

```

1  #include <msp430.h>
2
3
4  #define bufferSize 150           // Buffer size for UART receiving
5  #define numPhases 8             // Defined for easier switching between
    full and half steps during debugging
6  #define xControlRefresh 0x1388  // Delay for x Control Loop during control
    operation (20ms)
7  #define xRegularRefresh 0xC350  // Delay for x Control Loop during non -
    control operation (200ms)
8  // Note: For smoother slider DC control change xRegularRefresh to 0x1388
    (control tuning is off when this happens though)
9
10 // Control Constants
11 #define Kd 0xFFFF/123
12 #define Kdy 0xFFFF/123*2*20/400 // Conversion from Input Y Val to half
    steps
13 #define Kenc (4*40)/(20.4*48)   // Conversion from
14 #define tau 0.02375             // Time Constant solved in rise time
    calculations
15 #define Kp 1/tau*0.23           // Proportional Controller using
    theoretical 1/tau * a tuneable value
16 #define Ktim xRegularRefresh/0xFFFF // Conversion from input speed to prop.
    control refresh (reset timer)
17
18
19 // UART Variables
20 unsigned volatile int circBuffer[bufferSize]; // For storing
    received data packets
21 unsigned volatile int head = 0; // circBuffer
    head
22 unsigned volatile int tail = 0; // circBuffer
    tail
23 unsigned volatile int length = 0; // circBuffer
    length
24 unsigned volatile char* bufferFullMsg = "Buffer is full"; // Message to
    print when buffer is full
25 unsigned volatile char* bufferEmptyMsg = "Buffer is empty"; // Message to
    print when buffer is empty
26 unsigned volatile int rxByte = 0; // Temporary
    variable for storing each received byte
27 volatile int rxFlag = 0; // Received
    data flag, triggered when a packet is received
28 volatile int rxIndex = 0; // Counts bytes
    in data packet
29
30 // Stepper Control Variables
31 unsigned int halfStepLookupTable[numPhases][4] = // Phases for
    stepping

```

```

32 {
33 // Full Step
34 // {1, 0, 0, 0},
35 // {0, 0, 1, 0},
36 // {0, 1, 0, 0},
37 // {0, 0, 0, 1}
38 // Half Step
39 {1, 0, 0, 0},
40 {1, 0, 1, 0},
41 {0, 0, 1, 0},
42 {0, 1, 1, 0},
43 {0, 1, 0, 0},
44 {0, 1, 0, 1},
45 {0, 0, 0, 1},
46 {1, 0, 0, 1}
47 };
48 volatile int contStepperMode = 0; // 0 = No power
    to motor, 1 = CW dir continuous, -1 = CCW dir continuous, 2 = single step
    mode
49
50 // Variables for X Control (DC)
51 unsigned int currentTA0, currentTA1;
52 unsigned volatile int xr = 0; // Goal loc for
    X controller
53 unsigned volatile int xControlFlag = 0; // Signals
    whether X is in a control loop
54 volatile int error = 0; // Error
    between encoder and X goal
55 const double errorMult = (Kd)*(Kenc); // Multiplier
    for scaling of encoder count
56 const double errorTimerMult = Kp * xControlRefresh/0xFFFF; // Multiplier
    for prop controller scaled to control loop delay
57 volatile unsigned int encoderCount = 0; // X Location
    based on encoder
58
59 // Variables for Y Control (Stepper)
60 unsigned volatile int yr = 0; // Goal loc for
    Y controller
61 unsigned volatile int yControlFlag = 0; // Signals
    whether Y is in a control loop
62 unsigned int yLoc = 0; // Current
    location of Y
63
64 // Variables for XY Control
65 volatile double xStep = 0; // Size of X
    step to match Y steps in given loc
66 const double locErrorTolerance = 0.22*Kd; // Tolerance
    for where to stop control loop for X
67 volatile unsigned int xGoal = 0; // Final goal

```

```
    of X axis
68
69 // Function to update the stepper coil voltages based on lookup table and current position in cycle
70 void updateStepperCoils(){
71     if (halfStepLookupTable[yLoc%numPhases][0] == 1)
72         P1OUT |= BIT4;
73     else
74         P1OUT &= ~BIT4;
75     if (halfStepLookupTable[yLoc%numPhases][1] == 1)
76         P1OUT |= BIT5;
77     else
78         P1OUT &= ~BIT5;
79     if (halfStepLookupTable[yLoc%numPhases][2] == 1)
80         P3OUT |= BIT4;
81     else
82         P3OUT &= ~BIT4;
