

$$1-a) X_I(s) = \int_0^{\infty} 1 e^{-st} dt = \frac{1}{s}, \quad \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$$

$$b) X_I(s) = \int_0^{\infty} (\underbrace{\delta(t+1)}_0 + \underbrace{\delta(t)}_1 + e^{-2(t+3)} u(t+1)) e^{-st} dt$$

$$= 1 + \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2(t+3)} e^{-st} dt = 1 + \frac{e^{-6}}{s+2} \quad \operatorname{Re}(s) > -2$$

$$c) x(t) = \underbrace{8 \cos(\pi t/2) u(t)}_{x_1(t)} * \underbrace{[u(t) - u(t-1)]}_{x_2(t)}$$

$$X_{I_1}(s) = \frac{8s}{s^2 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}}$$

$$X_{I_2}(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{e^{-s}}{s} = \frac{1-e^{-s}}{s}$$

$$X_I(s) = X_{I_1}(s) \cdot X_{I_2}(s) = \frac{8s}{s^2 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \cdot \frac{1-e^{-s}}{s} = \frac{8(1-e^{-s})}{s^2 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \quad \operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$$

$$2) x(t) = e^{st} \quad y(t) = H(s_k) e^{st}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x(t) = e^{2t} \\ y(t) = \frac{1}{6} e^{2t} \end{array} \right\} H(2) = \frac{1}{6} //$$

$$sH(s) + 2H(s) = \frac{1}{s+4} + \frac{b}{s}$$

(s) (s+4)

$$H(s)(s+2) = \frac{s+b(s+4)}{s \cdot (s+4)} \quad H(s) = \frac{s+b(s+4)}{s \cdot (s+4) \cdot (s+2)} \Rightarrow H(2) = \frac{2+b(6)}{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 4}$$

$$H(2) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{2+6b}{2 \cdot 6 \cdot 4} = \frac{1}{6} \quad 2+6b=8 \quad b=1 //$$

$$H(s) = \frac{2(s+2)}{s(s+4)(s+2)} = \frac{2}{s(s+4)} //$$

$$3) a) H(z) = \frac{z^2 - 2z + 4}{(z - \frac{1}{2})(2z^2 + z + 1)} = \frac{z^2 - 2z + 4}{2z^3 + z^2 + z - z^2 - \frac{1}{2}z - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{z^2 - 2z + 4}{2z^3 + \frac{1}{2}z + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}z^{-1} - 1z^{-2} + 2z^{-3}}{1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2} - \frac{1}{4}z^{-3}}$$

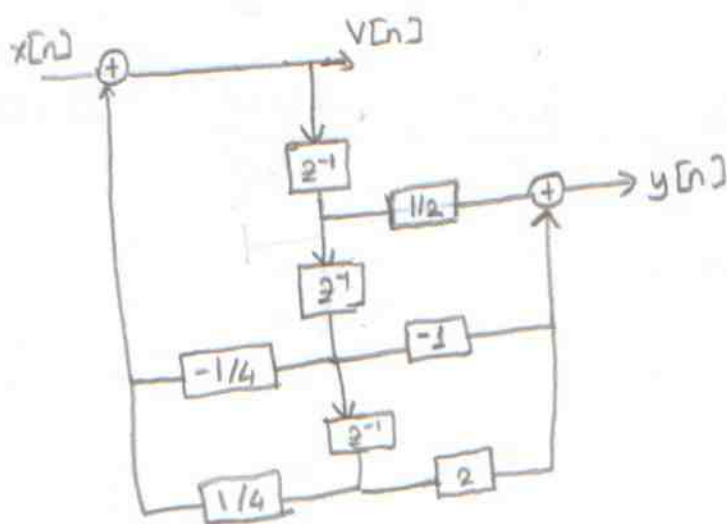
$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{V(z)}{X(z)} \cdot \frac{Y(z)}{V(z)} = \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2} - \frac{1}{4}z^{-3}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2}z^{-1} - 1z^{-2} + 2z^{-3} \right)$$

$$V[n] \left(1 + \frac{1}{4}z^{-2} - \frac{1}{4}z^{-3} \right) = X[n]$$

$$2V[n] = X[n] - \frac{1}{4}V[n-2] + \frac{1}{4}V[n-3]$$

$$Y[n] = V[n] \left(\frac{1}{2}z^{-1} - 1z^{-2} + 2z^{-3} \right)$$

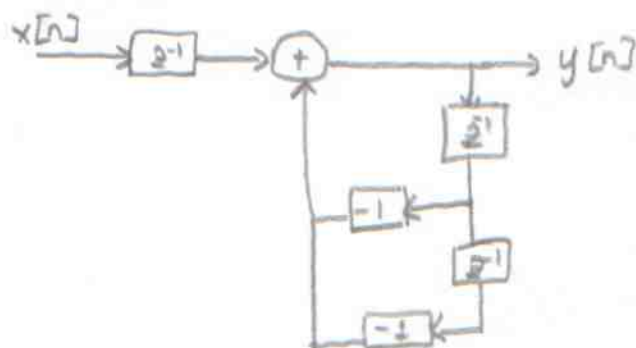
$$Y[n] = \frac{1}{2}V[n-1] - V[n-2] + 2V[n-3]$$



$$b) H(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 + z + 1} = \frac{z^{-1}}{1 + z^{-1} + z^{-2}}$$

