The TLC Module versus Mathematics

The standard TLC module defines a few operators that, as implemented by TLC, lie outside the domain of mathematics. In mathematics, the formula e=e is true for every expression e. However, using these special operators, you can write a formula of the form e=e that TLC can find equal to FALSE. For example, one of these operators is JavaTime, which TLC evaluates to be a function of the current date and time (the number of milliseconds elapsed since 0:00 UTC on 1 January 1970). TLC could obtain the value FALSE when it evaluates the formula JavaTime = JavaTime.

When you use such an operator, you leave the world of mathematics and enter the world of programming. You should never use any of these operators in a specification—neither an I/O specification nor a system specification. You should use them only to help TLC check a specification. The operators defined in the TLC module that are outside the domain of mathematics are:

JavaTime RandomElement TLCGet

There are other operators defined in the TLC module that make no sense as part of a specification—for example, PrintT. However, the values TLC obtains when evaluating them are consistent with their TLA^+ definitions.