83     if (halfStepLookupTable[yLoc%numPhases][3] == 1)
84         P3OUT |= BIT5;
85     else
86         P3OUT &= ~BIT5;
87 }
88
89 // Function to transmit a UART package given arguments for package
90 void transmitPackage(unsigned int instrByte, unsigned int dataByte1, unsigned int dataByte2){
91     unsigned int decoderByte = 0;
92     if (dataByte1 == 255){
93         decoderByte |= 2;
94         dataByte1 = 0;
95     }
96     if (dataByte2 == 255){
97         decoderByte |= 1;
98         dataByte2 = 0;
99     }
100     while (!(UCA1IFG & UCTXIFG));
101     UCA1TXBUF = 255;
102     while (!(UCA1IFG & UCTXIFG));
103     UCA1TXBUF = instrByte;
104     while (!(UCA1IFG & UCTXIFG));
105     UCA1TXBUF = dataByte1;
106     while (!(UCA1IFG & UCTXIFG));
107     UCA1TXBUF = dataByte2;
108     while (!(UCA1IFG & UCTXIFG));
109     UCA1TXBUF = decoderByte;
110     while (!(UCA1IFG & UCTXIFG));
111 }
112
113 // Main Loop for initialization, reading of UART buffer, and starting commands
```

```

114 int main(void)
115 {
116     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;    // stop watchdog timer
117
118     // Configure Clocks
119     CSCTL0 = 0xA500;              // Write password to modify CS registers
120     CSCTL1 = DCORSEL;            // DCO = 16 MHz
121     CSCTL2 |= SELM_3 + SELS_3 + SELA_3; // MCLK = DCO, ACLK = DCO,
        SMCLK = DCO
122     CSCTL3 |= DIVS_5;            // Set divider for SMCLK (/32)
        -> SMCLK 500kHz
123
124     // Configure timer B2 for DC Motor
125     TB2CTL |= TBSSSEL_2 + MC_1 + ID_1 + TBIE; // SCLK, up mode, div by 2,
        overflow interrupt enable
126     TB2CCTL1 |= OUTMOD_7;        // CCR1 reset/set
127     TB2CCR0 = xRegularRefresh;   // CCR0: control loop delay
        time
128     TB2CCR1 = 0x9C40 * Ktim;      // CCR1 PWM duty cycle: DC
        Motor PWM rate (scaled based on control loop delay time)
129
130     // Configure timer B0 for Stepper Motor
131     TB0CTL |= TBSSSEL_1 + MC_1;    // ACLK, up mode (16MHz)
132     TB0CCTL0 |= CCIE;             // CCR0 interrupt enable
133     TB0CCR0 = 0xFFFF;            // CCR0: interrupt for half
        step phase switching
134
135     // Configure Timers for DC Encoder
136     // Timer A0 for DWN Encoder
137     TA0CTL |= TASSEL_0 + MC_1 + TACLK; // Input pin clock, up mode,
        clear timer val
138     TA0CCR0 = 0xFFFF;
139     // Timer A1 for UP Encoder
140     TA1CTL |= TASSEL_0 + MC_1 + TACLK; // Input pin clock, up mode,
        clear timer val
141     TA1CCR0 = 0xFFFF;
142
143     // Configure Timer B1 for Duty Cycle of Stepper Pins
144     TB1CTL |= TBSSSEL_1 + MC_1 + ID_1; // ACLK, Up mode, Div by 2 ->
        8MHz
145     TB1CCTL0 = CCIE;             // CCR0: Enabling Stepper
        Phases
146     TB1CCTL1 = CCIE;            // CCR1: Turning off stepper
        phases
147     TB1CCR0 = 0x3E8;            // 0.125ms full pwm period
148     TB1CCR1 = 0x11C;            // 28.4% duty cycle
149
150     // Configure outputs for DC PWM Pin

```

```
151     P2SEL0 |= BIT1;
152     P2DIR |= BIT1;
153
154     // Configure outputs for DC AIN1 and AIN2 Pins
155     P3DIR |= BIT6 + BIT7;           // Output pins for AIN2 and AIN1  ↗
        respectively
156
157     // Configure outputs for Stepper A1 A2 B1 B2 Pins
158     P1DIR |= BIT4 + BIT5;           // AIN2 and AIN1 Pins respectively
159     P3DIR |= BIT4 + BIT5;           // BIN2 and BIN1 Pins respectively
160
161     // Setup Pins for DC Encoder Interrupt Capture
162     P1SEL1 |= BIT1 + BIT2;
163
164     // Configure ports for UART
165     P2SEL0 &= ~(BIT5 + BIT6);
166     P2SEL1 |= BIT5 + BIT6;
167
168     // Configure UART
169     UCA1CTLW0 |= UCSSEL0;
170     UCA1MCTLW = UCOS16 + UCBRF0 + 0x4900; // Define UART as 19200baud rate
171     UCA1BRW = 52;
172     UCA1CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;
173     UCA1IE |= UCRXIE;               //enable UART receive interrupt
