Unit 11

Words in Action

All of the following verbs denote a sense of **giving up**. Study their definitions carefully and then use the words to fill in the blanks in the sentences on the next page. In some sentences, more than one verb may be appropriate.

abandon leave or withdraw completely and forever; give up or bring to an end

e.g. He abandoned his wrecked car on the freeway.

forsake (forsook-forsaken) desert; leave forever; give up completely

e.g. He forsook his fortune to devote himself to the church.

(a man may abandon his home or forsake his friends)

abdicate give up officially (an official position, esp. that of king or queen)

resign give up (a job or position)

e.g. A monarch abdicates while an employee resigns.

quit stop doing something and leave

e.g. He quit his job and went abroad. (quit is used informally)

surrender give up or give in to power (esp. of an enemy), as a sign of defeat

e.g. After days of fighting, the enemy finally surrendered.

cede give (usually land or a right) to another country or person, esp. after losing a war

e.g. The Louisiana colony was ceded to Spain in 1762.

desert (esp. of military service) leave without authority or permission

e.g. A soldier who deserts from the army is severely punished.

relinquish give up (power, position, a claim, etc.)

e.g. One can relinquish a claim, hope or privilege, etc.

discard (of something useless or unwanted) throw away or put aside

e.g. Don't discard your train ticket before you reach your destination.

evacuate take all the people away from (a place); move (a person) away from a place

in order to protect them from danger

e.g. The defeated army was forced to evacuate the conquered territory.

renounce give up (a claim); say formally that one does not own or has no more connection with

e.g. He renounced his religion and became a Christian.

yield give up control of (surrender) to superior forces

e.g. A politician may yield to public pressure and an army may yield their position to the enemy.

Vocabulary Practice

A. Read the text below and choose the correct word A, B C or D to fit the gaps.

grams (12)	urities trade from the states the SEC, to prevent price of course although we have trendered the stock market the 1914, and on April 14, 200	es and Exchange Comm to the federal government manipulation, and there en't since experienced a crash extinct. On Octo 0, it fell 617.78 points,	orld War II, but Franklin Roosevelt's New Deal pro- nission, was created in 1934 to shift the job of ment. Today brokers and dealers must are strict (15) for the minimum down depression on the (16) of the one in ober 19, 1987, the Dow suffered its largest one-day the largest-ever single-day point loss. Galbraith once said. "I thought that by keeping the
			nst the kind of feckless, fatuous optimism which
			by the illusion of ever-increasing wealth. I've
	ecause we've had it happen t		
11 A nurgo	P and	C domino	D. curae
11. A. purge	B. end	C. demise	D. surgeD. failed
12. A. asked13. A. ruling	B. aimed	C. suspectedC. regulating	D. demanding
14. A. join	B. freeing		-
14.7	B. announceB. wishes	C. allyC. laws	D. registerD. expectations
15. A. requirements16. A. range	B. climb	C. scale	D. ascend
17. A. increase	B. collapse	C. ferocity	D. fall
18. A. optimist	B. egocentric	C. illusionist	D. pessimist
19. A. knowledge	B. warning	C. radar	D. speculation
20. A. carried away	B. enthusiastic	C. swept	D. obscured
	he following sentences the the district for the thie		swer A, B C or D.
a scoured	b brushed	c ran	d penetrated
22 At the	moment, he backed out.		
a insignificant	b meaningful	c crucial	d trifling
23 Her house was _	at a high value.		
a considered	b deemed	c assessed	d appreciated
24 What a(n)	appearance he's got!		
a huge	b enormous	c weird	d benevolent
25 Don't be	to your elders.		
a affable	b consistent	c impertinent	d respectable
26 He's one of the b	est doctors in town and h	eld in high .	
a esteem		c value	d appraisal
27 You may make ar	ny changes to the original		
a evaluate		c esteem	
28 I've got something	g of great importance to	to you.	
a impair		c impart	d deport
The state of the s	ound a house it		
	b deprave		d derive
	wanted to avenge		
		and the same of th	

a mop

d flog

c clog

b mob

Unit 13

Words in Action

plague - conflagration - deluge - drought - landslide - earthquake - famine - destitution avalanche - insanity - contamination - depression - subsidence - holocaust - gale

Exercise A>>> The following definitions refer to the words above. They all have **unpleasant connotations** as they are related to disasters, calamities, bad living conditions, natural phenomena, etc. Study them carefully, and then fill each blank with the word that corresponds to its definition.

1 A wide-spread scarcity or dearth of food that causes people to suffer from extreme hunger.
2 An unusually great flood accompanied by heavy rainfall that causes inundation such as that which affected Noah and his ark
3 A long continuous spell of dry weather with marked lack of rain that stems the growth of plants.
4 Extreme poverty often accompanied by lack of property.
5 The sinking of the earth to a lower level because of underground movements and workings.
6 A strong and violent wind but of less force than that of a storm or tempest.
7 A very large scale destruction and loss of life that may result from use of strategic weapons, as in a nuclear war.
8 The slipping of a mass of land from a higher to a lower level.
9 An extremely contagious pestilence or epidemic disease, also known as the Black Death, that decimated Europe's population in the Middle Ages.
10 A decline in business marked by an extreme slump in production and purchase of foods such as the Great Crash on Wall Street in 1929, which ruined international trade.
11 A condition or state where the environment (water, air, soil) is made impure because of harmful chemicals and poisonous matter
12 The fall of a mass of snow or ice down a mountain slope.
13 A great or disastrous fire, especially one breaking out in a forest.
14 A vibration of the earth's crust caused by disturbances of the inner layers of the earth.
15 Any mental disorder characterized by irrational or violent deviation from normal thinking.

Vocabulary Practice

A. Read the text below and choose the correct word A, B C or D to fit the gaps.

Detroit (11)						
(18) in bathing suits usually line the parade route in the Waikiki Beach district of Honolulu. (19) to Pat Bigold, a writer who is half Irish, his city's St. Patrick's Day celebration on March 17 is						
			noon, which is 5 p.m. in Boston.			
11. A. commemorates	B. commiserates	C. celebrates	D. participates			
12. A. immigrant	B. vagrant	C. destitute	D. hard			
13. A. kept	B. flooded	C. demolished	D. preserved			
14. A. detours	B. diverts	C. heads	D. retreats			
15. A. was	B. consisted	C. devised	D. contrived			
16. A. common	B. unpopular	C. localised	D. mainstream			
17. A. kicks off	B. forwards	C. redirects	D. hands over			
18. A. Audience	B. Addressers	C. Listeners	D. Spectators			
19. A. According	B. Assuming	C. Listening	D. Deliberating			
20. A. border	B. code	C. dateline	D. season			
B. Fill the gaps in the	e following sentences v	with the correct answer	A, B C or D.			
	ere all destroyed in the		,			
a gales	b deluge	c famine	d eruption			
		very unlikely pair to beco				
a aspect			d rate			
23 The kidnapper had tried to her before.						
a speculate		c dispel	d infer			
	writer whom few peop	The second second	u iiici			
a wrinkled			d obscure			
			u obscure			
	the decline of t		- avaggarated			
	b ameliorated		d exaggerated			
	I the for rescui		I amount Promi			
a merit	b blame		d reputation			
	they and finally					
a profit		c deviate	d convert			
		his family would survive.				
a famine	b destitution		d eloquence			
29 The whole forest a	rea was devastated by _					
a plague	b famine	c insanity	d conflagration			
30 Hedgehogs, bears	and other animals that hi	ibernate remain	during winter.			
a superficial	b passive	c dormitory	d dormant			