Traffic Signs Classification Using Convolutional

Neural Networks







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Digital Image Processing Lab

CSEL-4104

Objective

- Develop a system to recognize and classify traffic signs using CNNs.
- Integrating DIP techniques and CNNs for accurate traffic sign classification.
- Essential for autonomous driving, smart driving assistance, and traffic safety analysis.

Motivation

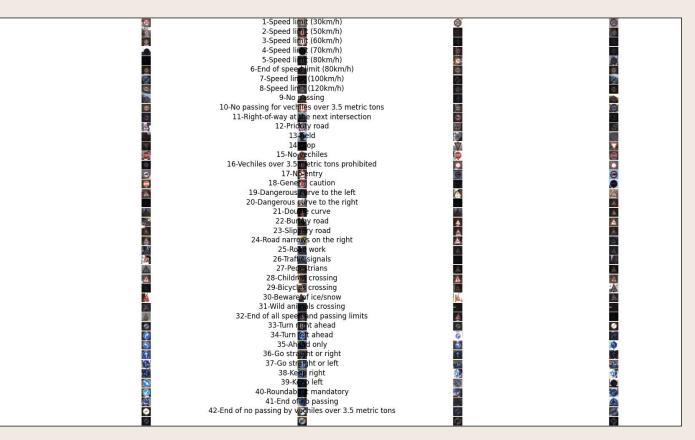
- To make road navigation safer and more informed for both drivers and pedestrians.
- To enable seamless, on-the-go identification of traffic signs for all road users, not just vehicles.



Image Acquisition & Dataset

- Dataset: German Traffic Sign Recognition Benchmark (GTSRB)
- Image Details:
 - More than 35,000 images
 - Each sized 32x32 pixels
- Classes: Speed limits, warning signs, prohibitory signs, and other types, with a total of 43 different classes.

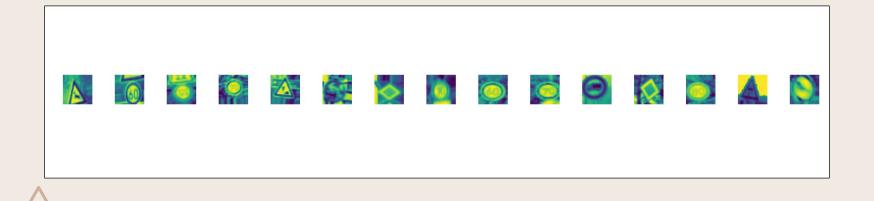
Dataset Overview



Data Preprocessing

- **ل**
 - Grayscale conversion for simplified processing.
 - Histogram equalization for better contrast.
 - Data normalization to standardize data.
 - Scaling pixel values to a range [0, 1] to enhance model performance.

Converted Gray Scale Images



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Data Augmentation

Techniques Used:

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- Width and height shifting
- Zoom and shear transformations
- Rotation for angle diversity
- Purpose: To improve model generalization by generating variations of the original images.

How CNN Utilizes DIP in This Project

- Convolution layers for feature extraction.
- Pooling layers for dimensionality reduction.
- Dropout layers to prevent overfitting.
- Dense layers for feature integration.
- ReLU and Softmax functions for activation and classification outputs.







