

```
IntersectionController.java
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package londonsw.controller;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Intersection;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle;
import londonsw.view.simulation.IntersectionDecorator;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
public class IntersectionController {
    private static Map<Intersection,IntersectionDecorator> intersections = new H
ashMap<Intersection,IntersectionDecorator>();
   private static ArrayList<Intersection> allIntersections = new ArrayList<>();
     * Prevents instantiation of this class
    protected IntersectionController() { }
     * Register an instance of an Intersection to and IntersectionDecorator, and
 adds the Intersection to a list to keep
     * track of
     * @param i the instance of Intersection to register
     * @param gui the instance of IntersectionDecorator for that intersection
   public static void addIntersectionAndDecoratorPair(Intersection i, Intersect
ionDecorator gui) {
        intersections.put(i,gui);
        allIntersections.add(i);
     * Retrieve the decorator for that specific Intersection
     * @param i the Intersection to get the decorator for
     * @return the decorator associated with that Intersection
   public static IntersectionDecorator getIntersectionDecoratorForIntersection(
Intersection i) {
        return intersections.get(i);
     * Gets all Intersections in the system
     * @return ArrayList of all Intersections in the system
    public ArrayList<Intersection> getAllIntersections() {
        return allIntersections;
     * This method is used for determining which vehicle will turn first in an i
ntersection. By generating priorities,
     * this will prevent cars from driving into each other in intersections.
```

* @param intersection the intersection where the vehicles are

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```
# @param vehicles array list of vehicles with priorities set
    * @return true if this method succeeds (always true)
    * @throws Exception
    */
    public static boolean vehicleTurnFirst(Intersection intersection, ArrayList
Vehicle> vehicles) throws Exception {
        ArrayList<Integer> randomPriority = (ArrayList < Integer>) intersection
        .generateRandom().clone();
        intersection.vehicleTurnFirst(intersection.giveVehiclePriorities(randomPriority));
        return true;
}
```

```
package londonsw.controller;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import londonsw.view.mapcreation.ComponentType;
import londonsw.view.mapcreation.MapMakerScreen;
 * The controller for the Map making aspect of this software
public class MapMakerController {
   private int width;
   private int height;
   private Stage primaryStage;
   private static ComponentType currentFocused;
   private static ComponentType previousFocused;
    /**
     * Creates an instance of a MapMakerController with a stage in which to draw
 the Map making screen
     * @param primaryStage the stage in which to draw the Map making screen
    public MapMakerController(Stage primaryStage) {
        this.primaryStage = primaryStage;
    /**
     * Tells this controller what width and height the user chose for their map
     * @param width the width of the user's new map
     * @param height the height of the user's new map
    public void setWidthAndHeight(int width, int height) {
        this.width = width;
        this.height = height;
    /**
     * Draws the screen using the stage given and displays it to the user
     * @throws Exception
    public void drawScreen() throws Exception{
        MapMakerScreen mapMakerScreen = new MapMakerScreen(width, height);
        mapMakerScreen.drawScreen(primaryStage);
     * Get the width the user chose for their new map
     * @return width of the map
    public int getWidth() {
        return width;
     * Get the height the user chose for their map
     * @return height of the map
    public int getHeight() {
```

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        return height;
     * Gets what the current focused is in the screen. This is what the user cli
cked last in the screen. It is of type
     * ComponentType enum, which can be a RoadNS image, Map_Square, Nothing, etc
     * @return ComponentType enum of what the user clicked last
    public static ComponentType getCurrentFocused() {
        return currentFocused;
     * Sets the current focused in the map, this is set after the user clicks so
     * @param focused what was last clicked on by the user, converted to type en
um ComponentType
     */
   public static void setCurrentFocused(ComponentType focused) {
       currentFocused = focused;
     * Gets what the user previously clicked (the click before the current click
)
     * @return ComponentType of what was clicked on the click before the last
     */
    public static ComponentType getPreviousFocused() {
        return previousFocused;
     * Sets the previously clicked before last item
     * @param prev sets the click before the last click to what was focused, con
verted to type ComponentType
     */
   public static void setPreviousFocused(ComponentType prev) {
       previousFocused = prev;
}
```

/**


```
StartUpController.java
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                                                                                Page 1/5
package londonsw.controller;
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.application.Platform;
import javafx.collections.FXCollections;
import javafx.collections.ObservableList;
import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.geometry.Insets;
import javafx.geometry.Pos;
import javafx.scene.Node;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.layout.GridPane;
import javafx.scene.layout.VBox;
import javafx.scene.text.Font;
import javafx.scene.text.FontWeight;
import javafx.stage.FileChooser;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import java.io.File;
import javafx.stage.StageStyle;
import javafx.util.Pair;
import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker;
//import java.awt.*;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Optional;
/**
    This is the controller that gets called by the main SystemApp class. This co
ntroller initiates all GUI screens.
@SuppressWarnings("Duplicates")
public class StartUpController extends Application {
    private static StartUpController instance;
    public StartUpController() { }
    public static StartUpController getInstance() {
         if(instance == null)
             instance = new StartUpController();
        return instance;
    public void startSoftware(String[] args) {
        launch(args);
     * This is the first method that gets called in the system. It loads the Sta
rtScreen fxml file, which contains
     * the START button.
     * @param primaryStage the stage that initially loads
     * @throws Exception
     */
```

```
StartUpController.java
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    @Override
    public void start(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception {
        primaryStage.setTitle("LondonSW Traffic Simulator");
        VBox \ vBox = new \ VBox();
        vBox.setPrefSize(600,400);
        vBox.setSpacing(10);
        vBox.setStyle("-fx-background-color:papayawhip");
        vBox.setAlignment(Pos.CENTER);
        Label londonSWLabel = new Label("London SW");
        londonSWLabel.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 20));
        Label trafficSimLabel = new Label("Traffic Simulator");
        trafficSimLabel.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.EXTRA_BOLD
, 22));
        trafficSimLabel.setPadding(new Insets(0,0,50,0));
        Button startButton = new Button("Start");
        startButton.setPrefSize(300,150);
        startButton.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        startButton.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.EXTRA_BOLD, 26
));
        vBox.getChildren().add(londonSWLabel);
        vBox.getChildren().add(trafficSimLabel);
        vBox.getChildren().add(startButton);
        Scene scene = new Scene(vBox);
        primaryStage.setScene(scene);
        primaryStage.setResizable(false);
        primaryStage.show();
        primaryStage.centerOnScreen();
        startButton.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            goToChooseModeScreen(primaryStage);
        });
    }
     * This is the method that gets called when the user hits the START button o
n the initial screen. It
     * loads the "Choose Mode" screen, which gives 2 options: Opening a pre-made
 map, or users building their own map.
     * @param primaryStage the stage to display the screen in
     */
    public void goToChooseModeScreen(Stage primaryStage) {
        VBox vBox = new VBox();
        vBox.setPrefSize(600,400);
        vBox.setSpacing(50);
        vBox.setStyle("-fx-background-color:papayawhip");
        vBox.setAlignment(Pos.CENTER);
        Platform.runLater(() -> vBox.requestFocus());
        Button openMap = new Button("Open a Pre-made Map");
        openMap.setPrefSize(300, 90);
        openMap.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        openMap.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.EXTRA_BOLD, 16));
        Button makeMap = new Button("Make a new Map");
        makeMap.setPrefSize(300, 90);
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        makeMap.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        makeMap.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 16));
        vBox.getChildren().add(openMap);
        vBox.getChildren().add(makeMap);
        Scene scene = new Scene(vBox);
        primaryStage.setScene(scene);
        openMap.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            try {
                goToSimulationMode(primaryStage);
            } catch (Exception e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
        });
        makeMap.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            goToMapMakerMode(primaryStage);
     * When the user click "Choose Pre-made map..." button, it will go to Simula
tionMode screen. It will first
     * prompt the user to open a file (only Map files are allowed to be opened),
 set a ticker interval speed,
     * and then it will go to draw the simulation mode screen.
     * @param primaryStage the click that caused this method invocation
     * @throws Exception
    public void goToSimulationMode(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception {
        FileChooser chooser=new FileChooser();
        chooser.setTitle("Open Map");
        chooser.getExtensionFilters().add(new FileChooser.ExtensionFilter("Map Fi
le (*.map) ", "*.map"));
        File file = chooser.showOpenDialog(new Stage());
        if(file!=null)
//
              String mapName = file.getName();
            String mapName = file.getAbsolutePath();
            Dialog<Long> dialog = new Dialog<>();
            dialog.setTitle("Choose Ticker Interval Duration");
            dialog.setHeaderText("Choose a duration (in milliseconds) for\nthe ticker in the system.")
;
            dialog.setGraphic(null);
            dialog.getDialogPane().getButtonTypes().addAll(ButtonType.OK);
            dialog.initStyle(StageStyle.UNDECORATED);
            GridPane grid = new GridPane();
            grid.setHgap(10);
            grid.setVgap(10);
            grid.setPadding(new Insets(20, 80, 10, 10));
            grid.add(new Label("Duration: "), 0, 0);
            Spinner<Double> spinner = new Spinner<Double>(100, 2000, Ticker.getT
```

StartUpController.java Mar 25, 16 10:42 Page 4/5 ickInterval(), 100); grid.add(spinner, 1, 0); dialog.getDialogPane().setContent(grid); Platform.runLater(() -> spinner.requestFocus()); dialog.setResultConverter(dialogButton -> { if(dialogButton == ButtonType.OK) { double value = spinner.getValue(); return (long) value; return null; }); Optional<Long> result = dialog.showAndWait(); result.ifPresent(aLong -> { Ticker.setTickInterval(aLong); Ticker.start(); }); //Decorate map to extend to GUI functionality SimulationController simulationController = new SimulationController (primaryStage); simulationController.setMapName(mapName); simulationController.drawScreen(); * This method gets called when the user chooses to go to Map Maker mode. It will prompt the user for * the width and height that they want for their new map, in the range from 5 to 30 for both width and * height. It will then bring the user to the screen where they can build th e map. * @param primaryStage the click event that caused this method invocation public void goToMapMakerMode(Stage primaryStage) { Dialog<Pair<String, String>> dialog = new Dialog<>(); dialog.setTitle("Choose Map Size"); dialog.setHeaderText("Choose new map's width and height"); dialog.setGraphic(null); GridPane grid = new GridPane(); grid.setHgap(10); grid.setVgap(10); grid.setPadding(new Insets(20, 150, 10, 10)); dialog.getDialogPane().getButtonTypes().addAll(ButtonType.OK, ButtonType .CANCEL); ObservableList<Integer> choices = FXCollections.observableArrayList(); **for**(int i = 5; i <= 30; i++) {

choices.add(i);

widthBox.setItems(choices); widthBox.setMinWidth(100);

ChoiceBox<Integer> widthBox = new ChoiceBox<>();

Platform.runLater(() -> widthBox.requestFocus());

StartUpController.java Mar 25, 16 10:42 Page 5/5 ChoiceBox<Integer> heightBox = new ChoiceBox<>(); heightBox.setItems(choices); heightBox.setMinWidth(100); grid.add(new Label("Width:"), 0, 0); grid.add(widthBox, 1, 0); grid.add(new Label("Height:"), 0, 1); grid.add(heightBox, 1, 1); dialog.getDialogPane().setContent(grid); Button doneBtn = (Button) dialog.getDialogPane().lookupButton(ButtonType .OK); doneBtn.setDisable(true); doneBtn.disableProperty().bind(widthBox.valueProperty().isNull() .or(heightBox.valueProperty().isNull())); dialog.setResultConverter(dialogButton -> { if(dialogButton == ButtonType.OK) { return new Pair<>(widthBox.getValue().toString(),heightBox.getVa lue().toString()); return null; }); Optional < Pair < String >> result = dialog.showAndWait(); result.ifPresent(widthAndHeight -> { int width = Integer.parseInt(widthAndHeight.getKey()); int height = Integer.parseInt(widthAndHeight.getValue()); MapMakerController mapMakerController = **new** MapMakerController(prima ryStage); mapMakerController.setWidthAndHeight(width,height); try { mapMakerController.drawScreen(); } catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); }); }

```
TrafficLightController.java
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                                                                         Page 1/4
package londonsw.controller;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.LightColour;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.TrafficLight;
import londonsw.view.simulation.TrafficLightDecorator;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
 * Controls all the traffic lights. This gets notified when the traffic light ch
anges in the model, and it
 * does the necessary work to change the GUI to display the new model.
public class TrafficLightController {
   private Map<TrafficLight, TrafficLightDecorator> trafficLights;
   private ArrayList<TrafficLight> allLights;
   private long DURATION;
   private boolean lightsEnabled;
   private static TrafficLightController instance;
    /**
     * Creates a new instance of a TrafficLightController. It is set to protecte
d so that the creation of this
     * controller is controlled. This class follows the singleton pattern, so th
ere can be at most one instance
     * of this class in the system.
    protected TrafficLightController() {
        trafficLights = new HashMap<>();
        allLights = new ArrayList<>();
        DURATION = 3000;
        lightsEnabled = true;
    /**
     * Gives an instance of this class. This is what needs to be called if an in
stance is needed. If there is
     * not an instance created, it creates a new one, otherwise it returns an ex
isting instance.
     * @return
     */
    public static TrafficLightController getInstance() {
        if(instance == null) {
            instance = new TrafficLightController();
        return instance;
    }
     * Gets whether the traffic lights are enabled or not
     * @return true if all traffic lights are working and enabled, false otherwi
se
     */
    public boolean areLightsEnabled() {
        return lightsEnabled;
```

```
TrafficLightController.java
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                                                                         Page 2/4
     * Sets the lights boolean to true. Useful if re-loading a map and wanting t
o go back to default state.
   public void setLightsToEnabled() {
        lightsEnabled = true;
     * Disables or enables all traffic lights in the system. If traffic lights a
re disabled, cars will
     * move freely without stopping anywhere. If enabled, they listen to the tra
ffic lights.
     * @param disable true disables the lights, false enables the lights
    public void disableLights(boolean disable) {
        if(disable) {
            lightsEnabled = false;
            for(TrafficLight t : allLights) {
                TrafficLightDecorator decorator = trafficLights.get(t);
                if(decorator != null)
                    decorator.hideCircle(true);
        else {
            lightsEnabled = true;
            for(TrafficLight t : allLights) {
                TrafficLightDecorator decorator = trafficLights.get(t);
                if(decorator != null)
                    decorator.hideCircle(false);
        }
    }
    /**
     * Creates a new TrafficLightDecorator for the given TrafficLight
     * @param tl the TrafficLight for which to create the decorator
     * @return the newly created decorated for that TrafficLight
    public TrafficLightDecorator createNewDecorator(TrafficLight tl) {
        return new TrafficLightDecorator(tl);
     * Called by the TrafficLight (in the model) when the color changes. It tell
s the corresponding
     * TrafficLightDecorator to change its color in the GUI.
     * @param colour the new color to be
     * @param tl a TrafficLight that had its color changed
    public void colourChanged(LightColour colour, TrafficLight tl) {
        if(trafficLights.get(tl) == null) {
            return;
        trafficLights.get(tl).setGUIColour(colour);
```

```
TrafficLightController.java
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                                                                         Page 3/4
    /**
     * Register a TrafficLight (in the model) to a TrafficLightDecorator (in the
GUI), and add to an
     * ArrayList to keep track of all lights
     * @param tl the TrafficLight instance from the model
     * @param gui the corresponding instance of the TrafficLightDecorator for th
at TrafficLight
   public void addTrafficLightAndDecoratorPair(TrafficLight tl, TrafficLightDec
        trafficLights.put(tl,gui);
        allLights.add(tl);
     * If you need to get the decorator for that TrafficLight outside of this cl
ass, use this method
     * @param tl a TrafficLight that you are querying for to get its decorator
     * @return the corresponding TrafficLightDecorator for that TrafficLight
   public TrafficLightDecorator getTrafficLightGUI(TrafficLight tl) {
        return trafficLights.get(tl);
     * Get a list of all the TrafficLights in the system
     * @return ArrayList of all lights
     */
   public ArrayList<TrafficLight> getAllTrafficLights() {
       return allLights;
     * Gets the duration length for traffic lights. Traffic lights call this met
hod to know how long to be a certain color.
     * @return length of duration in millis
     */
   public long getDurationLength() {
        return DURATION;
     * Sets the duration length for traffic lights
     * @param duration the duration for the traffic lights in millis
   public void setDurationLength(long duration) {
        this.DURATION = duration;
    /**
     * Set the duration of all the traffic lights in the map
     * @param duration the duration of the traffic light in milliseconds
   public void setTrafficLightDuration(long duration) {
        for(TrafficLight t : allLights) {
            t.setDuration(duration);
```

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}

TrafficLightController.java

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```
/**
  * Gets the HashMap of all TrafficLight,TrafficLightDecorator pairs
  * @return a Map of all TrafficLight, TrafficLightDecorator pairs
  */
public Map getTrafficLightsMap() {
    return trafficLights;
}
```

```
VehicleController.java
 Mar 24, 16 22:32
                                                                          Page 1/4
package londonsw.controller;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle;
import londonsw.view.simulation.VehicleGUIDecorator;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
/**
 * This is the controller for all vehicle movement. It keeps track of all vehicl
es and their decorators. It also
 * has the methods that facilitates vehicle movement in the model and in the map
public class VehicleController {
    private static Map<Vehicle, VehicleGUIDecorator> vehiclesAndDecorators = new
 HashMap<>();
    private static ArrayList<Vehicle> allVehicles = new ArrayList<>();
     * Register a car to a specific CarGuiDecorator so we can retrieve it and dr
aw the decorator for
     * for that car. This replaces the need to pass the CarGuiDecorator as a par
ameter. This also adds
     * the vehicle to an ArrayList, only to keep track of all cars in the system
 and nothing more.
     * @param vehicle
                        an instance of a Vehicle type
     * @param decorator the CarGuiDecorator for that specific vehicle
    public static void addVehicleAndDecoratorPair(Vehicle vehicle, VehicleGUIDec
orator decorator) {
        vehiclesAndDecorators.put(vehicle, decorator);
        allVehicles.add(vehicle);
    }
     * Removes the vehicle instance from the list of all vehicles and the map of
 all vehicle, decorator pairs
     * @param v the vehicle to remove
    public static void removeFromListAndMap(Vehicle v) {
        allVehicles.remove(v);
        vehiclesAndDecorators.remove(v);
    /**
     * Gets all the vehicles in the system
     * @return ArrayList with all vehicles in the system
    public static ArrayList<Vehicle> getVehicleList(){
        return allVehicles;
```

VehicleController.java

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```
/**
     * Given an index in the array, this removes the vehicle from existence.
     * @param index the index in the list allVehicles that the vehicle occupies
    public static void removeVehicle(int index) {
        try {
            Vehicle v = allVehicles.get(index);
            VehicleGUIDecorator decorator = vehiclesAndDecorators.get(v);
            decorator.getPane().getChildren().remove(decorator.getRectangle());
            v.setVehicleState(3);
            v.unsubscribe();
            Lane currLane = v.getCurrentLane();
            int currCell = v.getCurrentCell();
            currLane.setCell(null, currCell);
            allVehicles.remove(index);
            vehiclesAndDecorators.remove(v);
            v = null;
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
     * Gets the total time spent standing for all vehicles in the system.
     * @return the total time spent standing by all vehicles in the system
    public static int getTotalTimeSpentStanding() {
        int sum = 0;
        for(Vehicle v : allVehicles) {
            sum += v.getTimeSpentStanding();
        return sum;
    }
     * Gets the total times ticked by all vehicles in the system. This is used i
n the calculation of
     * average time spent standing in the system.
     * @return
    public static int getTotalTimesTicked() {
        int sum = 0;
        for(Vehicle v : allVehicles) {
            sum += v.getTimesTicked();
        return sum;
    }
     * Retrieve the VehicleGGUIDecorator for the vehicle, for operations that ha
ppen outside this class
     * @param vehicle the Vehicle to retrieve the decorator for
     * @return CarGuiDecorator instance associated with that specific Vehicle
     */
    public static VehicleGUIDecorator getDecoratorForVehicle(Vehicle vehicle) {
        return vehiclesAndDecorators.get(vehicle);
```

VehicleController.java Mar 24, 16 22:32 Page 3/4 /** * This is the method that gets called by the Vehicle (in the model) when th e ticker ticks. This controller * handles the rest of the moving. the Vehicle that notified that it should move * @param step how far the vehicle should move * @throws Exception public static void moveOnTick(Vehicle v, int step) throws Exception { VehicleGUIDecorator decorator = vehiclesAndDecorators.get(v); moveVehicle(decorator, step); * Moves the vehicle in the model and in the GUI * @param vehicleGUIDecorator the GUI decorator for this vehicle * @param step how many slots to move * @throws Exception public static void moveVehicle(VehicleGUIDecorator vehicleGUIDecorator, int step) throws Exception { int move = 0;vehicleGUIDecorator.setPreviousLane(vehicleGUIDecorator.getCurrentLane()); vehicleGUIDecorator.setPreviousCoordinate(vehicleGUIDecorator.getCurrent Coordinate()); // Vehicle is at an intersection if (vehicleGUIDecorator.getCurrentCoordinate().equals(vehicleGUIDecorato r.getCurrentLane().getExit())) { //only read when intersection is available vehicleGUIDecorator.readTrafficLight(); if (vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehicleState() == 1) { // if vehicle was moving // get next lane available to move to Lane 1 = vehicleGUIDecorator.chooseLane(); vehicleGUIDecorator.setVehicleState(2); // set vehicle's state t o "in intersection" move = vehicleGUIDecorator.vehicleTurn(1); // move the vehicle i n the model and get a result int } else { if (vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehicleState() != 0) { // if not at inter section, and wasn't stopped, move forward move = vehicleGUIDecorator.moveVehicle(step); **if**(move == 0) { Vehicle thisVehicle = vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehicle(); thisVehicle.incrementTimeSpentStanding();

if (vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehicleState() == 3) { //vehicle is deleted j

Printed by Violet Avkhukova VehicleController.java Mar 24, 16 22:32 Page 4/4 ust move to next space vehicleGUIDecorator.moveVehicleGUI(move, vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehi cleState()); else if(move>0 && vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehicleState()!=0) { // move th e vehicle in the GUI vehicleGUIDecorator.moveVehicleGUI(move, vehicleGUIDecorator.getVehi cleState()); }

```
Log.java
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                                                                            Page 1/3
package londonsw.model.simulation;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.TrafficLight;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle;
import rx.Subscriber;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.logging.FileHandler;
import java.util.logging.Logger;
import java.util.logging.SimpleFormatter;
 /**
 * Created by felix on 18/03/2016.
  * Logs what is happening in the system for every tick.
public class Log extends Subscriber<Long> {
     private String fileName;
     private final String LOG_DIR = "./logs/";
     private String filePath;
     /**
      * Creates a log with the given file name to log what is happening in the s
ystem. It will be stored in the
      * directory LOG DIR.
      * @param fileName the file name for the log
     public Log(String fileName) {
         this.fileName = fileName;
         File directory = new File(LOG_DIR);
         if(!directory.exists()) {
              directory.mkdir();
         filePath = LOG_DIR + fileName + ".log";
         File logFile = new File(filePath);
         if(!logFile.exists()) {
             try {
                  logFile.createNewFile();
              } catch (IOException e) {
                  e.printStackTrace();
         Ticker.subscribe(this);
     }
     /**
      * Generates log information for that Ticker tick
      * @param aLong current time in the system
     private void generate(long aLong) {
         ArrayList al = Ticker.getSubscribers();
```

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```
Logger logger = Logger.getLogger("SIMULATION");
         FileHandler fh;
         try {
             StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
             sb.append("TICK!: " + aLong);
             sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
             for (Object o : al) {
                 if (o instanceof Vehicle) {
                     Vehicle vLog = (Vehicle) o;
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("-----");
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("ID: " + vLog.getId());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("CURRENT LANE ID: " + vLog.getCurrentLane().getId(
));
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("CURRENT COORDINATES: " + vLog.getCurrentCoordina
te().getX() + "," + vLog.getCurrentCoordinate().getY());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     if (vLog.getPreviousLane() != null) {
                         sb.append("PREVIOUS LANE ID: " + vLog.getPreviousLane().
getId());
                         sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                         sb.append("PREVIOUS LANE COORDINATES: " + vLog.getPrevi
ousCoordinate().getX() + "," + vLog.getCurrentCoordinate().getY());
                         sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("CURRENT CELL: " + vLog.getCurrentCell());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("BEHAVIOUR: " + vLog.getVehicleBehavior());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("PRIORITY:" + vLog.getVehiclePriority());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("STATE: " + vLog.getVehicleState());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("SUBSCRIBED: " + (vLog.isUnsubscribed()==false?"Y
ES": "NO"));
                 } else if (o instanceof TrafficLight) {
                     TrafficLight tLog = (TrafficLight) o;
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("----TRAFFIC LIGHT----
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("ID: " + tLog.getId());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
                     sb.append("DURATION:" + tLog.getDuration());
                     sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
```

