# Staunton Spectator.

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## Staunton Spectator.

BY J. A. & L. WADDELL, Jr.

TERMS.

☞ *The "SPECTATOR" is published once a week at Two Dollars a year, if paid in advance, or Two Dollars and fifty cents if delayed beyond the expiration of the year. No subscription will be discontinued but at the option of the Editors, until all arrearages are paid.*

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WILLIAM LANAHAN. JAMES STEWART.

LANAHAN & STEWART,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**Brandies, Wines, Gin, Cigars, &c.,**
**Nos. 53 & 55 n. Calvert Street,**
**BALTIMORE.**
FOREIGN WINES AND LIQUORS.
COGNAC BRANDY, Pinet, Castillon & Co.
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HOLLAND GIN, MADEIRA,
JAMAICA RUM, PORT,
IRISH WHISKEY, TENERIFFE,
SCOTCH do. SHERRY,
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CHERRY BRANDY, MUSCAT,
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HAWTHORNE do. CHAMPAGNE &
BLACKBERRY do. CLARET,
WINE BITTERS. HAVANA CIGARS of all grades.
EXTRA FINE OLD MONONGAHELA & BOURBON WHISKEY, from 4 to 8 years old.
WINES. Choice & Old.
Feb. 25, 1857.—1yr.

PAPER HANGINGS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
HOWELL & BROTHERS,
No. 260 Baltimore Street,
(Opposite Hanover street,)
BALTIMORE,

TAKE great pleasure in announcing to their friends and the public generally, that they are now in their New Store, where they offer the richest and most desirable Stock of PAPER HANGINGS AND BORDERS ever offered in this city.

The Stock embraces French and our own manufacture, in great variety, and of all the different grades.

☞ *Trade Sales* supplied on favorable terms.

☞ Orders from the country punctually attended to.

Feb. 25, 1857.—1yr.

AMERICAN HOTEL,
STAUNTON, VA.,
MRS. MARY A. BROWN,

THIS new and elegant Hotel is now open for the reception and accommodation of visitors.

The Proprietress assures the public that every effort will be made to please her guests.

The Stages of HARMAN, BROWN & CO., arrive and depart from this Hotel, where their only office is to be found.

Staunton, Jan 28, 1857.—tf.

JOHN TYLER, WM. M. TYLER,
(Formerly of Scottsville.)

TYLER & SON,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
**136 Cary Street, RICHMOND, VA.**

SOLICIT consignments of Tobacco, Flour, Wheat, Corn, Butter, and Country Produce generally, to the sale of which, and selection of goods ordered, their senior partner, John Tyler, (with a business experience of over 30 years,) will give his personal attention. [Richmond, Jan. 14, 1857.—1yr.

FERGUSSON, MURPHY & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 121 Lombard Street,
BALTIMORE.

AGENTS for the sale of *Leaf Tobacco, Grain, Provisions, and Country Produce generally.*

Liberal inducements made on consignments. A well selected stock of Groceries, Teas, Wines, Brandies and Liquors, always on hand.

March 4, 1857.—3mos.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
WOODWARD & NEWMAN,
Proprietors.
GEORGE J. SCAMMELL,
*Superintendent.*

GEO. W. ROBERSON, } Clerks.
B. FRANK. EARLE, }

Feb. 11, 1857.

M. BLAIR & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
RICHMOND,
FOR THE SALE OF WHEAT, FLOUR, BUTTER
*AND ALL OTHER PRODUCE,*
To Which They Give Their Undivided Attention.

Richmond, Sept. 3, 1856.—6mos.

JESSOP & FULTON,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
No. 4 Hanover Street,
3d House from Baltimore st., (West Side,)
BALTIMORE.

☞ All orders promptly attended to.

Feb. 25, 1857.—8mos.

H. H. ROBERTSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BATH C. H., VA.

WILL practice in the County and Circuit Courts of Bath, Alleghany, Pocahontas, Highland, and Augusta. To his old clients in Augusta, he would say, that he will always be in attendance upon the *County* and *United States Courts* holden at Staunton.

May 7, 1856.

JOHN FISHER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 10 Twelfth St., RICHMOND, VA.

☞ *Particular attention paid to receiving and forwarding Produce, Merchandize, &c.*

Richmond Dec. 17, 1856.—6mo.

J. M. HANGER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, STAUNTON, VA.,

WILL practice in all the Courts held in Staunton, and in the Circuit Courts of Albemarle and Rockingham. Office in the brick row, in the rear of the Court-house.

Nov. 19, 1856.—1yr.

200 BUSHELS POTATOES—suitable for family use or seed.
J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, Mar. 11, 1857.—4t—Vind. copy.

PICTURE FRAMES, Just received, a large assortment of Gilt Moulding, very pretty—at
LAIRD & LINK'S.

Staunton, Feb. 11, 1857.—Town papers copy.

WM. A. STERRETT, MERCHANT TAILOR, invites attention to his assortment of Fall Goods, which he has now on hand.

Staunton, Oct. 17, 1856.

ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, of superior quality, on hand and for sale by
B. & J. S. CRAWFORD.

Staunton, Feb. 27, 1856.—tf.

SMOKING TOBACCO. 50 bbls prime old Lynchburg Smoking Tobacco just received and for sale.
RO. G. GLENN.

Staunton, June 18, 1856. Per C. T. COGHAN.

COFFEES.—50 bags prime Rio, Laguyra, Old Java, and Maracaibo Coffees, in prime order, by
J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, Oct. 29, 1856.

A LOT OF PICTURES, BEAUTIFUL LITHOGRAPHS AND PAINTINGS.—Call and see them at LAIRD & LINK'S Drug Store

Staunton, Feb. 11, 1857.—Town papers copy.

PIANO FOR SALE.—A new and excellent instrument. Apply to JAMES A. McCLUNG, at the Virginia Hotel.

Staunton, Sept. 17, 1856.

FLOUR.—Family, Extra and Superfine Flour in store and for sale at small profits, for cash only.
STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, Jan. 21, 1857.

LITTLE GIANTS. I have two No. 2 Little Giants in store, which will be sold at a small consignment.
GEO. K. PRICE.

Staunton, Nov. 19, 1856.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.—A nice article of Buckwheat Flour at retail by
STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, Jan. 1, 1857.

1,000 LBS. OF PICKED RAISINS, to make Cakes and Mince Pies, just received at
ANTONIE.

Staunton, Dec. 3, 1856.

GARDEN SEED.—A fresh supply, just received by
ROBERT COWAN.

Staunton, March 4, 1857.

## POETRY.

### Bingen.

BY MRS. MARY WORTON.

A soldier of the Legion lay dying in Algiers,
There was lack of woman's nursing, there was dearth of woman's tears;
But a comrade stood beside him, while his life blood ebbed away,
And, bent with listening anxiety to hear what he might say.

The dying soldier faltered as he took his comrade's hand,
And he said, "I never more shall see my own my native land;
Take a message and a token to some distant friends of mine,
For I was born at Bingen, at Bingen on the Rhine.

Tell brothers and companions, when they meet and crowd around,
To hear my mournful story in the pleasant vineyard town,
That we fought the battle bravely, and when the day was done,
Full many a corpse lay ghastly pale beneath the setting sun;
And, midst the dead and dying were some grown old in wars,
The death wound on their gallant breasts, the last of many scars;
But some were young and gold as beseems life's morn decline,
And one had come from Bingen, fair Bingen on the Rhine.

Tell my mother that her other sons shall comfort her old age,
And I was the a truant bird, that thought his home a cage.
For my Father was a soldier and ever as a child,
My heart leaped forth to hear him tell of struggles fierce and wild,
And when he died and left us to divide his scanty hoard,
I let them take what e'er they would, but kept my Father's sword;
And with barbaric love I hung it where the bright light used to shine
On the cottage wall at Bingen—calm Bingen on the Rhine.

Tell my sister not to weep for me and sob with drooping head,
When the troops are marching home again with glad and gallant tread;
But to look upon them proudly, with calm and steadfast eye,
For her brother was a soldier too, and not afraid to die.
And if a comrade seek her, I ask her in my name
To hatten to him kindly without regret or shame;
And to hang the old sword in its place, (my Father's sword and mine,)
For the honour of old Bingen—dear Bingen on the Rhine!

There's another—not a sister—in the happy days gone by,
You'd have known her by the merriment that sparkled in her eye;
Too innocent for coquetry—too fond for idle scorning—
O friend I fear the lightest heart makes sometimes heaviest mourning.
Tell her the last night of my life—(for e'er this moon be risen,
My body will be out of pain—my soul be out of prison.)
I dreamed I stood with her and saw the yellow sunlight shine
On the vine-clad hills of Bingen—fair Bingen on the Rhine.

I saw the blue Rhine sweep along, and heard or seemed to hear
The German songs we used to sing in chorus sweet and clear,
And down the pleasant river and up the slanting hill
The echoing chorus sounded through the evening calm and still,
And her glad blue eyes were on me as we passed with friendly talk
Down many a path beloved of yore and well remembered walk,
And her little hand lay lightly, confidingly in mine—
But we'll meet no more at Bingen—loved Bingen on the Rhine."

His voice grew faint and hoarser—his grasp was childish weak,
His eyes put on a glassy look—he sighed and ceased to speak;
His comrade bent to lift him, but the spark of life had fled,
The soldier of the Legion, in a foreign land was dead.
The soft moon rose up slowly, and calmly she looked down,
On the red sand of the battle field, with bloody corpses strewn;
Yes calmly on that dreadful scene her pale light seemed to shine
As it shone on distant Bingen—fair Bingen on the Rhine.

## MISCELLANY.

### A Chapter on Rats.

The January number of the London Quarterly Review has a most curious article on rats.—The author discourses upon all kinds of rats, viz: the brown rat, the black rat, and the water rat. The former, he said, went over to England with William the conqueror, and though he has fought gallantly for supremacy, his foe, the brown rat, still flourishes in Albion like a green bay tree. The black rat may be found in London in the neighborhood of the Tower, in Whitebread's brewery, and in the Whitechapel Sugar Refinery. The brown rats fight in companies, and pursue a war to the death upon their adversary.

Touching the disposition of rats to travel, the writer states that scarce a ship leaves port for a distant voyage, but it takes in its complement of rats as regularly as passengers; and in this manner the destructive animal distributes himself over the world, like an enterprising traveler, continually passing from one country to another.—In this manner the hoary wanderer circumnavigates the world oftener than did Captain Cooks, and sets his paws on twenty different shores.

He adds that when rats have once found their way into a ship they are secure as long as the cargo is on board, provided they can command the great necessary—water. If this is well guarded, they will resort to extraordinary expedients to procure it. In a rainy night they will come on deck to drink, and will even ascend the rigging to sip the moisture out of the folds of the sails. When reduced to extremities they will attack the spirit casks, and get so drunk they are unable to walk home. The land rat will, in like manner, gnaw the metal tubes which in public houses, lead from the spirit store to the tap, and is as convivial on these occasions as his nautical relation. The entire race have a quick ear for running liquid, and they constantly eat into leaden pipes, and much to their astonishment receive a douche bath in consequence. It is without doubt the difficulty of obtaining water which causes them in many instances to desert the ship the moment she touches on the shore. On such occasions they get, if possible dry footed to land, which they generally accomplish by passing in Indian file down the mooring rope, though [illegible] same manner they [illegible] and so well are [illegible] to sailors, that it [illegible] into port to fill up the [illegible] to run the mooring cable to [illegible] projecting twigs of which [illegible] ingress of these nautical quadrupeds. Their expertness of the smaller bird breeding Islands invariably ends in their driving away the feathered inhabitants, for they plunder the nests of their eggs and devour the young. The puffins have in this way been compelled to relinquish Puffin's Island, off the coast of Carnarvon.

The author says: "The sagacity of the rat in pursuit of food is so great, that he almost wonders at the small amount of its cerebral development. Indeed he is so cunning, and works occasionally with such human ingenuity, that accounts which are perfectly correct are sometimes received as mere fables. Incredible as the story may appear of their removing hens' eggs by one fellow lying on his back and grasping tightly his oval burden with his fore paws, whilst his comrades draw him away by the tail, the writer has no reason to disbelieve it, knowing as he does that they will carry eggs from the bottom to the top of a house, lifting them from stair to stair, the first rat pushing them upon its head and the second lifting it with its fore legs. They will extract the cotton from a flock of Florence oil, dipping it in the long tails, and repeating the manœuvre until they have consumed every atom. We have seen the writer found houses of sugar in does. Answers of a friend to inquiries addressed to [illegible] fires were [illegible] [illegible] selection [illegible] tion of the [illegible] animal oil. It [illegible] tains phosphate [illegible] ry is selected by [illegible] lized balls and [illegible] ties of elasticity and [illegible] Thus the tooth pick of [illegible] as a distinguishing mark of [illegible] tions material devoted to the [illegible]

The rat does not confine himself to such substances; when he is hard pressed for food he will attack anything weaker than himself.—Frogs, Goldsmith says, had been introduced into Ireland some considerable time before the brown rat, and had multiplied abundantly, but they were pursued in their marshes by this indefatigable hunter and eaten clean off the Emerald Isle. He does not scruple to assault domestic poultry; though a rat which attempted to capture the chicken of a game fowl, was killed by the mother with beak and spur in the course of twelve minutes. The hen seized him by the neck, shook it violently, put out an eye and plainly showed that the fowl in a conflict would be the more powerful of the two, if he was only equally daring. The number of young ducks which the rats destroyed in the Zoological Gardens, rendered it necessary to surround the pools with wire rat-fencing, which halfway up has a pipe of wire-work, the circle of which is not complete by several inches in the under part, and the rat, unable to crawl along the concave roof which stops his onward path, is compelled to return discomfitted.

The rat can be savage when self-protection requires it but he has also softer moments, in which he shows confidence almost as strong as that exhibited by a dog or a cat. On this point the writer in the Quarterly mentions the case of an old blind rat, on whose head the snows of many winters had gathered, and who was in the habit of sitting beside a gentlemen's kitchen fire, with all the comfortable look of his enemy, the cat, and such a favorite had he become with the servants that he was not allowed to be disturbed. He unfortunately fell a victim to the sudden spring of a strange cat. He adds that a close observation of these animals entirely conquers the antipathy which is entertained towards them. Their sharp and handsome heads, their bright eyes, their intelligent look, their sleek skins, and the very reverse of reptilave, and there is positive attraction in the playful manner in which they sit licking their paws and washing their faces, an occupation in which they pass a considerable portion of their time.

The writer adds that an article on rats, in an English Magazine, relates an anecdote of a tame rat, which shows that he is capable of serving his master as well as of passing a passive existence under his protection. The animal belonged to the driver of a London omnibus who caught him as he was removing some hay. He was spared because he had the good luck to be the last, because remarkably tame, and grew attached to the stable. At night he exhibited a sense of the enjoyment of security and warmth, by stretching himself out at full length before the fire, and on cold nights, after the fire was extinguished, he would creep into his master's bed. In the daytime, however, his [illegible] At the sound of com- [illegible] his [illegible] and it at [illegible] with it, the [illegible] the straw. [illegible] he was an inveterate [illegible] resist plain pun- [illegible] intruders, he ate fi- [illegible] These are by no [illegible] ces of the amiable side [illegible] ly treated by man, and we [illegible] with similar relations. But it seems [illegible] to his other merits, that he possesses dramatic genius. We have heard of military dogs, we have seen Jacko perform his miserable imitation of humanity on the top of a barrel-organ, but who ever heard of a rat's turn for tragedy? Nevertheless a Belgian newspaper not long since published an account of a theatrical performance by a troop of rats, which gives us a higher idea of their intellectual nature than anything else which is recorded of them. This novel company of players were dressed in the garb of men and women, walked on their hind legs and mimicked with ludicrous exactness many of the ordinary stage effects. On one point only were they intractable. Like the young lady in the fable, who turned to a cat the moment a mouse appeared, they forgot their parts, their audience, and their manager at the sight of the viands which were introduced in the course of the piece, and dropping on all fours, fell to with all the native veracity of their race. The performance was concluded by their hanging, in triumph, their enemy, the cat, and dancing round her body.

