Staunton Spectator.

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Staunton Spectator.

JOS. A. WADDELL, I. WADDELL, Jr., RICHARD MAURY, } Proprietors.

TERMS.

☞ *The "SPECTATOR" is published once a week at Two Dollars and fifty Cents a year, which must be discharged by the payment of Two Dollars at any time within the year. No subscription will be discontinued but at the option of the Editors, until all arrearages are paid.*

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WILLIAM LANAHAN. JAMES STEWART.

LANAHAN & STEWART,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Brandies, Wines, Gin, Cigars, &c.,

Nos. 53 & 55 S. Calvert Street,

BALTIMORE.

FOREIGN WINES AND LIQUORS.

COGNAC BRANDY, Pale and Dark. { Pinet, Castillon & Co. Otard, Dupuy & Co. James Hennessy.

HOLLAND GIN, JAMAICA RUM, IRISH WHISKEY, SCOTCH do. PEACH BRANDY, CHERRY BRANDY, LAVENDER do. RASPBERRY do. BLACKBERRY do. WINE BITTERS. EXTRA FINE OLD MONONGAHELA & BOURBON WHISKEY, from 2 to 5 years old.

MADEIRA, PORT, TENERIFFE, SHERRY, LISBON, MUSCAT, MALAGA, CHAMPAGNE & CLARET. HAVANA CIGARS of all grades. } WINES. Choice & Old.

Feb. 25, 1857.—1yr.

PAPER HANGINGS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

HOWELL & BROTHERS,

No. 260 Baltimore Street,

(Opposite Hanover street,)

BALTIMORE,

TAKE great pleasure in announcing to their friends and the public generally, that they are now in their New Store, where they offer the richest and most desirable Stock of PAPER HANGINGS AND BORDERS ever offered in this city.

The Stock embraces French and our own manufacture, in great variety, and of all the different grades.

☞ *Wholesale Dealers* supplied on favorable terms.

☞ Orders from the country punctually attended to.

Feb. 25, 1857.—1yr.

AMERICAN HOTEL, STAUNTON, VA.

MRS. MARY A. BROWN, Proprietress.

THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open for the reception and accommodation of visitors.

The Proprietress assures the public that every effort will be made to please her guests.

The Stages of HARMAN, BROWN & CO., arrive and depart from this Hotel, where their only office is to be found.

Staunton, Jan. 28, 1857.—tf.

JOHN TYLER. WM. H. TYLER. (Formerly of Scottsville.)

TYLER & SON,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

126 Cary Street, RICHMOND, VA.

SOLICIT consignments of Tobacco, Flour, Wheat, Corn, Butter, and Country Produce generally, to the sale of which, and selection of goods ordered, their senior partner, John Tyler, (with a business experience of over 30 years,) will give his personal attention. [Richmond, Jan. 14, 1857. 1yr.

FERGUSSON, MURPHY & CO.,

WHOLESALE

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 121 Lombard Street,

BALTIMORE.

AGENTS for the sale of *Leaf Tobacco, Grain, Provisions, and Country Produce generally.*

Liberal inducements made on consignments. A well selected stock of Groceries, Teas, Wines, Brandies and Liquors, always on hand.

March 4, 1857.—3mos.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

WOODWARD & NEWMAN,

Proprietors.

GEORGE J. SCAMMELL, *Superintendent.*

GEO. W. ROBERTSON, B. FRANK EAGLE, } Clerks.

Feb. 11, 1857.

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE.—*W. T. MOUNT* is now in receipt of a *large and well selected Stock of GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, FRUITS, &c.*, to which he respectfully invites the attention of the public, feeling assured he can offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS to purchase of him, if they will call and examine his Stock.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.

JOHN FISHER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 10 Twelfth St., RICHMOND, VA.

☞ *Particular attention paid to receiving and forwarding Produce, Merchandise, &c.*

Richmond Dec 17, 1856.—6mo.

J. M. HANGER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, STAUNTON, VA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts held in Staunton, and in the Circuit Courts of Albemarle and Rockingham. Office in the brick row, in the rear of the Court-house.

Nov. 19, 1856.—1yr.

VESTINGS.—We especially invite gentlemen to examine our stock of Fancy Silk, Satin, Silk Velvet and Marcilles Vestings before purchasing elsewhere.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, April 22, '57.

JOHN. H. ROYALL, of Richmond. C. J. SNODGRASS, of Botetourt.

ROYALL & SNODGRASS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb. 22, 1857.—1y.

FISH—FISH.—Just received and for sale low, 50 Barrels of No. 1 Clipped Herring as well as other fish.

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 22, 1857.

COTTON YARNS.—200 lbs Cotton Yarns, from No. 5 to 16, for sale by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29, 1857.

WM. A. STERRETT, MERCHANT TAILOR, invites attention to his assortment of Fall Goods, which he has now on hand.

Staunton, Oct. 17, 1856.

ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, of superior quality, on hand and for sale by

B. & J. S. CRAWFORD.

Staunton, Feb. 27, 1856.—tf.

FINE TEAS.—A full assortment of the finest Green and Black Teas that has ever been brought to this market.

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29, 1857.

HATS.—HATS.—Hats of all styles, qualities and sizes, in Cassimere, Beaver, Cashmerette and Straw, sold cheap at

J. POLLITZ'S Clothing House.

Staunton, April 15, 1857.

GLASS, GLASS.—A large lot of Window Glass, of various sizes, for sale by

LAIRD & LINE, Druggists & Chemists.

Staunton, Va.

Feb. 11, 1857.

FURNISHING GOODS.—A large assortment of Furnishing Goods, of the best materials, always on hand and sold low at

J. POLLITZ'S Clothing House.

Staunton, April 15, 1857.

CHURNS.—Thermometers and Barrel Churns of all sizes for sale by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29, 1857.

AFRICAN GUANO. A full supply of this valuable fertilizer, just received and for sale by

FOWLE & CO.

Alexandria, March 18, 1857.

MEXICAN GUANO.—"A A" and "A" MEXICAN GUANO always on hand and for sale by

FOWLE & CO.

Alexandria, March 18, 1857.

JUST RECEIVED, A selection of GRACE HOOPS, BATTLEDORES, &c. For sale low by

WM. T. MOUNT.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.

FRENCH CORSETTS. Just received and for sale by

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER.

Staunton, April 22, 1857.

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 lbs. of nice Maple Sugar for sale by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29, 1857.

LEATHER.—25 sides Sole Leather for sale by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29 1857.

STONE WARE.—A full assortment of Stone Ware for sale by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29, 1857.

POETRY.

The Viewless River.

Across life's sunny track
A viewless river flows it dark and deep
Onward and onward still its waters sweep,
And never move come back;
And hushed as shadows o'er its silent foam,
Millions and millions every hour go home;
They go and come no more.
They stand beside us on life's flowery hill—
Their hearts and ours with love's warm pulses thrill;
But when the day is over
Our precious ones are from our pathway gone,
Their hearts are still, but ours are beating on.

Who has not seen them go?
Who has not held their hands with love's fond touch,
And wildly prayed that what was prized so much
Might still be left below?
Who has not met the eyes last loving beam
As o'er their bosoms closed the viewless stream?
Some loved one's cheek, whose heart is cold to-day?
Who has not seen a dear face yesterday
Whose smile to-day is missed?
Who has not heard light footsteps on the floor
And clasped warm hands that now they clasp no more?

And we, how close we stand
Upon the borders of that hidden stream,
Gazing across its waves as in a dream,
Into the shadowy land.
Upon whose shores our spirit-feet must tread
With all the silent armies of the dead!

We know not when our feet
May press the billows of that viewless stream;
A breath of air, a little passing dream,
And life and death shall meet;
And we shall sink beneath the unseen foam,
And sleep a dreamless sleep and wake at home.

Staunton. LILLY BELL.

MISCELLANY.

A Good Story.

A number of politicians, all of whom were seeking office under government were scattered on the tavern porch talking, when an old toper, named D——, came up to them. Now, said D—— is a person who is very loquacious when corned, but exactly opposite when sober. At the present time being "tight," he said if the company had no objections he would tell them a story. They told him to "fire away," whereupon he spoke as follows:

A certain king—don't recollect his name—had a philosopher, upon whose judgment he always depended. Now it so happened that one day the king took it into his head to go a hunting, and after summoning his nobles and making all necessary preparations, he summoned his philosopher and asked him if it would rain.—The philosopher told him it would not, and he and his nobles departed. While journeying along they met a countryman mounted on a jack ass;—he advised them to return, for, said he, it will certainly rain. They smiled contemptuously on him and passe on. Before they had gone many miles, however, they had reason to regret not having taken the rustic's advice, as a heavy shower came up and they were drenched to the skin. When they had returned to the palace, the king reprimanded the philosopher severely for telling him it would be clear when it was not. "I met a countryman," said he, "and he, knows a great deal more than you, for he told me it would rain, whereas you told me it would not."

The king then gave the philosopher his walking paper, and sent for the countryman, who made his appearance. "Tell me," said the king, "how you knew it would rain." "I didn't know," said the rustic, my jackass told me. And now, pray, tell me how you?" the king asked in astonishment. "By pricking up his ears, your majesty." The king now sent the countryman away; procuring the jackass he placed him in the office the philosopher had filled. And here, observed D——, looking very wise, here is where the king made a mistake. "How so?" inquired his auditors. Why ever since that time, said D——, with a grin on his phiz, every jackass wants an office.

MORE FACTS FOR LOVERS OF THE ARDENT.—Dr. Hiram Cox, Chemical Inspector of liquors for Hamilton county, Ohio, it seems is still prosecuting his interesting investigations, and recently wrote a letter to one of the Cincinnati papers, the contemplation of which must be pleasant to those fond of indulging occasionally in a little "pure liquor." He says that he was not long since invited to take a drink in one of the most fashionable and popular drinking places in that city, and happening to have some test paper in his pocket, before tasting he concluded to test its purity, and, in presence of his friends, dipped it in a small quantity which he had poured out in a glass, and it had no sooner touched the liquor than it turned from a beautiful blue to a scarlet red. This scarlet red, he says, he has generally found, when he had an opportunity for investigation, to be *Sulphuric Acid* or *Oil of Vitriol*. Such, he declares, is the character of a great deal of liquor now on sale. He says, also, that he recently inspected samples of the entire distilled or light liquors of a considerable store in that city, and of ten different articles of liquors, he found but two to be what their names purported. In some, he found, by applying the various chemical tests, *Prussic Acid, Sulphuric Acid, Nitric Æther, Acetic Æther, &c.*, while in others he found *Chloroform, Pepper, Sulphuric Acid, Copper* in great abundance, and in one *Strychnine*; highly flavored and high per centage Brandies, with one or the other of the above poisonous drugs, and indeed several of them, and not one characteristic of *Brandy*, and Corn Whiskey with a bundance of *Fusil Oil*, as a basis, with the above articles added.

Model Certificates.

It is astonishing what cures are sometimes effected by good medicine. Listen to the following certificate concerning the Granicular Syrup, and matchless Balsam:

Dear Doctor:—I will be 175 years old next October. For 94 years I have been an invalid, unable to stir, except when moved by a lever; but a year ago last Thursday I heard of the Granicular Syrup. I bought a bottle, smelt the cork, and found myself a new man. I can now run twelve and a half miles an hour, and throw nineteen double somersets without stopping.

P. S.—A little of your Alicumtotum Salve applied to a wooden leg, reduced a compound fracture in nineteen minutes, and is covering the limb with a fresh cuticle of white gum nine park.

DEAR SIR—The land composing my farm has hitherto been so poor that a Scotchman could not get his living off it; and so stony that we had to slice potatoes and plant them edge-ways; but hearing of your Balsam, I put some on the corner of a ten acre lot, surrounded by a rail fence, and in the morning I found the rock had entirely disappeared, a neat stone wall encircled the field, and the rails were split into oven wood and piled up symmetrically in my back yard.

I put half an ounce into the middle of a huckleberry swamp—in two days it was cleared off, planted with corn and pumpkin, and a row of peach trees in full blossom through the middle.

During the celebrating at Jamestown, while the ceremonies were proceeding, a temporary gloom was cast over them by the finding of the body of a young man who was drowned while skating, last winter, on a creek which runs across the island. The body was almost in a complete state of preservation. The skates yet remained attached to his boots, and his clothing was injured but little. The body was recognized, and removed by the friends of the deceased.

Aunt "Tom," (Mrs. Stowe) arrived at Rome early in April. We shall hear by the next steamer, we presume, whether she "kissed the Pope's toe," or the Pope kissed Harriet Beecher Stowe. It is a matter of serious reflection with us, which we should prefer to do.—*New Haven Register.*

Flowers for Farmers.

Flowers for farmers! What have they to do with such things? Of what use are they? They will not help us pay for that new ten acre lot, nor to buy that new carriage and harness, nor to get that new sofa and carpet for the parlor. No, no, let the flowers go. Drive the plow, and hoe, and scythe, sharpen the axes and let us cut down all the old forest trees in sight, which do nothing but shade the highway and the pastures, and had much better be turned into bank bills. And those useless posy bushes barsh have got in the front yard had better be grubbed up and currant bushes set in their place, or some kind of vegetable grown there, something, at least, that will help to feed the family. Then, perhaps, we shall get on.

Please, Sir, not quite so fast. Possibly you have not thought enough about this matter on all sides. Let us take it up and air it a little.—Brother farmer, what do you live for? What is the great object of your thoughts and labor? If it is not the highest and best of all objects, viz: to be right, and to do right toward God and man; perhaps it is the next best thing, viz: to be happy yourself, and to make others so. Well, does it make you really happy to deck your sad family rational enjoyments, to strip your house within and without of every luxury and ornament, in order that you may lay up a few more dollars and cents? If so, then hang up your harness in your wife's parlor, and turn your daughter's flower beds into a kitchen garden, and *enjoy yourself!*

But if this can possibly make you happy, it will hardly be so with others. See your little children wandering about the premises, searching for flowers; they are never so happy as when they find a buttercup or violet. Should not that simple and natural taste be gratified? If they had a little garden of their own, where they might dig, and plant, and water, and indulge all sorts of childish fancies, would they not be happier, and would they not in after years have pleasanter recollections of their childhood's home, and tender recollections of you? They *must* have amusements of some kind; would you not rather they should be innocent and healthful? You wish them to be happy and contented at home: should you not try to make their home attractive? Indulge in them such tastes as will make them happy there. Set them yourself an example in these things. Encircle the homestead with shade trees planted by your kind your sons' hands.

Devote a small—we should like to say a *large*—space around the front of your house to shrubbery and flowering plants arranged by your wife's and daughter's tastes. And let these things come into your plans and your conversation every year, as things of real interest and value. You will, then, have no occasion to exhort your children to be happy at home. Their father's house will be their joy and pride. And whenever the times come for them to go, one after another, to form new homes for themselves, they will leave you with fond regret, and their new homes will be patterned after the old.

Well, well, Mr. Editor, enough said: I must have such a home, whether I get rich or not.—Now, please tell me just how to begin, for I have hardly thought of these things before.

We have already told you, in general terms; but to be more particular, take a few suggestions but to be more particular. Plant the roads leading to your house with double rows of forest trees. The maple, ash, elm, basswood—what can be better? Set a few in groups here and there in your pasture lots: what finer sight from your door step than your flocks lying at noon beneath their shade? Lay out a generous piece of ground on the front, and one side of your house, for ornamental purposes, and surround it with a neat, low fence or hedge. Grade it smooth, and sow it with red top grass seed and white clover—the orchard grass and red clover are better, as you know, for the meadow. Cut out a few paths and cover them with gravel.

On the outskirts of this lawn, plant a few fruit trees, but let those near the house be of the smaller and more ornamental kinds, such as the Mountain Ash, Larch, Horse-Chesnut, European Linden. Intersperse a few evergreens to make a cheerful scene in winter, and for this purpose, what can be better than the Norway Spruce and the native Hemlock? Cut out a few flower beds near the walks, and fill them with such plants as will give you a succession of flowers all the season. Do this this—In some of the beds, set a variety of early-flowering bulbs, such as the Snowdrop and Crocus, (blooming before the snow is quite gone,) the Daffodil, Hyacinth, Narcissus, Tulip and the like, blooming one after another along into the Summer.

When these begin to fade, sow annual flower seeds, which will keep the same beds gay till Autumn. On other beds, set perennial plants, old fashioned and new fashioned, at least the old. Don't forget the charming native plants, such as the Spring Beauty, Liver Leaf, Crow's foot, Trailing Arbutus, and the like. Let the time-honored Peonies have room here, and the Columbine, the Ragged Robin, Monk's Hood, Sweet William, Clove Pink, Larkspurs, Lily of the Valley, Violets and others which old and young have always loved, and always will love. And then, if you choose, devote some space to Dahlias, Gladioli, Verbenas, and other "bedding plants." Around your windows and doors, set climbing roses and honeysuckles.

When you have done these things, or *half of them*, you will have floral zeal enough, and floral love enough, to go on without any more exhortation or instruction. When they are completed, you will find your home a thousand-fold pleasanter and happier. And neighbors and strangers, as they pass your premises, will stop and admire, and say: "There's a farmer who knows what's what; who is not a slave to mere money making, but is enjoying life as he passes through it. He is a sensible man."

UNIQUE LETTER FROM A POSTMASTER.—The following letter was received by the President of the United States a few days since:

CRAWFORD COUNTY, Mo., April 30, 1857.

Mr. BUCHANAN:

DEAR SIR.—Mr. ——— is the Postmaster at this place, and he is gone out West, and has been gone for three or four weeks, and he has no deputy here, but I have been opening the mails and attending to it since he has been gone as he left the key with me, and the Postmaster told me that I must make a report at the end of every month, and did not tell me who I was to write to; but I suppose it's to you we should make our reports, as we are now all citizens of the government of which you are now President. If you are not the right one to receive the report, please drop me a few lines letting me know who I am to report to, and I will write again.

Report at the end of April.—The weather is cold for the season—Provisions are very high—But notwithstanding all that, we have regular mails once a week—good health, and the people of this country are universally pleased with your administration; this is all I know that would interest you; if there is anything omitted in my report, please let me know. My best respects to you and Mrs. Buchanan.

It is said that Mr. Buchanan is so well pleased with this letter that he intends to give the writer a good office.

AFFECTION OF THE CHRISTIAN.—They have frequently more of these sufferings than others; The husbandman does not prune the bramble, but the vine. The stone designed for the temple above requires more cutting and polishing than those which are for the common wall. Correction is not for strangers, but children. The Christian mourns over those infirmities which are not viewed by others as sins, such as wandering thoughts and cold affections in duty. It is said of that beautiful bird, the bird of Paradise, that when it is caught and caged, it never ceases to sigh till it is free. Just such is the Christian. Nothing will satisfy him but the glorious liberty of the sons of God.—*Jay.*

"You're a loafer—a man without a calling," said a Judge to a person arrested as a vagrant.

"I beg your pardon, your honor, I have a vocation.

"What is it?"

"I smoke glass for eclipses; but just now it is cour dull season."

Great Powers.

A malignant wag has given to the world a terrific account of the modern effect of Music, which of old had marvellous power over beasts, savages, rocks and cabbages—as the poets tell us. The music employed on this occasion was Verdi's as the reader knows. Here is the story.

"At the last performance of the French version of Il Trovatore in this city, there was, says one of our French papers, an accident at once lamentable and extraordinary. A certain gentleman who was so dangerously ill that the rumor of the caution of the invalids was sent to him than the ordinary shutting of the house, having tried nearly all remedies, went to the opera to transport to his physician and said to him, "Well, doctor must I give up all hope of a cure?" "There may be one method of curing you," answered the doctor, but it is a very violent one." "Tell me, what is it?" "Your only chance of a cure is to go to the opera." The patient recoiled in terror. "Oh yes, doctor," said the patient, "you are a fool, you!" "Yes, sir," said the physician, "I am a fool, but I shall be avenged." The invalid was silent for a moment, but the physician continued in broken accents, "Very well; be it so. I shall go and hear Il Trovatore; but will you not go with me, my dear doctor? Do not leave me for a second, for something dreadful might happen." "Be calm," was the answer. "I will go with you."

That evening the two friends went to the opera. The physician watched his patient's face anxiously. The first act made no impression; the second none. At last, in the third act there was a sound in the sick man's head like a drum bursting—long! The patient jumped up and shouted with joy to his physician, "I can hear, my dear fellow! I can hear!" The physician took no notice of him—he had himself become deaf!

But this is not the greatest power just now on record. A Mr. C. W. Cathcart writes to the Spiritual Telegraph, from Laporte County, Ind., detailing the following instance of power. He says:

"During the last harvest a whirlwind blew off the straw hat of one of my hands. My attention was attracted to it, as it rested on my reaping machine, I rounded the corner next to him—The hat was forty rods off, and I should think The hat was forty rods off, and I should think nearly, if not quite three hundred feet high. I called in a loud voice, 'King, (the hand's name of our presiding spirit,) bring that man his hat.' The man instantly stopped perfectly still. The hat whirled around, came back and dropped precisely in his hands! He was so surprised that he did not even shut his fingers upon it, when it fell to the ground at his feet; and he picked it up without moving an inch from his position, which he had held immovable from the time I called."

No more of comets. That fellow can stop them as sure as destruction.

The Original Nicaraguans.

The Nicaraguans are supposed to have been a people of Mexican origin, driven southward by a great drought. Their language and mode of writing were similar to that of Mexico; their religion differed slightly; their architecture was more simple; they had a rough form of social polity; and their customs were in one respect unique. A young Nicaraguan beauty would have many favored lovers, but after a time, by thinking her that it would be well to marry and settle, she would ask her father to give her a portion of land near home, where she should live. When he had appointed what land she should have, she would call her lovers together and tell them she wished to marry, and to make one of them as her husband; that she did not possess a house, but that she desired that they would build her one on the land which her father had given.—The prudent damsel did not hesitate to enter into details as to the kind of house she wished to have built, and add that, if they loved her well, the house would be built by such a day, giving them a month or six weeks to complete it in. To one she would give the chance of furnishing the wood work; to another, to find the canes which were to form the walls; to another, to provide the cordage; to another, to gather the straw for the roof; to another, to procure the dried fish to stock the house; to another, to get deer and pigs for her; another, to collect maize.

The work was usually put in hand with the utmost promptitude, nor was the least thing dispensed with that she had asked for. At last the house was ready. The provisions and the furniture were put in it, and the lucky—or overworked competitors beat rapidly as the fortunate or fatal moment approached. A solemn feast was held in the new house. When supper was concluded, the damsel rose, and made a short but gracious speech. She first thanked them all heartily for the labor they had undergone on her behalf. She then said, that she wished it was in her power to make as many women as to provide a wife for each of her suitors. In times past they had seen what a loving mistress she had been to each of them; but now she was going to be married, and to belong to one alone,—and this is the one she said: whereupon she took the chosen suitor by the hand, and retired from the apartment. Her choice having been declared, the disappointed suitors, after their respective fortunes went away amicably, and concluded the feast by dancing and drinking, until the sunrise of most of them were on course. The rejected suitors, after that day, could never hope for a smile from the bride. Generally they bore their disappointment with meekness; but sometimes one or two of them, probably in a state of ambrosial delirium, committed suicide, and were found next morning hanging on a tree, in the neighborhood of the palace of love, built partly by their hands.—*Halpy.*

A GREAT COUNTRY FOR THE LADIES.—The time for marriage in Sparta was fixed by statute—that is, that the men at about thirty or thirty-five years; that of the women a little twenty or a little younger. All men who continued unmarried after the appointed time were liable to a prosecution; and all old bachelors were prohibited from being present at the public exercises of the Spartan maidens, and were denied the usual respect and honors paid to the aged—"Why should I give you place," cried a young man to an unmarried gentleman, "when you have no child to give place to me when I am old?"—No marriage portions were given with any of the maidens, so that neither poverty should prevent a gallant, nor riches tempt him, to marry for any other than the love of the parties. The parents of those children enjoyed considerable immunities, and those with four children paid no taxes whatever—a regulation which at married men with large families will readily a suit to be most wise and equitable. It was customary for the bridegroom to cut off all the bride's hair on the wedding-day, so that, for some time, at least, the personal attractions should increase with her years.—*Life and Travels of Herodotus.*

THE HABITUAL MAN.—Washington Irving, at a party in England, one day playfully asserted, that the love of relaxation which the Anglo Saxon race displayed on every occasion, proceeded probably from its *va-en-avant haste* rather than its greediness. As a proof he cited the story of a bashful friend of his, who had gone to a dinner party, sat down to the table next to the hostess in a great state of excitement, owing to his reclusive life. A few glasses of wine restoring to his brain, completely the confusion, and dissipated the usual remains of presence of mind. Casting his eyes down he saw one of his top wine white boots. "My hosteess," thought he, "that's my shirt protruding out my waistband." He immediately commenced to tuck in the offending portion, but the more he drew, for the more he tucked in, the more there seemed to remain. At last he made a desperate effort, when a sudden crash around him, and a scream from the company brought him to his senses. He had risen all the time stuffing the table cloth into his breeches, and the last time had swept everything clean off the table. Thus our bashful friend attempted a table cloth, thinking it the tail of his own shirt.

There are no two letters in the alphabet of the English language, which cause so much misconstruction as I and J, as most people write them exactly alike. The rule for writing them properly is to run the I below the line, and the J even with the line.

Turnpike Poem.

From the Lancaster (Pa.) Express, May 27.

Spoken by Thompson Lambert, at the Annual Examination of Christian's Creek School, May 27th, 1857.

Brave gentlemen, and ladies dear,—
'Tis Thompson speaks, please lend an ear,
And listen while I tell you true,
Of homes that never have got their due.
Where women, men and children are,
With fields as green and skies as fair,
And souls as noble, hearts as true,
As "Old Virginia" ever knew.

South River had its praises sung,
By Jacob's smooth poetic tongue,
And Christian's Creek, from fountain head,
Is where it sleeps in ocean's bed,
Was spoken here twelve months ago,
With thundering length and pompous show,
By that young Crecker we call Jack—
The Imperial son of father Mac;
Then published in the Staunton print,
That all the world might take the hint.
But our fair neighborhood has not
Received its due—'twas all forgot,
Till I no more the shame can stand,—
I will defend my native land.
And though I am not much a poet,
Pride spurs me on to try and go it.

