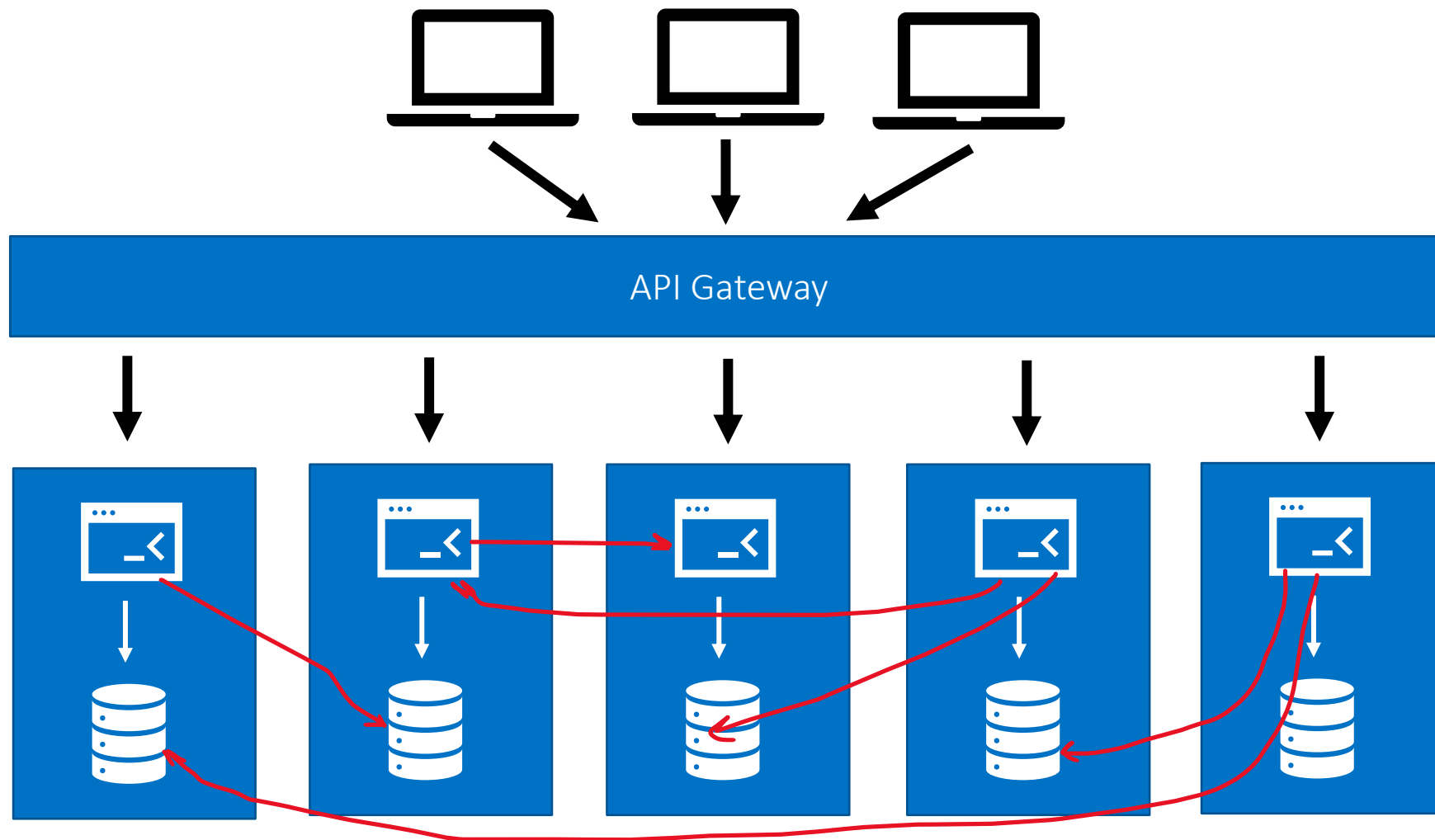


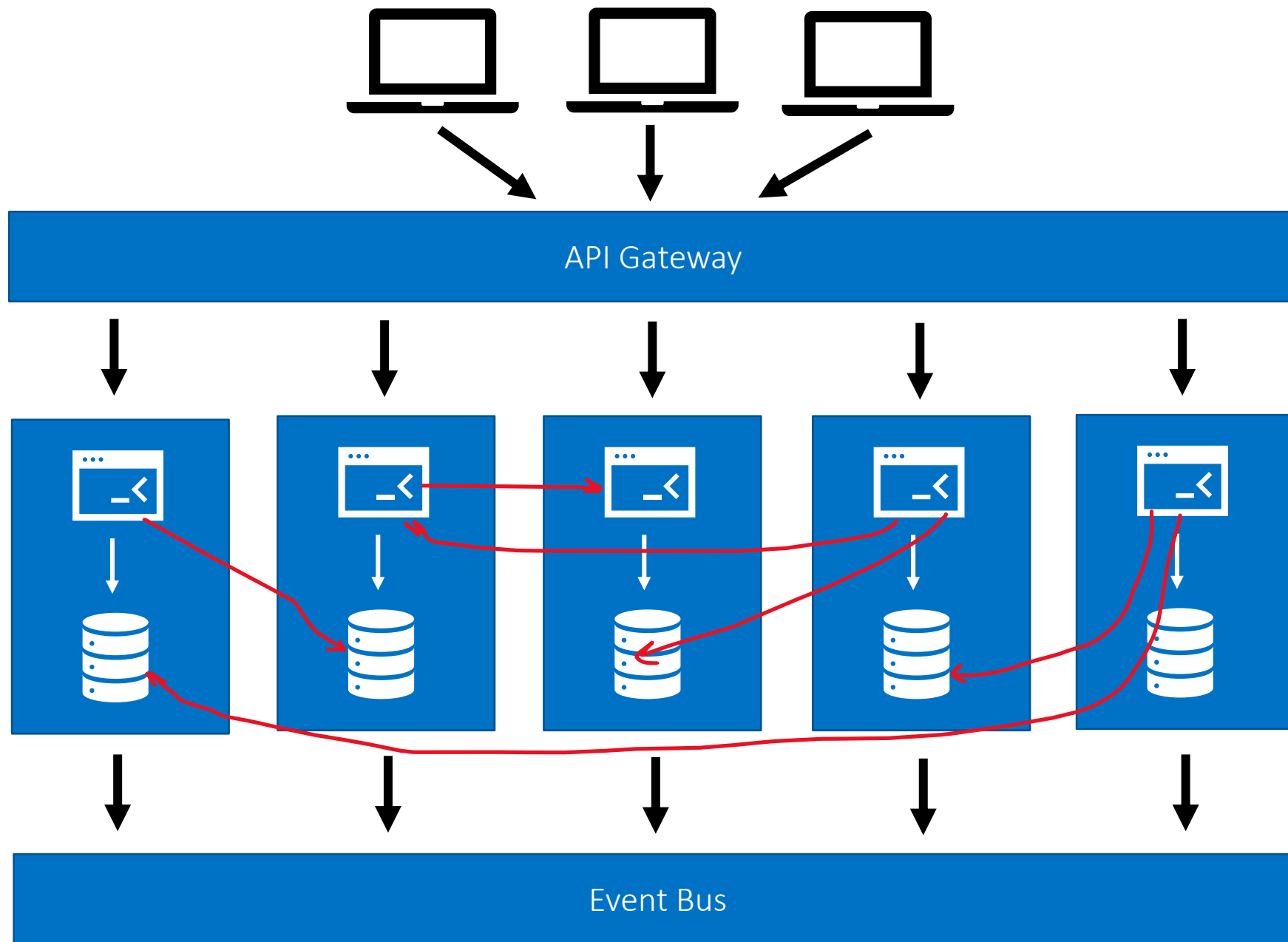
Distributed Monolith

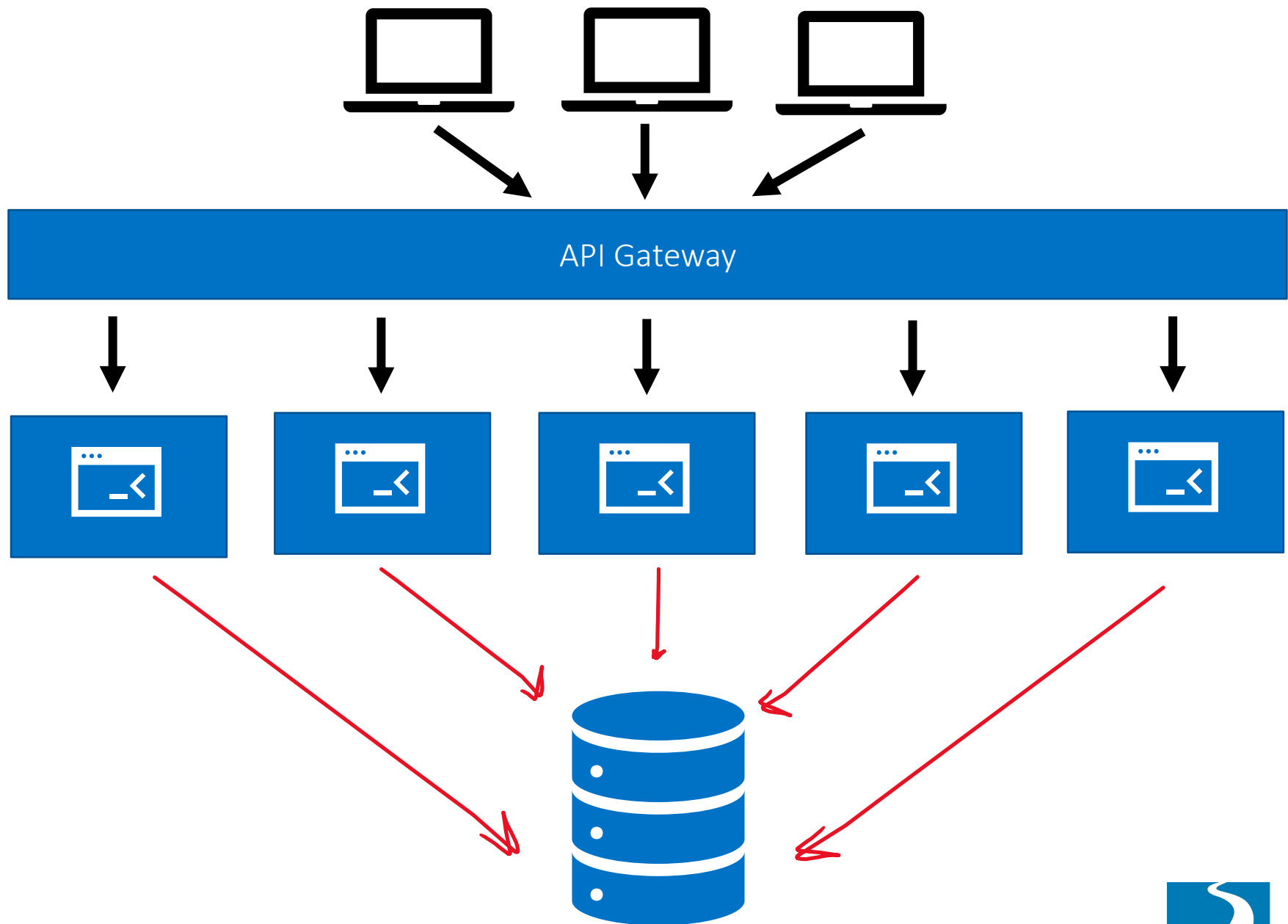


Distributed Monolith

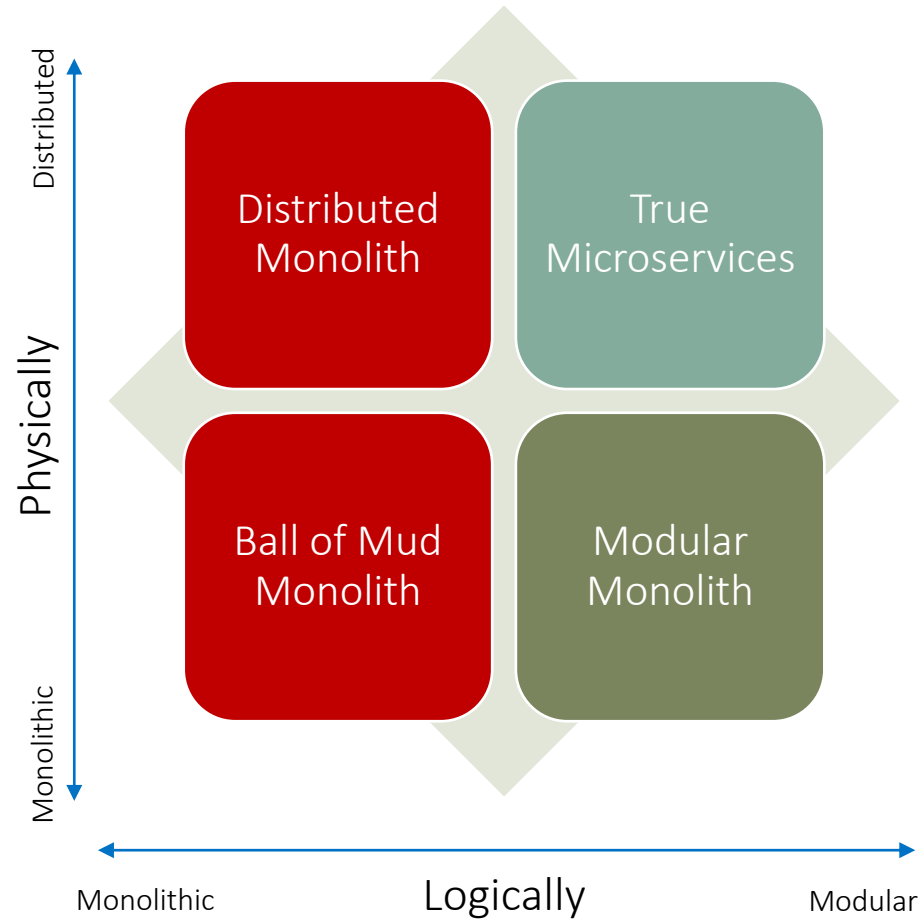








Good vs Bad Monoliths





10 Most Common Mistakes

Avoid Creating a “Monster”



Assuming Microservices are Always Better

Problem #1

First Rule of Microservices: Don't Use Microservices

Have a "Really Good Reason" – Sam Newman



Monoliths aren't
inherently bad or un-scalable



Microservices are *hard* to do
well



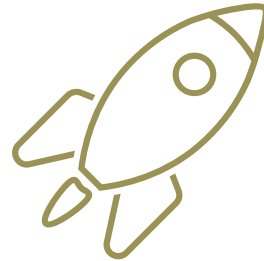
*Wrong reasons create
distributed monoliths*

Some Good Reasons to Microservice

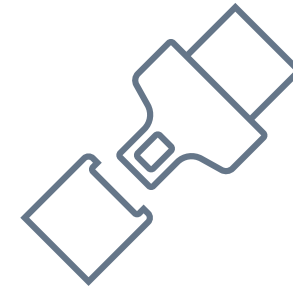
“Microservice architectures **buy** you **options**” – James Lewis



