



COMPUTER NETWORKS

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Transport Layer

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Connection-oriented transport: TCP

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In this segment

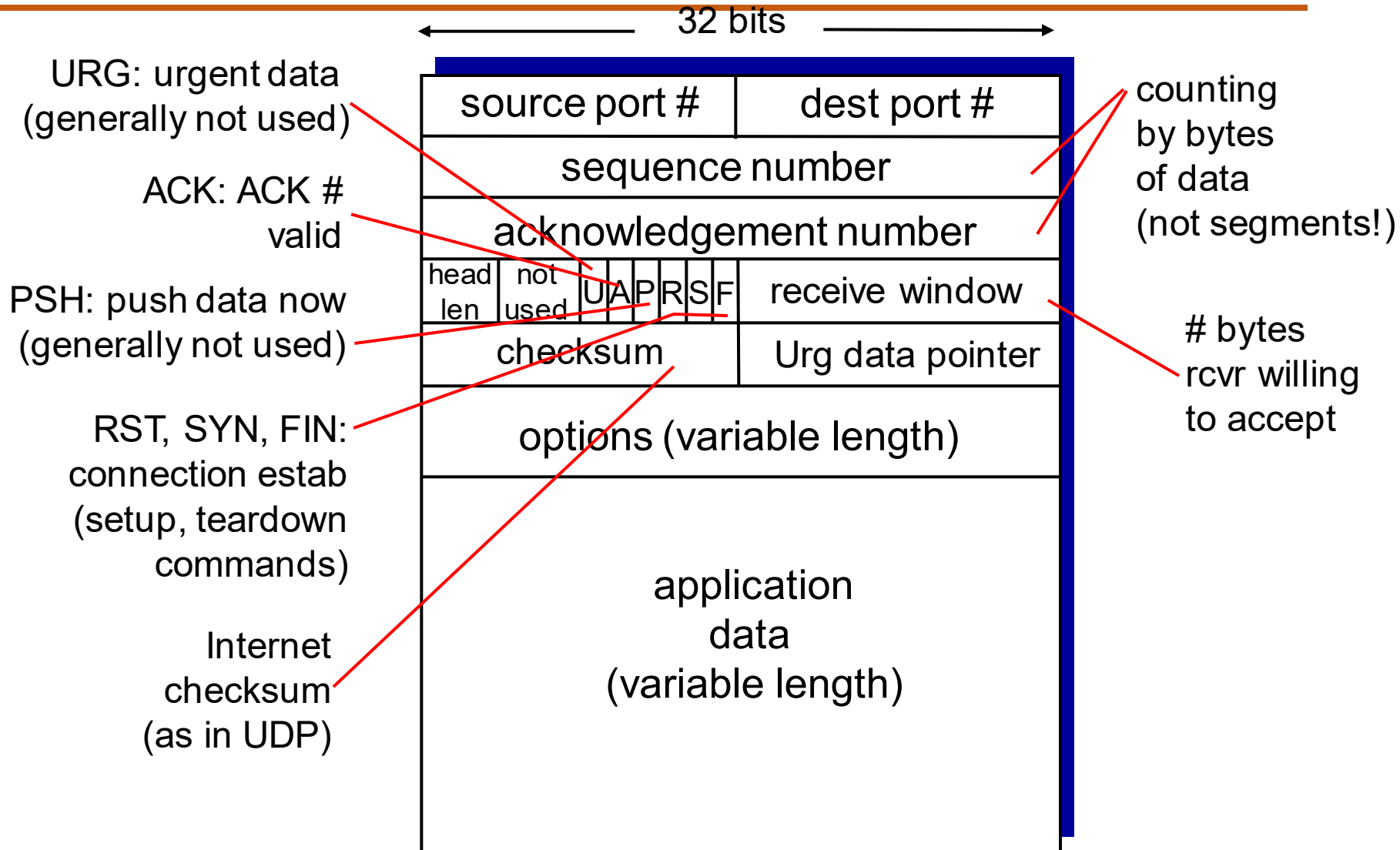
- TCP: Overview RFCs: 793,1122,1323, 2018, 2581
- TCP segment structure
- TCP seq. numbers, ACKs
- TCP round trip time, timeout



- point-to-point:
 - one sender, one receiver
 - reliable, in-order *byte stream*:
 - no “message boundaries”
 - pipelined:
 - TCP congestion and flow control set window size
- full duplex data:
 - bi-directional data flow in same connection
 - MSS: maximum segment size
 - connection-oriented:
 - handshaking (exchange of control msgs) initializes sender, receiver state before data exchange
 - flow controlled:
 - sender will not overwhelm receiver