We have a noble Turnpike there,
Where buggies, stage, and carriage fair,
Do rattle by in glittering pride,
And "youth and beauty" in them ride.
A throng of human life we view
Along this road their course pursue,
Which Jake and Jack can never see,
They're not this noble pike like me.

You'll see another if you look,
From Howardsville to Mudlebrook;
By this our people Bethel reach,
To hear our gifted pastor preach.

Come now, we'll call our neighbors up,
And quaff with them the social cup.
Come go with me from door to door,
While I proceed to call them over.
And this shall be my standing rule,—
I'll call on those who send to school.

Now where you see that nice large barn,
I will begin to spin my yarn;
Whence John came down with us to learn,
When winter was so cold and stern.
Now just across the other side,
Friend Lawrie, and our city guide.
'Twas here in former times did live,
The other Rubush, who did give
His Fannie and his Phebie too,
Who came to school with me and you.
Now come along we'll spend a night
With our good neighbor Argesbright,
Where Newton and Estella be,
Two worthy children as you'll see.
When, in the morning we arise,
And view the flushing eastern skies,
We'll go to uncle Reuben's house,
Where all is silent as a mouse.
But soon they're up—so cheerful, kind,
A happier group is hard to find.
There's Anna with her smiling face
And Tirzah tall and full of grace
And Ellen and our Willie's there
With cheerful faces and red hair.
Then Dave, Gerard and Silas too—
Three noble boys to help us through,
Seven in all, their praise I sing,
The happy group of Willow Spring.

Now leaving this with pure delight,
To Cedar Spring we take our flight,
Where lives our dearest uncle Davy,
He's always noble, kind and good,
He gives us ground and spring and woods
For these our thanks; then like a man,
Sent Sam, and John, and Peggy Ann;
Our tad and gall ant Sam I mean,
And thinking John, and Peggy Sheen.
From distant home three others came
To board,—Billy, James and Dave by name.

Now while we're going round about,
We'll call and see our neighbor Blauth,
But back you out, as well you may,
For old dog Sant that killed our "Ney."
We're now at father Abraham's,
Where good Louisa pets her lambs.
Learned Theodore from other land
Came here to join fair freedom's band.
Now down to Mint Spring for a drink,
See Billy G. and Calvin Swink.
Offlighter next we'll call and see,
Vienna, Tom, Joe, and Caty.
But keep away from just below,
Where fires of death and danger glow.
Now o'er the hill we'll take our flight
To Tommy Shield's, Sir, and spend a night.
John once came here trank, full of life—
A business man without a wife.

Come, hurrah! boys, for Rocky Spring,
Hear Lizzie play and Mary sing.
Now watch the band to school that go,
They fear not heat, nor storm, nor snow.
First, Sam up in the track we see,—
A gentleman and scholar he;
Then John, and George, and Henry Clay,
March along their wending way;
Then Billy and Virginia small,
And once walked with them Mary Hall.
Friend Matthew takes an active part,
And helps us on with head and heart.

Please stop at Whetsel's just a minute,
Rap at the house to see what's in it:
Out jumps Talk time he was a-thee,
Then Becky, Betsy, John we see,
Who pass along the road to school,
In summer, shady, fresh and cool.

Tired with my flight I now will turn
To that sweet spot for which I yearn;
'Tis a spot of earth supremely blest,
A dearer, sweeter spot than all the rest;
And when and where my footsteps roam,
A sort mention points to home.
Like Noah's dove, with pure delight,
My spirit wings its homeward flight,
Where father and my mother are,
And I their tender love can share;
I've brothers there, one, two three, four,—
James, Calvin, Sandy, and one more.
And I'm plain Thompson as you view,
Who loves to learn and play with you.
With dinner basket, hall and book,
And slate and top and fishing hook.
We tread the path to school with joy
As Franklin did when he's a boy.
I must to get our little boy Gloss,
Come in; my father was his boss.

I'll stop—for I have wandered far
Where full to the brim and blessings are.
With fields as green, and skies as blue,
And souls as noble, hearts as true
As "Old Virginia" ever knew.
And I must stand as I have stood
To plead for our good neighborhood.

My race is run,
My speech is done,
I'd turn me back where I began,
In joys of home to live,
But, with Dr. Lane,
Good friend and teacher,
I'll ask you back another year,
To see what we can give.

AN ARMY WITH FANS.—In an article devoted to China, in the Westminster Review, it is said that the forces that the Emperor is now mustering for service against the "English devils," are not likely to prove very formidable.—His army is armed, his battle behind the fortifications of Canton are mere paper. Their boats are of cane—their uniform consists of a wadd of cotton, and spotted pottycoat. When they salute an officer, they do not "present arms," but fall on their knees. Every man carries a fan, when there is warm work, and fans himself as assiduously as any lady. Their chief offensive weapon is a huge shield painted with devils and hobgoblins to terrify the enemy.—If this fails they bring up a reserve force of gongs, by beating which they trust to scare the opposing force away. But should both experiments prove unsuccessful, the Celestial army has then no other resource than to take to its heels.

From the Boston Post.

Extractics of Dress.

We have plenty of flippant denunciations of fine clothes, and an abundance of grave animadversions on the sin and folly of extravagance in apparel, but scarcely an essay can be found touching the aesthetics and *morale* of dress, as constituting a study worthy to be ranked among the "fine arts," not less than architecture, music, or sculpture. It was an observation of Lavater that persons habitually attentive to dress display the same regularity in their domestic affairs. "Young woman," says he, "who neglect their toilette, and manifest little concern about their apparel, indicate in this very particular a disregard of order; a mind but little adapted to the details of housekeeping; a deficiency of taste and of qualities that inspire love. The girl of eighteen, who desires not to please, will be a shrew and a slut at twenty-five." It is a great mistake, in women to suppose that they may safely throw off all care about dress with their celibacy, as if husbands had less taste than suitors; or, as if wives had less need than mistresses of the advantages of elegant and taste ful apparel. An old writer says, with a hearty emphasis, "It is one of the moral duties of every married woman always to appear well dressed in the presence of her husband." To effect this, however, expensive attire is by no means essential. The simplest robe may evince the wearer's taste as the most costly gown of *moire antique*. But how rare a quality is good taste! In the mere matter of propriety and harmony of colors there is room for a treatise which has yet to be written by some one thoroughly proficient in the aesthetics of dress. Even the simpler laws, though pretty generally understood, are constantly neglected. Some of these canons as laid down in an English poem of the last century are worth quoting, as well for the good sense of the dogmas as for the quaintness of the verses. To brunettes he recommends light colors—"rose," "orange," or even "scarlet" thus:

The lass whose skin is like the lark's brown,
With brighter colors should overcome her own.
The rosy cheek girls he permits "blue" and the "color of the sea"—

"Let the fair nymph in whose plump cheek is seen
A rose blush be clad in cheerful green."

Continuing, pale women are not virtual here, he continues—

"Ladies grown pale with sickness or despair
The saddest mournful dye should choose to wear;
So the pale moon still shines with borred light
Clad in the dusky mantle of the night."

FRIGHTENING CHILDREN.—The Troy Daily Times contains a letter from a gentleman of that place, whose daughter, a young child, was frightened into a dangerous illness by the injudicious course of treatment pursued towards her by her teacher. This girl was of a sensitive, nervous nature, and a threat of confinement in a dark room, alone, and partly carried into execution, proved such a shock to her as to cause an attack of sickness severe enough to affect her mind.—One of the most reprehensible, and in fact criminal acts of which a parent or teacher can be guilty is that of endeavoring to enforce obedience in a child through the influence of fear.—By this we mean, not the wholesome fear of correction, but the frightening of the offender so as to cause excessive nervous agitation. With the exception perhaps of anger, fear is the most terrible in its effects of the human passions. Its power over those who are unhappily subjected to its influence is—from experience of the most distressing nature—no exaggeration. No corporal torture can equal the agonies which it inflicts. There are many children whose mental organizations are such as to render them peculiarly susceptible of its influence, and we know of nothing more deserving of reprobation and punishment than the tampering with such natures by those who have charge over them. Few who have not been taught by sad experience know the mental agonies of a timid and nervous child. Many a young and woman sinks in robust health untimely sacrificed to the repulsive and criminal course of treatment, and then in their intense suffering, and wild delirium, the impression of the childhood's machine is the mind, and especially the young mind, that a slight shock will cause a derangement in it which years seem powerless to efface.—*Philadelphia Evening Journal.*

There is no greater pest in good society than an individual possessed of a fellow without judgment enough to keep his wit in control, nor wit enough to excuse his want of judgment—without either modesty or politeness, who intrusive by thrusts himself between speaker and listener, to the violation of both—a word catcher, pickpocket, and tattler, who forgets the refinements and courtesies that should adorn a gentleman, the limits of good breeding, the proprieties of social conversation, the respect due to age, or sex, and lays on interminable tax upon good nature, for the sake of a wretched jest. This nuisance ought to be abated.

A Rutlandite was lately hauled up in Vermont and fined. He grumbled bitterly at the Temperance men as being very short sighted. He said he had really been at work in their cause—that he had already got the old soakers to drink Hypocrite that was at least half water, and would after a while, if let alone, have had them drinking pure water without knowing it.

Somebody speaking of the new cent, says:—"It is a beautiful coin, all but the eagle and he seems to be going somewhere in a desperate hurry, probably because he is on a new *scent.*"

Moe's countenance more than their circumstances indicate their condition.

History of Walker's Enterprise in Nicaragua.

For the information of those who have not watched the Nicaraguan career of Gen. Walker, the hero of the New Orleans demonstration, we extract the following historical narrative from the columns of a contemporary:

"About two years ago Walker sailed from San Francisco with some sixty men, engaged as per a mercenary soldiers in the civil war then raging in Nicaragua. He arrived at Realejo in June, 1855, where he was joined by about 100 men from Leon, in the service of the party to which he had hired himself out. After some unsuccessful operations he was driven to take refuge at Sandoan del Sur, where he was joined by some additional recruits from California. By this time the Transit Company seems to have made up its mind to engage in the war, and by the help of their steamers, Walker succeeded in surprising Granada, which led in the then exhausted state of the country, to the submission of the opposite fa

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1857.

To Business Men.

The "Spectator" is now emphatically *the* paper for business men and advertisers. The union of the first of the two papers, gives to it a circulation unrivalled by any paper in the interior of Virginia. See terms of advertising in another column, which will, in all cases, be strictly adhered to, except when the cash is paid, when a liberal discount will be made. All charges for advertising and job work due when the work is done.

To Distant Subscribers.

We this week enclose accounts to some of the distant subscribers to the Spectator for amounts due on the 1st day of May, and shall continue to send them to others from week to week until we get through the list. It is impossible for us to make personal application to those subscribers, but we trust to their sense of justice to make speedy remittances.

Settle Up—Settle Up.

The accounts of the late firm of J. A. & I. Waddell, jr., are now ready for settlement, and those whom we have long indulged are earnestly requested to pay up promptly—before somebody gets "after them with a long pole!"

To Postmasters.

Postmasters are requested to inform us promptly if any of the subscribers to this paper refuse to take it from the office.

Washington City Riot.

Public sentiment is very much divided in reference to the cause of the late election riot in Washington city, and especially in regard to the conduct of the Mayor in calling out the Marines. The anti-Know-Nothing press is bitter in its denunciations of the "Americans," and saddle all the blame upon them; whilst the latter accuse the Mayor of drunkenness, and lay the fault at his door. Reports also are contradictory as to who the Baltimore "fighting men" were—whether "Plug Uglies," "Rip Raps," or, as the Baltimore Clipper alleges, "Irish bullies," who repaired to Washington to assault and beat the Americans from the polls. The Clipper intimates, moreover, that as the Democrats originated the practice of employing bullies to brow-beat and drive off voters, they have no right to complain if they are occasionally treated to a dose of their own medicine.

After reading the different accounts of the riot, we are satisfied that the Baltimore rowdies called "Plug Uglies," had a good deal to do in getting it up. The Mayor may have acted injudiciously in calling out the Marines, as the disturbance could probably have been quelled by other means; and the order to fire on the crowd seems not to have been actually necessary or justified by the strict rules of law. But in reference to these matters, we, at least, would have no censures to pass it the Marines had hit the right persons. Rioters are generally dealt with too tenderly—they should be shot down like mad dogs, without ceremony, and after a few such wholesome lessons we should have fewer of such out-breaks. In this instance, however, of the forty persons killed and wounded by the Marines, all of them were innocent spectators, and not one of the rioters was touched; a fact which speaks badly for the marksmanship of the soldiers and the bad management of those in command.

These frequent election riots in our large cities must fill every good citizen, who desires to enjoy the blessings of free government himself and hand them down to his posterity, with horror and alarm. We see enough in the country of the influences brought to bear upon voters, even without violations of law or disturbances of the peace, to disgust every man not rendered callous by partizan feeling or naturally a ruffian; but when the bludgeon, the dirk and the revolver are brought into requisition to decide who shall be elected to public office, the community where it is practised had far better be under the dominion of a single master. And to this result we seem to be rapidly tending. Far better be under the domination of one man than of an ignorant and infuriated mob. The rights of persons and property would be much more secure. What is our boasted liberty worth if every citizen cannot exercise the simplest privilege of a freeman, unrestricted and without risk of life or limb? We know the excuses put in by the partizans of the rioters—One party says the other employs bullies and they must do it in self-defence; but this plea does not mitigate the evil or diminish our fear of the consequences.—If the officers of the law are not competent to protect all parties, including the humblest individual, in their persons and rights, the sooner an absolute ruler, who can do it, shall assume control of affairs, the better.

The chief cause of these commotions, besides the wretched moral and religious training of those engaged in them, is the innumerable and constantly occuring popular elections with which the country is cursed. The officers whose duty it is to enforce order, are dependent upon the rioters, in part, for their bread; they, and low party politicians, pander to them for their votes; the people are kept perpetually in a state of feverish excitement; and riot and bloodshed are the natural consequences.

One fact connected with the Washington riot is full of alarm for the future—a majority of the mob is said to have been boys under eighteen years of age. The mob which hung the negroes in Louisville a few weeks ago was partly composed of the same material, and whenever a riot occurs we have the same report. And these are to be the men who in a short time will have control of the country! Where are the fathers and mothers of the land that their children thus run wild? Parental authority must be called into exercise or there will be little hope for the Republic, and less for the miserable youths themselves.

Election Returns.

We last week reported the vote cast for Mr. Stuart at New Hope as 188. We did not examine the poll books ourselves, and the two statements furnished us by other persons differed in reference to the vote, one placing it at 180 and the other at 186. The officer who cried the vote informed us that the latter was correct, and hence the mistake, if there was one.

The vote cast for Mr. Imboden (not a candidate) for Congress was as follows: Augusta 1279, Rockbridge 497, Rockingham 102, Pendleton 77, Highland 87, Hardy 396. (Mr. Letcher received in Hardy 569.) Total 2,438.

We subjoin the aggregate vote for members of the Legislature in the neighboring counties.

Rockbridge.—For Delegates, Massie, Dem., 1040; Paxton, Dem., 1019; Davidson, Whig, 1019; Anderson, Whig, 967.

Albemarle.—For Senate, Rives, Amer., 1159. Gordon, Dem., 1138; Delegates, Bowcock, Amer., 1168, Rugrader, Amer., 1148, Randolph, Dem., 1112, Coiner, Dem., 1066.

Buckingham.—For Delegates, (all Democrat,) Stovall 1518, Marts 1168, Harper 1122, Brown 1061, Yancey 992.

Pendleton.—For Delegate, Kee 317, Saunders 113. Mr. Jones was elected Clerk of the County without opposition, receiving 447 votes.

Highland.—For Delegate, Bird, Dem., 835; Lapsley, Ind. Dem., 324.

Bath and Alleghany.—Samuel Carpenter, Dem., is elected; no returns received.

[illegible] of Albemarle.

[illegible] of the Society of Alumni [illegible] Virginia will be held on [illegible] at 8 o'clock, P. M. The [illegible] Hon. W. B. Preston, will [illegible] at 11 o'clock.

More about High Prices.

We are pleased to see in various parts of the country a disposition to rebel against the present high prices for the necessaries of life. Consumers are beginning to inquire, why it is that they are charged such enormous rates for flour, meal, meats, groceries—prices not justified by any actual or prospective scarcity of provisions and manifest a determination to do without those articles for which the more exorbitant prices are demanded by dealers. This is the proper position for all those who wish to be relieved from the severe tax now imposed upon them by speculators and monopolists. If people refuse to buy at unreasonable prices, dealers will be forced to take similar ground with producers, and producers will be forced to sell at fair rates. Certainly there is no good reason why the people of Staunton, for instance, should pay more for flour here, than they can buy it for in Baltimore, cost of freight from Baltimore to this place included. And yet we are informed by a merchant of this place that such is the fact. It is also the fact that Bacon can be delivered in Staunton, from Cincinnati, Ohio, as a less price than it can be bought for at our own provision stores. In view of such facts, those who are asking unheard-of prices for produce &c., may anticipate a general revolt among consumers, and a combination among provision dealers, butchers, &c., that will force them into measures. This has already been the case in New York. The New York Post says, "the inquiry, 'What shall we eat?' is beginning to reach the ears of butchers, for they are finding out that consumers will not eat meat at the present exorbitant prices; and as they are not anxious, during the hot weather, to be employed exclusively in brushing away the flies from their spoiling beef, they are standing aloof from the market, and are likely, by some combination among themselves, to so organize a scale of prices which, if speculators and farmers do not choose to accept, they can keep their cattle until they eat their heads off. The Philadelphians have tried it, and found that sellers are the only independent people in the world."

The Bristol Convention.

The Railroad Convention to confer upon the propriety of sending a commission to England to secure the sailing of the steamer "Great Eastern" to a Virginia port, met in Bristol, Tennessee, on Wednesday last. The Hon. Francis Mallory, of Norfolk, presided, and on taking the chair delivered a brief address. At the afternoon session Mr. F. B. Deane, chairman of a Committee appointed for the purpose, reported a series of Resolutions, which were adopted.—The Resolutions set forth that no work of internal improvement designed for the transportation of heavy tonnage and produce from the interior to the seaboard, can be regarded as finished until the facilities are afforded for a direct trade from the Chesapeake to Europe; that justice demands that the Federal Government shall extend such facilities and advantages in the transportation of the mail by the proposed line as it has extended to other lines of ocean steamers; that a commission be appointed to visit Europe for the purpose of disseminating correct information as to the financial and industrial condition and resources of Virginia, and also to place prominently before the merchants abroad the advantages which must follow a direct trade between them and us; that the commission be directed to correspond with the proprietors of the "Great Eastern" steamship Company, and report to the President of the Convention whether or not the vessels of that company are likely to promote the objects proposed. Addresses were delivered by Mr. Deane and the Hon. W. B. Preston, after which Mr. Preston was unanimously elected Commissioner to Europe. The expenses are to be borne by the Railroad companies. The Convention then adjourned to meet in Richmond, in December next.

The following Railroad Companies were represented in the Convention: Norfolk and Petersburg; South-side; Virginia Central; Virginia and Tennessee; Orange and Alexandria; Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire; Manassas Gap; Cincinnati and Cumberland Gap; Virginia and Kentucky; East Tennessee and Virginia; N. E. and S. W. Alabama; &c., &c.

Lieutenant Governor.

Gov. Wise has appointed James L. Carr, Esq., of Kanawha county, Lieutenant Governor, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of E. W. McComas. The appointment is made by authority of that clause in the Constitution which requires the Governor, "during the recess of the general assembly, to fill, *pro tempore*, all vacancies in those offices for which the constitution and laws make no provision; but his appointments to such vacancies shall be by commissions to expire at the end of thirty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly." The Legislature will then pass upon Mr. Carr's claims, and continue him in office or confer the honor upon another person. It is probable that, as the principal duty of the Lieut. Governor is to preside over the Senate, a member of that body will be chosen.

S. M. Pettingill & Co.

For some years past we have had business transactions with Messrs. S. M. Pettingill & Co., Advertising Agents, of New York city, and desire to add our testimony to that of other journals in regard to them. In a few words then, they are, without exception, the most accommodating and reliable newspaper agents in the country. They always pay promptly, and if any body has ever lost a cent by them we have yet to hear of it. The aggregate amount of our losses by other agents is quite considerable, and some who have finally paid up have put us to as much trouble in collecting the accounts as they are worth. Nearly every week we receive advertisements from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, which never see the light in our columns, but Pettingill's communications are always treated with respect.

Drowned.

We regret to learn that a little son of Mr. Croone, of Waynesborough, aged about five years, was drowned in South River, on Friday last.—It seems that his father had crossed the stream for the purpose of planting vegetables, and the little boy in attempting to follow, without the knowledge of his father, fell in, and was carried some distance down the river, when he was discovered by several boys who were fishing. They ran to the nearest house for assistance, but before it could be obtained the unfortunate little fellow had disappeared beneath the waves.—When the body was found it was still warm, and it is possible that he might have been resuscitated, but for the fact that none of the Physicians of the place were at home.

Thirteenth District.

There is some doubt as to the result of the election for Congress in the Thirteenth District of this State. Judge Hopkins, the regular Democratic candidate, was opposed by E. S. Martin, Distribution Democrat, and according to one report the latter has triumphed. The Wytheville Telegraph of the 3rd, however, counts up a majority of nine votes for Hopkins.

Convicted.

Lindsey Paine was tried before the Circuit Court of this county, last week, for stabbing Simon Shoots, near Waynesboro', some months ago. The jury found him guilty, and fixed the punishment at two years confinement in the Penitentiary.

So much, says the Petersburg Intelligencer, for the election of James Buchanan, which was advocated as the only means of securing Kansas to the South!

But this is not all. The Hon. Mr. Keitt made a speech in Chester county, South Carolina, in which he was very free-spoken about Walker, Stanton and the "National Democracy." He expressed his want of confidence in Walker and Stanton, both of whom he denounced as unprincipled trading politicians, who were ready to sell the slaveholders' interest in Kansas for a price. He also spoke of the National Democratic party—"of its want of principle, and its readiness at all times to sell the South at any price which would secure to its leaders the glorious spoils of victory." Mr. Keitt, be it remembered, was an earnest advocate of Buchanan's election, and stumped the State of Virginia during the Presidential canvass.

The Penny Press.

The "Petersburg Express" has recently made its appearance in a new dress—an evidence of prosperity which we are pleased to notice in a journal that so well deserves it. The taste, energy and industry displayed in its management ought to secure for it the highest measure of success.

We have received the "Lynchburg Daily Courier," just started in Lynchburg by McDonald & Duke. It looks well, reads well and we hope will do well.

See advertisement of "Richmond Dispatch" in another column. The proprietors propose to publish a Semi-Weekly edition of that valuable newspaper. Success to the enterprise.

Henry Creek Academy.

The Annual Exhibition at this Institution will take place on Wednesday, the 17th inst. An address will be delivered on the occasion by R. A. Gage, Esq., of Harrisonburg.

Proceedings at Port Republic.

The Charlottesville Advocate of Saturday publishes the following resolutions communicated to that paper:

"At a public meeting of the citizens of Port Republic and its neighborhood, assembled on the 28th of May, 1857, it was

"*Resolved*, That Jefferson Randall and his associates, William Jones and others, are guilty of incendiarism and burglary

"*Resolved*, That a vigilance committee be appointed, whose duty it shall be to ferret out all persons in our limits who are guilty of counsiting such depredations. And inasmuch as the laws impanelled by our courts of justice have failed to punish such offenders, we have adopted measures to protect ourselves; consequently we have resolved to send Jefferson Randall and his family not less than one hundred miles from our midst. And as William Jones has made his escape, and is now supposed to be in Albemarle county, whence he was driven to Rockingham, in justice to the citizens of Albemarle we have resolved to publish in the Virginia Advocate the substance of the action of our citizens in general meeting.

"*Resolved*, That in order to carry out in good faith the resolutions we have adopted, we have pledged our honor, and subscribed our names amounting to one hundred signatures.

B. F. KEMPER, Secretary."

"We are informed by the Clerk of our county, says the Advocate, that the above named William Jones was outlawed at the last term of our Circuit Court, upon a charge of assault and battery—the first case of outlawry in Albemarle for more than forty years."

Accounts received since our last issue represent the popular excitement in the vicinity of Port Republic as having increased ten fold.—For some time past Randall and Jones (son-in-law to the former) have been engaged in burning barns, stealing and depredating generally upon the citizens of the surrounding country; but no evidence except that of negroes could be obtained against them. The people at last held a meeting, on the 28th ult, and resolved to transport them to a free State and furnish them with means for beginning life in an honest way. The two men made their escape, but Randall's family, including three sons nearly grown, were started to Ohio on Sunday, the 30th. On Friday last, the citizens who accompanied them returned after a rapid trip, and the Randalls got back on Saturday! In the mean it was ascertained that Randall was across the Blue Ridge, in Green county, and a party of fifteen men from Port Republic proceeded to capture him on Friday night; he surrendered without resistance, although armed with a doubled barreled gun and a revolver. He was brought to Port Republic on Saturday, just in time to meet his family after their recent jaunt, and since then has been kept in close confinement. It was reported here on Monday that the "Vigilance Committee" hung the prisoner, or had resolved to do it; but a later account states that they were keeping him with the hope of obtaining legal testimony, and would then hand him over to the Sheriff. In no event, however, it is said, will they let him loose. Randall is described as a man of remarkable physical strength. Jones was larking in Albemarle at the date of our last accounts, but a party of men was in pursuit of him. The excitement is not confined to Port Republic, but extends to Mt. Meridian, in this county, and throughout the country around.—Since the first meeting of the citizens as many as 150 men have constantly been employed in patroling.

The citizens whose names are mentioned in connection with the affair are gentlemen of intelligence and the highest respectability, and the last men from whom we would anticipate any irregular and unlawful proceedings. They must have suffered long and severely before they could resort to the dangerous expedient of a "Vigilance Committee." We trust that rumors which have reached us in regard to their intentions on Saturday may prove to be untrue. Rather than that such men should set an example fraught with so much evil, it would be better and safer for the Randalls to go on burning and pillaging until they can be convicted and punished as the law directs. If it be not too late we would earnestly recommend to them the example of the Irish Judge, who when murdered by a mob exclaimed with his last breath, "Let no man suffer for my death but in due course of law!"

The Administration and Kansas.

