

Integration of building and environmental data for fire emergency response operations

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W3C LBD Community Group
18 September 2023, Virtual

About me

PhD Researcher at Trimble, Nov 2020

- Joined Trimble as a part of a PhD training program within the CBIM network.
- Assisting in a Product Owner role since May 2023

Academic Background

- MSc in Structural Engineering (**Thesis:** Incorporating BIM into the workflow of structural engineers)
- Phd in Civil Engineering (On-going), Technische Universität Berlin
 - **Research topic:** Integration of building and environmental data

Professional Background before Trimble

- Structural engineer at a design Firm
- Lecture and Academic research assistance at two universities
- Some experience in programming (Developed two applications in previous employment)



Research Motivation: Fire Emergency Response

- Fire hazards lead to more casualties than many other types of disasters (Coppola, 2015)



- Firefighters:
 - ✓ Safeguard occupants
 - ✓ Reduce property damage
 - ✓ Protect themselves
- Availability and quality of **data is critical**

Data Needed by Emergency Service Providers

- **Data is needed** for:
 - Routing and navigation
 - Assessing the hazard
 - Determining required resources
 - Utilising building safety features
 - Identifying potential hazards to firefighters
 - Post-incident analysis

Challenges of Acquiring Data

- Unknown environment
- Mentally stressful & physically demanding work
- Limited visibility
 - High reliance on signs
- Paper based data sources
 - Outdated & static
- Distressed civilian
 - Human error
- Complexity of structures

Research Gap

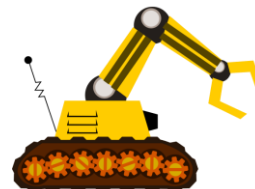
- Prior research focus on investigating information sources



Building Information Models



Sensors



Ground uncrewed vehicles



Extended reality gadgets



Geographic Information System



Personal protective equipment



Aerial uncrewed vehicles

Research Gap: Data Exchange Challenges

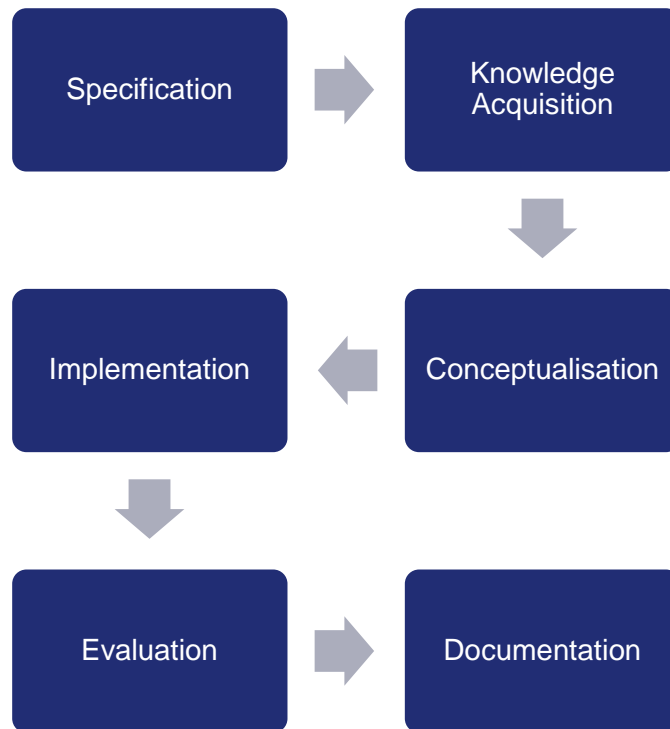
- Only a limited number have addressed the integration of information technologies (Weidinger, 2022).
- Firefighters are divided into multiple units
 - Exchange of data between these teams is required
- Firefighters interact with other emergency service responders (police, paramedic,...)
- Lacking a **consistent nomenclature** for referring to different concepts hinders communication during emergency response efforts (NFPA, 2018).
- Most equipment utilized in response operation exhibit **limited interoperability** among one another (Hamins et al., 2014)
- Integration between information technologies presents a significant challenge since they originated from different domains.