TO MAKE A PRETTY SPECTACLE.—Hand to some pretty girl, who has an expressive countenance and who knows enough to appreciate a good joke, a newspaper or book containing one. In order to make the effect as perfect as possible, the witty paragraph should be of moderate length, requiring a couple of minutes or such a matter for its perusal, and should excite no suspicions of its risible character till it explodes in fun at the close. Direct the attention of your female subject to the written article, and steal glances at her as she reads it. The transition from the quiet gravity of her face, as she goes over the more prosy part of the composition, to the sudden flash of mirth as she reaches the point makes one of the prettiest spectacles in nature—much prettier than the fat woman, the big snake, the two headed calf, the living skeleton or the Kentucky giant. If you should be lucky enough to serve two pretty girls in the same way at the same time, then you will have a *pair of spectacles!*—*Dayton Gazette.*

DISTINCTION.—Many years ago, when new sects in New England began to break the good old Congregational barriers, and make incursions into the sheepfolds of the regular clergy, a revered divine whom I well know—a man at once of infinite eccentricity, good sense, and good humor—encountered one of those irregular preachers at the house of one of his flock. They had a pretty long discussion on their points of [illegible] the worshipper, finding [illegible] by saying [illegible] your voices at the [illegible] work, he sends for [illegible] Remember this, young [illegible]

### A Turkish Criminal Adventure.

The following story is told of the present Emperor of France:

It was during one merry carnival in that gay city (Madrid) that a grand masked ball was given by Mons. de Montijo, to which was invited every celebrity, both native and foreign, then to be found in the place. A certain gallant lover, then in the zenith of his glory, was among the guests, and in dancing with the young lady of the house, disguised as a Barcelona orange girl, expressed a great anxiety to leave by a certain hour, as he had to be at Aranjuez very early in order to meet the council of ministers which was to sit there in consequence of her Majesty's whim of passing a day or two at her favorite palace in the country. The fair orange girl was evidently not at all interested in the hurried parting, and particularly the means of departure, as she intimated that a carriage was waiting at the door to convey him away immediately, and in a whisper gave him a hint that a change of mind was in the vehicle, in order that no time might be lost in his reaching Aranjuez, and having discovered all this, he expressed great alarm, lest the [illegible] be [illegible] quantity of [illegible] great temptation to the [illegible] and on entering the [illegible] motioned to the [illegible] which a coquettish [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] partner, however, [illegible] morning his self by his [illegible] glass! I have every [illegible] care of himself, and putting to dance in one [illegible] at the ball, but to retire and put up a prayer to the virgin for his escape from peril. The general left the ball room almost immediately.—Some little delay, however, at which he was exceedingly angry, arose at the door. Some mistake—some accidental detention—which he enjoyed him exceedingly, but which did not seem of consequence enough to cause injury, and which indeed was scarcely remembered till afterwards. The change in his dress was soon completed, while the carriage rolled on at its fullest speed on account of the delay already incurred. The night was cold and gloomy—not a star was to be seen, and the road was so still and deserted as any lover of romance could desire. The general, whose heart was a stranger to fear, and who had not exaggerated his bad powers of endurance in that respect when talking to his late partner at the ball, wrapped his cloak around him and fell into a deep slumber—dreams perhaps of the kind voice and sweet manner of the lady who had taken such interest in his welfare, and forming the usual speculations upon her identity which the success seemed to warrant.

He had been asleep for some little time, when he was suddenly awoke by the shock occasioned by the abrupt stopping of the vehicle and the sound of voices in altercation, and which he recognized the expression of anger and violence used by the mob of Madrid, and a peremptory order to the coachman to stop at once or drive on at his peril. The gen'ral, roused to a sense of his situation, looked out from the window and beheld himself surrounded by a troop of ruffians bent on rifling the carriage. In an instant the door was opened, the steps let down, and he who appeared the chief of the banditti armed with pistols and cutlasses, got in and sat himself down beside the general, while the two others followed and took the opposite seat. Resistance was useless, for the banditti seemed well armed and determined—and after a few demonstrations the general consented to remain quiet while the vehicle proceeded by order of the chief of the band along the road to Aranjuez. The darkness was complete within the vehicle, so that the victim could not behold the countenance of his captors, but the rattling of the carbines and the click of the pistols were heard now and then, and reminded him that resistance was vain. The chief proceeded to ask him questions—very personal ones indeed—which the general thought bandoned a night spent in carnival carousing before setting forth on this iniquitous expedition—such as whether he were prepared to die—whether he were in love, and with whom—whether he had any farewell message to send to his lady love—and whether he was inclined to purchase his life by the revelations we could make concerning the sum taken from a certain lady, whom he was supposed, in short, to be at soon became convinced that these [illegible] were the best of *his relatives*, and ventured to offer everything if they would only [illegible] place in safety. This the [illegible] answered [illegible] the [illegible] time their journey was drawing to a close they had become quite [illegible] and before the morning dawned [illegible] to see their [illegible] with his captors. He [illegible] that he had perceived the [illegible] first; but the fair wife, who [illegible] the chief, denies the assertion [illegible] although her intention of [illegible] some demonstration of alarm [illegible] with success, yet it was under the impression of a certain kind of anxiety that she [illegible] the seal ring from his finger, which she would never consent to give up afterwards. [illegible] of the fun and frolic of that night. The mimic war which has been going on [illegible] between the two principal actors [illegible] said, however, to bear its traces even now, for the Emperor expressed no [illegible] displeasure at the visit made by the gen'ral to the Tuileries some little while since that [illegible] visit is said to have been [illegible] missed, and the embassy rendered [illegible] pleasant.—*Paris Letter, Feb. 26.*

IRREGULAR VERBS.—The Paris correspondent of Porter's Spirit of the Times is responsible for the following:

"It is astonishing how foreigners are imposed upon by some of our wags. The other day I went to see a little Frenchman just arrived, who had been taking English lessons, as he informed me, on the voyage, from a fellow passenger. He complained much of the difficulties of our grammar, especially the *irregular verbs*. For instance, says he, *I see you*. Did one ever see one such verb? And with the utmost gravity he read from a sheet of paper:

I go,
Thou departest,
He clears out,
We cut stick,
Ye or you make tracks,
They absquotulate.
'Mon Dieu! Mon Dieu! What disregular verbs you have in your language.'

An Ohio editor gives his views of some of dances which he witnessed at the Immigration Ball at Washington:

"The want of variety in this Metropolitan dancing was, however, fully made up by the fancy things, such as the waltz and the polka. These were called both indecorous. The latter, called waltz the polka, at which some ladies called to question, have ignored as subject of indecorous and improper. He only here has the two could not [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

# Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1857.


**Announcement.**

We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN LETCHER, a candidate for re-election to the Congress of the U. States, for the district composed of the counties of Augusta, Rockbridge, Bath, Pendleton, Rockingham, Pendleton and Highland.

**The Public Lands.**

The article from the National Intelligencer on the Public Lands, to which we alluded last week, will be found on the first page of this paper. It presents facts which must produce an effect at this time, and we commend it to the careful consideration of our readers. Coming from the source it does, it cannot be called a Know-Nothing trick. The opposition have adopted the policy of denouncing distribution as a humbug, and advocated for an honest purpose, but gotten up at this particular juncture to distract the Democracy. The Intelligencer, however, shows that now is the time—and the only opportunity we shall have—to assert our rights in regard to the public domain. In 1853, Western members of Congress avowed the purpose to appropriate to themselves all the public lands, and one of them openly declared that after the census of 1857 the power to do so would be irresistable. *To fulfilment of that threat is almost complete*, and after the census of 1860 the old States will be utterly powerless unless they unite cordially for their common protection!—The question is not whether distribution as an original scheme is judicious—that might admit of a difference of opinion, but we now have to decide whether we shall demand our just share of the common property, or permit the new States to absorb the whole. This is the plain and solitary alternative. Democratic stump-orators and presses in Virginia may denounce distribution until Doomsday, and Democratic Platforms may declare that the public lands ought to be kept as "a sacred fund" &c., yet Democratic members of Congress are voting away the lands by millions of acres at a time, and Democratic President are signing the bills. Illinois and Alabama Democrats go into the National Conventions and vote for the Platforms, and then go into Congress and vote the lands to themselves; while poor old Virginia is too honest and too proud to take what belongs to her. Was there ever such mock honesty, such ridiculous pride!

In this connection we will adduce some facts and arguments on the subject, from a letter addressed to the people of the Eleventh Congressional District by the Hon. John S. Carlile.—While we were engaged in the Revolutionary War, says Mr. Carlile, several of the States refused to become members of the Confederation unless Virginia and other land States would agree to share their lands with all the members of the Confederacy. The General Assembly of Maryland, in 1779, sent instructions to the delegates of that State in Congress, of which the following is an extract:

"Virginia, by selling on the most moderate terms a small proportion of the lands in question, would draw into her treasury vast sums of money, and, in proportion to the sums arising from such sales, would be enabled to lessen her taxes. Lands comparatively cheap, and taxes comparatively low, with the lands and taxes of an adjacent State, would quickly drain the State thus disadvantageously circumstanced, of its most useful inhabitants; its wealth, and its consequence in the scale of the confederated States, would sink, of course."

To remove this obstacle in the way of the Union, Virginia, in 1784, executed her deed of cession, granting all her territory beyond the Ohio river to the United States, for the use and benefit of all the States, "Virginia inclusive."—From that day to the present, however, in spite of the conditions of the deed, Congress has granted these lands to particular States to the great injury of Virginia. What Maryland said would be Virginia's condition if she retained her lands, is now the condition of the Western States to whom Congress has given these lands; and Virginia is now in the condition Maryland apprehended for herself in 1779. Lands in the West are "comparatively cheap and taxes comparatively low," while in Virginia the people are groaning under taxation, and the State is drained "of its most useful inhabitants; its wealth and its consequence in the scale of the confederated States" are rapidly sinking, "of course." In order to arrest this comparative decline, it is only necessary for Virginia to receive her just share of the proceeds of that common property which she gave for the use and benefit of *all* the States, herself inclusive.

A plausible argument urged by the opponents of distribution is, that the money arising from public lands must go into the Federal Treasury, and that thus alone can all the States derive equal benefit from it. But the lands are not kept as "a source of revenue." Even in the last year nine millions of acres only were sold, while more than fifteen millions were given away for Railroad purposes. In addition to this the Federal Treasury is now full to overflowing, and the Government wants no more money, but on the contrary is at a loss to know what to do with what it already has. The surplus in the Treasury on the 30th of June next will be $22,000,000. Congress made an effort at the last session to reduce the revenue by lowering the duties upon imports, but Mr. Hunter shows that even this low tariff will produce a surplus. The reduction, he says, "is as far as it would be safe, under present circumstances, to go," yet when we reduce the duties importation and consumption will be increased, and we are more likely to have an excessive than a deficit revenue. The Secretary of the Treasury estimates that the reduced tariff bill will yield four millions more than the Government can properly use, and that the receipts from the public lands will amout to six millions. Here then are ten millions of dollars, besides the surplus already accumulated in the Treasury. What shall be done with the money? Shall it be left in the Treasory, to the great detriment of the business of the country, or shall it be distributed? The General Government does not want it—Virginia has a debt of thirty five millions of dollars, her Railroads are unfinished, her people are burdened with taxes. What do the Democracy of Virginia propose for our relief?

"My opponent," says Mr. Carlile, "opposes my proposition—denounces it as monstrous; but so far as I are advised, offers nothing and promises nothing for your relief. Choose ye between us."

**Narrow Escape.**

On Friday last a little son of Mr. Wm. B. Johnson, who resides about three miles from Staunton, on the Middlebrook and Brownsburg road, was very severely injured by an accidental blow from an axe in the hands of an elder brother. The little boy stooped to pick up some chips while his brother was chopping wood, and the axe descended upon his head, inflicting a horrible wound. He was brought to town immediately, when the cut was sewed up by surgeons.—Fortunately the skull was not fractured and his life is in no danger.

**Newspaper Sale.**

The Petersburg Intelligencer newspaper establishment has been purchased by Mr. James Dunnavant, editor of the Lynchburg Virginian, and Mr. Page of Charlotte.

**Withdrawal of Major Anderson.**

We learn from a communication in the last number of the *Vindicator*, that one friend Major Anderson, after mature deliberation, and "guided alone by a sense of conscientious duty," respectfully declines the high honor tendered him by the Democracy of Augusta and determines to remain a while longer in the shades of private life. We consider this a most wise determination exhibiting great good sense, sound discretion, remarkable patriotism and a lively exercise of healthy conscience, rarely found combined in one individual. Who the Democrats will select to fill the vacancy on the ticket we do not know, but the almost universal practice of the party now adays, justifies the prediction that it will be one of the newest "naturalized," who has the odor of Federalism or the still more offensive smell of Sam's dark lantern, still clinging to his skirts—some fickle changeling, whose political sentiments resemble the uncertain glories of one of these April days.

The turn which the *Vindicator* endeavors to give to our legitimate comments upon Major Anderson's political course, and the allusions made by our correspondent to his former party relations, is in the highest degree amusing.—That paper delivers itself of whole cargoes of indignation over what it terms the "pursuit" and "persecution" of Major Anderson by the *Spectator* and its correspondents, when, in fact, we have always entertained for that "amiable and kind hearted gentleman" the most amiable and kindly feelings, and have intentionally said nothing to wound him. Our object has been to show off the Democracy as nominating a man for the Legislature, whose language and acts left the public in most glorious uncertainty as to his political sentiments, and in no particular have we made an assault upon Major Anderson as an individual. The *Vindicator's* indignation, therefore, seems a great waste of raw material.

**Candidates for Congress.**

M. R. H. Garnett, Democrat, is a candidate for re-election in the first district, and is opposed by John Critcher, American.

Gen. Millson is running in the second district without opposition.

Judge Caskie and A. Judson Crane, American, are the rival candidates in the third district.

W. O. Goode is opposed by W. C. Flournoy both Democrats, in the fourth district.

Thos. S. Bocock has no opposition as yet in the fifth district, but some effort has been made by the Whigs and Americans to bring out Vincent Witcher.

Paulus Powell, of the sixth district, will probably have William M. Cabell, American, as an opponent.

Ex-Gov. Smith is a candidate on his own hook in the seventh district, notwithstanding the Democratic opposition to him. The Whigs and Americans propose holding a Convention to nominate a candidate.

C. J. Faulkner is the Democratic nominee in the eight district, and has no opponent.

John Letcher, alone, in the ninth district.

Sherrard Clemens, the Democratic nominee in the tenth district, is opposed by W. M. Dunnington, who is described as "a new line Democrat."

J. S. Carlile, American, and A. G. Jenkins, Democrat, are the candidates in the eleventh district.

H. A. Edmundson will have no opposition in the twelfth district.

Judge Hopkins, the regular Democratic candidate, is opposed in the thirteenth district by E. S. Martin, independent Democrat.

**Fayette McMullin.**

It is rumored that the Hon. Fayette McMullin has declined the appointment of Governor of Utah Territory, lately tendered him by the President. We are glad to hear it. The representative of Little Tennessee, as every body knows, was an applicant for the office of Marshal of the District of Columbia, which would give him a fine opportunity for the display of his peculiar talents. But the President, instead of allowing him to dance attendance in the East Room of the Executive Mansion, among foreign ministers and fair ladies, wishes to banish him to the wilds of Utah! All tyrannical governments have a way of getting rid of troublesome customers by sending them on distant and disagreeable missions, and this was to have been the fate of Mr. McMullin. The President evidently does not consult the "fitness of things" in making his appointments. It is universally admitted that Mr. McMullin is eminently qualified to do the genteel at the President's Levees, but what sort of a figure would he cut among the polygamous Mormons?

"Our slim acquaintance with the philosophy of human nature, teaches us that the great mass of mankind are difficult to separate from old ingrained prejudices and habits of thought, and especially hard to detach from ancient political predilections and tenets of faith."—*The South.*

The above sounds rather odd in these days of political tergiversation. If the editor of The South would look around him at the present leaders of the Democratic party, he would find cause to change his opinion. Gov. Wise is a striking illustration of the facility with which men "separate from old ingrained prejudices and habits of thought;" and there are plenty more instances of politicians who out-Herod Herod in opposition to measures which they lately advocated just as stoutly. It is a curious fact, however, that the changes are nearly all from the weaker to the stronger side.

**Recent Homicides.**

The recent acquittal of several persons tried for the crime of murder, seems to have established a rule in criminal jurisprudence which enables one man to take the life of another against whom he has a grudge with perfect impunity. Remarking upon the case of Lee, who killed Mr. Hume, of Alexandria, the Baltimore American justly says: "If the theory upon which that verdict rests is to be established as the rule of juries, and the many murder trials gives ground for the apprehension, it will be only necessary for a man of violent passions and desperate purpose to provoke a blow from his adversary, and then turn upon him, with the full preparedness arising from the possession of a deadly weapon, and shoot him down. In their simplest and briefest form, those were the facts in Lee's case."

**Important to Farmers.**

We invite the attention of farmers to the communication of Col. Fontaine, published in another column. The reduction of Railroad freight on hay and potatoes, is a strong inducement to farmers to pay more attention to these important crops. During the last winter potatoes sold readily in Richmond and other places in Eastern Virginia, at $1.50 a bushel, and Northern hay of an inferior quality commands $1.25 per hundred pounds. These prices, or anything approaching to them, will justify the transportation from this region, and afford a good profit to the producer. In reference to potatoes, we understand it is important that the white variety should be cultivated, as the "long reds" are not very saleable.