An influential portion of the Southern Democracy is complaining loudly of the official conduct of Gov. Walker and Lieut. Gov. Stanton in Kansas, overlooking the fact, however, that they are acting under instructions from the Executive at Washington. The Richmond "South" says:

Gov. Walker's official language is sufficient to convict him of a purpose to betray the South, and *to deliver Kansas into the power of the Abolitionists*. His private talk is all in the same strain. Thus, a Mr. Perrin heard him say at a dinner party, in the presence of thirty or forty gentlemen, "that if he (Walker) lent his aid or influence in any way towards the formation of a slave State in Kansas, he should consider himself forever unworthy of the name of a man or a gentleman." Meanwhile Walker travels with Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts, and is introduced to people by the Free State Governor, Robinson, who plays the part of grand chamberlain to his Excellency.

In virtue of his office as Governor of Kansas, the Hon. Robert J. Walker has nothing to do but enforce the execution of the laws. But he assumes to himself quite another character. *He is a propagandist of Abolitionism*; and unless his efforts are counteracted, the South will lose the territory. Mark the prediction. Albeit the pro-slavery party is now supreme in Kansas, *it will be ultimately crushed by the intrigues of Walker*, and the territory will add another to the already overshadowing number of free States.

Riot in Washington City.

The municipal Election for Washington City came off on Monday the 1st inst., and was accompanied with a terrible and disgraceful riot. Early in the afternoon there was much excitement in the Second, Fourth and Seventh Wards. A large number of Baltimore rowdies consisting of Plug Uglies and similar organizations, were known to have arrived by the early train. Their presence instigated the more disorderly of our citizens to violent proceedings. A fight took place in each of the wards above named, and pistols, knives, and clubs were used with deadly effect. Several were seriously wounded. In the meantime the Mayor finding the civil force insufficient to preserve the peace, requested the President to order a detachment of Marines from the Barracks, which request was promptly complied with, and accordingly 110 Marines were marched with fixed bayonets to the scene of disturbance, the rowdies assailing them with the most abusive epithets. A party of young men then obtained a six pounder brass swivel, and dragged it along the streets to the voting place of the Fourth Ward. The Mayor having arrived with the Marines, under Maj Tyler, ordered the polls to be opened, but the crowd declared that it should not be done. The without excitement prevailed, and the party with the cannon making some hostile demonstrations with it, the order was given to disarm them of their pieces. The Marines advanced with fixed bayonets for the purpose, and the cannon was abandoned, but the soldiers were assailed with stones and revolver shots, and one man fell. The order was now given to the Marines to fire, and two platoons fired into the crowd, sweeping 7th street and the Market house. The scene at this moment beggared description. After the first discharge the rioters firing from corners and stalls killing several and wounding many but it is believed that more met death from pistol shots than from the bands of the Marines. Some four or five persons were killed, and many more wounded, most of them persons who were looking on at a distance and not engaged in the riot. The crowd immediately took to flight, leaving the field to the soldiery, who were marched back to the City Hall.

It had been pre-arranged that a large force should arrive from Baltimore in the 7 o'clock train, but hearing that their friends were returning, they desisted. In the meantime the Marines were drawn up in the depot, ready to receive them. The Marines having been on duty the whole day, the Secretary of War ordered the Light Infantry from Fort McHenry, who are expected to arrive before 10 o'clock. The mob having obtained possession of another cannon, and threatened to destroy the houses of the Mayor and Capt. Tyler of the Marines, their families and valuables were removed to places of safety. By night everything was quiet.

On Tuesday evening a large meeting was held in front of the City Hall in regard to the riot. The speakers were Gen. McCalla, Dr. Clayton, councilman Lloyd, all of the American party, who spoke of the killing of persons by the Marines on the day of election as a cruel, cowardly and bloody massacre of the innocent; and of the conduct of the Executive authorities as a trampling under foot of the sacred rights of citizen, and of law and order. Mr. Lloyd's advice to be prepared for the next attack elicited spontaneous cheers of approbation. At the same time he invoked them to preserve the peace. A committee of two from each ward was appointed to prepare suitable resolutions and call an adjourned meeting after the inquests on all the victims has been concluded.

Inquests were held on Tuesday in two cases. Three witnesses swore that the order given to the Marines to fire, was by Mayor Magruder after the swivel was taken from the rioters. Preliminary measures have been taken to bring the matter to a judicial investigation.

The Mayor's conduct was severely condemned by the meeting Tuesday night which finally separated with mingled cheers and groans.

The community is still in a feverish state on the subject of the riot.

A CURIOUS CENSOR-MORTUM.—Judge Drummond, who recently resigned his judicial office in Utah and has busied himself with writing letters exposing the immoralities of his Mormon acquaintances, is thus taken to task by the Quaka (Illinois) Plaindealer. The Plaindealer says that at the time of his appointment, Mr. Drummond was a resident of Quaka:

"And if his private history were written, it would unfold a tale of as cruel and inhuman treatment to a family, as could be found in the annals of infamous husbands. The press in this place well know his perfidy, but out of regard to the feelings of his family remained silent. After Drummond's resignation, and return to the States, he seemed to evince no desire to visit his family. When it was announced through the press that he was in Chicago, Mrs. Drummond proceeded thither to seek an interview with him; and although she stopped at the same hotel, and remained one night while he was there, he managed to screen himself from her sight, and the next morning stealthily got aboard of the train and came to this place, and took two of his children away with him. His wife remained a week in Chicago, seeking in vain for her faithless husband, and then returned home only to have a more bitter pang added to her almost broken heart, to find that her children had been spirited away, she knew not whence."

WESTERN CROPS.—We have very favorable reports in regard to the crops from Illinois, including Bloomington, a section where it was said the winter wheat was entirely killed. The letters are cheering from every part of the State, despite the croakers and speculators who are endeavoring to keep up high prices. The stock on hand at Buffalo is over 430,000 bushels Wheat, and over 300,000 bushels Corn, and the stock at Chicago is over 300,000 bushels Wheat, and 200,000 bushels Corn. Large amounts are on the way to Oswego of Wheat and Corn; also, a considerable amount in store at Milwaukie of Wheat making in store and in transito including Flour, two and a half millions bushels Wheat. With all this the daily receipts on Lake Michigan of near or quite 40,000 bushels Wheat per day, and no prospect of diminution. A gentleman from Kentucky and Tennessee reports that Wheat is finely headed out and looks for the largest crop ever known in those States. Wheat also looks very well in Missouri, Iowa and Wisconsin.

THE COMET.—A late letter from Paris represents that the people of that great city are in considerable fear of the comet. It says:

"People are still in fear about the comet.—They attribute to it, of course, the sudden change which has disappointed us of an early spring. Its appearance is now especially almost nightly, and by multitudes too, that have never before seen it, and have yielded to the influence of the prevailing panic. So gregarious are we that whither the multitude lead we are sure to follow. It is very difficult, almost impossible, for many men to resist the most unfounded apprehensions, or to keep clear of the most imaginary alarms, when they continually meet with those who are the subjects of them. It can only be from this cause that so many rational people have become irrational and absolutely monomaniacs on the subject of the comet.

A SOUTHERN ORGAN IN PHILADELPHIA.—The sometime talked of Southern organ in Philadelphia has been started. It is titled the Southern Monitor, and is edited by J. B. Jones, who is represented a "ready and forcible writer." In his leading article he says:

"Hitherto the Southern States have had no voice in the North, and hence they have been misapprehended and misrepresented, and often condemned by good men, whose sympathies might have taken a different direction, if they had received information from authentic sources. Believing this to be the case, and endorsed by many of the leading men in the South we have determined to undertake the establishment of a Southern Organ in Philadelphia, whose purposes shall be altogether constitutional, whilst its defence of Southern rights and Southern institutions will be firm and uncompromising."

Town Improvements.

The Common Council of Staunton have determined to curb and pave the side-walks from Mr. White's corner to the old Market House from thence to the residence of Mr. H. M. Bell, from Mr. B. Crawford's new residence to a point beyond Mr. Trout's, from the Lutheran Church to Mr. Wm. Kinney's, and from Main Street to the Methodist Church. The total cost will be $1100.

Acknowledgments.

Hon. John Letcher has our thanks for several volumes of very valuable "pub doos."

American Convention.

A National Convention of the American party met in Louisville, Ky., on the 2nd. Among the delegates were Erastus Brooks, of N. Y., Anthony Kennedy, of Md., John J. Crittenden, of Ky., J. Scott Harrison, of Ohio, R. W. Thompson, of Indiana, A. Baldwin, of Conn., and other distinguished gentlemen. On the second day a letter was read from Hon. Andrew Jackson Donelson, in which he expressed the belief that the local prejudices which had enabled the party, called by General Jackson "the Sham Democracy," to get possession of the Federal Government, are rapidly losing their influence, and severely attacks the Alien-Squatter Sovereignty of the present Democratic Administration.

He declares the present Cabinet represents nothing national, but is composed of a Secretary who recently denounced in the coarsest Billingsgate, the whole State Right's party; of another who is one of the most notorious leaders of the Southern Right's party; and of another who declared his heart would break sooner than to approve the compromise measure of 1850.

Hon. Erastus Brooks, from the Committee on Resolutions, reported in part an address, which had been determined on by the committee; at the same time explaining that they had not been able to complete all the duties assigned to them.

The address goes into a detailed discussion of the American question, and an examination of the Democratic policy, and concludes by asserting that the Federal Union must be maintained, the reserved rights of the States must be respected, the decisions of the Supreme Court must be enforced, the union of Church and State must be prevented, the rights of conscience must be guaranteed, the American interest must be promoted, the American nationality must be cherished, sectional agitation must be terminated, foreign paupers and criminals must be excluded, the naturalization laws must be amended, squatter sovereignty and alien suffrage must be repudiated, and finally, that Americans must rule America.

The officers of last year were re-elected, viz: E. B. Bartlett, of Ky., President, Erastus Brooks, Vice President, &c.

The Committee on Resolutions reported a series of resolutions, which were rejected at the close of the session, and a motion was adopted to substitute the platform of principles adopted at Philadelphia in 1856, which was carried by striking out the one relative to President Pierce's administration. There were numerous speeches during the meeting, and several interesting debates. The Convention adjourned *sine die* on the evening of the 3rd.

SLAVERY DISCUSSION.—The New School Presbyterian General Assembly, recently in session at Cleveland, Ohio, got completely by the ears on the slavery question. On the 7th day of the session, May 28th, the report on slavery being up, Rev. Mr. Paynter, of the Synod of Tennessee, a native of Virginia, offered as a substitute for the report of the committee a resolution that the Presbyterian Church will not permit any of her ministers to preach the Gospel in the slave-holding States, without subjecting them to the annual admonitions and reproofs of the General Assembly. The venerable Southern patriarch addressed the Assembly, stating the difficulties under which Southern ministers labor, but a motion to indefinitely postpone the resolution was carried by a large vote.

Wm. P. Cutler, of Ohio, then introduced a substitute proposing censure in the case of the slaveholding Presbytery of Lexington, South, which was not acted upon.

On the following day, Rev. Thos. H. Clelland, of Kentucky, read a manifesto of the Southern delegates. On the tenth day of the session, June 2nd., Mr. Dewitt, of Pennsylvania, spoke on the Slavery Report, taking a Southern ground. He charged the North, especially the Synods, as being too extreme in their measures. He believed many of the churches in Pennsylvania would object to have anything to do with an Abolition General Assembly. Mr. Newton, of Ohio, replied. The eleventh day was occupied by a Virginia delegate in a speech on the same subject.

A vote was taken on the Slavery question, which resulted in the vote of yeas 127, nays 26. The delegates from the Northern States voted yes unanimously. The Southern members protested.

CIVIL WAR IN OHIO.—A dispatch from Cincinnati, on the 29th, says:

"Deputy United States Marshal Churchill, and eleven assistants, left this city last Tuesday, to arrest four persons in Mechanicsburg, Champagne county, Ohio, charged with harboring fugitive slaves nine months ago. The arrests were made on Wednesday, when a writ of habeas corpus was taken out; but before it could be served, the United States officers were beyond the bounds of the county. Another writ was taken out in Greene county, and served by the Sheriff, assisted by a large crowd of citizens. The United States officers resisted, and several shots were exchanged; but finally the United States officers were overpowered, taken prisoners and brought to Springfield for trial for resisting the Sheriff in the discharge of his duty. The greatest excitement prevailed. The United States Marshal telegraphed the Secretary of the Interior to-day, for instructions regarding the arrest and imprisonment of the United States officers, but the nature of the instructions received in reply has not yet transpired. Judge Leavitt, United States District Judge, issued a writ of habeas corpus to-day, and the Marshal has gone to Springfield to serve it. In case resistance is offered, it is reported that the United States troops will be called out."

A BATTLE WITH A STEAMBOAT.—The St Louis Republican of the 3d has an account of a pitched battle between the citizens of Fort Madison and the crew and passengers of the steamer Saracen, arising out of an attempt to bring to the boat from the town a negro boy who fled to escape punishment for knocking down the mate.—The citizens interfered and commenced throwing stones at Captain Stran, of the Saracen and others who were on the main deck, slightly injuring some of them. By this time many of the citizens had armed themselves with muskets, shot guns and pistols. The officers and passengers of the Saracen were armed, and firing commenced on both sides. Which side fired the first shot is an undecided question. One thing is certain, the firing went on briskly on both sides for several minutes. The mate of the Saracen was wounded by a shot. Captain Stran received two or three wounds, and others on board were slightly injured. One man on shore was killed by a shot from the boat.

After the Saracen left Fort Madison, the crowd on shore pursued the boat for some distance up the river, and continued firing at her while she was within shot, much endangering the lives of passengers, and the boat was finally compelled to put back.

THE RIOT DISCUSSION.—A letter from Washington on the 5th says: The evening papers are still discussing the riots, and all kinds of fabulous stories are propagated, having the effect of increasing the excitement and political animosity that has already led to such terrible and deplorable results. One says that four coffins were yesterday carried out on the Baltimore road, and another tells a story of a lady searching among the killed and wounded for a lost member of her family. All the rows that may occur in Washington for a year to come will be charged to Baltimore, as has been all the disturbances here on election day, although the rioters were in hundreds, whilst it is well known now that there was but fifteen, mostly half-grown boys, in the party from Baltimore. The Star to-day speaks of a "Plug Ugly" who told a friend that he lived near the Bell-Air market, which is the very heart of the "Old Bloody Eighth." Verily, if he gave his true residence he must have been a Democratic "Plug," at least so every Baltimore reader will think. He was one of a party engaged in breaking down the shrubbery and paylings of the Smithsonian grounds.

THE WAY THEY GET RICH IN THE WEST.—A friend of ours just returned from Kansas, where he has resided for two years, tells of the high prices of provisions in that region. Flour last month, was selling at $14 a barrel, pork 20 cents a pound, and other things at the same rate.—The crops last year were poor, the winter severe, killing many cattle, and the army of emigrants so large as to devour all before them.—To the question, how did you live? the answer was prompt, "Live," said he, "Live on cracked corn; corn for breakfast, corn for dinner, and corn for supper. I have just learned to live, and if I had practiced here for ten years what I was forced to there, even at low wages I should have been a rich man."

Robert C. Stanford, a prominent lawyer of Richmond, died in that city on the 3d inst.

MEETING OF BUTCHERS.—A number of Butchers met in Philadelphia on the 1st inst. for the purpose of devising some means to reduce the present high price asked for beef, mutton, &c.—A general conversation ensued, and one of the prominent butchers present, Mr. Lowry, stated that something must be done soon to bring about a change, or Othello like, "their occupation would be gone." The cattle, it is said, are put upon the scales to be weighed for the butchers in a condition oftentimes dangerous, from the effects of what is known as "stuffing;" this is done by feeding the cattle with corn, salted and wet hay, and are then kept without water until the day of sale, when they are allowed to drink so much that the cattle are put in misery. The treatment affects them so much that it is almost impossible to take the paunch from them. The butchers also complain that cattle are sold at more pounds to the live weight than they would make if put upon the scales in an honest condition. Instead of now buying cattle at 55 pounds to the hundred weight, the butchers are compelled to pay for 62 pounds; thus allowing on every bullock weighing 800 pounds, seventy-three pounds more weight to the speculators, amounting at present prices, to $9.49. Mr Lowry also states that when scales were first established, the cattle being brought in a fair and honest condition, would yield 55 pounds of dressed meat for every hundred, but now 60 and 62 are exacted as the standard, which but few cattle will realize.

The object of those present seemed to be also to call a Convention of the Butchers of all the principal cities for the purpose of forming an Association, and the adoption of a constitution and by-laws for its government; also, to recommend the establishment in each city of a Board of Purchase, under the control of butchers, to purchase all cattle and sheep from the original feeders and graziers; also, to recommend every butcher to pay cash for his stock, and that the Board of purchase establish a weekly correspondence on the subject, with the butchers of the various cities.

ARRIVAL OF MORMON "SAINTS."—The ship Westmoreland has arrived at Philadelphia with a cargo of Mormons. The company of "the saints" is constituted of Danes, Norwegians, Swedes, one Icelander, and four missionaries from Salt Lake City to England. According to Matthias Cowley, their leader, the total number was 544, of whom he reckons 403 adults and children over eight years old; 105 children under eight and over one year old, and thirty six infants under one year.

The company, through the General Mormon Emigrant Agent in the United States shipping ports, Mr. Angus M. Cannon, chartered conveyance by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, and started for Baltimore on the 2d inst. It will take the company some three or four days to reach Iowa City, where they will prepare for the pilgrimage across the plains, a journey, according to St. Matthias, of some three or four months. He hopes to arrive at Florence by the 1st of July, and does not expect to reach Salt Lake City with as full a complement as he starts with from the "Westmoreland." The following trades and professions are represented: Musicians, gold and silversmiths, printers, boxes-carpenters, ship-carpenters, piano forte makers, cabinet-makers, farmers, &c. St. Matthias directed the female portion of the company to throw away their old turbans, and other head fastings, and to wear broad-brimmed white straw hats. These hats were universally adopted, and presented a very fine appearance as the cars bore them along from the city.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.—A libel suit between Joe. Button, plaintiff, and Michael E. Price, defendant, was tried before the Circuit Court of Jefferson at the last term. The Free Press says:—"The plaintiff claimed damages from the defendant for the publication of a card published by the defendant in September, 1855, in the Martinsburg Republican, Spirit of Jefferson and Lynchburg Republican. This card warned the public that the plaintiff was an imposter, and pronounced him, among other terms, a liar, coward and slanderer." The case was argued by Andrew Hunter and A. E. Kennedy for the plaintiff, and R. V. Conrad, C. J. Faulkner and Henry Hunter for the defendant, and the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff in $500 damages. It being shown that the defendant was not worth $500, the plaintiff's counsel consented to take half the amount, the vindication of character, and not money, being his object. Mr. Button was lately editor of the Bedford Sentinel, and we congratulate him on the result, which, however, was not unexpected.

WAR ON A SMALL SCALE.—The Indians, in Florida, who are giving the Government so much trouble, number 170 men and boys capable of bearing arms. Gen. Harney, an able and distinguished officer, with a large force of regulars and volunteers, has been after these 170 Indians with a sharp stick since January 1st. All his operations are said to have been marked by unusual skill and energy. The result so far is, that five of the Indians have been killed, and three women and two children have been captured! This is all, except that the captives report that the Indians have been kept constantly on the wing, never stopping an hour in security, and with no time to plant. The Florida paper which mentions these facts, in a long article on the subject, says that the Indians can now be gotten rid of if operations are continued during the summer; the Indians having held out thus long with the anticipation that, as usual, operations would be suspended during the summer months and enable them to take a fresh start.

A FINGER IN THE PIE.—We have reason to believe that the intimated renewal of hostilities in Nicaragua has the sanction of our Federal Government. The principle of non-intervention has had less depth of root in some American hearts than we would fain imagine. Hence the vigilance of the United States Attorneys, at new York and elsewhere, during the sailing of recent filibustering expeditions was an "all-in-my-eye, Betty Martin manœuvre—helping rather than hindering them. "A nod is as good as a wink," at any time, so just at his extremity salvation was made possible to Walker and his staff, by the opportune intervention of a United States ship of war, in violation too of the laws of neutrality. Has Uncle Sam a finger in the pie? We shall see.

THE PREDICTED COMET is now visible in the northwestern part of the heavens, near Ursa Major. The assertion of the French astronomer, that the comet would strike the earth, seems to have met with a general skepticism. "It is useless to speculate," says Professor Mitchell, "in reference to the possible consequences of a collision with a comet, as there is scarcely one chance in millions that it can occur. Science has as yet discovered no guarantee for a planet against the possible shock of a comet, but an examination of the delicate adjustments of our own system and those of Saturn and Jupiter, would seem to indicate that in all past time no derangement has ever occurred from such a cause."

INPENETRABLE MYSTERY.—The mysterious murder near Newburg, N. Y., is still a mystery and is likely to remain one. During the examination before the Coroner on Monday Catherine Asibell, wife of the negro Brown, who testified to her identity with that of the corpse, appeared in court, to the great amazement of the jury and spectators present. This is the second time during the investigation that the murdered woman—or the one supposed to be murdered—has presented herself in court and astonished those who believed in her death. The case was closed, and the jury returned a verdict that an unknown woman had been murdered by unknown persons.

OPERATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES MINT.—The statement of the officers of the Mint for the month of May shows deposits of $161,999 of gold, and $199,685 of silver; of which sum $66,530 were received in exchange for the new cent. The aggregate of gold, silver and copper received during the month is $366,480. The coinage for the same time was $171,580 in gold, and all in dollar pieces; in silver $263,000 in dollar and dime pieces. The number of new cents coined is *large mission eight hundred thousand*. Copper $5,115 of old cents were received in exchange for the new. And the total coinage of the month is $402,590. The whole number of pieces coined of all descriptions is 4,977,590.

VERMIN.—An immense army of caperpillars of dark color, the army worm with ink, from three quarters to an inch and a half long, are congregated on the vacant lot on Wolf street extending from Catharine to Brewer. In some places there are swarms numbering millions, blackening the ground and devouring the grass and

STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ HELMBOLD'S RICHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU, is prepared directly according to the Rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and is the best and most active preparation which can be made for the cure of Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weakness, &c. Read the advertisement in another column headed "A Revolutionist Certain Victory is ours."

Sept. 24, 1856 —1yr.

☞ A perfumed breath can be obtained by Dowden's Dental Fluid. Toothache instantly relieved by Dowden's Dental Fluid. Soft and Spongy gums cured by Dowden's Dental Fluid. Teeth made white and tartar removed by Dowden's Dental Fluid, recommended by Drs. Pleasants, Hodson, Edmunds, Hancock, &c., of this city, and Physicians everywhere. For sale by all Druggists, wholesale and retail.

GEO. DOWDEN, Druggist,
Sixth and Broad st., Richmond, Va.

☞ Beware of imitations, Dowdenism.

Feb. 28, 1857 —1y

Notice. INHALATION IN CONSUMPTION.—See advertisement under this head

Deafness—Certain relief for those afflicted, see advertisement headed "EAR AND EAR."

There is an article selling throughout the country that has attained the widest celebrity ever known as a remedy for Liver Complaints. We have reference to Dr. Sanford's Invigorator, or Liver Remedy, that has performed cures almost too great to believe, were it not for the undoubted evidence that accompany the testimonials. It is, in truth, the greatest remedy known for Dyspepsia, Jaundice, or a general debility that so often baffles the skill of our most eminent physicians.

Dr. Sanford has been for a long time one of the eminent physicians of New York, and, it is said, most of his cases were treated with the Invigorator with such invariable success that he has been induced to offer it as a family medicine, and let the world have the benefit of his discovery. If those who are troubled with debility, headache, languor, or slow, lingering fever will try a bottle, we think they might save many physicians bills, and days, perhaps years of suffering.

May 27, 1857—1m

FEVER AND AGUE—AN INFALLIBLE CURE.—We defy the world to produce any medicine that does not contain Quinine, Bark, Arsenic, Mercury, or any noxious or deadly compound, to cure this annoying disease as effectually as Carter's Spanish Mixture. While it contains none of the above mentioned dangerous articles, yet it possesses a power in relieving Fever and Ague which cannot be approached by any of them separately or in combination. It acts specifically on the Liver, purifies the Blood, opens the pores of the Skin, and assists nature to dispel from the system the seeds of Disease, or what is as bad, the remains of the Mineral Drugs, which clog and finally destroy the Constitution.

See the cure of Mr. Longden, of Virginia. He had Chills twice a day for 8 years, nothing would relieve him until he tried Carter's Spanish Mixture, only 2 bottles of which effectually restored him to health, nor has he had a return of the disease since.

May 27, 1857—1m.

ESSENTIAL.—New things are the order of the day. The Mint has just issued the new cents; the floor gardens give us fresh new sorrels; and the professors of good sense—whether new or old—evince it by getting new Clothes at the magnificent establishment of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 (new style) Chestnut Street, above Sixth, Philadelphia. New cents are taken at the new establishment of an old firm, and both adults and youths will assent to the proposition that the best and most elegant garments in town are those sold by R. & W.

June 10, 1857.—3m.

OIL.—Pickerel oil is recommended by some people as a remedy for deafness, on account of the fish from which it is extracted having to acute a hearing. On the same principle, we understand that cod liver oil was first thought to be excellent for coughs and colds, because the cod fish are so much exposed to dampness and wet, without ever being known to suffer from troubles of that character. Better than either, we recommend the beautiful Spring styles of Granville Stokes, whose fashionable clothing emporium is located at No. 605 (late 209) Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

June 10, 1857—2w

MARRIED,

On the 26th May, by Rev. Wm. Brown, JAMES W. CRAWFORD, Esq., to Miss CAROLINE Y., daughter of George Hennersmith, Esq., all of this county.

DIED,

On Sunday last, Mr. JAS. CLARKE, aged 85 years.

THE MARKETS.

STAUNTON MARKETS.
WHOLESALE PRICES.
Reported by Staples, Martin & Co.
JUNE 10, 1857.

