



DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

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DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Introduction to Singly Linked List

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List

- Dynamic data structure consists of a collection of elements
- Can be implemented in two ways
 - ❑ By contiguous memory allocation : ArrayList
 - ❑ By Linked Allocation : Linked List

DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

List Data Structure: Operations



- Creating a List
- Inserting an element in a list
- Deleting an element from a list
- Searching a list
- Reversing a list
- Concatenating two lists
- Traversing a list

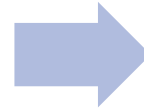
DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Understanding Array List (Linear List using Arrays)



Placement

- Sequential



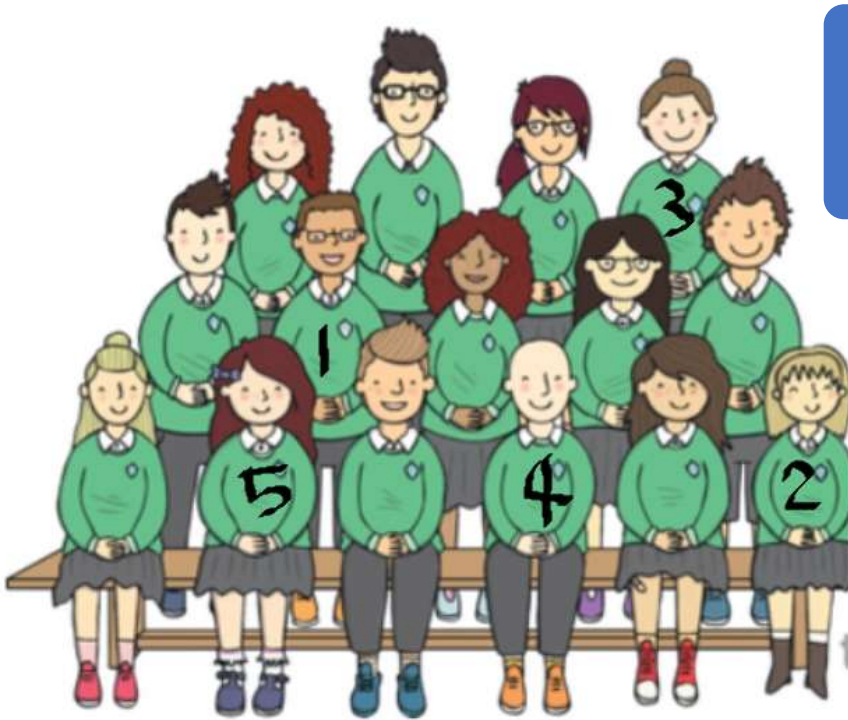
Access

- Sequential

Array List

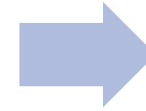
DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Understanding Linked List



Placement

- Random



Access

- Sequential

Linked List

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Array List Vs Linked List

| ArrayList | Linked list |
|---|--|
| Fixed size: Resizing is expensive | Dynamic size |
| Insertions and Deletions are inefficient | Insertions and Deletions are efficient |
| Elements in contiguous memory locations | Elements not in contiguous memory locations |
| May result in memory wastage if all the allocated space is not used | Since memory is allocated dynamically(as per requirement) there is no wastage of memory. |
| Sequential and random access is faster | Sequential and random access is slow |

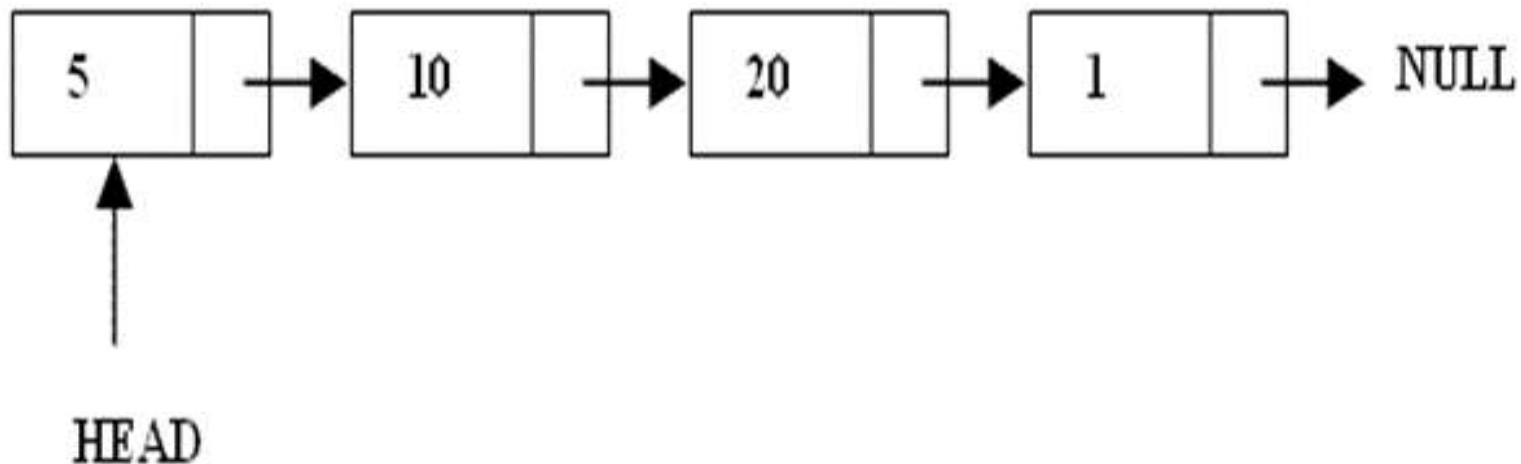
Types of Linked List

- Singly Linked List
- Doubly Linked List
- Circular Linked List
- Multi Linked List

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Singly Linked List

- A linked list is a linear data structure.
- Nodes make up linked lists.
- Nodes are structures made up of data and a pointer to another node.
- Usually the pointer is called as link.



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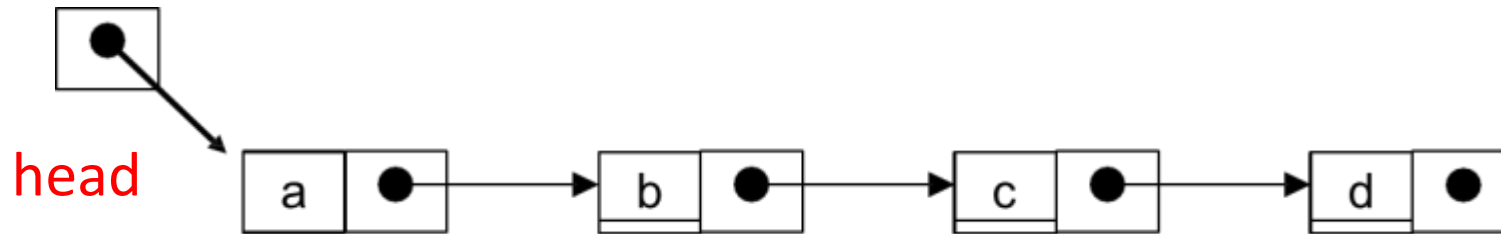
Single Linked List

- Each node has only one link part
- Each link part contains the address of the next node in the list
- Link part of the last node contains NULL value which signifies the end of the node

| DATA | LINK |
|------|------|
|------|------|

DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Single Linked List :Schematic representation



- Each node contains a value(data) and a pointer to the next node in the list
- Head/start** is a pointer which points at the first node in the list

Singly Linked List

Apply the concepts to answer the following questions

- Give structure definition for node of singly linked list used to store employee data (employee no , name, salary ,designation)



THANK YOU

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