# Listening 2 (Paper 3 Part 3)

### Before you listen



- 1 Discuss these questions.
  - 1 What is computer hacking and why do people do it? What can the consequences be?
  - 2 When, if ever, is it morally justified?
- 2 Read the multiple-choice questions 1–6 opposite and underline the key words.

# Multiple choice

3 Read the strategy on page 171, then listen and do the task opposite. Use the Help notes for support with certain items.

# Task analysis

4 Compare and justify your answers. Were any of the other answers tempting? Why?

#### Discussion

- 5 Discuss these questions.
  - 1 In what way does the discussion confirm or change your opinion about hacking? How would you have reacted in Grace's situation?
  - 2 Is the anonymous posting of secret official documents on the internet a good or bad thing? Why?

You will hear an IT consultant called Jack Warne and a journalist called Grace Martin taking part in an interview on the subject of online crime. For questions 1-6, choose the answer (A,B, C or D) which fits best according to what you hear.

- 1 How does Jack feel about the current threat to personal information?
  - A confident that the latest technology will ensure security
  - B convinced that the problem is not a new one
  - C concerned that too much data is being stolen in paper form
  - D worried that people underestimate the dangers
- 2 Grace thinks the most disturbing aspect of technology is
  - A the range of people who carry out computer crime.
  - B the number of large organisations which have lost data.
  - C the amount of information which can get stolen.
  - D the ease with which an individual's reputation can be destroyed.
- 3 What did Grace mind most about someone hacking into her email account?
  - A the feeling that she had lost contact with her friends
  - B the idea that the criminal might be watching her
  - C the fear that people she knew might be deceived into giving money
  - D the knowledge that someone was pretending to be her
- 4 Jack thinks that identity theft is
  - A almost inevitable when criminals can operate remotely.
  - B nearly impossible to protect oneself against.
  - C often the fault of the victim.
  - D sometimes the result of an unexpected meeting.
- 5 Why does Grace feel that hackers are worse than street muggers?
  - A They know the name of the person they attack.
  - B They might get in touch with their victim again.
  - C They ask for such large sums of money.
  - D They don't think of themselves as criminals at all.
- 6 Unlike Grace, Jack believes that hacking
  - A can be justified in certain circumstances.
  - B is wrong when governments are its victims.
  - C should always be punishable with a prison sentence.
  - D has to be the responsibility of companies offering internet access.

#### > HELP

- 2 Grace finds one aspect more disturbing than the other.
- 4 Listen to Jack talking about identity theft. His answer comes towards the end of his turn.
- 6 Listen to both Jack and Grace after the interviewer assumes they both agree. There is one thing they completely disagree on.

#### **EXPERT WORD CHECK**

dire discard ferret (v) hush up hardened (adj) outsmart scam sharp-witted stalk (v) unsettle

# Speaking (Paper 4 Part 3)



### Vocabulary: security

swipe cards/
security codes

body scans cameras

What might be the advantages and disadvantages of these security measures?

- 1a Look at the spidergram and say in which situations each measure might help to protect security and why.
- b Underline the syllables which are stressed in these words/word pairs. Then listen and check.

alarm system biometric body scans CCTV cameras code number high fencing phone tap pilotless planes security guards spy satellites swipe card

- c Complete these extracts from a magazine article, using words from Exercise 1b.
- The company's headquarters are an intimidating fortress. To deter intruders the buildings are surrounded by very (1)\_\_\_\_ with a sophisticated (2)\_\_\_ on the wall and (3)\_\_\_ recording everything. At the main entrance there are private (4)\_\_\_ checking on people coming and going. Once inside you can't get into any of the individual buildings without passing a (5)\_\_\_ through an electronic device or keying in a (6)\_\_\_ . In the more sensitive areas there are (7)\_\_\_ checks using iris or finger scans.
- The US military uses a whole battery of security systems, including (8)\_\_\_\_ with telescopes pointing back down towards earth to check on what countries are doing or (9)\_\_\_\_, sometimes called drones, to patrol the skies. Many governments cite security as a reason for listening to other people's conversations, by putting a (10)\_\_\_\_ on a suspect's mobile and hacking into their emails. At airports too increasing use is being made of whole (11)\_\_\_\_ instead of physical body searches.
  - d Which of the approaches to security in Exercise 1b do you think sometimes cause people to worry? Give reasons.
- 2a Read the strategy on page 172 and the Speaking assessment criteria on page 171 before you start.
  - b look at the spidergram and listen to the interlocutor's instructions. What are the candidates required to do?