FLOUR.	Superfine,	$7.50@8.00
	Extra,	8.00@8.50
	Family,	8.50@9.00
	Wheat, (white,)	1.15@1.20
	Wheat, (red,)	1.10@1.15
GRAIN.	Rye,	1.00@0.00
	Oats,	0.50@0.00
	Corn,	1.00@0.00
BACON.	(New,)	0.14@0.00
	Fresh Roll,	0.20@0.22
BUTTER.	Firkin,	0.18@0.20
LARD.		0.14@0.00
PLASTER	Lump, per Ton,	12.00@3.00
	Ground,	15.00@0.00
SALT.	Ashton,	3.00@3.00
	Marshall,	2.75@0.00
	Ground Alum,	2.50@2.50
FISH.	Herring, No. 1 clipped,	8.50@0.00

THE RICHMOND DISPATCH, DAILY, SEMI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.—The urgent solicitations of a number of friends have induced me to publish a SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH. It will appear about the 3d July next, will be printed on new type, will contain twenty-eight columns of reading matter, and in size and proportions will resemble the Weekly Dispatch. The subscription will be only TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. It will contain all the news of the day:—Political, Domestic, Foreign, Miscellaneous and Commercial—together with Editorials and entertaining Literature. Especial attention will be paid to the markets, which will be regularly and accurately reported. It will indeed be a NEWSPAPER in the most comprehensive sense: presenting intelligible narrative of everything that transpires, and communicating promptly and succinctly all kinds of information appropriate to the Newspaper.

There are only semi-weekly mails in many parts of the State, and the semi-weekly edition of the Dispatch meets the wants of the people supplied by those mails.

Every branch of the paper is entrusted to capable gentlemen, and the Daily and Weekly Dispatch are examples of the enterprise with which it will be sustained.

Those who want the SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH will please send in their orders at once, so that their subscriptions may begin with the first number. Address the undersigned.

Advertisements will be inserted at the usual rates; and as the Semi-Weekly edition will no doubt be widely circulated, it will be an advantageous medium for communicating with the public.

Both the Daily and the Weekly, as well as the Semi-Weekly Dispatch, will soon be greatly improved, and the three papers will be sent to subscribers at the following LOW RATES:

Daily Dispatch.....$4 per an.
Semi-Weekly Dispatch.....$2 per an.
Weekly Dispatch.....$1 per an.
ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

There are no cheaper journals in the Union, and neither labor nor expense will be spared to make them among the best newspapers of the day.

Richmond, June 10, 1857. J. A. COWARDIN.

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN, whose sands of life have nearly run out, discovered while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die.—He had heard much of the wonderful restorative and healing qualities of preparations made from the East India Hemp, and the thought occurred to him that he might make a remedy for his child. He studied, and succeeded in realizing his wishes. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. He has since administered the wonderful remedy to thousands of sufferers in all parts of the world, and he has never failed in making them completely healthy and happy.

Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow-beings as request it, this recipe, with full and explicit directions for making it up, and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to enclose him one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the recipe, and the remainder to be applied to the payment of this advertisement.

Address DR. H. JAMES,
No 19 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J.

N. B.—Dr. H. James has neither office nor agent in New York, as some have pretended and advertised. The receipt is sent from no place but No. 19 Grand street, Jersey City, N. Jersey.

June 10, 1857.—3moif.

WE HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE low for Cash
20 bbls. Cut Herrings, No. 1:
5 bbls. Shad;
20 bbls. Molasses;
5 bbls. Brown Sugar,
15 bbls. Coffee Sugar,
5 bbls. Crushed Sugar,
Granulated and Pulverized Sugars;
Java, Laguira and Rio Coffees;
Black and Green Teas;
Bacon, Lard and Butter;
And a variety of other things too tedious to mention.
Also, a lot of fine old French Brandy;
Bourbon Whiskey, 5 years old;
Monongahela Whiskey, 2 years old;
Where all will gather.
Holland Gin;
5 baskets Champagne;
Bingardner's old Whiskey,
And other cheap Liquors.

P. N. POWELL & CO.,
Staunton, June 10, '57. Under Union Hall.

STRAYS.—Taken up by Jesse Ralston, in this County, during the month of May last, Two Estrays—one a Sorrel Horse with 4 white feet and white face—defect in the left eye—supposed to be left hind leg, about 13 years old, and appraised at $75. The other is a Bay Yearling Colt—one hind foot white—blaze in the face—mane and tail light color, about 11 hands high, and appraised at $35. Extract, Teste,

A. S. BINKEY, D. C.

June 10, 1857.—$14.

GRAIN CRADLES.—3 dozen superior Grain Cradles just received and for sale by

GEO. E. PRICE.

Staunton, June 10, '57. Vin. copy.

B. B. B.

BALSAM APPLE BLOOM

THREE GREAT LIGHTS!

MANKIND have long been benighted in darkness as regards the true cause of, according health, disease and premature decay, and preserving life. The sick, under the fallacious treatment of the regular faculty, are subjected to a consumed practice of probabilities and uncertainties. There is nothing positive or fixed in the treatment of the sick either in the old or new school of medicine.

Dr Radway has succeeded in producing three remedies known to the world as Radway's Ready Relief, Renovating Resolvent, and Regulators. These remedies are not only established facts—inasmuch as they have never yet failed in their special or combined efficacy in producing fruitful and beneficial results—but, as they are based on a rational system, a science as they have in all cases, when tried, succeeded in restoring to health and ridding the body from diseases after all other medicinal treatment had failed and the most skillful physicians had given up the sick as beyond the power of human means to cure—and pronounced the dreadful mandate—incurable.

Radway's Remedies are therefore fixed facts in the archives of medical science. They have been "often tried"—"never denied"—and are ready "to be tried again."

FIRST GREAT LIGHT.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

As a Special Remedy is to be used in all cases where the human body is seized with the torturing pangs or paroxysms of pain—no matter what the cause of the pain may be, or where it may be located—an application of the Ready Relief, either internally as a drink, or externally as an alleviator, will in a few minutes restore the afflicted body to ease and comfort.

In all cases of Bowel Disorders, Diarrhœa, Cholera, Bloody Flux, Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, and other Nervous Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sprains, Strains, Toothache, Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Shot Wounds, Bruises, Cuts, Poisoning, either by the bites or stings of Reptiles, Insects, or Vegetable or Mineral poisoning by accident—in all cases and under all circumstances where the human system is tortured by Pain, Radway's Ready Relief can be relied upon as a quick, safe and certain remedy.

In cases of Influenzas, Bilious Fever, Typhus Fever, Ship Fever, Yellow Fever, Fever Ague, Scarlet Fever, and all Malignant Fevers, Small Pox, Measles, Pneumonia, Radway's Ready Relief used in conjunction with Radway's Regulators, will cure the positively sick, afflicted with these disorders, and protect the system against sudden attacks when either of these malignant diseases prevail.

SECOND GREAT LIGHT.
RADWAY'S REGULATORS.

The Discovery of these wonderful pills establishes a new era in purgation, and a new principle in the science of medicine. In taking these pills no griping pains or sickness at stomach is experienced; they operate naturally, leaving the bowels, liver and other organs in a natural and healthy condition.

They insure those who take them a good appetite and a healthy digestion.

Each pill that is taken gives new life to the blood; they purify it, take from it all impure deposits, and set everything in motion.

One or two doses of Radway's Regulators will entirely remove all distressing symptoms of Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Nervousness, Indigestion, Costiveness, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Melancholy, and all other organic disease, either in man or woman. Ladies troubled with irregularities or weakness, disorders, may rely upon a prompt cure and regular periods if Radway's Regulators are taken.

Every dose of Radway's Regulators that is taken instils new strength within the body of the weak, feeble and infirm. All who take them are delighted with the happy change they experience in a few hours. The fair dispirited and melancholy feel joyous and happy; the sick and debilitated, strong and vigorous.

THIRD GREAT LIGHT.
RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT.

Cures Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Ulcers, Nodes, Tumors, Fever Sores, Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Gout, Dropsy, Syphilis, Consumption, Asphyxia, Epilepsy, and all constitutional and chronic diseases either inherited by hereditary transmission or inoculated by exposure or otherwise.

There is no remedy in the world that will work such miraculous cures in old diseases as Radway's Resolvent. It changes the whole human body—reproduces new and healthy blood.

☞ Bleeding from the lungs—Radway's Renovating Resolvent will, in a few minutes, check Hemorrhage from the lungs or throat. In cases where the patient coughs up clots of blood or pus streaked with blood, Radway's Resolvent will soon remove the difficulty.

☞ Spots in the Diamond, at 18½ East Thirty-second street, had a cough for two years; she coughed up sometimes near a pint of blood during the night. She was relieved in seven days by the Relief and Resolvent.

☞ A sore leg of 21 years, cured in three weeks, by Radway's Relief. Mr. T. H. Kilgo, a merchant of high standing in Dahlonega, Ga., says: "This is a great blessing to me; I have been afflicted with a sore leg, that resisted every kind of treatment, was effectually cured in three weeks by Radway's Ready Relief, Resolvent and Regulators."

THE THREE GREAT LIGHTS.
RADWAY'S RELIEF—REGULATORS—RESOLVENT.

In all constitutional diseases, and where the constitution is broken down, or the body in a rapid state of decay, or the system inoculated with the virus of disease, either by the violation of the laws of health, intemperance, excess and indulgence of the passions, or by hereditary transmission, as in cases of Scrofula, Consumption, Rheumatism, Gout, Fits, and other hereditary diseases, in their trinitary capacity, possess a curative power that no disease can withstand; their combined effect will eradicate from the living body every particle of diseased matter; renovate the whole system; and feed the wasted, decaying lungs, or other organs; cleanse and purify the unclean from all impurities.

To the diseased wayfarer, who is crippled with infirmities, we invite you "to try" these Remedies. We will vouch for their efficacy.

With many hundreds of others who have witnessed and felt the effect of the "Three Great Lights," and as they rise and govern those bodies which they are destined by the Almighty Power, so these three Remedies stand as Rulers, Conquerors, and Grand Masters of all diseases.

RADWAY & CO.
182 Fulton Street, New York.

R. Remedies sold by LAIRD & LYNN and Dr. H. K. EICHELBERGER & BRO., Staunton, and by Druggists, Merchants, and Storekeepers everywhere.

June 10, 1857.—4mos.

CALIFORNIA.—The undersigned has just received from the eastern cities, where he learned all the late improvements relative to the art of HELIO-LIKENESS-TAKING. He will hereafter take chiefly MELAINOTYPE LIKENESSES, (a new style of picture recently patented) they will neither crumble nor break, and are susceptible of a higher degree of finish than any other now produced. They are taken on Japan iron plates. He has just finished Prof. Rice's, and Mr. Lorrer's, the two most of human events." He thinks he will then be able to answer all calls that are made upon him for Pictures, both east and west of the Blue Ridge, which he could not do during the last year. He will leave Staunton for the White Sulphur Springs, and as soon as he returns with his Galleries he will visit every store and a road of any note in the counties of Augusta and Rockingham, to furnish the public with good Sky light Pictures. Persons not wishing to pay cash, once, are furnished by many side-light operators, who travel not for reputation, but for dollars and cents. Then those who wish good Pictures, done up with cement paper, to last as long as the metal, will please wait until one of these Cars comes near their doors. D. A. PLECKER.

June 3, 1857.

JUNE 10, 1857.—I have just received direct, the following additions to my stock, which I will sell unusually low for cash:

50 pieces assorted Prints and Calicoes, 2 doz. Worked Lace and Muslin Collars, 1 doz. pair Undersleeves, Swiss Edgings and Insertings, Cambric Insertings and Edgings, Crape Shawls, Blue, Pink and Fancy Plaid Gingham, Summer Challes, Crape Berages, Black Silks; White, Black and Fancy Bonnet Ribbons, Bonnet Rucks, Pantaloon Stuffs, Farmers Drills, and many other desirable articles of goods.

Staunton, June 10, 1857. JNO. F. J. WHITE.

HORSE THIEF—$30 REWARD.—Stolen from the stable of the subscriber, in Staunton, on Wednesday night, the 27th inst., a BAY HORSE, about 7 years old, and about 15½ hands high; has on him the marks of a work horse, but is not; it is a fine harness horse, some white on his nose, and off some of his feet. Said reward will be given for the apprehension of the thief and the recovery of the horse, or ten dollars for the horse alone.

Staunton, June 3, 1857. GEORGE BAYLOR.

WE are now prepared to furnish BOTTLED SODA WATER (or Pop) to Country Merchants, Hotels, Springs, and Dealers generally. Orders will be promptly attended to at city prices.

DR. H. K. EICHELBERGER & BRO.
Successors T. F. & J. B. Kinsley.

Staunton, May 13, 1857.

MOSSY CREEK ACADEMY.—The Public Examination will take place on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, the 10th, 11th and 12th of June. The Annual Exhibition will be held on Wednesday, the 17th of June, commencing at 9 o'clock. A. M.

Mossy Creek Academy, June 10, 1857

DENTAL NOTICE.—WM. CHAPMAN has removed to Staunton. He will be found at Dr. Ayres's Office, four doors from the National Hotel, when not professionally engaged in the country.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.—tf.

FRESH SUPPLY OF FISH. Just received, 20 barrels of No. 1 Clipped Herrings, also, 10 half barrels of No. 1 Shad. For sale low by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, June 3, 1857.

WANTED. I will pay the highest price for the following Country Produce, either in barter or cash: Butter, Lard, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Wool, Feathers, Tow and Flax Linens, Flax Seed, &c. &c.

Staunton, June 10, 1857. JNO. F. J. WHITE.

UNHEARD OF BARGAINS IN READY-Made Clothing—Vests, Pants and Coats at cost and greatly below—with a view to clear out the part of my stock for cash. JNO. F. J. WHITE.

Staunton, June 10, 1857.

70 BARRELS EXTRA FLOUR JUST received and for sale for cash.

P. N. POWELL & CO.

Staunton, June 10, 1857.

NOTICE.—Several Hundred Cords of seasoned WOOD, within 7 miles of Staunton, and of easy access, for sale on the ground.

P. M. YOUNG.

June 8, 1857—4t

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME. 10 TWENTY DRAWN BALLOTS. ☞ In calling your particular attention to this extraordinary scheme, we would especially direct your attention to the fact of the Ballots all being drawn, consequently there being the unprecedented number of 20 Drawn Ballots, whereas the other Lotteries only extend 14, giving a preponderance in favor of the purchaser, as well as increasing the chances thereto thereby that it will be entitled to a $20 Prize. The other and higher Prizes are IMMENSE, and well worth of an investment, for which we refer you to scheme at foot. We take pride in informing our patrons and advertisers, heretofore patrons, by the prizes we have sent them, and we take this opportunity to thank them for the liberal support our exertions have received at their hands. Hoping for a continuance of the same, we therefore say *Let Rolls Roll*, and as the GRAND CONSOLIDATED CLASS H, to be drawn in Baltimore, Maryland, on SATURDAY, JUNE 13th, 1857. R. FRENCH & CO., Managers.

SCHEME

20 drawn ballots in each package of 20 tickets

1	$45,275	$45,275
1	15,000	15,000
1	12,000	12,000
1	10,000	10,000
1	5,000	5,000
1	3,000	3,000
10	1,000	10,000
20	500	10,000
1,000	100	100,000
1,000	50	50,000
1,000	20	20,000
1,000	10	10,000
1,000	5	5,000
1,000	3	3,000
1,000	2	2,000
1,000	1	1,000
1,000	1	1,000
1,000	1	1,000
1,000	1	1,000
1,000	1	1,000
1,000	1	1,000
1 Proved	2	2,000
	3	3,000
	4	4,000
	5	5,000
	6	6,000
	7	7,000
	8	8,000
	9	9,000
	10	10,000
	11	11,000
	12	12,000
	13	13,000
	14	14,000
	15	15,000
	16	16,000
	17	17,000
	18	18,000
	19	19,000
	20	20,000

Approximation Prizes.

4 Prizes of $225 approximate to $900
4 " 200 " " 800
4 " 175 " " 700
4 " 150 " " 600
4 " 125 " " 500
4 " 100 " " 400
4 " 75 " " 300
4 " 50 " " 200
4 " 25 " " 100
4 " 20 " " 80
4 " 15 " " 60
4 " 10 " " 40
4 " 5 " " 20
4 " 3 " " 12
4 " 2 " " 8
4 " 1 " " 4
4 " 0 " " 4
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4 " 0 " are 4,000

We would advise all to make an effort and buy a Certificate of Package of 20 Whole tickets, cost $5 00
do do 20 Halves, 2 50
do do 20 Quarters, 1 25
do do 20 Eighths, 63

In the above Scheme, formed by the tertiary combination of 78 numbers, making 76,076 tickets, and the drawing of 20 ballots, there will be 1,140 prizes, each having three of the drawn numbers on it, 19,000 prizes having two of them on, and 56,056 tickets, with neither of the drawn numbers on them, being blanks.

To determine the fate of these prizes and blanks, 78 numbers, from 1 to 78 inclusive, will be severally placed in a wheel on the day of the drawing and 20 of them drawn out at random, and that ticket having for its combination the 1st, 2d and 3d drawn numbers, will be entitled to the capital prize of $45,275; that ticket having on it the 4th, 5th and 6th drawn numbers, to $15,000; that ticket having on it the 7th, 8th and 9th drawn numbers, to $10,000; that ticket having on it the 10th, 11th and 12th drawn numbers, to $10,000; and so on according to the above scheme. All other tickets (being 1,000) with three of the drawn numbers on them, each $500; those 116 tickets having on them the 1st and 2d, 1st and 3d, 4th drawn numbers, each $200; those 116 tickets having on them the 4th and 5th, or 5th and 6th, or 4th and 6th drawn numbers, each $60; those 116 tickets having on them the 9th and 10th, or 11th and 12th drawn numbers, each $40; all other tickets (19,872) with two of the drawn numbers on them, each $20; those 16,536 tickets with either the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th or 10th drawn numbers, each $20; those 16,536 with either the 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th or 20th drawn numbers, each $10.

☞ No ticket which shall have drawn a prize of a superior denomination, can be entitled to an inferior prize.

Tickets $20—Shares in proportion.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—"The Glory of our Land House will never depart." "The star is in the ascendant." Havana Plan No. 6. We have merely to call your attention to the simplicity of this Lottery, being composed of single numbers, and to refer you to the best evidence of our success, viz: the fact of the Official report of the amount of Prizes we sold in the last Lottery on the Havana Plan—One Prize of $25,000, Quarter of $6,250; One Half of $5,000, and 13 Prizes of $1,000 each; in the aggregate amounting to the enormous sum of $48,500, besides several smaller prizes, ranging from $100 to $1,000.

We again advise you to give us a trial in the following: GRAND CONSOLIDATED HAVANA PLAN LOTTERY OF MD. R. FRENCH & CO., Managers. Extra Class SIX, to be drawn in Baltimore, Md., on *Tuesday, June 9th*, 1857. Prize amounting to 188,700 Dollars! ☞ Prizes payable in full without deduction ☞ 20,000 Numbers—1,000 Prizes.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of	$34,790 is	$34,790
1 Prize of	10,000 is	10,000
1 Prize of	5,000 is	5,000
1 Prize of	2,000	
1 Prize of	2,000	
1 Prize of	2,000 are	10,000
1 Prize of	2,000	
1 Prize of	2,000	
1 Prize of	2,000	
1 Prize of	1,500	
1 Prize of	1,500 are	7,500
1 Prize of	1,500	
1 Prize of	1,250	
1 Prize of	1,250 are	6,250
1 Prize of	1,250	
1 Prize of	1,250	
1 Prize of	1,000 are	10,000
10 Prizes of	1,000	
10 Prizes of	1,000 are	10,000
20 Prizes of	500 are	10,000
20 Prizes of	500 are	10,000
192 Prizes of	400 are	76,800

Approximation Prizes.

4 of	$500 Apr'x to $34,790 are	$2,000
4 of	450 " 10,000 are	1,800
4 of	400 " 5,000 are	1,600
20 of	100 " 2,000 are	2,000
20 of	90 " 1,500 are	1,800
20 of	80 " 1,250 are	1,600
40 of	60 " 1,000 are	2,400
80 of	50 " 600 are	4,000
80 of	40 " 500 are	3,200
528 of	20 " 400 are	10,560

1,000 Prizes amounting to.....$188,700

Whole Tickets $10; Halves $5; Quarters $2.50.

☞ Prizes payable forty days after the drawing, in full, *without deduction* in this Lottery.

☞ For Tickets and Packages, address orders to

T. H. HUBBARD & CO.,
Office 29 Fayette-st.—Box No. 46.
Baltimore, Maryland.

June 3, 1857.

KEROSENE OILS, DISTILLED FROM COAL, or non-explosive. *Recently Letters Patent.*—Two different grades of these celebrated Oils, suitable for Machinery of all kinds, Binnacle and Family use, can be had of the undersigned, also of the Wholesale Oil Dealers and Druggists in the City of New York, and of the authorized Local Agent of the Company in this place.

AUSTENS,
General Agents, Kerosene Oil Co.
No. 56 Beekman-st., New York.

☞ Local Agencies granted on application as above. Orders should specify the description of lamp or machinery for which the oil is wanted.

June 3, 1857—1y

LAND FOR SALE.—Being desirous of moving to the West, I will offer for sale, privately, the TRACT OF LAND on which I reside, lying on a branch of the Long Meadow Run, in Augusta county, and containing 95 Acres. About two thirds cleared; the balance heavily timbered. There is a good DWELLING HOUSE and every necessary out-house on the premises. Good Springs on the land. A good Steam Saw Mill and Chopping Mill close by.

If not sold privately before the *20th day of July*, the property will then be offered at public auction.

June 3, 1857—tds SAMUEL BAZEL.

A NEW AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF FINE FURNITURE. 65 doz. Windsor Chairs, price $5 and $6 per set;
60 doz. Cane Seat Chairs, at all prices;
A large lot Rocking Chairs; 50 Cottage Bedsteads; 100 Parlor and Centre Tables, very cheap for cash; 25 Sofas, of very rich patterns; 26 Bureaus; also, a large lot of other Furniture, making up the most complete assortment ever offered in the Valley of Virginia, all of which I will sell at a small advance for cash.

A. D. CHANDLER.

Staunton, June 3, 1857.

JAMES GORDON,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

SOLICITS consignments of TOBACCO, WHEAT, CORN & COUNTRY PRODUCE GENERALLY, to the sale of which he will give his personal attention.

Office at the Store of John N. Gordon, 14th Street, near Exchange Hotel.

Richmond, June 3, 1857—6m.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fresh supply of CONFECTIONERIES, including Assorted French Bonbons, Fruit Candies, Fig, Citron, Pine Apples, Bananas, Cocoa Nuts, Currants, Fine Nuts, Preserved Ginger, Cassia, Lemon Syrup, Guava Jelly, Goslings, Sardines, Catsup, Capers, Scotch Herrings, &c., &c., which I will sell low for cash.

WM. T. MOUNT.
Main Street.

Staunton, June 3, 1857.

NEW DRUG STORE. DR. W. B. YOUNG, late of Washington city, will open in a few days, at the old stand of H. J. & W. B. Crawford, a new and extensive stock of DRUGS, and other articles usually found in such establishments, which he invites the attention of the citizens of Staunton and vicinity.

Staunton, May 27, 1857.

EXPECTED early next week—considerable additions to my Stock, viz: White Crape Shawls; Black and Gold Dress Silk; 50 Patterns Calicoes and Ginghams; Worked Collars and Sleeves; White Plaid and Fancy Cold Ribbons; Silk Fringe, Rice Cambrics, &c., &c., all of which will be sold very low for Cash.

Staunton, May 20, 1857. J. F. J. WHITE

INFANTS' SHOES.—A beautiful assortment—several new styles, very pretty. Ladies will find some that cannot fail to please them.

WM. WALSH'S,
No. 4, opposite St. Charles Hotel.

Richmond, June 3, 1857.

I HAVE ON HANDS A FEW OF McCORMICK'S COMBINED REAPER & MOWER, which will be sold to farmers on 12 months credit, (with interest from 1st day of July next,) as we are anxious to have them tested.

May 27, 1857. THORNTON BERRY, Agent.

LADIES' VELVET SLIPPERS.—Several of the lots just received, and will be sold very cheap.

WM. WALSH.

Richmond, June 3, 1857.

A FRESH MILK COW AND CALF FOR sale.

FRANCIS McFARLAND.

June 3, 1857 —1t*

PICKLED OYSTERS FOR SALE BY

WM. T. MOUNT.

Staunton, June 3, 1857.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR!

One dollar will buy one of the best Purgative and Liver Medicines now before the public, namely, Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, or Liver Remedy, that acts on the Liver more easily and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a cathartic, but a Liver remedy, acting first on the Liver to prepare the morbid matter there in the stomach and bowels to be carried off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most cathartics. Hundreds have testified to the same time that purgatives, and when taken daily in moderate doses will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

Dr. Sanford's Invigorator is compounded entirely of the purest vegetable tonics, and the strength of these tonics may be fairly estimated when it is known that one dozen of the bottles contain as much strength—as much medicinal virtue—as any other medicine of the same class, and at the cost of one dollar.

Through possessing rare medicinal powers these tonics have been but little known to the public, and are used in their prescriptions and used in the form of the Invigorator, which is a fluid extract, which experience has proved to be the most convenient form for a family medicine to find and known its effects. It has rarely ever failed to cure Liver Complaints in their worst forms.

Nervous debility caused by a deranged Liver is cured when the Liver is excited to action.

Dyspepsia is caused by an improper action of the Liver, and as a proof that the Invigorator does cure Dyspepsia we advise all troubled with Dyspepsia take the Invigorator regularly one week, and then skin will go to an unhealthy original color.

Costiveness is permanently cured by the Invigorator. Take no mild cathartic pills for costiveness, and assists nature to her operations. By gradually diminishing the dose, the bowels are left in a healthy and active state, and work as regularly as a clock.

Sick Headache is very speedily relieved by taking a double dose of the Invigorator, which corrects all a cidity and sourness of the stomach.

For an over loaded stomach it has no equal, as it relaxes and digests the contents, causing after eating hearty. For *Costiveness* generally, all who use it speak of it in the highest terms.

Dr. Sanford's Invigorator came to us recommended as a cure for Liver Complaints, and all diseases arising from a Diseased Liver. The testimony of so many of our Physicians in its favor, induced us to try it, and now our action is certain that it is one of the greatest blessings ever given to Dyspeptics, for it is not a complete cure before the first bottle was taken, and now we can set anything eddible without trouble, while before nothing but the lightest food would digest, and often that gave pain. Now what we would say to all our readers is, if *Liver Complaint* or *Dyspepsia* trouble you, do not fail to try this the greatest remedy in the world.—*Male Pack.*

We take infinite pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventative for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

There has never been a time in our family a remedy which has met with such unbounded success in the cure of diseases incident to children, as Dr. Sanford's Invigorator; nor is it at the present time; we feel that we owe it to the public as a Cathartic so mildly and gently, and seems to invigorate the system so thoroughly that we think we are doing a service to all in advising them, when they need medicine, to try Sanford's Invigorator. Hundreds of testimonials under our notice where great benefit has been received in diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, where all other remedies failed to give relief. I has become so useful in our family that we can not do without it.—*Jacksonville, (Ala.) Republican.*

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

Sold by SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York, Laird & Lynn, Staunton, and by Druggists generally.

