

NEW CONTROL SOFTWARE FOR CERBERUS 3D NANOINDENTATION SYSTEM

by

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INTRODUCTION:-

After the completion of the initial version of the GUI, the next target was to complete the GUI and connect the GUI to the hardware. The initial strategy for connecting the GUI was through the Ethernet port but on more discussion and thinking another solution came to light- serial port (RS-232). So finally this option was selected and connection was established between the old control system and the modern GUI.

Another task that was accomplished during this phase was updating the GUI. Many new features were added to the GUI, which are discussed in the following sections.

PROGRESS:

SERIAL (RS-232) PORT

There are three main issues regarding serial communication:

1. CABLING:

We have options of 9 pin or 25 pin serial communication.

2. HANDSHAKING:

There are two main handshaking protocols in serial communication:

XON/XOFF Handshaking:

1. When the buffer is about full, XOFF is sent.
2. When there is room again in the buffer, XON is sent.

Hardware Handshaking:

1. If the receive buffer is empty, turn on DTR and wait for a character to arrive.
2. Get a character from the receive buffer and turn off DTR.

3. COMMUNICATION PARAMETERS:

Plugging the cable between the computer and the device is not all that is required to make them talk. The devices must speak the same language in order to understand each other. It doesn't matter what it is, but it is essential they be the same! The language consists of the baud rate, data bits, parity, and stop bits.

4. DATA FORMATS:

Once the computer and device are communicating correctly, it is still possible to get incorrect data if the data is formatted by the device in one way and interpreted

by the computer in another or vice versa.

After lot of discussion and thought the final parameters were decided, which are as follows:

1. Use 9 pin serial interface.
2. XON/XOFF Handshaking.
3. Com
Params:
Baud Rate
: 9600
Data Bits:
8 Parity: 1
Stop Bits: None
4. Since data in Cerberus is binary so binary data format is chosen.

NEW FEATURES ADDED TO THE GUI:

1. DATA EXPLORER:

After discussion with the people who will be using the GUI, the need for a data explorer came to light. The data explorer should display all the calculated values in accessible way without creating a mess in the GUI.

To achieve this goal, I used QTableWidgetItem of PyQt which is designed for the systematic data view. The following image shows the code for the data explorer.

2. MULTIPLE FILES:

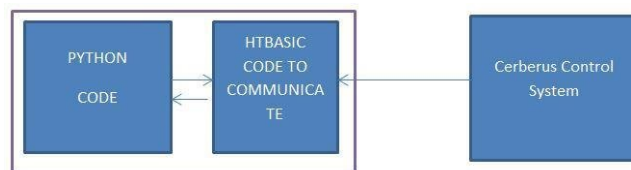
The task of opening multiple files is achieved through QTabWidget of PyQt. Each tab has its associated Dataset object which contains all the data and other details.

3. SAVING A FILE:

To save a file I used the standard python module named **Pickle**, which stores any object to a file. The object is stored serially as byte stream. To retrieve back the object, the module has a concept of unpickling which gets the object back.

CONNECTION:

The connection has been made using this model but it is in the final phase of testing. Final Model is depicted in following figure:



CONCLUSION:

The next and the last target is to test this model for different types of tests and create a help manual.