174     _EINT();                       //Global interrupt enable
175
176     // Circular Buffer Data Processing Variables
177     unsigned volatile int commandByte, dataByte1, dataByte2, escapeByte,  ↗
        dataByte;
178
179     while (1)
180     {
181         if (rxFlag)
182         {
183             // Get escape byte and command byte from buffer
184             escapeByte = circBuffer[head - 1];
185             commandByte = circBuffer[head - 4];
186
187             // Handle the Data Bytes
188             // Check if the first bit of escape byte is 1 and if so set  ↗
                dataByte2 to 255
189             if (escapeByte & 1) { dataByte2 = 255; }
190             // Else, dataByte2 gets the value from the buffer
191             else { dataByte2 = circBuffer[head - 2]; }
192             // Check if the second bit of escape byte is 1 and if so set  ↗
                dataByte1 to 255
193             if (escapeByte & 2) { dataByte1 = 255; }
194             // Else, dataByte1 gets the value from the buffer
195             else { dataByte1 = circBuffer[head - 3]; }
```

```

196
197     // DataByte gets the combination of dataByte1 & dataByte2
198     dataByte = (dataByte1 << 8) + dataByte2;
199
200
201     // Handle the command Bytes
202     switch(commandByte)
203     {
204     case 0: // Stop DC Motor
205         P3OUT &= ~(BIT6 + BIT7);
206         xControlFlag = 0;
207         TB2CCR1 = 0;
208         break;
209     case 1: // CW DC Motor
210         P3OUT |= BIT7;
211         P3OUT &= ~BIT6;
212         TB2CCR1 = dataByte;           // PWM for DC
213         break;
214     case 2: // CCW DC Motor
215         P3OUT |= BIT6;
216         P3OUT &= ~BIT7;
217         TB2CCR1 = dataByte;           // PWM for DC
218         break;
219     case 3: // Single Step CW
220         contStepperMode = 2;           // Single step mode
221         yLoc++;                         // Responded to by Timer B1 ↗
222         Interrupts
223         break;
224     case 4: // Single Step CCW
225         contStepperMode = 2;           // Single step mode
226         yLoc--;                         // Responded to by Timer B1 ↗
227         Interrupts
228         break;
229     case 5: // Continuous Step CW
230         contStepperMode = 1;           // Continuous step mode pos
231         TB0CCR0 = 0xFFFF - dataByte;   // PWM sub so that large ↗
232         input = fast speed
233         break;
234     case 6: // Continuous Step CCW
235         contStepperMode = -1;          // Continuous step mode neg
236         TB0CCR0 = 0xFFFF - dataByte;   // PWM sub so that large ↗
237         input = fast speed
238         break;
239     case 7: // Stop Stepper Continuous
240         contStepperMode = 0;           // Cuts power to stepper ↗
241         phases
242         break;
243     case 8: // Zero the Encoder
244         TA0R = 0;                       // Zero all encoder ↗

```

```

        tracking variables
240         TA1R = 0;
241         currentTA0 = 0;
242         currentTA1 = 0;
243         break;
244     case 9: // Go To X Loc
245         xr = dataByte;                // Gives goal for X to      ↗
        reach
246         TB2CCR0 = xControlRefresh;    // Changes X control loop  ↗
        to faster delay
247         xControlFlag = 1;            // Enables X control
248         break;
249     case 10: // Zero The Stepper
250         contStepperMode = 2;          // Changes to single step  ↗
        mode
251         while(yLoc%8 != 1){           // Steps until current step ↗
        is in 0 position of lookup table
252             yLoc++;
253         }
254         yLoc = 0;                    // Sets y location to 0
255         break;
256     case 11: // Go To Y Loc
257         yr = dataByte/(Kdy);          // Scale input (0x0-0xFFFF) ↗
        to # of half step steps
258         yControlFlag = 1;            // Enable y control loop
259         TB0CCR0 = 0xFFFF - 0xBD4C;    // Set default Y speed