```
Log.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:51
                                                                          Page 3/3
                     sb.append("STATE: " + tLog.getState());
                 }
             sb.append(System.lineSeparator());
             sb.append("=====
=");
             fh = new FileHandler(filePath, true);
             logger.addHandler(fh);
             SimpleFormatter formatter = new SimpleFormatter();
             fh.setFormatter(formatter);
             logger.setUseParentHandlers(false);
             logger.info(sb.toString());
             fh.close();
         } catch (SecurityException e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
         } catch (IOException e) {
             e.printStackTrace();
     @Override
     public void onCompleted() { }
      * If there's some error with the ticker and this subscriber, this method w
ould call.
      * Left not implemented on purpose
      * @param throwable
      */
     @Override
     public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
     /**
      * Called on Ticker tick, will generated a log entry for that tick
      * @param aLong current time in the sytem
      */
     @Override
     public void onNext(Long aLong) {
        generate(aLong);
 }
```

```
Map.java
 Mar 25, 16 10:35
                                                                           Page 1/6
package londonsw.model.simulation;
import londonsw.controller.TrafficLightController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*;
import londonsw.view.simulation.IntersectionDecorator;
import londonsw.view.simulation.TrafficLightDecorator;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Random;
/**
 * This is the graph structure that our map holds (Roads and Intersections)
public class Map implements Serializable {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = -1932129809569954013L;
   private ArrayList<Road> roads;
   private ArrayList<Intersection> intersections;
   private MapGrid grid;
   private final static String MAP_DIR = "./maps/";
     * Creates an empty map with no roads or intersections
     * @param width width of the map
     * @param height height of the map
    public Map(int width, int height) {
        roads = new ArrayList<Road>();
        intersections = new ArrayList<Intersection>();
        grid = new MapGrid(width, height);
     * Gets the width of the map
     * @return integer representing width of the map
    public int getWidth() {
        return grid.getWidth();
     * Gets the height of the map
     * @return integer representing the height of the map
    public int getHeight() {
        return grid.getHeight();
     * Gets all the roads currently in the map
     * @return ArrayList of all Roads in the map
    public ArrayList<Road> getRoads() {
```

```
Map.java
 Mar 25, 16 10:35
                                                                         Page 2/6
        return roads;
     * Gets a random road from the Map
     * @return a random Road instance from the current map
   public Road getRandomRoad() {
        ArrayList<Road> roads = getRoads();
        Road road = null;
        Random randomRoad = new Random();
        if(roads.size() > 0) {
            int roadSize = randomRoad.nextInt(this.getRoads().size());
            road = roads.get(roadSize);
        return road;
    /**
     * Gets a random lane from the Map
     * @return a random Lane instance from the current Map
   public Lane getRandomLane() {
        Road road = getRandomRoad();
        Lane lane = null;
        if (road != null) {
            Random randomLane = new Random();
            int numberLanes = road.getNumberLanes();
            if (numberLanes > 0) {
                int laneSize = randomLane.nextInt(road.getNumberLanes());
                lane = road.getLanes().get(laneSize);
                while (lane.getState() != 1) { // if road is disabled, choose a
new one
                    road = getRandomRoad();
                    lane = road.getLanes().get(randomLane.nextInt(road.getNumber
Lanes());
        return lane;
     * Gets a random cell from a random Lane from the system, which is an int. A
vehicle can go in this cell.
     * @return index of random cell from a random Lane in the Map
   public int getRandomCell(){
        Random randomCell = new Random();
        Lane randomLane = getRandomLane();
        return randomCell.nextInt(randomLane.getLength());
```

```
Map.java
Mar 25, 16 10:35
                                                                         Page 3/6
    * If you have a list of roads already, set the roads to the map
    * @param roads an ArrayList of valid Road instances
   public void setRoads(ArrayList<Road> roads) {
       this.roads = roads;
       for(Road r : roads)
           grid.addComponent(r);
   /**
    * Gets all the intersections currently in the map
    * @return ArrayList of all intersections in the map
   public ArrayList<Intersection> getIntersections() {
       return intersections;
    * If you have a list of intersections already, set the intersections to the
map
    * @param intersections
   public void setIntersections(ArrayList<Intersection> intersections) {
       this.intersections = intersections;
       for(Intersection i : intersections)
           grid.addComponent(i);
   }
   /**
    * Gets the underlying MapGrid of the Map and returns it
    * @return the actual MapGrid of this map
   public MapGrid getGrid() {
       return grid;
   /**
    * If you have a valid MapGrid grid, set it as the grid to this Map
    * @return valid instance of MapGrid
   public void setGrid(MapGrid grid) {
       this.grid = grid;
   /**
    * Adds a brand new road to this map.
    * @param r valid Road instance to put into the Map
   public void addRoad(Road r) {
       roads.add(r);
       grid.addComponent(r);
   public Component getAtLocation(Coordinate c) {
       int x = c.getX();
       int y = c.getY();
       return grid.get(x,y);
```

```
Map.java
 Mar 25, 16 10:35
                                                                          Page 4/6
    /**
     * Adds a brand new intersection to this map
     * @param i valid Intersection instance to put into the Map
    public void addIntersection(Intersection i) {
        intersections.add(i);
        grid.addComponent(i);
    /**
     * Removes the map Component at the given coordinate (only deletes it from t
he model, not the view)
     * @param c the coordinate where to delete the Map component
    public void clearCell(Coordinate c) {
        int x = c.getX();
        int y = c.getY();
        grid.clearCell(x, y);
    /**
     * Saves the map to the disk. Given a file name, it saves the map into MAP_D
IR with that file name
     * @param fileName the file name for saving the map
    public void saveMap(String fileName)
        try
            File directory = new File(MAP_DIR);
            if(!directory.exists()) {
                directory.mkdir();
            String path = MAP_DIR + fileName;
            File file = new File(path);
            if(!file.exists()) {
                file.createNewFile();
            // save the map
            FileOutputStream fileOut = new FileOutputStream(path);
            ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(fileOut);
            out.writeObject(this);
            out.close();
            fileOut.close();
        }catch(IOException i)
            i.printStackTrace();
    }
     * Loads a map from the disk with the given file name. It unserializes it an
d returns an instance of a Map. This
     * method is static so it can be called without any instances of a Map.
     * @param fileName the name of the map file to open (extension included)
     * @return an instance of a loaded Map that was opened from the disk
```

```
Map.java
 Mar 25, 16 10:35
                                                                         Page 5/6
     * /
    public static Map loadMap(String fileName) {
        Map map = null;
        try {
            // open the Map
            FileInputStream fileIn = new FileInputStream(fileName);
            ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(fileIn);
            map = (Map) in.readObject();
            in.close();
            fileIn.close();
             * Each intersection has 4 traffic lights, for each traffic light:
                    - subscribe to the ticker
                    - create a new Decorator
             * For each intersection:
                    - create a new IntersectionDecorator
                    - link each new TrafficLightDecorator to the corresponding f
ield in the IntersectionDecorator
             * */
            for(Intersection i : map.getIntersections()) {
                i.subscribeToTicker();
                IntersectionDecorator decorator = new IntersectionDecorator(i);
                TrafficLight north = i.getNorthTrafficLight();
                TrafficLight south = i.getSouthTrafficLight();
                TrafficLight east = i.getEastTrafficLight();
                TrafficLight west = i.getWestTrafficLight();
                if(north != null) {
                    north.subscribeToTicker();
                    TrafficLightDecorator dec = TrafficLightController.getInstan
ce().createNewDecorator(north);
                    decorator.setNorthTrafficLightDecorator(dec);
                if(south != null) {
                    south.subscribeToTicker();
                    TrafficLightDecorator dec = TrafficLightController.getInstan
ce().createNewDecorator(south);
                    decorator.setSouthTrafficLightDecorator(dec);
                if(east != null) {
                    east.subscribeToTicker();
                    TrafficLightDecorator dec = TrafficLightController.getInstan
ce().createNewDecorator(east);
                    decorator.setEastTrafficLightDecorator(dec);
                if(west != null) {
                    west.subscribeToTicker();
                    TrafficLightDecorator dec = TrafficLightController.getInstan
ce().createNewDecorator(west);
                    decorator.setWestTrafficLightDecorator(dec);
            long duration = TrafficLightController.getInstance().getDurationLeng
th();
            TrafficLightController.getInstance().setTrafficLightDuration(duratio
n);
            TrafficLightController.getInstance().setLightsToEnabled();
```

```
Map.java
Mar 25, 16 10:35
                                                                          Page 6/6
       } catch(IOException i) {
           System.out.println("IO Exception");
           i.printStackTrace();
       } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
           System.out.println("Did not find object");
           e.printStackTrace();
       return map;
    * For debug only. Prints the map layout to the console.
  public void printMapGrid() {
       Component[][] grid = this.getGrid().getGrid();
       int width = this.getGrid().getWidth();
       int height = this.getGrid().getHeight();
       for(int i = 0; i < height; i++) {
           for(int j = 0; j < width; j++) {
               Component current = grid[i][j];
               if(current instanceof Road)
                   System.out.print("R");
               else if(current instanceof Intersection)
                   System.out.print("I");
               else
                   System.out.print("-");
           System.out.println();
       System.out.println();
```

```
MapGrid.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                         Page 1/3
package londonsw.model.simulation;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.lang.reflect.Array;
import java.util.ArrayList;
* This class is the underlying structure of our Map. It is a 2D-array of map Co
mponents,
 * each Component being something that you would want to be displayed on the map
, such as
 * a Road or Intersection.
public class MapGrid implements Serializable, IMapGrid {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = -8256761045077358688L;
   private int width;
   private int height;
   private Component[][] grid;
   private ArrayList<Component> allComponents;
    /**
     * Creates a brand new MapGrid instance to be part of a Map
     * @param width width of the Map that this will be part of
     * @param height height of the Map that this will be part of
     */
    public MapGrid(int width, int height) {
        this.width = width;
        this.height = height;
        grid = new Component[height][width];
        allComponents = new ArrayList<Component>();
     * Returns the actual 2D-array of Components
     * @return 2D-array array of Components signifying the layout of the Map
    public Component[][] getGrid() {
        return grid;
     * Gets the width of the grid
     * @return width of the grid
    public int getWidth() {
        return width;
     * Gets the height of the grid
     * @return height of the grid
     */
    public int getHeight() {
        return height;
```

```
MapGrid.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                          Page 2/3
    /**
     * Gets all Components from the MapGrid
     * @return an ArrayList of all components in the Map
    public ArrayList<Component> getAllComponents() { return allComponents; }
     * Gets a Component from the MapGrid at the given (x, y) location
     * @param x the x coordinate of the requested Component
     * @param y the y coordinate of the requested Component
     * @return a Component at the location (x, y), if there is nothing there, nu
11 is returned
     */
   public Component get(int x, int y) {
        return grid[y][x];
    /**
     * Empties the cell at the given (x, y) location
     * @param x the x-coordinate where to clear the
     * @param y
    public void clearCell(int x, int y) {
        grid[y][x] = null;
    /**
     * Adds a Component to the map grid structure
     * @param c the Component to be added
     * @return true if successfully added, false otherwise
    @SuppressWarnings("Duplicates")
    public boolean addComponent(Component c) {
        if(c instanceof Intersection) {
            Intersection i = (Intersection) c;
            Coordinate coord = i.getLocation();
            grid[coord.getY()][coord.getX()] = i;
            allComponents.add(i);
            return true;
        else if(c instanceof Road) {
            Road road = (Road) c;
            Coordinate start = road.getStartLocation();
            Coordinate end = road.getEndLocation();
            int startX = start.getX();
            int startY = start.getY();
            int endX = end.getX();
            int endY = end.getY();
            if(road.runsVertically()) { // road runs vertically
                if(startY <= endY) { // start coordinate is north of end coordin</pre>
ate
                    for(int i = startY; i <= endY; i++) {
                        grid[i][startX] = road;
                    allComponents.add(road);
                    return true;
                else { // start coordinate is south of end coordinate
```

```
MapGrid.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                              Page 3/3
                     for(int i = endY; i <= startY; i++) {</pre>
                         grid[i][startX] = road;
                     allComponents.add(road);
                     return true;
            else { // road runs horizontally
                 if(startX <= endX) { // start coordinate is west of end coordina</pre>
te
                     for(int i = startX; i <= endX; i++) {</pre>
                         grid[startY][i] = road;
                     allComponents.add(road);
                     return true;
                 else {
                     for(int i = endX; i <= startX; i++) { // start coordinate is</pre>
east of end coordinate
                         grid[startY][i] = road;
                     allComponents.add(road);
                     return true;
        else
            return false;
```

```
Ticker.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:51
                                                                          Page 1/2
package londonsw.model.simulation;
/**
 * This is the class that keeps time for our simulation
 * This uses RxJava's Observer and Subscriber to pass events to the classes that
 want messages from the
 * ticker. This also uses RxJavaFx to make sure that the GUI events are running
on the JavaFX thread scheduler.
 */
import rx.Observable;
import rx.Subscriber;
import rx.schedulers.JavaFxScheduler;
import rx.subjects.PublishSubject;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
public class Ticker {
    private static ArrayList<Subscriber<Long>> subscribers = new ArrayList<Subsc</pre>
riber<Long>>();;
    private static long TICK_INTERVAL = 1000;
    private static Ticker instance;
    private static Observable<Long> tickerObservable;
    private static PublishSubject stop = PublishSubject.create();
    protected Ticker() { }
     * Singleton of the Ticker class, prevents having more than 1 ticker in the
system. Creates a new
     * Ticker if one does not yet exist, otherwise gives the instance
     * @return
     * /
    public static Ticker getInstance() {
        if(instance == null) {
            instance = new Ticker();
        return instance;
     * Starts the ticker with the tick interval
    public static void start() {
        tickerObservable = Observable.interval(TICK INTERVAL, TimeUnit.MILLISECO
NDS);
     * Adds a subscriber to the ticker. Any class that extends Subscriber can su
bscribe to the ticker. This
```

```
Ticker.java
                                                                         Page 2/2
 Mar 24, 16 15:51
     * also adds the subscriber to an arraylist of subscribers just to keep trac
k of them all.
     * @param sub the new subscriber to the ticker
   public static void subscribe(Subscriber<Long> sub) {
        if(tickerObservable!=null) {
            tickerObservable.takeUntil(stop).observeOn(JavaFxScheduler.getInstan
ce()).subscribe(sub);
            subscribers.add(sub);
     * Get the list of all subscribers of this ticker, which can include Vehicle
s and TrafficLights
     * @return ArrayList of all subscribers of the ticker
   public static ArrayList<Subscriber<Long>> getSubscribers() {
        return subscribers;
     * Get the length of the current tick interval
     * @return length of the current tick interval
    public static long getTickInterval() { return TICK_INTERVAL; }
    /**
     * Change the length of a tick interval.
     * @param interval length of new interval
   public static void setTickInterval(long interval) { TICK_INTERVAL = interval
; }
     * Ends the ticker. All subscribers must unsubscribe and a "stop" call is ex
plicitly called, just in case.
     */
   public static void end() {
        for(Subscriber s : subscribers)
            s.unsubscribe();
        stop.onNext(null);
}
```

Printed by Violet Avkhukova Component.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 Page 1/1 package londonsw.model.simulation.components; /** * This interface is to have a common denominator between things that can be add ed to a Map * Currently, there are two types of Components, Intersections and Roads ${\tt public interface} \ \, {\tt Component} \ \, \{$ // intersection or road

```
Coordinate.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                          Page 1/3
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;
import java.io.Serializable;
/**
 * The Coordinate class represents an (x, y) pair of integers that signify a loc
ation in the map
 * Coordinates are also used for doing calculations and translations for movemen
t of vehicles
 * A coordinate at the top-left of a map is (0,0)
public class Coordinate implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 252245795148278739L;
    private int x, y;
    /**
     * @param x takes the value of the x region/axis
     * @param y takes the value of the y region
    public Coordinate(int x, int y) {
        this.x = x;
        this.y = y;
    /**
     * Sets the y coordinate of this instance
     * @param y int of the y coordinate
    public void setY(int y) {
       this.y = y;
    /**
     * Sets the x coordinate of this instance
     * @param x int of the x coordinate
    public void setX(int x) {
        this.x = x;
    /**
     * Gets the x-coordinate of this instance
     * @return int of the x coordinate
    public int getX() {
        return x;
     * Gets the y-coordinate of this instance
     * @return int of the y coordinate
    public int getY() {
        return y;
    /**
```

```
Coordinate.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                          Page 2/3
     * Checks if two coordinates are equal
     * @param obj coordinate to be compared with
     * @return true if the coordinates are the same, false otherwise
     */
    public boolean equals(Object obj) {
        Coordinate other = (Coordinate)obj;
        return (x == other.getX()) && (y == other.getY());
    /**
     * Adds 2 coordinates and returns their sum
     * @param a first coordinate to add
     * @param b second coordinate to add
     * @return the sum of the two coordinates' x's and y's as a Coordinate insta
nce
    public static Coordinate add(Coordinate a, Coordinate b) {
        return new Coordinate(a.getX()+b.getX(), a.getY()+b.getY());
    /**
     * Subtracts 2 coordinates and returns their difference
     * @param a coordinate to subtract from
     * @param b coordinate to subtract
     * @return the difference of the two coordinates' x's and y's as a Coordinat
e instance
    public static Coordinate substract(Coordinate a, Coordinate b) {
        return new Coordinate(a.getX()-b.getX(), a.getY()-b.getY());
    /**
     * Formats the coordinate for console output
     * @return the coordinate formatted as follows: (x, y)
     */
    public String toString() {
        return "(" + x + ", " + y + ")";
    /**
     * Adds a step to the coordinate based on map direction. i.e if the map dire
ction is eastwards,
     * and a specified coordinate is (2,1), calling addStep method returns a new
 coordinate with dimensions (2,1)
     * @param mapDirection i.e directions north, south, east or west
     * @return sum, returns a new valid coordinate with a step added to it
    public Coordinate addStep(MapDirection mapDirection) {
        Coordinate sum = new Coordinate(-1,-1);
        switch (mapDirection) {
            case NORTH:
                sum.setY(this.getY() - 1);
                sum.setX(this.getX());
                break;
            case SOUTH:
                sum.setY(this.getY() + 1);
                sum.setX(this.getX());
                break;
```

Coordinate.java Page 3/3 Mar 23, 16 16:05 case EAST: sum.setX(this.getX() + 1); sum.setY(this.getY()); break; case WEST: sum.setX(this.getX() - 1); sum.setY(this.getY()); break; } return sum; }

Mar 02, 16 21:30 **IMapGrid.java** Page 1/1

```
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;

/**
    * Created by felix on 25/02/2016.
    */
public interface IMapGrid {
        Component[][] getGrid();
        int getWidth();
        int getHeight();
        boolean addComponent(Component component);
}
```



```
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;

import java.util.ArrayList;

/**
    * Created by felix on 23/02/2016.
    */
public interface | Road {
        ArrayList<Lane> getLanes();
        void addLane(Lane lane);
        Lane getLaneAtIndex(int index);
        Coordinate getEndLocation();
        int getNumberLanes();
        Intersection getIntersection();
        void setIntersection(Intersection intersection);
        int getLength();
        boolean runsVertically();
}
```

Feb 22, 16 12:21 ITrafficLight.java Page 1/1

```
Intersection.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:52
                                                                          Page 1/9
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;
import londonsw.controller.IntersectionController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle;
import rx.Subscriber;
import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Random;
/**
 * This class is our "node" in our directed graph
 * It will hold anywhere between 1 and 4 traffic lights
 * It will connect anywhere between 2 and 4 roads
 * Each will have a location in the map
/* the traffic light belongs to the road
* in each intersection, a car can choose(maybe randomly) Which road he can ente
r based on the array IntersectionRoad
public class Intersection extends Subscriber < Long > implements Component, Serializa
ble {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -2621352799268337492L;
    private Road northRoad;
    private Road southRoad;
    private Road eastRoad;
    private Road westRoad;
    private TrafficLight northTrafficLight;
    private TrafficLight southTrafficLight;
    private TrafficLight eastTrafficLight;
    private TrafficLight westTrafficLight;
    private ArrayList<TrafficLight> allLights;
    private int id;
    private Coordinate location;
    private static int counter=0;
    /**
     * Creats
     * @param location
    public Intersection(Coordinate location){
        this.northRoad = null;
        this.southRoad = null;
        this.eastRoad = null;
        this.westRoad = null;
        this.location = location;
        this.northTrafficLight = null;
        this.southTrafficLight = null;
        this.eastTrafficLight = null;
        this.westTrafficLight = null;
        Ticker.subscribe(this);
```

```
id=++counter;
    /* getters */
    public TrafficLight getNorthTrafficLight() {
        return northTrafficLight;
    public TrafficLight getSouthTrafficLight() {
        return southTrafficLight;
    public TrafficLight getEastTrafficLight() {
        return eastTrafficLight;
    public TrafficLight getWestTrafficLight() {
        return westTrafficLight;
    public Road getNorthRoad() {
        return northRoad;
    public Road getEastRoad() {
        return eastRoad;
    public Road getSouthRoad() {
        return southRoad;
    public Road getWestRoad() {
        return westRoad;
    public Coordinate getLocation() {
        return location;
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    /* setters */
    public void setNorthTrafficLight(TrafficLight northTrafficLight) {
        this.northTrafficLight = northTrafficLight;
    public void setSouthTrafficLight(TrafficLight southTrafficLight) {
        this.southTrafficLight = southTrafficLight;
    public void setEastTrafficLight(TrafficLight eastTrafficLight) {
        this.eastTrafficLight = eastTrafficLight;
    public void setWestTrafficLight(TrafficLight westTrafficLight) {
        this.westTrafficLight = westTrafficLight;
   public void setLocation(Coordinate location) throws IntersectionSetupExcepti
on {
        this.location = location;
    public void setIdIntersection(int id) {
        this.id = id;
     * Subscribes this intersection to the Ticker. This is expecially useful whe
```

```
n loading maps from file!
     */
    public void subscribeToTicker() {
        Ticker.subscribe(this);
    public void setNorthRoad(Road northRoad) throws Exception {
        if((this.location.getX() == northRoad.getEndLocation().getX()
                && (this.location.getY() - 1 == northRoad.getEndLocation().getY(
                     this.location.getY() - 1 == northRoad.getStartLocation().get
Y()))
            this.northRoad = northRoad;
            for(int i=0; i<this.northRoad.getNumberLanes();i++){</pre>
                 if(this.northRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection()==MapDir
ection.SOUTH)
                     this.northRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).setEndIntersection(this);
            throw new IntersectionSetupException("Road end location coordinates must match w
ith Intersection");
    public void setSouthRoad(Road southRoad) throws Exception {
        if((this.location.getX()==southRoad.getEndLocation().getX()
                && (this.location.getY() + 1 == southRoad.getEndLocation().getY(
                 | this.location.getY() + 1 == southRoad.getStartLocation().getY
( ) ) ) )
            this.southRoad = southRoad;
            for(int i=0; i<this.southRoad.getNumberLanes();i++){</pre>
                 if(this.southRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection()==MapDir
ection.NORTH)
                     this.southRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).setEndIntersection(this);
            throw new IntersectionSetupException("Road end location coordinates must match w
ith Intersection");
    public void setEastRoad(Road eastRoad) throws Exception {
        if (this.location.getY() == eastRoad.getEndLocation().getY()
                && (this.location.getX() + 1 == eastRoad.getEndLocation().getX(
                 | this.location.getX() + 1 == eastRoad.getStartLocation().getX(
)))){
            this.eastRoad = eastRoad;
            for(int i=0; i<this.eastRoad.getNumberLanes();i++){</pre>
                 if(this.eastRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection()==MapDire
```

```
Intersection.java
                                                                            Page 4/9
 Mar 24, 16 15:52
ction.WEST)
                     this.eastRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).setEndIntersection(this);
        } else
            throw new IntersectionSetupException("Road end location coordinates must match w
ith Intersection");
    public void setWestRoad(Road westRoad) throws IntersectionSetupException {
        if ((this.location.getY() == westRoad.getEndLocation().getY()
                && (this.location.getX() - 1 == westRoad.getEndLocation().getX()
                 | this.location.getX() -1 == westRoad.getStartLocation().getX()
))) {
            this.westRoad = westRoad;
            for(int i=0; i<this.westRoad.getNumberLanes();i++){</pre>
                 if(this.westRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection()==MapDire
ction.EAST)
                     this.westRoad.getLaneAtIndex(i).setEndIntersection(this);
        } else
            throw new IntersectionSetupException("Road end location coordinates must match w
ith Intersection");
    public void setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads() {
        if(northRoad != null) {
            ArrayList<Lane> lanes = northRoad.getLanes();
            boolean hasSouthLane = false;
            for(Lane 1 : lanes) {
                 if(l.getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.SOUTH) {
                     hasSouthLane = true;
                     break;
            if(hasSouthLane)
                northTrafficLight = new TrafficLight();
        if(southRoad != null) {
            ArrayList<Lane> lanes = southRoad.getLanes();
            boolean hasNorthLane = false;
            for(Lane 1 : lanes) {
                 if(l.getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.NORTH) {
                     hasNorthLane = true;
                     break;
            if(hasNorthLane)
                southTrafficLight = new TrafficLight();
        if(eastRoad != null) {
            ArrayList<Lane> lanes = eastRoad.getLanes();
            boolean hasWestLane = false;
```

