

Penetration Testing Report

For

"Noobsware"

S.NO.	Title	#
1.	Challenge Category	Malware Analysis
2.	Challenge Related Files	flag.txt.g147, logs.txt, noobsware
3.	File Link / Target IP	N/A

PROCEDURE

1. The log file tell us that there is some bug in the windows binary. So let's start with that. A MD5 hash is present probably of the binary. On googling about online malware sandboxes, you'll encounter <u>ANY RUN</u>. Searching the hash against the public uploads, you'll find the binary sample.



2. Now its clearly stated in the logs that the ransomware has been written in Python. With <u>F-Secure's Blog</u> as reference, you can decompile the binary to get the source code.

```
rootaglatisant:~/Documents/noobsware/python-exe-unpacker# python3.7 python_exe_unpack.py -i ../main.bin
[*] On Python 3.7
[*] Processing ../main.bin
[*] Pyinstaller version: 2.1+
[*] This exe is packed using pyinstaller
[*] Unpacking the binary now
[*] Python version: 38
[*] Length of package: 7365433 bytes
[*] Found 67 files in CArchive
[*] Beginning extraction ... please standby
[!] Warning: The script is running in a different python version than the one used to build the executable Run this script in Python38 to prevent extraction errors(if any) during unmarshalling
[*] Found 248 files in PYZ archive
[*] Successfully extracted pyinstaller exe.
```

3. Running a strings analysis on the partially decompiled file - main, you'll get a key.

4. After playing little bit with both the binaries & a little bit of guessing, you'll come to know where exactly to use the key.

```
root@glatisant:~/Documents/noobsware/files# ls
flag.txt.g147 noobsware
root@glatisant:~/Documents/noobsware/files# ./noobsware -d
decryption key: l0ng p4ssword
root@glatisant:~/Documents/noobsware/files# ls
flag.txt noobsware
root@glatisant:~/Documents/noobsware/files# cat flag.txt
HE{crypt0vir0l0gy-is-aw3s0me}
```

Flags:

S.No.	Flag - No.	Flag
1.	Flag 1	HE{crypt0vir0l0gy-is-aw3s0me}