**Consecration.**

The new Episcopal Church in this place will be consecrated to-day (Wednesday) by Bishop Johns. Religious services will be held every day during the remainder of the week, and the rite of confirmation performed on Sunday.

**From Europe.**

By the steamer Constitution we have London dates to the 17th ult. The political news is an important.

The Spanish Expedition against Mexico seems a more imposing aspect. General Pezuela has been appointed to the chief command.

The overland China mail had arrived at London. Its advices confirm the telegraphic accounts of the wholesale attempts at poisoning by the bakers of Hong Kong. Several hundred persons had been poisoned, but none fatally.—The proprietor of a bakery was arrested on his way to Macao, and was to be tried immediately at Hong Kong.

Large numbers of war junks were collecting for the purpose of attacking Hong Kong, and some fears were entertained by the English on account of the smallness of their land forces, and an application was made on the Governor General of India for a regiment, which was refused. The French ships were anchored at the head of the bay of Hong Kong. The American frigate Levant was also in the harbor. The San Jacinto had proceeded to Canton, to look after some war junks that had attempted to intercept the American Lily.

The Chinese Commissioner Yeh had addressed Commissioner Parker, asking why he has not ordered the American ships and American subjects not to intermeddle in the present troubles. Mr. Parker's reply was not known.

A Paris letter says that a French charge left Marseilles on the 12th for China with instructions to the Admiral of the French fleets in the China seas to operate with the English forces conformably to the arrangements concluded between the two Governments.

Russia was making preparations for a decisive campaign in the Caucasus. She has 100,000 troops along the shores of the Caspian and had beside secured the active co-operation of several of the native chiefs.

LATER.—By the steamer Asia we have Liverpool dates to the 21st ult. The English papers are entirely filled with electioneering articles.—Parliament would probably be discharged on the following Monday.

The third meeting of the Neufchatel Conference will be held immediately, favorable instructions having been received from Prussia. A conference of the Turkish Principalities will be held in Paris probably in June.

Austria is reported to be on the point of breaking off diplomatic relations with Sardinia and the Sardinian Chambers have voted a large sum for building fortifications.

The Mexican Envoy had arrived at Madrid.

The British are having a difficulty with Japan. Two ships of war have occupied the port of Nagasaki.

The Russian Minister at Constantinople had demanded an explanation respecting a force of three hundred Poles fitted out by English sympathizers and landed in Circassia.

COLONIZING VIRGINIA.—Eli Thayer, President of the new Massachusetts corporation for colonizing the waste lands of Virginia, publishes in the New York Herald an account of the plan of that concern. It is styled the North American Homestead Company, and proposes to buy land in Dinwiddie, Accomac, Southampton, and other counties of Eastern Virginia, where it can be had for three to five dollars per acre. About one-fourth of these lands they will first give way to actual settlers, one-fourth they will sell at cost, and the remainder—being the intermediate tracts—they expect to sell at good rates in order to realize a good dividend. He says that slaveholders are anxious to take stock in the concern, and that there is no doubt of its success. Where Mr. Thayer obtains his evidence of any such state of facts is more than we can say.

Mr. Thayer talks about invoking popular sovereignty for the Old Dominion, in case of opposition, as it has been for Kansas. He says: "We shall not be intimidated. We are not that kind of people when good dividends are at stake."—This is no doubt Yankee nature, but from the tone of Thayer's letter and the absurdity of the scheme, the affair seems to us very much like a hoax.

**The Crops.**

For some time past the wheat throughout the county generally has been unpromising, and the long continued cold and dry weather caused the farmers to apprehend an almost total failure.—On Monday last, however, a fine rain fell upon the parched earth, and will refresh and stimulate the growing crop very much. A few days of warm sunshine may put upon everything a different aspect, and the husbandmen may yet rejoice in the prospect of an abundant harvest.

**Hon. A. H. H. Stuart.**

It will be recollected that a numerously signed petition was presented to this gentleman at the March Court, requesting him to serve the people of Augusta in the Senate of Virginia. We are authorized to say that Mr. Stuart will respond to that call in person, at the April Court, when it is anticipated that there will be a very large gathering of the people.

**Corporation Election.**

The election of town officers takes place to-day. There are some very valuable places to be filled, and we anticipate "immense excitement." The people will vote for the following officers, viz: Mayor, Sergeant, Commonwealth's Attorney, Commissioner of the Revenue, and eleven Councilmen. VOTE EARLY!!

**Telegraph to Staunton.**

We understand that the Stock of the Richmond, Charlottesville and Staunton Telegraph Company has so far been taken as to insure the success of the enterprise. We may expect, therefore, to be in communication with the Metropolis of the State, before many months have elapsed.

**A Prediction.**

We heard an old clerk of the weather predict recently that we would yet have "three tracking snows" before the final breaking up of the weather—one of which was to fall on Easter Sunday. Persons who are short of fuel should be careful, therefore, to replenish their woodpiles by Saturday evening next.

**Bear Hunting.—**

The Wytheville papers mentions that seven bears have been killed there during the winter. A correspondent informs us that in the Big Calf Pasture Valley in this County, nine full grown bears have been killed, and two cubs caught.—Four of the males averaged a weight of 325 lbs.

**Important to Travelers.**

See the advertisement of L. Zimmer, in another column. He offers great inducements to persons who contemplate emigration to any of the Western States or Territories. Further information may be had by reference to his bills which can be found at this office.

**Explanatory.**

We commenced striking off our paper at the usual time this week, but finding that one of the rollers was not in working order, we were compelled to stop and make a new one. This will account for the delay in the issuing of the paper.

**American Agriculturlist.**

We have received several numbers of this publication. They are well printed, and contain a large amount of matter, useful and interesting to farmers. The subscription price ($1) is certainly low. See advertisement.

**Gas.**

A poll will be opened to-day, submitting the question to the qualified voters of the town, whether or not, a sum, not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars, shall be expended for lighting the town with gas.

An election was held in Rhode Island on the 1st inst., and resulted in favor of the Republicans. They elected the Governor, both members of Congress and nearly all the members of the Legislature.

**Reduced Freight on Hay and Potatoes.**

The following is an extract from the Minutes of the Board of Directors, of the Virginia Central Railroad Company, at a meeting held in the city of Richmond, 20th March, 1857:

"The subject of making some reduction after the Blue Ridge Tunnel is finished on the freight charged on the articles of Hay, Corn and Potatoes being considered, the Board expressed the opinion (that with a view of encouraging the production of a supply of these articles for the Eastern Market, now almost entirely procured from the North,) the freight on these articles ought to be reduced.

"Resolved, That some Cars suitable for the transportation of Beef cattle be provided under the advice of the Executive Committee by the next Winter; and, if necessary, that some cars specially arranged for the transportation of Hay be in like manner provided."

J. GARRETT, Sec.

Office Va Central R. R. Co
RICHMOND, MARCH 31st, 1857.

*To the Editors of the Staunton Spectator.*

*Gentlemen:*—The Board of Directors of this Company, being satisfied that Virginia pays annually to the Northern farmers, a very large sum of money for the two articles of Hay and Potatoes which may be raised successfully West of the Blue Ridge, at their last meeting, determined that after the completion of the Tunnel through the mountain, such a reduction on the freights should be made on those articles as would encourage their production at home.

I send you above a copy of these resolutions. The calculation of the Superintendent and myself authorize the belief that Hay of the next crop may be transported from Staunton, when suitable cars are procured at from 5 to $6 per ton of 2,000 and Potatoes from 18 to 20 cents per bushel, and from Millboro at a small additional charge. Hay in the Richmond Market is generally worth $1.25 per hundred and Potatoes $1.25 per bushel. I believe $1,000,000 is paid by Virginia to the North annually for Hay, Potatoes and Lime.

Very Respectfully,
E. FONTAINE, President.

KANSAS AFFAIRS.—The Hon. R. J. Walker, of Mississippi, having accepted the Governorship of Kansas, will leave for his post about the first of May. Mr. Stanton, ex-member of Congress, from Tennessee, the new Secretary of the Territory, has started already. A despatch from Washington says:

The administration has initiated none of the proceedings in Kansas, having in view the election of delegates, preliminary to the formation of a State Constitution; but, with the intention and desire to terminate the distracting question of slavery, will assist in carrying forward the measure which has been commenced in the territory for that purpose, leaving the people at large, without any reference whatever to their political divisions, to settle it by a free and untrammelled vote for themselves.

If having been repeatedly asked how an independent suffrage can be exercised in the laws of the Territory are to be regarded as valid, the reply from the best sources of information is, that the law providing for the election is a fair one, it explicitly declaring that all free white male citizens of the United States, over 21 years of age, resident of the Territory on the 1st of April, shall be entitled to vote for delegates to the Constitutional Convention.

This is to be administered without regard whatever to any test oaths. Governor Walker and the Secretary of State recently appointed for Kansas, have repeatedly said that their efforts, in accordance with the views of the administration, will be to secure a fair expression of opinion to all the people of Kansas while they will carefully abstain from any act which could be construed into a partiality for one side or the other. Whichsoever may the citizens decide the Administration will be content.—Governor Walker repeats his opinion that Kansas will be a free State.

WHAT THEY ARE ABROAD.—The following from the New York Express is exactly to the point:

Virginia.—good old Virginia.—is great on "principle,"—but bitter, very bitter, on "interest,"—as we shall soon see.

On "principle," her Democratic organs are pushing her people to go to Kansas,—when Virginia itself is full of Kansas fields,—unplugged, uncropped, unfenced, unshorn of old grass, &c. There is a "Kansas" all the way from Richmond to Accomac.

On "principle,"—her organs are also urging her not to touch nor take her share of the public lands, for public improvements in the State, or for other purposes. True, her State debt is large. True, her taxes are enormous, to pay the interest on it! True, also, the Federal Government has given away to Railroad Companies in Illinois, Missouri, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Michigan, Arkansas, Florida, Iowa and Wisconsin, 20,787,993 acres, worth $51,969,982, at $2.50 per acre,—but Virginia scorns "the interest," and clings to the "principle."

Virginia Democracy, we fear, however, is a little behind the age, both on "principle" and "interest." There is very little "principle" in hurrying off a Virginia People into Kansas, when there is not half enough of them at home, and less in an old State's refusing her share of public land, on a general division,—and more especially when Virginia contributed to the Union that vast North Western domain.

Nevertheless, while we in other States pluck the old Virginia goose, not only of her feathers, —but even of her golden egg,—if she is willing, what is that to us?

SPAIN AND MEXICO.—Notwithstanding all the preparation that Spain appears to be making for the commencement of hostilities against Mexico, very strong doubts exist whether she will ever have the courage to attempt it without a guarantee of security from England and France for the safety of Cuba, which, under present relations with the United States, neither of these governments will be willing to give.—A letter from Havanna says the military display is kept up on the Island, but the Spanish ministry dare not refer the question to the sword. The Madrid correspondent of the London Times says:

"Rather less confidence seems to be felt with respect to the anticipated result of the Mexican expedition. If the President declines the responsibility of Alvarez's barbarities, and bids Spain go and punish him as she pleases, the expedition will be in what is commonly called a fix. Neither 10,000 nor 50,000 men could follow up that savage chief into his stronghold in the *tierra caliente* with any chance of success.—The expense of the expedition would be great and the results probably disastrous."

THE ATTORNEY GENERALSHIP.—As there is a dearth of candidates for this important and lucrative office, and no one seems inclined to offer his services to the people as a candidate, we take leave to nominate the Virginia Bar, as found in Livingston's last edition, beginning with the letter A and ending with Izzard. If any of the very recent graduates object to the nomination as behind the times in point of Young America, we will take it as a favor if they will hand in their names to be added to the list.—Any ambitious young man, who expects to take out his license before the day of election, may hand us his address, and thus secure a nomination, contingent upon his graduation.—*Rich. Whig.*

PASTORAL CALL ACCEPTED.—The congregation of the Central Presbyterian Church, Baltimore, some months ago, made a call for the Rev. Dr. Smith, lately of Staunton, which was not accepted on account of his relations with Union Theological Seminary, in which he filled a professor's chair. Since then, matters have taken a favorable turn, and the congregation renewing the call, it has been accepted, and we learn from the Patriot that Dr. Smith will enter upon his duties in May, but will occasionally occupy the pulpit previous to that time.

William A. Harris, of Mo., has completed his arrangements for becoming the editor and proprietor of the Washington Union, to take effect on the 15th inst. He was formerly a representative in Congress from Virginia, afterward Minister to Buenos Ayres, and was favorably known as the editor of the Constitution and the Spectator formerly published in Washington.

The Democratic canvassers in the town of Gloucester, R. I., struck the names of the colored voters in that town from the lists before the election on Wednesday, alleging that they were justified in this outrageous conduct by the decision in the case of Dred Scott. The Providence Journal intimates that legal proceedings will be commenced against them.—*Boston Journal.*

THE WAR IN CHINA.—We are loath to resort to the course of hostilities, and our knowledge of what has transpired there is altogether too limited, to be able to say which party is in the wrong in the present controversy. A Portuguese boat passed, with a Chinese crew from Hong Kong, sailing under English colors and commanded by an English captain, is seized by the Chinese authorities and those on board of her maltreated. Inadequate redress is afforded to the British Admiral who protests against the act as a violation of treaty stipulations, and he accordingly sails up the Canton river and instructs the people of Canton in the philosophy of projectiles by throwing shells into that ancient city. How far the Hong-Kong merchantman was protected by the British flag, and to what extent Sir John Bowring was justified in ordering the bombardment, we cannot tell; but it is undeniable that the interests of mankind demand protection to Western commerce in the Chinese seas, and that the barbarians of the Middle Kingdom are reckless in their behavior towards all representatives of the European races. If in accordance with the well settled principles of international law, China cannot be coerced to open her ports to the world and give ventilation to her long stifled system of society, she should at least be caught to respect the citizen of other countries and to keep her faith with the foreigner.

The Chinese government has issued a proclamation commanding the people to slay the English wherever they meet with them. The following is an extract from a letter dated Canton, Jan. 13:

"The fire lasted about twenty-four hours. The admiral has written for about 5,000 men from India; we also expect 500 men from Singapore. We have not yet heard what effect these proceedings have had on the Chinese garrison; the extraordinary thing is, that what we do here does not in the least affect the other ports of China with which we trade. All accounts show that they are quite indifferent to this place, and rather glad than otherwise that the Cantonese—whom they hate—are getting touched up. The so called rebels are quite close to us, and made overtures to us to become our allies, but as the general impression is that they are only a band of thieves, we have not entertained their advances, or listened to them in any way. It is extraordinary that the constant pressure does not make the Chinese governor give in, as these rebels are playing the devil with the whole of the neighborhood—burning and destroying villages in every direction."

FROM NICARAGUA.—The news from Nicaragua is favorable to Walker so far as it may be depended upon. If is to the effect, that ex-President Rivas had been assassinated at Leon, that there has been a battle at Rivas between Walker and the Costa Ricans, in which Walker gained the advantage, and that the position of Walker's forces on the San Juan River, under Col. Lockridge, remains the same as at the last advices. The following is the account given of Walker's battle:

Gen. Walker with 400 men attacked the allies at St. George, gained the plaza, and, burnt the important part of the town. He then retreated to Rivas, which Chamorro, at the head of 1,200 men, had, in the mean while, attacked but had been repulsed with great slaughter by Gen. Henningsen. Walker met them retreating, and they were consequently placed between two fires, and suffered immensely. Their own account says that their loss was 827 killed and over 800 wounded, while Walker estimates their loss at 600 killed and 500 wounded. He states his own loss at two killed, and twenty-one wounded.—Walker had all the dead bodies buried. Gen. Lockridge, on the San Juan River, had received another strong reinforment of Texans, with a large quantity of provisions and ammunition.—This command garrisoned the only two communications, by water, with Costa Rica.

A report was brought by some of the passengers of the Texas, that the Costa Rican General Canas, had shown some intention of uniting with Walker, and that he had been arrested by the Costa Ricans. All these accounts are from filibuster sources, and experience has shown that they are not to be relied upon for stating "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing else but the truth." Probably the next arrival will dissipate much of the apparent success which this news attributes to Walker's forces. There is no confirmation, as yet, of the reported partition of Nicaragua, by the other Central American Republics, announced in private letters by the last advices.