```
Intersection.java
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                                                                         Page 5/9
           for(Lane 1 : lanes) {
               if(l.getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.WEST) {
                   hasWestLane = true;
                   break;
           if(hasWestLane) {
               if (northRoad != null || southRoad != null) {
                   eastTrafficLight = new TrafficLight(LightColour.GREEN);
               } else
                   eastTrafficLight = new TrafficLight();
       if(westRoad != null) {
           ArrayList<Lane> lanes = westRoad.getLanes();
           boolean hasEastLane = false;
           for(Lane 1 : lanes) {
               if(l.getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.EAST) {
                   hasEastLane = true;
                   break;
           if(hasEastLane) {
               if (northRoad != null | southRoad != null)
                   westTrafficLight = new TrafficLight(LightColour.GREEN);
               else
                   westTrafficLight = new TrafficLight();
       }
    * generate a list of 4 items form 1 to 4
    * these items are placed in the array randomly
    * @return list of integer in type of ArrayList
    */
  public static ArrayList<Integer> generateRandom (){
       int size =4;
       ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<Integer>(size);
       ArrayList<Integer> l = new ArrayList<Integer>(size);
       for(int i = 1; i <= size; i++) {</pre>
           list.add(i);
       }Random rand = new Random();
       while(list.size() > 0) {
           int index = rand.nextInt(list.size());
           l.add(list.get(index));
          // System.out.println("Selected: "+list.remove(index));
           list.remove(index);
       return 1;
   }
    * intersection gives each vehicle on it a priority to turn first
```

```
Intersection.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:52
                                                                         Page 6/9
     * first it checks :
     * 1. if there is a road connected to it.
     * 2. if in the road there is a lane which its direction to this intersection
\mathbf{n}
     * 3. if there is a vehicle at the last cell in this lane, which is this int
ersection
     * if these conditions are obtained , then the intersection gives this vehic
le a priority to turn
     * and put these vehicle in arrayList .
     * @param randomPriority a list 4 items form 1 to 4, arranged randomly in th
e array list
     * @return vehicleInIntersection an arrayList in type of integer , which con
tains all vehicles which
     * has priority to turn
     * @throws
    public ArrayList<Vehicle> giveVehiclePriorities (ArrayList<Integer> randomP
riority) throws Exception {
       // ArrayList<Integer> randomPriority = (ArrayList<Integer>)this.generate
Random(4).clone();
        ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicleInIntersection= new ArrayList<>() ;
        if (this.getNorthRoad() != null) {
            for (int i = 0; i < this.getNorthRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {</pre>
                if ((this.getNorthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection()
== MapDirection.SOUTH)) {
                    if ((this.getNorthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInter
section() != null)) {
                        if(this.getNorthTrafficLight()!= null)
                            this.getNorthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInIn
tersection().setVehicleTrafficLight(this.getNorthTrafficLight());
                        this.getNorthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInters
ection().setVehiclePriorityToTurn(randomPriority.get(0));
                        vehicleInIntersection.add( this.getNorthRoad().getLaneAt
Index(i).getVehicleInIntersection());
        if (this.getSouthRoad() != null) {
            for (int i = 0; i < this.getSouthRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {</pre>
                if ((this.getSouthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection()
== MapDirection.NORTH)) {
                    if ((this.getSouthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInter
section() != null)) {
                        if(this.getSouthTrafficLight()!= null)
                            this.getSouthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInIn
tersection().setVehicleTrafficLight(this.getSouthTrafficLight());
                        this.getSouthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInters
ection().setVehiclePriorityToTurn(randomPriority.get(1));
                        vehicleInIntersection.add( this.getSouthRoad().getLaneAt
Index(i).getVehicleInIntersection());
```

```
Intersection.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:52
                                                                          Page 7/9
        if (this.getEastRoad() != null) {
            for (int i = 0; i < this.getEastRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {</pre>
                if ((this.getEastRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection() =
= MapDirection.WEST)) {
    if ((this.getEastRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInters));

                         if(this.getEastTrafficLight()!= null)
                             this.getEastRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInt
ersection().setVehicleTrafficLight(this.getEastTrafficLight());
                         this.getEastRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInterse
ction().setVehiclePriorityToTurn(randomPriority.get(2));
                        vehicleInIntersection.add( this.getEastRoad().getLaneAtI
ndex(i).getVehicleInIntersection());
        if (this.getWestRoad() != null) {
            for (int i = 0; i < this.getWestRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {</pre>
                if ((this.getWestRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection() =
= MapDirection.EAST)) {
                    if ((this.getWestRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInters
ection() != null)) {
                         if(this.getWestTrafficLight()!= null)
                             this.getWestRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInt
ersection().setVehicleTrafficLight(this.getWestTrafficLight());
                         this.getWestRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getVehicleInInterse
ction().setVehiclePriorityToTurn(randomPriority.get(3));
                        vehicleInIntersection.add( this.getWestRoad().getLaneAtI
ndex(i).getVehicleInIntersection());
        return vehicleInIntersection;
    }
    /**
     * checks the vehicle with higher priority to turn
     * if a vehicle has a higher priority
     * it sets its priority to turn to 1 which means move
     * otherwise sets it to 0 which means stop
     * @param vehicles an array list in type of integer which contains all vehic
les which has priority to turn
     * @return
     * @throws Exception
    public boolean vehicleTurnFirst (ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicles)throws Exceptio
n{
        int max=0;
       // for (int i=0; i<vehicles.size();i++)</pre>
       // {System.out.println("ID is: " + vehicles.get(i).getId()+ " priority i
s : "+ vehicles.get(i).getVehiclePriorityToTurn());}
        if (vehicles != null) {
```

```
Intersection.java
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                                                                          Page 8/9
    for (int i = 0; i < vehicles.size(); i++) {</pre>
            if (max <= vehicles.get(i).getVehiclePriorityToTurn() ){</pre>
                if(vehicles.get(i).getVehicleTrafficLight()!= null){
                if(vehicles.get(i).getVehicleTrafficLight().getState()==LightCol
our.GREEN)
                max = vehicles.get(i).getVehiclePriorityToTurn();}
        else max = vehicles.get(i).getVehiclePriorityToTurn();}
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < vehicles.size(); i++) {</pre>
            if (vehicles.get(i).getVehiclePriorityToTurn() == max || vehicles.ge
t(i).getVehiclePriority()==5)
            {vehicles.get(i).setVehiclePriorityToTurn(1);}
        else vehicles.get(i).setVehiclePriorityToTurn(0);
        return true;
     * This is the method that gets called when the ticker terminates
      Left not implemented on purpose
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
     * If there's some error with the ticker and this subscriber, this method wo
uld call.
     * Left not implemented on purpose
     * @param throwable
     */
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
     * This is like the onTick method. This is what intersection would do when t
he ticker ticks.
     * @param aLong this gives the current time in the system to the intersection
n (although it is probably not required)
    @Override
    public void onNext(Long aLong){
            IntersectionController.vehicleTurnFirst(this, this.giveVehiclePriori
ties(this.generateRandom()));
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
```

```
Lane.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:52
                                                                         Page 1/5
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle;
import java.io.Serializable;
/**
 * This class is where the vehicles actually move
 * This is based on the cell automaton model of simulation
 * Each lane is an "queue" and has a direction
 * Number slots in the lane will be based on the number of "cells" in the view t
he road/lane takes up
public class Lane implements Serializable {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 7899381124564682583L;
    private Vehicle[] lane;
   private int length;
   private Coordinate entry;
   private Coordinate exit;
   private MapDirection movingDirection;
   private Road road;
   private Intersection endIntersection;
   private int RoadIndex;
   private int state;
   private int id;
   private static int counter=0;
    /**
     * Creates a lane and sets its first and last cell and it's moving direction
     * and calculate the length of a lane and gives it a unique Id
     * stes the state to 1 which means a lane is enabled.
     * @param entry first cell in a lane in type of Coordinate
     * @param exit last cell in a lane un type of Coordinate
     * @param movingDirection the moving direction of a lane in type of Map dir
ection
     * @throws NotALaneException
   public Lane(Coordinate entry, Coordinate exit, MapDirection movingDirection)
 throws NotALaneException {
        this.entry = entry;
        this.exit = exit;
        this.movingDirection = movingDirection;
        length = this.getLaneLength();
        lane = new Vehicle[length];
        id=++counter;
        this.setState(1);
    }
     * Gets the vehicle in last cell in a lane
     * @return the vehicle in an intersection if there is any in type of vehicle
     * if there is no, it returns null
     * @throws Exception
    public Vehicle getVehicleInIntersection() throws Exception {
        if (lane[length-1] != null)
            return lane[length-1];
```

int length;

if (aX == bX) {

Lane.java Mar 24, 16 15:52 Page 3/5 length = Math.abs(aY - bY) + 1;return length; } else if (aY == bY) { length = Math.abs(aX - bX) + 1;return length; } else throw new NotALaneException("Not a lane. Coordinate x or y must match for both"); } /** * Gets the length of a lane * @return the lane length in type of integer public int getLength() { return length; /** * Checks if a given cell is empty * @param cell is a cell in a lane in type of integer * @return the true if a cell is empty and false if not public boolean isCellEmpty(int cell) { if (cell < 0 | cell > this.length) return false; if (lane[cell] == null) return true; return false; } /** * Checks if a lane is full * @return true if a lane is full, false otherwise public boolean isFull () for (int i=0; i<this.getLength();i++)</pre> { if (this.isCellEmpty(i)) return false; return true; } /** * Gets the entry coordinate of a lane * @return the lane entry in type of coordinate public Coordinate getEntry() { return entry; /** * Gets the exit coordinate of a lane * @return the lane exit in type of coordinate public Coordinate getExit() { **return** exit;

```
/**
     * Gets the moving direction of a lane
     * @return the lane moving direction in type of MapDirection
    public MapDirection getMovingDirection() {
        return movingDirection;
    /**
     * Gets the road that a lane is belongs to
     * @return the Road that lane in it in type of road
    public Road getRoad() {return road; }
     * Sets the road that a alane belongs to
     * @param road to set it to a lane in type of road
    public void setRoad(Road road) {this.road = road;}
    /**
     * Gets the end Intersection of a lane,
     * @return the lane End intersection in type of Intersection
     */
    public Intersection getEndIntersection() {
        return endIntersection;
     * Sets the end intersection for a lane
     * then sets the intersection to the
     * and checks if the intersection is in the right coordinates
     * and if it matches the correct lane direction
     * @param endIntersection is the intersection to set to the lane
    public void setEndIntersection(Intersection endIntersection) {
        int x =endIntersection.getLocation().getX();
        int y =endIntersection.getLocation().getY();
        if ((this.getMovingDirection()==MapDirection.NORTH)&&(this.getExit().get
X()==x)&&(this.getExit().getY()==y+1))
        {this.endIntersection = endIntersection;}
        else if ((this.getMovingDirection()==MapDirection.SOUTH)&&(this.getExit()
).getX()==x)&&(this.getExit().getY()==y-1))
        {this.endIntersection = endIntersection;}
        else if((this.getMovingDirection()==MapDirection.EAST)&&(this.getExit().
getX() == x-1)&&(this.getExit().getY() == y)
        {this.endIntersection = endIntersection;}
        else if((this.getMovingDirection()==MapDirection.WEST)&&(this.getExit().
getX()==x+1)&&(this.getExit().getY()==y) )
        {this.endIntersection = endIntersection;}
```

Mar 24, 16 15:52 **Lane.java** Page 5/5

```
/**
     * @param v is a vehicle to set it to a lane
     * @param cell is a cell in a lane to set vehicle on it
     * @return true if a vehicle is setted
     * false if the cell is out of bound
    public boolean setCell(Vehicle v, int cell) {
        if (cell < 0 || cell >= length)
            return false;
        lane[cell] = v;
        return true;
    public int getRoadIndex() {
        return RoadIndex;
    public Vehicle get(int i) {
        return lane[i];
    public void setRoadIndex(int roadIndex) {
        RoadIndex = roadIndex;
    public static boolean Rotate(Lane lane1, Lane lane2){
        if (lane1.getMovingDirection()==lane2.getMovingDirection()){
            return false;
        return true;
class NotALaneException extends Exception {
   public NotALaneException() { super(); }
    public NotALaneException(String msg) { super(msg); }
    public NotALaneException(String msg, Throwable t) { super(msg,t); }
    public NotALaneException(Throwable t) { super(t); }
}
```

Mar 23, 16 16:05 LightColour.java Page 1/1 package londonsw.model.simulation.components; /** * This enum represents the types of colors that a TrafficLight could have. The system only uses RED and GREEN at the moment, * but in case YELLOW was to be added in the future, it is included here as well **/ public enum LightColour { GREEN, YELLOW, RED }

MapDirection.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 Page 1/1 package londonsw.model.simulation.components; /** * This enum is to represent different directions in the map, namely the 4 cardi nal directions NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, AND WEST. public enum MapDirection { NORTH, SOUTH, EAST, WEST, ERROR

```
ResizeFactor.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                         Page 1/2
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;
import java.math.BigDecimal;
/**
 * This class represents how images will be resized to fit on the screen. Each i
mage in our system is 100x100, but they
 * need to be scaled down in order to be displayed properly. This is used throug
hout the system, for drawing the grid
 * squares, vehicles, and determining the location to where vehicles will move.
public class ResizeFactor {
   private double resizeX;
   private double resizeY;
    /**
     * Creates a new ResizeFactor instance. There are two parameters, although o
nly one is used in most situations. This
     * is so that each square image maintains its aspect ratio. The typical rang
e for resize factors is from 0 < ResizeFactor < 1.
     * @param resizeX how much to resize the x direction by
     * @param resizeY how much to resize the y direction by
    public ResizeFactor(double resizeX, double resizeY) {
        this.resizeX = resizeX;
        this.resizeY = resizeY;
    /**
     * Gets the resize factor of the x-direction
     * @return resize factor of x
     */
    public double getResizeX() {
        return resizeX;
     * Gets the resize factor of the y-direction
     * @return resize factor of y
    public double getResizeY() {
        return resizeY;
     * Dynamically determines the resize factor for a map. Given a map width and
 height, determine the best
     * resize factor so that the map best displays on the user's display. It use
s the larger of the two dimensions
     * to determine the best fitting resize factor.
     * @param mapWidth width of the map to get a resize factor for
     * @param mapHeight height of the map to get a resize factor for
     * @return a ResizeFactor that is good for the given map dimensions
   public static ResizeFactor getSuggestedResizeFactor(int mapWidth, int mapHei
ght) {
        int larger = mapHeight > mapWidth ? mapHeight : mapWidth;
```

Mar 23, 16 16:05 ResizeFactor.java Page 2/2

```
double rf = 1.0;
if(larger < 10 || larger < 10) {
    rf = 1.0 / (mapHeight * 0.4);
}
else {
    rf = 1.0 / (larger * 0.2);
}

BigDecimal resizeFactor = new BigDecimal(rf);
BigDecimal rounded = resizeFactor.setScale(2,BigDecimal.ROUND_HALF_UP);
double result = rounded.doubleValue();

return new ResizeFactor(result, result);
}

public String toString() {
    return resizeX+","+resizeY;
}
</pre>
```

```
Road.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                         Page 1/4
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/**
 * Each road is connected to at most 2 intersections (one at each end)
 * Each road is composed of a number of lanes (currently 2, one for each directi
on)
 * These are like the edges in our directed graph
 * Each has a start-location and an end-location
public class Road implements Component, Serializable, IRoad {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 6679898165504556586L;
   private Coordinate start;
   private Coordinate end;
   private ArrayList<Lane> lanes;
   private Intersection intersection;
   private static int counter = 0;
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
   private int id;
    /**
     * Creates an instance of a new Road. It has no lanes yet. (Note: a road wit
     * should not exist, so the user must specify lanes right away). A road can
have anywhere
     * between 1 and n lanes.
     * A road is defined by where it starts in the grid and where it ends in the
grid.
     * The coordinates can be in any order, as long as they form a straight line
     * @param start the location of one end of the road
     * @param end the location of the other end of the road
    public Road(Coordinate start, Coordinate end) {
        lanes = new ArrayList<Lane>();
        this.start = start;
        this.end = end;
        this.id = ++counter;
    }
     * Gets the number of lanes a road has
     * @return number of lanes in the road
    public ArrayList<Lane> getLanes() {
        return lanes;
```

```
Road.java
Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                        Page 2/4
    * Adds a lane to the road
    * @param 1 the Lane to add to the road
  public void addLane(Lane 1) {
       1.setRoad(this);
       l.setRoadIndex(lanes.size());
       lanes.add(1);
    * Gets the lane at the index specified
    * @param i index of lane
    * @return the instance of Lane at that index i
  public Lane getLaneAtIndex(int i) {
      return lanes.get(i);
    * Gets the beginning coordinate of the road
    * @return location of beginning of road of type Coordinate
  public Coordinate getStartLocation() {
      return start;
    * Gets the end coordinate of the road
    * @return location of end of road of type Coordinate
  public Coordinate getEndLocation() {
       return end;
    * Gets the number of lanes currently part of the road
    * @return number of lanes in the road of type int
  public int getNumberLanes() {
       return lanes.size();
  public Intersection getIntersection() {
       //TODO
       return intersection;
  public void setIntersection(Intersection intersection) {
       //TODO
       this.intersection = intersection;
```

```
Road.java
 Mar 23, 16 16:05
                                                                          Page 3/4
    public void setStart(Coordinate start) {
        this.start = start;
    public void setEnd(Coordinate end) {
        this.end = end;
    /**
     * Uses the coordinates to determine how long the road is
     * A road has a minimum length of 1
     * @return length of the road
    public int getLength() {
        int aX = start.getX();
        int aY = start.getY();
        int bX = end.getX();
        int bY = end.getY();
        int length;
        if (aX == bX) {
            length = Math.abs(aY - bY) + 1;
            return length;
        } else if (aY == bY) {
            length = Math.abs(aX - bX) + 1;
            return length;
        } else
            return -1;
    }
     * Determines if a road runs NORTH to SOUTH
     * @return true if the road runs NORTH to SOUTH or SOUTH to NORTH, false if
the road runs EAST to WEST or WEST to EAST
    public boolean runsVertically() {
        int aX = start.getX();
        int bX = end.getX();
        int aY = start.getY();
        int bY = end.getY();
        // if aX==bX, then road runs vertically
        if (aX == bX) {
            if(aY == bY) {
                // the road is length of 1, do something else
                if(lanes.size() == 0) {
                    return true;
                } else {
                    Lane lane = lanes.get(0);
                    if(lane.getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.NORTH | lane.g
etMovingDirection() == MapDirection.SOUTH) {
                        return true;
                    } else {
                        return false;
```

```
TrafficLight.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:53
                                                                          Page 1/3
package londonsw.model.simulation.components;
import londonsw.controller.TrafficLightController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker;
import rx.Subscriber;
import java.io.Serializable;
 * The implementation of the traffic lights in our system. This extends the RxJa
va class Subscriber to receive
 * messages from the Ticker.
public class TrafficLight extends Subscriber<Long> implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1299747948664926447L;
    private LightColour state;
    private long duration;
    private long currentTime;
    private static int counter = 0;
    private int id;
    /**
     * Default constructor, initial light color is red
    public TrafficLight() {
        this.currentTime = 1000;
        Ticker.subscribe(this);
        this.state = LightColour.RED;
        this.id = ++counter;
        this.duration = TrafficLightController.getInstance().getDurationLength()
;
    }
     * Creating a new traffic light with a new default color
     * @param colour the initial color of the traffic light
    public TrafficLight(LightColour colour) {
        this.currentTime = 1000;
        Ticker.subscribe(this);
        this.state = colour;
        this.id = ++counter;
        this.duration = TrafficLightController.getInstance().getDurationLength()
;
     * Subscribes this traffic light to the Ticker. Especially useful if using a
 loaded map!
    public void subscribeToTicker() {
        Ticker.subscribe(this);
     * Get the current color of the traffic light
     * @return LightColour (enum) of the current colour
```

```
TrafficLight.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:53
                                                                          Page 2/3
    public LightColour getState() {
        return state;
    /**
     * Gets the ID of the traffic light, useful for logging
     * @return the id of this traffic light instance
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    /**
     * Sets the id of the traffic light
     * @param id the desired id of the traffic light
    public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    /**
     * Set the color of the traffic light from an external source
     * @param state LightColour (enum) of the color to be
    public void setState(LightColour state) {
        this.state = state;
    /**
     * Set the color of the traffic light based on the current state.
     * Current behaviour:
     * If currently red, go to green
     * If currently green, go to red
    public void nextState() {
        switch (state) {
            case RED:
                state = LightColour.GREEN;
                break;
            case YELLOW:
                state = LightColour.RED;
                break;
            case GREEN:
                state = LightColour.RED; // changed to RED, no yellow behaviour
for now
                break;
            default:
                state = LightColour.RED;
                break;
        }
    }
     * Set how long the traffic light should be a specific color
     * @param duration time (in millis) of how long the traffic light should sta
y its color
    public void setDuration(long duration) {
```

```
TrafficLight.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:53
                                                                          Page 3/3
        this.duration = duration;
    /**
     * Get the current duration of the traffic light (how long a color lasts)
     * @return the duration (in millis)
    public long getDuration() {
       return duration;
     * This is for what the traffic light would do if the ticker stops. Left uni
mplemented on purpose
     */
    @Override
   public void onCompleted() {
    /**
     * This is what the traffic light would do if there is an error thrown by th
e ticker's observable. Left
     * unimplemented on purpose
     * @param throwable
     */
    @Override
   public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
    /**
     * This is like the onTick method. This is what happens when the ticker tick
s. The state changes after
     * a specified amount of ticks (the duration).
     * @param aLong the current time in the system
     */
    @Override
    public void onNext(Long aLong) {
        if(currentTime < (duration)) {</pre>
            currentTime += 1000;
        else {
            currentTime = 1000;
            nextState();
            TrafficLightController.getInstance().colourChanged(state, this);
        }
}
```

VehicleBehavior.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 Page 1/1 package londonsw.model.simulation.components; import java.util.Arrays; import java.util.Collections; import java.util.List; import java.util.Random; /** * This enum is to represent different types of behaviours vehicles can have. Fo r instance, a Car might have average * behaviour, but an Ambulance has aggressive behaviour. public enum VehicleBehavior{ AVERAGE, CAUTIOUS, AGGRESSIVE; private static final java.util.List<VehicleBehavior> VALUES= Collections.unm odifiableList(Arrays.asList(values())); private static final int size = VALUES.size(); private static final Random RANDOM= new Random(); public static VehicleBehavior randomLetter(){ return VALUES.get(RANDOM.nextInt(size)); }

Page 1/1

Ambulance.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 package londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane; public class Ambulance extends Vehicle { * Create a vehicle and set its position by specify a cell in a lane * @param currentCell the cell to set vehicle in, in the lane * @param currentLane the lane to set vehicle in //TODO: Ambulance ignoring traffic light and blinking lights // TODO: figure out why ambulance gets stuck after moving forward public Ambulance(int currentCell, Lane currentLane) { super(currentCell, currentLane); this.vehicleLength=1; this.vehicleSpeed=1.0; this.vehiclePriority = 5; this.vehicleBehavior = vehicleBehavior.AGGRESSIVE;

Car.java Page 1/1 Mar 10, 16 9:20 package londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.VehicleBehavior; import java.io.Serializable; /** * An implementation of a vehicle * This moves in a lane * Only moves forwards when the slot in front of it is empty public class Car extends Vehicle implements Serializable, ICar { private static final long serialVersionUID = -3555254273903868035L; private static int idCounter = 0; private int id; public Car(int currentCell, Lane currentLane) { super(currentCell,currentLane); this.vehicleLength=1; this.vehicleSpeed=1.0; this.vehiclePriority = 1; this.vehicleBehavior = VehicleBehavior.AVERAGE; // default id = idCounter++; public int getCarId() { return id; } }

Mar 02, 16 21:30 **ICar.java** Page 1/1

```
package londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles;