Research Questions

*How can a **formal**, **well-defined**, and **shared** understanding of the building fire emergency response domain be established?*

- Ontologies can be used to develop a **formal** and **structured** description of **shared** knowledge within a particular domain (Noy and McGuinness, 2001).
- Shared understanding enhances **communication** among individuals and organizations and promotes **interoperability** between systems (Uschold and Gruninger, 1996).
- Introduced A novel ontology: **Firefighters' Data Requirement Ontology**
(Guyo et al. 2023)

Ontology Development: METHONTOLOGY (Fernandez, Gómez-Pérez, and Juristo 1997)



Specification

Domain: Building fire emergency

Purpose: Representing knowledge related with firefighters information needs.

Scope: The focus is on data about an affected building, its different components, and its surrounding.

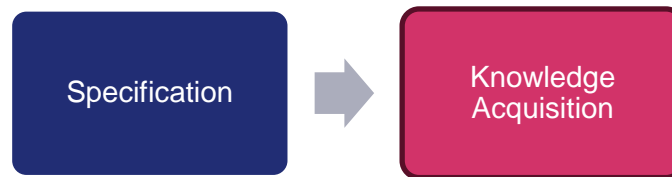
Intended use:

- Facilitate the **data exchange** process between different organization involved in emergency response as well as **interoperability** between systems used in the domain.
- A basis for developing new information systems for the domain.
- To develop ontology-based **data checking systems** for building and city datasets

Competency Questions

- What information about an affected building is required by firefighters to decide how much resource is required?
- Which environmental features at an incident site can interfere with firefighters' actions?
- Which building and environmental features can cause injury to firefighters?
- What information about fire suppression equipment (such as fire hydrants) is needed in order to operate them?
- What are the building safety systems that can support firefighters and how can they be controlled?
- And more

Knowledge Acquisition



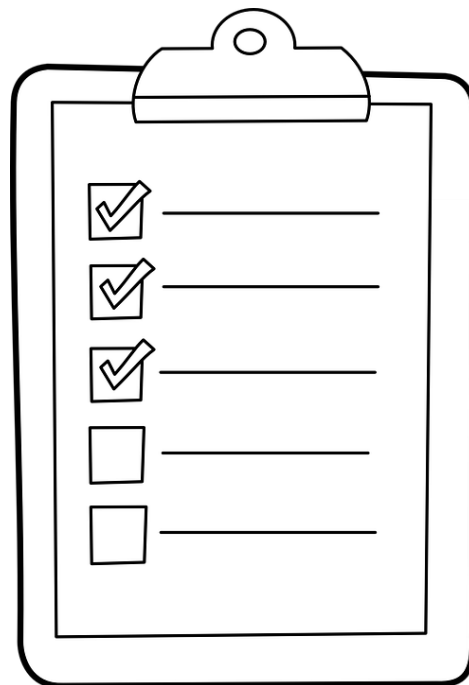
Knowledge Acquisition

International codes	<p>The international building code (ICC, 2018a)</p> <p>The international fire code (ICC, 2018b)</p> <p>NFPA 1620: Standard for Pre-Incident Planning</p>
Scientific papers	<p>Jones et al. (2005) (Workshop with 25 first responders),</p> <p>Li et al. (2014) (Workshop with 29 first responders)</p> <p>Heron et al. (2003),</p> <p>Isikdag, Underwood and Aouad (2008),</p> <p>Ghodrat et al. (2021),</p> <p>Santarpia et al. (2019),</p>
Manual	<p>Occupational safety and health administration (2015)</p>

Answers to Competency Questions

- Data about the affected building that is relevant for firefighters' operations, such as building occupancy, construction type, building height, and the number of stories.
- Data about any potential hazards in the building and its surroundings, such as chemical storage, gas tanks and powerlines.
- Data about different building and environmental fire suppression equipment that firefighters use such as fire hydrants, fire department connections, standpipes, fire hose connections, and fire pumps.
- Data about different building fire protection and suppression systems, such as fire alarm systems, automatic sprinkler systems, and smoke control systems
- And more