OUR RELATIONS WITH CHINA.—It appears to be admitted fact that the British and French Ministers at Washington have been urgent in their efforts to induce our Government to join with them on in the measures to be adopted towards China. Lord Palmerston's announcement in Parliament that the action of the British authorities had been approved both at Paris and Washington; and that France and the United States would unite in the further measures to be pursued, was no doubt based upon the qualified sanction that Dr. Parker, the United States Minister to China, did give to the action of the British officials, and the hope that this sanction would be approved by the Administration. The whole matter, it is stated, was brought to the notice of the late Administration, by Count Sartiges, two or three weeks before its exodus, who claimed co-operation on our part upon the ground that France had concurred in adopting the principles of maritime law announced by Mr. Marcy, and by asserting also that Dr. Parker had given assurance to the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, in France and England, of sympathetic and harmonious assistance. These views were answered with evidence which convinced Count Sartiges that the representations concerning Parker's promises in London and Paris were exaggerated, and finally by a refusal of the Administration to depart from the attitude of neutrality which forms an important part of our foreign policy. The outrage upon our flag was promptly punished at the time, and a subsequent apology obtained from the Government of Canton. There our interference ended, under the rule of conduct laid down by the Administration. The renewed urgency of the British and French Ministers has brought the subject before the present Administration and upon full consideration of all the facts, and after much deliberation in Cabinet, the President has finally decided to sustain the position taken by Mr. Marcy, to refuse the appointment of a special commissioner; to decline any entangling alliance with England and France in their policy, and to maintain an entire neutrality.

The President has put his foot down—and it is a sensible and substantial foot—in regard to the organists. If he wants an organ for amusement, having Italian, who understands currency, if he don't English, can be called in. But he cannot, and will not, tolerate a regular, daily, dutiful and dabbling organ. Mr. Appleton's music did his ancient heart good. It suited his tastes, soothed his political sorrows, and occasionally encouraged his slumbers. Now that he is to go, it matters little who handles the keys. One thing is certain—for the time being let it be understood—that Mr. Buchanan will have nothing to do with appointing an editor for the Union. In fact, appointments are getting to be as troublesome as the *gripes*. They disorder his digestion, they disturb his repose, they reduce his flesh, they torment his peace, they wrinkle his brow, they invade his sanctities, and they absorb his reflections. Now and then, when he makes a fortunate hit, like the redoubtable Ryndders, or the illustrious Sanders, or the gastronomic McKibbin, he feels better; but then relapses will recur, and all the gratification gets scattered, like spilled milk, over which there is no use crying. No wonder it "riles" him, to be approached about a non official appointment, like that of an organ-grinder. He tells the proprietors they may take whom they please, and when ever the tune is good, why the dinner will be forthcoming from the Departments. The Treasury is full, and Uncle Sam can afford a jig occasionally.—*Washington Correspondent of the Philadelphia American.*

The Washington Union makes an official announcement of the appointment of Hon. John Appleton, of Maine, as Assistant Secretary of State, vice Mr. J. A. Thomas, the late efficient incumbent, resigned. Mr. Appleton also announces his withdrawal from the editorship of the Union, having been moved thereto by the delicate state of his health.

The annual municipal election took place in Richmond on the 1st inst., and Joseph Mayo was re-elected Mayor, and R. T. Daniel Prosecuting Attorney.

Timothy Rives, Esq., of Prince George county, has been appointed Collector of Customs for the Port of Petersburg, vice Mr. Andrew B. Banks, resigned, to take effect on the 1st of June.

**Outrages of Brigham Young.**

A correspondent of the San Francisco Herald, writing from Salt Lake City on the 7th of January, says:

"I have to chronicle one of the most daring and insulting national crimes ever committed in the United States, and that, too, under the direct care and control, and under the immediate order and direction of this man Young.—Early in January, and just in advance of the meeting of the Supreme Court, a party of the Mormons in high standing in the Church, repaired to the office of the Hon. G. P. Stiles, one of the United States District Judges, the law office of U. S. Williams, Esq., and the office of Clerk of the Supreme court, and took therefrom *all the papers* belonging to the Supreme Court consisting of *records, dockets and opinions*, filed away, together with nine hundred volumes of the law furnished by the Federal Government for the use of the Territory of Utah. The reason given for this treasonous act was that Congress would not admit them as a State, and that they would not allow the Federal officers to remain in the Territory, and that what officers were now in the Territory must leave as soon as grass grows or he will send them to hell across lots. Now, Sir, can you find a parallel to this act of treason since the organization of the American Colonies? if so please note the time and place.

It seems now to be a settled fact that the laws of Congress cannot be carried out or put in force in this Territory—the only law known or obeyed is the law of the Church, and that is the will of Brigham Young, who most clearly is the most brutal tyrant now on earth, and in point of treasonous designs, without an equal. Often have the Courts decided against the enactments of the Utah Statutes, but all in vain. The Mormons go on after their own order of doing business, wholly disregarding and setting at defiance the opinions, and decisions of the Supreme Court of the Territory, and openly declare that they will not obey or be governed by any one unless he is a Mormon, and that a man whom they hate—are getting touched up. The so called rebels are quite close to us, and made overtures to us to become our allies, but as the general impression is that they are only a band of thieves, we have not entertained their advances, or listened to them in any way. It is extraordinary that the constant pressure does not make the Chinese governor give in, as these rebels are playing the devil with the whole of the neighborhood—burning and destroying villages in every direction."


*For the Spectator*

*Messrs Editors*—By the solicitation of many friends we hope Doctor Robert Gamble will consent to become a candidate to represent the county of Augusta in the next Assembly of Virginia. Doctor Gamble is a gentleman of high literary as well as political attainments, nurtured in Whiggery, always opposing with ardor and enthusiasm the fanaticisms of the unprincipled politician. And though a retired man, is nevertheless a bright and glorious star in the flag of Whiggery.

We have no hesitancy in urging the claims of our most excellent friends, as well deserving the suffrages of the people of this portion of the our good old Commonwealth. We hope the Doctor will accede to this most cordial solicitation.

BY MANY VOTERS.

Spring Hill, April, 5, 1857.


A man named Harlew, acting as a temporary watchman at the Railroad Bridge across Moore's creek, 3 miles below Town, fell from the Bridge on Sunday last and was instantly killed. The Coroner's jury ascertained that the deceased had been drinking, and whilst in liquor attempted to cross over on the Bridge but unfortunately fell. The unfortunate man was advanced in years and leaves a large family and children.—*Charlottesville Advocate.*

It is said that even the free State men in Kansas, who voted for the Topeka constitution, not only declared against negro suffrage, but positively and directly for the exclusion of free negroes from Kansas, on the ground that they are not citizens of the United States—the black republicans of that State affirming in advance the doctrine of the Supreme Court of the United States on this subject.


[ADVERTISEMENT.]

*Do not neglect a Cough*, however slight, it is hardly excusable, when a simple remedy like Wistar's Wild Cherry Balsam is within your reach. This is in nearly all cases effectual. No family should be without it.

[April 8, 1857.—1t.]

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

*What will cure my Children?*—Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer will do it. It is also the best medicine for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, cramps in the limbs or stomach. It is, in short, a medicine no family should be without.

[April 1.—2ws.]

## NOTICE TO
## St. Louis, Chicago, Kansas, Nebraska, & Western Passengers in General.

PASSENGERS to St. Louis, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska, should take the following routes: Via Wheeling, Columbus, Dayton, Indianapolis, and from there the TERRA HAUTE AND ST. LOUIS AIR LINE without a change of Cars.

Passengers for Chicago and the North-west should get their tickets also via, Cincinnati, the capital of Ohio, and INDIANAPOLIS, the capital of Indiana. Baggage by this route will be checked through from Washington or Harper's Ferry to St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Indianapolis.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE.—Kansas and Nebraska Passengers take notice that a *reduction of fare* has been made to the following places: From Washington to Parkville, Delaware, Leavenworth, Fort Leavenworth, Weston, Atchison, Doniphan City, in parties of 20 and upwards, each 29.25. Single Tickets $33.25. From Washington to Boonville, Lexington, Glasgow, Independence, Liberty, Wyandotte City, or Kansas City, in parties of 20 and upwards, each $28.-25. Single Tickets $31.25.

By the above it plainly shows, that it is to the benefit of every one emigrating to get up a large company; it will not only save money, but it also will save time and inconvenience, as a Route Agent will be sent through with a large party.

An extra Saloon Car will be given to large Parties and Emigrants.

☞ Be sure to get your Tickets to St. Louis, Missouri, and Kansas, via the great TERRA HAUTE & ST. LOUIS AIR LINE, and to all other places via COLUMBUS, the capital of Ohio.

☞ For further particulars, Fares, &c., please enquire at the "*Spectator Office*," Staunton.

☞ Large Parties will please give notice of their leaving, the number, &c., to the undersigned Route Agent in order that everything may be arranged for their comfort, and insure them a pleasant and speedy trip.

L. ZIMMER, Route Agent,
April 8, 1857. Brown's Hotel, Washington.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.—As executor of the last will and testament of Peter Crickard, dec'd., I will proceed, on *Monday, the 4th day of May* next, in front of B. Crawford's store, in the town of Staunton, to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, the FARM upon which said Crickard lately resided. This property is very desirably located—adjoining the town—a large portion being in the Corporation, within ¾ of a mile of churches, schools, (male and female,) and the Depot of the Railroad Depot. For a Dairy and Vegetable Farm it has peculiar advantages; the soil is of good quality, and well set in grass; it is watered by the Springs, and the market in convenient. For a residence it combines both the advantages of town and country, and is subject to the inconveniences of neither. The farm contains about 200 Acres, a large portion of which might be sold or to advantage for Pasture Lots, if desired. I will have the Farm surveyed and a portion of it laid off into such lots previous to the day of sale, the plat of which may be seen at the law office of Harman & Bell. I will first offer the Farm as a whole, but will, if necessary, sell it in parcels. About 20 acres of the Farm is good Meadow.

I will, at the same time, offer for sale TWO HOUSES & LOTS in the town, upon the western end of Beverly street.

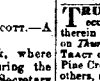
TERMS OF SALE:—One-fourth of the purchase money in hand, or by negotiable note at 4 months, well endorsed; the residue in 1, 2 and 3 years from the day of sale. The title will be made to the purchaser at once, and a trust taken to secure the deferred payments.—An arrangement may be made for a longer credit on the deferred payments, if desired, by the payment of interest.

☞ Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M.

☞ I will sell the Wheat Crop separate from the land.

H. M. BELL.
April 8, 1857.—tds. Ex'r of P. Crickard, dec'd.
Vin. copy tds. and mark charge.

FARM FOR SALE.—I wish to sell privately my FARM, situated in the county of Rockbridge, five miles south of Lexington, and immediately on the North River Canal. The Farm contains 303½ Acres. The land is rolling, but as productive as any land in the county. There is a good Dwelling House on it, and all necessary outhouses; and the fences are good.



The neighborhood is equally as good as any in the State, and churches and schools are both convenient. Any further description is unnecessary,

# STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**☞ A PERFUMED BREATH.**—What lady or gentleman would remain under the curse of a disagreeable breath when by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" as a dentifrice would not only render it a sweet but leave the teeth as white as alabaster? Many persons do not know their breath is bad, and the subject is so delicate that friends will never mention it. Pour a single drop of "Balm" on your tooth brush and wash the teeth night and morning. A fifty cent bottle will last a year.

**A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION** may easily be acquired by using the "BALM OF A THOUSAND FLOWERS" It will remove tan, pimples and freckles from the skin, leaving it of a soft and roseate hue. Wet a towel, pour on two or three drops, and wash the face night and morning.

**SHAVING MADE EASY.**—Wet your shaving brush in either warm or cold water, pour on two or three drops of "Balm of a Thousand Flowers," rub the beard well, and it will make a beautiful soft lather, much facilitating the operation of shaving. Price only Fifty cents. For sale by all Druggists. None are genuine unless signed by

W. P. FETTRIDGE & CO.
Franklin Square, New York.

New York, Sept. 24, 1856.—6mos.

**☞ HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU,** is prepared directly according to the Rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and is the best and most active preparation which can be made for the cure of Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Weaknesses, &c. Read the advertisement in another column, headed "A Revolution is Certain.—Victory is ours."

Sept. 24, 1856.—1yr.

**☞ TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS.**—A retired Clergyman, restored to health in a few days, after many years of great nervous suffering, is anxious to make known the means of cure. Will send (free) the prescription used. Direct to the Rev. JOHN M DAGNALL, No. 59 Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Feb. 26, 1857.—1mo.

**☞** Summer complaints must be looked to in season, or they will produce Dysentery, Cholera, and frequently change to an epidemic that often proves fatal; all of which may be checked, when taken in time by the use of a few doses of Dr. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR—an invaluable cure for Summer Complaints, such as Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, or Chronic Diarrhoea, Colic, and Cramps in the Stomach. For all these it has no equal. Those troubled with such complaints should never be without the Invigorator.

March 11, 1857.

**NEURALGIA CURED.**—Read what Mr. Boyden says: No medicine ever had certificates from such respectable sources as Carter's Spanish Mixture. Mr. F. Boyden, one of the original proprietors of the Astor House, New York, and for a number of years of the Exchange Hotel, Richmond, Va., was cured of a severe attack of Neuralgia by Carter's Spanish Mixture. The rapid and perfect cure effected in his case by this valuable medicine, arrested his attention and excited his interest; he recommended it to others afflicted with a variety of diseases, and in every instance a cure was effected. He has seen it cure Ague and Fever, Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Fevers, Violent Cough, and cases which were said to be confirmed Consumption, and nearly every other disease for which it is used. He remarks it is difficult to know what diseases it will not relieve or cure, and as a Blood Purifier and Spring and Fall Medicine, he has never seen its equal. He cheerfully recommends it on all occasions, and believes it to be the most valuable remedy extant.

**WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.**

**The following letter from Rev. Henry Wood, of Concord, N. H., Editor of the *Congregational Journal*,** speaks volumes in favor of Wistar's Balsam:—

Concord, N. H., March 2.

Mr. Seth W. Fowle & Co.—Gentlemen: Two years ago, a sudden and violent attack upon my lungs confined me to my bed for several weeks, and when I recovered, I was so much oppressed by difficulty in breathing, that I was often unable to sleep or rest upon a bed by night. The suffering was extreme, and judging from the inefficacy of the remedies used, I supposed the disease incurable. Being persuaded to try a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, without the least confidence in its efficacy, I found the difficulty almost entirely removed before one bottle was used up. Having a morbid aversion to medicine, and seldom using it in any form, sympathy with my fellow-sufferers induces me to make this public statement, and recommend the article to others similarly afflicted. With respect, yours truly,

HENRY WOOD.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the wrapper.

SETH W. FOWLE & CO., 138 Washington Street, Boston, Proprietors. Sold by their agents everywhere.

For sale in Staunton, by JAMES G. LAIRD and Dr. H. S. EICHELBERGER. } April 8, 1857.—1t.

**DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.**

This unparalleled preparation is receiving more testimonials of its wonderful efficacy in preventing pain than any other medicine ever offered to the public, and these testimonials come from persons of every degree of intelligence and every rank of life. Physicians of the first respectability, and performers of the first rank in the nature of diseases and remedies, have recommended this as one of the most effectual in their line of preparations for the extinction of pain. The Pain Killer is used internally and externally, according to the nature of the complaint. It has been found to be an excellent remedy for sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Asthma and Phthisic, Pain in the Head, Kidney Complaints, Piles, Rheumatic Complaints, Bruises and Sores, Severe Burns, Canker, Chilblains and Ringworms, Weak Stomach and General Debility, Painter's Cholic, Broken Breasts, Bowel Complaint and Dysentery, Cholera, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Toothache, &c., &c.

Sold by all Dealers in Family Medicines and by JAS G. LAIRD, and Dr. H. S. EICHELBERGER Staunton.

April 8, 1857.—2ws.

## MARRIED,

On the 19th ult., by Rev. J. Kilian, Mr. JOHN WEAVER to Mrs. SALLY DAVIS, all of this county.

On the 24th ult., by the same, Mr. ZACHARIAH DAVIS to Miss LUCY ANN DIMPER—all of this county.

On the 18th March, by Rev. G. W. Statton, Mr. HORACE B. DOUGLASS to Miss MARY FERR—all of this county.

By the same, on the 26th of March, Mr. JAMES D. T. BAILEY to Miss SALLY G. BUMPASS—all of this county.

In Stockton, California, on the 18th February, by Rev. Mr. Speer, Mr. H. B. UNDERHILL to Miss VIRGINIA GROVE, formerly of this place.

On Thursday, the 19th ult., by Rev. H. Wetzel, Mr. PETER DINKLE to Miss LYDIA CHICKENBERGER, both of this county.

On Thursday, the 19th ult., by Rev. Emmett T. Mason, Capt. DAVID HUFF, of Botetourt co., to Miss JANE, daughter of the late Samuel M. Montgomery, of Rockbridge.

On the 24th of March, by Rev. W. W. Trimble, Mr. ANDREW R. CRIMINS to Miss SARAH A. WITHERS, daughter of Mr. Geo. Withers, dec'd., all of this county.

## DIED,

At his residence, in this county, on Sunday, the 29th ult., Mr. PETER ECKLE, after a protracted illness.

At his residence, in this county, on the 28th ult., after a lingering illness, Mr. CHRISTIAN BACKERMAN, aged about 77 years.