/**
   * Created by felix on 26/02/2016.
   */
public interface ||Car {
      int getCarId();
}
```

IVehicle.java Mar 24, 16 15:52 Page 1/1 package londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Coordinate; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.TrafficLight; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.VehicleBehavior; import java.util.ArrayList; /** * Created by felix on 04/03/2016. public interface IVehicle { Lane getPreviousLane(); void setPreviousLane(Lane previousLane); void setCurrentCoordinate(Coordinate currentCoordinate); int getVehicleLength(); double getVehicleSpeed(); int getVehiclePriority(); Lane getCurrentLane(); int getCurrentCell(); int getVehicleState(); VehicleBehavior getVehicleBehavior(); Coordinate getCurrentCoordinate(); void setVehicleLength(int vehicleLength); void setVehicleSpeed(double vehicleSpeed); void setVehiclePriority(int vehiclePriority); void setCurrentLane(Lane currentLane) throws Exception; void setCurrentCell(int curCell, Lane currentLane) throws Exception; void setVehicleState(int vehicleState); void setVehicleBehavior(VehicleBehavior vehicleBehavior); Lane chooseLane () throws Exception; int moveVehicle(int step) throws Exception;//changed return type to int void readTrafficLight() throws Exception; ArrayList<Lane> getLaneOptions() throws Exception; int vehicleTurn (Lane 1) throws Exception; //changed return type to int Coordinate getStoredCurrentCoordinate(); void setPreviousCoordinate(Coordinate coord); int getVehiclePriorityToTurn(); void setVehiclePriorityToTurn(int vehiclePriorityToTurn); TrafficLight getVehicleTrafficLight(); void setVehicleTrafficLight(TrafficLight vehicleTrafficLight); }

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                         Page 1/11
package londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles;
import londonsw.controller.TrafficLightController;
import londonsw.controller.VehicleController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*;
import rx.Subscriber;
import java.io.Serializable;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Random;
/**
 * This is the abstract class that all vehicles will implement
 * This allows for scalability because we can add more types of cars (eg. ambula
nce, bus)
 * This uses RxJava's Subscriber class to subscribe to the Ticker (that has as O
bservable). On each tick,
 * the onNext(..) method runs.
public abstract class Vehicle extends Subscriber<Long> implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -4552832373570448039L;
    protected int vehicleLength;
    protected double vehicleSpeed;
    protected int currentCell;
    protected int vehiclePriority;// 1 is the lowest
    protected int vehicleState;
    protected VehicleBehavior vehicleBehavior;
    protected Lane currentLane;
    protected ArrayList<Lane> laneOptions = new ArrayList<Lane>();
protected Random randomDirection;
    protected Lane 1;
    protected Coordinate currentCoordinate;
    protected Coordinate previousCoordinate;
    protected Lane previousLane;
    protected int vehiclePriorityToTurn;
    protected TrafficLight vehicleTrafficLight;
    protected int timesTicked;
    private static int counter = 0;
    protected int id;
    protected int timeSpentStanding;
     * Create a vehicle and set its position by specify a cell in a lane
     * @param currentCell the cell to set vehicle in, in the lane
     * @param currentLane the lane to set vehicle in
    public Vehicle(int currentCell, Lane currentLane) {
        this.currentCell = currentCell;
        this.currentLane = currentLane;
        this.currentLane.setCell(this, currentCell);
        Ticker.subscribe(this);
        timesTicked = 0;
        id = ++counter;
        timeSpentStanding = 0;
```

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                        Page 2/11
    /**
     * gets the traffic light that vehicle must read
     * @return traffic light in front of a vehicle in type of traffic light
    public TrafficLight getVehicleTrafficLight() {
        return vehicleTrafficLight;
    /**
     * sets the traffic light for vehicle
     * @param vehicleTrafficLight traffic light in front of vehicle
    public void setVehicleTrafficLight(TrafficLight vehicleTrafficLight) {
        this.vehicleTrafficLight = vehicleTrafficLight;
     * sets the vehicle priority to turn
     * @param vehiclePriorityToTurn the Priority Of vehicle To turn first int ty
pe of integer
     * in each intersection if there are more than vehicle, vehicles are given p
riorities to decide which turn first
     * so they do not crash
    public void setVehiclePriorityToTurn(int vehiclePriorityToTurn) {
        this.vehiclePriorityToTurn = vehiclePriorityToTurn;
     * gets vehicle priority to turn ,
     * @return the Priority Of vehicle To which turn first ib type of integer
     *depends on its priority its turns or stops
     */
    public int getVehiclePriorityToTurn() {
        return vehiclePriorityToTurn;
    /**
     * gets a unique vehicle ID
     * @return ID of vehicle in type of integer
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    /**
     * sets a unique ID for vehicle
     * @param id unique ID for vehicle in type of integer
    public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
     * Gets the length of a vehicle
```

```
Vehicle.java
                                                                        Page 3/11
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
     * @return the length of a vehicle in type of integer
     * each type of vehicle has its own length
    public int getVehicleLength() {
        return vehicleLength;
     * Gets the speed of a vehicle
     * @return the speed of a vehicle in type of double
     * each vehicle's speed depends on its behavior
    public double getVehicleSpeed() {
        return vehicleSpeed;
   public int getVehiclePriority() {
        return vehiclePriority;
     * Gets the lane which is vehicle in
     * @return the lane which is vehicle in on the current time in type of lane
   public Lane getCurrentLane() {
        return currentLane;
     * Gets the current cell in lane which is vehicle in
     * @return cell from lane which is vehicle in on the current time , in type
of integer
   public int getCurrentCell() {
        return currentCell;
    /**
     * Gets the state of vehicle which are 0 refers to still or 1 refers to movi
ng
     * @return the state of vehicle in type if integer
    public int getVehicleState() {
        return vehicleState;
     * Gets the behavior of a vehicle from three behaviors AVERAGE, AGGRESSIVE,
and CAUTIOUS
     * @return the behavior of a vehicle in type of enum VehicleBehavior
    public VehicleBehavior getVehicleBehavior() {
```

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                        Page 4/11
        return this.vehicleBehavior;
     * Gets the previous lane which vehicle was in
     * @return the previous lane in type of Lane
    public Lane getPreviousLane() {
        return previousLane;
    public void setPreviousCoordinate(Coordinate prev) {
        this.previousCoordinate = prev;
    public void setPreviousLane(Lane previousLane) {
        this.previousLane = previousLane;
    public Coordinate getPreviousCoordinate() {
       return previousCoordinate;
     * Increments the time spent standing by this vehicle. This exists because t
he VehicleController needs
     * to call this for all stationary vehicles.
     */
    public void incrementTimeSpentStanding() {
       timeSpentStanding++;
     * Gets the time spent standing (not moving) in the system
     * @return the total time spent standing by this vehicle in the system
    public int getTimeSpentStanding() {
        return timeSpentStanding;
     * Gets the times ticked by this vehicle in the system. This is used in the
calculation for the average vehicle time
     * standing in the system.
     * @return the number of ticks this vehicle heard
    public int getTimesTicked() {
        return timesTicked;
     * Gets the current coordinate of this vehicle in the Map
     * @return the current coordinate of this vehicle in the Map
     */
    public Coordinate getCurrentCoordinate() {
        int currentCell = this.getCurrentCell();
        Lane currentLane = this.getCurrentLane();
        Coordinate coordinate = new Coordinate(0, 0);
```

```
MapDirection mapDirection = currentLane.getMovingDirection();
    switch (mapDirection) {
        case NORTH:
            coordinate.setX(currentLane.getEntry().getX());
            coordinate.setY(currentLane.getEntry().getY() - currentCell);
            break;
        case SOUTH:
            coordinate.setX(currentLane.getEntry().getX());
            coordinate.setY(currentLane.getEntry().getY() + currentCell);
            break;
        case EAST:
            coordinate.setX(currentLane.getEntry().getX() + currentCell);
            coordinate.setY(currentLane.getEntry().getY());
        case WEST:
            coordinate.setX(currentLane.getEntry().getX() - currentCell);
            coordinate.setY(currentLane.getEntry().getY());
            break;
    }
    this.currentCoordinate = coordinate;
    return coordinate;
public Coordinate getStoredCurrentCoordinate() {
    return currentCoordinate;
//Setter
/**
 * @param vehicleLength the length of a vehicle in type of integer
public void setVehicleLength(int vehicleLength) {
    this.vehicleLength = vehicleLength;
 * @param vehicleSpeed the speed of vehicle in type of double
public void setVehicleSpeed(double vehicleSpeed) {
    this.vehicleSpeed = vehicleSpeed;
public void setVehiclePriority(int vehiclePriority) {
    this.vehiclePriority = vehiclePriority;
 * @param currentLane a lane to set car in, in type of lane
 * @throws Exception if lane is not exist
                     set a vehicle into a new lane
```

```
Vehicle.java
                                                                         Page 6/11
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
     */
    public void setCurrentLane(Lane currentLane) throws Exception {
        if (currentLane != null) {
            this.currentLane = currentLane;
        } else
            throw new Exception("Lane is not Exist!");
    }
                          new cell to assign vehicle to
     * @param curCell
     * @param currentLane lane that cell takes place in
     * @throws Exception if the cell is out of bounds or is not empty
                         >
                         set a vehicle into a new cell
                         check if a new cell is empty, and not out of bounds
                         not less than zero or equal or more than lane length
    public void setCurrentCell(int curCell, Lane currentLane) throws Exception {
        if ((curCell >= 0) && (curCell < currentLane.getLength()) && (currentLan</pre>
e.isCellEmpty(curCell))) {
            this.currentCell = curCell;
        } else if (this.getVehiclePriority() != 5) {
            throw new Exception("new cell is not available!");
     * @param vehicleState in type of integer
                           set the state of vehicle
                           0 for still and 1 for movement
    public void setVehicleState(int vehicleState) {
        this.vehicleState = vehicleState;
     * @param vehicleBehavior in type of VehicleBehavior enum
                              sets the behavior of a vehicle
                              there are three behaviors AVERAGE, AGGRESSIVE, and
 CAUTIOUS
    public void setVehicleBehavior(VehicleBehavior vehicleBehavior) {
        this.vehicleBehavior = vehicleBehavior;
    public void setCurrentCoordinate(Coordinate currentCoordinate) {
        this.currentCoordinate = currentCoordinate;
    /**
     * @param step number of steps to move, depends on the behavior
     * @return returns the number of steps the vehicle is able to achieve
     * @throws Exception vehicle can move one step or more, depends on its behav
ior
                         if it moves two steps, should check if this movement is
available
                         if not it checks if one step is available
                         if not vehicle stops
```

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                        Page 7/11
    public int moveVehicle(int step) throws Exception {
        int curCell = this.getCurrentCell();
        while (step > 0) {
            if (curCell + step >= this.currentLane.getLength() || !this.currentL
ane.isCellEmpty(curCell + step)) {
                step--;
            } else
                break;
        }
            currentLane.setCell(null, curCell);
            curCell += step;
            this.setCurrentCell(curCell, this.getCurrentLane());
            currentLane.setCell(this, curCell);
            return step;
        }
    /**
     * to make a vehicle reads a traffic light
     * use intersection to read the traffic light, each intersection has up to f
our traffic light
     * depends on the direction of a lane which vehicle is in, a vehicle can rea
ds the corresponding traffic light
     * if the traffic light is green the vehicle state set to moving
     * if the traffic light is red the vehicle state set to still
     * @throws Exception
    public void readTrafficLight()throws Exception {
        if (this.getCurrentCell() == this.currentLane.getLength() - 1) {
            TrafficLight light;
            // traffic lights are disabled, allow cars to move through lights
            if(!TrafficLightController.getInstance().areLightsEnabled()) {
                this.setVehicleState(1);
                return;
            if (this.getCurrentLane().getEndIntersection() != null)
                switch (this.getCurrentLane().getMovingDirection()) {
                        light = this.getCurrentLane().getEndIntersection().getSo
uthTrafficLight();
                        break;
                    case SOUTH:
                        light = this.getCurrentLane().getEndIntersection().getNo
rthTrafficLight();
                        break;
                    case EAST:
                        light = this.getCurrentLane().getEndIntersection().getWe
stTrafficLight();
                        break;
                    case WEST:
                        light = this.getCurrentLane().getEndIntersection().getEa
stTrafficLight();
```

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                          Page 8/11
                         break;
                     default: // ERROR case
                         light = null;
                         throw new Exception("Error Direction!");
                         // break;
                if (this.getVehiclePriority() > 1 && light != null) {
                     if (light.getState() == LightColour.RED) {
                         this.vehicleState = 1;
                 } else if (light != null) {
                     if (light.getState() == LightColour.RED)
                         this.vehicleState = 0;
                     else
                         this.vehicleState = 1;
                else
                     //move because there isn't any traffic light
                     this.setVehicleState(1);
            } else {
                int curCell = this.getCurrentCell();
                currentLane.setCell(null, curCell);
                this.setVehicleState(3);
                this.unsubscribe();
                VehicleController.removeFromListAndMap(this);
            }
        } else
            throw new Exception ("Reading traffic light when not at end of lane");
     * in each intersection this method gives vehicles options of available lane
s that vehicles can move to
     * this method checks three conditions
     * 1. if the lane is exist
     * 2. if there is a space for a new vehicle
     * 3. if the direction of a lane is legal for the vehicle
     * if a lane obtains these conditions, then it is added to laneOptions Arra
y List
     * @return the options of lanes that vehicle can move to in type of Array L
ist of lanes
     * @throws Exception
     */
    public ArrayList<Lane> getLaneOptions() throws Exception {
        laneOptions.clear();
        if(this.currentLane.getEndIntersection()!=null) {
            if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getEastRoad() != null) &&
                     (this.currentLane.getMovingDirection() != MapDirection.WEST)
) {
                for (int i = 0; i < this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getEas</pre>
tRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {
```

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                         Page 9/11
                    if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getEastRoad().get
LaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.EAST)
                            && (this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getEastRoa
d().getLaneAtIndex(i).getState() == 1)) {
                        laneOptions.add(this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().ge
tEastRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i));
            if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getSouthRoad() != null) &
&
                    (this.currentLane.getMovingDirection() != MapDirection.NORTH
)) {
                for (int i = 0; i < this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getSou</pre>
thRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {
                    if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getSouthRoad().ge
tLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.SOUTH)
                            && (this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getSouthRo
ad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getState() == 1)) {
                        laneOptions.add(this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().ge
tSouthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i));
            if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getNorthRoad() != null) &
&
                    (this.currentLane.getMovingDirection() != MapDirection.SOUTH
)) {
                for (int i = 0; i < this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getNor</pre>
thRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {
                    if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getNorthRoad().ge
tLaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.NORTH)
                            && (this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getNorthRo
ad().getLaneAtIndex(i).getState() == 1)) {
                        laneOptions.add(this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().ge
tNorthRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i));
            if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getWestRoad() != null) &&
                    (this.currentLane.getMovingDirection() != MapDirection.EAST)
) {
                for (int i = 0; i < this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getWes</pre>
tRoad().getNumberLanes(); i++) {
                    if ((this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getWestRoad().get
LaneAtIndex(i).getMovingDirection() == MapDirection.WEST)
                            && (this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().getWestRoa
d().getLaneAtIndex(i).getState() == 1)) {
                        laneOptions.add(this.currentLane.getEndIntersection().ge
tWestRoad().getLaneAtIndex(i));
            return laneOptions;
```

Mar 29, 16 18:01 **Vehicle.java** Page 10/11

```
return null;
     * Chooses lane randomly from lanes options
     * @return a random lane in type of Lane
     * @throws Exception
    public Lane chooseLane() throws Exception {
        int num = 0;
        if(this.getLaneOptions()!=null) {
            num = this.getLaneOptions().size();
        if (num > 0) {
            randomDirection = new Random();
            int size = randomDirection.nextInt(this.getLaneOptions().size());
            l= this.getLaneOptions().get(size);
            return 1;
        return null;
     * there are four condition for vehicle to turn:
     * 1. if the lane is exist and
     * 2. the vehicle is at the last cell of the lane
     * 3. the first cell is empty
     * 4. the vehicle priority to turn is 1
     * if these conditions are obtained vehicle turn
     * otherwise vehicle stops
     * @param 1 a random lane to move to in type of Lane
     * @return integer representation of booleans
     * @throws Exception
     */
    public int vehicleTurn(Lane 1) throws Exception {
        Lane oldLane = this.currentLane;
            //validate if its end of lane
            if (((1 != null) && (this.getCurrentCell() == this.currentLane.getLe
ngth() -1) && (l.isCellEmpty(0)) && this.getVehiclePriorityToTurn()==1) ||
                    (1 != null && this.getCurrentCell() == this.currentLane.getL
ength()-1 && l.isCellEmpty(0) && !TrafficLightController.getInstance().areLights
Enabled()))
                    oldLane.setCell(null, oldLane.getLength() - 1);
                    this.setCurrentLane(1);
                    this.setCurrentCell(0, 1);
                    this.getCurrentLane().setCell(this,0);
```

```
Vehicle.java
 Mar 29, 16 18:01
                                                                          Page 11/11
                     return 1;
            else {
                this.setVehicleState(0);
                return 0;}
    }
     * This is the method that gets called when the ticker terminates (i.e. the
stop() method was called
      on the ticker). Left not implemented on purpose
     */
    @Override
    public void onCompleted() {
                                    }
    /**
     * If there's some error with the ticker and this subscriber, this method wo
uld call.
     * Left not implemented on purpose
     * @param throwable
     */
    @Override
    public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
    /**
     * This is like the onTick method. This is what cars would do when the ticke
r ticks.
     * @param aLong this gives the current time in the system to the car (althou
gh it is probably not required)
     */
    @Override
    public void onNext(Long aLong) {
          System.out.print("Tick! " + aLong + " ");
System.out.println("Car: "+ this.getId()+" Location: " + this.getCurr
//
//
entCoordinate().getX() + "," + this.getCurrentCoordinate().getY());
        timesTicked++;
        try {
            if (vehicleBehavior == VehicleBehavior.AVERAGE) {
                VehicleController.moveOnTick(this,1);
            } else if (vehicleBehavior == VehicleBehavior.AGGRESSIVE) {
                VehicleController.moveOnTick(this,2);
             } else if (vehicleBehavior == VehicleBehavior.CAUTIOUS) {
                VehicleController.moveOnTick(this,1);
              else
                VehicleController.moveOnTick(this,1); // default behaviour
        } catch(Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
```

Mar 23, 16 16:05 ComponentType.java Page 1/1

```
package londonsw.view.mapcreation;

/**
  * Created by violet on 17/03/2016.
  */
public enum ComponentType {
    INTERSECTION,
    ROADNS,
    ROADEW,
    MAP_SQUARE,
    GRASS,
    NOTHING
}
```

```
MapMakerScreen.java
                                                                              Page 1/12
 Mar 25, 16 9:03
package londonsw.view.mapcreation;
import javafx.application.Platform;
import javafx.beans.value.ObservableValue;
import javafx.collections.ObservableList;
import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
import javafx.geometry.Insets;
import javafx.scene.Node;
import javafx.scene.Parent;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.control.*;
import javafx.scene.effect.DropShadow;
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.image.ImageView;
import javafx.scene.input.MouseEvent;
import javafx.scene.layout.*;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.text.Font;
import javafx.scene.text.FontWeight;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import londonsw.controller.MapMakerController;
import londonsw.controller.StartUpController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.Map;
import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*;
import londonsw.view.simulation.MapGridGUIDecorator;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Optional;
@SuppressWarnings("Duplicates")
public class MapMakerScreen {
    private int width;
    private int height;
    private ImageView intersectionImgView;
    private ImageView roadNSImgView;
    private ImageView roadEWImgView;
    private ImageView grassImgView;
    /**
     * Creates a new MapMaker screen
     * @param width the width the user chose for their map
     * @param height the height the user chose for their map
    public MapMakerScreen(int width, int height) {
        this.width = width;
        this.height = height;
    }
     * Draws the MapMaker screen and displays it to the user
     * @param primaryStage the stage to show it in
     * @throws Exception
     */
    public void drawScreen(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception {
        // Create the base BorderPane for the whole window
```

MapMakerScreen.java Mar 25, 16 9:03 Page 2/12 BorderPane borderPane = new BorderPane(); borderPane.setStyle("-fx-background-color: papayawhip"); // Add some instructions to the user String text = "Instructions:\n" + "1. Click on the map component that you would like to place in the map\n" + "2. Click on the place in the map where you want to place the component\n" + "3. Repeat until you built the map you want!\n" + "4. Hit the 'Save' button when you are done"; Label instructions = **new** Label(text); instructions.setFont(Font.font("Arial", FontWeight.BOLD,12)); instructions.setPadding(new Insets(5, 5, 5, 5)); borderPane.setTop(instructions); // Create the blank Map Pane mapPane = new Pane(); Map map = new Map(width, height); MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUIDecorator = new MapGridGUIDecorator(map.ge tGrid()); ResizeFactor rf = ResizeFactor.getSuggestedResizeFactor(width, height); mapGridGUIDecorator.setResizeFactor(rf); GridPane mapGridPane = mapGridGUIDecorator.drawComponents(); mapGridPane.setPadding(new Insets(0,0,5,5)); mapPane.getChildren().add(mapGridPane); borderPane.setCenter(mapPane); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.NOTHING); VBox sideComponents = new VBox(); /* Add "Components" label */ Label componentsLabel = new Label("Components"); componentsLabel.setFont(Font.font("Arial",FontWeight.EXTRA_BOLD,14)); componentsLabel.setPadding(new Insets(15,5,0,20)); sideComponents.getChildren().add(componentsLabel); /* Add Intersection square image */ VBox intersectionPane = new VBox(); Label intersectionLabel = new Label("Intersection"); intersectionLabel.setPadding(new Insets(5,5,0,30)); intersectionLabel.setFont(Font.font("Arial",FontWeight.SEMI_BOLD,12)); Image intersectionImg = new Image("IntersectionX.png",60,60,true,false); intersectionImgView = new ImageView(intersectionImg); StackPane intersectionStackPane = **new** StackPane(intersectionImgView); intersectionStackPane.setPadding(new Insets(0,10,10,10)); intersectionPane.getChildren().add(intersectionLabel); intersectionPane.getChildren().add(intersectionStackPane); sideComponents.getChildren().add(intersectionPane); /* Add RoadNS square image */ VBox roadNSPane = new VBox(); Label roadNSLabel = **new** Label("Road(North-South)"); roadNSLabel.setPadding(new Insets(5,5,0,15)); roadNSLabel.setFont(Font.font("Arial",FontWeight.SEMI_BOLD,12)); Image roadNSImg = new Image("RoadBackgroundNS.png",60,60,true,false); roadNSImgView = new ImageView(roadNSImg); StackPane roadNSStackPane = new StackPane(roadNSImqView); roadNSStackPane.setPadding(new Insets(0,10,10,10));

roadNSPane.getChildren().add(roadNSLabel);
roadNSPane.getChildren().add(roadNSStackPane);

```
sideComponents.getChildren().add(roadNSPane);
/* Add RoadEW square image */
VBox roadEWPane = new VBox();
Label roadEWLabel = new Label("Road(East-West)");
roadEWLabel.setPadding(new Insets(5,5,0,15));
roadEWLabel.setFont(Font.font("Arial", FontWeight.SEMI_BOLD, 12));
Image roadEWImg = new Image("RoadBackgroundEW.png",60,60,true,false);
roadEWImgView = new ImageView(roadEWImg);
StackPane roadEWStackPane = new StackPane(roadEWImgView);
roadEWStackPane.setPadding(new Insets(0,10,10,10));
roadEWPane.getChildren().add(roadEWLabel);
roadEWPane.getChildren().add(roadEWStackPane);
sideComponents.getChildren().add(roadEWPane);
/* Add Grass square image to empty out cells */
VBox grassPane = new VBox();
Label grassLabel = new Label("Grass(clear square)");
grassLabel.setPadding(new Insets(5,5,0,15));
grassLabel.setFont(Font.font("Arial",FontWeight.SEMI_BOLD,12));
Image grassImg = new Image("Grass.png",60,60,true,false);
grassImgView = new ImageView(grassImg);
StackPane grassStackPane = new StackPane(grassImgView);
grassStackPane.setPadding(new Insets(0,10,10,10));
grassPane.getChildren().add(grassLabel);
grassPane.getChildren().add(grassStackPane);
sideComponents.getChildren().add(grassPane);
/* Add Save, Reset buttons */
VBox buttonsPane = new VBox();
buttonsPane.setPadding(new Insets(0,0,0,10));
Label toolsLabel = new Label("Tools");
toolsLabel.setFont(Font.font("Arial",FontWeight.EXTRA_BOLD,14));
toolsLabel.setPadding(new Insets(15,5,5,35));
buttonsPane.getChildren().add(toolsLabel);
Insets padding = new Insets(0,0,5,0);
Button saveButton = new Button("Save Map");
StackPane saveButtonPane = new StackPane(saveButton);
saveButtonPane.setPadding(padding);
saveButton.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
saveButton.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13));
buttonsPane.getChildren().add(saveButtonPane);
Button resetButton = new Button("Reset Map");
resetButton.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
resetButton.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13));
StackPane resetButtonPane = new StackPane(resetButton);
resetButtonPane.setPadding(padding);
buttonsPane.getChildren().add(resetButtonPane);
Button backButton = new Button("Go Back");
backButton.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
backButton.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13));
StackPane backButtonPane = new StackPane(backButton);
backButtonPane.setPadding(padding);
buttonsPane.getChildren().add(backButtonPane);
sideComponents.getChildren().add(buttonsPane);
Ticker.start();
```

MapMakerScreen.java Page 4/12 Mar 25, 16 9:03 /* Add click processing for Map grid squares */ for(int i = 0; i < height; i++) {</pre> $for(int j = 0; j < width; j++) {$ Node current = getNodeFromIndex(i, j, mapGridPane); final int x = j; final int y = i; current.setOnMouseClicked((MouseEvent click) -> { MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.get CurrentFocused()); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.MAP SQUAR E); current.requestFocus(); }); current.focusedProperty().addListener((ObservableValue<? extends</pre> Boolean > observable, Boolean oldValue, Boolean newValue) -> { ComponentType previous = MapMakerController.getPreviousFocus ed(); if(previous == ComponentType.INTERSECTION) { addIntersection(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane, intersectionImgView); else if(previous == ComponentType.ROADNS) { addRoadNS(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadNS ImgView); else if(previous == ComponentType.ROADEW) { addRoadEW(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadEW ImqView); else if(previous == ComponentType.GRASS) { addGrass(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,grassIm gView); }); /* Add intersection icon click processing */ DropShadow ds = new DropShadow(15, Color.BLUE); intersectionImgView.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentF ocused()); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.INTERSECTION); intersectionImgView.requestFocus(); intersectionImgView.focusedProperty().addListener((ObservableValue<? ext</pre> ends Boolean> observable, Boolean oldValue, Boolean newValue) -> { if(newValue) intersectionImgView.setEffect(ds); intersectionImqView.setEffect(null); }); /* Add roadNS icon click processing */ roadNSImgView.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentF ocused()); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.ROADNS);

roadNSImqView.requestFocus();

MapMakerScreen.java Mar 25, 16 9:03 Page 5/12 }); roadNSImgView.focusedProperty().addListener((ObservableValue<? extends B</pre> oolean > observable, Boolean oldValue, Boolean newValue) -> { if(newValue) roadNSImqView.setEffect(ds); else roadNSImgView.setEffect(null); }); /* Add roadEW icon click processing */ roadEWImgView.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentF ocused()); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.ROADEW); roadEWImgView.requestFocus(); roadEWImgView.focusedProperty().addListener((ObservableValue<? extends B</pre> oolean > observable, Boolean oldValue, Boolean newValue) -> { if(newValue) roadEWImgView.setEffect(ds); else roadEWImgView.setEffect(null); }); /* Add grass icon click processing */ grassImgView.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentF ocused()); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.GRASS); grassImgView.requestFocus(); grassImqView.focusedProperty().addListener((ObservableValue<? extends Bo</pre> olean> observable, Boolean oldValue, Boolean newValue) -> { if(newValue) grassImgView.setEffect(ds); else grassImgView.setEffect(null); }); /* Add save button functionality */ saveButton.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { TextInputDialog nameDialog = new TextInputDialog(); nameDialog.setTitle("Save $\bar{M}ap$ "); nameDialog.setHeaderText("Please provide a name for your map (no spaces or special char acters).\nSaved maps go into the /maps directory of your working directory."); nameDialog.setContentText("File name"); Button btOk = (Button) nameDialog.getDialogPane().lookupButton(Butto nType.OK); TextField textfield = nameDialog.getEditor(); Platform.runLater(() -> textfield.requestFocus()); btOk.setDisable(true); textfield.textProperty().addListener(((observable, oldValue, newValu e) -> { btOk.setDisable(newValue.trim().isEmpty()); })); Optional<String> result = nameDialog.showAndWait(); result.ifPresent(name -> { name = name.concat(".map");