FOR SALE.—Agreeable to the following rates, which is the FIXED

Certificate of a Package of 10 Whole,	$50
10 Halves,	40
10 Quarters,	20
10 Eighths,	10

In Ordering Tickets or Certificates, enclose the money to our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may desire, if ordered.

The list of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be forwarded to the purchasers immediately after the drawing.

☞ Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

☞ Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

☞ All Prizes of $20 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Address Orders for Tickets or Certificates to

W. SWAN & CO., *Atlanta, Ga.*

May 27, 1857.

☞ A list of the numbers that are drawn from the wheel, with the amount of the prize that each one is entitled to, will be published after every drawing in the following papers: *The Orleans Delta, Mobile Register, Charleston Standard, Nashville Gazette, Atlanta Intelligencer, New York Weekly Day Book, Savannah Morning News, and Richmond Dispatch.*

SAVANNAH LOTTERY, ON THE HANSON PLAN of Single Numbers. ANDERSON & SON, Managers, successors to J. F. Winter, Manager. Prizes payable without deduction. Capital Prize $60,000. 20,000 Tickets. JASPER COUNTY ACADEMY LOTTERY, by authority of the State of Georgia. CLASS V, draws June 13th, 1857, at St. Andrews Hall, Savannah, Ga., under the sworn superintendence of W. R. Symons and J. M. Prentiss, Esqs. Magnificent Scheme.

1 Prize of	$60,000
1 "	20,000
1 "	10,000
1 "	5,000
1 "	3,000
2 Prizes of $1,000 are	2,000
5 " 500 are	2,500
100 " 100 are	10,000
100 " 50 are	5,000
1,000 Approximation Prizes,	25,000
2,000 prizes of $100 are	200,000
	$415,500

3,365 Prizes amounting to.....$204,000

Whole Tickets $10; Halves $5; Quar. $2.50

Plan of the Lottery.

The Numbers from 1 to 20,000, corresponding with three Numbers on the Tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one Wheel.

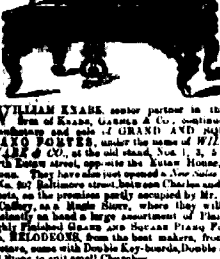
The first 2,000 Prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another Wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a Number is drawn from the Wheel of Numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other Wheel. The Number and Prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners, the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.

Approximation Prizes.—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the first 12 Prizes will be entitled to the 4x Approximation Prizes. For example, if Ticket No. 11,236 draws the $2,000 Prize, then all Tickets numbered 11,234, 11,235, 11,237, 11,238, will each be entitled to $225. If Ticket No. 550 draws the $25,000 Prize, those Tickets numbered 548, 549, 551, 552,

STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Gold Medals Premium Pianos Forte.



WILLIAM KNABE, senior partner in the late firm of KNABE, GAEMS & CO., continues the manufacture and sale of GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO FORTES, under the name of *WILLIAM KNABE & CO.*, at the old stand, Nos. 1, 3, 5 and 7 North Eutaw street, opposite the Eutaw House, Baltimore. They have also just opened a *New Salesroom*, at No. 207 Baltimore street, between Charles and Light streets, on the premises partly occupied by Mr. Henry McCaffty, as a Music Store, where they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Plain and Highly Finished Grand and Square Piano Fortes; also, MELODEONS, from the best makers, from 4 to 6 Octaves, some with Double Key-boards, Double Reeds, and Stops to suit small Churches.

Being extensively engaged in the manufacture of Pianos, we will sell Wholesale and Retail, on the most liberal terms.

Our Pianos were awarded the Highest Premium (Gold Medal) at the Fairs of the Maryland Institute, two successive years, October, 1855 and 1856, in opposition to 14 and 18 Pianos from some of the best makers, from New York, Boston and Baltimore. We were also awarded the First Premium at the Industrial Exhibitions held in Richmond, Va., 1856 and 1857.

In addition to this, we are in possession of testimonials from the most distinguished Performers and Amateurs in the country, which can be seen at our Warerooms, speaking for themselves and others, of the high approbation in which our Instruments are everywhere held.

All Instruments are guaranteed for five years, and a privilege of exchange is granted within the first six months from the day of sale, if the instruments do not give entire satisfaction.

Wholesale Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing.

☞ Pianos exchanged, hired, and tuned

WM KNABE & CO.

Baltimore, May 20, 1857.

LEOPOLD GOEPEL, Agent for Wm Knabe & Co., Piano Manufacturers, Baltimore, Md., will remain in this place a short time, and will be pleased to attend to any business entrusted to him.

☞ *Pianos Tuned and Repaired on reasonable terms*

Mr. G's long connection with the above celebrated Factory is a guarantee of his capability of performing properly what he undertakes.

He has, also, in his possession, undoubted testimonials.

Orders will please be left as soon as possible with L. GOEPEL, Virginia Hotel, or J. C. KNUBLEMAN, Virginia Female Institute.

Staunton, May 20, 1857.

P. B. PRICE CONTINUES TO RECEIVE at his BOOK & STATIONARY STORE, 146 Main St., RICHMOND, opposite the American Hotel, New Books, Literary and Religious, Sunday School Books, and Retores of every description, *Books for the Young* generally, and Stationery in its various departments.

He has lately added to his list of his own publications, the clear and comprehensive work of Geo. D. Armory. Price 62 cents, at which also it will be sent by mail post paid.

His other publications are, Flowers by the Wayside, by T. W. White, of Richmond, a really valuable book for the young. Price, gilt, 50 cents, plain, 37½ cents.

Hall's Manual of Religious Instruction, for schools and families, a new edition of a work remarkable for its adaptation to the purposes for which it is designed. Price 75 cents.

☞ These works will be sent by mail post paid at the above prices.

Hugh Miller's last work, Testimony of the Rocks, just received. Price $1.25. French's Poems, and other works by the same popular author. Macaulay's Sketches, Biographical and Historical, 50 in number.—Price 75 cents.

Richmond, May 18, 1857.

NEW SEGAR AND TOBACCO STORE OPPOSITE THE VIRGINIA HOTEL, *and adjoining Kanaver's Jewelry Store.*—To the lovers of the Weed, and chewers of Tobacco, I beg leave to announce that I have opened a SEGAR AND TOBACCO ESTABLISHMENT, at the above mentioned stand, where at all times, may be found SEGARS of all the most admired Brands, of imported and domestic manufacture, with Chewing and Smoking Tobacco of the very best kind. A practical experience of many years in the above business, and a thorough knowledge of the same, justifies me in saying, that I can supply all demands, and administer to the taste of the most inveterate tobacco chewers and smokers. I hope my many friends will give me a trial, and their kind support, in my endeavor to establish myself here, promising them a strict and faithful attention to business.

WILLIAM BARKMAN.

Staunton, May 20, 1857.

GOOD NEWS FOR THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. PULLER'S COMPOUND TOLU.—The above preparation is one of the most prompt and efficient remedies in cases of Catarrh, Bronchial Affections, Colds, Coughs, Hemorrhage of the Lungs, in fact all affections of the Throat and Chest that can be reported to. This medicine has a tendency of allaying the Cough, healing the Lungs and Stomach, and produces free expectoration, without the cough. In cases of Consumption its effects need be apprehended, while it frequently effects a cure like a charm.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by

JOHN PULLER, M. D.,
Halifax street, Petersburg, Va.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by LUTAN & LINK, Druggists, Main street, Staunton, and W. W. KING, Waynesboro'.

Apr. 29, 1857.—1y.

FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING, OF THE BEST FINISH AND LATEST STYLES.—ROAKE & ALBY, having located themselves in Staunton, (under the Virginia Hotel,) would call the attention of citizens and the public generally to their stock of *Ready-made Clothing*, equal to the best Custom Work in fit and finish. Also, an assortment of fine Linen Bosom Shirts, Collars, Drawers, Socks, and and Gentlemen's Furnishing generally, all of which they offer at *Baltimore prices for cash.*

New Goods receiving every few days, by which means a fresh supply is always on hand.

Goods ordered at the shortest notice.

☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction.

Staunton, April 15, 1857.—tf.

A RETIRED PHYSICIAN, whose hands of life have nearly run out, discovered while in the East Indies, a certain cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cough, Cold, and General Debility. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die.—Wishing to do as much good as possible, he will send to such of his afflicted fellow-beings as request it, this drug, with full and explicit directions for making it up, and successfully using it. He requires each applicant to enclose him one shilling—three cents to be returned as postage on the receipt, and this remittance to be applied to the payment of this advertisement. Address Dr. H. JAMES,

No 19 Grand St., Jersey City, N. J.

May 18, 1857.—1m*eof.

FAIRBANK'S SCALES.—It is an admitted fact that Fairbank's Scales are the best in use; they have been thoroughly tested, and in every instance have taken the first premium. All who use Scales, should use FAIRBANK'S. Millers, particularly, will find it to their interest to use Fairbank's Hopper and Packing Scales. Corporations should use FAIRBANK'S Cattle and Hay Scales. Merchants should use FAIRBANK'S Portable Platform and Counter Scales.—All Railroad Companies do use Fairbank's Patent Track Scales. All of which can be had at manufacturer's prices of the subscribers, SOLE AGENTS in Richmond.

CLARKSON & ANDERSON,
No. 106 Main Street.

Richmond, May 18, 1857.—2m

LIVERY.—Having purchased the LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT formerly owned and conducted by B. Beswell, we are prepared to accommodate the public with Saddle-horses, Hacks or Buggies. Persons wishing to visit Weyers' Cave, will find a daily conveyance from our Stables. We have careful drivers and hope by strict attention to business to command a share of the public patronage. Persons wishing Livery, will please call at the Virginia or American Hotels.

THOMAS J. BURKE & CO.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.—6mos.

MANTUA-MAKING.—MRS. FRANCES S. MCLAUGHAN is prepared to execute all kinds of work in the above line of business, in the latest styles. Her rooms are the store formerly occupied by B. M. Cushing & Co.

Staunton, April 22, '57.—3m

TO GENTLEMEN.—Our Stock of GENTLEMEN'S WEAR has never been so complete as now, and I do only necessary to say, if you call upon H. & H., our Superintendent and Cutter, you cannot fail to be pleased. HAYES, STRIBLING & CO.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fresh and full supply of Medicines, Drugs, &c. Those wishing Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c., will find it to their interest to give us a call. DR. H. H. SCHERLEKENDER & BRO.

Successors to T. P. & J. B. Rutridge.

Staunton, May 13, 1857.

SEGARS.—A large and well assorted supply of genuine imported Havana Segars; also, the usual assortment of those made, to which I invite a call at the wholesale of persuasion. R. J. GLENDY,

Staunton, Apr. 15, 1857. Per C. T. COCHRAN.

SPRING TRADE.—E. LAWTON, MANUFACTURER and DEALER in BOOTS and SHOES in the store formerly occupied by Mrs. S. A. Brown, next door to Geo. H. Price.

Staunton, Apr. 29, 1857.

Jamaica Spirits, Brandy Peaches, Pickles, Tomatoes, Sardines, Table Oils, Cayenne Pepper, Mustard, Cognac, Red Bordeaux, Ar. Wine, &c. WM. T. MOUNT.

Staunton, Apr. 15, 1857.

TOBACCO.—I have now in store and for sale a very superior article of Tobacco, to which I invite the attention of the public at this time in any number of lots wanted. R. J. GLENDY,

Staunton, Apr. 15, 1857. Per C. T. Cochran.

OYSTERS, FISH.—The undersigned would inform the city of Staunton and the public generally, that he is now receiving his Oysters, Fish, &c., for the season, and intends to keep a supply on hand during the season. Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to. Oysters will be served up in the best style at all hours. JOHN W. GILMER.

Staunton, April 22, 1857.—3m.

PEACHES.—Just received a fine lot of Peaches, which we offer at a low price. PIPER & FUNKHOUSER.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—We are now prepared to exhibit the most attractive STOCK of STAPLE & FANCY GOODS ever opened in Staunton, to which we would invite the attention of the citizens of Augusta and neighboring counties. All we ask is an early call and careful examination.

KAYSER, STRIBLING & CO.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—We are now receiving a large and desirable Stock of Goods, embracing the best styles and patterns for the season, in which we especially invite our friends and the public generally, being satisfied our prices will compare favorably with any stock in town or country.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, April 22, 1857.

DEEDS & MENDENHALL, *LAND AGENTS*, will select and enter Government Land with each warrants, make investments, loan money, (at western rates,) pay taxes, and transact a general Real Estate Business throughout the Northwest. Address

DEEDS & MENDENHALL,

April 29, 1857.—1m(Mpz)

PLATED FORKS.—I would call the attention of families to a very superior double-plated Table Fork, equal to best white metal, warranted of the very best quality. They are full equal in appearance to solid silver, and are very durable; also, Tea and Table Spoons. GEO. E. PRICE

Staunton, April 29, 1857.—Ym. copy.

TO GO 50 TO 60 CARRIAGES & BUGGIES for sale, of various styles and prices, some of the best and neatest work ever offered in this market, which will be sold on accommodating terms a few doors north of Crawford & Cochran, at the old stand of JUDSON McCOY.

Staunton, Ap. 29, 1857.—3m.

PERUVIAN GUANO.—The undersigned are daily receiving the ship "Gronlie" with a cargo of PERUVIAN GUANO, direct from the chincha Islands, which will be sold at the lowest price, and delivered free of cartage within the limits of Alexandria, Va. JOHN W. BRAWNER & CO.

Alexandria, March 25, 1857. POWLE & CO.

RARE AND VALUABLE BOOKS.—J. W. RIDDLE, Shenandoah, has just published for the profession (free of charge) a Catalogue of Medical Books, which he will send only by request and a 3 cent stamp to pay the postage. A Catalogue of rare and valuable books, many of them with Autograph Bills, Notes, Newspaper Cuttings, &c.

The Catalogue contains 80 pages, 1,000 different subjects and 2,000 volumes.

Also published a Catalogue of over 1,000 of new and old Books, on Politics, Political Economy and Political History.

Also, a Catalogue of 10,000 new and Standard Law Books, embracing many rare English editions not to be found elsewhere—most of the works can be sent by mail post paid to those who remit the retail price.

Book buyers will find these Catalogues very useful, as the size, date of publication, binding, and price are given. New Books received as soon as published, and large additions are made to the stock of rare old works.

☞ Libraries bought and sold

Richmond, April 29, 1857.

---

50 CENT AMBROTYPES.—PAUL POWERS, of 151 Main Street, Richmond, Va., has just returned from *Europe* with all the *latest improvements in the Photographic Art.*

Having established a *line of Steamers between Rich mond and Liverpool* for the sole purpose of importing the best French Plate Glass for the use of Ambrotypists, enables him to reduce the price of his unrivalled Ambrotypes to 50 Cents each. The AMBROTYPE is a superior picture in every respect, to the old Daguerreotype. They are neither effected by air, water or the sun, and can be seen in any light, and above all, can be made for one half the cost of the Daguerreotype.

PAUL POWERS respectfully solicits a call from the citizens of Staunton and vicinity, pledging himself to give them the best of likenesses for 50 cents each.

☞ GALLERY 151 Main street, Eagle square, Richmond, Va. April 29, 1857.—3m.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE—
5 hhds N O Sugar;
3 bbls Crushed do;
10 " Coffee do;
1 box Loaf do;
5 bbls Cuba Molasses;
2 bbls N O do;
5 " Syrup;
50 bags Rio Coffee;
1 box Tobacco do;
10 " Java do;
5 " Maricaibo do;
2 boxes Adamantine Candles;
15 " Hotel do;
5 " Sperm do;
Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Rice, Soda, Macaroni, Starch, Shaving and Fancy Soaps, besides a variety of other articles too tedious to mention.

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, April 29, 1857.

ROSES—ROSES—ROSES.
I have Roses rare and fine,
Upwards of a hundred kind.
Pinks and Verbenas too,
Also, every variety of Geraniums, Verbenas, monthly Carnations, Cocuchas and Petunias, Honeysuckles, Poesta, Orange, Arborvitae, White Jasmine, Mock Orange, Crape Myrtle, Calcanthus, Evergreen Shrubs and Dahlia Roots; together with Early Yora Cabbage, Tomato and Beet Plants, Asparagus Roots, Strawberry Plants, &c.

I will afford no great pleasure to wait upon those who may give me a call.

☞ All orders will be attended to with care and despatch. JNO. TRENARY,

Staunton, March 4, 1857.—3m.—V. & T. A. copy.

THE FOLLOWING IS FROM THE RICHMOND DISPATCH:

Beautiful Work!

We noticed in the fair room of the Mechanics' Institute two cases of Boots and Shoes, for Gentlemen and Ladies, manufactured by our enterprising fellow citizen, Mr. Alexander Hill, which reflects the highest credit on his skill. In the case of Gentlemen's Work we noticed two or three pairs of Boots and Shoes that surpass in workmanship anything of the kind we have ever seen, either home-made or imported, and our only regret is, that he has no competitors to contest the palm of superiority with him. The case of Ladies' Work is also of the best quality, and we do not think they can be surpassed by any other manufacturer. All who have seen this work compliment Mr. H. highly, but not more than he deserves.

Richmond, Oct. 29, 1856.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—We have this day associated with us in the BOOT AND SHOE business PAUL KURTY, who will give his particular attention to the retail department. The business will be conducted under the style of H. & J. Faust & Co. Our friends and customers are respectfully informed that we shall continue to furnish them with the very best home-made and city made Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes at fair prices.

H. & J. FAUST & CO.

Staunton, August 13, 1856.

N. B.—All persons indebted to the firm of H. & J. Faust by note or account will please come forward and make prompt settlement. H. & J. FAUST.

August 13, 1856.

A MATTER OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE CONCERN.—The subscriber has commenced the BOOT and SHOE MAKING business at the store rooms recently occupied by G. W. Kayser, where customers of the old firm will always find an excellent stock of home made articles at fair prices. The Ladies will find every variety of Shoe and Gaiter for their use, from which they can make a selection "just suited to their fancy."

☞ As a further inducement for the public patronage, the subscriber will state that he has engaged the services of Mr. A. M. Simpson as Superintendent of this department. HENRY HUGHES.

Staunton, July 12, 1857.—1y.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA AND SUMMER COMPLAINTS, highly recommended by all physicians of both the old and new world. Lager Beer put up in bottles for family use, per dozen pints, $1.25; per dozen quarts $2.25; in packages of from 5 to 6 dozen, put up and sold by

P. WILBACHER, No. 262 Main st.,
Richmond, Va.

☞ No extra charge for package or drayage. Orders from the country will be promptly responded to, provided amount being added or good city reference given. For sale also, Lager Beer in quarter Kegs of 8 Gallons and half barrels of 16 Gallons. Superior Cream Ale in quarter Kegs of 8 Gallons, and half barrels of 16 Gallons.

[April 29, '57.—1y21,5t.

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, &c.—JOHN B. SCLIEREK begs leave to say to his old customers and friends, that he is now in receipt of his Spring supply of GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, &c., which have been bought low considering the present state of the market and which will be sold low for Cash, or on short credit to punctual customers. He has on hand a great variety of Fancy Articles, Toys, &c., &c., to which he would call the attention of the public. Thankful for past favors, he promises that no pains on his part shall be spared to merit a continuance of the same.

Staunton, April 15, 1857.—1y.

NOTICE.—I am now prepared to make to order *LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS AND SHOES*, of superior quality, out of materials imported direct by myself, which are fresher and better made than can be purchased at the North.

ALEX. HILL,
Manufacturer and Importer of French Boots and Shoes, No 127, Main Street, Richmond, Va.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders.

Richmond, Oct. 29, 1856.

DR. JAMES JOHNSTON, SURGICAL & MECHANICAL DENTIST, having been located permanently in Staunton for the last four years, would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he still continues to practice Dentistry in all its various branches, with the strictest regard to durability and neatness.

Office on the south side of Main Street, opposite the old Spectator Office.

Staunton, Nov. 29, 1854

W. J. POINTS hoping, by close and assiduous attention to business, to be rewarded with the patronage of a liberal public, will invite your attention to the following Goods:

Britania Ware,	Block Tin Ware,
Painted Tubs Nests,	Family Hardware,
Wooden Ware,	Willow Ware,

And an endless variety of Plain Ware, all of which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

☞ 2 Doors West of Union Hall.

Staunton, Oct. 29, 1856.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—We would inform the public that we are now receiving the largest and most varied stock of GOODS that we have ever had at one time, and we feel sure that bargains, we would invite persons to give our stock an examination before purchasing elsewhere

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—We are now prepared to exhibit the most attractive STOCK of STAPLE & FANCY GOODS ever opened in Staunton, to which we would invite the attention of the citizens of Augusta and neighboring counties. All we ask is an early call and careful examination.

KAYSER, STRIBLING & CO.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

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J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

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Staunton, Ap. 29, 1857.—3m.

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Alexandria, March 25, 1857. POWLE & CO.

WESTERN VA. MARBLE WORKS, AT STAUNTON AND HARRISONBURG.

MARQUIS & KELLEY HAVE now on hand a most splendid supply of Italian and American Marble, which they are manufacturing into Tombs, Monuments, Head and Foot Stones, Table and Bureau Tops. Above is one of the prettiest and most chaste patterns for Lowlots, parlor use, with handle and other designs, carved to lay on the top. Pasters, Paint, and Mallet Stones constant on hand. Having had a long experience in the business, and worked in the most difficult and delicate letter carving, with great success, they feel assured that the taste of the most fastidious can be pleased at their work.

They have recently opened a branch of their establishment in the town of Harrisonburg, where one of the partners is ready and prepared to receive orders. All demands promptly attended to.

Staunton, April 22, 1857.

P. C. CAMPBELL, WM. H. CAMPBELL, JOS. H. MERRYMAN.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANS.

CINFIELD, BROTHER & CO., 229 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MD., ARE now prepared to offer the greatest inducements to Country Merchants, having just opened an extensive stock of Goods, such as

WATCHES, JEWELRY,
SILVER WARE, FANCY GOODS, PINE CUTLERY,
CLOCKS, WATCH MAKER'S TOOLS AND MATERIALS,
PORT MONAIES, ALBATA & PLATED WARE, CHINA VASES, PISTOLS, &c., &c.

OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION.

Also, a complete assortment of *JEWELRY AND SILVER WATCHES*, from their own Factory.

WATCHES direct from

Jurgensen, Cooper, Cordery, Adams, Hutton, Bewley, Johnson, Hartman, Hiland, Peter Philippe & Dr. Henry Capt, M. S. Tobias & Co., Rock, Roskell, Richard, &c.

London, Paris, Geneva, Vienna and Italian JEWELRY, in great variety; ROSEWOOD WORK BOXES and WRITING DESKS, fine FANCY GOODS, of entirely new styles.

We invite the attention of dealers to our new and elegant stock of Goods, assuring them that the Lowest Prices will be named for each article.

☞ Orders from the Country promptly attended to.

CINFIELD, BROTHER & CO.,
Importers of Watches, Jewelry and Precious Stones, &c.

Baltimore, March 4, 1857.—1y

Lynchburg Hose and Fire INSURANCE COMPANY, LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA.

Marine, Fire and Life Risks at Current Rates.

Capital $100,000! Contingent Fund $7,500!

OFFICERS.

JNO. R. MCDANIEL, *President.*
JAS. M. COBBS, *Vice President.*
GEO. H. THURMAN, *Chief Engineer.*
C. T. WILLIS, *Secretary.* J. O. WILLIAMS, *Treas.*

DIRECTORS.

JNO. OTEY TAYLOR,	SAMUEL GARLAND,
JNO. T. DAVIS,	JAS. P. PAYNE,
DEXTER OTEY,	WM. H. STRATTON,
S. H. MCKINNEY,	C. WINFREE.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Dr. WM. OTWAY OWEN,
" P. H. GILMER,

HAVING been appointed an Agent in Western and Southwestern Virginia, for the above company, I am prepared to receive applications and take Risks on Buildings and Lives (both whites and slaves) at current rates.

Persons wishing information in the premises, will apply to

Agent for L. H. & F. I. Co.

Salem, April 29, 1857.

☞ Dr. J. ALEX. WADDELL is Medical Examiner at Staunton, upon whom persons wishing to insure slaves will please call.

TO THE CITIZENS OF STAUNTON.

DENNIS & BROTHER, DYERS!
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

BEG to inform the citizens of Staunton and vicinity, that they are now prepared to execute every description of Silk, Cotton or Woollen DYEING or CLEANSING as well as can be done in New York, or elsewhere. We have new Machinery and the very best of Workmen, and guarantee to give satisfaction to our patrons. Merino Silk and Delain Dresses dyed into fashionable colors, and not made to rip. The owners of Shawls of every description dyed and cleansed; Crape Shawls dyed Scarlet, Crimson or other colors equal to imported; Velvet dyed nearly equal to new; Silk Dresses cleansed and green and other colors dyed. We intend to do our work equal to any establishment in the United States, and respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Staunton and vicinity.

N. B.—*Gentlemen's Garments* cleansed and dyed to look like new. DENNIS & BRO.,

Successors to J. W. Hixes,
Franklin St., opposite Metropolitan Hall,

Richmond, Sept. 10, 1856.—3m. Richmond, Va.

INSURANCE COMPANY, OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA,

CHARTERED MARCH 17, 1852.

Round Capital $300,000.

THIS Company, having now fully organized, is now ready to receive applications and issue Policies, and offers to the citizens of Virginia the inducement of a home Company for the safe insurance of all kinds of property, on terms as favorable as fair and equitable rates. The Directors assure the public that this Company will be conducted with a view to permanency and on the strictest principles of equity, justice and a close regard to economy and the safety of the insured.

PRESIDENT,
JOSEPH S. CARSON.

C. S. FUNK, *Secretary.* J. O. F. BRESEE, *Actuary.*

DIRECTORS.

JOSEPH S. CARSON,	JOHN KERR,
JAMES P. RIELY,	LEWIS P. HARTMAN,
LLOYD LOGAN,	ROBERT STERRETT,

HUGH SIDWELL.

☞ *Office on London Street, next door to the Valley Bank.*

GEORGE E. PRICE, Local Agent, Staunton.

