

Preet Kanwal

Department of Computer Science & Engineering



Unit 2

Preet Kanwal

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Regular Expression in Practice

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Special characters

1.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



```
1. .(dot)matches any single character except newline
```

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- 1.
- 2.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Special characters

- 1.
- 2. * (Star)

0 or more repetitions of preceding regex

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



```
Special characters
```

```
1. .
```

Example:

a*

Strings matched:

0 or more no. of a's

Example: λ , a, aa, aaa, aaaa, aaaaa....

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- 1.
- 2. *
- **3.** +

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



```
Special characters
```

```
2. *
```

3. +

Example:

a+

Strings matched:

1 or more no. of a's

Example: a,aa,aaa,aaaa,aaaa....

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- 1.
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Special characters

- 1.
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.

Example:

ab?c

matches abc or ac

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Special characters

- **1.**
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.
- **5.** []

Character Class Matches any single character

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



```
Example
[cat]
String matched:
C
or a
or t
```

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- **1.**
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.
- **5.** []
- **6.** ^

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



^ (caret) :

Example:

Example: ^abc matches "a" at the start of the string.

[^abc]: This pattern matches any character except a or b or c.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- 1.
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.
- **5.** []
- 6. ^
- 7.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



```
$ (dollar):
```

Example:

- -> abc\$" matches "c" at the end of a line.
- -> ^\$ matches the empty string.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- 1.
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.
- 5. []
- 6. ^
- 7. \$
- 8. { } (Syntax R{m,n})

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



```
Example of { }

a{0, } - same as a*

a{1, } - same as a+

a{2,3} matches "aa" or "aaa".
```

a{3} matches aaa only

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



- **1.** .
- 2. *
- 3. +
- 4.
- **5.** []
- 6. ^
- 7. \$
- 8. { } (Syntax R{m,n})
- 9. \d matches any digit between [0-9]
 - a. \d{9} matches any 9 digits
 - b. \d{2,3} matches 2 or 3 digits

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



We will discuss how to construct regex for validating the following:

- PAN Card
- Adhaar Card
- Mobile Number
- Date
- Email Address

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



PAN CARD:

The valid PAN Card number must satisfy the following conditions:

- 1. It should be 10 characters long.
- 2. The first five characters should be any upper case alphabets.
- 3. The next four-characters should be any number from 0 to 9.
- 4. The last(tenth) character should be any upper case alphabet.
- 5. It should not contain any white spaces.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



PAN CARD Regex - ^[A-Z]{5}[0-9]{4}[A-Z]\$

Input: str = "BNZAA2318J"

Output: true

Explanation:

The given string satisfies all the above mentioned conditions.

Input: str = "23ZAABN18J"

Output: false

Explanation:

The given string does not start with upper case alphabets, therefore it is not a valid PAN Card number.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



AADHAR NUMBER:

The valid Aadhar number must satisfy the following conditions:

- 1. It should have 12 digits.
- 2. It should not start with 0 and 1.
- 3. It should not contains any alphabet and special characters.
- 4. It should have white space after every 4 digits.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



AADHAR Number Regex - ^[2-9]{1}\d{3}\s{4}[" "]\s{4}\$"

Input: str = "3675 9834 6012"

Output: true

Explanation:

The given string satisfies all the above mentioned conditions. Therefore it is a valid Aadhar number.

Input: str = "3675 9834 6012 8"

Output: false

Explanation:

The given string contains 13 digits. Therefore it is not a valid Aadhar number.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



• INDIAN MOBILE NUMBER:

The valid Mobile number must satisfy the following conditions:

- It is a 10 digits number
- The first digit should contain number between 6 to 9.
- The rest 9 digit can contain any number between 0 to 9.
- The mobile number can have 11 digits also by including 0 at the starting.
- The mobile number can be of 13 digits also by including +91 at the starting

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



MOBILE Number Regex - ^(0|"+91")?[6-9]\d{9}\$

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Dates in the year 2020

• It is a leap year

Let the format be DD-MM-YY

Months with 31 days are: Jan, Mar, May, July, Aug, Oct, Dec

: [1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12]

Months with 30 days are: Apr, June, Sep, Nov

: [4, 6, 9, 11]

Month with 29 days: Feb

:[2]

• Year: 2020

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Dates in the year 2020

```
Regex:
```

```
(
[1-31]"-"(0[13578]|1[0|2])
|
[1-30]"-"(0[469]|11)
|
[1-29]"-""02"
)"-""2020"
```

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Email Address:

An email is a string (a subset of ASCII characters) separated into two parts by @ symbol. a "personal_info" and a domain, that is personal_info@domain. The length of the personal_info part may be up to 64 characters long and domain name

The personal_info part contains the following ASCII characters.

- Uppercase (A-Z) and lowercase (a-z) English letters.
- Digits (0-9).

may be up to 253 characters.

- Characters!#\$%&'*+-/=?^_`{|}~
- Character. (period, dot or fullstop) provided that it is not the first or last character and it will not come one after the other.

The domain name [for example com, org, net, in, us, info] part contains letters, digits, hyphens, and dots.

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Email Address:

Example of valid email id

- mysite@ourearth.com
- my.ownsite@ourearth.org
- mysite@you.net

Example of invalid email id

- mysite.ourearth.com [@ is not present]
- mysite@.com.my [tld (Top Level domain) can not start with dot "."]
- @you.me.net [No character before @]

Automata Formal Languages and Logic Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Regular Expression in practice: Examples

Example 2: Simple URL Validator

Automata Formal Languages and Logic Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Regular Expression in practice: Examples

Example 2: Simple URL Validator

^((ht|f)tp(s?))\://([0-9a-zA-Z\-]+\.)+[a-zA-Z]{2,6}(\:[0-9]+)?(/\S*)?\$

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Regular Expression in practice: Examples

Example 5: -mail addresses Validation

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Regular Expression in practice: Examples

Example 5: -mail addresses Validation

Automata Formal Languages and Logic Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice

PESUNIVERSITY

Regular Expression in practice: Examples

Example 6: Ip Address validation:

Unit 2 - Regular Expression in Practice



Regular Expression in practice: Examples

Example 6: Ip Address validation:

^(25[0-5]|2[0-4][0-9]|[0-1]{1}[0-9]{2}|[1-9]{1}[0-9]{1}|[1-9])\.(25[0-5]|2[0-4][0-9]|[0-1]{1}[0-9]{2}|[1-9]{1}[0-9]{1}|[1-9]|0)\.(25[0-5]|2[0-4][0-9]|[0-1]{1}[0-9]{2}|[1-9]{1}[0-9]{1}|[1-9]|0)\.(25[0-5]|2[0-4][0-9]|[0-1]{1}[0-9]{2}|[1-9]{1}[0-9]{1}|[0-9])\$



THANK YOU

Preet Kanwal

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

preetkanwal@pes.edu

+91 80 6666 3333 Extn 724