More Scalability
Options



Independent
Deployability



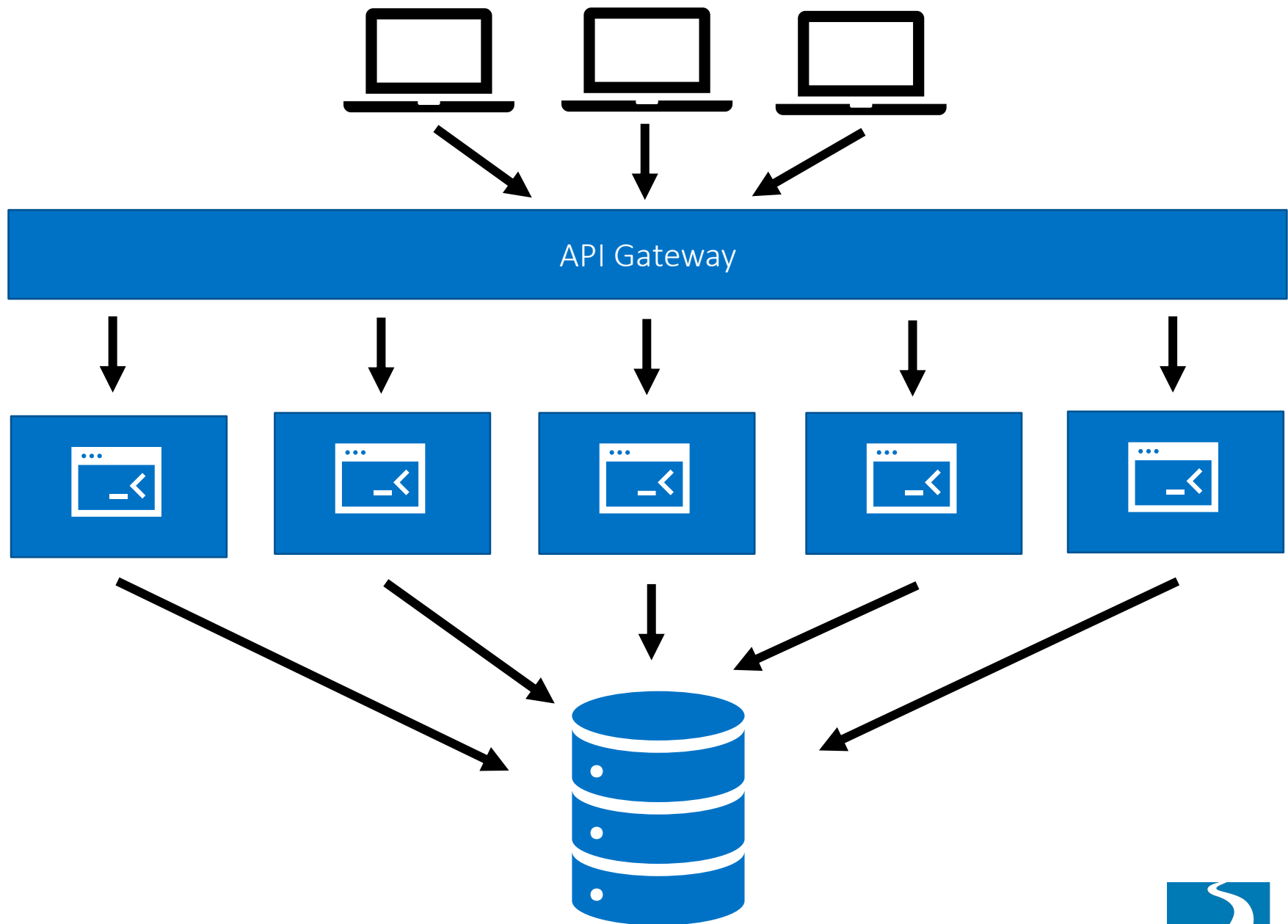
Isolate Surface Area
of Failure

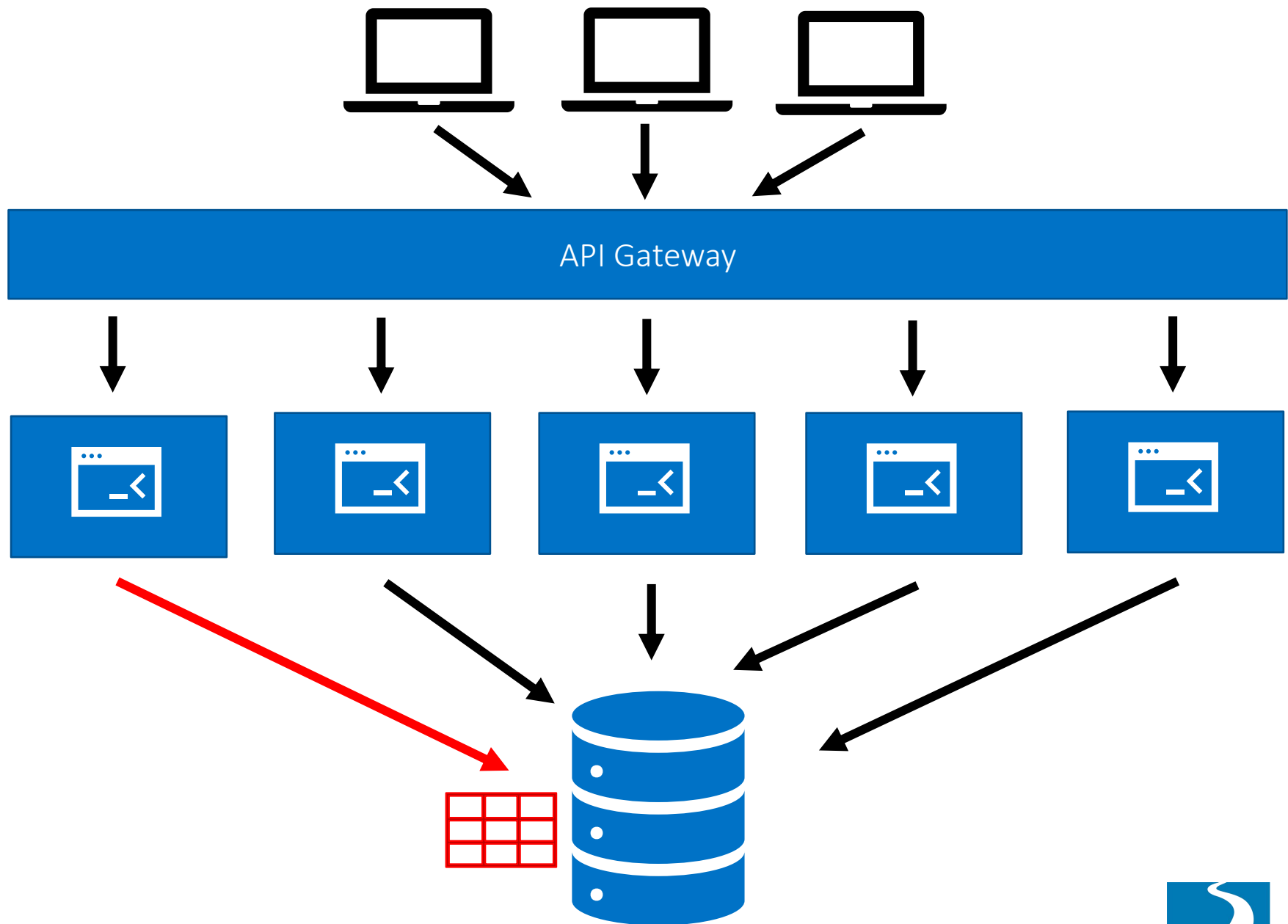
The Big Trade Off

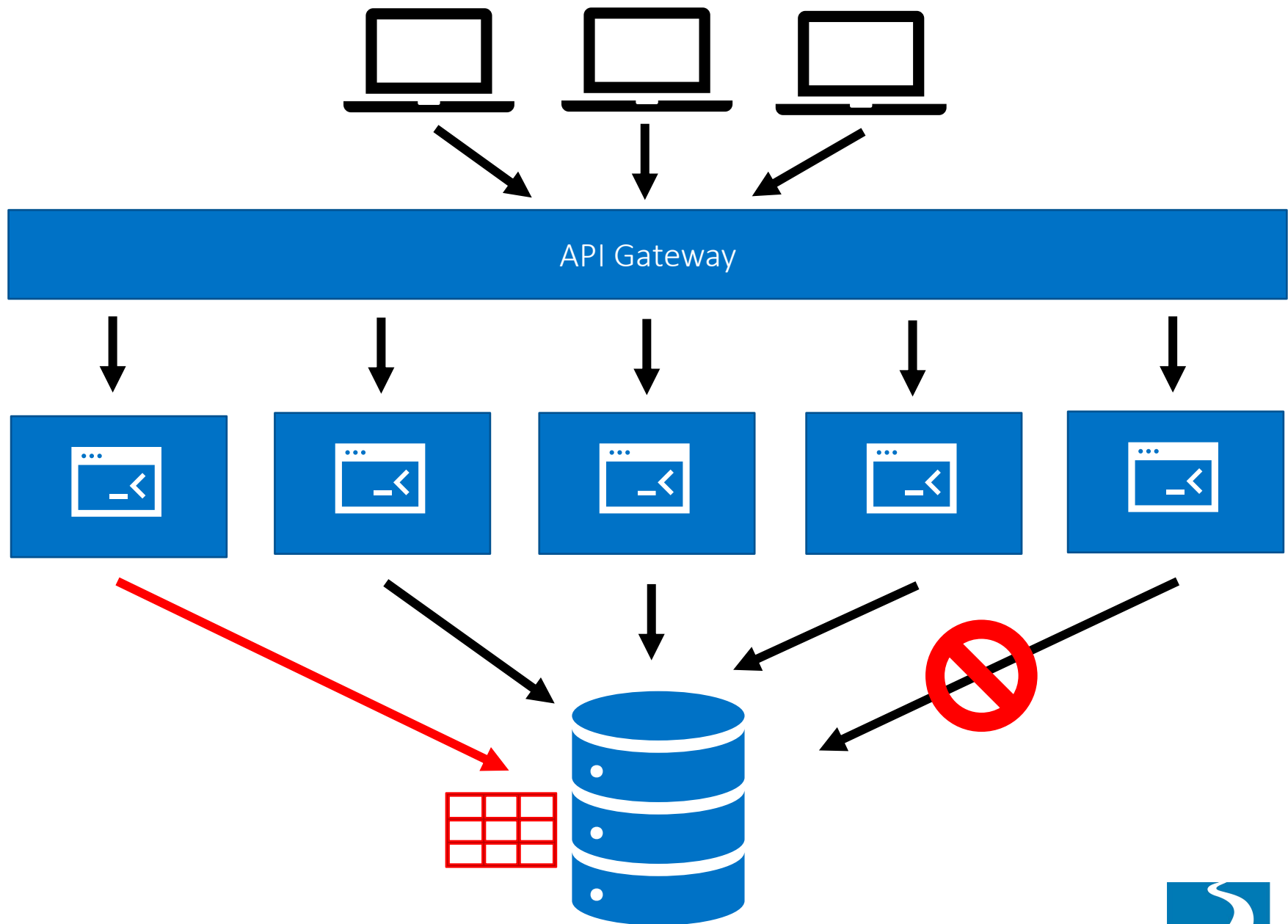


Shared Data Store or Models

Problem #2







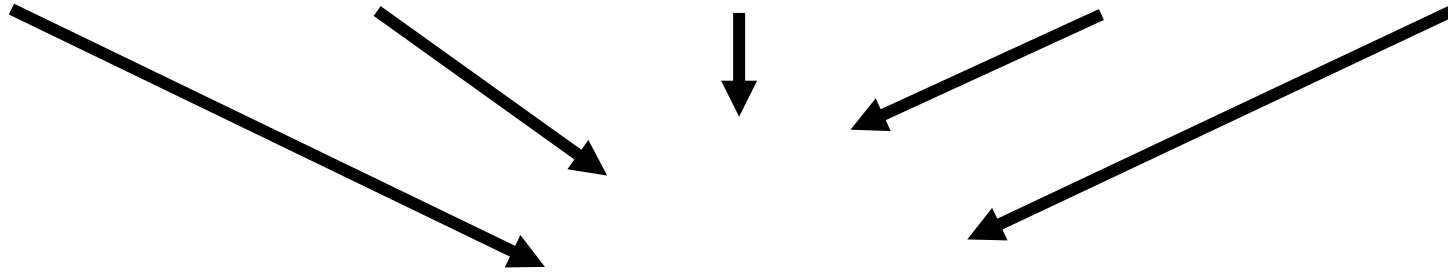
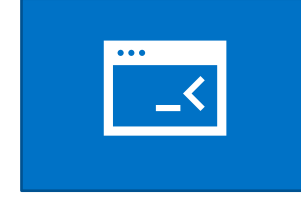
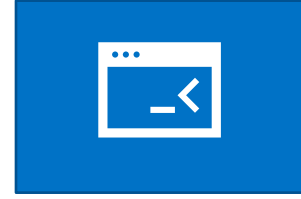
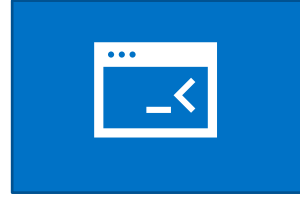
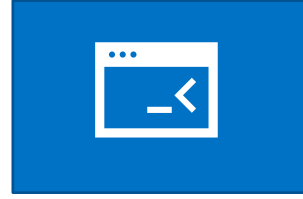
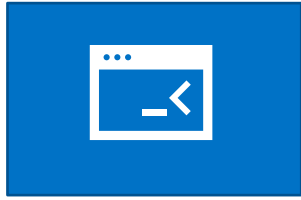
Reservations

...

Maintenance

...

Housekeeping



```
HotelRoom {  
  CurrentlyOccupied : bool  
  NumberofBeds : int  
  MinutesToClean : float  
  RepairHistory: [  
    { RepairDate: ... },  
    { RepairDate: ... },  
  ]  
}
```

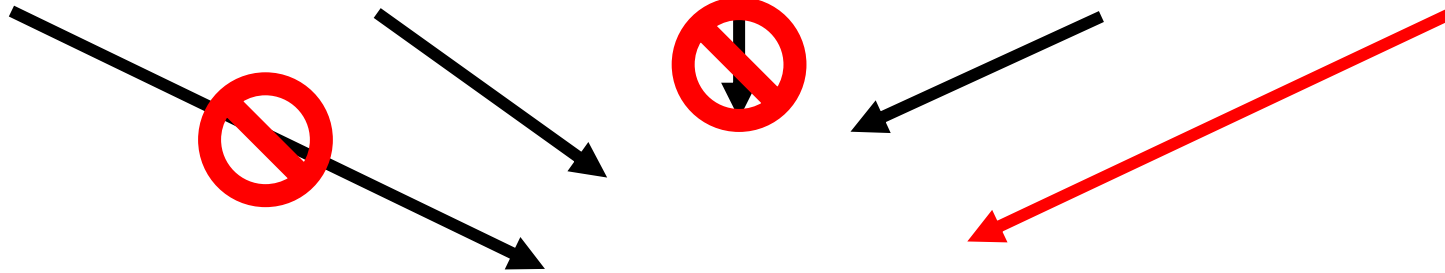
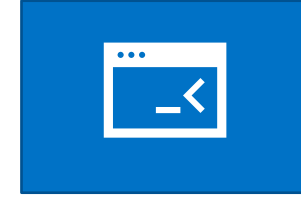
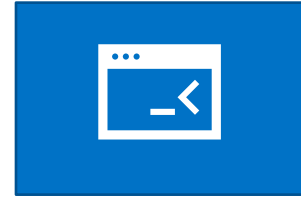