Departed this life, April 2, Mrs. MARTHA JANE CRAIG, wife of Mr. May B. Craig, and daughter of Col. Frank McCue, all of Augusta county. She was in the twenty-ninth year of her age. Obituary next week.

In Warnesboro', March 1st, Mrs. HANNAH W. WADDELL, daughter of the late John Ketill, and wife of Dr. Livingston Waddell.

Mrs. W. was a Christian woman, devoted and earnest. Her labors, her prayers, and her example were a rich blessing to the Church for more than 25 years. Although she had the care of an unusually large household, she always found time to spend in prayer meeting or to serve the interests of the Church. She labored faithfully and with great success to train her children to the "fear of the Lord." She truly lived to glorify God, and to this end she made *selection* the aim of her labors. Her death was peaceful and hopeful, as a Christian's should be. Although it was a great trial to part with her family on earth, she was fully resigned to leave them to a covenant-keeping God, and to depart and be with Jesus was the desire of her heart. R.

On Saturday, the 28th of February, at the residence of M. Blair, Esq., in the city of Richmond, Mrs. IMADONA HOGE, wife of Mr. Thos. P. Hoge, son of the Rev. P. C. Hoge, of Scottsville, Va., in the 26th year of her age.

The deceased was a daughter of the late Dr. James and Mrs. Sarah Tompkins, of Scottsville, where she was born and gained. Trained from her early childhood by a devoted and exemplary mother, she was a member of the Presbyterian church, she learned from the first dawn of reason almost, to revere the Sabbath, the Sabbath school, the Bible class, and all the sacred institutions of the Church of Christ, of which she continued an exemplary member until after her marriage, when she obtained a letter of dismissal and joined with her husband Dr. Hoge's church in Richmond, from which death dismissed her to join the church triumphant above, to enjoy forever the "rest that remaineth for the people of God."

She has left behind a lovely little babe, too young to know the sad loss it has sustained; also several sisters and brothers, and numerous more distant relatives, to mourn the inscrutable providence that has cut down one so young and lovely. A husband, too, the angelish of whose widowed heart heaves alone can soothe. But that God, earth has no sorrow to which heaven cannot cure. There is a balm in Gilead for every wound.

**LIVERY.**—Having purchased the LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT formerly owned and conducted by H. Brownell, we are prepared to accommodate the public with Saddle-horses, Hacks or Buggies. Persons wishing to visit Weyers' Cave will find a daily conveyance from our Stables. We have no careful driving and hope by strict attention to business to command a share of the public patronage. Persons wishing Livery, will please call at the Virginia or American Hotel.

THOMAS J. BURKE & CO.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.—6mos.

**PUBLIC SALE.**—On *Wed day of May*, 1857, will be sold all the PERSONAL PROPERTY belonging to Margaret Tanford, dec'd., near West View, consisting of 1 good work Horse, 1 Cart, with other Farming Utensils; Household and Kitchen Furniture, among which are several first-rate Beds.

TERMS.—Six months credit will be given on all sums of $5; all sums of $5 and under, the Cash will be required—bond with good security to be given.

THOMAS TRAFORD,
*Adm'r of Margaret Tanford.*

April 8, 1857.

**DESERVING! DESERVING!!**—The highest cash price paid for them by

J. B. EVANS.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

## AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST

ORANGE JUDD, 191 Water st., } Terms One Dollar
Publisher & Proprietor, New York. } in advance.

Vol XVI. No. 4. APRIL, 1857. New Series, No. 127

LARGE PREMIUMS!!

SUGAR CANE. SUGAR IS DEAR, and everybody is desiring to test the value of the new NORTHERN CHINESE SUGAR CANE. To meet the demands with ease we have made the Publisher of the American Agriculturist has secured a large supply direct from the same source as that obtained by the U. S. Commissioner, and has now 1,000 pounds which will be distributed (not sold) as follows

$1.06 will pay for the Agriculturist for one year, and secure a *prompt* return (value of 50 cts) for such a cane name. This will plant 120 hills

$1.06 will pay for a club of six subscribers *one year* and also 10,000 seeds, *delivered free.*

$2.00 will pay for a club of ten subscribers one year, and also 40,000 seeds, delivered free

N. B. The seeds above offered will be *promptly delivered* to the subscriber or sender of a club

FREE OF EXPENSE to any point in the United States (except California and Oregon).

For a variety of valuable seeds annually distributed *free* to all subscribers, see the February and April numbers.

OTHER SEEDS.

The AGRICULTURIST has a much larger circulation than any other Agricultural or Horticultural Journal in the world, is fair test of its merits, and it is unanimously pronounced the ABLE SOURCE of *practical* instruction for EVERY CULTIVATOR OF THE SOIL.

Try this paper a year—it will PAY.

N. B.—The *Agriculturist* is *stereotyped*, and new subscribers desiring, can begin with vol. 16, (Jan., 1857.)

**THE APRIL AGRICULTURIST**

is now ready, and contains a great variety of *most valuable* information upon every department of SPRING WORK. This number alone gives more really practical hints than a majority of the agricultural books sold at a dollar each.

New York, April 8, 1857.

**LAND FOR SALE.**—Having determined to remove to the West, I will offer at public sale, on *Tuesday, the 14th day of May* next, my FARM lying about one mile from Middlebrook. The farm consists of two tracts adjoining each other—the one containing 174 Acres; the other 58 Acres. The improvements consist of a comfortable LOG DWELLING HOUSE, a good Barn, and other necessary out-Buildings; also, a House suitable for a tenant, a good proportion of Meadow, and a large quantity of Fruit Trees. There is, within 100 feet of the house, a never failing Spring of limestone water, and the fields are so arranged as to have water convenient for stock. The quality of the land is good. There is an abundance of fine thrifty Timber, consisting of oak, hickory and chestnut. No neighborhood in this county can boast of better society. Churches, schools, mills and stores are all within a convenient distance.

Expecting persons to visit the land and examine for themselves, I deem it unnecessary to say anything more to the public. A BARGAIN can be had, and he who calls first may have the chance for it. R. TEAS.

Sheriff of this county, who resides at Staunton, will give any further information desired.

MICHAEL CARWELL.

Middlebrook, Augusta co., April 1, 1857.

☞ Rock. Reg. publish tds. and mark cost.

**VIRGINIA:**—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court for Augusta County, April the 6th, 1857, Nancy Whitlock, Plaintiff,

AGAINST

Eliza Jane Whitlock,—Defendant.

The object of this suit is to obtain a divorce from the Defendant.

The Defendant, Eliza Jane Whitlock, not having entered her appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly, and the Rules of this Court, it is ordered that she be satisfactorily informed that she is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth: It is ordered that the said Defendant do appear here within one month after due publication of this notice and do what is necessary to protect her interest; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in Staunton, for four weeks successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house.

A. COPY.—Teste.

April 8, 1857.—4t. A. F. KINNEY, D. C.

**VIRGINIA:**—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court for Augusta county, April the 6th, 1857, William Whitlock,—Plaintiff,

AGAINST

William Clarke, Nicholas K. Grove, Lucy A. M. Grove, and —— Underbill and Augusta Virginia his wife,—Defendants.

The object of this suit is to make sale and distribution of the estate, real and personal, of the intestate, Samuel Clarke.

The Defendants N. K. Grove, Lucy A. M. Grove and Augusta Virginia Grove, not having entered their appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: It is ordered that the said Defendants do appear here within one month after publication of this notice and do what is necessary to protect their interests; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in Staunton, for four weeks successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house.

A. COPY.—Teste.

April 8, 1857.—4t. A. F. KINNEY, D. C.

**NEW BOOKS.**—We have Last Cruise; or, Where We Went and What We Saw, by Lieut. A. W. Habersham, U. S. Navy; Sermons, Doctrinal and Practical, by Rev. William Archer Butler, M. A., late Professor of Moral Philosophy in the University of Dublin; Sermons of the Rev. C. H. Spurgeon, of London; Plain Words to a Young Communicant, by Jas. W. Alexander, D. D.; Counsel to the Awakened; or, the Pathway of Safety, by the Rev. Ashton Oxenden; The American Citizen, by John Henry Hopkins, D. D., L. L. D., Bishop of Vermont. Just received by

Staunton, Apr. 1, 1857. ROBT. COWAN.

**LAND FOR SALE.**—On *Saturday, the 9th of May* next, if not sold privately before that day, the subscriber will offer at public sale a small TRACT OF LAND on the Parkersburg Road, about three miles from Staunton, containing about 42 Acres. The land is of good quality, and is cleared with the exception of about 7 acres, which are in timber.

Terms made known on day of sale.

HENRY EIDSON, Jr.
April 1, 1857.—tds. Ex'or of H. Eidson, dec'd.

**NEW GOODS.**—The subscribers are now receiving their supply of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, in which they think they can offer inducements in the way of *cheap and desirable* Goods suited to the season, as they were selected with care and purchased at the lowest prices for cash.

☞ Purchasers are requested to call and examine for themselves.

MOSBY & TAYLOR.
Staunton, April 8, 1857.—4t.—Town papers copy.

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**—We are now prepared to exhibit the most attractive Stock of SPAPLE & FANCY GOODS ever opened in Staunton, to which we would invite the attention of the citizens of Augusta and neighboring counties. All we ask is an early call and careful examination.

KAYSER, STRIBLING & CO.
Staunton, April 8, 1857.

**PLASTER AND IRON FOR SALE.**—There are now at this Depot several lots of PLASTER, some ground fine and some in the lump, which having remained during a period from 1 to 2 years, I am authorized to sell; also several parcels of IRON—all of which I will sell for Cash at the market price.

WM. A. BURKE, Agent.
Staunton, April 8, 1857.—3t.—Town papers copy.

**SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.**—We would inform the public that we are now receiving the largest and most varied stock of GOODS that we have ever had, and as we are determined to sell cheap, we would invite persons to examine our stock an examination before purchasing elsewhere

PIFER & FUNKHOUSER.
Staunton, April 1, 1857.

**GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY STORE!**—*WM. T. MOUNT* is now receipt of a *large and well selected Stock of GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, FRUITS, &c.* He respectfully invites the attention of the public, feeling assured he can offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS to purchase of him, if they will call and examine his Stock.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.

**ESTRAY COW.**—Taken up by the subscriber near Staunton, on April 1st, a red Cow, with white face and back, and a slit in the left ear. The owner can recover her by paying costs and charges. The subscriber lives on the old Warm Springs road about six miles from Staunton.

JOHN MYERS.
April 1, 1857.—3t*

**NOTICE.** All persons indebted to the estate of Peter Eckle, dec'd., are hereby requested to come forward and settle without delay, and those who have claims against the estate will present them immediately

JOHN W. BROWN,
April 8, 1857.—3t. Executor.

**TO GENTLEMEN.**—Our Stock of GENTLEMEN'S WEAR has never been so complete as now, and it is only necessary to say, if you call upon H. BARG, our Superintendent and Cutter, you cannot fail to be pleased. KAYSER, STRIBLING & CO.

Staunton, April 8, 1857.

**REMOVAL.** JOHN C. GROVE has removed his TIN & COPPER ESTABLISHMENT from the old stand to the old Post-office, Main St. Corner. Merchants will be pleased to receive the continued patronage of the public.

Staunton, April 8, 1857. 3m

**FOR SALE.**—A good second hand CARRIAGE, newly repaired, which will be sold upon accommodating terms. Apply to TURK & CUSHING.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.—3t.

**TO HIRE.**—A NEGRO WOMAN to hire, with an encumbrance of three children. Enquire at the "SPECTATOR OFFICE."

April 1, 1857.

**500 LBS. MANCHESTER COTTON YARNS,** Nos. 8 to 12, for sale at Richmond prices.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, March 11, 1857.

**JUST RECEIVED.**—A selection of GRACE HOOPS, BATTLEDORES, &c. For sale low by

W. T. MOUNT

Staunton, April 1, 1857.

**TRUST SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.** By virtue of a deed of trust executed to the undersigned subscribers by John Sellington and of record in the County Court of Highland county, we will proceed, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 14th day of April, 1857, at 10 o'clock, to offer for sale the VALUABLE FARM on which the said John Sellington now resides, and known as the Old Peter Hull Estate, lying on the Crab Apple Run, two miles from the County town of Monterey, and 7 miles north of the Staunton & Parkersburg Turnpike road and containing upwards of SIX HUNDRED ACRES, three of which are fine watered Meadow. Over 50 acres well improved, the residue in well timbered. There is on it a fine Orchard of 600 grafted trees. The improvements consist of a good two story DWELLING HOUSE, weather boarded, neather boarded, with an Ell of 25 feet, a new Bank Barn 48 by 44 feet, with a basement sufficient to stable 15 head of Horses, and as many cows and working oxen; a new Stone Dairy, and other necessary outbuildings. There is a fine Spring of never failing water, and water in the barn yard.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money in six months from the day of sale, at which time possession will be given, secured by bond, with approved security, and the residue in two years, purchaser giving bonds with unquestionable security. A good and sufficient warranter deed will be given, or the sale not confirmed.

Said Farm lies in a fine, flourishing, and thickly settled neighborhood, convenient to three different denominations of professing Christians, United Brethren, Methodist and Presbyterian—and also fine Schools, with classical teachers. In fact it is one of the best Grazing Farms any where in the country, and is well watered by the South Branch which runs entirely through it.

Any one wishing to view the premises will be waited upon by said Trustees, or Mr. Orndorff, who resides on the Farm.

THOS. O. SITLINGTON,
JOHN W. SITLINGTON,
Trustees.

The above sale is made at my request, and I will take pleasure in giving any details in relation to said Farm. JOHN SITLINGTON.

April 1, 1857. tds.

☞ Rock. Reg. copy tds. and forward account

**SOUTH RIVER LAND FOR SALE.**—Having determined to move to the West, I will offer for sale my Farm on which I now reside, lying on South River, in the county of Augusta, and 4 miles above Miller's Iron Works, and the same distance east of Mt. Meridian, and adjoining the lands of Joseph Wonderlich and others. It contains 136½ Acres, about 50 of which is cleared, under good fencing, and in a high state of cultivation; the remainder has on it a beautiful growth of fine hickory, oak and locust—The buildings are all nearly new, and consist of a good two-story DWELLING, with an Ell, a good Stone Spring House, and all other necessary buildings; and a large Switzer Barn, 75 by 40, with good Stabling underneath. There is a Pump of excellent water in the yard, and the stock have free access to the River, which is not a hundred yards distant. There is also a good Orchard of all kinds of Fruit, which seldom fails to bear.

This little farm lies in the centre of a thickly settled and wealthy neighborhood, which is noted for the morality and hospitality of its citizens. It is also thought to be a good opening for a Store, or any Mechanical Shop, as it lies in the fork of the road leading to the Brown's Gap Turnpike, and the Central Rail road at Waynesboro', 15 miles distant, where facilities will be met for the transportation of all kinds of trade. There are good mills, churches and schools convenient, and in hand. I will say, to persons wishing to purchase, that I think it more desirable to a family than any one I have offered, and that it would be to their interest to call and see it before they purchase elsewhere. The subscriber, being seldom from home, will take pleasure in showing the property to any person, on Saturday, the 2d day of May next, and if not sold privately before, it will then be put up at Public Auction to the highest bidder. Terms made known on the day of sale. Any person wishing to enquire by letter, can address me at Mt. Meridian.

March 25, 1857.—tds. PAUL ROSENBERGER.

☞ Rock. Reg. copy tds. and send account to this office.

**NATIONAL CLOTHING HOUSE.**—SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—STEINER, BROS. & CO., have just received, and for sale low for cash, a large and finer assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING than has ever been brought to this market. Our stock consists of fine French Cloth COATS, all colors; fine Cassimere do do; a finer quality of VESTINGS than ever brought to this market, every variety of French Cloth PANTS, for Gentlemen, all colors; Cassimere and Cottonade do do, a large and extensive assortment of SHIRTS, COLLARS, STOCKS, SUMMER DRAWERS, UNDER SHIRTS, &c., &c., also, a large assortment of TRUNKS—very fine. In fine, everything in the Gentlemen's Furnishing Department, of a fashionable kind, at as low, if not lower, prices for cash, than can be bought in town or country.

☞ Country Merchants are hereby notified that they can buy of us at wholesale, as low as in the city of Baltimore, our house being connected with a large establishment in that city, which will enable us to give greater BARGAINS.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.—tf

**FARM FOR SALE.**—Being desirous of removing to the West, the subscriber will sell at auction, on the premises, on *Saturday, the 4th day of May* next, the FARM on which he resides.

It lies one mile from the Central Railroad, and six miles South-west of Staunton, and contains 142½ Acres. There are about 12 or 14 acres of Meadow, with a branch running through it. The improvements are a Two-Story BRICK HOUSE, a new Frame Hillside Barn, a new Frame Milch House, and a first-rate Spring close to the house. There is also a good Log House on one side of the Farm, with a Spring attached—There is an abundance of Fruit Trees on the premises.