260         if (yLoc < yr){               // Sets direction of      ↗
        stepper rotation (dealt with in control loop after this)
261             contStepperMode = 1;
262         }
263         else if (yLoc > yr){
264             contStepperMode = -1;
265         }
266         break;
267     case 12: // Send Y Loc for XY Movement // Sent first when changing ↗
        X and Y in straight line
268         contStepperMode = 0;          // Stops stepper power
269         xControlFlag = 0;            // Clears all control flags ↗
        and vars to wait for rest of commands
270         yControlFlag = 0;
271         xStep = 0;
272         yr = dataByte/(Kdy);          // Sets Y step goal
273     //      transmitPackage(1, yr>>8, yr & 0xFF); //Transmits debugging ↗
        value of y # of steps
274         break;
275     case 13: // Send X Loc for XY Movement // Sent second when changing ↗
        X and Y in straight line
276         xGoal = dataByte;            // Sets end goal of X      ↗
        position

```

```

...s\MECHA4\MECH423\Lab3\Firmware\CleanTwoAxisControl\main.c 8
277         int yStep = abs(yr - yLoc);           // Calculates overall Y steps ↗
278         xStep = (dataByte - encoderCount*Kd*Kenc); // Calculates size of x step if travel will happen in a single jump ↗
279         if (yStep != 0){                         // Scales X step by number of y steps if y needs to move ↗
280             xStep = xStep/yStep;
281         }
282         else {                                     // Scales x to take 600 steps as default step size if Y doesnt need to move ↗
283             xStep = xStep/600;
284         }
285         // transmitPackage(2, (int)xStep>>8, (int)xStep & 0xFF); // Trasmits debugging value of x step size ↗
286         break;
287         case 14: // Send Speed for XY Movement and start // Final command sent for XY move in straight line ↗
288             TB0CCR0 = (0xFFFF - dataByte);        // Sets speed of travel (time between steps) ↗
289             TB2CCR0 = xControlRefresh;             // Change X control loop to faster delay ↗
290             if (xStep != 0){                         // Turns on X control only ↗
291                 if X is changing
292                 xControlFlag = 1;
293             }
294             yControlFlag = 1;                         // Turns on Y control
295             if (yLoc < yr){                           // Sets Y direction
296                 contStepperMode = 1;
297             }
298             else if (yLoc > yr){
299                 contStepperMode = -1;
300             }
301             break;
302         default: // No known command
303             break;
304     }
305     // Remove the processed bytes from the buffer
306     length -= 5;                                     // Decrease length by 5
307     if (bufferSize - tail <= 5) { tail = 0; } // Check if tail at end of buffer and if so put it at start ↗
308     else { tail += 5; }                             // Else, increase tail by 5
309
310     // reset the data received flag
311     rxFlag = 0;
312 }
313 }
314 return 0;
315 }

```



```
316
317 // UART interrupt to fill receive buffer with data sent from C# program
318 #pragma vector = USCI_A1_VECTOR
319 __interrupt void USCI_A1_ISR(void)
320 {
321     rxByte = UCA1RXBUF;           // rxByte gets the received byte
322
323     // Check if 255 was received
324     if (rxByte == 255 || rxIndex > 0)
325     {
326         // Check that the buffer isn't full
327         if (length < bufferSize)
328         {
329             circBuffer[head] = rxByte;    // Buffer gets received byte at head
330             length++;                    // Increment length
331
332             if (head == bufferSize) { head = 0; } // Check if head at end of buffer and if so put it at start
333             else { head++; }              // Else, increment head
334
335             // Check if receiving index is 4 or greater and if so reset
336             if (rxIndex >= 4)