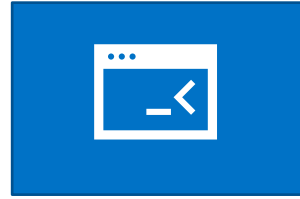
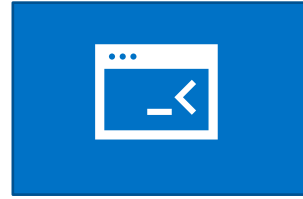
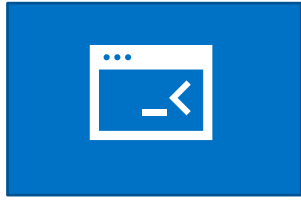

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}
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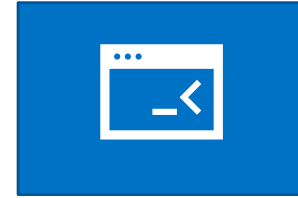
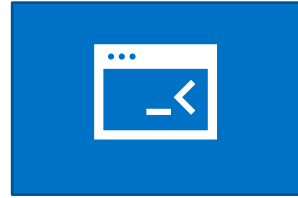
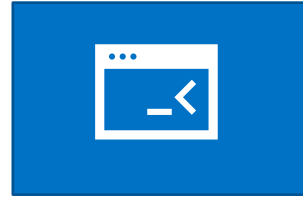
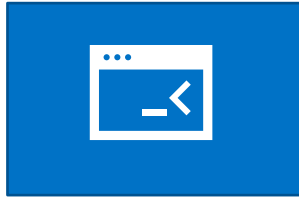
Reservations

...

Maintenance

...

Housekeeping



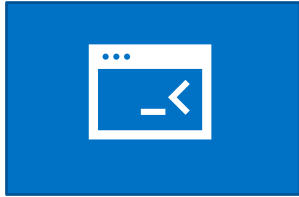
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HotelRoom {  
  RepairHistory: [  
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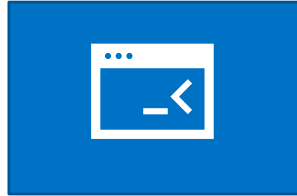


```
HotelRoom {  
  MinutesToClean : int  
}
```

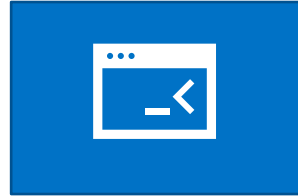
Reservations



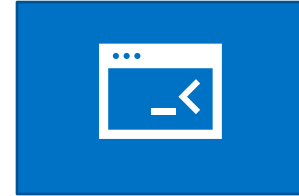
Admin



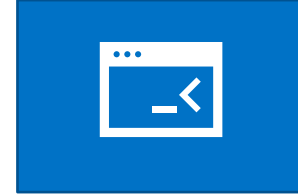
Maintenance



...