Any person desiring to purchase will be shown the Farm by the subscriber.

JOHN B. FAIRBAIRN.

April 1, 1857.

**NOTICE.**—Having purchased of Dr. J. C. M. MERRILLAT the old Stand and DRUG STORE of U. P. & J. B. ERAMOUS, we shall continue to carry on the business as heretofore, hoping that the change in name will make no difference with the old customers of the Store, as everything will be done to give satisfaction. One of the proprietors being a regular physician, he will give his personal attention to the compounding of medicines and the selection of PURE Drugs.

MR. PHILIP H. TROUT, being retained, will always be ready to wait on the old customers.

☞ A full and fresh stock will soon be added to the present one. Paints and Oils will be sold at the lowest prices, and a full stock kept always on hand.

DR. H. S. EICHELBERGER & BRO.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.—3t.

**NOTICE.**—I perceive in the last "Spectator" an advertisement over the signature of Jas. J. L. Shaw, warning the public against the use by me of his name in my business affairs, from which some persons might infer although Mr. Shaw, who has the reputation of being a gentleman, could not have intended to be understood; that I have had no authority for the use of his name in the conduct and settlement of the business of J. Shaw & Co., late of Pond Gap. That Mr. Shaw and myself were partners in the concern. I have the honor to inform Mr. Shaw, which will be produced at the proper time; and I am advised by my counsel that, in settling up the business of the concern, I have the right to use the name of the firm. As notice of the dissolution of the partnership, with the reserved privilege on my part, I have no objection to Mr. Shaw's card.

D. KUNKLE.

March 25, 1857.—3t*.

**NEW FIRM.**—The undersigned takes this method of informing his friends and customers, of the late concern of White & Patton, for their constant and unwavering support, and to ask its continuance—pledging himself to give *satisfaction to all* who may call at his establishment.

The Stock being greatly reduced, he will present into a few days almost AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK, recently purchased in the Northern cities, and at the lowest market prices for *Cash*, or punctual customers.

JNO. F. WHITE.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.—Vin. & Am. copy.

**LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES AT J. L. F. J. WHITES.**—80 bags Rio and Laguira Coffee; 5 hhds N. O. and Porto Rico Sugars; 10 bbls. Coffee Sugars, Lariffed, Powdered and Crushed; Muscovado Molasses and Golden Syrup; Rice; Grain and Ground Pepper; Imperial and Gun powder Teas; best Tallow and Adamantine Candles; Bar Lead; cold Blast Sweet Spirits; Cloves, Allspice, Cinnamon, Indigo, Madder, best Indigo, Cloves, Mace, Salts, Cast steel Soaps, &c., &c.—all on the lowest terms.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.—V & A. copy.

**WHO WANTS TO MAKE MONEY?**—The undersigned offers for sale or rent at lower field, near the STAUNTON FOUNDRY, a STORE that can be found in Augusta county. The Building, including Granaries, Shoe-maker Shop, &c., are all comfortable and conveniently arranged. Said stand is situated in a thickly settled neighborhood, and is 1½ miles other stores within 15 miles of it, and that with a limited supply of goods. Address the undersigned at Lynchburg, Va., Augusta county, Va.

April 1, 1857.—3t. KENNERLY CRAIG.

**MANTUA MAKING.** MRS. SARAH G. DY ER informs the ladies of Staunton and county, that she has secured the services of a first-rate Mantua Maker, and is now prepared to execute work in the most Fashionable Style, promptly and on the most reasonable terms. Room on Main Street, above the National Hotel, formerly occupied by Mr. J. McCue.

Staunton, April 1, 1857.—3t. Town papers copy.

**DISSOLUTION.** The Copartnership of WHITE & PATTON ceased and determined on the 25th ult., with the mutual consent of the parties.

The firm of WHITE & PATTON takes the entire Stock, and will continue the business in his own name.

W. T. PATTON will take charge of the accounts and bonds due the firm, and will attend to their collection.

Staunton, April 1, 1857. Vin. & Am. copy.

**NOTICE.** A meeting of the Stockholders of the Williamsville Rockfish Turnpike Company will take place at Jordan's Springs, on the 28th of April next. Important business of the Company will be brought forward. Stockholders will not fail to attend—as some of them urge the necessity of this call.

April 1, 1857.

**COTTON YARNS, &c.**—50 lbs best Georgia Cotton Yarns, assorted numbers; 3 bales Cotton Batts; 1 bale Cotton Twine; 3 bales Candlewick, and 1 bale Black Wadding; also 100 lbs Carpet Chain, white and assorted colors. Just received at WHITES.

Staunton, April 1, 1857 V & A. copy

**A PENANT WANTED** by the first of September next, for a term of years, a Farm from 5 to 10, with a small Stock. None need apply without good recommendations for industry and steady habits. For information address JOHN BUSH,

April 1, 1857.—3t. Deerfield, Augusta co.

**WANTED.**—About Twenty Bushels of small SILVER-SKIN ONION SETS, for which the highest cash price will be paid.

LAIRD & LINK, Druggists,
Main Street, Staunton.

April 1, 1857.

## SWAN & CO'S LOTTERIES.

CAPITAL PRIZE $50,000!
TICKETS ONLY $10!!

Owing to the great favour with which our Single Number Lotteries have been received by the public, and the large demand for Tickets, the Managers of Swan & Co. will hereafter drawing each Saturday, as follows, viz:—at, The following Schemes will be drawn in each of their Lotteries for April, 1857.

CLASS 3d.

To be drawn in the city of Atlanta, Ga., in public on
*SATURDAY, APRIL 4TH, 1857.*

CLASS 4th.

To be drawn in the city of Atlanta, Ga., in public on
*SATURDAY, APRIL 11TH, 1857.*

CLASS 5th.

To be drawn in the city of Atlanta, Ga., in public on
*SATURDAY, APRIL 18TH, 1857.*

CLASS 6th.

To be drawn in the city of Atlanta, Ga., in public on
*SATURDAY, APRIL 25TH, 1857.*

ON THE PLAN OF SINGLE NUMBERS.

3,250 PRIZES

*More than one Prize to every ten Tickets.*

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

*To be Drawn each Saturday in April.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Prize of | $50,000 is | | $50,000 |
| 1 " | 8,000 is | | 8,000 |
| 1 " | 4,000 is | | 4,000 |
| 1 " | 1,000 is | | 1,000 |
| 2 Prizes of | 500 are | | 1,000 |
| 5 " | 300 are | | 1,500 |
| 10 " | 200 are | | 2,000 |
| 20 " | 100 are | | 2,000 |
| 50 " | 50 are | | 2,500 |
| 100 " | 25 are | | 2,500 |
| 200 " | 20 are | | 4,000 |
| 500 " | 10 are | | 5,000 |
| 1,000 " | 5 are | | 5,000 |
| 2,000 Prizes of | 3 are | | 6,000 |
| 3,000 " | 2 are | | 6,000 |
| 3,250 Prizes amounting to | | | $204,000 |

Whole Tickets $10, Halves $5, Quarters $2½.

**Plan of Swan & Co's Lotteries.**

The Numbers from 1 to 3,250, corresponding with those Numbers on the Tickets printed on separate slips of paper, are encircled with small tin tubes and placed in one Wheel.

The first 218 Prizes, similarly printed and encircled, are placed in another Wheel.

The wheels are then revolved, and a Number drawn from the Wheel of Numbers, and at the same time a Prize is drawn from the other Wheel. The Number and Prize drawn out are opened and exhibited to the audience, and registered by the Commissioners; the Prize being placed against the Number drawn. This operation is repeated until all the Prizes are drawn out.

**Approximation Prizes.**—The two preceding and the two succeeding Numbers to those drawing the Prizes will be entitled to the 74 Approximation Prizes, according to the Scheme.

The 3,000 Prizes of $20 are determined by the last figure of the Number that draws the $50,000 Prize. For example, if the Number drawing the $50,000 Prize ends with No. 1, then all the Tickets where the number ends in 1 will be entitled to $20. If the Number ends with No. 2, then all the Tickets where the Number ends in 2 will be entitled to $20, and so on to 0.

*Certificates of Packages* of the Tickets, and all the following rates, which is the risk

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Certificate of a Package of | 50 Whole's, | $25 |
| " " " | 25 Halves, | 12 50 |
| " " " | 10 Quarters, | 5 00 |
| " " " | 5 Eighths, | 2 50 |

In Ordering Tickets or Certificates, enclose the money, our address for the Tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will be forwarded by first mail. Purchasers can have tickets ending in any figure they may designate.

The List of Drawn Numbers and Prizes will be forwarded to the purchasers immediately after the drawing.

☞ Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Office, County and State.

☞ Remember that every Prize is drawn, and payable in full without deduction.

☞ All Prizes $10 and under, paid immediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of thirty days.

All communications strictly confidential.

Price Tickets cashed or received in other Tickets at either office.

Address Orders for Tickets or Certificates to

S. SWAN & CO., *Atlanta, Ga.*

April 1, 1857.

**TO MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.**—The subscriber, owning one of the best Mercantile Stands in Brownsburg, and the most commodious and best arranged Store House, which is of brick, laid off into a large Store and Dwelling House, with a good and capital Cellar, all adapted for the speedy and convenient dispatch of business, the trade and disposition of produce, which this fine farming region abundantly affords—offers the same box for rent, or, if desirable, will sell.

The commanding position of the Store House cannot fail of being a profitable and safe business to the occupant; in the midst of a most respectable and wealthy community, and the expansion of whose trade invites the interest of Merchants or others to partake of it. Apply soon.

PRESTON TROTTER.

Brownsburg, March 18, 1857. 3t

**MILLS AND TAN YARD FOR RENT.**—The subscriber offers for rent the Staunton and Saw Mills for rent. They are situated on a good water power on South River as can be found on said River. The Burrs and Choppers and the Machinery of both Mills are in business order, and in a good part of the country for Grain and Timber. The Tan Yard is in good repair, with a sufficiency of fresh spring water running through the yard; has 16 large Vats; 2 Limes, 2 Latches, Tools, Bates, &c. Both the Mills and the Yard will be rented for a number of years, if desired.

ELIZABETH T. KOINER.

South River, Aug. co., March 25, 1857. 3ts*

Vin copy 3ts.

**$200 REWARD!**—Ran away from the subscriber, living near Monterey, Highland county, on the night of the 19th of March, a MULATTO LUN. He is about forty years old, of a light complexion, hair tolerably straight, about five feet eight or ten inches high, and remarkable short built. He is very probably that Lun has been furnished with a Pass.

I will give the above reward if Lun be taken out of this State and secured so that I get him, if sent taken in State and out of the county of Highland, and $50 if taken in said county.

Address me at Monterey or Hevener's Store, Highland county, Virginia.

JAMES GAY.

April 1, 1857.

**AUCTIONEERS.**—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the name and style of TURK & CUSHING, as Auctioneers and General Agents. They will attend to the sale of Real and Personal Property any where in the county, and upon as reasonable terms as any other house. They have commodious rooms under the Union Hall, formerly occupied by A. M. Simpson, where they will receive and sell on commission, either at auction or privately, everything consigned to them.

R. TURK,
F. M. CUSHING.

Staunton, March 18, 1857.—1mo.

**NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.**—Just received at WHITE'S, a large and well selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, and in a few days will be enabled to show a very large stock of choice and seasonable goods.

Great attention will be paid to the style, price, and quality. As we are determined to sell at a very small advance, the public generally, will perhaps find it to their interest to give us an early call.

PIFER & FUNKHOUSER.

March 25, 1857.—3t*

**IMPROVED PIGS.**—I have for sale half, three fourths and full Chester county Pigs. They are white, fatten easily, and are age, and are highly approved of. There are no soldiers to choose from and ready for delivery. Boxed and shipped with the express Car to any point within 20 miles of the Central Road. Price $15 for one, $14 for two, and $12 for three, each, to one direction.

S. W. PICKLIS.

Charlottesville, March 11, 1857.—3t.

**READY-MADE CLOTHING—WELL MADE.**—ROSENAUER & ALBY have just opened a fine Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING under the Virginia Hotel, which they offer at *Baltimore Prices* for Cash. All work guaranteed both in fit and finish. ☞ Call and see.

Staunton, March 11.

**PERUVIAN GUANO.** The undersigned are daily expecting the ship 'Granite' with a cargo of No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, direct from the *Chincha Islands*, which will be put into strong bags, and offered on their established terms, at the lowest rates.

Alexandria, March 11, 1857. FOWLE & CO

**HOG SKINS.** 1,000 English Hog Skins just received, also, Somerset, Mexican, English and Ladies' Saddle Trees, and a general assortment of Saddlery, in store and for sale low.

GEO. E. PRICE.

Staunton, March 11, 1857.—V and A. copy

**BRUSHES.** Just received, a supply of White wash and Plasterers Brushes; also, Shoe, Sweeping, Tanner's, Painter's House, Scrubbing and other Brushes, of prime quality, at low prices.

GEO. E. PRICE

Staunton, March 11, 1857.—V and A. copy

**ROPE.** GEO. E. PRICE keeps constantly on hand a supply of Manilla and Hemp Rope, of all sizes to 1½ inch. Also Twine, Bed Cords, Plow Lines, Cotton Cord, &c.

Staunton, March 11, 1857.—V and A. copy

**GARDEN TOOLS.** Just received, an extensive assortment of Spades,

**HUNT, PAINE & CO.,**
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,**
Nos. 143 and 145 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.

**SPRING TRADE, 1857.**

BY the Ships Offered from Liverpool and by Packets arrival in New York we are receiving our Spring supplies of *FOREIGN & DOMESTIC DRY GOODS*, purchased in the best markets for cash and comprising a great variety of fresh and handsome Goods.

We are also receiving a large assortment of HOMES TIC GOODS, of the best quality.

We are also prepared with a well selected stock of READY MADE CLOTHING, which we have had made to our order by the best manufacturers, and of the most approved style and most substantial texture.

We take occasion to remind our friends and customers of the high character of our goods, and our reputation for selling the best goods at the lowest prices, and that our efforts to insure an increasing share of their patronage by getting up a stock of goods which in variety and excellent and in style, quality and price cannot be surpassed in this country.

We will sell only to cash or prompt paying customers, and we do not hesitate to say that our prices will be found as low as any other house in the country, and we invite the attention of purchasers to this, that we may show our goods and prove our assertions.

☞ Orders shall at all times be promptly and faithfully attended to.

HUNT, PAINE & CO.

Richmond, March 4, 1857.—1yr.

J. C. CANFIELD. WM. R. CANFIELD. GEO. W. BROTHER.

**TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.**

**CANFIELD, BROTHER & CO.,**
229 BALTIMORE STREET
**BALTIMORE, MD.**

ARE now prepared to offer the greatest inducements to Country Merchants, having just opened an extensive stock of Goods such as

WATCHES, JEWELRY
SILVER WARE, FANCY
GOODS, FINE CUTLERY,
CLOCKS, Watch Makers
TOOLS AND MATERIALS,
PORT MONNIES, ALBATA
PLATED WARE, CHINA
VASES, PISTOLS, &c. &c.

or such as may be desired.

Also, a complete assortment of *JEWELRY*, 1000 *SILVER WARE*, from the cheapest to the best.

Watches direct from *Barnaud, Lecoultre & Co., Hatting, Bassing & Co., Bernard, Blandet, Pabst & Co., Ingraham & Co., Henry Cadet, M. J. Tobias & Co., Lick, Rudolph, Howard, &c.* London, Paris, Geneva, Vienna and Italian Jewelry, in great variety; Rose Gold Work Boxes and Watches; Dress; fine Faces for gents, of entirely new styles.

We invite the attention of dealers to our new and elegant stock of Goods, assuring them that the Lowest Prices will be named for each article.

☞ Orders from the Country promptly attended to.

CANFIELD, BROTHER & CO.,
Importers of Watches, Jewelry
and Precious Stones, &c.

Baltimore, March 4, 1857.—1y

**JAMES WOODHOUSE & CO.,**
139 MAIN ST., RICHMOND,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
**Books, Stationary, Piano-Fortes, Music and Fancy Articles.**

LAW, Medical, Theological and Miscellaneous Books. Blank Books of every description; Letter, and Writing Papers; the best Ink, of all kinds, in use, Globes, New Music, Drawing Materials, and Books on Drawing and Painting; Copying Presses, Mathematical Instruments; Gold and Silver Pencil Cases; Surveyors' Compasses and Chains, Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Accordeons and other Musical Instruments; Violin Strings; Pen and Pocket Knives; Diamond Pointed Gold Pens; Choice Books; Fancy Articles—for Presents; and PIANO-FORTES.

Their supply of Piano-Fortes is from the established and well known manufactories of *A. Stodart & Co., J. B. Dorkson* and *Jonas Chickering*, whose instruments can be relied upon for beauty of tone, great durability, and elegance of finish.

