

14 vigour 'viga(r) wigor (UK)

12 so-called saσ ka:ld tak zwany (tylko przed

so communist 'kemjanist komunistyczny

23 acute a'kjurt dotkliwy, ostry

(w jakiś sposób)

27 objective ab'd3ektiv cel

postawić gdzieś stopę, pojawić się gdzieś (po

raz pierwszy)

czymś), późniejszy so subsequent 'sabsikwent następujący (po

ainewobķi nibnæl 'eanding ladowanie

32 weapons' non-proliferation

a'gri:mant układ o ograniczeniu zbrojeń

Generalny

eo exbioratory ik splaretri eksploracyjny, badawczy

biegun południowy

esen qeta siels ekap, faza

określać coś mianem X

fol fight flatt lot

69 manned mænd załogowy (np. lot), obsadzony

se to establish sth tu r'stæbli 'snmûn założyć coś

sylunar south pole 'lu:nə(r) saσθ pəʊl księżycowy

se achievement a'tsirvmant osiagniecie, zdobycz

sa inaugural 1'no:gjoral inauguracyjny, pierwszy

se fighmas' et (1):81'11 et X es n's or refer to sth as X es n's or refer to state a to

so entrant 'entrant zawodnik, uczestnik

\* to remain to ri'mein pozostawać

46 Via 'vaia przez, za pośrednictwem

43 how come? have knm dlaczego? (pot.)

so fo exchange sth tu iks'tjeinds 'sambin

e craft kraift tu: pojazd, pojazdy

wymienić coś/się czymś

bołśczyć (o pojazdach)

coś, ożywić (ponownie)

44 lunar lu:na(r) księżycowy

na coś, chrapka

er commonly 'kemanli powszechnie, zazwyczaj

\*\* resolutely 'rezalu:tli zdecydowanie, stanowczo

47 to rekindle sth ta "ri: 'kındı 'sʌmuŋıŋ rozbudzić

agenda ə'dʒendə program (rzeczy do zrobienia)

42 extraterrestrial, ekstraterrestrial pozaziemski

4 appetite for sth 'æpıtaıt fə(r) 'sʌmðiŋ apetyt

38 to rendezvous ta 'rondivu: spotkać się, tu:

zakończyć się czymś, zostać czymś uwieńczonym

station on the satellite. ings a fully manneds exploratorys space tion of the lunar south poles and establishtious future Chinese plans include exploraof the Moon," in 2019. Even more ambi-Pink Floyd would call it, "The Dark Side first soft lunar landing of any craft on, as among other achievementss, Chang'e 4's number phasess since then have seen, with its inaugurals flighted in 2007. The referred tosz as Chang'e, started in 2004 Lunar Exploration Program, commonly into Space Race 2.0 is China. The Chinese

dwiazdolot o starship 'sta: Itp statek kosmiczny, 9 duest kwest poszukiwania, tu: przygoda

η log log dziennik (np. okrętowy)

eto pursue sth ta pa'sju: 'snmbin zajmować się is boldly 'bauldli śmiało, zuchwale

czymś, robić coś

10 cult kalt kultowy

e superpower 'su:papaσa(r) supermocarstwo

šmyzo og ni $\theta$ mns' ni $\theta$ elai' att gniwolloj  $^{81}$ rzeczownikiem)

19 abortive a'bo:trv chybiony, nieudany

sı the Cold War  $\delta a \ ka \sigma ld \ wo:(r)$  zimna wojna

22 ally 'ælai sprzymierzeniec

24 to play out to plet out rozegrać się, odbyć się

utrzymywać ze to claim sth te klerm 'snmbrg twierdzić coś,

ze superiority su: pien' brati przewaga, wyższość

28 to achieve tu əˈtʃiːv zdobyć, osiągnąć

es to set foot somewhere to set fot 'snmwea(r)

st warming 'worming ocieplenie

nelia'i'elil,venqnan' zneqaw' inamearge

strategicznych

34 General Secretary 'dgenral 'sekratari Sekretarz

<sup>36</sup> joint dʒɔɪnt wspólny, robiony wraz z kimś ludźmi (np. obiekt) context 'kontekst kontekst, tho (sytuacji)

## The First Race

so-called" Space Race. Trek, but also by the superpowers16 in the 1960s, not only in the cultis TV series Star vigours and significant investment in the man has gone before," was pursued a mith captain's log", "to boldly's 80 where no the starship" USS Enterprise said in his The quest9, as captain James T. Kirk of

the Moon on July 20th, 1969. Commander Neil Armstrong set foot<sup>29</sup> on jectives was achieveds by the USA when try to land a man on the Moon. That oband technology by being the first counsport to claimings superioritys in ideology conflict played out24 in everything from their allies22, was particularly acute23. The the United States, the Soviet Union and Cuba in 1961, the Cold Warzı between Invasion by the USA of communisted Following the abortive 19 Bay of Pigs

returned? on the agendass - has a new Cold War era landing, the subject is now back high up that over 50 years since the first lunare terrestrials ambitions. How comes, then, Space Administration's (NASA) extrabudget) in the National Aeronautics and ment (as much as 4 percent of the Federal the public's appetite form massive invest-The Space Race was over and so was and sharing meals in each other's craft. rendezvousing\*\* in space, exchanging\*\* flags nated in 77 American and Soviet astronauts Test Project, which, in July 1975, culminew context35 for the Joint36 Apollo-Soyuz Secretary<sup>34</sup> Brezhnev in 1972. This set the signed by President Nixon and General - a weapons' non-proliferation agreement Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT I) a warmings of relationships leading to the the following years, but the 1970s saw Subsequentso landingss took place in

## The New Game

the game, but a significant new entrants est while Russia remains resolutely in Space Gateway, has rekindled47 its interbefore. The United States, via e its Deep though of a more economic nature than The short answer could be yes, al-