337             {
338                 rxIndex = 0;           // Reset receiving index
339                 rxFlag = 1;            // Set the data received flag
340             }
341             else { rxIndex++; }         // Increment rxIndex
342         }
343     }
344 }
345
346 // Timer B0 CCR0 Interrupt: Y Control loop (updates X step by step during XY control mode
347 #pragma vector = TIMER0_B0_VECTOR
348 __interrupt void TriggerTimer (void){
349     // During XY control mode increments by xStep
350     if (xControlFlag && yControlFlag){
351         xr = xr + xStep;
352     }
353
354     // If continuous stepper mode increase or decrease yLoc accordingly
355     if (contStepperMode == 1){
356         yLoc++;
357     }
358     else if (contStepperMode == -1){
359         yLoc--;
360     }
361 }
```

```

362 // If Y is at goal and in control mode
363 if (yControlFlag == 1 && yLoc == yr){
364     yControlFlag = 0; // Turn off Y control mode
365     xr = xGoal; // Set X to go to final goal ↗
    (compensates for step rounding issue)
366     contStepperMode = 0; // Stops continuous stepper mode
367 }
368
369 TB0CCTL0 &= ~CCIFG; // Reset interrupt flag
370 }
371
372 // Timer B2 CCR1 Interrupt: Updates x Position and handles X Control Loop
373 #pragma vector = TIMER2_B1_VECTOR
374 __interrupt void SendEncoderCount(void){
375     // Reads current encoder position
376     unsigned int instructionByte = 0; // Set instruction byte for ↗
    loop refresh non-control speed
377     TA0CTL &= MC_0; // Turn off timers to read ↗
    register (unstable if still on)
378     TA1CTL &= MC_0;
379     currentTA0 = TA0R; // Read current timer counts
380     currentTA1 = TA1R;
381     TA0CTL |= MC_1; // Turn timers back on
382     TA1CTL |= MC_1;
383     encoderCount = currentTA0 - currentTA1; // Update encoder count UpCount ↗
    - DownCount
384     if (currentTA1 > currentTA0){ // Sets encoder count to 0 if ↗
    negative (overflow)
385         encoderCount = 0;
386     }
387
388     // Do Controls for DC Motor
389     if (xControlFlag == 1){
390         instructionByte = 1; // Set instruction byte for ↗
        return message signifying in control loop delay time
391         error = xr - (encoderCount*errorMult); // Calculate error between ↗
        current x goal (not final) and scaled encoder count
392         TB2CCR1 = abs(error)*errorTimerMult; // Change speed according to ↗
        error and proportional controller
393         if (error > locErrorTolerance){ // Choose direction based on if ↗
            current location is past or before goal (by tolerance)
394             P3OUT |= BIT7;
395             P3OUT &= ~BIT6;
396         }
397         else if (error < -locErrorTolerance){
398             P3OUT |= BIT6;
399             P3OUT &= ~BIT7;
400         }
401         else if (yControlFlag == 0){ // If error is within tolerance ↗

```

```
        and no XY control exit X control
402         P3OUT &= ~(BIT6 + BIT7);           // Stop DC motor
403         TB2CCR0 = xRegularRefresh;          // Go back to control loop ↗
            regular time delay
404         xControlFlag = 0;                   // Turn off X control
405     }
406 }
407 transmitPackage(instructionByte, encoderCount>>8, encoderCount &      ↗
    0xFF); // Transmit the current encoder value for C# program to track
408 TB2CTL &= ~TBIFG;                      // Reset interrupt flag
409 }
410
411 // Timer B1 CCR1 Interrupt: Turn off stepper phases for PWM
412 #pragma vector = TIMER1_B1_VECTOR
413 __interrupt void TurnOffStepperPhases(void){
414     P1OUT &= ~(BIT4 + BIT5);
415     P3OUT &= ~(BIT4 + BIT5);
416     TB1CCTL1 &= ~CCIFG;
417 }
418
419 // Timer B1 CCR0 Interrupt: Turn on proper stepper phases for PWM
420 #pragma vector = TIMER1_B0_VECTOR
421 __interrupt void TurnOnStepperPhases(void){
422     if (contStepperMode != 0){
423         updateStepperCoils();
424     }
425     TB1CCTL0 &= ~CCIFG;
426 }
427
428
```