## PRINT#-3

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Complete code for this can be found at: https://github.com/varmfskii/coco/tree/main/print-3/code

Extended Color BASIC supports devices -2 to 0 with -2 being the printer, -1 the cassette, and 0 being the basic text screen. With Disk BASIC adds devices 1-15 as handles to open files on the disk drive. Super Extended Color Basic on the CoCo 3 this didn't change this other than device 0 getting a set of three modes (WIDTH 32, 40, and 80) to support the old and new text modes. There have been various things done to repurpose some of these devices, most notably allowing text display on the PMODE 4 screen to allow 53, 64, or 85 column text.

I am doing something a little different. I am adding device number -3 to support a new serial channel. The method is demonstrative, and not particularly practical, though someone may find a use for the particular case. Some potential uses for this could be an easy way to simultaneously use the second display provided by hardware like the Wordpak 2+ or SuperSprite FM+ which still having easy access to the original text screen.

There are two common ways to modify/extend the Coco's BASIC. You can patch the 25 vectors that run through addresses \$015E to \$01A8 or, on a machine with 64k or more RAM, directly patch BASIC. I will do a combination of the two.

For all of the vector code.

If we have device -3:

- Remove one return address from the stack to inhibit BASIC's handling of the vector.
- Perform our processing for device -3
- Return

If we do not have device -3, we call the original code. Things to do:

- Change device 0 to not use all of screen.
- Validate device number: RVEC1

• Set print parameters: RVEC2

• Console out: RVEC3

# 1 Modify device 0

Change device 0 to not use all of screen: Printing on device 0 uses a routing for PRINT@ which has no hook, so for this part we are going to modify BASIC directly. We are patching where the screen ends.

To do this first make sure the machine is in all RAM mode with the contents of the ROMS copied to ram.

```
allram:
                 check if already in all RAM mode
           lda $8000
           tfr a, b
           com $8000
           eora $8000
           \mathbf{beq} rom
           stb $8000
           rts
           ;; copy ROMs to RAM
rom:
           pshs cc
                                             ; disable interrupts
           orcc #$50
           sts $fe
           lds #$8000
loop@:
           clr RAMROM
           puls a,b,x,y,u
           {f clr} RAMRAM
           pshs u,y,x,a,b
           leas 8,s
           cmps #$ff00
           ble loop@
           lds $fe
           puls cc, pc
   Then perform the actual patches.
print0:
           ;; modify PRINT@ limit
           ldx #255
           \mathbf{stx} $a558 ; limit
           \textbf{leax} \ \ \textbf{VIDRAM}, \textbf{x} \ \ ; \ \ \textit{adjust} \ \ \textit{back} \ \ \textit{to} \ \ \textit{memory} \ \ \textit{location}
           \mathbf{stx} $a55f ; adjusts
```

```
;; modify CLS end

stx $a932 ; cls end

;; modify CHROUT limit

stx $a347 ; memory location limit

leax -31,x ; beginning of last line

stx $a354 ; scroll limit

;; set cursor at top of screen

ldx #VIDRAM

stx CURPOS

rts
```

If we don't need to change the existing device, we can add our vectors without using all RAM mode. We also had the option of using some of the other vectors like the PRINT vector (RVEC9) and the CLS vector (RVEC22).

#### 2 Valildate device number

Vector RVEC1 takes a value in the B register and either returns on success or calls the error handler on a failure. In our case we want to check for device -3, if we have it we return success otherwise we pass control to the original routine.

```
;; Validate device number
rvec1_3:
    leas 2,s
    rts
    cmpb #-3
    bne ovec1
    leas 2,s
    rts
ovec1: rmb 3
```

## 3 Set print parameters

Vector RVEC2 checks what the current device is in DEVNUM and assigns the proper values to: DEVCFW (tab zone width), DEVLCF (beginning of last tab zone), DEVPOS (current column), and DEVWID (total number of columns)

```
;; set print parameters
rvec2_3:
    pshs a
    lda DEVNUM
    cmpa #-3
    puls a
    beq cont@
```

```
ovec2:
          rmb 3
\operatorname{cont} @:
          leas 2,s
          pshs x,b,a
          clr PRTDEV
           ;; a=current column
          lda curpos3+1
          anda #$1f
           ;; \quad xhi = tab \quad size \; , \quad xlo = last \quad tab \quad column
          ldx #$0818
           ;; b=number of columns
          ldb #cols
          \mathbf{stx} DEVCFW
          std DEVPOS
          puls a,b,x,pc
```

#### 4 Console out

Vector RVEC3 takes the output character in register A and prints it to the selected device.

```
;; output to device
rvec3_3:
          pshs a
          lda DEVNUM
          cmpa \#-3
          puls a
          beq cont@
ovec3:
          rmb 3
cont@:
          leas 2,s
          \mathbf{pshs} \ \mathbf{x} \,, \mathbf{b} \,, \mathbf{a}
          ldx curpos3
          cmpa #$20
          blo cntl
          cmpa #$40
          blo wrtchr
          cmpa #$80
          bhs wrtchr
          cmpa #$60
          bhs lcase
ucase:
          anda #$3f
wrtchr:
```

```
cmpx #scrstt+rows*cols
             beq scroll
save:
             stx curpos3
exit:
             \mathbf{puls}\ a\,,b\,,x\,,pc
lcase:
             suba #$20
             bra wrtchr
cntl:
             cmpa #bs
             bne not_bs
is_bs:
             \mathbf{cmpx} \ \# \mathbf{scrstt}
             \mathbf{puls}\ a\,,b\,,x\,,pc
             lda \# space
             \mathbf{sta} ,-\mathbf{x}
             bra save
not_bs:
             cmpa #cr
             \mathbf{bne}\ \mathrm{not\_cr}
is_cr:
             \mathbf{tfr} \times \mathbf{d}
             andb \#cols-1
             beq scroll
             negb
             addb #cols
             lda #space
\operatorname{cr} \operatorname{-lp}:
             \mathbf{sta} \quad , x +
             \mathbf{decb}
             bne cr_lp
scroll:
             \mathbf{ldx} \#\mathbf{scrstt}
lp1@:
             \mathbf{lda}\ \operatorname{cols}\ , x
             \mathbf{sta} ,x+
             cmpx #scrstt + (rows - 1)*cols
             bne lp1@
             lda #space
             \mathbf{clrb}
```

 ${f sta}$  ,x+

lp2@:

 $\begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{sta} & b \ , x \\ \mathbf{incb} \end{array}$ 

cmpb #cols
bne lp2@
bra save

 $not\_cr:$ 

 $\mathbf{puls}\ a\,,b\,,x\,,pc$