April 2, 1856.

HAT AND CAP STORE.
WILLIAM SHRY

HAS just returned from the cities with one of the largest and finest stocks of HATS AND CAPS ever brought to this market, which he offers for sale at prices cannot fail to please. Having laid in his goods on the best terms, he can sell to the trade, so that retailers can buy of him and make a good profit. His stock consists of white and black Beaver; white and black Rocco, Otter; Brush and Silk, and all kinds of Fur, Slouch and Wool HATS, for boys and men; also, all kinds of STRAW HATS, and CAPS of all sizes and grades.

He also carries a full stock Wool and Fur Hats, which he warrants to be equal to the best city made. He will also buy Furs of all descriptions, at the following prices:

For good Mink Skins 50 cts; Coon, from 20 to 25 cts; Gray Fox, from 25 to 37½ cts; Red Fox, 37½ to 50 cts; Otter, from $1.25 to $2.50, and the highest cash price for all other qualities of Furs.

☞ Hat and Cap stand, one door below J. F. J. White's, Main Street.

Staunton, April 22, 1857.—1y.

ALEX'R. HILL, No. 127 Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.,

HAS just received another Case of LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS, SLIPPERS AND GAITERS manufactured expressly for him by the celebrated Boot and Shoe Maker, of Paris, that is Belmo. He has impelled materials of the best quality for the manufacture of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes of every description. He also keeps on hand the best of Baltimore, Philadelphia and Eastern work, and thus, with his own manufacture and his imported work, his assortment will surpass any other house in this city. He has made an arrangement for Boots to have shipments of goods made to him every month; so that he will hereafter be kept regularly supplied with the latest and all the latest styles of French Boots and Shoes, of every kind. He has blamed in this case, for Ladies that are entirely new in this part of the country, and he invites the ladies to call and see them, as they are something extra.

Richmond, Oct. 29, 1856.

CLOTHING!—CLOTHING!—FOR SPRING & SUMMER TRADE. The undersigned having returned from the northern markets, now be found at his old stand, and is now ready to offer to an approving public a large, cheap and beautifully made Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING. Their prices all qualities of Goods, styles and prices, diffe is ready and anxious to wait upon his customers, and to make them

"To be, without allow of fig or bean,
A finished gentleman from top to toe."

To his customers he is duly thankful for their liberal patronage his kind to continue, and asks a continuance of the same. To the public at large he would ask a call and examination of his Stock of Clothing before purchasing elsewhere.

J. POLLITZ,
Rooms Corner of Va. Hotel,

Staunton, April 15, 1856.

CINCINNATI HAMS.—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of Cincinnati Family Cured Hams. Many of the Public Institutions, Hotels and private housekeepers have found from experience that it is not only most convenient, but most economical, to purchase these hams instead of laying in a supply of pork. They are cheaply treasured, and have to little or no waste. Orders promptly attended to.

JOHN W. STRIBLING, Agent.

Staunton, March 4, 1857.—6mos.

A REVOLUTION IN CERTAINTY!

VICTORY IS OURS!

SUCH is the progress of Science in this age that nothing seems impossible. That there are new and scientific discoveries being made every day, no one will doubt. After a thorough investigation of the Medical kingdom, with a view to obtaining a specific remedy for the more common ills of humanity, I have succeeded in bringing together such. Three years have elapsed since its introduction, and it is now established as the Great Specific for the Blood known as HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION

Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract Buchu, for all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Urinary and Sexual Organs. Not to run for a week,

It cures diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, OBSTRUCTIONS

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
CHRONIC GONORRHŒA,
STRICTURES,
GLEETS,

And all diseases arising from excesses and imprudence, such as dim, nervous and debilitated sufferers, and remove all improper discharges within the Bladder, Kidneys, Sexual Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause they may have originated, and no matter of how long standing, giving Health and Vigor to the frame, and Bloom to the pallid cheek.

DEBILITY, brought on by abuse, a most terrible disease, which has brought thousands of the human family to untimely graves, thus blasting the brilliant hopes of the young, and robbing the fair land of a large portion of many a noble youth, can be cured by the use of this INFALLIBLE REMEDY, and as a medicine which must benefit everybody, from the simple debility to the most confirmed and desperate stage of disease it is to be found. If you have contracted the foul disease, which once seated in the system, undermines the constitution, sapping the very vital fluids of life, then take *the Remedy at Once.*

The leprous disfigurement, whose effect
Holds such an enmity with blood of man,
That swift as quicksilver it courses through
The natural gates and alleys of the body,
Curdling, like eager dropping into milk,
The thin and wholesome blood.

Beware of Quack Nostrums and Quack Doctors.

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract Buchu is prepared directly according to the *Rules of Chemistry and Chemistry*, with the greatest accuracy and chemical knowledge and care devoted in its combination. Its popularity has extended in all directions, and is better used in town, country, hospital or private practice, has invariably given the most decided and unequivocal satisfactory and produced the most salutary and beneficial effects. It has been and is used in all the principal Hospitals of the United States and British Provinces, in both public and private practice, with great success. Henceforth let it be understood, for the guidance of those labouring to be cured, that Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract Buchu, is the most valuable remedy ever offered to the afflicted.

The mass of voluntary testimony in possession of the proprietor is unanswerable, and names well known to Science and Fame, Celebrated Physicians and Distinguished Clergymen.

See Pick DEWEES valuable work on the Practice of Physic and most of the late standard works on Medicine.

Dr. EBIRAIM McDOWELL, a highly distinguished physician and member of the Royal College of Surgeons, in London, and published in the transactions of the King and Queen's Journal, says: "The Fluid Extract Buchu having been lately strongly recommended, I was induced to make it a trial, and my experiments have resulted in the most satisfactory manner, having succeeded in saving the most inveterate cases in which I had no hopes of success."

An interesting letter is published in the Medico Chirurgical Journal, on the subject of Extract Buchu, by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, F.R.S., speaking of its diuretic and diseases arising from excess of mercury, he says that "no remedy is equal to it—its power is extraordinary, more so than any drug I am acquainted with. It is in the strictest sense a Tonic with this valuable attribute, that it is applicable to a state of the system so sinking and yet so irritable as to render other substances of a Tonic class unattainable, or injurious." We take the liberty in quoting the italics, says the distinguished editor, Dr. Johnson, because we most cordially concur with Mr. Travers in his statements of Extract Buchu.

It is as mildness which is perfectly pleasant in its taste and odor, but immediate in its action, and it is taken by persons of either sex, without hindrance from business or medical advice, as explicit directions for its use and an ample number of reliable and respectable certificates to convince the most skeptical will accompany each bottle.

Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Delivered to any address. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
No. 52 South Tenth street, below Chestnut,
(Assembly Buildings,) Philadelphia.

To be had of Lutan & Link, Staunton, Jno. T. Ansell, Waynesborough, and of Druggists and Dealers throughout the United States, Canadas and British Provinces.

Sept. 24, 1856.—1yr.

NOTICE TO
St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas, Nebraska, & Western Passengers in General.

PASSENGERS to St. Louis, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska Territories, should take the following route: Via Wheeling, Columbus, Dublin, Indianapolis, and from there the TERRA HAUTE AND ST. LOUIS AIR LINE without a change of Cars.

Passengers for Chicago and the Northwest should get their tickets always via COLUMBUS, the capital of Ohio, and INDIANAPOLIS, the capital of Indiana. Baggage by this route will be checked through from Washington or Harper's Ferry to St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE.—Kansas and Nebraska Passengers take notice, that a *reduction of fare* has been made to the following places: From Washington to Dublin, Indianapolis, Lafayette, Terre Haute, Cincinnati, Weston, Atkinson, Doniphan City, in parties of 20 and upwards, each $20. Single Tickets $25. From Washington to Hannibal, Lexington, Glasgow, Independence, Liberty, Wyandotte City, or Kansas City, in parties of 20 and upwards, each $22. Single Tickets $27.

By the above it plainly shows, that it is to the benefit of every one emigrating together in a large company; it will not only save money, but it also will save time and inconvenience, as a Route Agent will be sent through with a large party.

An extra Palace Car will be given to large Parties and Emigrants.

☞ Be sure to get your Tickets to St. Louis, Missouri, and Kansas, via the great TERRA HAUTE & ST. LOUIS AIR LINE, and to Chicago, in all other places via COLUMBUS, the capital of Ohio.

☞ For further particulars, Fares, &c., please enquire at the *"Spectator Office."* Staunton.

☞ Large Parties will please give notice of their leaving, the number, &c., to the undersigned Route Agent, in order that everything may be arranged for their comfort, and insure them a pleasant and speedy trip.

L. ZIMMER, Route Agent,
Brown's Hotel, Washington.

April 8, 1857.

Fine Groceries for Southern Families.

THOMAS HOPE & CO.,
No. 132 CHAMBERS STREET, NEW YORK,
(*Established 1826.*)

IMPORTERS and Dealers in all descriptions of Rare Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, Fine Old Brandies, Superior Old Jamaica, St. Croix and Antigua Rum, Old Holland Gin, and every variety of Fine imported and Domestic Liquors.

CHAMPAGNE—Sparkling Sarasine, Moet & Chandon and Mumm's Imperial, Cabinet and Verzenay, Heidsieck, and other Brands.

CLARET AND SAUTERNE—including Chateau Margaux, Chateau Lafitte, Lafite, Larose, Margaux and St. Julien, Chateau and Haut Sauternes.

HOCK WINES—of Johannesberger, Marcobrunner, Rudesheimer, Hochheimer, Sparkling Hock and Moselle.

SEGARS—of all the choicest varieties, Elegantes, Regalias, Conchas, Operas, Pressed and Common.

FOREIGN FRUITS—of all kinds, Raisins, Almonds, Currants, &c.

HAMS AND TONGUES—Buffington, Virginia and Westphalia Hams, Smoked and Pickled Tongues.

GOSHEN BUTTER—in Firkins, Tubs and Stone Jars.

PICKLES—Sauces, Catsups, Sardines, Capers, Olives, &c.

PRESERVES—East and West India and Domestic, and a full and general assortment of every variety of FINE GROCERIES.

New York, March 4, 1857.—1yr.

NATIONAL HOTEL, STAUNTON, VA.—The subscriber, who was recently Proprietor of TAYLOR'S HOTEL, Winchester, has leased, and is now in possession of, that well known and popular House, the NATIONAL HOTEL, in STAUNTON, Va. CRAWFORD has been so long and favorably known that little need be said to call the attention of the public to him. Having had considerable experience in his business, the subscriber believes that he will be able, by unremitting and assiduous attention, to make his patrons comfortable whilst under his roof.

To the people of the country, especially, he would say that his means of accommodation for man and beast are exactly suited to their wants. His Table will be equal to any in the place, at all seasons of the year. His servants are well qualified and attentive, and his Stabling is unsurpassed in this region of country. Its extent and excellent arrangements. He believes insures a full share of the local patronage, with the fullest confidence that his guests will find everything just as they wish. For the accommodation of the travelling public, an omnibus will be at all times in attendance

STAUNTON SPECTATOR--EXTRA.

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 1857.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOGGETT & ANDERSON, UPHOLSTERERS and Paper Hangers, corner of Governor and Franklin streets, Richmond, would respectfully invite the attention of the public to their large and well assorted stock of French and American gold, velvet and plaister styles of Parlor, Chamber and Hall Paper and Borders. Satin de Laine, English and German Damask for Curtains; Gimps, Cords, Tassels, Cornices and Bands, Lace and Muslin Curtains in great variety of pattern and price; rich gold, gold and velvet flower Gothic, plain and landscape Window Shades; floor and table Oil Cloths of all widths, qualities and prices; Hair, Cloth and Plush for covering Furniture; Curled Hair and Feathers; Sofa Springs, Webbing, Gimps, Tacks, Cords and Tassels for Pictures; Cocoa Matting, hair and shuck Mattresses, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows of superior quality. Upholsterer's Needles and Hammers, Mattress Twine, Spring Twine, &c., all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Paper Hanging and Upholstering executed at the shortest notice by the best of workmen, in town or country.

Richmond, March 7, 1857.—1y

Ferguson, Faris & Co.,
No. 9 PEARL STREET, RICHMOND,
IMPORTERS, JOBBERS OF DRY GOODS.

ARE receiving, and will in a few days have in store their entire stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, to which they would call the attention of city and country dealers, embracing in part Oil cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting—all grades; White Cambrics and Muslins; Irish Linen, Linen Sheetings and Diapers; Black and fancy Silks, and Satin De Chine; Silk, Linen, Cambric and Lawn Hdkerchiefs; Embroidered Collars, Sleeves and Lace Goods; Ladies' Dress Goods; Berages, Muslins, Lawns; French Kid and Silk Gloves in great variety; Tailors' Trimmings—best quality.

A large portion of the stock of goods has been recently bought for cash, and a portion of our own importation—all of which we offer at a small advance for cash.

☞ Special attention paid to the Hosiery Department, having one floor exclusively for goods of that class. [Richmond, March 7, 1857—1y

LAW JOURNAL.—J. W. RANDOLPH, RICHMOND, has published the Quarterly Law Journal, for January, '57.

CONTENTS:—Collision at Sea; Evidence—Witness—Master and Slave; Evidence—When Admissible; Evidence—Execution Debtor—Fraud; Ejectment—Evidence; Assumpsit—What Constitutes—Evidence; Are mpsit—Form of Action—Consideration; United States Court of Claims; Recent English Decision; Rescue—Attempt to Escape; New Trial—Evidence—Pleading: Removal from the Bar—Power of the Courts; Reprieve—Native of Husband—Right to Timber Cut; Endorser Notice; Proof of Writing—Practice—Evidence; Sale of Interest by Expectant Heir—When Valid; Sheriff—Execution—Return; Limitation in Remainder Interest; Readiness to Perform; Editorial Miscellany; Book Notices; Revisor's Reports; Index to Grattan's Reports—16 pages, 4to

Price $5 per year. The nos will be sent by mail post paid to all who pay in advance.

Richmond, March 7, 1857.

"Insurance on Life."
The Mutual Benefit Company.

CAPITAL JANUARY 1st, 1857, $2,423,512 18
PAID LOSSES TO " " 1,516,324 60
PAID IN DIVIDENDS TO THE INSURED, 857,867 57

THIS Company makes and pays annual dividends of 35 per cent to the insured—which helps to pay the premiums. It has paid over $150,000 to Widows, Orphans, Guardians, &c., in Virginia. Persons disposed to obtain insurance on their lives, will find this Company affording every security and advantage which any good Company offers.

B. W. KNOWLES, Agent.
Office at "Stationer's Hall," No. 21 Pearl street.
Richmond Va. [March 7, 1857—3m

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, TEACHERS AND others can purchase Books and Stationery on the best terms at KAUFFMAN'S Book store, 121 Main street, Richmond. Orders will meet with prompt attention.

Richmond, March 7, 1857.

GREAT REDUCTION IN the price of Hats and Boots.—From 15 to 20 per cent saved by buying from J. H. ANTHONY, Columbian Hotel Building.

Molesk' Hats of best quality, $3 50; do second quality, $3 00; Fashionable Silk Hats, $2 50; Fine Calfskin sewed Boots $3 50; Congress Gaiter Boots, $2 25; Fine Calfskin sewed Shoes, $2 25.

J. H. ANTHONY has made arrangements with one of the best makers in the city of Philadelphia to supply him with a handsome and substantial Calfskin sewed BOOT, which he will sell at the unprecedented low price of *Three Dollars and a Half.*

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

CIRCULAR SAWS, MANUFACTURED BY Burger & Boyle, corner 10th and Bird streets, Richmond, Va., from the best material and finished upon their newly invented machinery by which the Saw is made perfectly true and warranted to perform well in every particular. We would be pleased to meet our list of prices to any address together with certificates, etc., etc. Address

BURGER & BOYLE,
Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y Richmond Va.

JAS. C. HUNT. D. R. HUNT.

HUNT & BROTHER, GENERAL COMMISSION Merchants, Cary, between 12th and 13th streets, Richmond, Va., solicit consignments of Flour, Wheat, Tobacco and Produce generally—and James C. Hunt has had seven years' experience in the Wheat and Flour Trade.

They give prompt personal attention to all consignments—make quick sales and prompt returns

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

CREW & SON, STEAM SOAP AND CANdle Manufacturers, 17 1-2 st., near Va. Central Railroad Depot, Richmond, Va., keep constantly on hand a large stock of Refined Summer Candle suitable for this market, to which the attention of the trade is respectfully called.

☞ All articles of our manufacture warranted CASH given for Tallow and all kinds of Grease

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

RICHARD MOORE'S PREMIUM HATS,—Characterized by all the elements of comfort and perfect gentility of appearance,—light, brilliant, tasteful and seasonable,—adopted to the wants of the plain or gay, the young, the old, of the middle-aged, and calculated to display most agreeably the features of the wearer. No. 207 Broad, between 4th and 5th streets, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—6m or 1y

JNO. A. HARRIS. B. J. SCHOLS.

HARRIS & SCHOLS, COMMISSION AND Forwarding Merchants, on Cary street and Kanawha Bank, Richmond, Va., give their personal attention to the sale of all descriptions of produce, and the receiving and forwarding of Merchandise. Consignments respectfully solicited.

Richmond Feb. 24, 1857.—1y

WADSWORTH, TURNER & CO., IMPORTERS and Wholesale dealers in Dry Goods No. 18 Pearl street.

J. H. WADSWORTH,
D. S. TURNER,
G. A. PARKER,
} RICHMOND, VA.

Richmond, March 14, 1857—1y

F. W. BASS, MANUFACTURER and wholesale dealer in Boots and Shoes, Trunks, Carpet-bags, Satchels, &c., No. 107 Broad street Richmond, Va.

☞ Persons visiting the city will find it to their interest to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere [Richmond, Mar. 21, '57—1

E. A. J. CLOPTON, AGENT AND Re Collector, Box No. 6 Wall street, under the Ex. Charles Hotel, gives his personal attention to Hiring out Negroes, Renting out Houses, Collecting Claims, and any other Business pertaining to a general Agency. [Richmond, March 14, '57—1y

J. D. GOODMAN, WHOLESALE AND Retail dealer in superior quality Clothing, and Gentlemen's Fancy Dress articles, 119 Main street, Richmond, Va. [March 14, 1857—1y

WILLIAM WALLACE, SONS, WHOLESALE dealers in Groceries of every description, and Furnishing Goods for country stores and retailers generally, also Importers and Dealers in Foreign Wines and Liquors, and Domestic Liquors of every description, 14th street, Richmond

They buy for cash and select Groceries, Provisions and Furnishing Goods in person from the North and West; their foreign Liquors and Wines they import. They not only offer the advantage of furnishing Retailers and Country Stores with a complete outfit for business, but will guarantee to sell goods to more advantage as regards price and quality, than any other House. Their imported Brandies, Gin, Rum and other Liquors and Wines are unsurpassed by any to be found elsewhere

To persons who purchase imported Liquors by the original package, they offer this advantage, that the purchasers can withdraw from the Custom House the package they buy. Particular care is taken in packing goods and in delivering to Depots in good order and condition, being regularly listed and receipts taken for delivery.

A call from those visiting the city of Richmond is respectfully solicited, or orders entrusted to them will be faithfully executed. Inquiries in regard to prices, &c., of goods promptly answered

☞ Terms cash, or 6 months time if city acceptances are given. Consignments of produce will receive prompt attention and cash advanced on them if required. [Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

CLOTHING CHEAP AND FINE.—SAMUEL C. OUGGINHEIMER would respectfully inform the citizens of Augusta and the adjoining counties that he will soon be in the receipt of one of the largest and best selected stocks of Ready Made Clothing for Spring and Summer wear ever brought to the Richmond Market, which he designs to offer to the trade upon as good terms as any House in America. He therefore invites all persons visiting the city, whether merchants or others, to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined not to be undersold. He can furnish everything needed in the Clothing line, and will be most happy to wait on all that may give him a call—store below St. Charles Hotel, one door from the entrance. [Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

BERNARD T. FRANK, CARVER AND Gilder, Looking-glass and Picture-frame Manufacturer. No. 210 Broad street, Richmond, Va.

Every description of ornamental and plain gilt looking-glass and portrait pictures Frames made to order.

ALSO, oval Frames of every size and description; Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and other fancy Wood Frames. Looking Glasses in gilt and Mahogany Frames. Looking-glass plate of all sizes. Cut and Room Mouldings and Rosettes for buildings. Also, Engravings in great variety on hand. Old work re-gilt, paintings varnished, &c. Merchants' Cards framed at wholesale prices. All orders will receive prompt attention.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

NEW AND INTERESTING.—HAVING PROcured a beautiful French "Typographical Conformator" for taking the measure of the head, I can warrant my hats to fit neatly and easily, hence there is no longer any use of complaining of ill fitting hats. All that is needed is to call on James Collins, Main St., opposite St Charles Hotel, and you can be accommodated with a good fit at cheap rates as the city can afford. He has in store a large supply of hats and caps suitable to the season, which he will dispose of on the most accommodating terms. Remember, Main Street, opposite St. Charles Hotel. Richmond.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

R. MORSE & BROTHER, NO. 188 MAIN street, Richmond, Virginia, Manufacturers of Piano Fortes, and dealers in Music, and all kinds of Musical Instruments. They warrant their make of Pianos to be as sweetly toned, and of as good workmanship as those made in any other establishment in the country; and they will be sold upon as good terms. They invite all in need of Pianos to give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, as they believe they can make it to the interest of all to do so, and will leave no pains unspared to please the tastes of all.

☞ Piano Fortes and other Musical Instruments tuned. [Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

FREDERICK HEFFLEY, MANUFACTURER and dealer in Stoves, Tin, Sheet Iron and Copperware, No. 32 Main street, four doors below the St. Charles Hotel, Richmond, Va., keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of Cooking-stoves, and the celebrated "Morning Star" Stove, containing a double oven, the most popular stove in existence, warranted to operate in the most perfect manner.

N. B.—All orders for Guttering, Spouting and Roofing, in the city or country, will be punctually attended to. [Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

BEATCLIFFE & DOUGLASS, GROCERS AND Commission Merchants, corner Pearl and Cary streets, Richmond, Va., keep constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Wines and Liquors, to which they call the attention of purchasers.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Country Produce.

Refer to Hon. A. H. H. STUART, JNO. D. IMBODEN and A. D. CHANDLER.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

O. A. STRECKER, APOTHECARY, DRUGgist and Importer of German Chemicals, &c., opposite Old Market, Richmond, Va.—Prescriptions put up with the greatest precision and neatness. Chemical Preparations and Analysis done made with care and accuracy. Country merchants are requested to examine his stock of American, German and French drugs, Fancy Articles, &c., most of which are below Northern prices.—Medicine Chests replenished on liberal terms.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

CRUBBS & APPERSON, 401 BROAD ST., Richmond, Va., dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Glass Ware, French, English, and American Perfumery, Fine Toilet and Shaving Soaps, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes, Surgical Instruments, and a general assortment of Landreths' Garden Seeds. Always on hand

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y.

SAMUEL AYRES, COMMISSION AND FORwarding Merchant, Cary street, Richmond, Va., gives strict personal attention to the sale of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Flour and all other Country Produce, and solicits consignments of the same. Liberal cash advances on consignments in hand.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

JOHN H. DICKERSON,
(SUCCESSOR TO J. H. COLQUITT,)

SADDLE and Harness Manufacturer, corner of Main and Twelfth streets, has always on hand a large stock, and sells low for cash.

Richmond, Feb. 28 1857—1y

GUNTER & ALVEY, PEARL STREET, Richmond, Va., Importers and Wholesale dealers in Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Buttons, Combs, Threads and NOTIONS, call the attention of Virginia Merchants to their Spring Stock [Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857—1y

AMERICAN HOTEL, MAIN STREET, RICHmond, Va., opposite the new Custom House, and within 1 square of Farmers', Virginia and Kanawha Banks.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y WM. B. BISHOP, Proprietor.

EDWIN WORTHAM & CO., GROCERS, and Commission Merchants, and dealers in Iron, Steel, &c., corner 19th and Cary streets, solicit consignments of Flour, Wheat, Corn, Tobacco, &c., &c. [Richmond Feb. 28, 1857—1y

WHITEHURST'S GALLERY OF PHOTOgraphs, Ambrotypes and Daguerreotypes, No. 77 Main street, Richmond, Va.

ALBERT LITCH Manager.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

J. T. HUTCHESON, WITH *WINSTON & JONES*, Grocers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, Importers and Wholesale dealers in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors and Cigars, corner of Cary and Pearl streets (leading to Mayo's Bridge, Richmond Va. [Feb. 28 1857.—1y

T. B. HUMPHREYS,
DEALER IN

WATCHES, Clocks, Jewelry, and Silver Ware, No. 57, Main Street, opposite the St. Charles Hotel Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857.—1y

NOTICE.—THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has re-fitted in superior style, the spacious Store, No. 72 Main st., where he confidently believes will be found the most complete and varied assortment of *Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valise, &c.*, ever offered to the people of Virginia. In addition to the various styles of Philadelphia and Eastern manufacture, he keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Buskins, Ties, &c., &c., and Gentlemen's Boots, Gaiters and Brogans, and Servants' Brogans, and Boots, of his own manufacture; and is prepared to make to order for Ladies and Gentlemen, any description of article in his line in the most tasteful and fashionable style.

He has endeavored, in the improvements and arrangements of his store, and in the extent, variety and quality of his goods, to suit the tastes and wants, as well as comfort and convenience of all, and he confidently solicits a call from his friends and the public generally, being determined that so far as lies in his power, his goods, his prices and his efforts to please, shall render the establishment worthy the patronage of a discriminating Southern public.

PHILIP K. WHITE,
73 Main Street Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857.—1y

GEO. W. WEST, PUBLISHER AND DEALER in Books, &c., &c., Exchange Block, 14th street, Richmond, Va., has now in press a new Romance from the pen of one of the most intellectual of Virginia's sons,—St. George Tucker, Esq.—which will soon be ready for publication and sale. The title of the work is "Hansford." The work is historical, and is founded on Bacon's Rebellion. It is pronounced to be a novel of uncommon merit by men of learning and ability who have been permitted to peruse the proof-sheets.—This is Mr. Tucker's first effort in the character of a Novelist, and will add renown to his already distinguished name. This work will contain 350 pages printed on hand-some white paper, and bound in neat muslin, gilt backs—price $1 25; and will be ready for sale on the tenth day of March, 1857. Persons who remit the price will receive the book free of postage.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857.—1y

1857. 1857.