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TCP segment structure



sequence numbers:

- byte stream “number” of first byte in segment’s data

acknowledgements:

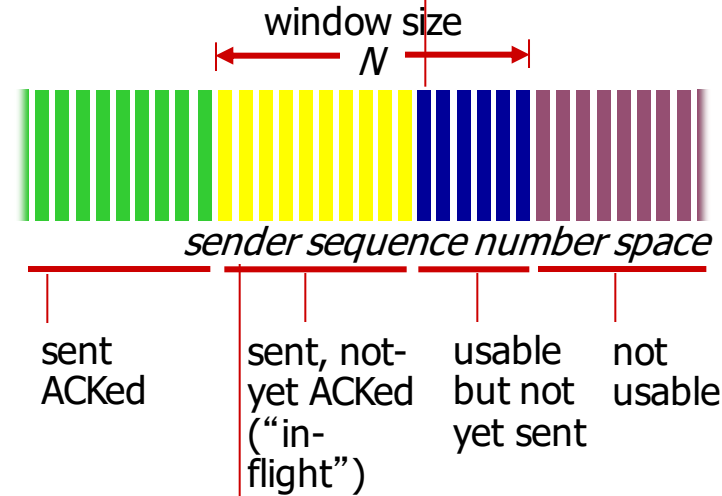
- seq # of next byte expected from other side
- cumulative ACK

Q: how receiver handles out-of-order segments

- **A:** TCP spec doesn’t say, - up to implementor

outgoing segment from sender

source port #	dest port #
sequence number	
acknowledgement number	
	rwnd
checksum	urg pointer

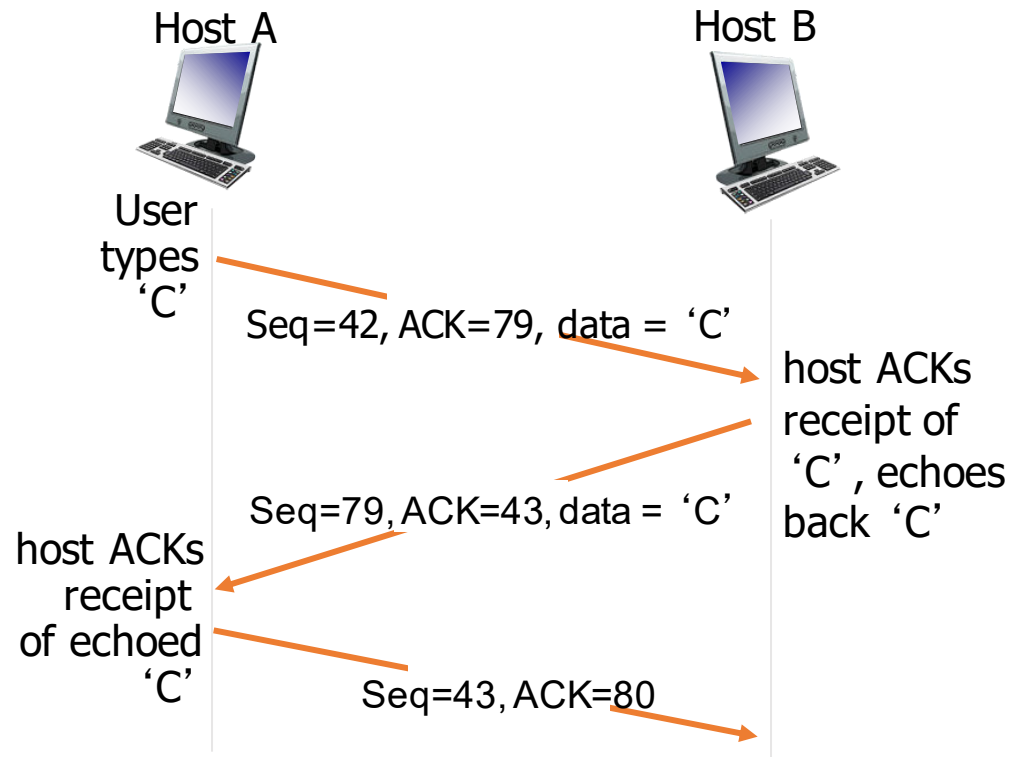


incoming segment to sender

source port #	dest port #
sequence number	
acknowledgement number	
	rwnd
checksum	urg pointer

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TCP seq. numbers, ACKs



simple telnet scenario

Q: how to set TCP timeout value?