Process of Model Training

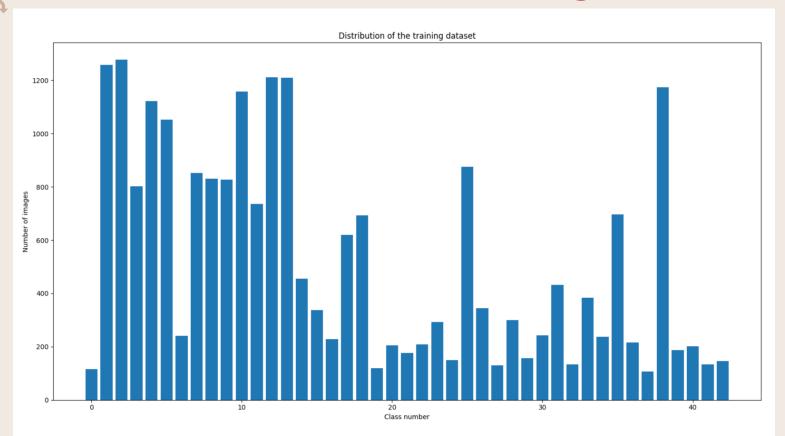


- Data Splitting:
 - Training Set: 80% of the dataset
 - Validation Set: 20% of the training set
- Parameters:
 - **Batch Size:** 2000
 - **Epochs:** 10

Process of Model Training (Cont.)

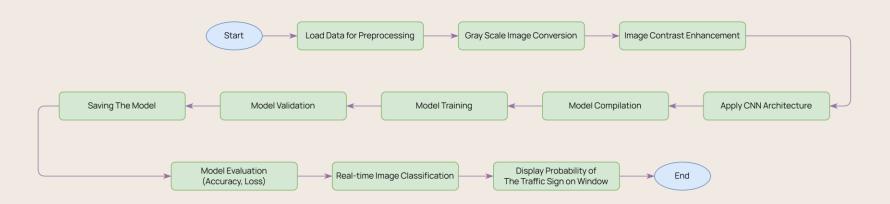
- **₽**
- Training Process:
 - Data augmentation applied before fitting data to the model.
 - Preprocessed images passed through CNN layers
- Framework: Keras and TensorFlow
- Optimization: Adam optimizer

Distribution of the Training Dataset o

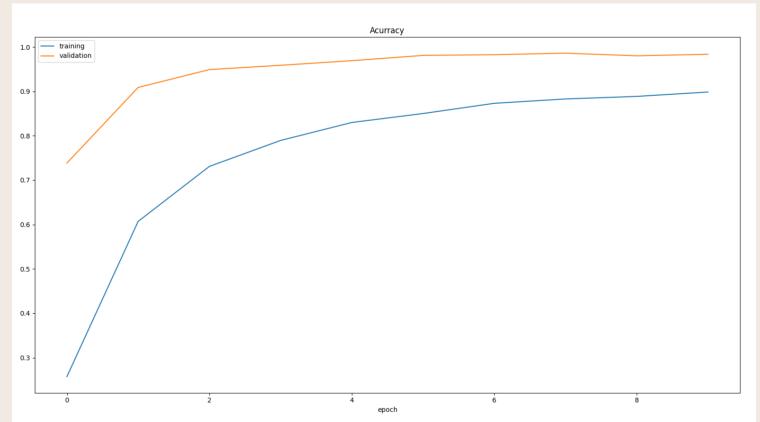




Project Workflow



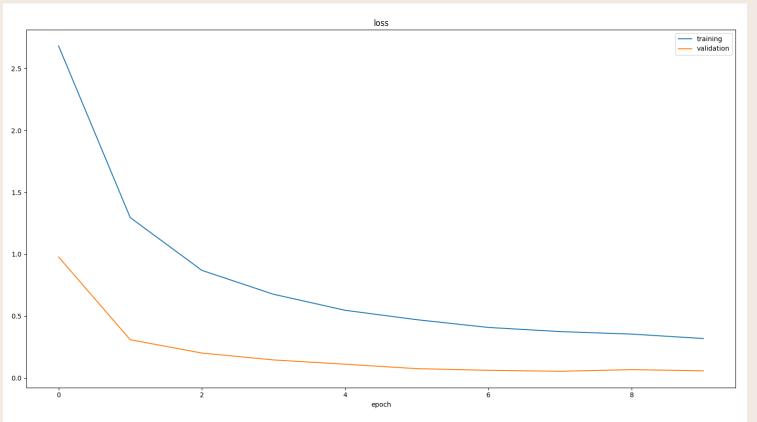
Training vs Validation Accuracy Curve



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Training vs Validation Loss Curve





