Quantum Computing for the very curious, summary

Veikko Nyfors 17.01.2022

In this document I am wrapping up the Strangeworks' paced repetition document named 'Quantum computing for the very curious'

1 Matrix fundamentals relating to base states

Dirac notation

$$|0\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\0 \end{bmatrix} = e_0, \ |1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1 \end{bmatrix} = e_1, \ \langle 0| = \begin{bmatrix} 1&0 \end{bmatrix}, \ \langle 1| = \begin{bmatrix} 0&1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$|\psi\rangle^{\dagger} = \langle \psi|$$

Matrix addition

$$\frac{1+i}{2}|0\rangle + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1+i}{2} \\ \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Unitarity

$$U^{\dagger}U = I, \quad U^{\dagger} = (U^T)^*, \quad \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}^{\dagger} = \begin{bmatrix} a^* & c^* \\ d^* & d^* \end{bmatrix}, \ I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2 Gates

Pauli gates: X(/NOT), Y and Z

$$\begin{split} NOT|0\rangle &= |1\rangle \quad NOT|1\rangle = |0\rangle, \quad NOT(\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle) = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle, \\ X &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ XX|\psi\rangle &= \psi \\ Y &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{bmatrix}, Y|0\rangle = i|1\rangle, Y|1\rangle = -i|0\rangle \\ Z &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, Z|0\rangle = |0\rangle, Z|1\rangle = -|1\rangle \end{split}$$

Hadamard Gate

$$H|0\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad H|1\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$H(\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle) = \alpha \left(\frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \beta \left(\frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\sqrt{2}}|0\rangle + \frac{\alpha - \beta}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle$$

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, H = H^{\dagger}, HH = HH^{\dagger} = I$$

$$\Rightarrow HH|0\rangle = |0\rangle, HH|1\rangle = |1\rangle, HH|\psi\rangle = |\psi\rangle$$

$$\frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad \mathbf{H} \qquad \mathbf{M}) = |0\rangle$$

$$\frac{|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \qquad \mathbf{H} \qquad \mathbf{M}) = |1\rangle$$

Rotation

$$R_y(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta/2) & -\sin(\theta/2) \\ \sin(\theta/2) & \cos(\theta/2) \end{bmatrix}$$