## <u>PUC MINAS</u> <u>DERIVADAS</u> <u>PRIMEIRO PERIODO</u>

Calcule a derivada primeira:

01. 
$$f(x)=(x^2+4x+6)^5$$

02. 
$$f(x) = \cos(tgx)$$

03. 
$$f(x)=e^{\sqrt{x}}$$

04. 
$$f(x) = tg3x$$

05. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{1+x^3}$$

06. 
$$f(x) = sen(e^x)$$

07. 
$$f(x)=(x^3+4x)^7$$

08. 
$$f(x) = (x^2-x+1)^3$$

09. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 7x}$$

10. 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{(x^2 - 2x - 5)^4}$$

11. 
$$f(x) = (x - \frac{1}{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

12. 
$$f(x) = tg(\sqrt[3]{1 + tgx})$$

13. 
$$f(x) = \cos(a^3 + x^3)$$

14. 
$$f(x) = a^3 + \cos^3 x$$

15. 
$$f(x) = e^{-mx}$$

16. 
$$f(x) = 4 \sec 5x$$

17. 
$$f(x) = (3x-2)^{10}(5x^2-x+1)^{12}$$

18. 
$$f(x) = (6x^2+5)^3(x^3-7)^4$$

19. 
$$f(x) = (2x-5)^4(8x^2-5)^{-3}$$

20. 
$$f(x) = (x^2+1)(\sqrt[3]{x^2+2})$$

21. 
$$f(x) = x e^{-x^2}$$

22. 
$$f(x) = e^{-5x}\cos 3x$$

23. 
$$f(x) = (\frac{x-6}{x+7})^3$$

24. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{x^3 + 1}{x^3 - 1}}$$

25. 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{2x-1}}$$

26. 
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{7-3x}}$$

27. 
$$f(x) = tg(cosx)$$

$$28. \ \ f(x) = \frac{sen^2x}{\cos x}$$

29. 
$$f(x) = 5^{-\frac{1}{x}}$$

30. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{1 + 2tgx}$$

31. 
$$f(x) = sen^3 x + cos^3 x$$

32. 
$$f(x) = sen^2(coskx)$$

33. 
$$f(x) = (1 + \cos^2 x)^6$$

$$34. \ \ f(x) = xsen \frac{1}{x}$$

35. 
$$f(x) = \frac{e^{3x}}{1+e^x}$$

36. 
$$f(x) = e^{5\hat{g}enx}$$

$$37. \ \mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) = e^{x \cos x}$$

38. 
$$f(x) = sen(sen(senx))$$

39. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}$$

40. 
$$f(x) = sen(tg\sqrt{senx})$$

41. 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}}$$

42. 
$$f(x) = 2^{3^{x^2}}$$

43. 
$$f(x) = \log_{10}(x^2 - x)$$

44. 
$$f(x) = \ln senx - \frac{1}{2} sen^2 x$$

44. 
$$f(x) = \ln(\csc 5x)$$

45. 
$$f(x) = \ln \left| \frac{x^2 - 4}{2x + 5} \right|$$

$$46. \ \ f(x) = \ln(\sec x + tgx)$$

47. 
$$f(x) = ln(1+x^2)$$

48. 
$$f(x) = \ln(x + \ln x)$$

49. 
$$f(x) = \ln \sqrt{\frac{3x+2}{3x-2}}$$

50. 
$$f(x) = ln(x^3 senx)$$

Encontre a equação da reta tangente no ponto dado

51. 
$$f(x) = \frac{8}{\sqrt{4+3x}}$$
, (4,2)

52. 
$$f(x) = senx + cos2x$$
, (30°,1)

53. 
$$f(x) = sen(sen x), (\pi, 0)$$

54. 
$$f(x) = 10^x$$
 , (1,10)

55. 
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{1 + e^{-x}}, (0,1)$$

56. 
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{2-x^2}}, (1,1)^2 x$$

57. 
$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}$$
, (1,0)

58. 
$$f(x) = 2senx + sen^2x$$
 (0,0)

59. 
$$f(x) = ln(e^x + e^{2x}), (0, ln2)$$

60. 
$$f(x) = (lntgx)^2$$
,  $(45^\circ, 0)$ 

## **PUC MINAS**

## RESPOSTAS DAS DERIVADAS - REGRA DA CADEIA

01. 
$$10(x^2+4x+6)^4(x+2)$$

02. 
$$-\operatorname{sen}(\operatorname{tgx})\operatorname{sec}^2x$$
 03.  $\frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}}$ .

$$03. \ \frac{e^{\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

04. 
$$3\sec^2 3x$$

05. 
$$\frac{x^2}{(1+x^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$
 06.  $e^x \cos(e^x)$ 

$$06. e^{x}\cos(e^{x})$$

07. 
$$7x^6(x^2+4)^6(3x^2+4)$$

08. 
$$3(x^2-x+1)^2(2x-1)$$

08. 
$$3(x^2-x+1)^2(2x-1)$$
 09.  $\frac{2x-7}{2\sqrt{x^2-7x}}$ 

10. 
$$\frac{8(1-x)}{(x^2-2x-5)^5}$$

11. 
$$\frac{3}{2}(x-\frac{1}{x})^{\frac{1}{2}}(1+\frac{1}{x^2})$$
 12.  $\frac{\sec^2 x}{3\sqrt[3]{(1+tgx)^2}}$ 

$$12. \quad \frac{\sec^2 x}{3\sqrt[3]{(1+tgx)^2}}$$

13. 
$$-3x^2$$
sen( $a^3+x^3$ )