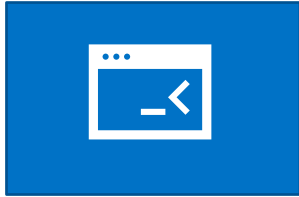


Housekeeping

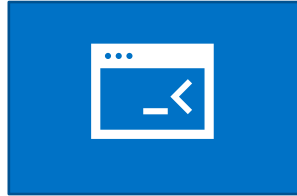


Event Bus

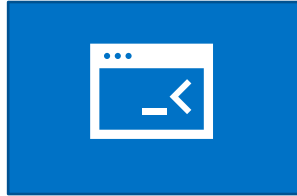
Reservations



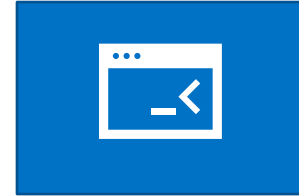
Admin



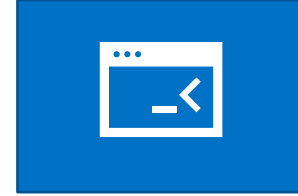
Maintenance



...



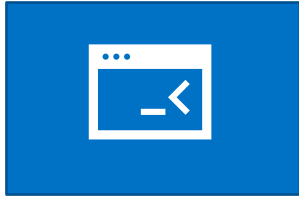
Housekeeping



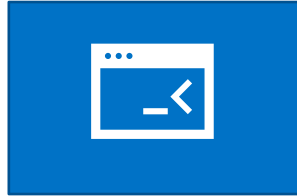
```
HotelRoom {  
    RoomNumber: int  
}
```

Event Bus

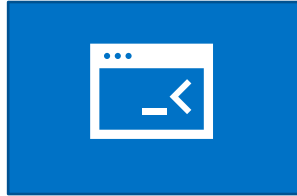
Reservations



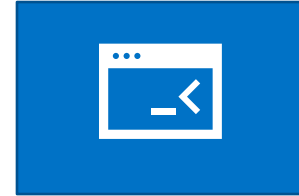
Admin



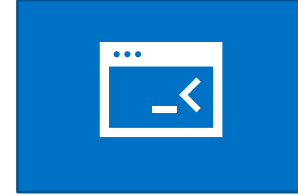
Maintenance



...



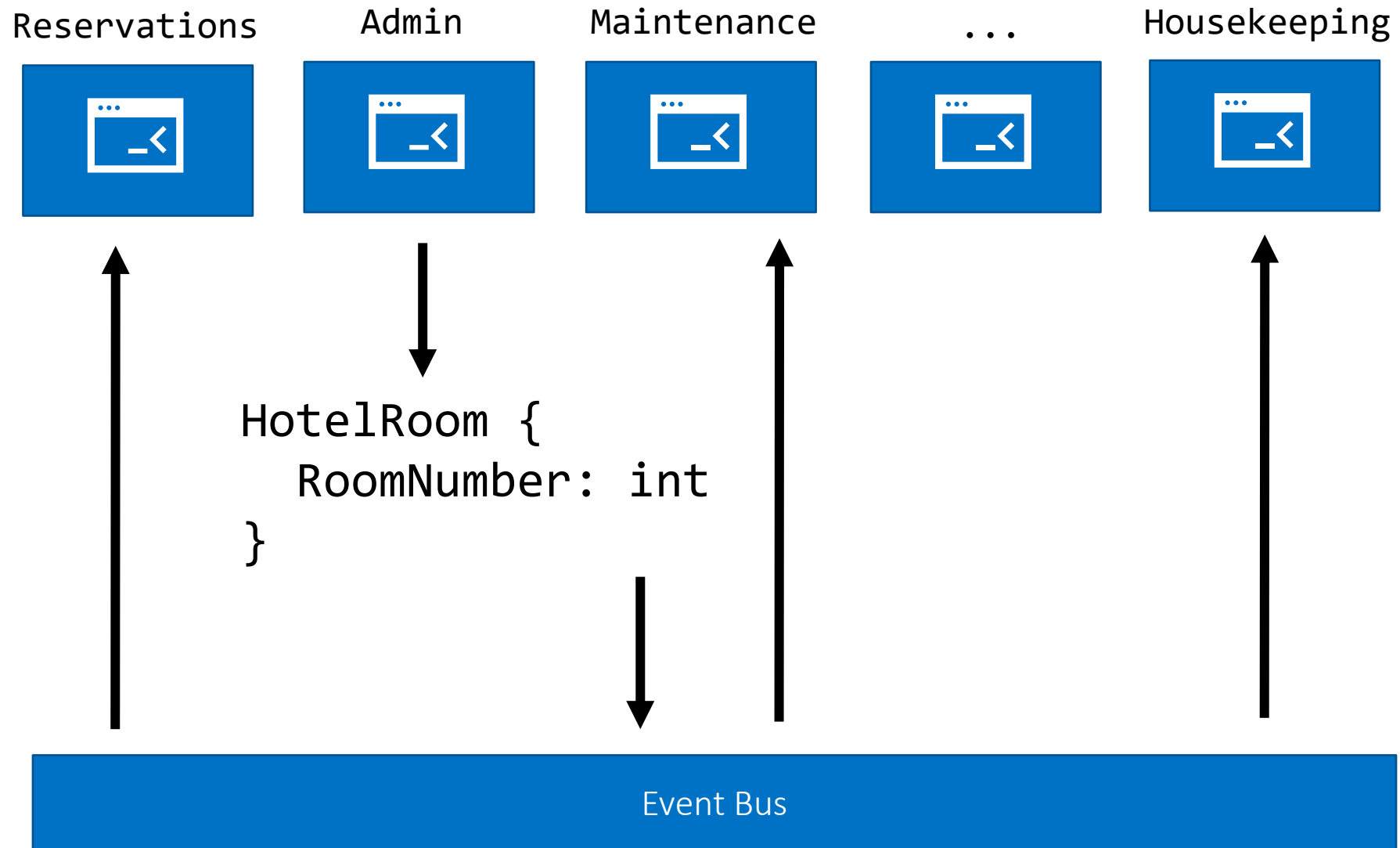
Housekeeping

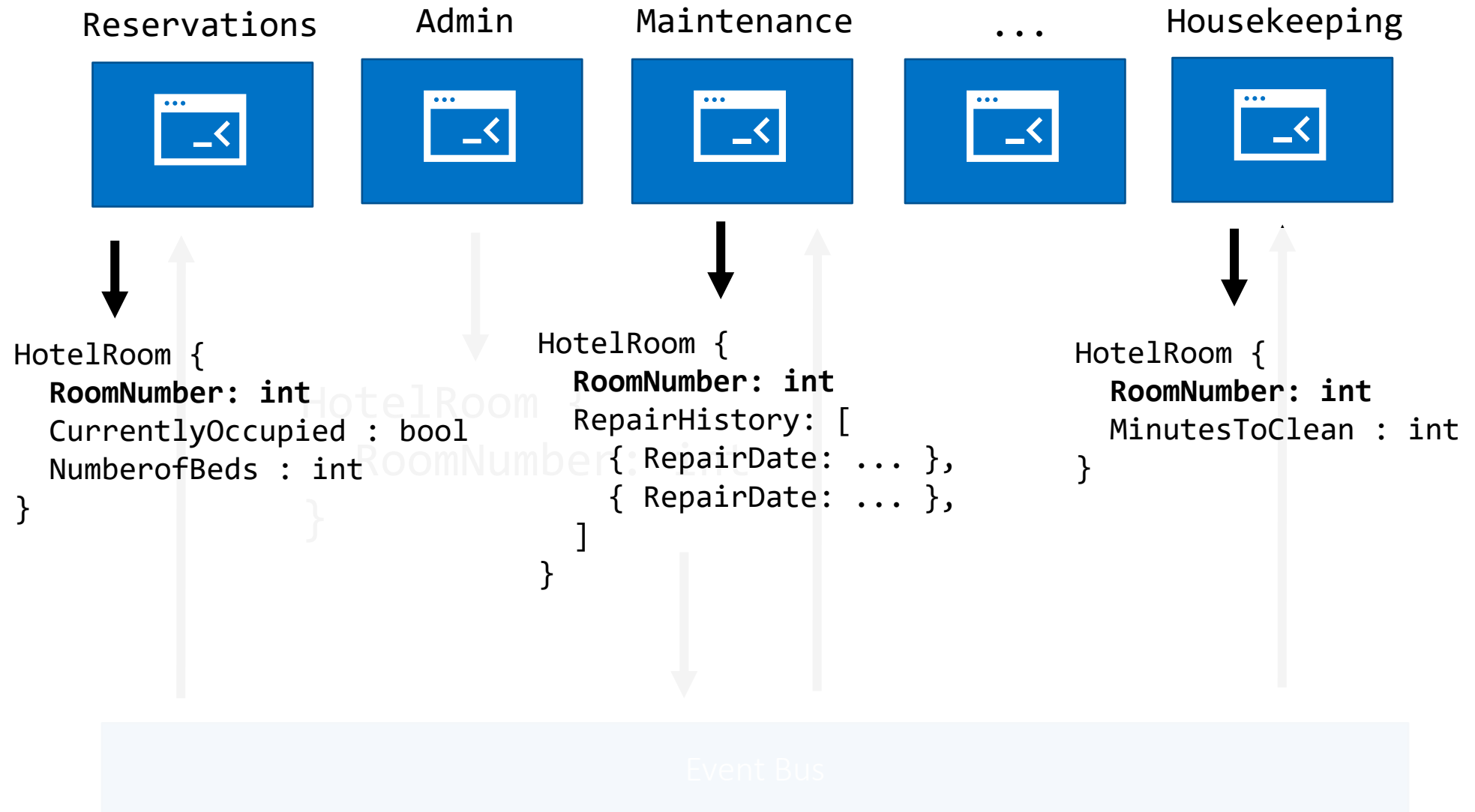


```
HotelRoom {  
    RoomNumber: int  
}
```



Event Bus





Microservices That Are Too Big

Problem #3

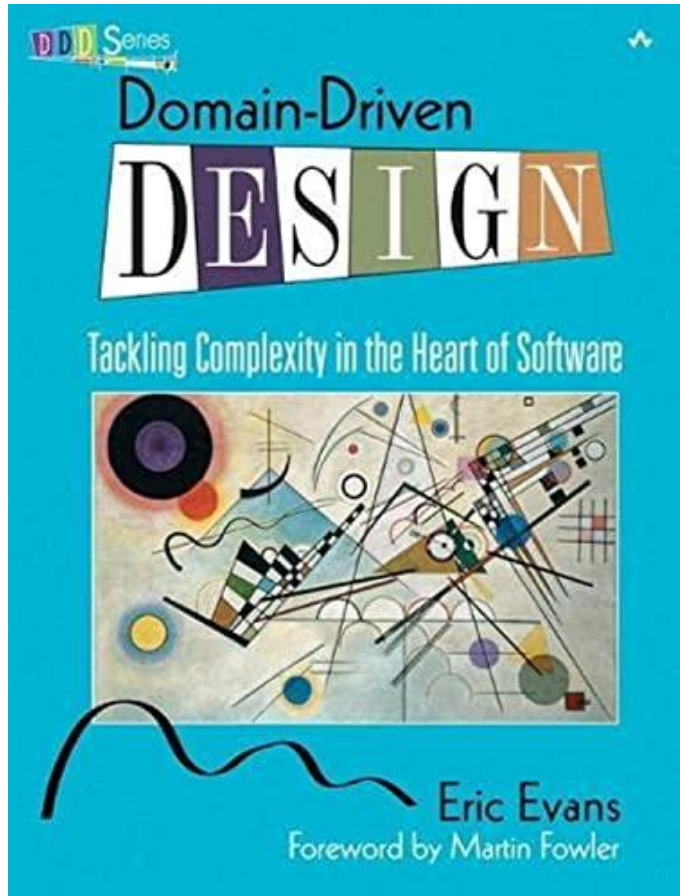
Domain Driven Design (DDD)