```
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                                                                         Page 6/12
                try {
                    Map finalMap = buildAndSaveMap(map);
                    finalMap.saveMap(name);
                    goBack(primaryStage);
                } catch (Exception e) {
                    e.printStackTrace();
            });
        });
        resetButton.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            for(int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
                for(int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
                    Component component = map.getAtLocation(new Coordinate(x, y)
);
                    if(component instanceof Road | component instanceof Interse
ction) {
                        addGrass(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,grassIm
gView);
               }
        });
        backButton.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            try {
                goBack(primaryStage);
            } catch (Exception e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
        });
        borderPane.setRight(sideComponents);
        Scene scene = new Scene(borderPane);
        primaryStage.setScene(scene);
        primaryStage.centerOnScreen();
        primaryStage.setResizable(false);
    }
     * Build the map that the user drew into a complete and connected map
     * @param map the map that the user built
     * @return a fixed map that has all roads and intersections connected
     * @throws Exception
    private Map buildAndSaveMap(Map map) throws Exception {
        System.out.println("Building and saving map...");
        int width = map.getWidth();
        int height = map.getHeight();
        Map fixed = new Map(width, height);
        for(int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
            for(int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
                Component current = map.getGrid().get(x, y);
                if(current instanceof Intersection) {
                    Coordinate location = new Coordinate(x, y);
                    Intersection i = new Intersection(location);
                    fixed.addIntersection(i);
                    deleteFromOldMap(map, location, location);
```

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                else if(current instanceof Road) {
                    Road road = (Road) current;
                    Coordinate lastKnownCoord = road.getEndLocation();
                    if(road.runsVertically()) {
                        if(lastKnownCoord.getY() != height-1) {
                            Component next = map.getGrid().get(x,y++);
                            while(next != null && next instanceof Road) {
                                lastKnownCoord = ((Road) next).getEndLocation();
                                if(y == height) break;
                                next = map.getGrid().get(x, y++);
                            y = road.getStartLocation().getY(); // go back to th
e row we started at
                        Coordinate start = road.getStartLocation();
                        Coordinate end = lastKnownCoord;
                        Road newRoad = new Road(start, end);
                        newRoad.addLane(new Lane(end, start, MapDirection.NORTH)
);
                        newRoad.addLane(new Lane(start, end, MapDirection.SOUTH)
);
                        fixed.addRoad(newRoad);
                        deleteFromOldMap(map, start, end);
                    else {
                        if(lastKnownCoord.getX() != width-1) {
                            Component next = map.getGrid().get(x++, y);
                            while (next != null && next instanceof Road) {
                                lastKnownCoord = ((Road) next).getEndLocation();
                                if(x == width) break;
                                next = map.getGrid().get(x++, y);
                            x = x - 2; // we overshot by 1, so go back, and loop
will increment, so go back another
                        Coordinate start = road.getStartLocation();
                        Coordinate end = lastKnownCoord;
                        Road newRoad = new Road(start, end);
                        newRoad.addLane(new Lane(start, end, MapDirection.EAST))
                        newRoad.addLane(new Lane(end, start, MapDirection.WEST))
                        fixed.addRoad(newRoad);
                        deleteFromOldMap(map, start, end);
                }
        assignIntersectionsToRoads(fixed);
        return fixed;
     ' Gets the Node at a given location in the GridPane
     * @param row the row (y-coordinate) where to get the Node
      @param column the column (x-coordinate) where to get the Node
```

```
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                                                                        Page 8/12
     * @param gridPane the GridPane to get a Node from
     * @return the Node at that given location from the GridPane
    private Node getNodeFromIndex(int row, int column, GridPane gridPane) {
        Node result = null;
        ObservableList<Node> childrens = gridPane.getChildren();
        for(Node node : childrens) {
            if(gridPane.getRowIndex(node) == row && gridPane.getColumnIndex(node)
) == column) {
                result = node;
                break;
        return result;
     * Adds an intersection to the map where the user clicks
     * @param x the x coordinate where to add the intersection
     * @param y the y coordinate where to add the intersection
     * @param map the map to add the intersection to
     * @param mapGridGUIDecorator the GUI decorator associated with this map
     * @param mapGridPane the gridPane that would need to be updated with the ne
w view
     * @param imgView the associated image to place in the x,y cell
    private void addIntersection(int x, int y, Map map, MapGridGUIDecorator mapG
ridGUIDecorator, GridPane mapGridPane, ImageView imgView) {
        Coordinate coord = new Coordinate(x,y);
        Intersection intersection = new Intersection(coord);
        map.addIntersection(intersection);
        StackPane sp = mapGridGUIDecorator.redrawCell(x,y,mapGridPane);
        sp.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            ComponentType currentFocused = MapMakerController.getCurrentFocused(
);
            if(currentFocused == ComponentType.ROADNS) {
                addRoadNS(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadNSImgView)
;
            } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.ROADEW) {
                addRoadEW(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadEWImgView)
;
            } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.GRASS) {
                addGrass(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,grassImgView);
        });
        // put focus back on Intersection
        MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentFocus
ed());
        MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.INTERSECTION);
        imqView.requestFocus();
     * Adds a section of road with 2 lanes that travels in the directions north
and south
```

```
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     * @param x the x coordinate where to add the road
     * @param y the y coordinate where to add the road
     * @param map the map to add the road to
     * @param mapGridGUIDecorator the GUI decorator associated with this map
     * @param mapGridPane the gridPane that would need to be updated with the ne
w view
     * @param imgView the associated image to place in the x,y cell
   private void addRoadNS(int x, int y, Map map, MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUI
Decorator, GridPane mapGridPane, ImageView imgView) {
        Coordinate coord = new Coordinate(x,y);
        Road road = new Road(coord,coord);
        try {
            road.addLane(new Lane(coord,coord,MapDirection.NORTH));
            road.addLane(new Lane(coord,coord,MapDirection.SOUTH));
            map.addRoad(road);
            StackPane sp = mapGridGUIDecorator.redrawCell(x,y,mapGridPane);
            sp.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
                ComponentType currentFocused = MapMakerController.getCurrentFocu
sed();
                if(currentFocused == ComponentType.INTERSECTION) {
                    addIntersection(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,inte
rsectionImgView);
                } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.GRASS) {
                    addGrass(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,grassImgVie
w);
                } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.ROADEW) {
                    addRoadEW(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadEWImgV
iew);
            });
            // put focus back on RoadNS
            MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentF
ocused());
            MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.ROADNS);
            imqView.requestFocus();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
     * Adds a section of road with 2 lanes that travels in the directions east a
nd west
     * @param x the x coordinate where to add the road
     * @param y the y coordinate where to add the road
     * @param map the map to add the road to
     * @param mapGridGUIDecorator the GUI decorator associated with this map
     * @param mapGridPane the gridPane that would need to be updated with the ne
w view
     * @param imgView the associated image to place in the x,y cell
   private void addRoadEW(int x, int y, Map map, MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUI
Decorator, GridPane mapGridPane, ImageView imgView) {
        Coordinate coord = new Coordinate(x,y);
        Road road = new Road(coord,coord);
```

MapMakerScreen.java Page 10/12 Mar 25, 16 9:03 try { road.addLane(new Lane(coord,coord,MapDirection.EAST)); road.addLane(new Lane(coord,coord,MapDirection.WEST)); map.addRoad(road); StackPane sp = mapGridGUIDecorator.redrawCell(x,y,mapGridPane); sp.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { ComponentType currentFocused = MapMakerController.getCurrentFocu sed(); if(currentFocused == ComponentType.INTERSECTION) { addIntersection(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,inte rsectionImgView); } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.ROADNS) { addRoadNS(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadNSImgV iew); } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.GRASS) { addGrass(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,grassImgVie w); }); // put focus back on RoadEW MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentF ocused()); MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.ROADEW); imgView.requestFocus(); } catch (Exception e) { e.printStackTrace(); * Adds a "grass" component to the map, aka a null component * Useful if the user wants to delete a map component they placed in the map * @param x the x coordinate where to add the grass * @param y the y coordinate where to add the grass * @param map the map to add the grass to * @param mapGridGUIDecorator the GUI decorator associated with this map * @param mapGridPane the gridPane that would need to be updated with the ne w view * @param imgView the associated image to place in the x,y cell private void addGrass(int x, int y, Map map, MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUID ecorator, GridPane mapGridPane, ImageView imgView) { Coordinate coord = new Coordinate(x,y); map.clearCell(coord); StackPane sp = mapGridGUIDecorator.redrawCell(x,y,mapGridPane); sp.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { ComponentType currentFocused = MapMakerController.getCurrentFocused(); if(currentFocused == ComponentType.INTERSECTION) { addIntersection(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,intersec tionImqView); } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.ROADNS) { addRoadNS(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadNSImgView)

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            } else if(currentFocused == ComponentType.ROADEW) {
                addRoadEW(x,y,map,mapGridGUIDecorator,mapGridPane,roadEWImgView)
        });
        // put focus back on Grass
        MapMakerController.setPreviousFocused(MapMakerController.getCurrentFocus
ed());
        MapMakerController.setCurrentFocused(ComponentType.GRASS);
        imqView.requestFocus();
    }
     * When saving a map, we are looping through the map that was built and addi
ng the fixed roads to a new map.
     * To prevent adding the same bits of roads again, delete all the bits from
the already added road
     * @param oldMap the map from which to delete some number of components
     * @param start the start coordinate from where to begin deleting components
     * @param end the end coordinate to which we must delete all components
   private void deleteFromOldMap(Map oldMap, Coordinate start, Coordinate end)
        int startX = start.getX();
        int startY = start.getY();
        int endX = end.getX();
        int endY = end.getY();
        if(startY == endY) { // horizontal
            for(int i = startX; i <= endX; i++) {
                oldMap.clearCell(new Coordinate(i, startY));
        } else { // vertical
            for(int i = startY; i <= endY; i++) {</pre>
                oldMap.clearCell(new Coordinate(startX, i));
        }
     * Takes a map with disconnected Roads and Intersections and connects them.
This is like connecting nodes (intersections) to
     * edges (roads) in a directed graph.
     * @param fixed the map where components need to be connected
   private void assignIntersectionsToRoads(Map fixed) throws Exception {
        ArrayList<Intersection> intersections = fixed.getIntersections();
        for(int i = 0; i < intersections.size(); i++) {</pre>
            Intersection current = intersections.get(i);
            Coordinate coord = current.getLocation();
            int x = coord.getX();
            int y = coord.getY();
            Coordinate north = (y-1 >= 0) ? new Coordinate(x, y-1) : null;
            Coordinate south = (y+1 < height) ? new Coordinate(x, y + 1) : null_i
            Coordinate east = (x + 1 < width) ? new Coordinate(x + 1, y) : null;
            Coordinate west = (x - 1 \ge 0) ? new Coordinate(x - 1, y) : null;
```

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```
if(north != null) {
               Component = fixed.getAtLocation(north);
               if(component instanceof Road) {
                   current.setNorthRoad((Road) component);
           if(south != null) {
               Component = fixed.getAtLocation(south);
               if(component instanceof Road) {
                   current.setSouthRoad((Road) component);
           if(east != null) {
               Component = fixed.getAtLocation(east);
               if(component instanceof Road) {
                   current.setEastRoad((Road) component);
           if(west != null) {
               Component = fixed.getAtLocation(west);
               if(component instanceof Road) {
                   current.setWestRoad((Road) component);
           current.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
     * Goes back to the previous screen (Choose mode screen)
    * @param stage the stage which will display the screen
    * @throws Exception
   private void goBack(Stage stage) throws Exception {
       StartUpController.getInstance().goToChooseModeScreen(stage);
       stage.centerOnScreen();
       stage.setResizable(false);
}
```

```
IntersectionDecorator.java
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                                                                            Page 1/3
package londonsw.view.simulation;
import javafx.scene.Group;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.image.ImageView;
import javafx.scene.layout.Pane;
import javafx.scene.layout.StackPane;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.stage.Stage;
import londonsw.controller.IntersectionController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Intersection;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.ResizeFactor;
import java.io.Serializable;
/**
 * Associates an Intersection GUI with an instance of an Intersection. Each has
up to 4
 * TrafficLightDecorators that live inside this GUI. The Intersection does not h
 * explicit circles itself, it relies on the circles of each TrafficLightDecorat
or that
 * is associated with each TrafficLight in the Intersection instance.
 * Exactly one IntersectionDecorator is created for exactly one Intersection.
public class IntersectionDecorator implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = -197785071328536445L;
    private Intersection intersection;
    private int width = 100;
    private int height = 100;
    private TrafficLightDecorator northLight;
    private TrafficLightDecorator eastLight;
    private TrafficLightDecorator southLight;
    private TrafficLightDecorator westLight;
    private ResizeFactor resizeFactor;
    private Group root;
    private Scene scene;
    /**
     * Creates a GUI for that specific intersection. It creates TrafficLightDeco
rators for all
     * TrafficLights that are in this intersection. It draws and displays them i
n a Scene specified
     * by the global variables of width and height.
     * @param intersection an instance of an Intersection to associate this deco
rator
    public IntersectionDecorator(Intersection intersection) {
        this.intersection = intersection;
        IntersectionController.addIntersectionAndDecoratorPair(intersection, this
);
```

```
/**
     * Sets the resize factor for this intersection GUI decorator
     * @param rf the resize factor to set for this decorator
    public void setResizeFactor(ResizeFactor rf) {
        resizeFactor = rf;
     * Sets the north traffic light decorator for this intersection to represent
 the north traffic light
     * @param t the decorator representing the north traffic light
    public void setNorthTrafficLightDecorator(TrafficLightDecorator t) {
       northLight = t;
    /**
     * Sets the west traffic light decorator for this intersection to represent
the west traffic light
     * @param t the decorator representing the west traffic light
    public void setWestTrafficLightDecorator(TrafficLightDecorator t) {
        westLight = t;
    /**
     * Sets the south traffic light decorator for this intersection to represent
 the south traffic light
     * @param t the decorator representing the south traffic light
    public void setSouthTrafficLightDecorator(TrafficLightDecorator t) {
        southLight = t;
     * Sets the east traffic light decorator for this intersection to represent
the east traffic light
     * @param t the decorator representing the east traffic light
   public void setEastTrafficLightDecorator(TrafficLightDecorator t) {
        eastLight = t;
    /**
     * Draws the intersection to display it in the GUI. It initializes all Traff
icLightDecorators as well, to make
     * them display properly.
     * @return the StackPane to represent this intersection
     */
    public StackPane drawIntersection() {
        StackPane stackPane = new StackPane();
        String roadBackgroundPath = "IntersectionX.png";
        Image image = new Image(roadBackgroundPath);
        Image im = new Image(roadBackgroundPath, image.getHeight() * resizeFacto
r.getResizeX(), image.getWidth() * resizeFactor.getResizeY(), false, true);
        ImageView iv = new ImageView(im);
```

```
IntersectionDecorator.java
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                                                                           Page 3/3
        Pane lights = new Pane();
        double middleCoordX = 50*resizeFactor.getResizeX();
        double middleCoordY = 50*resizeFactor.getResizeY();
        double edgeCloseX = 18*resizeFactor.getResizeX();
        double edgeCloseY = 18*resizeFactor.getResizeY();
double edgeFarX = 82*resizeFactor.getResizeX();
        double edgeFarY = 82*resizeFactor.getResizeY();
        double radius = 15*resizeFactor.getResizeX();
        if(intersection.getNorthTrafficLight() != null) {
            northLight = new TrafficLightDecorator(intersection.getNorthTrafficL
ight());
            northLight.drawLight(middleCoordX,edgeCloseY,radius);
            lights.getChildren().add(northLight.getCircle());
        if(intersection.getEastTrafficLight() != null) {
            eastLight = new TrafficLightDecorator(intersection.getEastTrafficLig
ht());
            eastLight.drawLight(edgeFarX, middleCoordY, radius);
            lights.getChildren().add(eastLight.getCircle());
        if(intersection.getSouthTrafficLight() != null) {
            southLight = new TrafficLightDecorator(intersection.getSouthTrafficL
ight());
            southLight.drawLight(middleCoordX,edgeFarY,radius);
            lights.getChildren().add(southLight.getCircle());
        if(intersection.getWestTrafficLight() != null) {
            westLight = new TrafficLightDecorator(intersection.getWestTrafficLig
ht());
            westLight.drawLight(edgeCloseX,middleCoordY,radius);
            lights.getChildren().add(westLight.getCircle());
        stackPane.getChildren().add(iv);
        stackPane.getChildren().add(lights);
        return stackPane;
     * This method is only for DEBUG and TESTING! Displays the intersection in t
he given stack pane
     * @param stage the Stage to display this Intersection in
    public void showIntersection(Stage stage, StackPane s) {
        root = new Group();
        scene = new Scene(root, width, height, Color.BEIGE);
        root.getChildren().add(s);
        stage.setScene(scene);
        stage.show();
}
```

LaneArrow.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 Page 1/2 package londonsw.view.simulation; import javafx.scene.Group; import javafx.scene.paint.Color; import javafx.scene.shape.Line; import javafx.scene.shape.Polygon; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.ResizeFactor; /** * Created by felix on 16/03/2016. public class LaneArrow extends Polygon { protected Lane lane; public Group getGroup() { return group; public void setGroup(Group group) { this.group = group; private Group group; public LaneArrow(Lane lane, Line roadLine, ResizeFactor resizeFactor) { this.lane = lane; double arrowResizeFactor = resizeFactor.getResizeX() * 2.5; this.getPoints().addAll(0.0 * arrowResizeFactor, 5.0 * arrowResizeFactor, -5.0 * arrowResizeFactor, -5.0 * arrowResizeFactor, 5.0 * arrowResizeFactor, -5.0 * arrowResizeFactor); roadLine.setStrokeWidth(2 * resizeFactor.getResizeY()); //TODO avoid har dcode roadLine.setStrokeWidth(2 * resizeFactor.getResizeY()); //TODO avoid har dcode if (lane.getState() == 1) { roadLine.setStroke(Color.WHITE); this.setFill(Color.WHITE); } else { //lane not enabled roadLine.setStroke(Color.RED); this.setFill(Color.RED); double angle = 0.0;switch (lane.getMovingDirection()) case NORTH: angle = -90;

LaneArrow.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 Page 2/2 this.setTranslateY(roadLine.getStartY()); this.setTranslateX(roadLine.getStartX()); case SOUTH: angle = 90;this.setTranslateY(roadLine.getEndY()); this.setTranslateX(roadLine.getEndX()); break; case EAST: angle = 0.0;this.setTranslateY(roadLine.getEndY()); this.setTranslateX(roadLine.getEndX()); break; case WEST: angle = 180;this.setTranslateY(roadLine.getStartY()); this.setTranslateX(roadLine.getStartX()); break; } this.setRotate(angle - 90); //roadLine.setRotate(angle - 90); Group group = new Group(); group.getChildren().addAll(roadLine, this); //group.setRotate(angle - 90); this.setGroup(group);

LayoutGUI.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 1/2 package londonsw.view.simulation; import javafx.scene.image.Image; import javafx.scene.image.ImageView; import javafx.scene.layout.StackPane; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.ResizeFactor; /** * This class provides the basis for drawing map components to the GUI screen public class LayoutGUI { private int height; private int width; private ResizeFactor resizeFactor; /** * Gets the resize factor for the GUI square * @return the resize factor for this square public ResizeFactor getResizeFactor() { return resizeFactor; * Sets the resize factor for this GUI square * @param resizeFactor the resize factor to set for this square */ public void setResizeFactor(ResizeFactor resizeFactor) { this.resizeFactor = resizeFactor; * Sets the width of this GUI square * @param width the width to set for this GUI square public void setWidth(int width) { this.width = width; /** * Sets the height of this GUI square * @param height the height to set for this GUI square public void setHeight(int height) { this.height = height; * This method gets called to draw a Grass square in the map, i.e. when ther e is no other map component there, * it will look like grass * @return the StackPane representing grass public StackPane drawGrass() { return drawLayout("Grass.png"); /**

StackPane stackPane = new StackPane();

stackPane.getChildren().add(iv);

return stackPane;

MapExamples.java Page 1/17 Mar 24, 16 15:51 package londonsw.view.simulation; /** * Created by felix on 12/03/2016. import londonsw.model.simulation.Map; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*; /** * Created by felix on 12/03/2016. public class MapExamples { public static Map drawMap1() throws Exception { Map map = new Map(15,15); Road r1 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(2,1), **new** Coordinate(10,1)); Road r2 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(2,10), **new** Coordinate(10,10)); Road r3 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,2), new Coordinate(1,9)); Road r4 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(11,2), **new** Coordinate(11,9)); Road rExit = new Road(new Coordinate(12,1), new Coordinate(12,1)); Road roadMatrix[] = $\{r1,r2,r3,r4, rExit\};$ Lane laneR1L1 = new Lane(r1.getStartLocation(),r1.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.EAST); Lane laneR1L2 = **new** Lane(r1.getStartLocation(),r1.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.EAST); Lane laneR1L3 = **new** Lane(r1.getEndLocation(),r1.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.WEST); Lane laneR1L4 = **new** Lane(r1.getEndLocation(),r1.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.WEST); Lane laneR2L1 = **new** Lane(r2.getStartLocation(),r2.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.EAST); Lane laneR2L2 = **new** Lane(r2.getStartLocation(),r2.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.EAST); Lane laneR2L3 = **new** Lane(r2.getEndLocation(),r2.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.WEST); Lane laneR2L4 = **new** Lane(r2.getEndLocation(),r2.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.WEST); Lane laneR3L1 = new Lane(r3.getEndLocation(),r3.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.NORTH); Lane laneR3L2 = **new** Lane(r3.getEndLocation(),r3.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.NORTH); Lane laneR3L3 = **new** Lane(r3.getStartLocation(),r3.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.SOUTH); Lane laneR3L4 = **new** Lane(r3.getStartLocation(),r3.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.SOUTH); Lane laneR4L1 = new Lane(r4.getEndLocation(),r4.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.NORTH); Lane laneR4L2 = **new** Lane(r4.getEndLocation(),r4.getStartLocation(), MapD irection.NORTH); Lane laneR4L3 = **new** Lane(r4.getStartLocation(),r4.getEndLocation(), MapD