The subscribers have participated in the sale of upwards of *one thousand* of these Piano Fortes, to some of the most respectable and well known families in Virginia and North Carolina. They are warranted superior in all respects, and are offered at the Manufacturers' lowest prices.

☞ Books bound, and Blankbooks of all kinds manufactured to order.

☞ Orders by letter faithfully and promptly attended to.

Richmond, March 4, 1857.

**Fine Groceries for Southern Families.**

**THOMAS HOPE & CO.,**
No. 129 CHAMBERS STREET, NEW YORK,
(*Essex House.*)

IMPORTERS and Dealers in all descriptions of Rare Old Madeira, Sherry and Port Wines, Finest Old Brandies, Superior Old Jamaica, St. Croix and Antigua Rum, Old Holland Gin, and every variety of Fine Imported and Domestic Liquors.

CHAMPAGNE—Max Sainsine, Moet & Chandon and Mumm's Imperial, Cabinet and Veranay, Heidsieck, and other Brands.

CLARET AND SAUTERNE—including Chateau Margaux, Chateau Lafitte, Leoville, Larose, Margaux and St. Julien, Chateau and Haut Sauternes.

HOCK WINES—of Johannesberger, Marcobrunner, Rudesheimer, Heckheimer, Sparkling Hock and Moselle.

SEGARS—of all the choicest varieties, Elegantes, Regalias, Conchas, Operas, Pressed and Columbias.

FOREIGN FRUITS—of all kinds, Raisins, Almonds, Prunes, &c.

HAMS AND TONGUES—Burlington, Virginia and Westphalia Hams, Smoked and Pickled Tongues.

GOSHEN BUTTER—in Firkins, Tubs and Stone Jars.

FOREIGN PICKLES—Salces, Catsups, Sardines, Capers, Olives, &c.

PERRYES—East and West India and Domestic. And a full and general assortment of every variety of FINE GROCERIES.

New York, March 4, 1857.—1yr.

**INCORPORATED A. D., 1810.**
**ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,**
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

INSURANCES can be effected with this agency in this place, and policies issued without delay for this old and favorably known Company against the loss or fire on Dwellings and Contents, Stores and Merchandise, Mills and Machinery, Manufactories and Stock, Colleges, Halls, Bridges, Public Buildings and Personal Property generally, all at as reasonable rates of premiums and liberal rules as the dangers assumed permit for mutual safety and reliable indemnity to patrons.

☞ *Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.*

Especial attention given to the Insurance of Dwellings and Contents for a term of from 1 to 5 years.

All business transacted with despatch and fidelity.

Apply to A. F. KINNEY, Agent at Staunton, Va. He can be found at the Circuit Court Office.

Feb. 25, 1857.—tf.

**CINCINNATI HAMS.**—The subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of Cincinnati Family-Cured Hams. Many of the Public Institutions, Hotels and private housekeepers have found from experience that it is not only most convenient, but most economical, to purchase these hams instead of laying in a supply of pork. They are closely trimmed, and there is little or no waste. Orders promptly attended to.

JOHN W. STRIBLING, Agent.

Staunton, March 4, 1857.—6mos.

**PERFUMERIES, &c.**—A large and fine assortment of French and German Colognes; Lubins Extract of Rose; Geranium, Musk, Verbena, Patchouly, Sweet Pea, Heliotrope, Jasmin, Jockey Club, &c., &c.

Also a fine assortment of Pomades, Hair Oil, Fancy Soaps, &c., just received and for sale by

LAIRD & LINK, Chemists & Druggists.

Staunton, Jan. 7, 1857.—Town papers copy.

**LIGHT! LIGHT!!**—Just received, a large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Table Lamps, Gardnuddle's, Candelabra's, Solar Lamps, Britannia, Brass and Glass Fluid Lamps, &c., for sale by

LAIRD & LINK, Druggists & Apothecaries.

Staunton, Jan. 7, 1857.—Town papers copy.

**150 THERCES FRESH GROUND FLANNELS**, now arriving and in good order. Farmers and others may rely on its being pure and well ground.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, Mar. 11, 1857.—4t.—Vind. copy

**SPRING TRADE.**—E. LAWTON, MANUFACTURER and DEALER in BOOTS and SHOES, in the rooms formerly occupied by Mrs. S. A. Brison, next door to Mr. E. Price.

Staunton, Feb. 26, 1856.

**CANDLES.**—A large lot of Window Glass, just received, for sale by

LAIRD & LINK, Druggists & Chemists,
Feb. 26, 1857. Staunton, Va.
Town papers copy.

**THREE PIECES FOR MARYLAND!**—We have just received a splendid assortment of Henry Lomas's Ale.

ALEXANDER, MONTGOMERY & CO.

Deerfield, Oct. 29, 1856.

**A PRIME CREW.**—2 Boxes of the FANCAKE TOBACCO, of the new quality, now in Store and for sale by

R. J. GLENDY.

Staunton, Oct. 15, 1856. Per C. T. COURRAN.

**NEW CROP RIO COFFEE.**—We are now receiving 75 Bags Rio Coffee, selected expressly for this market.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO

Staunton, Mar. 11, 1857.

**HONEY SHUCK.**—A Seasonable Article of very fine mild Tobacco, just received and for sale by

ROBT. J. GLENDY.

Staunton, Feb. 26, 1856. Per C. T. COURRAN.

**WRITING PAPER.**—A large supply of Cap, Letter and Note Paper; also a large supply of Envelopes. Just received and for sale by

R. J. GLENDY.

Staunton, March 4, 1856.

**FRAME FOR SALE.**—A first rate Frame is offered for sale by the owner. Enquire at the Spectator.

Staunton, Jan. 28, 1857.—

**10 BAGS** of the Old Java Coffee, together with a few Bags of Rio, 4 Hogsheads of N. O. and Cuba Sugar.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, May 15, 1857.

**Fine Molasses.**—Landing Nuns of all sizes and at low prices.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, Feb. 26, 1857.

**Fine Molasses** in store and for sale by

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, Feb. 26, 1857.

**Fine Sugars.**—Landing a few Hogsheads of Cuba Sugar.

J. BRANDEBURG & CO.

Staunton, Feb. 26, 1857.

**Great Southern Clothing House.**
ESTABLISHED 1828.

**KEEN, BALDWIN & CO.,**

ARE now receiving and opening the largest and best selected Stock of *SPRING CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS* they have ever established, and which, in extent and variety, is unsurpassed in the South. To meet the wants of our increasing trade we have enlarged the second story of our House for the sale of Clothing exclusively, and have on hand a large stock of Spring Clothing, manufactured with direct reference to our wants and at satisfactory prices.

On our first floor, we are prepared to offer *Ready Made* Clothing of the latest and most approved styles to be found in this country and Europe, manufactured by ourselves in that peculiarly easy and elegant style for which our Clothing has so long been celebrated. Having every advantage that employ, large experience and extensive operations can give, we can and will offer the greatest inducements in the quality, styles and prices of our Clothing. *Everything is warranted.* A call from Ann is solicited.

KEEN, BALDWIN & CO.

Richmond, Feb. 11, 1857.—1y2 Main Street.

**READ! READ!! READ!!!**

IT WILL PAY YOU TO READ A FEW MINUTES AND SAVE TO MANY YEARS OF SUFFERING

**CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE!!**

THE GREAT LIVER OF THE BLOOD! THE BEST ALTERATIVE EVER YET DISCOVERED! PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT, AND EVERY ONE WHO USES IT IS A WALKING ADVERTISEMENT TO MEDICINE

EVER YET OFFERED TO THE AMERICAN PUBLIC HAS GAINED SO SHORT A TIME AS

**CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE!**

It will cure any case of Scrofula.
It will cure any case of Rheumatism.
It will cure any case of Syphilis.
It will cure any case of Salt Rheum.
It will cure any case of Neuralgia.
It will cure any case of Fever and Ague.

Of any Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood.

SCROFULOUS READER!

If cured the sufferer of the Hon. Sidney Minor Botts, a member of Congress from Virginia, of Scrofula, after the skill of the best Physicians, both of New York and Philadelphia, had been tried in vain; it will cure you, reader, if you are so afflicted.

RHEUMATIC READER!

It cured Dr. Pierce, Esq., of Columbus, of Rheumatism of 4 years standing, after all other remedies had failed. We have hundreds of such certificates. Call on the Agent and get a Book and Circular, and read for yourself, the many remarkable and astonishing cures it has made.

SYPHILITIC READER!

The celebrated Dr. Butler, writes us that he had two of the most severe and long standing cases of syphilis that would yield to none of the usual remedies, but he cured them in a few weeks by the other wellknown CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE. We have known it used in over a THOUSAND CASES, and never yet knew of a FAILURE in any case.

YE SHAKING PHTHISICANS!

AGUE AND FEVER.—Do not take Quinine, Mercury, or any other noxious Drugs, but try at once the great Alternative and Purifier of the Blood, Carter's Spanish Mixture, which cures as sure as the other poisons make a sick man sicker and sicker.

We have never yet known it to fail.

And for all diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood, no medicine has ever yet been found to have so good an effect. If you are weak, it will make you strong; if you are precious and health the greatest of all blessings, without which all else is valueless.

DR. WM. S. BEERS & CO., Proprietors,
Richmond, Va.

And for sale by Druggists and Country Merchants everywhere.

Feb. 11, 1857.—1yr.

**COMMISSION BUSINESS.** The undersigned, having determined to locate permanently in Richmond for the purpose of selling HORSES, CATTLE, and LIVE STOCK of every description, intends to continue the business of buying and selling Stock, and will use every exertion to merit the patronage of his friends and the public generally of their intention. They can be found at all times at Rice's Quarter Branch, on and after the 15th inst., by those who may wish to send Stock to market, and they promise to use their best efforts to secure the highest prices the market affords and will endeavor to give satisfaction generally.

GEO. W. CRAWFORD,
G. W. ROBERTSON

—REFERENCES.—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John McCue, Esq., | | Augusta. |
| Maj. J. Marshall McCue, | | do. |
| Colonel John Harrison, Esq., | | do. |
| Peter Hanger, | | do. |
| M. G. Harman, Esq., | | do. |
| Geo. Forage, Esq., | | do. |
| A. M. Taylor, Esq., Cashier V. Bank, | | Staunton. |
| Col. A. R. Givens, | | Augusta. |
| A. B. Irick, Esq., President Bank of Rockingham, | | |
| Jas. R. Crawford, | | do. |
| Henry H. Harshberger, Esq., | | do. |
| Samuel Gibbon, Esq., | | Page. |
| Col. A. W. Cameron, | | Rockbridge. |
| Dr. Gold, | | do. |
| S. McDowell Moore, Esq., | | do. |
| Samuel Lewis, Esq., | | Bath. |
| Cameron Francisco, Esq., | | do. |
| Robert J. Glendy, | | do. |
| Maj. James Kent, | | Montgomery |
| Joseph Chalk, Esq., | | Pulaski. |
| David McGavock, | | do. |
| Wm. C. Rives, | | Washington. |
| Col. Newman, | | Orange. |
| Stuart McDowell, | | Greenbrier. |
| Thomas Bell, | | do. |
| James O. Harris, | | Culpeper. |
| S. W. Ficklin, Esq., | | Albemarle. |
| Jas. S. Coch, Esq., | | do. |
| Jno. H. Timberlake, Esq., | | do. |
| Jas. Saunders, Esq., Free R. Bank, | | Charlottesville. |

Richmond, Feb. 11, 1857.—6mos.

☞ Vind. Rock. Bee; and Richmond Whig and Enquirer copy.

**HO FOR CALIFORNIA!!**—The chance of making a fortune among the Gold fields of California being more flattering than trusting to the products of the rich lands of Virginia, I have determined to pull up my stakes and journey thitherward, and therefore offer for sale my landed property, viz: A Farm containing 238½ Acres on which I now reside, in the valley of the Little Calf Pasture, 20 miles from Staunton.

It has on it a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, Kitchen, Smoke House, Spring house, and a fine Spring of never failing water. 18 acres cleared, 25 acres of Meadow, and the balance well timbered. About one acre more may be converted into meadow, which with the meadow, affords ample forage for stock, water every field and the adaptation of the land to grasses, makes it one of the best Grazing Farms in the county. The land produces all kinds of grain and is about 2 miles from the Mills, Stores, Churches and Schools, affords an ample facility for getting to market. It is also conveniently to our churches, Mills and Schools.

Also a Tract of Land containing 75 acres, 5½ miles from Staunton, adjoining Jos. Smith's farm. It has on it a Brick Mansion, capacious and eligibly located—good stabling, an Orchard of the Fruit-a-fine Spring. 35 acres cleared and under farm, and at least 40 of it is a very at active place for a small family or good tenement.

My terms will be moderate; my address is "Pond Gap," and I refer to R. Turk, Esq.

ELIJAH HUNTER.

Acting as Agent for the Rev. James Hunter, of California, I will dispose also of a perpetual Scholarship in the Wesleyan Female Institute, located at Staunton.

July 23, 1856.—tf

**FALL GOODS.** PIPER & FUNKHOUSER have just received, and offer decidedly the *largest and most handsome Stock of FALL GOODS* they have ever heretofore had the pleasure of showing. Goods are beautiful this fall.

Staunton, Oct. 1, 1856.

**FRESH FRUITS AT ANTONI'S.** The subscriber has just received a large stock of Fresh Fruits, just from Europe, consisting of Figs, Raisins, Currants, Citron, &c., to which he invites the attention of the public.

ANT. B. ANTONI.

Staunton, Dec. 8, 1856.

**SEED OATS, SEED OATS.** Wanted immediately from Bushels Seed Oats, for which we will pay the highest market price in Cash.

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, Feb. 18, 1857.

**SADDLEBAGS.**—A few pair of the most approved STYLE of Physician's Saddlebags and Physician's Pocket Cases, just received and for sale by

LAIRD & LINK

Staunton, Feb. 11, 1857.—Town papers copy.

**EXQUISITE!**—A few 100 boxes of the *exquisite* brand of TOBACCO, to which I wish to call the attention of those in want of a PRIME ARTICLE.

R. J. GLENDY,
Staunton, Oct. 15, 1856. Per C. T. COURRAN.

**CHEWING TOBACCO.**—100 Boxes of Tobacco, of various grades,—just of superior quality,—just received, to which we invite the attention of *Dealers*.

ROBT. J. GLENDY,
Per C. T. COURRAN.

**R. R. R.**
**REGULATORS, RESOLVERT, RELIEF.**
THE MEDICAL TRINITY

EACH of Radway's Three Remedies possess a special curative powers over certain diseases, and when either the Ready Relief, Resolving Resolvent or Regulators are used for the certain diseases of diseases they are specially designed for the system undergoes a rapid transformation from its diseased condition to a healthy and happy state. Testimony

THE Ready Relief is a most wonderful, invaluable, or taken internally, for all pains, aches and sickness. In a few minutes it stops the most lacerating pains, subdues all inflammations and cures the worst cases of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Toothache, Bilious, Spasmodic, Sciatic, &c. It restores the lame, stiff joints, stiffness and crippledness, soundness and vigor. It is likewise a certain cure and preventive for Fever and Ague, Chills and Fever, Sandfever, Croup, Hoarseness, Colds and Influenza. Whenever you feel any symptoms of a cold or complaint, take a dose of Radway's Ready Relief, or apply it to the parts where the pain is located, in a short time you will enjoy ease and comfort.

Rest is sound there is no pain as severe but that Radway's Ready Relief will stop, and no system so exhausted with disease but that the R. R. R. Remedies will restore to sound and vigorous health.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS

The discovery of this wonderful pill establishes a new era in medicine, and a new pill it is in the well and well deserved. In taking these pills no griping pains or sickness as attends other experienced, they act more naturally, leaving the bowels, liver and other organs in a healthy and healthy condition.

There is no disease who take them a good appetite and a healthy digestion.

As a pill that is taken gives new life to the blood, then purifies, take from it all impurities, and cures all diseases.

Once a teaspoon of Radway's Regulators will entirely remove all costiveness, Constipation, Piles, Jaundice, Sick Headaches, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Biliousness, Melancholy, and will cure all organic diseases, either in man or woman. Ladies troubled with irregularities or weakening discharges, may rely upon a prompt cure and regular periods if taking a Regulator, and take no

PICTURE OF HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

A few doses of Radway's Regulators will insure a clear, fair, pure and healthy skin and a fine complexion. They give a healthy appetite in a week, dull feelings vanish, a clear and brilliant appearance. Radway's Pills give natural beauty to the face, eyes and head, and the use of the Ready Relief for a wash for the teeth and gums, and Resolvent for the breath, will change the most disgusting foul breath to sweetness, and the blackest teeth to Parian whiteness.