Results & Evaluation

Test Accuracy	Test Score
98.29%	6.19%

```
= 95s 47ms/step - accuracy: 0.5962 - loss: 1.3331 - val accuracy: 0.9088 - val loss: 0.3094
2000/2000
Epoch 3/10
                             - 49s 25ms/step - accuracy: 0.7250 - loss: 0.8862 - val accuracy: 0.9490 - val loss: 0.2015
2000/2000 -
Epoch 4/10

    2:48 109ms/step - accuracy: 0.7809 - loss: 0.7097983728: I tensorflow/core/framework/local

446/2000
         [[{{node IteratorGetNext}}]]
                      ______ 52s 26ms/step - accuracy: 0.7875 - loss: 0.6838 - val accuracy: 0.9587 - val loss: 0.1459
2000/2000
Epoch 5/10

    525 26ms/step - accuracy: 0.8288 - loss: 0.5525 - val accuracy: 0.9691 - val loss: 0.1116

2000/2000 ---
Epoch 6/10
                            - 54s 27ms/step - accuracy: 0.8498 - loss: 0.4713 - val accuracy: 0.9810 - val loss: 0.0756
2000/2000 -
Epoch 7/10
                           55s 27ms/step - accuracy: 0.8727 - loss: 0.4088 - val accuracy: 0.9826 - val loss: 0.0621
2000/2000 -
Epoch 8/10

    2:49 109ms/step - accuracy: 0.8796 - loss: 0.3782 status: OUT OF RANGE: End of sequenceow/

446/2000 -
         [[{{node IteratorGetNext}}]]
                            - 52s 26ms/step - accuracy: 0.8821 - loss: 0.3757 - val accuracy: 0.9860 - val loss: 0.0542
2000/2000 -
Epoch 9/10
                         525 26ms/step - accuracy: 0.8887 - loss: 0.3532 - val accuracy: 0.9801 - val loss: 0.0676
2000/2000 ---
Epoch 10/10
2000/2000 _______ 52s 26ms/step - accuracy: 0.8991 - loss: 0.3156 - val accuracy: 0.9835 - val loss: 0.0580
Test Score: 0.06193874403834343
Test Accuracy: 0.9829022884368896
```

Live Testing Overview

















Deployment

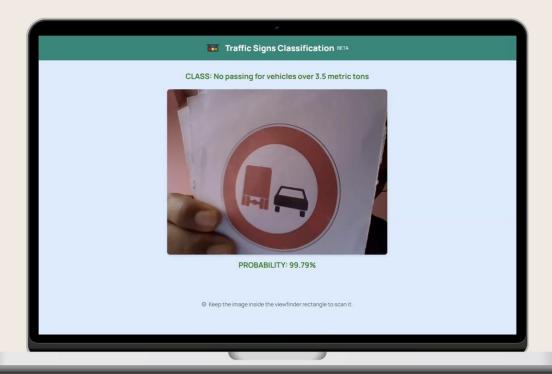
- Android App:
 - **Features:** On-the-go traffic sign recognition via the camera.
 - **Technologies:** TensorFlow Lite, OpenCV, Java, CameraX
- Web Integration:
 - Features: Allows users to classify traffic signs via the web app.
 - Technologies: Flask, HTML, CSS, JavaScript

Screenshots (App & Web)









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Future Work

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- To collect a dataset of Bangladeshi traffic signs to enhance the model and make it more effective.
- To add audio alerts to tell users about detected traffic signs.
- Show detected signs on the screen in real-time using AR technology.



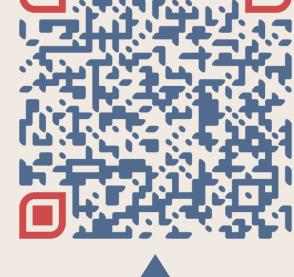


Video Demonstration



Android App

THANK YOU





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