CLARKSON & ANDERSON,
NO. 100 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.,

Importers of Hardware, Cutlery, Guns and Anchor Bolting Cloth, have in store, and are receiving direct from the manufacturers in England and in this country, their Spring Stock, which has been purchased with much care, and on the most favorable terms, enabling them to sell as cheap as any House in this or any Northern city. Their large and elegant sales-room enables merchants to examine their stock and make their purchases in half the time and with much less fatigue than usual. They cordially invite all visiting this market, especially those who have not been accustomed to buying here, to examine their stock, feeling assured they cannot do better anywhere.

N. B.—They are also sole Agents in Richmond for Fairbanks' celebrated Scales.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857.—1y

SPRING IMPORTATION.

Large stock of Guns, Pistols, &c. I am now opening a large variety of single and double barrel guns of superior finish, also a splendid variety of Powder Flasks of Dixon's make; Shot Belts and Pouches of the most approved styles, fine Game Bags, Wad Cutters, Dog Calls and Collars, Ely's Water Proof Central Fire Caps, Wash Rods complete, Gun Wads, &c.

Also, Colt's Repeating Pistols, Allen's Revolvers, and every description of Pistol now in use.

Guns stocked and repaired with neatness and despatch.

JAMES WALSH, Gun Importer,
7 doors above St. Charles Hotel.
Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

China, Glass, Earthenware,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE undersigned, importers and dealers in China, Glass and Earthenware, would respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they are now in receipt of their spring supply of New Goods, consisting of every variety of article in their line; and will take great pleasure in exhibiting the same to all who may oblige them with a call.

To COUNTRY MERCHANTS they are prepared to offer very great inducements.

Particular attention always paid to packing and the filling of orders. TAYLOR & CO.,
117 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857.—1y

GIBBS' GALLERY FOR PATENT AMBROtypes and Photographs, of every size and description.

Daguerreotypes copied into Ambrotypes and made permanent, or if desired, to fire size on Paper or Canvass, retaining the perfect likeness and painted by first class Artists, making a most beautiful and desirable style of Portraits. Ambrotypes in Locket, Pins, Cases and Frames; all descriptions.

P. E. GIBBS,
Corinthian Hall, Main street, below 9th, Rich'md.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

H. M. SMITH, CORNER OF MAIN AND 19th streets, Richmond, Va., Manufacturer of Pitt's Threshers and Cleaners, upon wheels, and a general variety of other Threshers and Horse-powers, Wheat Fans, Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Seed Drills, Gleaners, Hay Rakes and Rollers, Hay Presses, Machine Belting, &c., and keeps for sale McCormick and Hussey Reapers, Cooper's Lime Spreaders, with a general assortment of Agricultural Machinery, and Tobacconist's Mills and fixtures.

Richmond, Feb 21, 1857.—1y

THOMAS W. HINES MANUFACTURER and dealer in Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle Walking Canes, and all kinds of Sporting articles, would inform the Sportsmen of Augusta and the surrounding counties, that he is prepared to furnish anything in his line at the shortest notice and upon the most accommodating terms. Customers are respectfully invited to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. Main street below the Market. Richmond.

Richmond, Feb 21, 1857.—1y

THOMAS J. STARKE, BOOKSELLER AND Stationer, No. 53 Main Street, opposite the St Charles Hotel, Richmond, Va.—by STEREOtype hand, a choice selection of Miscellaneous Works—Theological, Classical, Moral, and Religious; and the most approved School Books. A fine assortment of Paper, Pens, Ink, Portmonies, &c., for sale at low prices.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857.—1y.

E. G. & W. D. TOMPKINS, GENERAL Commission Merchants, opposite the Flour Sheds, Basin Bank, Richmond Va., solicit consignments of Tobacco, Flour, Wheat, Corn, and produce generally; and give their prompt personal attention to all business entrusted to them.

Liberal cash advances made on Consignments in Store.

Richmond Feb 21 1857—1y.

CHARLES H. LANGLEY, TIN AND SHEET Iron Manufacturer, 14th street between Main and Cary, Richmond, Va. Gas Fitting and Fixtures, Steam Pipes for Churches Public Buildings, &c., Metallic Roofing, Guttering and Spouting put up in any part of the city or country.

☞ Well and Garden Pumps for sale

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

Superior Teas, Wines, and Liquors,
Always on hand, for sale by
AUSTIN E. MOORE,
GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Cary street, adjoining the Columbian Hotel,
March 21, 1857—1y Richmond, Va.

JOHN T. ROGERS STEAM MARBLE Works, corner of Main and Eighth Streets, Richmond Va., would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Augusta, and the surrounding counties, to his facilities for manufacturing, in the neatest manner, all kinds of Marble work

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

SHOCOE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE Shops, Cary street and 17th, on Kanawha Dock.

The subscribers, having greatly enlarged their buildings, and re-arranged all their machinery, are enabled to execute, with faithfulness and despatch, any article in their line of business on as favorable terms as any other in the country

They are now building Portable Steam Engines of a new construction, suitable for Circular Saw Mills and other purposes, which they flatter themselves are fully equal, if not superior to anything of the kind ever built. Also, two beautiful patterns of Engines, expressly for farming purposes, such as Thrashing, Grinding, Sawing, &c., and for other light work, of 5 and 10 horse power each.

They will also furnish stationary Steam Engines, from 10 horse to any required power. Circular Saw Mills of the most approved construction and of various sizes. Pumps and Wheels for Water Works. Portable drum Mills and Irons for Mills of all kinds. Railroad Works of every description; Tobacco Presses, Flattening Mills and all articles used in manufacturing Tobacco—together with Brass and Iron Castings and Wrought Iron Work of every description.

Persons wanting anything in our line will please favor us with a call before purchasing elsewhere.

TALBOTT & BROTHER.

Richmond, Feb 7, 1857—1y

Liquors.

DUDLEY & CO., Wholesale Dealers exclusively in *BRANDIES, WINES & CIGARS*, would call the particular attention of the trade to their very large and superior stock comprising, in part—

Cog ac and London Duck Brandies, Dark and Pale,
Madeira, Sherry, and Port Wines,
Old scheidam Holland Gin,
Old Jamaica and St. Croix Rum,
Hock and Claret Wines,
Champaigne of various brands,
Old Rye Whiskey and N. E. Rum,
Cordials and Cherry Brandy,
London Porter and Scotch Ale,
Sparkling Tonic Ale,
Philadelphia Porter and Ale,
Champagne Cider,
Old Peach and Apple Brandy,
Demijohns of all sizes.
Goods warranted pure and genuine.

DUDLEY & CO.,
72 Main street.

Richmond, Feb 14, 1857

NEW IRON ESTABLISHMENT.—UNION W. Wade, corner of Canal and 7th streets, Richmond, Va.

The undersigned, practical workmen, have entered into co partnership under the firm and style of TURNER, STEELE, HAGAN & CO. and are now prepared to make to order Stationary Engines, Steam Saw Mills, Boilers for Steam Engines, Iron Bridges and Railings, together with Castings of every description.

Jobbing of all descriptions in their line of business, promptly attended to. They ask a portion of public patronage, under the confident belief that their prices and workmanship will give entire satisfaction.

ADAM TURNER, WILLIAM STEELE,
CHAS. HAGAN, JOHN TURNER,
A. W. CURTIS, JAMES TURNER.

Richmond, Feb 7 1857—1y

SASH and BLINDS.

JOHN & GEORGE GIBSON, HOUSE BUILDERS and Carpenters, Richmond, Va., having greatly enlarged their establishment with the latest improved machinery, are prepared to furnish at short notice and on reasonable terms, all kinds of portable finished Carpenters' Work, such as

Door and Window Frames, Casings, Out and Inside Plinth, &c.; Sash, Blinds and Doors, of all varieties; Stairs, Hand-rails, Porches, Verandahs, Balconies; Cornices, Cornice Moulding and Brackets of all sizes and patterns; Moulding, of all descriptions; Ceiling-boards, Chair-boards, Wash-boards, &c.

They will make estimates for Work to plans furnished them and deliver it at their Factory at the estimated prices.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited.

Richmond, Feb 7, 1857—1y

PHILLIP RAHM,

EAGLE FOUNDRY, Cary street, between Pearl and 15th, Richmond, Va., manufactures Locomotive Engines, Tenders, Railroad Cars, and all descriptions of Railroad Machinery, Stationary Engines of any required power; also, portable Engines, with a decided improvement over any others heretofore made, (from 5 to 40 horse power,) on wheels and as per out above, so well adapted to farming purposes, getting lumber, &c., with improved Circular Portable Saw Mills attached, of 1st, 2d and 3d class. Mining Machinery, Grist and Saw Mill Machinery, Forgings and Tobacco Factory Fixtures of every kind, also, Brass and Iron Castings made to order. P. RAHM.

Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857—1y

THE NEW AND EXTENSIVE

HAT, CAP & FANCY FUR DEPOT
No. 18 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.

Binford, Dickinson & Weisiger,

HAVE now ready, a large and varied assortment of Hats and Caps and Straw Goods, suitable for the Spring Trade, which will be sold at wholesale and retail, on the most favorable terms

Merchants and others visiting the city would find it to their advantage to give us a call.

GEO. W. DUESKIEKY is long known to the trade, is now engaged with us, and will be pleased to see his friends and customers.

Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857.—1y

E. GATHRIGHT'S

NEW FURNITURE STORE, 15th street, between Main and Cary, Richmond Va., manufacturer and dealer in Cabinet Furniture, Beds, Bureaus, &c.

Richmond, Feb 21 1857—1y

ANDERSON, GREEN & HAWES, (SUCCESSORS to Ang. Anderson & Co.) Wholesale Dealers in Ribbons, Bonnets and Millinery Goods, 101 Main Street.

CHAS. E. ANDERSON,
ALBERT GREEN,
JNO. A. HAWES.
} RICHMOND, VA.

Richmond Feb 21, 1857—6m

JOHN C. PAGE, MANUFACTURER OF and Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Carpet-bags, &c. No. 13 Main street, Richmond Va., keeps constantly on hand a large and varied stock of the above articles, which for neatness and the best and most fashionable Northern manufacture, he respectfully solicits a call at No. 13 Main street.

Richmond Feb 21, 1857—1y

THOMAS BAKER, DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, and every variety of Jewelry, No. 153 Broad street, Richmond, Va.

P. S.—Watches and Jewelry repaired at short notice and upon the most reasonable terms. Re-service. [Richmond, Feb 28 1857—1y

H. A. PEARCE,
WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

MAIN street, nearly opposite First Market, Richmond Va., Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the thorough style.

Richmond Feb 21 1857—1y

BRIDGFORD & CO., GENERAL COMMISsion and Forwarding Merchants on the back, Corner Cary and 27th streets, Richmond Va., solicit consignments of Corn, Wheat, Oats, Flour, Tobacco, &c. [Richmond, Feb 21 1857—1y

JAMES MOORE, WHOLESALE AND RETail Manufacturer of Candies and dealer in Fruits, Nuts, Preserves, Toys, Violins, Banjos, and Fancy Goods, No. 51 Main street, opposite St Charles Hotel. [Richmond, Feb 21 1857—1y

J. W. WYNNE, W. H. CAUSEY.

BROAD STREET HOTEL, NORTH-WEST corner of 9th and Broad Streets, Richmond, Va. McSTYKES & CHILDS, Proprietors.

Richmond, Feb. 28, 1857.—1y

BURR & ETTENGER,
CARY STREET, NEXT BELOW CITY GAS WORKS, BETWEEN 13TH AND 17TH STREETS,

ARE extensively engaged in the manufacture of PORTABLE and STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, CIRCULAR and VERTICAL SAW MILLS, Machinery for GOLD and COAL MINES, Grist Mills, Plaster Mills, also, Tobacco Presses and Fixtures of every description, and all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings and forged and finished work

Railroad Cars and Machinery made to order

A call is solicited from those in want, and the quality of our work warranted in every respect.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

ANOTHER ARRIVAL.

FINE CLOTHING.

MERCHANT WEISIGER & CO. have this day received another large lot of READY MADE CLOTHING, direct from their Factory, consisting of *OVER COATS*, in nothing really new, *BUSINESS COATS, PANTS, VESTS, TALMAS, RAGLANDS* of every grade, which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. To all in want of good Clothing and at low prices, we would most respectfully ask to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere as we promise to do the best we can to suit and please them.

MERCHANT, WEISIGER, & CO.,
No. 112 Main St Richmond, Va.

November 22, 1856

TO THE CARRIAGE USING PUBLIC.

YOUR attention is invited to our stock of *RICHMOND MADE CARRIAGES*, consisting of Coaches, six seat Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, Sulkies, &c. This work is made of the best material, by good workmen, and under the immediate supervision of the proprietors, who are thoroughly acquainted with the business

AINSLIE, BOWEN & POWELL,
16th street, between Main and Cary.

Richmond Nov. 22, 1856—1y

LOUIS J. BOSSIEUX,
MANUFACTURER OF

SWEAM CANDIES,
AND DEALER IN
CONFECTIONARY, CIGARS,
FRUITS AND FANCY GOODS.

He warrants his Candies better than any made in the State. Give him a call at 107 Main street, Richmond, Va.

Sept. 20, 1856.—1y.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS AND OTHERS PURCHASING

TIN WARE, STOVES, &c.

WE would respectfully call your attention to our large assortment of Fancy and Japan Tin Ware at wholesale and retail, which we are determined to sell on the most reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers.

☞ Please give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. D. & C. K. WELLER,
No. 28 West Main Street.

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1856.—1y

J. R. ANDERSON, F. T. GLASGOW,
R. BERLEY, W. STARTON.

TREDEGAR FOUNDRY AND ENGINE Works, Richmond, Va.—ANDERSON, DERRY & CO. build to order Locomotive, Stationary and Marine Engines, sugar Mills and Engines, Saw Mills with Portable Engines, and Machinery generally. Having a large and general assortment of Patterns, they are prepared to execute orders at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Richmond Feb. 7, 1857—1y

EUREKA IRON WORKS.—MANUFACTORY of all Patterns of Grates, Fenders, Summer Fronts, Vaults, Doors and of all kinds of Wrought and Cast Iron Work, 218 Main street, between 8th and 9th, east side, Richmond, Va.

FRANCIS T. BARNES.

Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857—1y

FURNITURE BAZAAR.

R. C. HOWE, Cabinet Maker in all its branches, and dealer in Feather Beds, Hair Mattresses, Looking-glass Plates, &c., 209 Main street, next door to Dr. Way's office, uptown, Richmond, Va. [Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857—1y

CHAS. A. BRUCKMEYER, MANUFACTURer and dealer in Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, &c., &c., No. 21 Main street, Richmond, Va.

P. S.—Persons visiting the city would find it to their interest to give him a call.

Richmond, Feb. 21, 1857—1y

WALKE & CO., GROCERY AND PRODuce Commission Merchants, No. 18 West Main street, Richmond, Va., will give prompt attention to the sale of all Produce consigned to them, and will execute orders for goods at lowest market prices. A. H. WALKE & CO.

Richmond, Feb 7, 1857—1y

GRETLER & BRENT, GROCERS AND COMmission Merchants, Main street, 3 doors below the St Charles, Richmond, Va., attend to the sale of all kinds of produce, and keep a large and general stock of Groceries

REFERENCES:—Sampler Bradley, H. G. Gutherie, Ker J. Payne. [Richmond Feb. 7, 1857—1y

DAVID F. GROOMS,

SADDLE AND HARNESS Manufacturer, corner 12th and Main streets, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1856.—1y

EDWARD KERSEY, DEALER IN Watches and Jewelry, No. 20 West Main street, a few doors below the St. Charles Hotel, Richmond, Va.

☞ Repairing done at the shortest notice.

Richmond, Feb 7, 1857—1y

M. BLAIR & CO., COMMISSION MERchants, corner 14th and Cary streets, Richmond Va., give their undivided attention to the sale of Flour, Wheat, Corn, Rye, Butter, Bacon, &c., and every effort made at all times to get the best market price. [Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857—1y

JAMES S. SELLERS, SURGICAL AND Dental Instrument Manufacturer, 11th street, opposite Goddin's Hall, Richmond, Va.

Razors ground and put in order for use.

Room 24 Feb. 7, 1857—1y

H. RIDDICK, MERCHANT TAILOR.—Jas. Butts and Children's Clothing, a great variety, and of all sizes and styles, 621 Main street, opposite the American Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb 7, 1857.—1y

DAVID N. JONES & CO., CONFECTIONers and dealers in all kinds of Fruits, Fancy articles, &c., No. 76 Main street, Richmond Va.

Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857—1y

C. GENNEL, WATCH MAKER AND Jeweller, 149 West Main street, Eagle Square Richmond Va.

Richmond Feb 7 1857—1y

F. JOHNSON, DEALER IN FRENCH, MEDicines, Paints, Oils, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, No. 17 Main street, next to Van Law & Taylor Richmond, Va. [Feb 7, 1857—1y

MITCHELL & TYLER, Dealers in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware and Military and Fancy Goods Richmond, Va. [Feb. 14, '57—1y

MORGAN & SON, COMMISSION MERchants, Richmond, Va., solicit consignments of Corn, Wheat, Flour, Tobacco, &c.

Richmond Feb 14 '57—1y

E. SPENCE, FASHIONABLE CLOTHIER and Merchant Tailor No. 120, corner Main and 14th streets, Richmond, Va.

☞ One price only. [Feb. 14, '57—1y

WM. HARRISON & CO. DEALERS IN Teas, Wines, Liquors and Grocery generally, No. 87 Main street, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb 14 '57—1y

MEIGS, WOOD, WARD, TIN, SHEET IRON and Stove Manufacturers; also dealers in Morse's Agricultural Boilers, No. 12 Main street, Richmond, Va. [Feb 7 1857—1y

ABM. GARRETT, GROCER AND COMmission Merchant, No. 40 Main street, Richmond, Va. [Richmond, Feb. 7, 1857—1y

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

GROCERY & COMMISSION HOUSE.

George I. Herring,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Groceries,

WHERE may always be found a general assortment of Goods, suitable for the country, and to which he particularly invites the attention of FARMERS—

Best leaf, granded and powdered Sugar,
" " Coffee, do
New Orleans, Porto Rico and Cuba do
Rio, La Unaira and Maracaibo Coffee,
Old Government, Java and Mocha do
Superior N Orleans and W India Molasses,
Savoring and Stuart's best double refined Sirrup always on hand,
Teas of the very best quality, Gunpowder, Imperial, Young and Pouchong,
North Carolina and Halifax Herrings,
Nos 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel,
Tar, Grindstones, Boxes of lids and shoulders,
Hams, Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
Also—Liquors of all kinds and qualities,
Cognac Brandy, Old Tom Gin, Jock Brandy, Imitation do, old Rye Whiskey, common do goods always warranted as represented

Call and examine

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

GRAND DRAWING AND MARBLE YARD.

JONES & DEANE, GENERAL AGENTS, Collectors and Commission Merchants Wall street, Richmond, Va., will give their special attention to Mining our NAGGETS and all other business entrusted to them in the Commission line

REFERENCES—W W. Dunnavant, Richmond Enquirer Maitland & Ferguson, Sen. Lit. Messenger Wm H Davis & Co., Coal Merchants, Richmond John D Liggy Caroline County—Thomas L Farish, Charlottesville George H Brown White Hall Albemarle County Dr A V Pilue, Goochland County Dr Wm B Gray, Fluvanna County John P Hubt Augusta Mills Augusta County A H Atwood, Jeterville, Amelia County.

Richmond, April, 18 '57—to March 14, '58.

TRUNKS, TRUNKS—JUST RECEIVED, a lot of new Trunks of all sizes and qualities. Buyers will please give me a call, and by so doing will save money, as a great number have found out that I sell them cheaper than they were off re elsewhere. I am determined to sell them for the usual price, that can be afforded for the quality of Trunk.

ALSO a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, always in store, by

WILLIAM WALSH

☞ Recollect the place, No. 43 just below the St Charles Hotel, Main street as the sign of the Big Boot [Richmond, Ap 14, '57—to Oct 21, '58

LARUS & SHINE.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

74 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

WILL give their undivided attention to all sales of Real and Personal Estate, sale of Household Furniture, Stock, Goods, &c. &c., also special attention to sales on Saturdays of Horses, Cows, Carriages Wagons &c. &c.

Also keep constantly on hand the largest and best assorted stock of Furniture to be found in the market, consisting in part of—

Mahogany and Rosewood Bureaus
do do Marble and Mahogany do
top Cabinets,
Sideboards and Washstands,
Splendid Spring Seat Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Divans and Lounges,
Spring Seat Parlor, Cane and Windsor Chairs,
Spring Curled Rockers, Settees, Whatnots

Also, a beautiful assortment of Chamber Sets, together with a general assortment of Housekeeping Goods.

The city and country trade are invited to examine our collection, as we are determined to sell at very small advance on cost

F. C. LARUS JAMES N. SHINE

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

SPRING, 1857.

CHINA, GLASS & EARTHENWARE.

GEORGE J. SUMNER, No. 20 Pearl st. Richmond, has in store, and is now receiving by recent arrivals from Liverpool and the American Factories, his Spring supplies of China, Glass, Earthenware, Looking-Glasses, Fancy Goods, &c., to which he invites an examination from merchants visiting this market

His stock will be found as extensive and complete, and will be sold on as good terms as any house in the country can offer.

To all cash or prompt paying time customers, inducements will be offered equal to any to be found at the North.

To those merchants who have been in the habit of buying all their goods at the North, he would say, that all he asks is an impartial inspection of his stock and prices, assuring them they will save time, labor and expenses, by leaving their orders here.

The most careful and experienced packers engaged, and goods promptly forwarded.

STONEWARE of the best quality, at factory prices [Richmond, March 14, 1857—3m

HORSE TONIC—

HORSE TONIC—CURES DISTEMPER.
HORSE TONIC—CURES SURFEIT.
HORSE TONIC—CURES MANGE.
HORSE TONIC—CURES HIDE-BOUND.
HORSE TONIC—CURES GLANDERS.
HORSE TONIC—CURES Chronic COUGH
HORSE TONIC—Cures Loss of Appetite.
HORSE TONIC—CURES Every Internal Disease of the Horse.

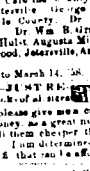
The Horse-Tonic is worth $ 00 000 annually to the United States, as the preserver of many valuable Horses and Cattle. Sold by

DUVAL & NORTON.

☞ For sale by Laird & Line, Staunton, Va.

Richmond, March 14, 1857 —1y

FURNITURE,



RICHMOND MAKE.

BINFORD & PORTER have in store at this time, the largest stock of Richmond made FURNITURE to be found in the city. This furniture is superb, built by the best workmen in the country, and under the immediate supervision of the proprietors, who are thoroughly acquainted with the business. Splendid Wardrobes, Chairs, Bedsteads, &c., &c., equal to any made in New York or elsewhere, may be had of them. The determination is to reduce their stock by sales very small profits. Let the people come, and see. BINFORD & PORTER for the best article of Furniture in Richmond at the most reasonable rates [Richmond, March 21, 1857—1

Richmond Marble Works.

THE undersigned having purchased the above named Marble Works, on Main, between 7th and 8th streets, are prepared to manufacture to order all kinds of work in this line, such as *MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTLES, TABLES and BUREAU TOPS.*

Persons visiting the City will find it to their interest to call and examine his work, before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined not to be undersold in this market or at the North

McCOY & SHAW

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

GEORGE WAMMETT, No. 144 MAIN street, Richmond, Va., dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, Farmers' Boilers, Tin and Iron Ware, Suction, Force and Chain Pumps, Bath Tubs, Water Pipe, Lead and Iron Pipe, Sheet Zinc. Also, Portable Furnaces, a new and desirable article for Plantations, Hotels, &c. All work warranted. Castings always on hand for repairs.

☞ Especial attention is requested to my unrivalled assortment of Wood Stoves for country use.

Richmond, Feb 7, 1857—1y

NEW SEASON WOOD,

AT THE SIGN OF THE

"BIG COFFEE POT."

STOVE, TIN AND SHEET IRON WARE MANUFACTURER.

6, Main Street, Richmond, Va.

HOUSE ROOFING AND GUTTERING promptly executed at either No 6, Main Street, or No. 152, Broad street, Shockoe Hill.

Sept. 20, 1856. 1y.

SPRING TRADE, 1857.

SMITH, RHODES & CO.,

(LATE BRIM, SMITH & ROBERTS,)

IMPORTERS and dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, Saddlery, &c., No. 21 Pearl street, Richmond, Virginia, have now on hand, and for sale, a large and elegant stock of HARDWARE, especially adapted to the trade of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee, and we would respectfully solicit from Merchants and Saddlers, visiting the Market, a call and an examination of the same. Our stock is full—comprising in part as follows:

Building materials of every description, a large variety

Tools for Carpenters, Masons, Saddlers, Tanners, Millwrights, Coopers, Smiths, &c., &c

Axes, Vises, Chains, Anvils, Bellows, Axes, Ae Hog Skins, Bridles, Bits, Stirrups, Webbing, &c., &c

Saddles, Sheep Skins, Patent and Enamelled Leather, &c. &c

Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Crupp Boards, Boot Press, &c

Cutlery, Pocket and Table, a splendid variety Guns, double and single barrel, Pistols, Revolvers Rifles Game Bags Powder Flasks, Caps &c

Whips of all description in great variety

Fancy Goods, as Fob Chains, Purses, Violin Strings, Pins, Needles, Corks, Spades, Shovels, Hammers.

Anchor Bolting Cloth, &c., &c., &c.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—y6m

FALL CAMPAIGN, 1856.

MEN and BOYS' CLOTHING

and Furnishing Goods.

I BEG leave to return my many thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed upon me for the last *fourteen years*, and hope by close attention to merit a continuance from my old patrons and a call from *new ones*

My stock will at all times be large to always ensure a *fit*, from all the latest styles the market affords, consisting of

OVER COATS, BEAVER COATS,
PALMAS, DRESS "
RAGLANS, FROCK "
CATALONIA'S, PANTS, VESTS,

To fit all sizes from 4 years old to old age. You can be accommodated and fitted in any kind of a Garment usually found in a Clothing House.