Domain

Subdomain

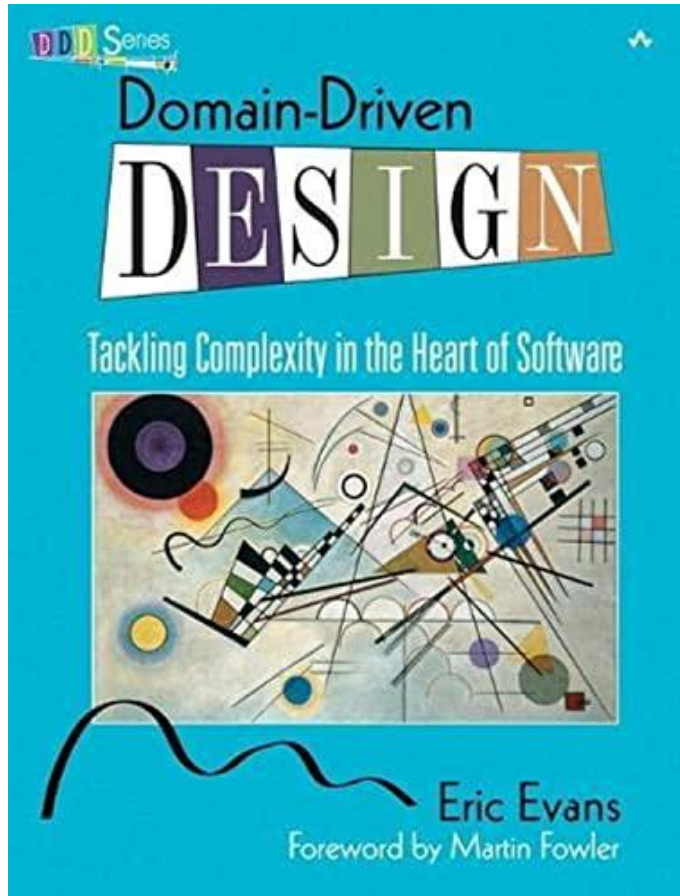
Bounded Context

Domain Driven Design



Domain
Subdomain
Bounded Context

Domain Driven Design



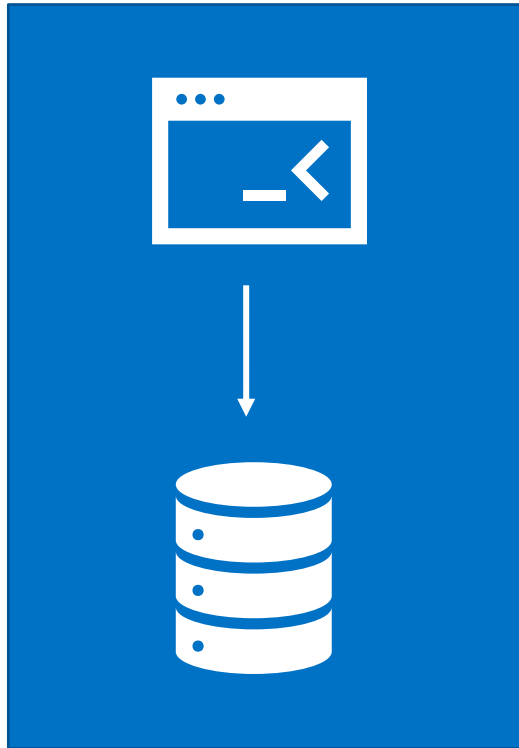
Domain
Subdomain
Bounded Context

***J's SIMPLE RULE: smallest possible
microservices without chatty
communication between services***

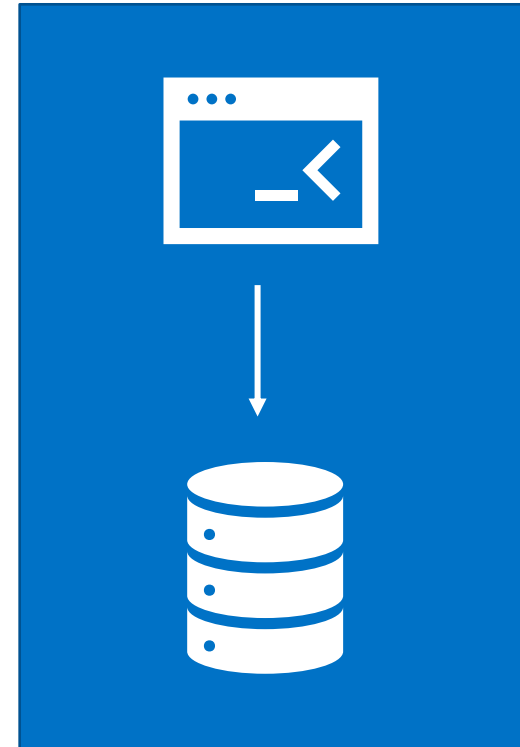
Microservices That Are Too Small

Problem #4

User Log In



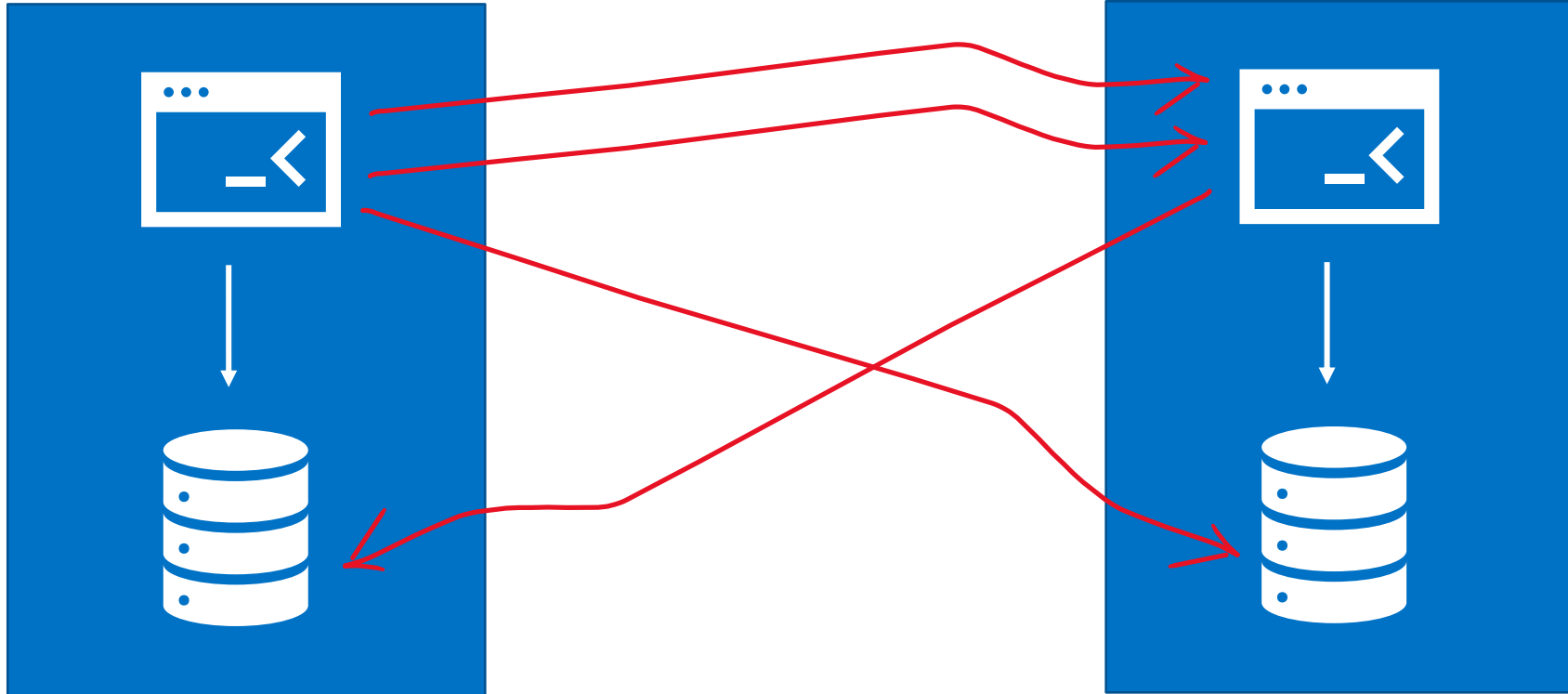
Password Reset



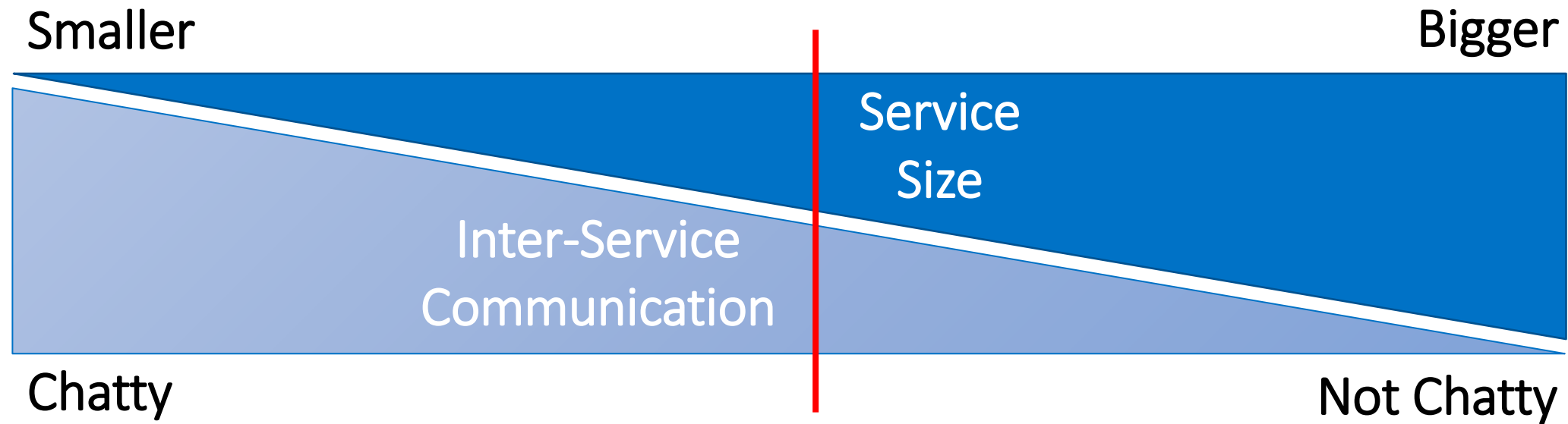
Too chatty

User Log In

Password Reset



Balance



Starting from Scratch

Problem #5

Greenfield is Actually Harder

Easier to partition an existing, "brownfield" system

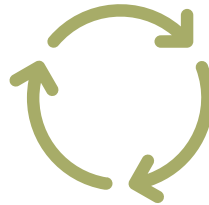
Brownfield → Microservices Advantages:

