C ProgrammingLab 1: IDE for C coding

Lecturer: *Dr.* Wan-Lei Zhao

Spring Semester 2022

Outline

Codeblocks IDE

2 Visual Studio Code

Variables



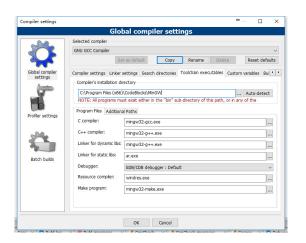
Codeblocks

• It is free software, available at following link

CodeBlocks 16.01 Windows binary

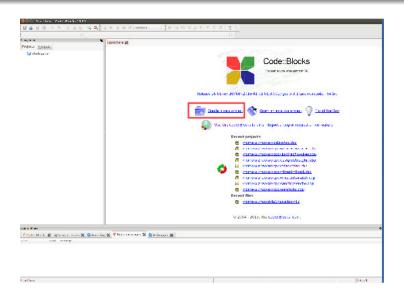
- Lightweiht and stable
- Cross platform: Linux, Windows and MacOS

Compiler Setup

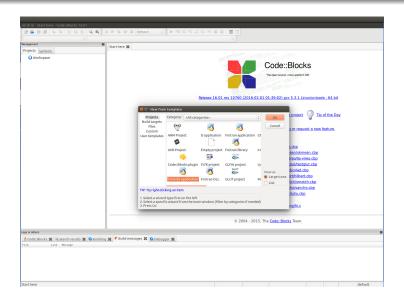


- **1** Go to menu: Settings→Compiler Settings→Toolchain Executables
- 2 Type in the path for mingw compiler, e.g., C:/Program Files (x86)/CodeBlocks/MingW/

WanLei Zhao C Programming 4 / 21

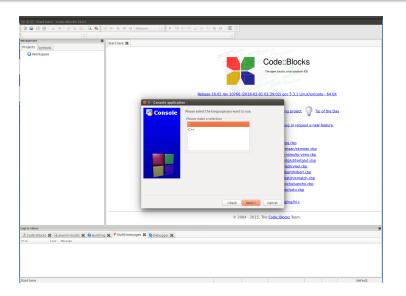


Create/New a C project

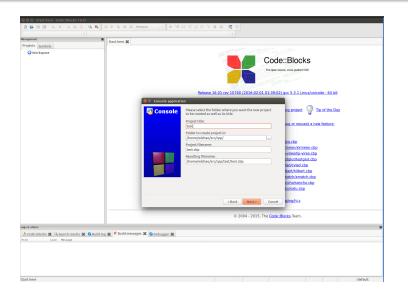


Choose project type "Console application"

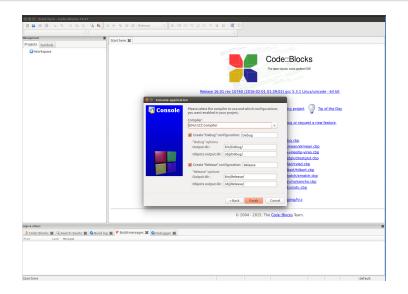
6 / 21



• Set it as a "C" project

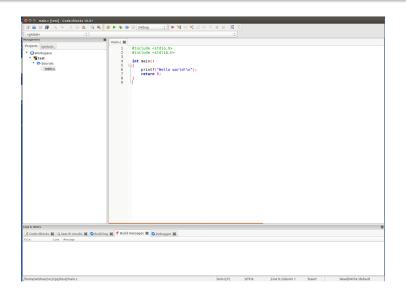


Give a name for your project



• Choose "C" compiler for your project

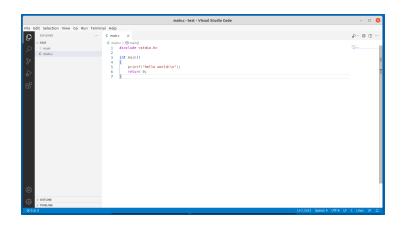
9 / 21



• Start to work with your project

Main interface of VS code

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- VS code is the most powerful and convenient Editor¹
- One editor for designed for various programming languages, C, C++, Python and Java, etc

11 / 21

C Programming

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3 Variables

Variable Types and Operations

Try following code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
   int a = 5, b = 3;
   float val1 = a/b;
   float val2 = (float)(a/b);
   float val3 = (float)(a+0.0)/b;
   printf("a/b_is:_val1_=_%f\n", val1);
   printf("a/b_is:_val2_=_%f\n", val2);
   printf("a/b_is:_val3_=_%f\n", val3);

}
```

Character and String

Try following code:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3
      char *str1 = "abc \setminus 0de";
      char *str2 = "abc \ rde":
      char *str3 = "abc\tde";
      char *str4 = "abc\t\b\b\b\b\b\b\
      char ch1 = 'A' + 6:
      char ch2 = 'A' + 'B';
      printf("%s\n", str1);
10
      printf("%s\n", str2);
11
      printf("%s\n", str3);
12
      printf("%s\n", str4);
13
      printf("\%c, \_value=\%d \setminus n", ch1, ch1);
14
      printf("%c, _value=%d\n", ch2, ch2);
15
16 }
```

How Variable Behaves

- Guess the values of a, i and j
- Try following code to verify your answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
    int i = 4, j = 6;
    int a = i + j;
    printf("a == ...%d\n", a);
    i = j - i;
    j = i + j;
    printf("i == ...%d\n", i, j);
}
```

printf() and Precision Control

- Given float number a = 231.36952, integer number b = 39 and integer number c=0xEE
 - 1 Print out a with 2 digits precision and 3 digits precision respectively
 - 2 Print out octal and hexadecimal values of b
 - 3 Print out decimal and octal nunmber of c

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
    float a = 231.36952;
    int b = 39;
    int c = 0xEE;
}
```

Print out the values of different variables

- Given following variables have been defined
- Please show the number of bytes they occupy in the memory

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
    char ch = 'B';
    int a = 0;
    short b = 1024;
    double c = 0.1;
    float d = 22;
    double e = 3.1415926;
}
```

- Please print the values of different variables on the screen
- For example,

```
printf("%f\n", d);
```

Precision of float and double

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

double c = 0.1;
float d = 22;
double e = 3.1415926;
printf("e_=_%1.4|f\n", e);
printf("e_=_%1.3|f\n", e);
printf("e_==_%1.2|f\n", e);
```

Print integer numbers with formating

- Print out a=234, b=5, c=123, d=55, two numbers in each line
- Numbers are separated by ', '
- Each number occupy 6 digital position, right-aligned

Print integer numbers with right-aligned

Try following code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
   int a = 234;
   int b = 5;
   int c = 1231;
   int d = 55;
   printf("%6d, _%6d\n", a, b);
   printf("%6d, _%6d\n", c, d);
}
```

Print integer numbers with left-aligned

Try following code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()

{
   int a = 234;
   int b = 5;
   int c = 1231;
   int d = 55;
   printf("%-6d, _%-6d\n", a, b);
   printf("%-6d, _%-6d\n", c, d);
}
```