MapExamples.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 2/17 irection.SOUTH); Lane laneR4L4 = **new** Lane(r4.getStartLocation(),r4.getEndLocation(), MapD irection.SOUTH); Lane laneExitL1 = new Lane(rExit.getStartLocation(),rExit.getEndLocation (), MapDirection.EAST); r1.addLane(laneR1L1); //r1.addLane(laneR1L2); //r1.addLane(laneR1L3); r1.addLane(laneR1L4); r2.addLane(laneR2L1); //r2.addLane(laneR2L2); //r2.addLane(laneR2L3); r2.addLane(laneR2L4); r3.addLane(laneR3L1); //r3.addLane(laneR3L2); //r3.addLane(laneR3L3); r3.addLane(laneR3L4); //laneR4L3.setState(0); //laneR4L4.setState(0); r4.addLane(laneR4L1); //r4.addLane(laneR4L2); //r4.addLane(laneR4L3); r4.addLane(laneR4L4); rExit.addLane(laneExitL1); for(int i = 0 ; i < roadMatrix.length; i++)</pre> map.addRoad(roadMatrix[i]); Intersection i1 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,1)); i1.setEastRoad(r1); i1.setSouthRoad(r3); i1.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i2 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(11,1)); i2.setWestRoad(r1); i2.setSouthRoad(r4); i2.setEastRoad(rExit); i2.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i3 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,10)); i3.setEastRoad(r2); i3.setNorthRoad(r3); i3.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i4 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(11,10)); i4.setWestRoad(r2); i4.setNorthRoad(r4); i4.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();

MapExamples.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 3/17 map.addIntersection(i1); map.addIntersection(i2); map.addIntersection(i3); map.addIntersection(i4); return map; public static Map drawMap1_1() throws Exception{ Map map = new Map(6,6); Road R1 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,1),new Coordinate(4,1)); Lane laneR1L1 = **new** Lane(R1.getStartLocation(),R1.getEndLocation(),MapDi rection.EAST); R1.addLane(laneR1L1); map.addRoad(R1); return map; public static Map dratMap4 () throws Exception { Map map = new Map(22, 22); Road r04 = new Road(new Coordinate(1, 11), new Coordinate(1, 14));Road r08 = new Road(new Coordinate(20, 11), new Coordinate(20, 14)); Road r09 = new Road(new Coordinate(9, 15), new Coordinate(19, 15)); Road r10 = new Road(new Coordinate(2, 15), new Coordinate(7, 15)); Road r13 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(2, 10), **new** Coordinate(7, 10)); Road r14 = new Road(new Coordinate(9, 10), new Coordinate(12, 10)); Road r15 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(14, 10), **new** Coordinate(19, 10)); Road r16 = new Road(new Coordinate(8, 11), new Coordinate(8, 14)); Road r20 = new Road(new Coordinate(1, 16), new Coordinate(1, 19)); Road r21 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(8, 16), **new** Coordinate(8, 19)); Road r22 = new Road(new Coordinate(2, 20), new Coordinate(7, 20)); Road r23 = new Road(new Coordinate(9, 20), new Coordinate(19, 20)); Road r24 = **new** Road(**new** Coordinate(20, 16), **new** Coordinate(20, 19)); /*This is a one lane Map If you want two lanes map comment these Lines , and uncomment The two lane code at the bottom * / r01.addLane(new Lane(r01.getStartLocation(),r01.getEndLocation(),MapDire ction.EAST)); r02.addLane(new Lane (r02.getEndLocation(),r02.getStartLocation(),MapDir

r03.addLane(new Lane(r03.getEndLocation(),r03.getStartLocation(),MapDire

r04.addLane(new Lane(r04.getEndLocation(),r04.getStartLocation(),MapDire

ection.NORTH));

ction.NORTH));

```
MapExamples.java
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                                                                        Page 4/17
ction.NORTH));
        Lane 15 = new Lane(r05.getStartLocation(),r05.getEndLocation(),MapDirect
ion.EAST);
        //15.setState(0);
        r05.addLane(15);
        Lane 16 = new Lane(r06.getStartLocation(),r06.getEndLocation(),MapDirect
ion.EAST);
        r06.addLane(16);
        //16.setState(0);
        r07.addLane(new Lane(r07.getStartLocation(),r07.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r08.addLane(new Lane(r08.getStartLocation(),r08.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r09.addLane(new Lane(r09.getEndLocation(),r09.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r10.addLane(new Lane(r10.getEndLocation(),r10.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r11.addLane(new Lane(r11.getEndLocation(),r11.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r12.addLane(new Lane(r12.getStartLocation(),r12.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r13.addLane(new Lane(r13.getStartLocation(),r13.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r14.addLane(new Lane(r14.getStartLocation(),r14.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r15.addLane(new Lane(r15.getStartLocation(),r15.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r16.addLane(new Lane(r16.getEndLocation(),r16.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r17.addLane(new Lane(r17.getEndLocation(),r17.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r18.addLane(new Lane(r18.getEndLocation(),r18.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r19.addLane(new Lane(r19.getStartLocation(),r19.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r20.addLane(new Lane(r20.getEndLocation(),r20.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r21.addLane(new Lane(r21.getEndLocation(),r21.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r22.addLane(new Lane(r22.getEndLocation(),r22.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r23.addLane(new Lane(r23.getEndLocation(),r23.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r24.addLane(new Lane(r24.getStartLocation(),r24.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
* /
          /*This is a two lane Map
        If you want one lanes map
        comment these Lines , and uncomment The one lane code above
        r04.addLane(new Lane(r04.getEndLocation(), r04.getStartLocation(), MapDi
rection.NORTH));
        r08.addLane(new Lane(r08.getEndLocation(), r08.getStartLocation(), MapDi
rection.NORTH));
        Lane 19=new Lane(r09.getStartLocation(), r09.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
```

MapExamples.java Page 5/17 Mar 24, 16 15:51 ion.EAST); 19.setState(0); r09.addLane(19); r10.addLane(new Lane(r10.getStartLocation(), r10.getEndLocation(), MapDi r13.addLane(new Lane(r13.getStartLocation(), r13.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.EAST)); r14.addLane(new Lane(r14.getStartLocation(), r14.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.EAST)); r15.addLane(new Lane(r15.getStartLocation(), r15.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.EAST)); Lane 116 = new Lane(r16.getEndLocation(), r16.getStartLocation(), MapDire ction.NORTH); 116.setState(0); r16.addLane(116); r20.addLane(new Lane(r20.getEndLocation(), r20.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.NORTH)); r21.addLane(new Lane(r21.getEndLocation(), r21.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.NORTH)); r22.addLane(new Lane(r22.getStartLocation(), r22.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.EAST)); r23.addLane(new Lane(r23.getStartLocation(), r23.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.EAST)); r24.addLane(new Lane(r24.getEndLocation(), r24.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.NORTH)); r04.addLane(new Lane(r04.getStartLocation(), r04.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.SOUTH)); r08.addLane(new Lane(r08.getStartLocation(), r08.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.SOUTH)); r09.addLane(new Lane(r09.getEndLocation(), r09.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.WEST)); Lane 110=new Lane(r10.getEndLocation(), r10.getStartLocation(), MapDirec tion.WEST); 110.setState(0); r10.addLane(110); r13.addLane(new Lane(r13.getEndLocation(), r13.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.WEST)); r14.addLane(new Lane(r14.getEndLocation(), r14.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.WEST)); r15.addLane(new Lane(r15.getEndLocation(), r15.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.WEST)); r16.addLane(new Lane(r16.getStartLocation(), r16.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.SOUTH)); r20.addLane(new Lane(r20.getStartLocation(), r20.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.SOUTH)); Lane 121=new Lane(r21.getStartLocation(), r21.getEndLocation(), MapDirec tion.SOUTH); 121.setState(0); r21.addLane(121); r22.addLane(new Lane(r22.getEndLocation(), r22.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.WEST)); r23.addLane(new Lane(r23.getEndLocation(), r23.getStartLocation(), MapDi rection.WEST)); r24.addLane(new Lane(r24.getStartLocation(), r24.getEndLocation(), MapDi rection.SOUTH));

MapExamples.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 6/17 Intersection i03 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 10)); i03.setSouthRoad(r04); i03.setEastRoad(r13); //i03.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i04 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 15)); i04.setNorthRoad(r04); i04.setEastRoad(r10); i04.setSouthRoad(r20); // i04.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i08 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(20, 10)); i08.setSouthRoad(r08); i08.setWestRoad(r15); // i08.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i09 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(20, 15)); i09.setNorthRoad(r08); i09.setWestRoad(r09); i09.setSouthRoad(r24); //i09.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i10 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(8, 15)); i10.setEastRoad(r09); i10.setWestRoad(r10); i10.setNorthRoad(r16); i10.setSouthRoad(r21); i10.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i12 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(8, 10)); i12.setWestRoad(r13); i12.setEastRoad(r14); i12.setSouthRoad(r16); // i12.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i13 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(13, 10)); i13.setWestRoad(r14); i13.setEastRoad(r15); // i13.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i15 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 20)); i15.setNorthRoad(r20); i15.setEastRoad(r22); // i15.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i16 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(8, 20)); i16.setWestRoad(r22); i16.setNorthRoad(r21); i16.setEastRoad(r23); // i16.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); Intersection i17 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(20, 20)); i17.setWestRoad(r23); i17.setNorthRoad(r24); //i17.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();

```
map.addIntersection(i10);
map.addIntersection(i12);
map.addIntersection(i13);
map.addIntersection(i15);
map.addIntersection(i16);
map.addIntersection(i17);
return map;
```

}

map.addIntersection(i03); map.addIntersection(i04); map.addIntersection(i08); map.addIntersection(i09);

```
Map map = new Map(10, 10);
         Road r1 = new Road(new Coordinate(2, 1), new Coordinate(8, 1));
         Road r2 = new Road(new Coordinate(1, 2), new Coordinate(1, 8));
Road r3 = new Road(new Coordinate(9, 2), new Coordinate(9, 8));
         Road r4 = new Road(new Coordinate(2, 9), new Coordinate(8, 9));
         r1.addLane(new Lane(r1.getStartLocation(), r1.getEndLocation(), MapDirec
tion.EAST));
```

public static Map drawTestMapBasic() throws Exception {

```
r2.addLane(new Lane(r2.getEndLocation(), r2.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.NORTH));
```

```
r3.addLane(new Lane(r3.getStartLocation(), r3.getEndLocation(), MapDirec
tion.SOUTH));
```

```
r4.addLane(new Lane(r4.getEndLocation(), r4.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.WEST));
```

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```
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                                                                           Page 8/17
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        map.addRoad(r3);
        map.addRoad(r4);
        Intersection i1 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 1));
        i1.setEastRoad(r1);
        i1.setSouthRoad(r2);
        Intersection i2 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9, 1));
        i2.setWestRoad(r1);
        i2.setSouthRoad(r3);
        Intersection i3 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 9));
        i3.setNorthRoad(r2);
        i3.setEastRoad(r4);
        Intersection i4 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9, 9));
        i4.setNorthRoad(r3);
        i4.setWestRoad(r4);
        map.addIntersection(i1);
        map.addIntersection(i2);
        map.addIntersection(i3);
        map.addIntersection(i4);
        return map;
    public static Map drawTestMapSingleLine() throws Exception {
        Map map = new Map(25, 25);
        Road r1 = new Road(new Coordinate(2, 1), new Coordinate(8, 1));
        Road r2 = new Road(new Coordinate(1, 2), new Coordinate(1, 8));
Road r3 = new Road(new Coordinate(9, 2), new Coordinate(9, 8));
        Road r4 = new Road(new Coordinate(2, 9), new Coordinate(8, 9));
        Road r5 = new Road(new Coordinate(10, 1), new Coordinate(16, 1));
        Road r6 = new Road(new Coordinate(17, 2), new Coordinate(17, 8));
        Road r7 = new Road(new Coordinate(10, 9), new Coordinate(16, 9));
        Lane disabledLane = new Lane(r3.getStartLocation(), r3.getEndLocation(),
MapDirection.SOUTH);
        //disable lane
        disabledLane.setState(0);
        r1.addLane(new Lane(r1.getStartLocation(), r1.getEndLocation(), MapDirec
tion.EAST));
        r2.addLane(new Lane(r2.getEndLocation(), r2.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.NORTH));
        r3.addLane(disabledLane);
        r4.addLane(new Lane(r4.getEndLocation(), r4.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.WEST));
        r5.addLane(new Lane(r5.getStartLocation(), r5.getEndLocation(), MapDirec
tion.EAST));
        r6.addLane(new Lane(r6.getStartLocation(), r6.getEndLocation(), MapDirec
```

```
MapExamples.java
                                                                        Page 9/17
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tion.SOUTH));
        r7.addLane(new Lane(r7.getEndLocation(), r7.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.WEST));
        map.addRoad(r1);
        map.addRoad(r2);
        map.addRoad(r3);
        map.addRoad(r4);
        map.addRoad(r5);
        map.addRoad(r6);
        map.addRoad(r7);
        Intersection i1 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 1));
        i1.setEastRoad(r1);
        i1.setSouthRoad(r2);
        Intersection i2 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9, 1));
        i2.setWestRoad(r1);
        i2.setSouthRoad(r3);
        i2.setEastRoad(r5);
        Intersection i3 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1, 9));
        i3.setNorthRoad(r2);
        i3.setEastRoad(r4);
        Intersection i4 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9, 9));
        i4.setNorthRoad(r3);
        i4.setWestRoad(r4);
        i4.setEastRoad(r7);
        Intersection i5 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(17, 1));
        i5.setWestRoad(r5);
        i5.setSouthRoad(r6);
        Intersection i6 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(17, 9));
        i6.setNorthRoad(r6);
        i6.setWestRoad(r7);
        map.addIntersection(i1);
        map.addIntersection(i2);
        map.addIntersection(i3);
        map.addIntersection(i4);
        map.addIntersection(i5);
        map.addIntersection(i6);
        return map;
   public static Map drawTestMapSimple() throws Exception {
        Map map = new Map(10,10);
        Road r1 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,1), new Coordinate(8,1));
        Road r2 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,2), new Coordinate(1,8));
        Road r3 = new Road(new Coordinate(9,2), new Coordinate(9,8));
        Road r4 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,9), new Coordinate(8,9));
```

```
rl.addLane(new Lane(rl.getStartLocation(),rl.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.EAST));
        r1.addLane(new Lane(r1.getEndLocation(), r1.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.WEST));
        r2.addLane(new Lane(r2.getEndLocation(),r2.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.NORTH));
        r2.addLane(new Lane(r2.getStartLocation(),r2.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.SOUTH));
        r3.addLane(new Lane(r3.getEndLocation(),r3.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.NORTH));
        r3.addLane(new Lane(r3.getStartLocation(),r3.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.SOUTH));
        r4.addLane(new Lane(r4.getStartLocation(),r4.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.EAST));
        r4.addLane(new Lane(r4.getEndLocation(),r4.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.WEST));
        map.addRoad(r1);
        map.addRoad(r2);
        map.addRoad(r3);
        map.addRoad(r4);
        Intersection i1 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,1));
        i1.setEastRoad(r1);
        i1.setSouthRoad(r2);
        Intersection i2 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9,1));
        i2.setWestRoad(r1);
        i2.setSouthRoad(r3);
        Intersection i3 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,9));
        i3.setNorthRoad(r2);
        i3.setEastRoad(r4);
        Intersection i4 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9,9));
        i4.setNorthRoad(r3);
        i4.setWestRoad(r4);
        map.addIntersection(i1);
        map.addIntersection(i2);
        map.addIntersection(i3);
        map.addIntersection(i4);
        return map;
   public static Map drawTestMapBiq() throws Exception {
        Map map = new Map(20,20);
        Road r1 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,1), new Coordinate(8,1));
        Road r2 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,2), new Coordinate(1,8));
        Road r3 = new Road(new Coordinate(9,2), new Coordinate(9,8));
        Road r4 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,9), new Coordinate(8,9));
```

```
MapExamples.java
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        Road r5 = new Road(new Coordinate(10,1), new Coordinate(16,1));
        Road r6 = new Road(new Coordinate(17,2), new Coordinate(17,8));
        Road r7 = new Road(new Coordinate(10,9), new Coordinate(16,9));
        Lane disabledLane = new Lane(r3.getStartLocation(),r3.getEndLocation(),
MapDirection.SOUTH);
        //disable lane
        disabledLane.setState(0);
        r1.addLane(new Lane(r1.getStartLocation(),r1.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.EAST));
        r1.addLane(new Lane(r1.getEndLocation(), r1.getStartLocation(), MapDirec
tion.WEST));
        r2.addLane(new Lane(r2.getEndLocation(),r2.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.NORTH));
        r2.addLane(new Lane(r2.getStartLocation(),r2.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.SOUTH));
        r3.addLane(new Lane(r3.getEndLocation(),r3.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.NORTH));
        r3.addLane(disabledLane);
        r4.addLane(new Lane(r4.getStartLocation(),r4.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.EAST));
        r4.addLane(new Lane(r4.getEndLocation(),r4.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.WEST));
        r5.addLane(new Lane(r5.getStartLocation(),r5.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.EAST));
        r5.addLane(new Lane(r5.getEndLocation(),r5.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.WEST));
        r6.addLane(new Lane(r6.getEndLocation(),r6.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.NORTH));
        r6.addLane(new Lane(r6.getStartLocation(),r6.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.SOUTH));
        r7.addLane(new Lane(r7.getStartLocation(),r7.getEndLocation(), MapDirect
ion.EAST));
        r7.addLane(new Lane(r7.getEndLocation(),r7.getStartLocation(), MapDirect
ion.WEST));
        map.addRoad(r1);
        map.addRoad(r2);
        map.addRoad(r3);
        map.addRoad(r4);
        map.addRoad(r5);
        map.addRoad(r6);
        map.addRoad(r7);
        Intersection i1 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,1));
        i1.setEastRoad(r1);
        i1.setSouthRoad(r2);
        Intersection i2 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9,1));
        i2.setWestRoad(r1);
        i2.setSouthRoad(r3);
```

```
MapExamples.java
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                                                                      Page 12/17
       i2.setEastRoad(r5);
       Intersection i3 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,9));
       i3.setNorthRoad(r2);
      i3.setEastRoad(r4);
      Intersection i4 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(9,9));
      i4.setNorthRoad(r3);
       i4.setWestRoad(r4);
       i4.setEastRoad(r7);
       Intersection i5 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(17,1));
       i5.setWestRoad(r5);
       i5.setSouthRoad(r6);
       Intersection i6 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(17,9));
       i6.setNorthRoad(r6);
      i6.setWestRoad(r7);
      map.addIntersection(i1);
      map.addIntersection(i2);
      map.addIntersection(i3);
      map.addIntersection(i4);
      map.addIntersection(i5);
      map.addIntersection(i6);
      return map;
   }
  //Added new Map with two lanes
  public static Map drawTestMapExample() throws Exception {
      Map map = new Map(22,22);
      Road r01 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,1), new Coordinate(4,1));
      Road r02 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,2), new Coordinate(1,4));
      Road r03 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,6), new Coordinate(1,9));
      Road r04 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,11), new Coordinate(1,14));
      Road r05 = new Road(new Coordinate(6,1), new Coordinate(12,1));
      Road r06 = new Road(new Coordinate(14,1), new Coordinate(19,1));
      Road r07 = new Road(new Coordinate(20,2), new Coordinate(20,9));
      Road r08 = new Road(new Coordinate(20,11), new Coordinate(20,14));
      Road r09 = new Road(new Coordinate(9,15), new Coordinate(19,15));
      Road r10 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,15), new Coordinate(7,15));
      Road r11 = new Road(new Coordinate(5,2), new Coordinate(5,4));
      Road r12 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,5), new Coordinate(4,5));
      Road r13 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,10), new Coordinate(7,10));
      Road r14 = new Road(new Coordinate(9,10), new Coordinate(12,10));
      Road r15 = new Road(new Coordinate(14,10), new Coordinate(19,10));
      Road r16 = new Road(new Coordinate(8,11), new Coordinate(8,14));
      Road r17 = new Road(new Coordinate(13,2), new Coordinate(13,4));
      Road r18 = new Road(new Coordinate(13,6), new Coordinate(13,9));
      Road r19 = new Road(new Coordinate(6,5), new Coordinate(12,5));
      Road r20 = new Road(new Coordinate(1,16),new Coordinate(1,19));
      Road r21 = new Road(new Coordinate(8,16),new Coordinate(8,19));
      Road r22 = new Road(new Coordinate(2,20),new Coordinate(7,20));
      Road r23 = new Road(new Coordinate(9,20), new Coordinate(19,20));
      Road r24 = new Road(new Coordinate(20,16), new Coordinate(20,19));
```

```
MapExamples.java
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                                                                       Page 13/17
        r01.addLane(new Lane(r01.getStartLocation(),r01.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r02.addLane(new Lane (r02.getEndLocation(),r02.getStartLocation(),MapDir
ection.NORTH));
        r03.addLane(new Lane(r03.getEndLocation(),r03.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r04.addLane(new Lane(r04.getEndLocation(),r04.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        Lane 15 = new Lane(r05.getStartLocation(),r05.getEndLocation(),MapDirect
ion.EAST);
        //15.setState(0);
        r05.addLane(15);
        Lane 16 = new Lane(r06.getStartLocation(),r06.getEndLocation(),MapDirect
ion.EAST);
        r06.addLane(16);
        //16.setState(0);
        r07.addLane(new Lane(r07.getEndLocation(),r07.getStartLocation(),MapDire
        r08.addLane(new Lane(r08.getEndLocation(),r08.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        Lane lane9Closed = new Lane(r09.getStartLocation(),r09.getEndLocation(),
MapDirection.EAST);
        //lane9Closed.setState(0);
        r09.addLane(lane9Closed);
        r10.addLane(new Lane(r10.getStartLocation(),r10.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r11.addLane(new Lane(r11.getEndLocation(),r11.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r12.addLane(new Lane(r12.getStartLocation(),r12.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r13.addLane(new Lane(r13.getStartLocation(),r13.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r14.addLane(new Lane(r14.getStartLocation(),r14.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r15.addLane(new Lane(r15.getStartLocation(),r15.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r16.addLane(new Lane(r16.getEndLocation(),r16.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r17.addLane(new Lane(r17.getEndLocation(),r17.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r18.addLane(new Lane(r18.getEndLocation(),r18.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r19.addLane(new Lane(r19.getStartLocation(),r19.getEndLocation(),MapDire
        r20.addLane(new Lane(r20.getEndLocation(),r20.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        Lane lane21NClosed = new Lane(r21.getEndLocation(),r21.getStartLocation(
), MapDirection.NORTH);
        //lane21Closed.setState(0);
        r21.addLane(lane21NClosed);
```

```
MapExamples.java
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                                                                       Page 14/17
        r22.addLane(new Lane(r22.getStartLocation(),r22.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r23.addLane(new Lane(r23.getStartLocation(),r23.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.EAST));
        r24.addLane(new Lane(r24.getEndLocation(),r24.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.NORTH));
        r01.addLane(new Lane(r01.getEndLocation(),r01.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r02.addLane(new Lane (r02.getStartLocation(),r02.getEndLocation(),MapDir
ection.SOUTH));
        r03.addLane(new Lane(r03.getStartLocation(),r03.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r04.addLane(new Lane(r04.getStartLocation(),r04.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r05.addLane(new Lane(r05.getEndLocation(),r05.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r06.addLane(new Lane(r06.getEndLocation(),r06.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r07.addLane(new Lane(r07.getStartLocation(),r07.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r08.addLane(new Lane(r08.getStartLocation(),r08.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r09.addLane(new Lane(r09.getEndLocation(),r09.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r10.addLane(new Lane(r10.getEndLocation(),r10.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r11.addLane(new Lane(r11.getStartLocation(),r11.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r12.addLane(new Lane(r12.getEndLocation(),r12.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        Lane lane13WClosed = new Lane(r13.getEndLocation(),r13.getStartLocation(
), MapDirection.WEST);
        //lane13WClosed.setState(0);
        r13.addLane(lane13WClosed);
        r14.addLane(new Lane(r14.getEndLocation(),r14.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r15.addLane(new Lane(r15.getEndLocation(),r15.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r16.addLane(new Lane(r16.getStartLocation(),r16.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r17.addLane(new Lane(r17.getStartLocation(),r17.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r18.addLane(new Lane(r18.getStartLocation(),r18.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        r19.addLane(new Lane(r19.getEndLocation(),r19.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r20.addLane(new Lane(r20.getStartLocation(),r20.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        Lane lane21SClosed = new Lane(r21.getStartLocation(),r21.getEndLocation(
), MapDirection.SOUTH);
        //lane21SClosed.setState(0);
        r21.addLane(lane21SClosed);
```