1. Code and relationships to examine
2. People to talk to who know the system
3. A system that already works
4. Baseline to compare to refactoring

Three “Brownfield” Migration Approaches



Big bang

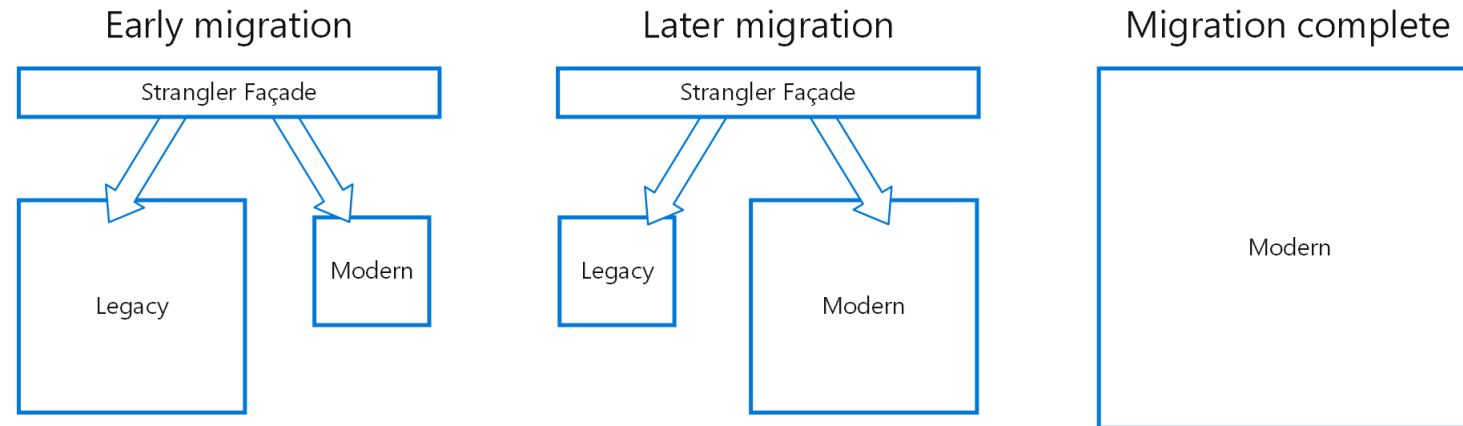


Evolution



“Strangler fig” pattern

Strangler Fig Pattern



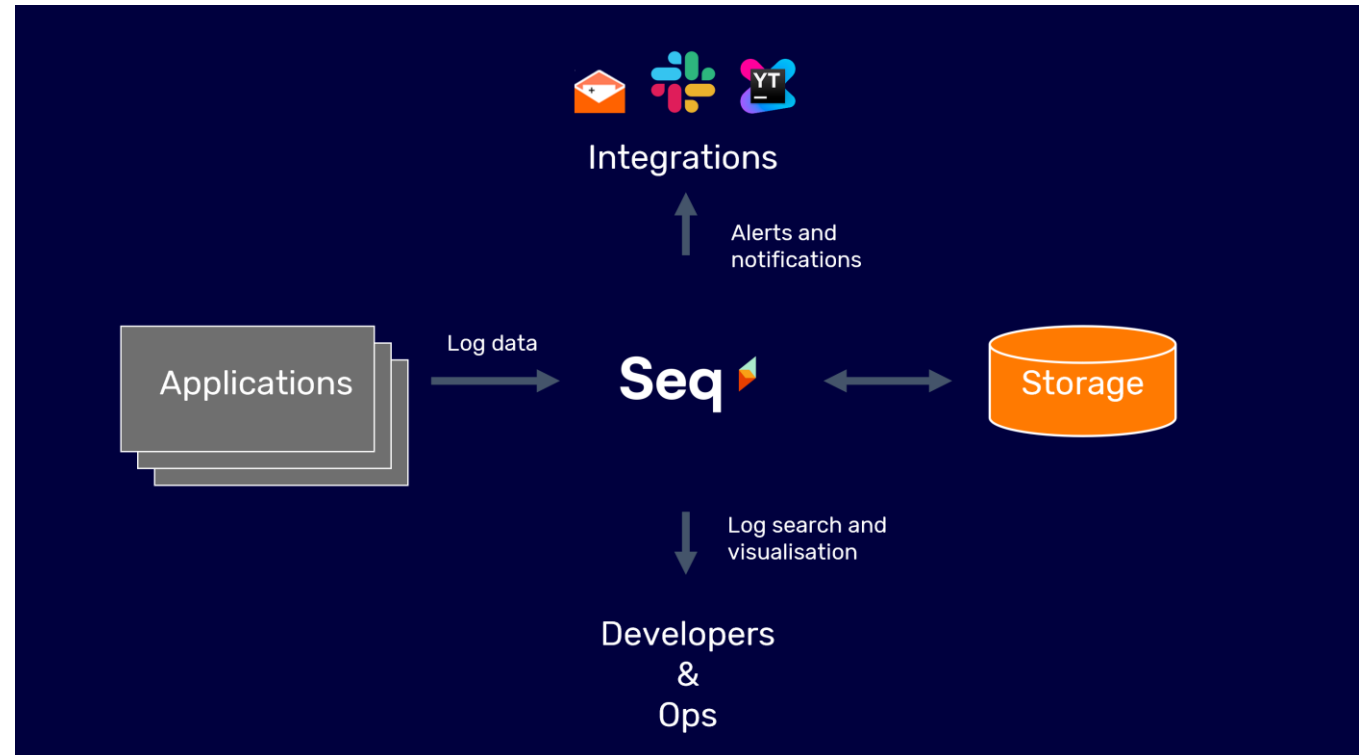
Source: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/patterns/strangler-fig>

Coupling Through Cross-Cutting Concerns

Problem #6

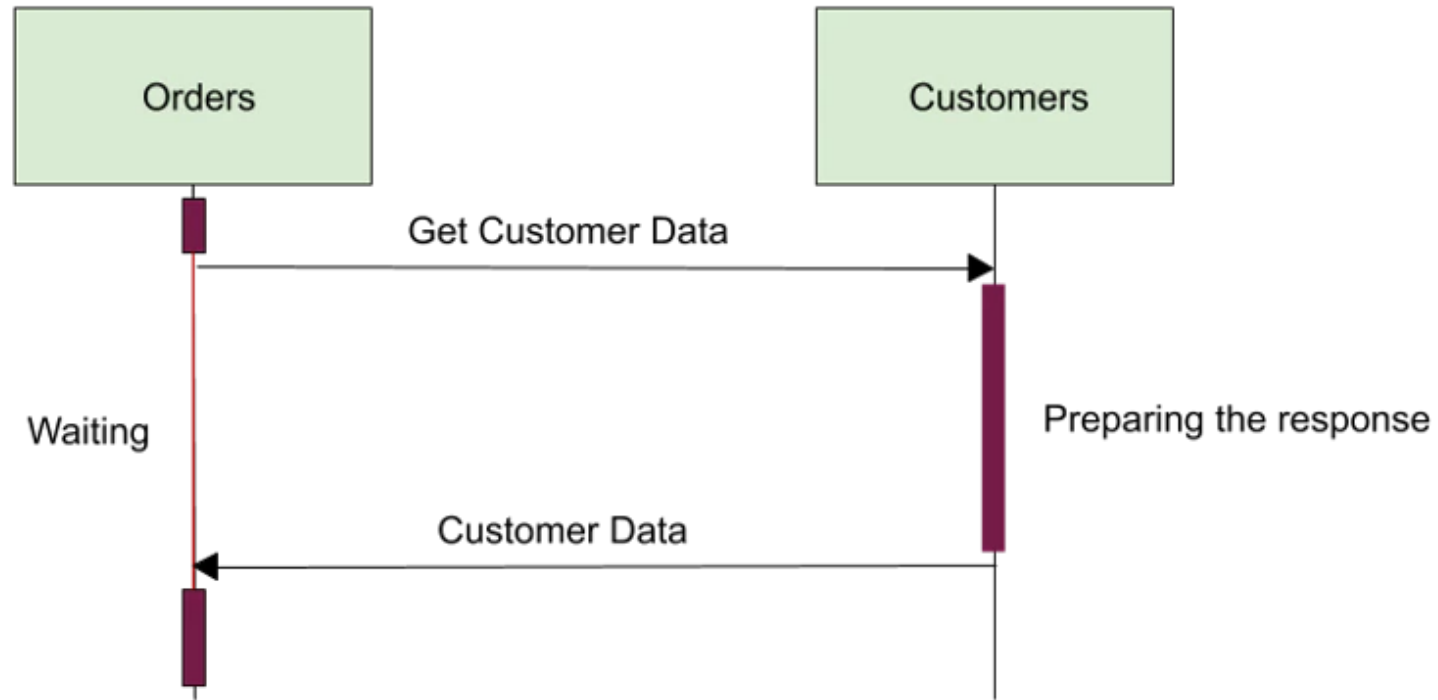
Example: Distributed Logging Is Hard

- Centralized without coupling
- Third party solutions like Seq
 - Seq: “Intelligent search, analysis, and alerting server built specifically for modern structured log data”
 - Supports .NET, Java, NodeJS, Ruby, Go, Python, more.
 - Inherently fault tolerant, embraces eventual consistency