One teaspoon of Radway's Regulators is a dose, their mild operation leaves no

CONSTITUTIONAL EFFECTS, APPLICATION, TERMINATION OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD.

Persons of full blooded plethoric habits are more subject to congestive diseases from a rush of blood to the head, than those of a less habit, bleeding in these cases is highly detrimental, nor does this prevent the danger, the difficulty is not caused by too much blood, but by its stagnation, and Radway's Regulators will correct all these difficulties—they will correct the action of the heart, lungs, and all other organs, into a natural and regular action, and in most cases a dose of Regulators will set all the blood. More purging in these cases will only aggravate the disease. Radway's Regulators not only *regulate* the bowels, but which all diseased and impure matter is purged from the system, they then confirm the whole system, and to cure, and every organ the heart, brain, liver, nerves, bowels, skin, pancreas, bladder, kidneys, stomach, lungs, throat, blood, and every tissue of the whole organism, to a healthy and vigorous action.

There can now be little doubt in the whole system their action is not confined to any local part of the stomach like common pills, but they search out the diseased action wherever it may be hidden, and expel all diseased matter and develop health from the body. In a few hours after taking a dose of these life-restoring pills you feel refreshed and invigorated from head to foot.

We take leave to the Regulators and Resolvent, and the Ready Relief, and the complete Trinity, *make one feel so happy.*

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT

Cures Humors, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Ulcers, Nodes, Tumors, Fever Sores, Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Broncheitis, Dyspepsia, Gout, Dropsy, Syphilis, Consumption, Mercury, &c., and all constitutional and chronic diseases, whether inherited, or by contagion, or in solution of blood, or by other causes.

There is no remedy in the world that will work such miraculous cures in old diseases, as Radway's Resolvent. It changes the whole human body—reproduces new and healthy blood.

☞ Bleeding from the lungs—Radway's Renovating Resolvent will, in a few minutes, check Hemorrhage from the lungs or throat. In cases where the patient coughs up clots of blood or pus streaked with blood, Radway's Renovating Resolvent will soon remove the difficulty.

Mr. Joseph Hammon, of 198 East Thirty-second street, had a bad cough for two years; she coughed up sometimes half a pint of blood during the night. She was cured in seven days by the Ready Relief and Resolvent.

A Mr. Jones, age of 21 years, cured in three weeks by Radway's Relief. Mr. T. H. Kilgo, a merchant of high standing in Dahlonega, Ga., says—"That a gentleman, who for 21 years, had been afflicted with a sore leg, that had resisted every kind of treatment, was effectually cured in three weeks by Radway's Ready Relief, Resolvent and Regulators."

GENERAL COMPLAINTS.

If you catch a sudden cold, get a sore throat, or become afflicted with influenza, a dose of Radway's Regulators, and an application of the Ready Relief, will free you from all pain and uneasiness. In a few minutes after this Relief is applied no more excess will remain. If afflicted with headache, either nervous or from foul stomach, Radway's Relief and a dose of Regulators, will remove all pain from the head, and restore health to the nervous and afflicted.

Radway's Ready Relief and Regulators always cures Dyspepsia in its most distressing forms, and nervousness with all its horrors.

WHOOPING COUGH.—Thousands of cases of Whooping cough have been cured in a few days by the Resolvent and Relief, and of the Whooping Cough is prevalent in the neighborhood, those who take half a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a little water, once or twice a day, will never have it. Radway's Relief destroys the infection of the Whooping Cough.

TOBACCO CHEWERS.—Those who have become reduced by the effect of tobacco, or the indulgence in spirituous liquors, who feel the symptoms of incapacity, weakness, debility, and the *aperatives* which a fast and intemperate, luxurious and lustful course of life inflicts upon its victims, will find relief from these horrors, and sure restoration to health, strength and vigor, by the use of Radway's Relief, Regulators and Resolvent.

RADWAY & CO.,
No. 162 Fulton-street, New York.

R. Remedies sold by Merchants, Druggists, and Storekeepers everywhere.

Feb. 4, 1857.—4mos.

1857. SPRING TRADE. 1857.

**SMITH, RHODES & CO.,**
LATE SMITH & ROBERTS,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
**FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARE, Cutlery, Guns, Saddlery, &c., &c.,**

OFFER for sale on equal terms with any regular house here or elsewhere, a large and well selected stock of Hardware, especially adapted to the trade of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee. The goods have been selected with great care and purchased direct from the manufacturers of England and this country upon the best terms. We respectfully solicit from the Merchants and Saddlers visiting this market an examination of our stock. The following is a list of the articles comprised, in part, as follows, viz: Building Materials of every description, a great variety of Tools for Carpenters, Coopers, Smiths, Tanners, Saddlers, &c. Pocket and Table Cutlery, Guns, Rifles, Shotguns, Gunpowder, Shot, Lead, (German,) all sizes.—Saddle Leathers, Hay and Straw Knives, Brier-Hooks, Bits, Stirrups, Buckles, Hog and Sheep Lining Skins, Thread, Patent and Enamelled Leather, Whips, Snaps, Chains, Axes, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Washers, Bolts, Horse and Mule Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Hollow Ware, Saddles, Bridles, Halters, Anchor Bolting Cloth, Saddle-Trees, Horse Collars, Gums, Bitts, Pistols, Revolvers, Gun Locks, Gun Barrels, Gun Trimmings, Axes, Axes, Bellows, Tongs, Buttresses, &c. &c. &c.

Richmond, Feb. 11, 1857.—3mos.

**A HOMESTEAD FOR $101—SECOND DIVISION.—$310,000 WORTH OF BUILDING LOTS AND FARMS, in the Gold Region of Upshur County, Va., to be Distributed among Subscribers, on the 13th of April, 1857. Subscriptions only *dollars each*, one half down, the rest on the delivery of the DEED. Every subscriber will get a building lot or a farm, ranging in value from $50 to $500.**

The Farms and Lots are sold so cheap to induce a sufficient number being received, the increase in the value of which will compensate for the apparent low price now offered.

A company of settlers, called "The Rappahannock Pioneer Association," is now forming and will commence a settlement in the spring. Ample security will be given for the faithful performance of contracts and promises.

MORE AGENTS ARE WANTED to obtain subscribers, to whom the most liberal inducements will be given. Some Agents of the Pioneer Association will get from 100 to 200 Subscribers, for which a liberal compensation will be done for every Agent where possible. For full particulars, Subscriptions, Agencies, &c., apply to

E. BAUDER,
Feb. 11, 1857. Port Royal, Caroline co., Va.

**MCCORMICK'S COMBINED REAPER AND MOWER.—TO THE FARMERS OF ROCKINGHAM AND SHENANDOAH AND ROCKBRIDGE.**

The undersigned would most respectfully offer the Farmers of the counties above named, as agent for C. H. McCormick, this greatest of all *time and labor saving machines*. This also warranted to reap in the *two-fourths* of all grain scattered by ordinary reaping machines, and of world wide reputation, having had an order to it the first Medals of Honor, both in this country and Europe. Last year, one machine was in Rockingham, and one in Rockbridge, obtained these Machines, and they express themselves well pleased with both reaping and mowing. I will, in a few weeks, be out distributing handbills with full particulars.

THORNTON BERRY

Feb. 4, 1857.—4m.

N. B.—Farmers will recollect that a Reaper and Mower, *separately*, will cost about $200, or $160; each, advertising, while the combined Machine will cost only $165. My address is Staunton, or Clover Mill, Augusta co., Va.

T. B.

☞ Town papers and Lexington and Harrisonburg papers copy.

**NEW BOOKS.**—Autobiography of Peter Cartwright, the Backwood's Preacher; The Rifle, its Law and Saddlebags, and other Lectures, by Wm. Henry Milburn, the Blind Preacher; Silverwood: a Book of Memories; History and Records of the Highest Club; Arctic Explorations of Dr. Kane; Life to Israel, or Portraitures of Hebrew Character; The Destiny of Nations, by Geo. D. Armstrong, D. D. just received and for sale by

R. J. GLENDY.

Staunton, March 4, 1857.

**WESTERS VA. MARBLE WORKS, AT STAUNTON AND HARRISONBURG.**
**MARQUIS & KELLEY**

HAVE now on hand a most splendid supply of Italian and American Marble, which they are manufacturing into Tombs, Monuments, Head and Foot Stones, Table and Bureau Tops. Amongst other varieties, they have Statuary, Italian and Molle Scotch, Sienitic Lyon Dust. Having had a long experience in the business, and worked in the most difficult and delicate letter carving, with great success, they feel confident in the taste of the most fastidious can be pleased at their work.

They have recently opened a branch of their establishment in the town of Harrisonburg, where, one of the partners resides and permanently intends to reside. All demands promptly attended to.

Staunton, April 30, 1856.

**NATIONAL HOTEL, STAUNTON, VA.**—The subscriber, who was recently the proprietor of Taylor's Hotel, Winchester, has leased the above well known and popular House, the NATIONAL HOTEL in Staunton. This House has been so long and favorably known that it is deemed needless to call the attention of the public to it. Having had some 15 years experience in the business, he feels confident that he will be able, by unremitting and assiduous attention, to make his patrons comfortable while under his roof.

To the people of the county, especially, he would say that his business relations will not allow him to reside constantly at his home. He will be found in one or the other of the Hotels, ready to wait on his friends.

The Proprietors are now fully established at Staunton, and have made every arrangement for the comfort of the traveling public, an omnibus will always be in attendance at the Depot on the arrival of the trains, and conveys passengers to and from the Hotel free of charge, and at a reasonable fare for passengers to take their meals and get to the cars in time to secure their tickets and seats. Charges for Dinner and Horse feed, if paid at the time, 50 cts., if charged, 75 cts.

JAS. H. GIBERSON.

Staunton, Jan. 1, 1857.—tf—Vind. copy.

**THE FOLLOWING IS FROM THE RICHMOND DISPATCH:**

**Beautiful Work!**

We replied in the last issue of the Dispatch, that the Cotton Factory of Messrs. Hill, Carter, Fries & Co., Lynchburg, manufactured by our enterprising neighbor, Mr. Alexander Hill, which reflects the highest credit on his skill. In the case of Gentlemen's Wear, we refer to the Cassimere, Satinet and Silk, that our gents in work in anything of the kind, we never seen, either home made or imported, and it only regret is, that it has no competitor to contest the palm of superiority with him. The cost of Ladies Wear is also of the best quality, and we do not think they can be surpassed by any other manufacturer. All who have seen this work compliment Mr. H. highly, but not more than he deserves.

Richmond, Oct. 23, 1856.

JAS. G. LAIRD. JOHN G. LINK.

**NEW FIRM.**

THE subscribers have associated for the purpose of carrying on the DRUG BUSINESS, under the style of LAIRD & LINK. They will, in a few days, receive a large and well selected stock of Drugs and Medicines, and will be pleased to see all the old friends and customers of the House. They will devote their whole time and attention to the business, and will serve constantly on hand articles in the Drug line, and warranted pure and fresh.

Thankful for the liberal encouragement which has been extended to the House, they hope, by their endeavors to please all, to merit and receive a still larger share of public patronage.

JAS. G. LAIRD.
FRANK H. LINK.

Staunton, Dec. 24, 1856.

**REMOVAL.**—I have removed to the Room lately occupied by E. Lawton, one door above Crawford & Cochran, where I will be pleased to see my friends and customers. My Stock of Goods, among which will be found many desirable styles, will be sold at prices Cash for Cash, or its equivalent.

My accounts are made out to the last inst., and I beg leave to say, respectfully, *but decidedly*, to those indebted, that I desire and expect prompt payment, as I am compelled to have money to meet my demands.

WM. A. STERRETT.

Staunton, Jan. 14, 1857.—2m.—Vind. copy.

**DR. JAMES JOHNSTON, SURGICAL & MECHANICAL DENTIST**, having been located permanently in Staunton for the last four years, respectfully tends his services to the public generally, that he still continues to practice Dentistry in all its various branches, with the strictest regard to durability and usefulness.

Office on the South side of Main Street, opposite the old Spectator Office.

Staunton, Nov. 29, 1854.

**MATTRESSES! MATTRESSES!!**—I have in the hands of my agents, PUSHING & WATTS, Staunton, and Messrs. Bridgeforth & McClure, Greenville, a large supply of Hair, Shark, and Seagrass MATTRESSES. Orders for any description of Mattresses, Cushions, &c., shall have the promptest attention. For reference as regards the cheapness and quality of my work, I would give Messrs. Shaver & Stribling. Address

M. W. WALLACE,
Yancey's Mill, Albemarle Co., Va.

June 11, 1856.

**ESTATE J. B. BRECKINRIDGE.**—The undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the estate of J. B. Breckinridge, ask of all persons having claims against it of any kind, to present the same to us, properly authenticated, for settlement.

Our desire is to ascertain promptly the real condition of the estate, and we ask of the creditors a reasonable opportunity to do so, upon the assurance that it is our purpose to press the settlement as rapidly as possible.

G. B. HARMAN.
JNO. B. BALDWIN,

July 9, 1856.—tf.

**W. J. POINTS** hoping, by close and assiduous attention to business, to be rewarded with the patronage of a liberal public, will invite your attention to the following Goods:

Britannia Ware, Block Tin Ware,
Painted Toilet Sets, Family Hardware,
Wooden Ware, Willow Ware,

And an endless variety of Plain Ware, all of which will be sold low for Cash.

☞ 2 Doors West of Union Hall.

Staunton, Oct. 29, 1856.

**NEW YEAR'S OFFERING.**—To thin out my large and well assorted stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, I have concluded to sell the balance at greatly reduced prices, to which claim an interested public will pay due attention.

Persons indebted to me either by book account or note, will bear in mind that payments are already made out, and await a prompt settlement.

JACOB POLLITZ,
Clothing Room, Corner of Va. Hotel.

Staunton, Jan. 7, 1857.

**GENTLEMEN'S WEAR RENOVATED AND REPAIRED**
BY THOS. C. BALL

THE undersigned having purchased of Wm. R. Smith the *Renovating and Repairing Establishment*, opposite the Virginia Hotel, informs the patronage of Mr. Smith's customers and the public generally, that he will promptly attended to. All work done with neatness and dispatch.

Staunton, Jan. 14, 1857.

THOS. C. BALL.

**BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!—NO HUMBUG!!**—With a view of making room for spring goods, we will offer for cash this month the following all-our FANCY Goods, at greatly reduced prices for Cash. Gents can regard at the small price.

PIPER & FUNKHOUSER.

Staunton, Feb. 4, 1857.—Town papers copy.

**TO THE LOVERS OF GOOD TOBACCO!**—JOHN B. EVANS has received at his old stand, immediately opposite the Old Post Office, a fine and choice lot of TOBACCO, which he is prepared to sell at from 5 cents to $2 per pound.

Also Pipes, Pipe stems, Snuff Boxes, Blacking, Matches, Ink, &c. &c.

Staunton, Nov. 1, 1856.

**WINES AND LIQUORS.**—Just received 1 case Brandy, old Rye Whiskey, Port, Madeira and Sherry Wines, Worcester, Sheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Rum all pure, for Medicinal use. For sale by

LAIRD & LINK,
Druggists, Main street.

Staunton, Feb. 11, 1857.—Town papers copy.

**NOTICE.**—The undersigned are now closing up their books to the 1st day of July, 1856, and would beg leave to say to those interested, that all accounts due them must be settled, by note or otherwise, by the 1st day of January next.

KAYSER & STRIBLING.

Staunton, Oct. 29, 1856.

**JAMES S. GILLESPIE** still continues to do all kinds of Plain and Ornamental PAINTING, GRAINING, GILDING, PAPER HANGING, &c., on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Letters on business addressed to him at Staunton, Va., will receive prompt attention.

July 9, 1856.—1y.

**NEGROES WANTED.**—I am still in market for the purchase of Negroes, such as will suit the Southern market. Persons having such would do well by calling on the subscriber, in person or by letter.—My address is "Newsbore, Augusta county, Va."

JOHN B. SMITH.

Nov. 26, 1856.—6mos.

**CHEESE.**—Just Plain Apple and other Cheese, also a fresh supply of those very popular and delightful Soda Crackers, just received and for sale by

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, Jan. 21, 1857.

**CLOVER SEED.**—Just received from Rockingham county, 100 bushels of No. 1 Clover Seed.

STAPLES, MARTIN & CO.

Staunton, Jan. 21, 1857.

**AYER'S PILLS**

**Are curing the Sick to an extent never before known of any Medicine.**

INVALIDS READ AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES

JULES HAUEL, Esq. the well known perfumer, of Leadenhall street, London, writes where cannot produce the equal of almost every value, says:

"I am happy to say of your CATHARTIC PILLS, that I have found them a better family medicine for themselves than any other within our knowledge. Many of my friends have realized marked benefits from them and cannot wish me to withhold from them the pleasure attendant upon the discovery of a valuable remedy. Your pills are admir