

Multivariate Linear Regression

Linear Regression

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**한 개이상의 Feature로 구성된
데이터를 분석할 때**

식은 많아지지만 여전히 **Cost** 함수의 최적화

$$J(w_0, w_1) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (w_1 x^{(i)} + w_0 - y^{(i)})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_0} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (w_1 x^{(i)} + w_0 - y^{(i)})$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (w_1 x^{(i)} + w_0 - y^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 J(w_0, w_1, \dots, w_n) &= \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (w_1 x_1^{(i)} + w_2 x_2^{(i)} + \dots + w_n x_n^{(i)} + w_0 - y^{(i)})^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_0} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)})$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_1$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_n} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_n$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_n} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_n$$

**Simultaneously
update**

```
for _ in range(iterations):  
    predictions = x.dot(theta)
```

```
    for i in range(theta.size):  
        partial_marginal = x[:, i]  
        errors_xi = (predictions - y) * partial_marginal  
        theta[i] = theta[i] - alpha * (1.0 / m) * errors_xi.sum()
```

```
theta_history.append(theta)  
cost_history.append(compute_cost(x, y, theta))
```

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_n} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_n$$

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for _ in range(iterations):  
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theta_history.append(theta)  
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$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_n} = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) \cdot x_n$$

$$w_n \leftarrow w_n - \alpha \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_n}$$



Human knowledge belongs to the world.