$$Y[n] + Y[n-1] + Y[n-2] = X[n-1]$$

$$Y[n] = X[n-1] - Y[n-1] - Y[n-2]$$



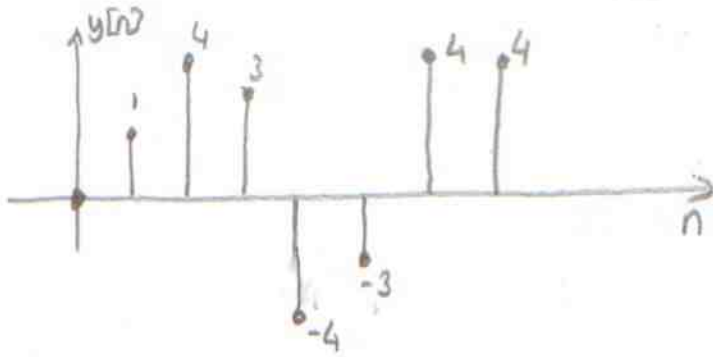
$$4) \quad y(z) = X(z) H(z)$$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] z^{-n} \rightarrow X(z) = 1 + 2z^{-1} - z^{-2} - 2z^{-3} + z^{-4} + 2z^{-5}$$

$$H(z) = z^{-1} + 2z^{-2}$$

$$y(z) = X(z) H(z)$$

$$= z^{-1} + 4z^{-2} + 3z^{-3} - 4z^{-4} - 3z^{-5} + 4z^{-6} + 4z^{-7}$$



$$5) a) \quad H(z) = \frac{2(z+1)}{(z-\frac{1}{3})(z-2)(z-3)} = \frac{A}{z-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{B}{z-2} + \frac{C}{z-3}$$

$$A = \frac{2 \cdot (4/3)}{(-5/3)(-8/3)} = \frac{3}{5} //$$

$$B = \frac{2 \cdot (3)}{(5/3)(-1)} = -\frac{18}{5} //$$

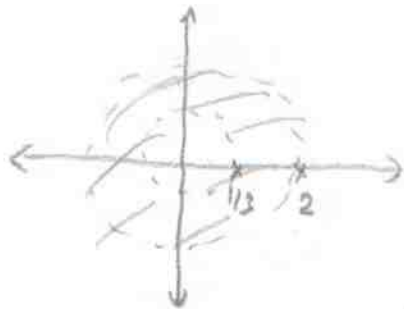
$$C = \frac{2 \cdot (4)}{(8/3)(1)} = 3$$

$\frac{1}{3} < |z| < 2 \rightarrow$ birim çemberi içermelidir

$$h[n] = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u[n] - \left[3(3)^n - \frac{18}{5}(2)^n\right] u[n-1] \quad (7)$$

b) sistem nedensel değildir, kararlıdır. (5)

b)



nedene değil, kararlı

↑
sol taraftı

işaret iğerdigi için

↑

birim çemberi iğerdigi için

(5)

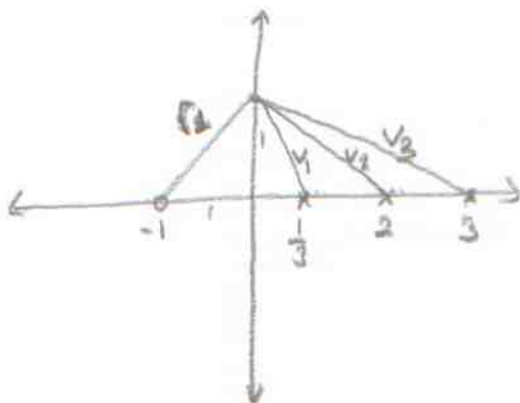
$$c) H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{2(e^{j\omega} + 1)}{(e^{j\omega} - \frac{1}{3})(e^{j\omega} - 2)(e^{j\omega} - 3)}$$

$$|H(e^{j\omega})| = \frac{|2| \sqrt{(\cos \omega + 1)^2 + \sin^2 \omega}}{\sqrt{(\cos \omega - \frac{1}{3})^2 + \sin^2 \omega} \sqrt{(\cos \omega - 2)^2 + \sin^2 \omega} \sqrt{(\cos \omega - 3)^2 + \sin^2 \omega}}$$

$$\angle H(e^{j\omega}) = \arctan\left(\frac{\sin \omega}{\cos \omega + 1}\right) - \left[\arctan\left(\frac{\sin \omega}{\cos \omega - \frac{1}{3}}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\sin \omega}{\cos \omega - 2}\right) + \arctan\left(\frac{\sin \omega}{\cos \omega - 3}\right)\right]$$

$$|H(e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}})| = \frac{|2| \sqrt{1+1}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}+1} \sqrt{10} \sqrt{5}} = \frac{|2| \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{10}{9}} \sqrt{5} \sqrt{10}} = \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{10\sqrt{5}} = 0,379$$

(10)



$$r_1 = \sqrt{1+1} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$v_1 = \sqrt{(\frac{1}{3})^2 + 1} = \sqrt{\frac{10}{9}}$$

$$v_2 = \sqrt{2^2 + 1} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$v_3 = \sqrt{3^2 + 1} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$|H(e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}})| = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\frac{10}{9}} \sqrt{5} \sqrt{10}}$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{2}}{10\sqrt{5}} = 0,379$$