16. 
$$20\cos(5x)tg(5x)$$

17. 
$$6(3x-2)^9(5x^2-x+1)^{11}(85x^2-51x+9)$$

18. 
$$12x(6x^2+5)^2(x^3-7)^3(9x^3+5x-21)$$

18. 
$$12x(6x^2+5)^2(x^3-7)^3(9x^3+5x-21)$$
 19.  $8(2x-5)^3(8x^2-5)^4(-4x^2+30x-5)$ 

20. 
$$2x(x^2+2)[1+\frac{x^2+1}{3(x^2+2)}]$$
 21.  $e^{-x^2}(1-2x^2)$  22.  $-e^{-5x}[3\sin(3x)+5\cos(3x)]$ 

21. 
$$e^{-x^2}(1-2x^2)$$

22. 
$$-e^{-5x}[3sen(3x)+5cos(3x)$$

23. 
$$\frac{-39(x-6)^2}{(x+7)^4}$$

23. 
$$\frac{-39(x-6)^2}{(x+7)^4}$$
 24.  $\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x^3+1}{x^3-1})^{\frac{-3}{4}}(\frac{-3x^2}{(x^3-1)^2})$  25.  $\frac{-2}{5}(2x-1)^{\frac{-6}{5}}$ 

25. 
$$\frac{-2}{5}(2x-1)^{\frac{-6}{5}}$$

$$2x^{3}-1 \quad (x-1)$$
26. 
$$\frac{14-3x}{2(7-3x)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$
27. 
$$-\operatorname{senx}(\sec^{2}x.)(\cos x)$$
28. 
$$\operatorname{senx}(1+\sec^{2}x)$$
29. 
$$5^{\frac{-1}{x}}\frac{\ln x}{x^{2}}$$

28. 
$$\operatorname{senx}(1+\operatorname{sec}^2x)$$

29. 
$$5^{\frac{-1}{x}} \frac{\ln x}{x^2}$$

$$30. \ \frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{1+2tgx}}$$

30. 
$$\frac{\sec^2 x}{\sqrt{1+2tgx}}$$
 31.  $3\operatorname{senxcosx}(\operatorname{senx-cosx})$  32.  $-\operatorname{ksen}(\operatorname{kx})\operatorname{sen}(2\operatorname{coskx})$ 

33. 
$$-12\cos x \sec nx(1+\cos^2 x)^5$$
 34.  $sen\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{x}\cos\frac{1}{x}$  35.  $\frac{3e^{3x}+2e^{4x}}{(1+e^x)^2}$  36.  $5\cos(5x)e^{\sec n(5x)}$ 

34. 
$$sen \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x} cos \frac{1}{x}$$

35. 
$$\frac{3e^{3x} + 2e^{4x}}{(1+e^x)^2}$$

36. 
$$5\cos(5x)e^{\sin(5x)}$$

37. 
$$(\cos x - x \sec x)e^{x \cos x}$$
 38.  $\cos (\sec x)\cos (\sec x)\cos x$  39.  $\frac{1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{2\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}}$ 

$$39. \ \frac{1+\frac{1}{2)x}}{2\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{x}}$$

40. 
$$\cos(tg\sqrt{senx})(\sec^2\sqrt{senx})\frac{1}{2\sqrt{senx}\cos x}$$
 41.  $\frac{1}{2}(x+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{-1}{2}}[1+\frac{1}{2}(x+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{-1}{2}}(1+\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{-1}{2}})]$ 

41. 
$$\frac{1}{2}(x+\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}})^{\frac{-1}{2}}[1+\frac{1}{2}(x+\sqrt{x})]^{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

42. 
$$(\ln 2)3^{x^2}(\ln 3)2x$$
 43.  $\frac{2x-1}{(x^2-x)\ln 10}$  44. cscx-senxcosx 44b. -5cot(5x)

43. 
$$\frac{2x-1}{(x^2-x)\ln 10}$$

45. 
$$\frac{1}{x-2}$$

47. 
$$\frac{2-2x^2}{x^2+1}$$

45. 
$$\frac{1}{x-2}$$
 46. secxtgx 47.  $\frac{2-2x^2}{x^2+1}$  48.  $\frac{x+1}{x(x+\ln x)}$  49.  $\frac{-6}{9x^2-4}$ 

49. 
$$\frac{-6}{9x^2-4}$$

50. 
$$\frac{3\cot x}{x}$$

51. 
$$y = \frac{-3x + 44}{16}$$

50. 
$$\frac{3\cot x}{x}$$
 51.  $y = \frac{-3x + 44}{16}$  52.  $y = 1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(x - \frac{\pi}{6})$  53.  $y = -x + \pi$ 

53. 
$$y = -x + x$$

54. 
$$y = 10 [(x-1)\ln 10 + 1$$
 55.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$  56.  $y = 2x-1$  57.  $y=0$ 

55. 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

56. 
$$y = 2x-1$$

58. 
$$y = 2x-4$$

58. 
$$y = 2x-4$$
 59  $y = \frac{3}{2}x + \ln 2$