```
MapExamples.java
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                                                                       Page 15/17
        r22.addLane(new Lane(r22.getEndLocation(),r22.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r23.addLane(new Lane(r23.getEndLocation(),r23.getStartLocation(),MapDire
ction.WEST));
        r24.addLane(new Lane(r24.getStartLocation(),r24.getEndLocation(),MapDire
ction.SOUTH));
        Intersection i01 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,1));
        i01.setEastRoad(r01);
        i01.setSouthRoad(r02);
        i01.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i02 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,5));
        i02.setNorthRoad(r02);
        i02.setSouthRoad(r03);
        i02.setEastRoad(r12);
        i02.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i03 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,10));
        i03.setNorthRoad(r03);
        i03.setSouthRoad(r04);
        i03.setEastRoad(r13);
        i03.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i04 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,15));
        i04.setNorthRoad(r04);
        i04.setEastRoad(r10);
        i04.setSouthRoad(r20);
        i04.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i05 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(5,1));
        i05.setWestRoad(r01);
        i05.setEastRoad(r05);
        i05.setSouthRoad(r11);
        i05.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i06 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(13,1));
        i06.setWestRoad(r05);
        i06.setEastRoad(r06);
        i06.setSouthRoad(r17);
        i06.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i07 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(20,1));
        i07.setWestRoad(r06);
        i07.setSouthRoad(r07);
        i07.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i08 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(20,10));
        i08.setNorthRoad(r07);
        i08.setSouthRoad(r08);
        i08.setWestRoad(r15);
        i08.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
        Intersection i09 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(20,15));
        i09.setNorthRoad(r08);
        i09.setWestRoad(r09);
        i09.setSouthRoad(r24);
        i09.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
```

```
Intersection i10 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(8,15));
i10.setEastRoad(r09);
i10.setWestRoad(r10);
i10.setNorthRoad(r16);
i10.setSouthRoad(r21);
i10.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
Intersection i11 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(5,5));
ill.setWestRoad(rl2);
ill.setNorthRoad(rll);
i11.setEastRoad(r19);
ill.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
Intersection i12 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(8,10));
i12.setWestRoad(r13);
i12.setEastRoad(r14);
i12.setSouthRoad(r16);
i12.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads(); //enables t1
Intersection i13 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(13,10));
i13.setWestRoad(r14);
i13.setEastRoad(r15);
i13.setNorthRoad(r18);
i13.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
Intersection i14 =new Intersection((new Coordinate(13,5)));
i14.setNorthRoad(r17);
i14.setSouthRoad(r18);
i14.setWestRoad(r19);
i14.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
Intersection i15 = new Intersection(new Coordinate(1,20));
i15.setNorthRoad(r20);
i15.setEastRoad(r22);
i15.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
Intersection i16 =new Intersection(new Coordinate(8,20));
i16.setWestRoad(r22);
i16.setNorthRoad(r21);
i16.setEastRoad(r23);
i16.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
Intersection i17= new Intersection (new Coordinate(20,20));
i17.setWestRoad(r23);
i17.setNorthRoad(r24);
i17.setDefaultTrafficLightsForRoads();
map.addRoad(r01);
map.addRoad(r02);
map.addRoad(r03);
map.addRoad(r04);
map.addRoad(r05);
map.addRoad(r06);
map.addRoad(r07);
map.addRoad(r08);
map.addRoad(r09);
map.addRoad(r10);
map.addRoad(r11);
```

```
MapExamples.java
                                                                        Page 17/17
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        map.addRoad(r12);
        map.addRoad(r13);
        map.addRoad(r14);
        map.addRoad(r15);
        map.addRoad(r16);
        map.addRoad(r17);
        map.addRoad(r18);
        map.addRoad(r19);
        map.addRoad(r20);
        map.addRoad(r21);
        map.addRoad(r22);
        map.addRoad(r23);
        map.addRoad(r24);
        map.addIntersection(i01);
        map.addIntersection(i02);
        map.addIntersection(i03);
        map.addIntersection(i04);
        map.addIntersection(i05);
        map.addIntersection(i06);
        map.addIntersection(i07);
        map.addIntersection(i08);
        map.addIntersection(i09);
        map.addIntersection(i10);
        map.addIntersection(i11);
        map.addIntersection(i12);
        map.addIntersection(i13);
        map.addIntersection(i14);
        map.addIntersection(i15);
        map.addIntersection(i16);
        map.addIntersection(i17);
        return map;
}
```

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```
package londonsw.view.simulation;
import londonsw.model.simulation.MapGrid;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Component;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.IMapGrid;
 * Created by felix on 25/02/2016.
public abstract class MapGridDecorator implements IMapGrid {
   protected MapGrid decoratedMapGrid;
    public MapGridDecorator(MapGrid decoratedMapGrid) {
        this.decoratedMapGrid = decoratedMapGrid;
    @Override
    public Component[][] getGrid() {
        return this.decoratedMapGrid.getGrid();
    @Override
    public int getWidth() {
        return this.decoratedMapGrid.getWidth();
    @Override
    public int getHeight() {
        return this.decoratedMapGrid.getHeight();
    @Override
    public boolean addComponent(Component component) {
        return this.decoratedMapGrid.addComponent(component);
}
```

MapGridGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 1/4 package londonsw.view.simulation; import javafx.scene.Group; import javafx.scene.Node; import javafx.scene.layout.GridPane; import javafx.scene.layout.Pane; import javafx.scene.layout.StackPane; import javafx.scene.paint.Color; import javafx.scene.shape.Line; import javafx.scene.shape.Polygon; import londonsw.controller.MapMakerController; import londonsw.model.simulation.MapGrid; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*; import londonsw.view.mapcreation.ComponentType; import java.util.ArrayList; /** * This is the class that handles drawing of the entire map. It cycles through t he Model grid and draws * each map component on the screen. public class MapGridGUIDecorator extends MapGridDecorator { private ResizeFactor resizeFactor; * Creates an instance of this decorator to represent a single Map * @param decoratedMapGrid the MapGrid (underlying Map data structure) to re present graphically public MapGridGUIDecorator(MapGrid decoratedMapGrid) { super(decoratedMapGrid); * Gets the resize factor for this decorator * @return the resize factor for this decorator */ public ResizeFactor getResizeFactor() { return resizeFactor; * Sets the resize factor for this decorator * @param resizeFactor the resize factor to set for this decorator public void setResizeFactor(ResizeFactor resizeFactor) { this.resizeFactor = resizeFactor; * Draws the components for this Map * @return a GridPane representing the map, where every cell in the GridPane corresponds to a coordinate in the Map * @throws Exception */ public GridPane drawComponents() throws Exception {

GridPane rootGP = new GridPane();

MapGridGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 2/4 StackPane roadPane; int roadCounter = 0; ArrayList<RoadGUIDecorator> roadArray = new ArrayList<>(); for (int y = 0; y < this.getHeight(); <math>y++) { **for** (int x = 0; $x < this.qetWidth(); x++) {$ Component current = this.getGrid()[y][x]; if (current instanceof Road) { // draws a Road RoadGUIDecorator roadGUIDecorator = new RoadGUIDecorator((Ro ad) current); roadGUIDecorator.setResizeFactor(this.getResizeFactor()); roadPane = roadGUIDecorator.drawRoad(); roadPane.getChildren().get(1).setOnMouseClicked(event -> if (event.getTarget() instanceof LaneArrow) { LaneArrow laneArrow = (LaneArrow) event.getT arget(); for (RoadGUIDecorator rd : roadArray if (rd.decoratedRoad.getId() == roadGUID ecorator.decoratedRoad.getId()) { Node nGroup = rd.getPane().getChildr en().get(1); Group gRoad = (Group) nGroup; Group g = (Group) gRoad.getChildren().get(laneArrow.lane.getRoadIndex()); Line lineArrow = (Line) g.getChildre n().get(0); Polygon arrow = (Polygon) g.getChild ren().get(1); lineArrow.setStroke(lineArrow.getStr oke() == Color.RED ? Color.WHITE : Color.RED); arrow.setFill(arrow.getFill() == Col or.RED ? Color.WHITE : Color.RED); } System.out.println("Lane ID: " + laneArrow.lan e.getId() + "Lane State: " + laneArrow.lane.getState());

laneArrow.lane.setState(laneArrow.lane.getSt

MapGridGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 3/4 ate() == 0 ? 1 : 0; }); roadGUIDecorator.setCell(roadCounter); roadGUIDecorator.setPane(roadPane); roadGUIDecorator.setGridPaneCoordinates(new Coordinate(x, y)); roadArray.add(roadGUIDecorator); roadCounter++; } else if (current instanceof Intersection) { // draws an Inters ection roadCounter = 0; IntersectionDecorator intersectionDecorator = new Intersecti onDecorator((Intersection) current); intersectionDecorator.setResizeFactor(this.getResizeFactor()); roadPane = intersectionDecorator.drawIntersection(); } **else** { // draws Grass roadCounter = 0; LayoutGUI grassGUI = new LayoutGUI(); grassGUI.setHeight(this.getHeight()); grassGUI.setWidth(this.getWidth()); grassGUI.setResizeFactor(this.getResizeFactor()); roadPane = grassGUI.drawGrass(); rootGP.add(roadPane, x, y); rootGP.setGridLinesVisible(true); return rootGP; * Redraws the cell based on what is currently in the cell. Used by MapMaker mode. * @param x the x coordinate of the new component to be redrawn * @param y the y coordinate of the new component to be redrawn * @param gp the GridPane representing the Map * @return a StackPane representation of the newly redrawn grid cell public StackPane redrawCell(int x, int y, GridPane gp) { Component component = this.getGrid()[y][x]; StackPane sp = new StackPane(); if(component instanceof Intersection) { IntersectionDecorator intersectionDecorator = new IntersectionDecora tor((Intersection) component); intersectionDecorator.setResizeFactor(this.getResizeFactor());

MapGridGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 4/4 sp = intersectionDecorator.drawIntersection(); else if(component instanceof Road) { RoadGUIDecorator roadGUIDecorator = new RoadGUIDecorator((Road) comp onent); roadGUIDecorator.setResizeFactor(this.getResizeFactor()); sp = roadGUIDecorator.drawRoad(); else if(component == null) { // Grass LayoutGUI grassGUI = new LayoutGUI(); grassGUI.setHeight(this.getHeight()); grassGUI.setWidth(this.getWidth()); grassGUI.setResizeFactor(this.getResizeFactor()); sp = grassGUI.drawGrass(); gp.add(sp, x, y); return sp;

RoadDecorator.java Mar 23, 16 16:05 Page 1/2 package londonsw.view.simulation; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*; import java.util.ArrayList; * Created by felix on 25/02/2016. public abstract class RoadDecorator implements IRoad { protected Road decoratedRoad; public RoadDecorator(Road decoratedRoad) { this.decoratedRoad = decoratedRoad; @Override public ArrayList<Lane> getLanes() { return this.decoratedRoad.getLanes(); @Override public void addLane(Lane lane) { this.decoratedRoad.addLane(lane); @Override public Lane getLaneAtIndex(int index) { return this.decoratedRoad.getLaneAtIndex(index); @Override public Coordinate getEndLocation() { return this.decoratedRoad.getEndLocation(); @Override public int getNumberLanes() { return decoratedRoad.getNumberLanes(); @Override public Intersection getIntersection() { return this.decoratedRoad.getIntersection(); @Override public void setIntersection(Intersection intersection) { this.decoratedRoad.setIntersection(intersection); @Override public int getLength() { return this.decoratedRoad.getLength(); @Override public boolean runsVertically() {

RoadDecorator.java Page 2/2 Mar 23, 16 16:05 return this.decoratedRoad.runsVertically(); public boolean runsVertically(MapDirection mapDirection) { return this.decoratedRoad.runsVertically(mapDirection); }

```
RoadGUIDecorator.java
 Mar 24, 16 15:51
                                                                           Page 1/4
package londonsw.view.simulation;
import javafx.scene.Group;
import javafx.scene.image.Image;
import javafx.scene.image.ImageView;
import javafx.scene.layout.Pane;
import javafx.scene.layout.StackPane;
import javafx.scene.shape.Line;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;
/**
 * This class defines how roads are drawn and displayed in the view. Each Road i
nstance will
 * have exactly one of these decorators associated with it.
public class RoadGUIDecorator extends RoadDecorator {
    private ResizeFactor resizeFactor;
    private Coordinate gridPaneCoordinates;
    private Pane paneRoad;
    private int Cell;
    /**
     * Creates a new instance of this decorator class for the given Road instance
     * @param decoratedRoad the Road instance to associate this decorator with
     */
    public RoadGUIDecorator(Road decoratedRoad) {
        super(decoratedRoad);
     * Gets the pane associated with this decorator
     * @return the pane for this decorator
    public Pane getPane() {
        return paneRoad;
    /**
     * Sets the pane for this decorator
     * @param paneRoad the pane to set for this decorator
    public void setPane(Pane paneRoad) {
        this.paneRoad = paneRoad;
     * Gets the cell for this road
     * @return the cell
    public int getCell() {
        return Cell;
     * Sets the cell for this road
     * @param cell the cell for this road
```

Page 2/4

* This method draws the road and returns the StackPane representation of th

* image. Each cell also contains an arrow that displays the moving directio n of that cell.

* @return the StackPane representation of this road cell

```
public StackPane drawRoad() {
        String roadBackgroundPath = "RoadBackground.png";
        Image image = new Image(roadBackgroundPath);
        Image im = new Image(roadBackgroundPath, image.getHeight() * getResizeFa
ctor().getResizeX(), image.getWidth() * getResizeFactor().getResizeY(), false, f
alse);
```

```
ImageView iv = new ImageView(im);
```

StackPane stackPane = new StackPane();

//draw amount of lines

RoadGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 3/4 Group arrowLines = new Group(); int numberLanes = this.getNumberLanes(); ArrayList<Lane> lanes = this.getLanes(); double division = im.getHeight(); division = division / (numberLanes * 2); LaneArrow arrow; int j = 0;if (!this.runsVertically(lanes.get(0).getMovingDirection())) { for (int i = 0; i < numberLanes * 2; i++) {</pre> **if** (i % 2 == 0) { Lane lane = lanes.get(j); double lineStartX = 5; double lineStartY = division * (i + 1); double lineEndX = im.getWidth() - 10; double lineEndY = division * (i + 1); Line roadLine = **new** Line(lineStartX, lineStartY, lineEndX, l ineEndY); arrow = new LaneArrow(lane, roadLine, resizeFactor); arrowLines.getChildren().addAll(arrow.getGroup()); j++; } else **for** (int i = 0; i < numberLanes * 2; i++) { **if** (i % 2 == 0) { Lane lane = lanes.get(j); double lineStartX = division * (i + 1); double lineStartY = 5; double lineEndX = division * (i + 1); double lineEndY = im.getHeight() - 10; Line roadLine = **new** Line(lineStartX, lineStartY, lineEndX, l ineEndY); arrow = new LaneArrow(lane, roadLine, resizeFactor); arrowLines.getChildren().addAll(arrow.getGroup()); j++;

RoadGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:51 Page 4/4 stackPane.getChildren().add(iv); stackPane.getChildren().add(arrowLines); return stackPane;

SimulationScreen.java Page 1/10 Mar 25, 16 9:03 package londonsw.view.simulation; import javafx.application.Platform; import javafx.beans.value.ChangeListener; import javafx.beans.value.ObservableValue; import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader; import javafx.geometry.Insets; import javafx.geometry.Pos; import javafx.scene.Parent; import javafx.scene.Scene; import javafx.scene.control.*; import javafx.scene.layout.*; import javafx.scene.paint.Color; import javafx.scene.text.Font; import javafx.scene.text.TextAlignment; import javafx.stage.Stage; import londonsw.controller.StartUpController; import londonsw.controller.TrafficLightController; import londonsw.controller.VehicleController; import londonsw.model.simulation.Map; import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.ResizeFactor; import javafx.scene.text.FontWeight; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Road; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Ambulance; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Car; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle; import rx.Subscriber; import java.io.IOException; import java.util.ArrayList; import java.util.Optional; import java.util.Random; @SuppressWarnings("Duplicates") public class SimulationScreen { private Map map; private int initCar = 0; private int flag = 0; private int systemState = 0; private int maxCarSize; Subscriber < Long > timeLabelSubscriber; Label carNumberSituation; Label timeStanding;

public SimulationScreen(Map map) {

public void drawScreen(Stage primaryStage) throws Exception { // the entire screen building and logic will go here

BorderPane borderPane = **new** BorderPane();

// http://docs.oracle.com/javafx/2/layout/builtin_layouts.htm

this.map = map;

SimulationScreen.java Mar 25, 16 9:03 Page 2/10 borderPane.setStyle("-fx-background-color:papayawhip"); //Title Label logo = new Label("LondonSW Traffic Simulation"); logo.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.EXTRA_BOLD, 20)); logo.setAlignment(Pos.CENTER); logo.setTextAlignment(TextAlignment.CENTER); logo.setPadding(new Insets(10, 10, 10, 10)); borderPane.setTop(logo); //Map StackPane mapStackPane = new StackPane(); Map map = this.map; MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUIDecorator = new MapGridGUIDecorator(map.ge tGrid()); ResizeFactor rf = ResizeFactor.getSuggestedResizeFactor(map.getWidth(), map.getHeight()); mapGridGUIDecorator.setResizeFactor(rf); GridPane mapGridPane = mapGridGUIDecorator.drawComponents(); mapStackPane.setPadding(new Insets(0, 0, 5, 5)); mapStackPane.getChildren().add(mapGridPane); borderPane.setCenter(mapStackPane); //Start&Reset VBox simulationControl = new VBox(); simulationControl.setPadding(new Insets(0,10,10,10)); simulationControl.setSpacing(8); simulationControl.setAlignment(Pos.TOP_CENTER); carNumberSituation = new Label(); carNumberSituation.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic",FontWeight.BOLD,13)); carNumberSituation.setText("Number of cars: " + String.valueOf(initCar)); simulationControl.getChildren().add(carNumberSituation); Label tickerSituation = **new** Label(); tickerSituation.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic",FontWeight.BOLD,13)); tickerSituation.setText("TickerInterval: " + Ticker.getTickInterval() + " ms"); simulationControl.getChildren().add(tickerSituation); Label trafficLightLabel = new Label(); trafficLightLabel.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13)) trafficLightLabel.setText("TrafficLight Duration: " + TrafficLightController.ge tInstance().getDurationLength()/1000 + "ticks"); simulationControl.getChildren().add(trafficLightLabel); Label timeLabel = **new** Label(); timeLabel.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic",FontWeight.BOLD,13)); timeLabel.setText("Times ticked: 0"); simulationControl.getChildren().add(timeLabel); timeStanding = **new** Label(); timeStanding.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic",FontWeight.BOLD,13)); timeStanding.setText("Vehicle Time Spent Standing: 0.0%"); simulationControl.getChildren().add(timeStanding);

```
SimulationScreen.java
 Mar 25, 16 9:03
                                                                           Page 3/10
        Button startSimulation = new Button("Start");
        startSimulation.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13))
        startSimulation.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        Button resetSimulation = new Button("Reset");
        resetSimulation.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13))
        resetSimulation.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        Button backButton = new Button("Back");
        backButton.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 16));
        backButton.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        startSimulation.setPadding(new Insets(10, 10, 10, 10));
        startSimulation.setPrefSize(90, 30);
        simulationControl.getChildren().add(startSimulation);
        resetSimulation.setPadding(new Insets(10, 10, 10, 10));
        resetSimulation.setPrefSize(90, 30);
        simulationControl.getChildren().add(resetSimulation);
        resetSimulation.setDisable(true);
        Button ambulanceAddDelete = new Button("Add Ambulance");
        ambulanceAddDelete.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 1
3));
        ambulanceAddDelete.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        ambulanceAddDelete.setPrefSize(200, 30);
        ambulanceAddDelete.setDisable(true);
        simulationControl.getChildren().add(ambulanceAddDelete);
        Button trafficLightInterval = new Button("Set Traffic Light Duration");
        trafficLightInterval.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD,
 13));
        trafficLightInterval.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        trafficLightInterval.setPrefSize(200, 30);
        simulationControl.getChildren().add(trafficLightInterval);
        Button enableDisableLights = new Button("Disable Traffic Lights");
        enableDisableLights.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD,
13));
        enableDisableLights.setStyle("-fx-base:Gold");
        enableDisableLights.setPrefSize(200, 30);
        simulationControl.getChildren().add(enableDisableLights);
        Label instructions = new Label("Click on the lane arrows to\nenable and disable lanes.");
        instructions.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13));
        instructions.setPadding(new Insets(5,0,0,0));
        simulationControl.getChildren().add(instructions);
        //carSlider
        VBox sliderControl = new VBox();
        sliderControl.setPadding(new Insets(10, 10, 5, 10));
        Pane carLabel = new Pane();
        Label carNumber = new Label("Car Number");
        carNumber.setFont(Font.font("System Bold Italic", FontWeight.BOLD, 13));
        carLabel.getChildren().add(carNumber);
        sliderControl.getChildren().add(carLabel);
```

```
Pane carSlider = new Pane();
carSlider.setPadding(new Insets(10,10,10,10));
Slider slider = new Slider();
int maxSize = determineMaxCarSize(map);
slider.setPrefWidth(250);
slider.setMax(maxSize);
slider.setMin(1);
slider.setDisable(true);
slider.setShowTickMarks(true);
if(maxSize <= 20) {
    slider.setMajorTickUnit(5);
    slider.setMinorTickCount(2);
    slider.setBlockIncrement(1);
else if(maxSize <= 50) {</pre>
    slider.setMajorTickUnit(10);
    slider.setMinorTickCount(4);
    slider.setBlockIncrement(1);
else if(maxSize <= 100) {</pre>
    slider.setMajorTickUnit(20);
    slider.setMinorTickCount(10);
    slider.setBlockIncrement(1);
else {
    slider.setMajorTickUnit(20);
    slider.setMinorTickCount(2);
    slider.setBlockIncrement(1);
}
carSlider.getChildren().add(slider);
sliderControl.getChildren().add(carSlider);
simulationControl.getChildren().add(sliderControl);
simulationControl.getChildren().add(backButton);
borderPane.setRight(simulationControl);
borderPane.setPickOnBounds(false);
/**
 * Back to ChooseSimulationMode Screen
backButton.setOnMouseClicked(click->{
    ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicles = VehicleController.getVehicleList();
    int size = vehicles.size();
    for(int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        VehicleController.removeVehicle(0);
    Ticker.end();
    StartUpController.getInstance().goToChooseModeScreen(primaryStage);
    primaryStage.centerOnScreen();
    primaryStage.setResizable(false);
});
/**
 * Allows the user to change the traffic light interval
trafficLightInterval.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
```

```
SimulationScreen.java
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                                                                            Page 5/10
            Dialog<Long> dialog = new Dialog<Long>();
            dialog.setTitle("Choose Traffic Light Duration");
            dialog.setHeaderText("Choose a duration (in time ticks) for on the traffic lights in the system.
");
            dialog.setGraphic(null);
            dialog.getDialogPane().getButtonTypes().addAll(ButtonType.OK, Button
Type.CANCEL);
            GridPane grid = new GridPane();
            grid.setHgap(10);
            grid.setVgap(10);
            grid.setPadding(new Insets(20, 80, 10, 10));
            grid.add(new Label("Duration:"), 0, 0);
            Spinner<Double> spinner = new Spinner<Double>(1, 20, TrafficLightCon
troller.getInstance().getDurationLength()/1000, 1);
            grid.add(spinner, 1, 0);
            dialog.getDialogPane().setContent(grid);
            Platform.runLater(() -> spinner.requestFocus());
            dialog.setResultConverter(dialogButton -> {
                 if(dialogButton == ButtonType.OK) {
                     double value = spinner.getValue();
                     value *= 1000;
                     return (long) value;
                 return null;
            });
            Optional<Long> result = dialog.showAndWait();
            result.ifPresent((aLong -> {
                 TrafficLightController.getInstance().setDurationLength(aLong);
                 TrafficLightController.getInstance().setTrafficLightDuration(aLo
ng);
                 trafficLightLabel.setText("TrafficLight Duration: " + TrafficLightContr
oller.getInstance().getDurationLength()/1000 + "ticks");
            }));
        });
         * Functionality for enabling and disabling the traffic lights
        enableDisableLights.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            if(TrafficLightController.getInstance().areLightsEnabled()) {
                 // disable the lights!
                 TrafficLightController.getInstance().disableLights(true);
                 enableDisableLights.setText("Enable Traffic Lights");
                 trafficLightLabel.setText("Traffic Light Duration: DISABLED");
            else {
                 // enable the lights!
                 {\tt TrafficLightController.getInstance().disableLights(\it{false});}
                 enableDisableLights.setText("Disable Traffic Lights");
                 trafficLightLabel.setText("Traffic Light Duration: " + TrafficLightContr
oller.getInstance().getDurationLength()/1000 + "ticks");
        });
         * Using a slider control the number of cars in the system
```

```
SimulationScreen.java
 Mar 25, 16 9:03
                                                                          Page 6/10
         */
        slider.valueProperty().addListener(new ChangeListener<Number>() {
            public void changed(ObservableValue<? extends Number> observable, Nu
mber oldValue, Number newValue) {
                initCar = oldValue.intValue();
                int newCar = newValue.intValue() - oldValue.intValue();
                //increase carNumber
                if (newCar >= 0) {
                    for (int i = 0; i < newCar; i++) {</pre>
                        generateCar(map, mapGridGUIDecorator, mapStackPane);
                .
//decrease carNumber
                else {
                     int toDelete = newCar * -1;
                    for(int i = 0; i < toDelete; i++) {
                        ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicles = VehicleController.getVehic
leList();
                         if(vehicles.size() == 0) return;
                        Random rand = new Random();
                         int min = 0;
                         int max = vehicles.size();
                         int randomIndex = rand.nextInt((max - min)) + min;
                        while(vehicles.get(randomIndex) instanceof Ambulance) {
                             randomIndex = rand.nextInt((max - min)) + min;
                        VehicleController.removeVehicle(randomIndex);
                ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicles = VehicleController.getVehicleList()
                carNumberSituation.setText("Number of cars: " + vehicles.size());
        });
         * "Add/Delete Ambulance" Button click control
         * the first click adds an ambulance in the system, the next click will
delete the ambulance, next add...
        ambulanceAddDelete.setOnMouseClicked(click -> {
            if (flag == 0) {
                generateAmbulance(map, mapGridGUIDecorator, mapStackPane);
                ambulanceAddDelete.setText("Delete Ambulance");
                flag = 1;
            } else {
                flaq = 0;
                ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicles = VehicleController.getVehicleList()
;
                for (int i = 0; i < vehicles.size(); i++) {</pre>
                    if (vehicles.get(i).getVehiclePriority() == 5) {
                        VehicleController.removeVehicle(i);
                ambulanceAddDelete.setText("Add Ambulance");
            carNumberSituation.setText("Number of cars: " + VehicleController.getVeh
```