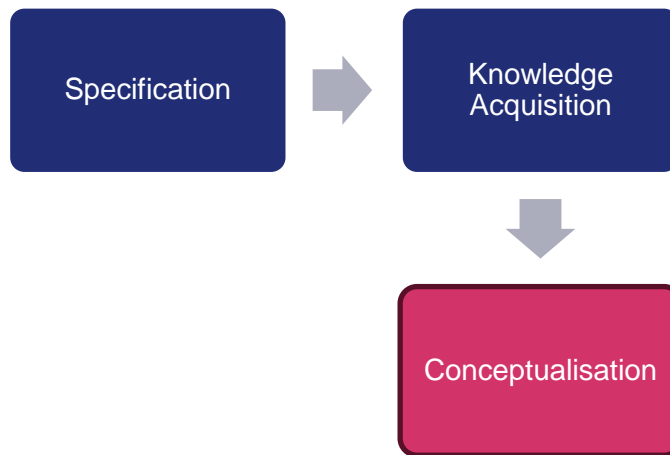
Knowledge Acquisition



Glossary of Terms

- Terms that should be included in the ontology.

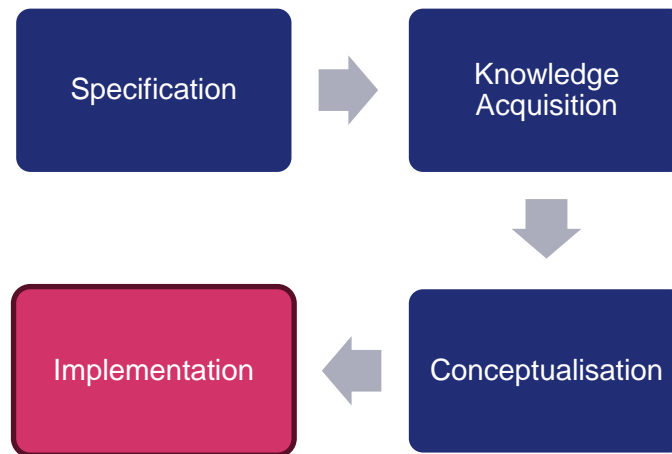
Conceptualisation



Conceptualisation

- Structure the gathered domain knowledge in a **conceptual model**.
- Terms that identify an object – **Classes**
- Terms that describe an object - **Properties**.
- Classes structured based on their **relationship**
- International codes are used to generate concise and consistent **names**.

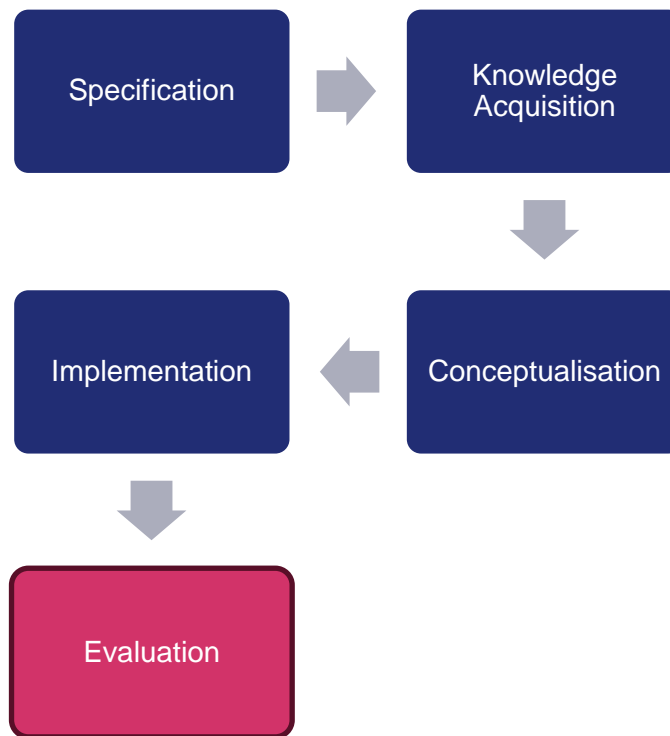
Ontology Development



Implementation

- Implementing the ontology in a formal language.
- The **web ontology language** (OWL) was used
- **Protégé 5.5.0**, was used as the development environment to create the OWL file.

