

Topological Sorting

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4:00 PM

- Some things hv to occur before everything else.
- eg. Class prerequisites, program build dependency
- Can find in $O(V+E)$ time.

Note: Topological orders are not unique.

- Not every graph has a topological order (graphs with cycles)

Only DAGs

- Every tree has a topological order.

↳ Cherry picking from the leaf.

- Once all leaves are gone, node becomes available.

↖ Add the node to the order while backtrack.

- Can be done with both DFS & BFS
- DFS inserts a node in the ordering when its outdegree becomes 0.
- BFS inserts a node in the ordering when its indegree becomes 0.

Kahn's algo

↳ repeatedly remove nodes w/o dependencies.

we use a queue & push elements when its indegree becomes 0.

Shortest/longest path in a graph

- Linear time algo to find shortest path between two nodes. $O(V+E)$. (also works with -ve edges)

- Next fastest algo → Dijkstra's algorithm.

find topological order & process sequentially.

1. Works because we only add node to queue when all indegree becomes 0.

↳ Makes sure that all paths to node are explored & min is selected.

Main reason this works is because, by the time you get to a node, all the nodes which precede it have been processed.

Why use Dijkstra?

- Topsort algo fails when graphs have cycles.
- Graph must be a DAG

No order is possible.