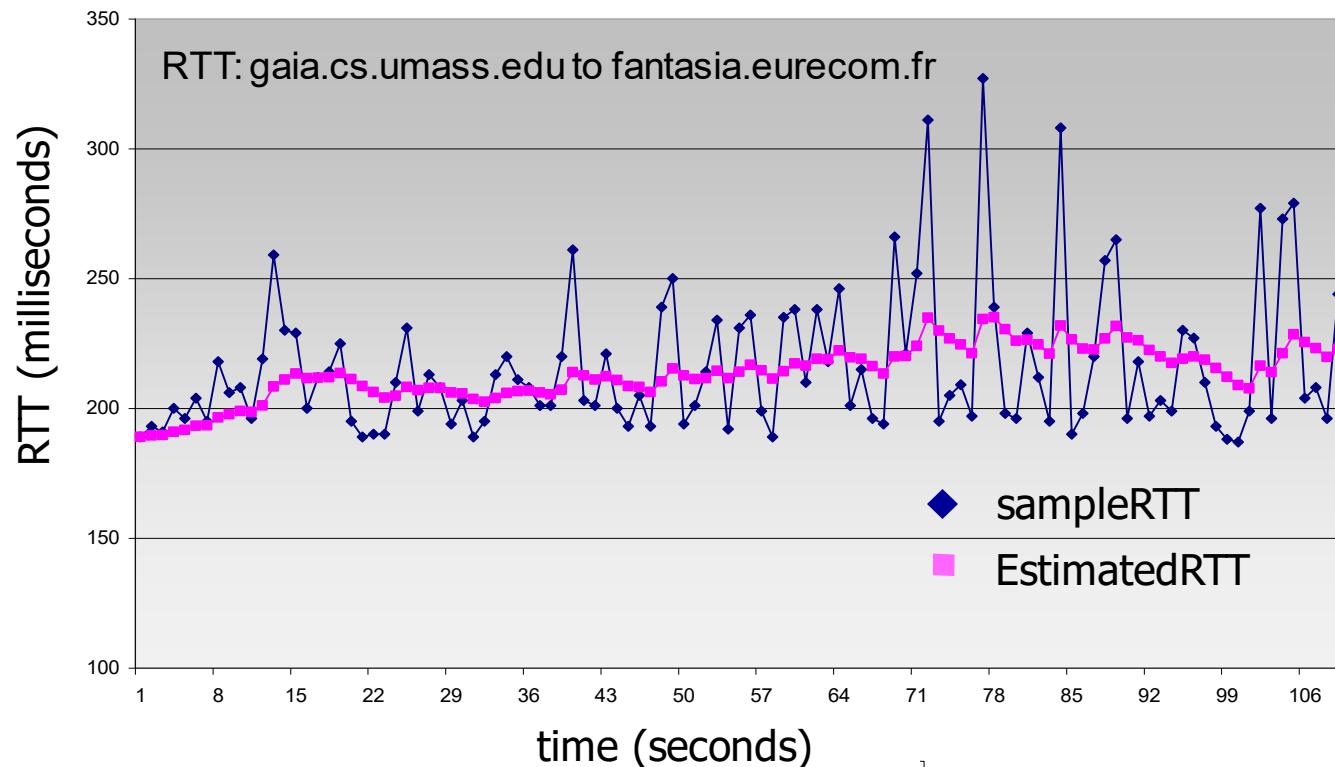
- longer than RTT
 - but RTT varies
- too short: premature timeout, unnecessary retransmissions
- too long: slow reaction to segment loss

Q: how to estimate RTT?

- **SampleRTT**: measured time from segment transmission until ACK receipt
 - ignore retransmissions
- **SampleRTT** will vary, want estimated RTT “**smoother**”
 - average several recent measurements, not just current **SampleRTT**

$$\text{EstimatedRTT} = (1 - \alpha) * \text{EstimatedRTT} + \alpha * \text{SampleRTT}$$


- exponential weighted moving average
- influence of past sample decreases exponentially fast
- typical value: $\alpha = 0.125$



- timeout interval: EstimatedRTT plus “safety margin”
 - large variation in EstimatedRTT -> larger safety margin
- estimate SampleRTT deviation from EstimatedRTT:

$$\text{DevRTT} = (1-\beta) * \text{DevRTT} + \beta * |\text{SampleRTT} - \text{EstimatedRTT}|$$

(typically, $\beta = 0.25$)

$$\text{TimeoutInterval} = \text{EstimatedRTT} + 4 * \text{DevRTT}$$


↑
estimated RTT

↑
“safety margin”



THANK YOU

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