

SCAVENGER

UMassAmherst

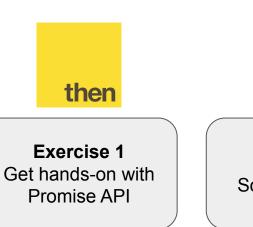
Agenda



Weekly Reminders



Motivate Async Programming





Use Gradescope

Reminders

Get in touch with your team for HW8!

Join the Github repo

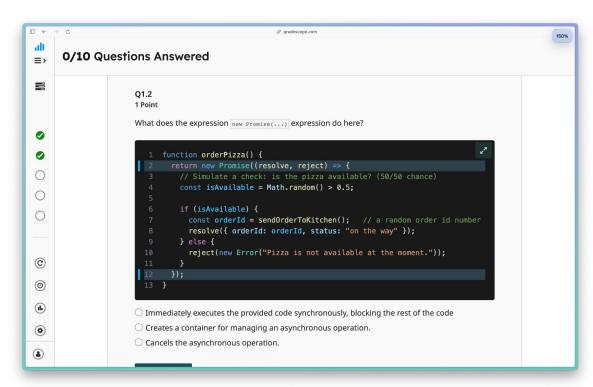
Email mkuechen@umass.edu for team issues

HW8 due 4/30 In two weeks!

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New Lab Format for Today

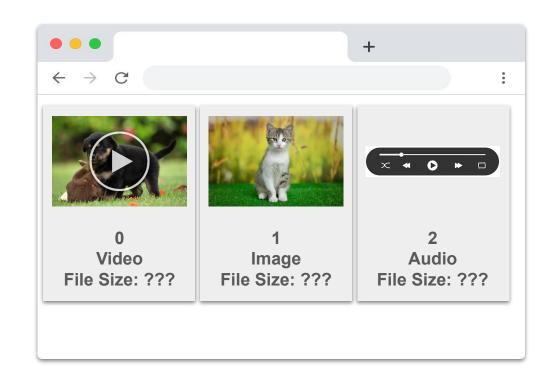
We have some questions on **Gradescope today:**)



Let's say you are developing a browser responsible for displaying three items:

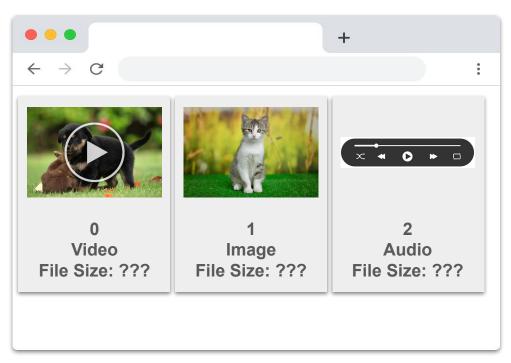
- 1) A video
- 2) An image
- 3) An audio

Goal: Give user best user experience



We have three URLs:

```
1 const urls = [
2   "http://catsanddogs.com/video.mp4",
3   "http://catsanddogs.com/image.png",
4   "http://catsanddogs.com/audio.mp3",
5 ]
```

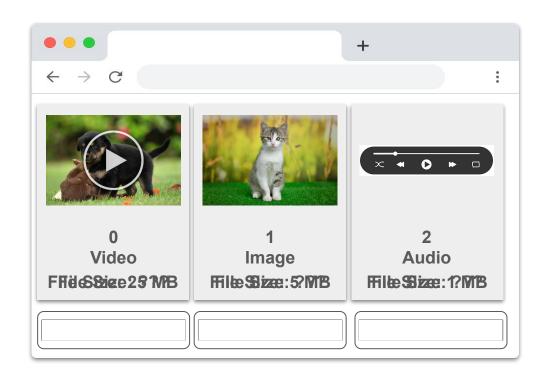


With a basic implementation, we could:

 Download all assets sequentially and then display them all at once to the user

or....

Download an asset and display it sequentially

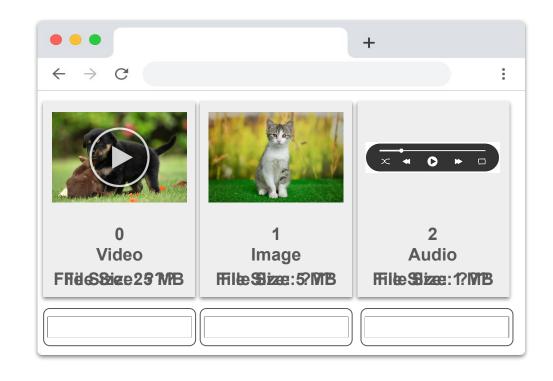


But what if we could start downloading them all at once

AND

Display each right after they finish downloading?

The Promise API lets us do that!



Creating Promises

```
// main.js
const p1 = new Promise((resolve) => {
 // <an operation that takes 10 secs to complete>
  console.log("p1 completed");
});
const p2 = new Promise((resolve) => {
  // <an operation that takes 5 secs to complete>
  console.log("p2 completed");
});
console.log("main.js can continue work here");
```

```
1 // Console
2
3 main.js can continue work here
4 p2 completed
5 p1 completed
```

Resolving Promises

```
// Promises can "resolve" to a value
const p1 = new Promise((resolve) => {
  console.log("p1 completed");
  resolve("p1 resolved");
});
```

What can we do with the fulfillment value?