My stock is *WELL MADE, NICELY CUT, ORDERED TO FIT, and MUST BE SOLD.*

My motto is *Large Sales, Small Profits, Low as the Lowest, at Good or the Best, and Satisfaction to the Buyer*

WM IKE SMITH,

114 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Sept. 20 1856—1y

SADDLES, HARNESS COLLARS,

AND EVERY OTHER DESCRIPTION OF WORK, AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE undersigned being entered largely into the Saddle, Harness and Collar manufacture, takes this method of informing the public of Augusta and the surrounding counties, and people everywhere, that he is now prepared to furnish their SADDLES, COLLARS and HARNESS of all descriptions, at wholesale or retail upon as good terms as they can be had in the Northern cities, and of much better quality. As to the superior qualities of his Collars he would refer to Messrs Parish and Fishkin of Alexandria, and indeed, to all the principle stage contractors in the State.

His SADDLES, BRIDLES and other descriptions of work he will warrant to be superior to the common ones in the country. Give him a call at his manufactory on Franklin Street, a few doors walk between 15 and 16 CHAS. I. BALDWIN.

He also keeps on hand Saddlery Hardware, Hog Skins and every other article in his line necessary to country Saddlers

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1856 —1y

LEWIS HYMAN,

IMPORTER OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

(*Wholesale and Retail, No. 98 Main Street.*)

Is now receiving a large and elegant assortment of the above articles, and will offer this Fall the greatest bargains that have ever been offered in this city; and to merchants who wish to purchase, he would inform them that articles can be had in his establishment as low as any house in the Northern cities.

Gold Detached Levers, 13 Jewels, $21 00
Gold Hunting do do 30 00
Do do Patent do do 45 00
Silver Levers, 11 00
Gold Guards, 10 00
Gold Pencils, Silver Table and Tea Spoons,
Gold Neck, Fob and Waist Chains of various patterns,
Gold Lockets, and Jewelry of all kinds,

To be had cheap, at the old established store of

LEWIS HYMAN,

No. 98 Main Street.

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1856 —1y

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK, 1857.

F. MORRIS is now receiving his Spring and Summer stock of Ready Made Clothing, consisting of an entire new and splendid assortment, of his own manufacture, which, the latter enables him to give satisfaction, in style, workmanship and cheapness. Through this medium, I only ask of you the favor of a call when next visiting your city.

Country merchants will find it to their advantage by examining his stock before purchasing elsewhere

F. MORRIS,

100 Main street, Richmond, Va.

☞ I would also call your attention to my new, extensive and seasonable stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods.

☞ Clothing made to order, at short notice.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—to sept 20 '57

ORNAMENTAL IRON RAILING,

Verandas, Balconies, Grates, Fronts & Fenders,

ALSO, VAULT AND CELLAR DOORS

AREA GRATING, &c.

Together with all Kinds of Iron Work for building purposes, manufactured at short notice, on the most reasonable terms, by

JAMES D. BROWNE.

4th street, near Lafayette Hall, Richmond, Va.,

To whom was awarded, by the Va. Mechanics Institute, at their last exhibition, the highest premium, a Silver Medal, for specimens of the above work. ☞ Orders from all parts of the country will be promptly attended to.

Richmond, April 4, 1857—1y

C. S. YALE,

Furnace, Stove and Tin Establishment,

130 Main street, Richmond Va.

GAS fitting and plumbing done in the neatest manner, with the modern improvements. Hot or cold water and steam furnaces, Kitchen ranges and portable gas works put up in any part of the country.

Also, Pumps and Hydraulic Rams.

Particular attention paid to heating and ventilating building, and putting up cooking and water stoves.

Tinning in every variety

Roofing done at the shortest notice.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

WILLIAM F. SIMMS,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

WOOD TURNER,

No. 256 *north side Main St., between 7th & 8th,*

RICHMOND VA.

Constantly on hand NEWELLS, STAIR BANISTERS, and all kinds of Turnings for Bedstead Makers and Carriage Makers. TEA PIN ALLS, &c.

Richmond Sept 20, 1856 —1y

G. S. LOWNES,

ORNAMENTAL IRON RAILING BALCONIES, VERANDAHS, GRATES, FENDERS, &c.,

Safely boxed, and shipped to any point desired.

250 Main Street, near 7th, Richmond, Va.

☞ Remember the number

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1856 —1y

Wm Palmer, Wm H Palmer, Wm H Turpin

WM. PALMER, SON & CO.,

PLOUGH MANUFACTURERS,

AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Grass, Field and Garden Seeds, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, &c

No. 14 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—6m

HARLISTON & BRO., Wholesale and Retail dealers and manufacturers of Cabinet Furniture, No. 160 Main street, opposite Exchange Bank, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, March 14, 1857.—1y.

THE OLD WATCH.

My grandfather's watch is battered and old,
Its interior contained neither jewels or gold
I've carried it now for many long years,
And cherished by me, the some gave the sneers
Although thou art thick, and not outwardly fine,
Thy humour and utility you've kept good time.
I've seen many a rival all costly in dress gold,
Yet still I prefer you for time, tho' you're old.
Poor, common and mean, with a thin silver case—
I scarcely can see the time now by the face
Yet still I can hear, by that old sheepy sound,
You must be repaired, or you'll soon run aground,
And so long as I live none shall part me and you,
Save when you're repairing by BARTHOLOMEW.
And as those old hands pulsate the hour of day,
It tells me how time passes swiftly away,
For soon must I leave thee, for none will be caring,
I go, like you then, for a tho-rough repairing

W J BARTHOLOMEW,

Watch and Clock Maker,

Corner of 11th and Main sts., Richmond, Va.

N B—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry of every description carefully repaired. Hair Ornaments of every kind made, and engraving neatly executed on the shortest notice, and on as moderate terms as any other house in the city W. J. B

Richmond Sept 20, 1856—1y

THE OLD STAND

WITH A

NEW NAME!

THE subscriber having purchased the stock and good will of the business formerly conducted by Mr. Booth, would respectfully solicit a continuation of the patronage of his old customers, as well as from all who may be in want of any article in his line. The stock of Goods now on hand is complete and of the greatest variety, consisting of Gold and Velvet, Satin and Common Paper Hangings, with Borders to match, Silk and Worsted Damask, Swiss de Laines, &c., for Curtains, Velvet Tapestry and Tapestry Brussels, Ingrain, Ply and Ingrain Carpets in great variety, Oil Cloth for floors, of all widths from one to eight feet, Transparent Shades at all prices, Hair and Shuck Mattresses, Feather Beds, Spring-seat and Common Lounges, &c. All of the above, with many articles not enumerated, have been purchased at the very lowest prices, and will be sold to all comers as low, if not lower, than they can be purchased at any other house in the State.

WM. A WALTERS,

Successor to Wm. Booth,

No. 140 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1856—1y

SPRING TRADE OF 1857.

JOHN DOOLEY,

WHOLESALE HAT MANUFACTURER,

81 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

HAS now ready for the spring Trade, by Wholesale and Retail, the most varied and extensive stock he has ever imported or manufactured.

In order that the requirements of all his customers may be most fully met, and to obviate the necessity of country merchants and others going North for their goods, he has had in an *assortment of every article in his line*, both home and foreign, for ladies', gentlemen's, children's and servants' wear, which he could find in the different markets he has visited or communicated with.

To the getting up of Silk and other Hats in his own Manufactory, he pays the closest attention, and he feels confident that few other houses, North or South, can equal, and none excel, him therein

His facilities for conducting his business being of the most complete kind, all orders will be filled with the greatest punctuality and promptness.

Richmond, March 21, 1857.—to sep 20, '57

ARCHITECTURE AND CIVIL ENGINEERING.—The subscribers are prepared to furnish Designs, Plans, Specifications and Estimates, with minute and correct details for all kinds of buildings, machinery, or any other mechanical enterprise, practical and artistical; also, to make Surveys for all purposes, with Maps, Plots, &c., for Ornamental Landscape or improvement of taste and utility, all kinds of work accurately measured and valued.

ALBERT L. WEST, } Architects and
C. P. SMITH } Civil Engineers,

11th street, near Goddin's Hall, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, March 14 1857—1y

JOHN W. DAVIS,

Practical Stone-Cutter & Mason, & Dealer in *GRANITE, MARBLE & BROWN-STONE,*

Main, between 8th and 9th sts., Richmond, Va.

FIRST Premiums awarded by the Virginia Agricultural Society and Mechanics' Institute. MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD-STONES AND VAULTS, and all kinds of Marying Ground work done in the Best manner and of the best American or Foreign Stone.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

PULLIAM & DAVIS,

AUCTIONEERS, WALL STREET

Richmond, sell Negroes both publicly and privately.

☞ Persons having Negroes to sell, entrusting them to us, are assured that the highest price will be obtained.

We have a safe and convenient Jail, and will board all Negroes intended for our sales at twenty five cents per day

D. M. PULLIAM,

HECTOR DAVIS.

Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

STEBBINS & PULLEN,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

EARTHENWARE, China and Glass, Pier, Mantle and Toilet Looking Glasses, Britannia and Plated Ware, Gas Fixtures, Lamps,

Table Cutlery, &c., Iron front building, No. 101, Broad St., Corner of 9th Street, Richmond, Va.

☞ Particular attention paid to Packing

Richmond, Sept. 20, 1855—1y

W. S. WOOD, GENERAL AGENT and Live Stock Broker, corner of Franklin and Wall street, Richmond, Va., will attend to Hiring Negroes, Collecting Claims, Selling Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, &c.

References—John P. Ballard, Jas. Hardin, Esqs., Richmond; A. Tyler, Augusta; Benj Wood, Esq., Alexandria; Chas. B Williams, Esq., Henrico; Frank G Ruffin Esq., Chesterfield.

Richmond, March 14, 1857—1y

FD KELLING, DRAPER AND TAILOR, Sole and Manufacturer and dealer in Fashionable Ready Made Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods 125 Main street, second door below 12th, Richmond, Va. [Feb 14, '57—1y

WONDERFUL!

ASK Mr. Henry Campbell of Montgomery co. Pa., if one bottle of DR GRATH'S ELECTRIC OIL did not cure his child free of Scurvy Eruption, running all the face and lungs on the Throat, after physicians had given them up. He says he has used Prof. DeGRATH'S ELECTRIC OIL for three years in his family, and would not be without it in his house.

Ask Mr. Hershberger, of Indiana co., Pa., if one bottle of Prof. DeGRATH'S ELECTRIC OIL did not cure him of Rheumatism of two years' standing. He says he would give $25 a bottle for it if he could not get it otherwise.

Ask Mr. Samuel Harper, of Alexandria, Va., if Prof. DeGrath's ELECTRIC OIL did not cure his son of Deafness of 2 years standing after all Physicians had failed. Ask him if he did not see cases of Paralysis cured which induced him to try it on his son.

CLEPPER C. H., Va., Jan. 7, 1857.

Prof. De Grath—DEAR SIR: This is to certify that my servant boy, Philip, has been deaf for upwards of 10 years. I have tried various remedies without effect. For the last 5 or 6 years he has been getting worse, when by the application of your genuine ELECTRIC OIL in the presence of 30 persons, his hearing was so far restored that he can hear a person speak in a common tone of voice. I can cheerfully recommend it to all

Yours, truly JNO. JAMISON

We, the undersigned saw the operation performed and acknowledge it to be one of the most miraculous cures ever made in this place—

T. NAUSON CLAIBORNE, Clipper C. H.
L. C. TYLER, do do
H. H. JAMISON, do do
JNO B UTZ, Sanpshanock Co., Va.

PROF. DEGRATH'S ELECTRIC OIL CURES

Rheumatism, Foreness, Deafness
Ulcers, Burns, Scalds,
Pains, Cramps, Piles &c.

Ladies should use it. It is sweet and pleasant to use.

☞ Be careful and see that the written signature of Prof. De Grath is on the label, and his name blown in the bottle. All others are cunningly counterfeits.

To be had at Dr. MERRILLA'S Drug Store Main Street.

Jan. 17, 1857.—1y

AYER'S PILLS

Are curing the Sick to an extent never before known of any Medicine.

SUFFERING MANKIND SHOULD SEEK FOR THEMSELVES

JULES HAUEL, Esq., the well known perfumer, of Chestnut street, Philadelphia, whose choice products are found at almost every toilet, says

"I am happy to say of your CATHARTIC PILLS, that I have found them a better family medicine for common use, than any other within my knowledge. Many of my friends have realized marked benefits from them and cordially join me in believing that they possess extraordinary virtues for driving out diseases and curing the sick. They are mildly effectual but safe and pleasant to be taken, qualities which must make them valued by the public, where they are known."

The venerable Chancellor WARDLAW, writes from Baltimore, this April, 1854

"Dr. J. C. AYER—Sir: I have taken your Pills with great benefit, for the liver, lungs, loss of appetite, and bilious headache, which has of late years overtaken me in the spring. A few doses of your Pills cured me. I have used your Cherry Pectoral many years in my family for coughs and colds with unfailing success. You make medicines which cure, and I feel it a pleasure to commend you for the good you have done and are doing."

JOHN F. BEATTY, Esq., Sec. of the Penn. Railroad Co., says:

"*Pa. R. R. Office, Philadelphia, Dec. 13, 1853.*

"Sir: I take pleasure in adding my testimony to the efficacy of your medicines, having derived very material benefit from the use of both your Pectoral and Cathartic Pills. I am never without them in my family, nor shall I ever consent to be, while my means will procure them."

The widely renowned S. S. STEVENS, M. D., of Westworth, N. H., writes:

"Dr. J. C. AYER—Sir: Your CATHARTIC PILLS in my practice, I certify from experience, that they are an invaluable purgative. In cases of disordered functions of the liver, causing constipation, headache, costiveness, and the great variety of diseases that follow, they are a surer remedy than any other. In all cases of a purgative remedy is required, I confidently recommend these Pills to the public, as superior to any other I ever found. They are sure in their operation, perfectly safe, qualities which make them an invaluable article for public use. I have for many years known your *Cherry Pectoral* as the best cough medicine in the world, and these Pills are in my mind entitled to that admirable preparation for the treatment of diseases."

"*Acton, Me., Nov. 25, 1853.*

"Dr. J. C. AYER—Dear Sir: I have been afflicted from my birth with scrofula in its worst form, and now, after trying pain that had no match or amount of medicine, I am now completely cured by a few bottles of your Pills. With what feelings of rejoicing I write, can only be imagined when you realize what I have suffered, and what I now am.

"Never until now have I been free from the loathsome disease in some shape. At times it attacked my eyes, and made me almost blind, besides the unendurable pain; at others it settled in the scalp of my head, and destroyed my hair, and has kept me partly bald all my days, scarcely it came out in my face, and kept it for months a raw sore.

"About nine weeks ago I commenced taking your Cathartic Pills, and now am entirely free from the complaint. My eyes are well, my skin is fair, and my hair has commenced a healthy growth; all of which makes me feel already a new person.

"Hoping this statement may be the means of conveying information that shall do good to others, I am, with every sentiment of gratitude, Yours, &c.,

MARIA RICKER.

"I have known the above named Maria Ricker from her childhood, and her statement is strictly true.

ANDREW J. MESERVE,

Overseer of the Portsmouth Manufacturing Co."

CAPT. JOHN PRATT, of the ship Marion, writes from Boston, 20th April, 1854:

"Your Pills have cured me from a bilious attack which no one from derangement of the Liver, which had become very serious. I had failed of any relief by my Physicians, and from every remedy I could try, but a few doses of your Pills have completely restored me to health. I have given them to my children for worms, with the best effects. They were promptly cured. I recommended them to a friend for costiveness, which had troubled him for months; he told me in a few days they had cured him. You make the best medicine in the world, and I am free to say so."

Read what is from the distinguished Solicitor of the Supreme Court, whose brilliant abilities have made him well known, not only in this but the neighboring States.

New Orleans, 5th April, 1854.

"Sir: I have great satisfaction in assuring you that my self and family have been very much benefited by your medicines. My wife was cured two years since, of a severe and dangerous cough, by your CHERRY PECTORAL, and since then has enjoyed perfect health. My children have several times been cured from attacks of the Influenza and Croup by it. It is an invaluable remedy for those complaints. Your CATHARTIC PILLS have entirely cured me from dyspepsia and costiveness, which has grown upon me for some years,—indeed this cure is much more important, from the fact that I had failed to get relief from the best physicians which this section of the country afforded, and in many of the numerous remedies I had taken. Get them to us, Doctor, like a providential blessing to our family, and you only need suppose we are most unmindful of it. Yours respectfully,

LEAVITT THAXTER."

"*Senate Chamber, Ohio, April 5th, 1854.*

"Dr. J. C. AYER—Honored Sir: I have made a thorough trial of the CATHARTIC PILLS, left me by your agent, and have been cured in a short time of a most dreadful Rheumatism under which he found me suffering. The first dose received was, and a few subsequent doses have entirely removed the disease. I feel in better health now than for some years before, which I attribute entirely to the effects of your CATHARTIC PILLS. Yours with gratitude,

LUCIUS B. MITCALF."

The above are all from persons with no ties publicly known where they reside, and who would not make these statements without a thorough conviction that they were true.

Prepared by J. C. AYER,

Practical and Analytical Chemist, Lowell, Mass

For sale in Staunton, by JAS. G. LAIRD and H. S. EDMUNDSON & Son, and by Druggists generally.

July 11, '56—eowtd.

Purify the Blood.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.—*Free from all poisons*—The great popularity which MOFFAT'S Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters have attained in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use, rendered it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than THREE MILLIONS of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicines now before the public admits of no dispute. In almost every city and village in the United States, there are many who are ready to testify to the efficacy of the morning dose, and giving to the whole system real elasticity and health.

In cases of Scrofula, Ulcers, Scurvy or Eruptions of the skin, the operation of the LIFE MEDICINES is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days, or a very few weeks, of those loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, for by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.

☞ Prepared by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D., New York; and for sale by J. C. M. MERRITT, Staunton, Va. [March 21, 1857—1y

FOR SHERRINGS' FIRE PROOF SAFES WITH POWDER PROOF LOCKS;

ALSO, FOR RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING, RUBBER HOSE, STEAM PACKING FOR STEAM ENGINES &c.

Call at Stationer's Hall, No. 21 Pearl street, Richmond Va. B. W. KNOWLES, Agent.

Richmond March 7, 1857—tm

C. HARTWELL & CO.,

No. 115 *Broad Street, Richmond, Va.,*

SELL all varieties of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, exclusively for cash. Their stock is always full and well assorted, and they can sell goods cheaper for cash than they can be afforded on credit [Richmond, March 21, 1857—1y

J. HARROLD,

DEALER in Fancy Goods, Wooden and Willow Ware, &c; a variety of House Furnishing articles, and everything in the Toy line; Violins, Accordeons, Banjos, Tamb rines, Triangles, &c., 113 Broad street Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Feb 21, 1857—1y

G. W. SAYRE. PATRICK BAYNE. D. HARMON.

GEORGE BAYNE & CO., WHOLESALE Grocers, Importers of Foreign and Domestic Goods, Corner of King and Water streets, Alexandria, Va.

☞ Particular attention paid to orders

Alexandria, Feb. 28, 1857—1y.

WILLIAM SATTLER,

MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER and dealer in Paints, Oils, Glass, and Artists' Materials, Wholesale and Retail, No. 142 Main street, Richmond, Va. [Mar. 21, '57—1y

ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES CARLIN, NO 63 King street, Alexandria, Va., would respectfully invite the attention of dealers generally, to his large and well selected stock of HARDWARE and CUTLERY before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels assured of being able to offer such inducements to dealers as will be satisfactory in every respect. His stock consists in part of the following, viz:

Mill, Mortice, Block, Pad and Till Locks; Knives and Forks of every description; Pocket Knives; Scissors; Fast and Loose Butt Hinges; Parliament Strap, T, &c., do; Augers; Auger Bits; Brass and Iron; Planes of all kinds; Saws of all kinds; Nails Hods; Coffee Mills; Gimes, Drills and Brier Scythes; plated and common Spoons; Forks and Ladles; Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Sledges, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Steel, Files, Rasps, Combs, Brushes, Cow Bells, Hand-Cuffs, Ovens, Pots, Skillets, Griddles, Playing Cards, &c., etc.

$6,000 lights Sash, of all sizes.

Alexandria, April 6, 1857—to mar 15, '58

GEORGE W. HARRISON,

Union and Queen street Docks,

Alexandria, Va., dealers in Groceries, Liquors, Fish, and Provisions generally. Orders and consignments promptly attended to. Liberal advances made on all consignments of grain.

FISH! FISH!!

500 bbls. of new Nova Scotia Herring,
200 " " Potomac Family Shad & Herring,
700 " " Mackerel, No. 1, 2 and 3,
150,000 " " Prime Grand Bank Cod Fish,
10,000 " " " " Lake Fish,

Now in store and for sale by

GEO. W. HARRISON,

Union and Queen street Docks,

April 4, '57—to mar 15, '58] Alexandria, Va.

STABLER'S AGRICULTURAL SALTS; BETter than Guano: Composed of Phosphate of Lime, Sulphate of Ammonia, Nitrate of Soda, Muriate of Soda, Sulph. of Soda, Sulph. of lime, Carb. of Potassa, combined in such proportions as have been found most successful by experiment, and as the best authors on Agricultural Chemistry advise; and also such as Wheat and other cereals require for their vigorous growth; containing no inert ingredient, the consumer saves the expense of transportation on any but active substance. Prepared by

E. H. STABLER, Chemist,

No. 165 King, Corner of Washington St.

Alexandria, Feb. 28, 1857—1y

WINDOW FURNISHING STORE.

F. CLARK & CO. 158 *King Street, Alexandria*, would respectfully invite the attention of persons in want of Window Furnishing and Interior Decorations to his large assortment of Delaines, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Gilt Cornices, Bands and Pins, Gilt and Transparent Shades, Buff, Blue and White Holland, Reed Blinds, Landscape Wire Shades Cords, Tassels, Loops, Gimps, &c. All goods in my line will be sold as cheap as they can be bought this side of New York.

☞ Curtains and Shades hung in the latest style.

Parlor, Church and Store Shades hung to order.

Alexandria, March. 14, 1857—1y

HARPER & BALDWIN, WHOLESALE dealers in *Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Straw Goods*, Prince street wharf Alexandria, Va are now in receipt of their *Spring Stock*, composing a great variety of new and seasonable Goods, all of which were purchased direct of the manufacturers in New England upon the most advantageous terms

Merchants and other dealers are particularly invited to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as it is our determination to make it their interest to purchase their supplies in this market.

Alexandria March 21, 1857—1ms

CUTHBERT POWELL. WILLIAM LEVEN POWELL (Late of Loudoun co., Va.)

POWELL & CO., COMMISSION MERchants, dealers in Wines, Teas, Liquors, Cigars, &c., corner King and Union streets, Alexandria, Va.

☞ Strict personal attention given to the sale of all kinds of Country Produce

☞ Orders solicited and filled with neatness and dispatch [Alexandria, March 14, 1857—1y

SPECIAL NOTICE TO COUNTRY Merchants, is hereby given, that they can get their orders filled, and get better wares than can be got at the North, and at the same price; as if you will take the trouble to call and examine my stock, which is the largest in the place, the fact will be made manifest to all. KNOCH GRIMES,

No. 14 Fairfax street.

Alexandria, April 4, 1857—to March 14, '58

ENOCH GRIMES, MANUFACturer of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, No 14 Fairfax street, Alexandria, Va.

A large assortment of Stoves, Tin Ware, do Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Roofing and Spouting in town or country promptly attended to

Alexandria, March 14, 1857—1y

DAVID S. GWIN, GROCER AND General Commission and Forwarding Merchant, formerly of Rockingham, No. 6 Union st., Alexandria, Va., will give his personal attention to the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, and to filling all orders in his line of business.

Alexandria, March 14, 1857—1y

THOS. HILL, jr. JAS. F. BROWN. M T PARTLOW.

HILL, BROWN & PARTLOW, GROcers, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, corner of Prince and Union streets, give their personal attention to the sale of all consignments of Country Produce.

Alexandria, March 14, 1857—1y

FLEMMING & DOUGLASS, WHOLEsale Grocers and Commission Merchants, No. 7 and 9 King street, opposite the Custom House,

ANDREW J. FLEMMING, } ALEXANDRIA, VA.
J. EDWARD DOUGLASS, }

April 4, 1857—to mar 15, '58

NEWTON'S HOTEL,

Corner of Fairfax and Cameron Streets,

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

A. G. NEWTON, PROPRIETOR.

Alexandria, March 14, 1857—1y

J. B. RIDGELY. HENRY HAMPTON. R. H. HUNTON.

RIDGELY, HAMPTON & CO., WHOLESALE dealers in Teas, Tobacco and Liquors, No. 41 King street, Alexandria, Va. [Alexandria, March 28, 1857—tf

JOHN HOWELL, MANUFACTURer of Hats, Caps, Furs, Straw Goods, etc., Fairfax street, South of King street, Alexandria, Va. [April 4, 1857—to mar 15, '58

MONEY PAID FOR HIDES

At Waynesborough.

THE subscriber having purchased the Tanneries of Matthew H. Parry and George W. Deal, in the town of Waynesborough Augusta county, Va., is preparing to go largely into the Leather Manufacturing business. A good market will thus be opened for the sale of Hides of all kinds, and cash paid for them on delivery in any quantity that may be offered.

The Citizens of Bath, Highland, Pendleton and Rockingham, as well as Augusta county, may find it to their interest to bring their Hides to me.—Persons having large quantities in those Western Counties, could make arrangements to deliver them at Depots, on the Railroad, and by corresponding on the subject, much labor may be avoided in the delivery. Mr. Wm. Withrow, Jr., the well known merchant at Waynesborough, has kindly consented to act as cashier in my absence. Those from a distance will therefore call at his store, where full satisfaction may be obtained

HUGH L. GALLAHER.

Waynesborough, August 9, 1856.—tf.

WANTED, A TANNER. A good workman of steady habits can obtain a situation very desirable, and permanent. A man with a family preferred.

B L G.

BOOK AND PAPER WAREHOUSE.

JOHN BERGER,

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND BLANK-BOOK *MANUFACTURER,*

No. 254 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

Baltimore, April 4, 1857—to mar 15, '58

BUTT & RICKETTS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN FRUITS, PUTTS CIGARS, &C.,

AND CANDY MANUFACTURERS,

S. E. Corner Baltimore and Liberty Sts

Baltimore, April 4 1857—to mar 15, '58

KIRKWOOD HOUSE,

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

JOHN H. & A. W. KIRKWOOD,

March 28, 1857—1y Proprietors