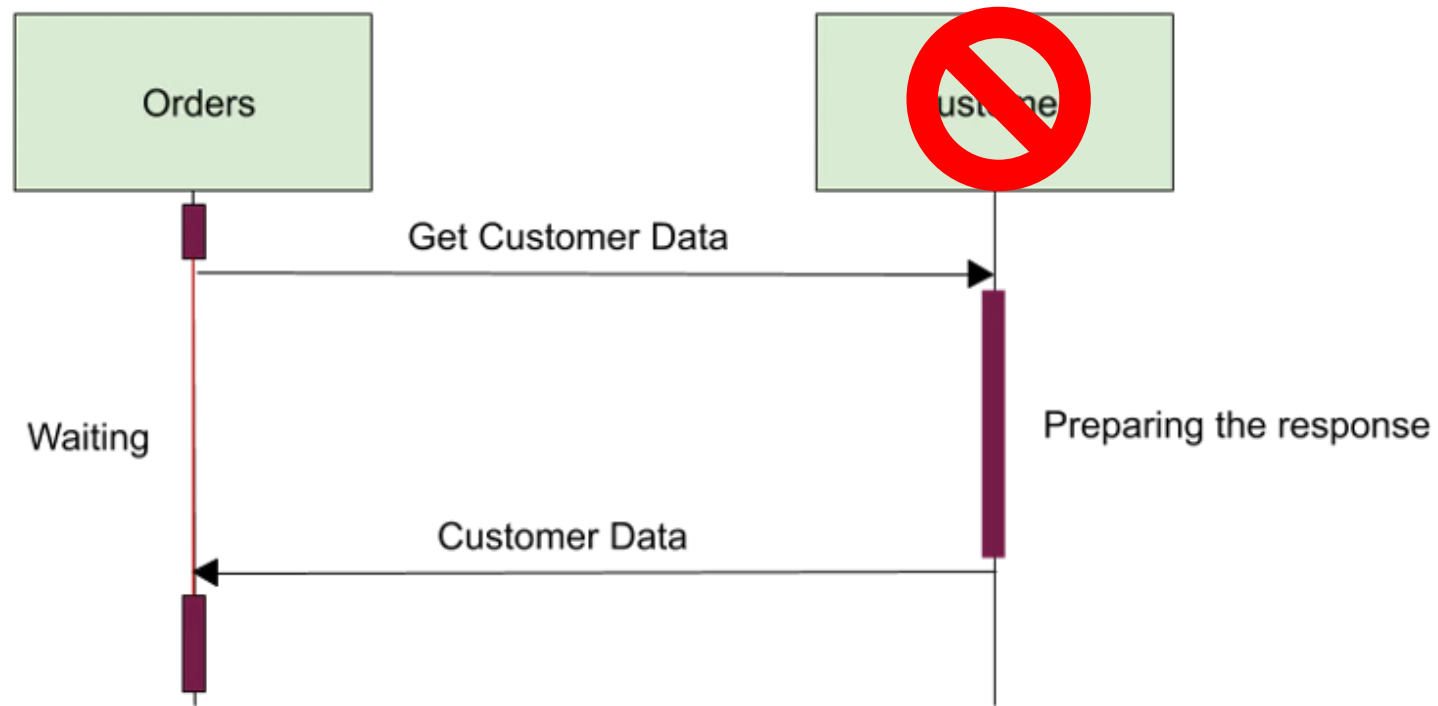


Use of Synchronous Communication

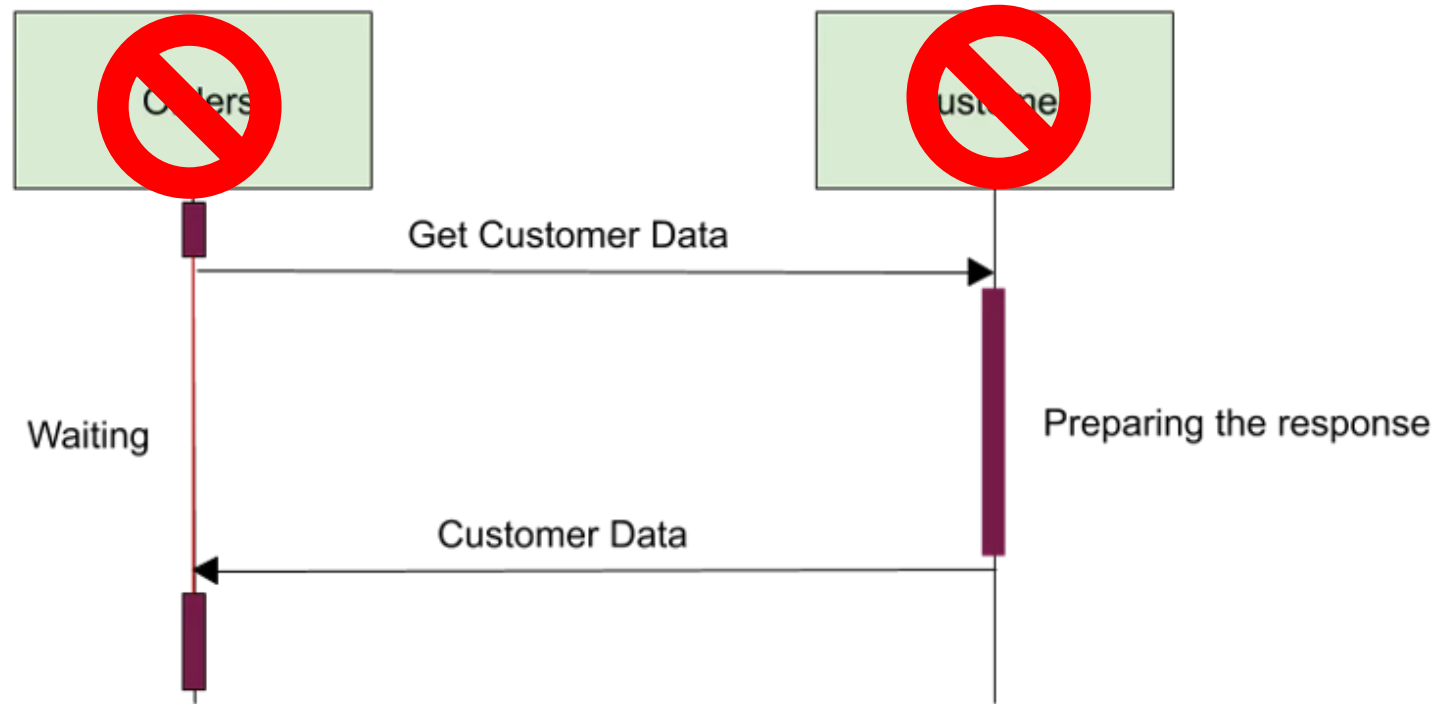
Problem #7



Source: <https://www.capitalone.com/tech/software-engineering/how-to-avoid-loose-coupled-microservices/>



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Source: <https://www.capitalone.com/tech/software-engineering/how-to-avoid-loose-coupled-microservices/>

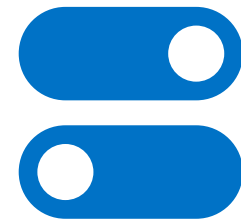
Alternatives to Synchronous Communications



Asynchronous
Service Bus



Asynchronous Polling



Circuit breaker pattern

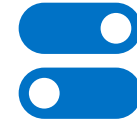
Alternatives to Synchronous Communications



Asynchronous
Service Bus



Asynchronous Polling



Circuit breaker pattern

Breaking Changes to Event Contracts

Problem #8

Rules for Event Changes

01

No new **required** fields, only optional fields (with documented default values).

02

Unrecognized fields are **ignored** (but forwarded)

03

Consumers of optional fields use **default** values when missing

04

When 1-3 cannot be satisfied, it's a **new event** type

Not Automating Build and Release

Problem #9

Prerequisite: Automated Build and Release



Time consuming



Prone to human error

Mismatched Teams

Problem #10

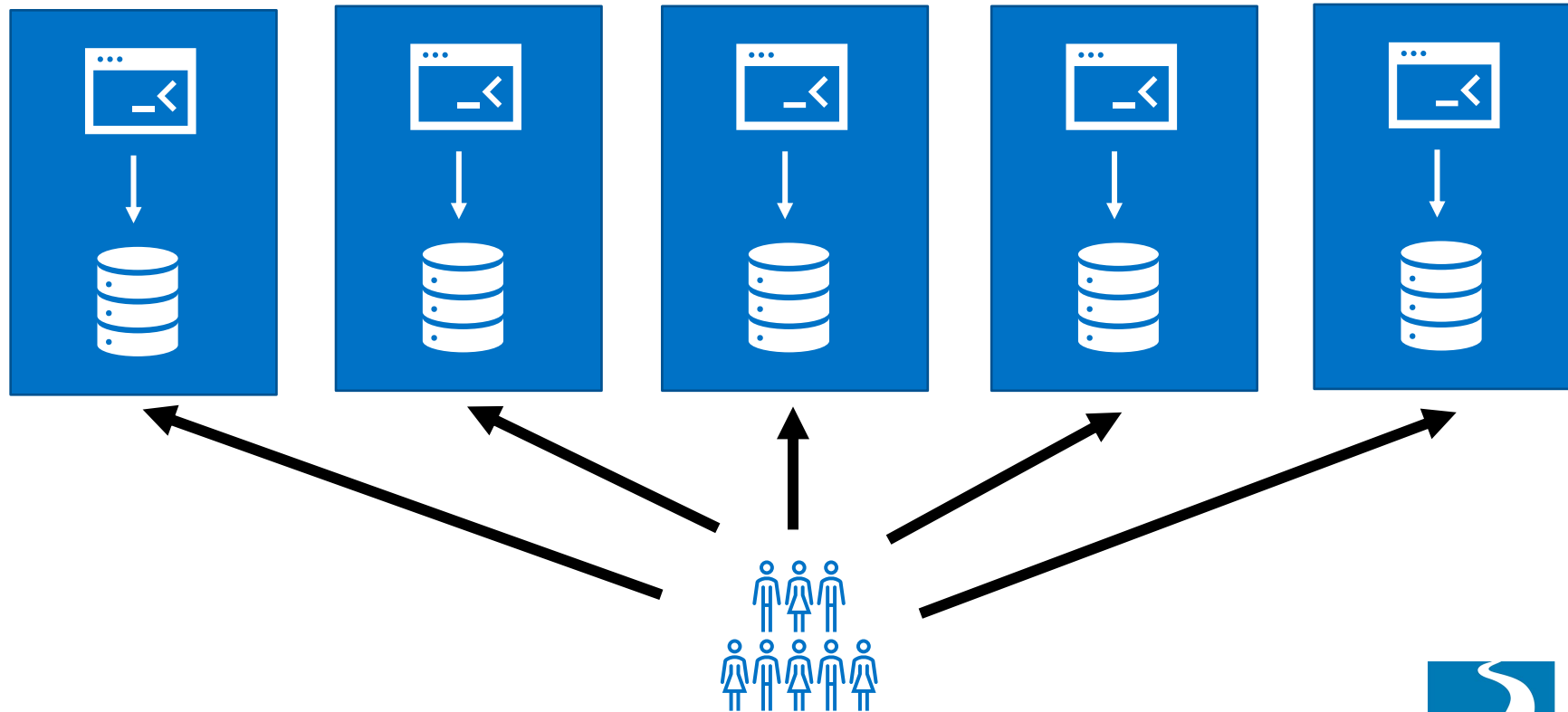
Conway's Law

"Any organization that designs a system (defined broadly) will produce a design whose **structure** is a **copy** of the organization's **communication structure**."