Ontology Development



Evaluation



Verification

- ❑ Confirms the correctness of an ontology
 - ❑ Protégé Resoners
 - ❑ OOps!



Validation

- ❑ Confirms whether an ontology corresponds to the concepts it was modelled to represent
 - ❑ Workshop with firefighters
 - ❑ Prototype

Ontology Verification

- The evaluation of the correctness and consistency of the new ontology.
- Reasoning on the ontology with **Pellet** and **HermiT** identified a few logical inconsistencies.
- **Ontology pitfall scanner!** or **OOPS!** is used to identify pitfalls in the ontology.
- Verification processes **repeated** every time the ontology is modified.

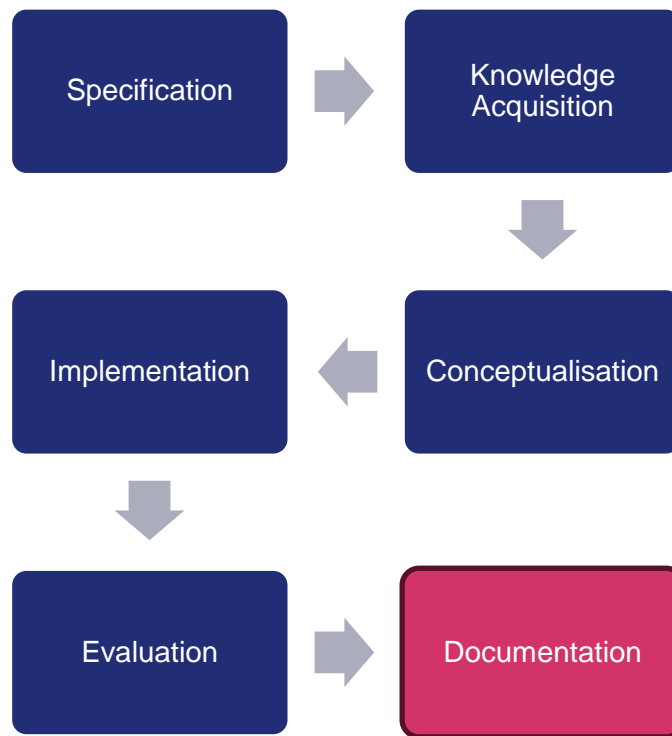
Ontology Validation: Prototype

- A **prototype web application** that visualises relevant information based on the ontology is developed.
- Developed using the **Django framework**
- **Owlready2** is used in the python script to parse the ontology from OWL format in Python.
- A thirteen-floor office building in Espoo, Finland, is selected as a case study

Ontology Validation: Firefighter Interview

- **Interviews** with firefighters to assess the ontology.
- Interview identified some concepts missing in the ontology.
- Modifications are made to the ontology to address the issue.