### Review

- 1 Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - 1 Most people are *totally / really* oblivious to the extent of the threat pesticides pose to bees.
  - 2 In this country, any changes to the law tend to be absolutely / painfully slow.
  - 3 Some of the governors were bitterly / heavily opposed to any new health and safety restrictions.
  - 4 The earth's ecosystem is *perfectly / extremely* balanced.
  - 5 It's *deeply / incredibly* important that we find ways to protect children's safety online.
  - 6 The advantages of renewable energy are being completely / widely discussed.
  - 7 Some people are more heavily / deeply attached to their pets than others.
  - 8 I'm absolutely / extremely disappointed by the lack of response to my advert for volunteers.
- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in capitals.
  - 1 Local residents will be offered \_\_\_\_\_ if permission is granted for a third runway. COMPENSATE
  - 2 The local council is responsible for the \_\_\_\_ of household waste. DISPOSE
  - 3 Toxic vehicle \_\_\_\_ need to be reduced by half. EMIT
  - 4 The debate about national \_\_\_\_ is becoming ever more urgent. SECURE
  - 5 The level of \_\_\_\_ caused by the recent floods has been underestimated. **DESTROY**
  - 6 An increasing number of people are now realising the \_\_\_\_ of the economic downturn.

    IMPLICATE
  - 7 Farmers should try to avoid \_\_\_\_ use of chemicals. EXCESS
  - 8 Border guards can be a useful \_\_\_\_ to illegal immigrants. DETER
- 3 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences
  - 1 \_\_ we had CCTV cameras installed when I suggested it, this robbery may have been avoided.
    - A Whether B Had C Should D But for
  - Your online bank account should be safe \_\_ you change your password frequently.
     A as long as B unless C supposing D imagine
  - 3 I'm going to resign \_\_ you like it or not.
    A supposing B whether C unless D were
  - 4 I have decided to buy only local produce from now on, \_\_ it gets too expensive.
    A whether B supposing C unless
    D but for

- 5 \_\_ you need more information, don't hesitate to contact us.
  - A Should B Providing C Imagine D Were
- 6 The privacy of celebrities would be more likely to be respected \_\_ we to stop buying the tabloids which publish such sensationalist stories. A had B if C were D should
- 7 Racism in football will-decline \_\_ there is a zero tolerance approach towards it.
- A otherwise B but for C were D providing
- 8 You should complain if you have a bad meal \_\_\_ nothing will ever change.
  - A had B otherwise C but for D whether
- 4 Complete the text with the words below.

been fled globally given have imminent prior ranging sites scarce space triggered

New technology has always (1) health panics. Microwave ovens, computer screens and telephones have all (2) rise to anxiety at one time or another. The latest of these scares appears to be wind farms, which have been blamed for a variety of illnesses (3) from weight gain and grey hair to cancer! Every type of psychiatric problem seems to have either already happened or is (4) because of this technology. Apparently, chickens won't lay eggs either, and other animals have (5) , never to return.

Wind farms first appeared 20 years ago in the USA and since their appearance the number has risen to just under 200,000 (6)\_\_\_\_\_. Some people claim that acute symptoms can appear in the (7)\_\_\_\_\_ of 20 minutes if people are exposed to wind turbines. But if the claims are true, why wouldn't people (8)\_\_\_\_ reported more diseases much earlier? The first complaints came a decade after the first wind farm. What was happening (9)\_\_\_\_ to this time that made it safer for people?

Perhaps it is more to do with a recent rise in the number of anti-wind activists, possibly those with connections to the fossil fuel industry. After all, many windfarm (10)\_\_\_ have been operating for years without any complaints. If windfarms affect some people, why haven't others (11)\_\_\_ suffering too? And why do they appear to affect certain communities, whereas in other areas complaints are (12)\_\_\_ or non-existent?