Resolving Promises

```
// We can chain promises using `.then`
    const p1 = new Promise((resolve) => {
     console.log("p1 completed");
     // NOTE: resolve is a function that
     // accepts the fulfilled value
      resolve("p1 resolved");
    const p2 = p1.then(
     // NOTE: fulfilledValue is the SAME
     // as the value we resolved with
     (fulfilledValue) => {
     console.log(fulfilledValue);
     },
17 // NOTE: p2 is ALSO a promise
```

```
1 // Console
2
3 p1 completed
4 p1 resolved
```

Read the <u>MDN docs</u> for the full specification of Promise.prototype.then

Promises that "reject"

```
// Promises can also "reject" with an error
   const p1 = new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
     console.log("p1 completed");
     reject("p1 rejected");
   });
   const p2 = p1.then(
     (fulfilledValue) => {
       // NEVER runs
       console.log("fulfilledValue:", fulfilledValu
   e);
   ).catch((rejectedValue) => {
     // THIS WILL RUN
     console.log("rejectedValue:", rejectedValue);
16 });
```

```
1 // Console
2
3 p1 completed
4 rejectedValue: p1 rejected
```

Read the MDN docs for the full specification of Promise.prototype.catch

Promise API

Awesome!

We have all the building blocks to get started!

Let's analyze some asynchronous code!

Analyze the behavior of asynchronous code:

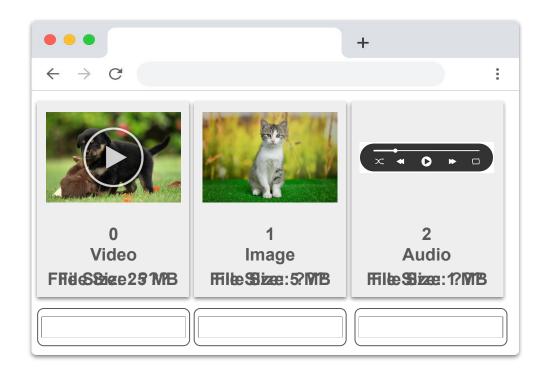
- **Get the starter code** from the website
- Open Exercise 1 in ex1.js
- In your groups, discuss the behavior of the code
- Answer the questions on Gradescope

TAs will walk around to help ensure you are on the right track

Basic Promise API

We know how to:

- Create Promises
- Chain Promises
- Handle rejected Promises
- But how do we start several asynchronous tasks at once and then combine the result?



Combining Promises

Task: Write a function countSucc that accepts an array of promises and returns a Promise that fulfills with the number of successful promises from the input array

```
10 // countSucc: (Promise<T>[]) => Promise<number>
11 function countSucc(promiseArr) { ... }
```

Definition from the docs:

Promise.allSettled(promiseArr): returns a Promise that always fulfills with an array of objects describing the outcome of each input promise: { status: "fulfilled" | "rejected", value?: someType, reason?: errType }

Combining Promises

Task: Write a function countSucc that accepts an array of promises and returns a Promise that fulfills with the number of successful promises from the input array

```
// countSucc: (Promise<T>[]) => Promise<number>
function countSucc(promiseArr) {
   return Promise.allSettled(promiseArr)
   .then(results => results.reduce((acc, e) => {
      if (e.status == 'fulfilled') return acc + 1
            else return acc
   }, 0))
}
```

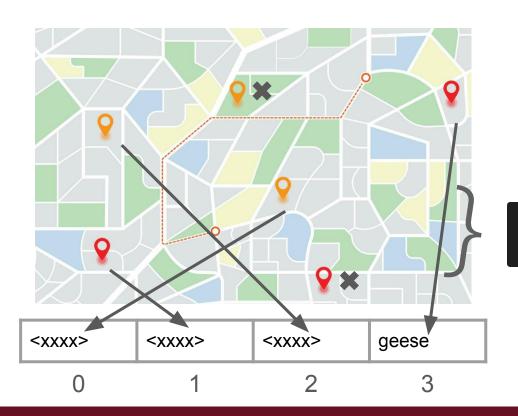
Definition from the docs: Promise.allSettled(promi seArr): returns a Promise that always fulfills with an array of objects describing the outcome of each input promise: { status: "fulfilled" | "rejected", value?: someType, reason?: errType }

Scavenger Hunt!

- You are tasked with the finding a password hidden across campus. Time is limited!
- Use Promise API to search for password pieces in a number of locations asynchronously
- Assemble the password to save the day!



Scavenger Hunt!



```
const promise = searchClueAtLocation("LGRT")
// returns Promise<{ part: "geese", index: 3 }>
```

Scavenger Hunt!

- Get the starter code from the website
- Open Exercise 2 in ex2.js
- In your groups, find the password
- Answer the questions on Gradescope



TAs will walk around to help ensure you are on the right track