Ontology Development



Documentation

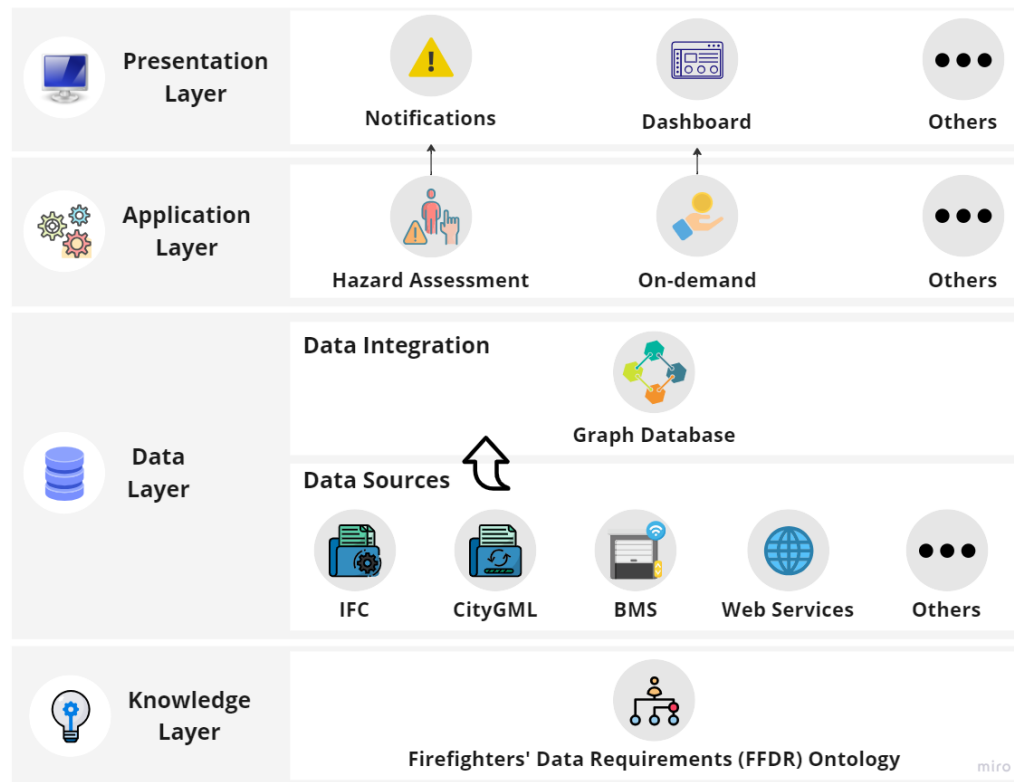
- Ontology specification document published online.
 - *Live OWL Documentation Environment (LODE)* (Peroni, Shotton, and Vitali 2012)
 - *Wizard for documenting ontologies (WIDOCO)* (Garijo 2022)

IRI: <https://purl.org/ffdr-ontology>

Benefits of the Research

- The ontology provides a **shared, structured, and deeper** understanding of the fire emergency domain
- Support to **standardization** efforts in the emergency management domain
- Facilitate effective **communication** and information management during emergency response operations
- Enhances **interoperability** among information systems and technologies that can be used throughout the emergency management
- Support **development** of systems that gather and provide comprehensive information to firefighters

Data Integration Framework



Data Integration Framework

1. An **automated** assessment for critical data

Year Of Construction	No Of Stories	Construction Type	Occupancy Type	Building Height	Fire Location
2021	11	"Steel"	"Office buildings"	"39.5"	"Floor_2"

Diagram illustrating data integration for critical data assessment. The table data is mapped to three models:

- Building Model**: Includes Year Of Construction (2021) and No Of Stories (11).
- City Model**: Includes Construction Type ("Steel") and Occupancy Type ("Office buildings").
- BMS**: Includes Building Height ("39.5") and Fire Location ("Floor_2").

Data Integration Framework

2. **On-demand** access to the unified data

- Fire hydrants that are found near the affected building

Location (Coordinates)	Distance	Type	Diameter
24.819843, 60.217317	300	underground	600
24.82183, 60.216087	300	pillar	300
24.82398, 60.216246	400	underground	-
24.820965, 60.215392	400	underground	-
24.823942, 60.215375	500	underground	-
24.8261, 60.2152	600	underground	300

Additional Benefits of the Research

- The ontology extends its benefits to other stakeholders responsible for the safety of building occupants
- Offers imperative knowledge that is required for a better understanding of building safety
- Building designers can devise designs that ensure the safety of first responders
- Building managers and regulatory bodies can conduct conformity checks regarding the fire safety of buildings based on the knowledge in the ontology.
 - **Automated rule-checking** systems based on the ontology

Other Activities in the Research

- Comparative study of relational and graph-based data persistent systems
- We experimented with four datasets
 - Two building datasets - large and small
 - Two city datasets - large (Tokyo) and small (Espoo)
- Compared Graph DB and Relational DB based on:
 - Database design and maintenance
 - Query performance

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Thank you!

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CBIM - European Training Network
Cloud-based Building Information Modelling