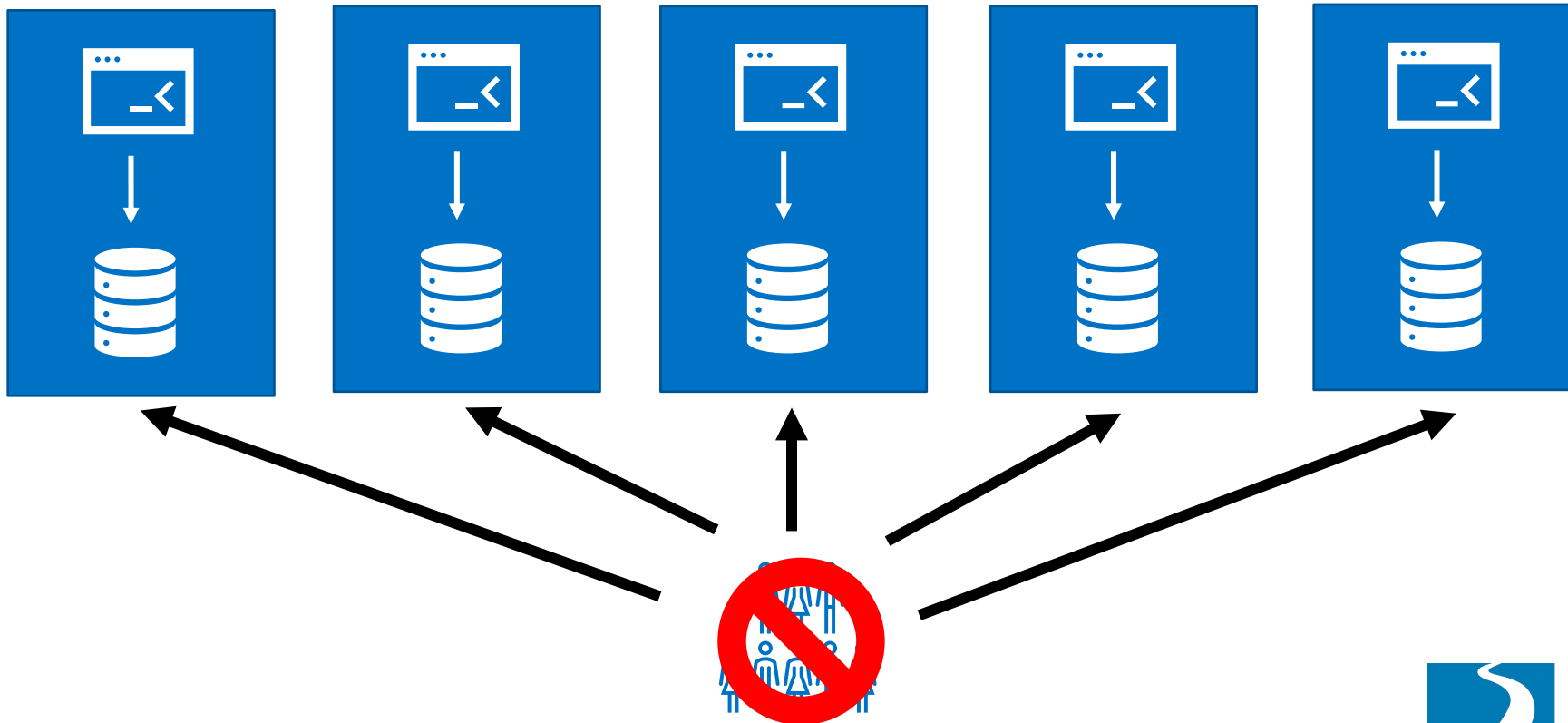
- Melvin E. Conway

IOW: if you have four groups working on a compiler, you'll get a 4-pass compiler.

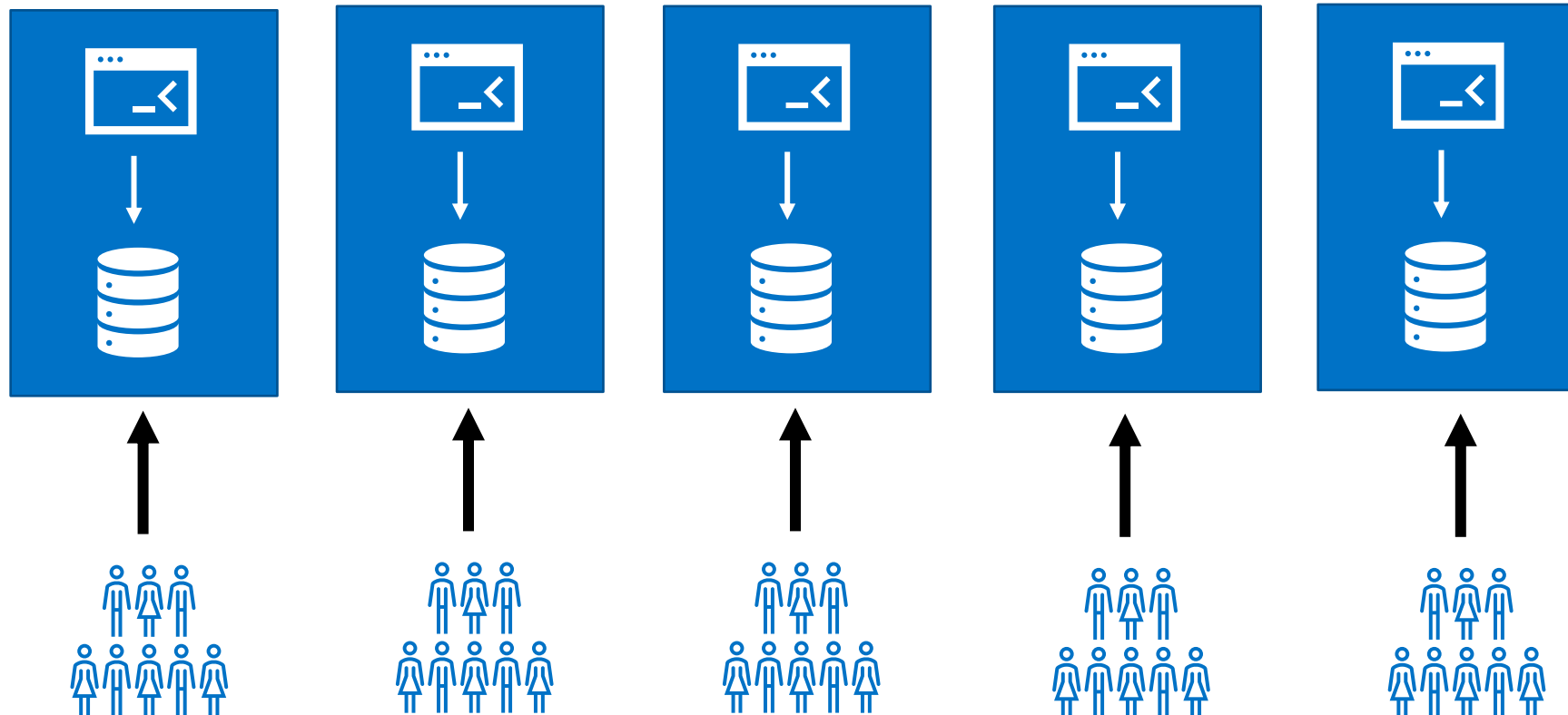
Single Team



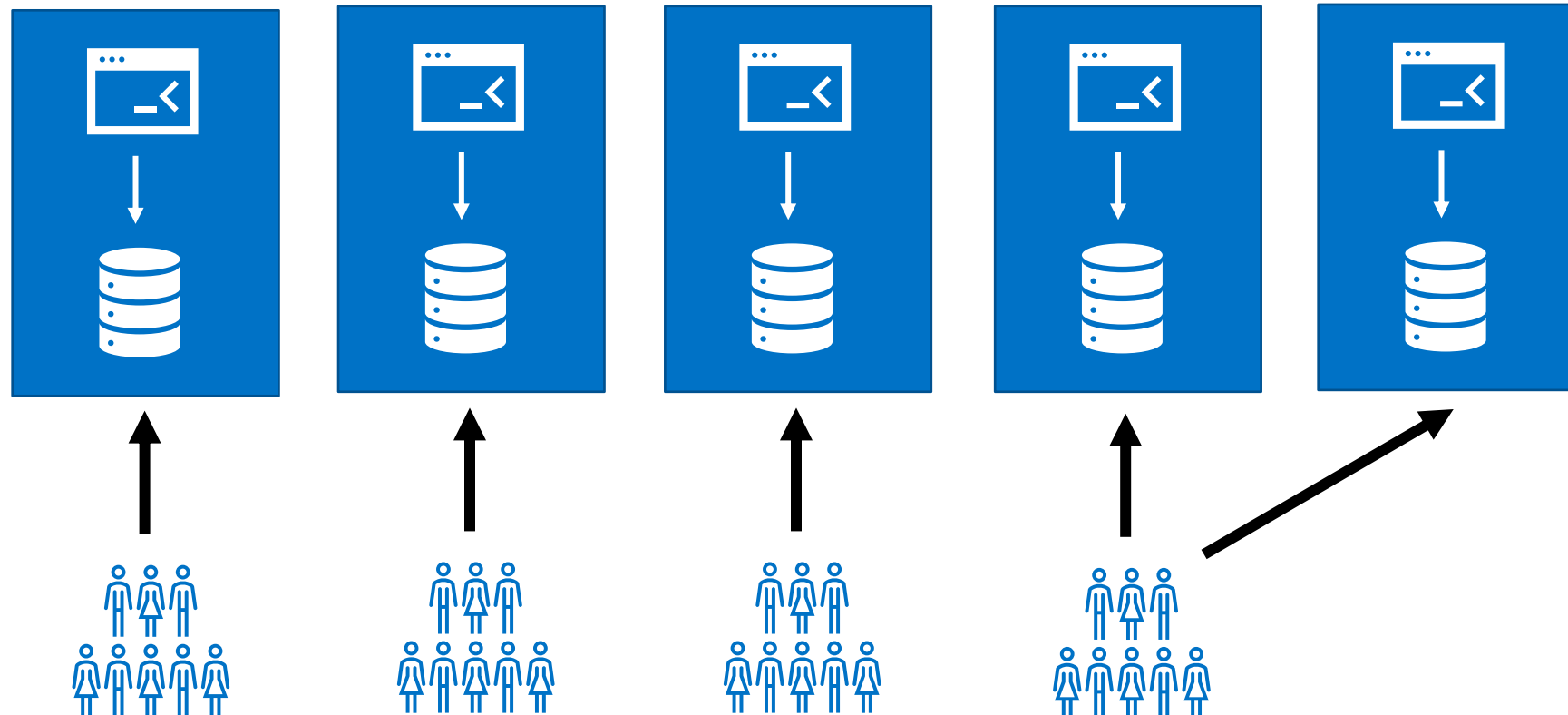
Single Team



Team Per Service



Team Per Service



Summing Up

1. Monoliths can be good too!
2. Only use microservices with “a really good reason”.
3. Consider starting with a monolith.
4. Monolith with a single team; microservices for separate teams.
5. When implementing microservices, avoid the 10 commons pitfalls leading to distributed monoliths.



Thanks! Questions?

Jonathan "J." Tower

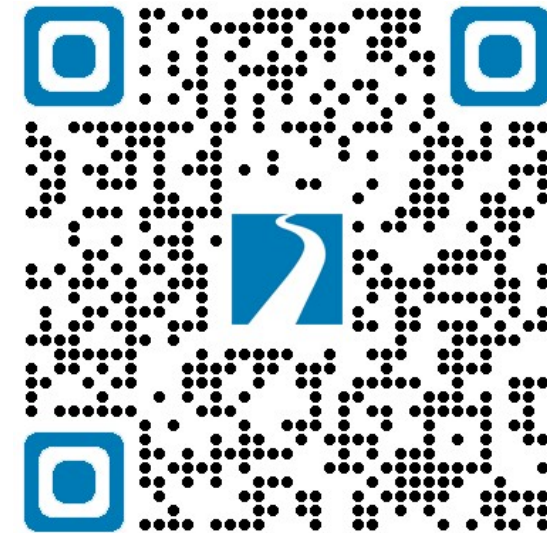
✉ jtower@trailheadtechnology.com

🌐 trailheadtechnology.com/blog

🐦 [jtowermi](https://twitter.com/jtowermi)

<https://github.com/jonathantower/distributed-monolith>

Free Consultation



bit.ly/th-offer