SimulationScreen.java Mar 25, 16 9:03 Page 7/10 icleList().size()); }); Scene scene = new Scene(borderPane); primaryStage.setScene(scene); primaryStage.centerOnScreen(); * Starts the simulation startSimulation.setOnMouseClicked(click->{ systemState = 1; ambulanceAddDelete.setDisable(false); slider.setDisable(false); initCar = (int) slider.getValue(); carNumberSituation.setText("Number of cars: " + initCar); **for** (int i = 0; i < initCar; i++) { generateCar(map, mapGridGUIDecorator, mapStackPane); startSimulation.setDisable(true); resetSimulation.setDisable(false); Platform.runLater(() -> slider.requestFocus()); startTimeLabelTicker(timeLabel); }); * To stop simulation resetSimulation.setOnMouseClicked(click -> { systemState = 0; slider.setDisable(true); startSimulation.setDisable(false); resetSimulation.setDisable(true); ambulanceAddDelete.setText("Add Ambulance"); ambulanceAddDelete.setDisable(true); //reset lanes to enabled //TODO ArrayList<Vehicle> vehicles = VehicleController.getVehicleList(); int size = vehicles.size(); **for**(int i = 0; i < size; i++) { VehicleController.removeVehicle(0); carNumberSituation.setText("Number of cars: " + VehicleController.getVeh icleList().size());

Platform.runLater(() -> startSimulation.requestFocus());

* Creates a subscriber that listens to the ticker to update the "times tick

timeStanding.setText("Vehicle Time Spent Standing: 0.0%");

});

endTimeLabelTicker();

timeLabel.setText("Times ticked: 0");

SimulationScreen.java

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```
ed" label
     * @param timeLabel the label to update on every tick
    private void startTimeLabelTicker(Label timeLabel) {
        timeLabelSubscriber = new Subscriber<Long>() {
            int timesTicked = 0;
            @Override
            public void onCompleted() {
            @Override
            public void onError(Throwable throwable) {
            @Override
            public void onNext(Long aLong) {
                timeLabel.setText("Times ticked: " + timesTicked);
                timesTicked++;
                carNumberSituation.setText("Number of cars: " + VehicleController.ge
tVehicleList().size());
                timeStanding.setText("Vehicle Time Spent Standing: " + getPercentageStan
ding() + "%");
        Ticker.subscribe(timeLabelSubscriber);
    }
    /**
     * Stops the time ticker label from listening to the ticker
    private void endTimeLabelTicker() {
        timeLabelSubscriber.unsubscribe();
    private double getPercentageStanding() {
        int timeSpentStanding = VehicleController.getTotalTimeSpentStanding();
        int totalTimesTicked = VehicleController.getTotalTimesTicked();
        if(totalTimesTicked == 0) {
            return 0.0;
        double ans = (double) timeSpentStanding / totalTimesTicked * 100;
        return Math.round(ans * 100.0) / 100.0;
    }
     * Determines the maximum number of cars that should go in the system
     * @param map the map the simulation is happening on
     * @return an upper bound on the number of cars that should be in the system
    public int determineMaxCarSize(Map map){
        int numberSlots = 0;
        ArrayList<Road> roads = map.getRoads();
        for(Road i:roads){
            ArrayList<Lane> lanes = i.getLanes();
            for(Lane 1:lanes){
                numberSlots += l.getLength();
```

SimulationScreen.java Mar 25, 16 9:03 Page 9/10 maxCarSize = (int)(0.6 * numberSlots);return maxCarSize; * Car generator * @param map * @param mapGridGUIDecorator * @param sp * @return public Car generateCar(Map map, MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUIDecorator, Sta ckPane sp) { Lane L1 = map.getRandomLane(); **if** (L1 != null) { **for** (*int* a = 0; a < map.getRoads().size(); a++) { for (int b = 0; b < map.getRoads().get(a).getNumberLanes(); b++)</pre> { Lane L2 = map.getRoads().get(a).getLanes().get(b); for (int i = 0; i < L1.getLength(); i++) {</pre> if (L1.isCellEmpty(i)) { Car C1 = new Car(i, L1); //C1.setVehicleBehavior(VehicleBehavior.AGGRESSIVE); VehicleGUIDecorator vehicleGUIDecorator = new Vehicl eGUIDecorator(C1); vehicleGUIDecorator.setResizeFactor(mapGridGUIDecora tor.getResizeFactor()); vehicleGUIDecorator.drawCar(); Pane carPane = **new** Pane(); carPane.setPickOnBounds(false); //allows me to click intersections carPane.getChildren().add(vehicleGUIDecorator.getRec tangle()); sp.getChildren().add(carPane); vehicleGUIDecorator.setPane(carPane); vehicleGUIDecorator.setVehicleState(1); return C1; return null; * Ambulance generator * @param map * @param mapGridGUIDecorator * @param sp * @return public Ambulance generateAmbulance(Map map, MapGridGUIDecorator mapGridGUIDe corator, StackPane sp) { Lane AmbLane = map.getRandomLane();

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SimulationScreen.java

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```
if (AmbLane != null && (!AmbLane.isFull())) {
            for (int x = 0; x < map.getRoads().size(); x++) {
                for (int y = 0; y < map.getRoads().get(x).getNumberLanes(); y++)</pre>
 {
                    AmbLane = map.getRandomLane();
                    for (int z = 0; z < AmbLane.getLength(); z++) {</pre>
                        if (AmbLane.isCellEmpty(z)) {
                             Ambulance A = new Ambulance(z, AmbLane);
                             VehicleGUIDecorator ambulanceGUIDecorator = new Vehi
cleGUIDecorator(A);
                             ambulanceGUIDecorator.setResizeFactor(mapGridGUIDeco
rator.getResizeFactor());
                             ambulanceGUIDecorator.setColor(Color.RED);
                             ambulanceGUIDecorator.drawCar();
                             Pane alPane = new Pane();
                             alPane.setPickOnBounds(false);
                             alPane.getChildren().add(ambulanceGUIDecorator.getRe
ctangle());
                             ambulanceGUIDecorator.setPane(alPane);
                             sp.getChildren().add(alPane);
                             ambulanceGUIDecorator.setVehicleState(1);
                             return A;
                }
        return null;
```

```
TrafficLightDecorator.java
 Mar 24, 16 20:55
                                                                            Page 1/2
package londonsw.view.simulation;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.shape.Circle;
import londonsw.controller.TrafficLightController;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.LightColour;
import londonsw.model.simulation.components.TrafficLight;
import java.io.Serializable;
 * Traffic Light GUI Logic is implemented here. One instance of this class is as
sociated with exactly one instance
 * of a TrafficLight.
public class TrafficLightDecorator implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 8123065437897754089L;
    private TrafficLight thisLight;
    private Circle circle;
     * Creates a new instance of the TrafficLightDecorator for the GUI.
     * @param thisLight the instance of a TrafficLight that this decorator is fo
r
     */
    public TrafficLightDecorator(TrafficLight thisLight) {
        this.thisLight = thisLight;
        circle = new Circle();
        TrafficLightController.getInstance().addTrafficLightAndDecoratorPair(thi
sLight, this);
    /**
     * This gets called by the controller to set the color of the circle of the
traffic light gui
     * @param colour
    public void setGUIColour(LightColour colour) {
        switch (colour) {
            case RED:
                circle.setFill(Color.RED);
                break;
            case GREEN:
                circle.setFill(Color.GREEN);
                break;
    }
     * Returns the circle associated with this decorator
     * @return circle for this traffic light
    public Circle getCircle() {
        return circle;
    /**
```

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TrafficLightDecorator.java

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```
* Hides the circle representing the traffic light from the GUI. This is cal
led when enabling and disabling
     * traffic lights.
     * @param hide true will hide the circle, false will display the circle
    public void hideCircle(boolean hide) {
        if(hide)
            circle.setVisible(false);
        else
            circle.setVisible(true);
    /**
     * Draws the circle for the GUI
     * @param x the x-position in its pane
     * @param y the y-position in its pane
     * @param r the radius of the circle
     * @return a new Circle with those properties
   public Circle drawLight(double x, double y, double r){
        circle.setCenterX(x);
        circle.setCenterY(y);
        circle.setRadius(r);
        circle.setFill(thisLight.getState() == LightColour.RED? Color.RED : Colo
r.GREEN);
        return circle;
```

VehicleDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:52 Page 1/3 package londonsw.view.simulation; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Coordinate; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Lane; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.TrafficLight; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.VehicleBehavior; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.IVehicle; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle; import java.util.ArrayList; /** * Created by felix on 26/02/2016. public abstract class VehicleDecorator implements IVehicle { protected Vehicle decoratedVehicle; public VehicleDecorator(Vehicle decoratedVehicle) { this.decoratedVehicle = decoratedVehicle; @Override public Lane getPreviousLane() { return decoratedVehicle.getPreviousLane(); @Override public void setPreviousLane(Lane previousLane) { decoratedVehicle.setPreviousLane(previousLane); public void setPreviousCoordinate(Coordinate coord) { decoratedVehicle.setPreviousCoordinate(coord); @Override public void setCurrentCoordinate(Coordinate currentCoordinate) { decoratedVehicle.setCurrentCoordinate(currentCoordinate); @Override public int getVehicleLength() { return decoratedVehicle.getVehicleLength(); @Override public double getVehicleSpeed() { return decoratedVehicle.getVehicleSpeed(); @Override public int getVehiclePriority() { return decoratedVehicle.getVehiclePriority(); @Override public Lane getCurrentLane() { return decoratedVehicle.getCurrentLane();

VehicleDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:52 Page 2/3 @Override public int getCurrentCell() { return decoratedVehicle.getCurrentCell(); @Override public int getVehicleState() { return decoratedVehicle.getVehicleState(); @Override public VehicleBehavior getVehicleBehavior() { return decoratedVehicle.getVehicleBehavior(); @Override public Coordinate getCurrentCoordinate() { return decoratedVehicle.getCurrentCoordinate(); public Coordinate getPreviousCoordinate() { return decoratedVehicle.getPreviousCoordinate(); public Coordinate getStoredCurrentCoordinate() { return decoratedVehicle.getStoredCurrentCoordinate(); @Override public void setVehicleLength(int vehicleLength) { decoratedVehicle.setVehicleLength(vehicleLength); @Override public void setVehicleSpeed(double vehicleSpeed) { decoratedVehicle.setVehicleSpeed(vehicleSpeed); @Override public void setVehiclePriority(int vehiclePriority) { decoratedVehicle.setVehiclePriority(vehiclePriority); @Override public void setCurrentLane(Lane currentLane) throws Exception { decoratedVehicle.setCurrentLane(currentLane);

public void setCurrentCell(int curCell, Lane currentLane) throws Exception {

decoratedVehicle.setCurrentCell(curCell,currentLane);

public void setVehicleState(int vehicleState) {

decoratedVehicle.setVehicleState(vehicleState);

@Override

@Override

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VehicleDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 15:52 @Override public void setVehicleBehavior(VehicleBehavior vehicleBehavior) { decoratedVehicle.setVehicleBehavior(vehicleBehavior); @Override public int moveVehicle(int step) throws Exception { return decoratedVehicle.moveVehicle(step); @Override public void readTrafficLight() throws Exception { decoratedVehicle.readTrafficLight(); @Override public ArrayList<Lane> getLaneOptions() throws Exception { return decoratedVehicle.getLaneOptions(); @Override public Lane chooseLane () throws Exception{ return decoratedVehicle.chooseLane(); @Override public int vehicleTurn(Lane 1) throws Exception { return decoratedVehicle.vehicleTurn(1); @Override public int getVehiclePriorityToTurn(){ return decoratedVehicle.getVehiclePriorityToTurn(); @Override public void setVehiclePriorityToTurn(int vehiclePriorityToTurn){ decoratedVehicle.setVehiclePriorityToTurn(vehiclePriorityToTurn); @Override public TrafficLight getVehicleTrafficLight(){

return decoratedVehicle.getVehicleTrafficLight();

public void setVehicleTrafficLight(TrafficLight vehicleTrafficLight){ decoratedVehicle.setVehicleTrafficLight(vehicleTrafficLight);

@Override

}

VehicleGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 22:38 Page 1/7 package londonsw.view.simulation; import javafx.animation.*; import javafx.beans.property.DoubleProperty; import javafx.scene.Group; import javafx.scene.layout.GridPane; import javafx.scene.layout.Pane; import javafx.scene.layout.StackPane; import javafx.scene.paint.Color; import javafx.scene.shape.Rectangle; import javafx.util.Duration; import londonsw.controller.VehicleController; import londonsw.model.simulation.Ticker; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.Coordinate; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.MapDirection; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.ResizeFactor; import londonsw.model.simulation.components.vehicles.Vehicle; /** * This class is to draw vehicles and display them in the GUI. Each vehicle will have exactly one VehicleGUIDecorator * associated with it. public class VehicleGUIDecorator extends VehicleDecorator { private double imageDimension; private Rectangle rectangle; private ResizeFactor resizeFactor; private Color color; private double verticalStartFudgeFactor; private double horizontalStartFudgeFactor; private Pane pane; /** * Creates a new instance of this decorator class * @param decoratedVehicle the Vehicle to be associated with */ public VehicleGUIDecorator(Vehicle decoratedVehicle) { super(decoratedVehicle); VehicleController.addVehicleAndDecoratorPair(decoratedVehicle, this); imageDimension = 100.0;verticalStartFudgeFactor = 0; horizontalStartFudgeFactor = 0; } * Sets the resize factor for this vehicle to display properly * @param resizeFactor the resize factor for the simulation public void setResizeFactor(ResizeFactor resizeFactor) { this.resizeFactor = resizeFactor;

/**

*/

* @return

* Gets the resize factor for the simulation

public ResizeFactor getResizeFactor() {

return resizeFactor;

```
/**
 * Gets the rectangle of the vehicle
 * @return the rectangle representing the vehicle
public Rectangle getRectangle() {
   return rectangle;
/**
 * Sets the rectangle of the vehicle
 * @param rectangle the rectangle to represent the vehicle
public void setRectangle(Rectangle rectangle) {
    this.rectangle = rectangle;
/**
 * Gets the pane of the vehicle
 * @return the pane the vehicle resides in
public Pane getPane() {
    return pane;
/**
 * Sets the pane of the vehicle
 * @param pane the pane to set
public void setPane(Pane pane) {
   this.pane = pane;
/**
 * Gets the color of the vehicle
 * @return the Color of this vehicle
public Color getColor() {
    return color;
/**
 * Sets the color of the vehicle
 * @param color the color of the vehicle
public void setColor(Color color) {
    this.color = color;
 * Gets the vehicle associated with this decorator class
 * @return the vehicle this decorator class is for
public Vehicle getVehicle() {
    return decoratedVehicle;
```

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VehicleGUIDecorator.java

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```
/**
     * Draws the vehicle to display in the simulation. Each vehicle would have t
his method called on it.
     */
    public void drawCar() {
        double cellDimension = imageDimension;
        int numberLanes = this.getCurrentLane().getRoad().getNumberLanes();
        double carDimensionX = cellDimension;
        double carDimensionY = cellDimension;
        double angle = 0.0;
        // determine the start location of the vehicle in the map
        Coordinate coordinate = this.getCurrentCoordinate();
        double[] start = coordinateToPixels(coordinate,this.getCurrentLane().get
MovingDirection());
        double startPointX = start[0];
        double startPointY = start[1];
        // determine the size of the vehicle based on the size of the map
        if(this.getCurrentLane().getRoad().runsVertically())
            carDimensionX = cellDimension/numberLanes - 50*resizeFactor.getResiz
eX();
            carDimensionY -= 15;
            if(resizeFactor.getResizeX() <= 0.25) {</pre>
                carDimensionX = cellDimension/numberLanes - 80*resizeFactor.getR
esizeX();
            verticalStartFudgeFactor = -carDimensionX*resizeFactor.getResizeX();
        else {
            carDimensionY = cellDimension/numberLanes - 50*resizeFactor.getResiz
eX();
            carDimensionX -= 15;
            if(resizeFactor.getResizeX() <= 0.25) {</pre>
                carDimensionY = cellDimension/numberLanes - 80*resizeFactor.getR
esizeX();
            horizontalStartFudgeFactor = -carDimensionY*resizeFactor.getResizeX(
);
        Rectangle r = new Rectangle(
                startPointX,
                startPointY,
                carDimensionX * this.getResizeFactor().getResizeX(),
                carDimensionY * this.getResizeFactor().getResizeY());
         * Simulating Ambulance using fill Transitions
         */
        FillTransition ft = new FillTransition();
        ft.setShape(r);
        ft.setDuration(Duration.millis(500));
        if(this.getVehiclePriority()==5) {
            ft.setFromValue(this.getColor());
            ft.setToValue(Color.BLUE);
```

VehicleGUIDecorator.java Mar 24, 16 22:38 Page 4/7 ft.setCycleCount(Timeline.INDEFINITE); ft.setAutoReverse(true); ft.setInterpolator(Interpolator.LINEAR); ft.play(); } else r.setFill(Color.YELLOW); r.setRotate(angle); this.setRectangle(r); * Moves the vehicle in the GUI based on the state of the vehicle. A vehicle is either stopped, moving through * an intersection, moving straight down a road, or left the simulation. * @param step how much to move the vehicle by * @param state the state of the vehicle public void moveVehicleGUI(int step, int state) { final Timeline timeline = new Timeline(); //timeline.setAutoReverse(true); /* move the car according to moving direction, below */ if(state == 0) { // car must stop because red light, or something in the way timeline.stop(); else if(state == 2) //car is at intersection TranslateTransition tt = new TranslateTransition(Duration.millis(Tic ker.getTickInterval()), this.getRectangle()); MapDirection fromDirection = this.getPreviousLane().getMovingDirecti on(); MapDirection toDirection = this.getCurrentLane().getMovingDirection(); Coordinate coordinate = this.getPreviousCoordinate(); double fromXPixels = rectangle.xProperty().doubleValue(); double fromYPixels = rectangle.yProperty().doubleValue(); // determine new position of vehicle Coordinate fromTranslation = directionToTranslation(fromDirection); Coordinate toTranslation = directionToTranslation(toDirection); Coordinate overallTranslation = Coordinate.add(fromTranslation,toTra nslation); Coordinate newPosition = Coordinate.add(overallTranslation,coordinat e); // work out rotation int rotation = getRotationFromDirectionChange(fromDirection,toDirect ion);

// determine pixel locations for the actual animation

double[] toPixels = coordinateToPixels(newPosition,toDirection);

```
VehicleGUIDecorator.java
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                                                                         Page 5/7
            double toXPixels = toPixels[0];
            double toYPixels = toPixels[1];
            // set the movement translation
            tt.setToX(toXPixels - fromXPixels);
            tt.setToY(toYPixels - fromYPixels);
            // move and rotate the car
            RotateTransition rt = new RotateTransition();
            rt.setNode(tt.getNode());
            rt.setByAngle(rotation);
            rt.setDuration(Duration.millis(Ticker.getTickInterval()));
            rt.play();
            tt.play();
            this.setVehicleState(1);
        else if(state == 3) {
            //Car deleted state
            this.getPane().getChildren().remove(this.getRectangle());
        else // car driving straight down road
            TranslateTransition tt = new TranslateTransition(Duration.millis(Tic
ker.getTickInterval()), this.getRectangle());
            Coordinate coordinate = this.getPreviousCoordinate();
            MapDirection toDirection = this.getCurrentLane().getMovingDirection(
);
            double fromXPixels = rectangle.xProperty().doubleValue();
            double fromYPixels = rectangle.yProperty().doubleValue();
            // determine new location for car to move to
            Coordinate toTranslation = directionToTranslation(toDirection);
            Coordinate newPosition = Coordinate.add(toTranslation,coordinate);
            // determine pixel locations for the actual animation
            double[] toPixels = coordinateToPixels(newPosition,toDirection);
            double toXPixels = toPixels[0];
            double to YPixels = to Pixels[1];
            // set the translation animation based on moving direction
            if(toDirection == MapDirection.NORTH | toDirection == MapDirection.
SOUTH)
                tt.setToY(toYPixels - fromYPixels);
            else if(toDirection == MapDirection.EAST || toDirection == MapDirect
ion.WEST)
                tt.setToX(toXPixels - fromXPixels);
            // play the animation
            tt.play();
        }
     * Determines the pixel location for a vehicle if it occupies Coordinate c a
nd traveling in the MapDirection direction.
```

* Each grid cell location is determined by the image dimension, resized by

VehicleGUIDecorator.java

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```
the resize factor, and the lane the
     * vehicle should occupy.
     * @param c the Coordinate where the vehicle will be
     * @param direction the MapDirection that coordinate is moving, to determine
 the proper lane for the vehicle
     * @return an array of length 2, where index 0 is the x-coordinate and index
 1 is the y-coordinate. This is so you can get
     * both x- and y-locations at once, without calling the function twice.
    private double[] coordinateToPixels(Coordinate c, MapDirection direction) {
        double[] pixels = new double[2];
        int x = c.getX();
        int y = c.getY();
        if(direction == MapDirection.NORTH) {
    pixels[0] = x * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + (.1 * i
mageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + horizontalStartFudgeFactor);
            pixels[1] = y * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() - horizon
talStartFudgeFactor;
        else if(direction == MapDirection.EAST) {
pixels[0] = x * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + (.1 * i
mageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() - verticalStartFudgeFactor);
            pixels[1] = y * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + (.1 * i
mageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + verticalStartFudgeFactor);
        else if(direction == MapDirection.WEST) {
            pixels[0] = x * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() - vertica
1StartFudgeFactor;
            pixels[1] = y * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + (.6 * i
mageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + verticalStartFudgeFactor);
        else if(direction == MapDirection.SOUTH) {
            pixels[0] = x * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + (.6 * i
mageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX()) + horizontalStartFudgeFactor;
            pixels[1] = y * imageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX() + (.1 * i
mageDimension * resizeFactor.getResizeX()) - horizontalStartFudgeFactor;
        return pixels;
     * Determines the vehicle rotation required based on where it is coming from
 and where it is going to. Possible
     * rotations are -90 for turning left, 90 for turning right, or 0 for drivin
g straight.
     * @param fromDirection the direction the vehicle is coming from
     * @param toDirection the direction the vehicle is moving to
     * @return integer representing how much to rotate the vehicle by (90, -90,
or 0)
    private int getRotationFromDirectionChange(MapDirection fromDirection, MapDi
rection toDirection) {
        if(
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.SOUTH && toDirection == MapDirect
ion.EAST) |
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.NORTH && toDirection == MapDirect
ion.WEST) ||
                 (fromDirection == MapDirection.EAST && toDirection == MapDirecti
```

```
VehicleGUIDecorator.java
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                                                                          Page 7/7
on.NORTH) |
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.WEST && toDirection == MapDirecti
on.SOUTH)) {
            return -90;
        else if(
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.EAST && toDirection == MapDirecti
on.SOUTH) ||
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.SOUTH && toDirection == MapDirect
ion.WEST) ||
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.WEST && toDirection == MapDirecti
on.NORTH)
                (fromDirection == MapDirection.NORTH && toDirection == MapDirect
ion.EAST)) {
            return 90;
        else {
            return 0;
     * Translates a moving direction into a Coordinate translation. For instance
, moving north means moving 0 squares in the \boldsymbol{x}
     * direction and -1 square in the y direction. This is used for determining
overall movement of vehicles.
     * @param fromDirection the direction the vehicle is moving from or to
     * @return a Coordinate representing the 2-d translation required for that m
ap direction
     */
   private Coordinate directionToTranslation(MapDirection fromDirection) {
        switch (fromDirection) {
            case NORTH:
                return new Coordinate(0,-1);
            case SOUTH:
                return new Coordinate(0,1);
            case EAST:
                return new Coordinate(1,0);
            case WEST:
                return new Coordinate(-1,0);
        return null;
```